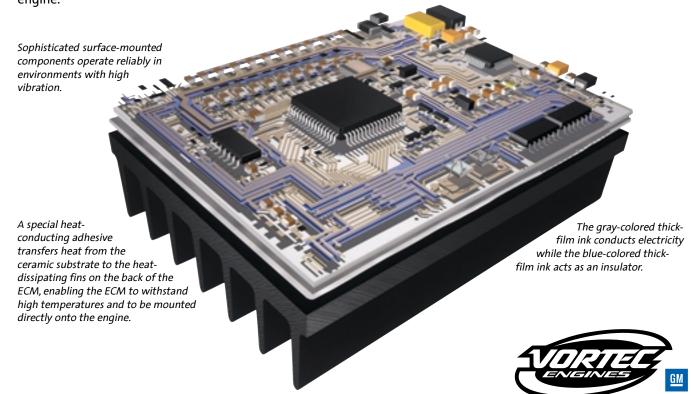
Electronic Engine Management

GM Powertrain has long been a pioneer in offering electronic engine management for industrial engines, adapting the technology that has transformed the automotive industry to the specific needs of the industrial environment.

The "brain" in every GM Powertrain engine management system is an Electronic Control Module (ECM) which was developed specifically for the industrial engine market. The ECM takes input from various sensors and then uses that data to continually optimize engine operation and performance. For example, if the engine knock sensor indicates there is detonation, the ECM instantly adjusts spark timing to eliminate the problem. In industrial applications, this can greatly increase the service life of the engine.

For maximum reliability, GM Powertrain's commercial ECMs are manufactured using thick-film hybrid technology, a technology more advanced than what is used in much of the automotive industry. The circuits are formed by printing layers of conductive and nonconductive ink onto a ceramic substrate. The result is an extremely rugged and durable module that can handle very high temperatures and severe vibrations. This enables the OEM to mount the ECM directly onto the engine. It is one example of GM Powertrain's dedication to meeting the specific needs of the industrial engine market.



A Choice of Engine Technologies: Commercial EFI or MSTS

OEMs have a choice of how much, if any, electronic engine management they want.
GM Powertrain knows that industrial application
OEMs have different needs. For example, many
OEMs do not need the precise fuel control that
comes with EFI, but they do want computercontrolled spark timing and engine diagnostics,
which is why GM Powertrain offers a sophisticated microprocessor spark timing system
(MSTS) for gasoline, natural gas or propane. For
OEMs that require the absolute best in turnkey
starts and want smooth, rock-steady idling, GM
Powertrain's commercial EFI packages for
gasoline models lead the industry.

Both the EFI and MSTS controllers use the rugged, thick-film hybrid technology that has proven itself in the demanding industrial environment. Both controllers help to protect the engine from engine knock and damage due to over-revving. Self-diagnostics allow service

The compact MSTS controller uses the same rugged, thick-film hybrid technology used in GM Powertrain's commercial EFI controller.





technicians to read diagnostic codes for quick and accurate system servicing. Altitude, engine load, and temperature compensation features adapt to changes in the environment for extraordinarily reliable and consistent performance.

Benefits of EFI and Electronic Engine Management

Electronic fuel injection uses sophisticated micro-processor technology to precisely meter the optimum amount of fuel for every situation. So whether the engine is very hot or the ambient temperature is very cold, OEMs can expect reliable, turnkey starts. In addition, by replacing the carburetor with computer-controlled fuel injectors, the expensive, time-consuming task of continually adjusting the carburetor is entirely eliminated. OEMs have come to count on the instant starts, reduced maintenance, smooth idling and responsive performance made possible with GM Powertrain's commercial EFI.

Announcing Enhanced EFI Software

OEMs can choose an improved version of the fourth-generation Commercial Electronic Fuel Injection software.

GM Powertrain has developed a new "B" version of the software used to control the industrial EFI system that offers several additional improvements:

- Controller Area Network (CAN) Bus Enhancements
 - Significant increase to the number of J1939 broadcast messages
 - Option to interface EGR input to fuel level sensor to broadcast on CAN
 - J1939/73 Diagnostics and Service Tool interface
 - Support for CAN-based calibration tools

- Fuel Control Enhancements
 - Independent closed loop fuel calibrations for dual-fuel appplications
 - Improved fuel control algorithms
- Idle Control Enhancements
 - Improved idle control algorithm
- Idle Fuel Control (New feature)
- ETC/Governor Control Enhancements
- Knock Control and Octane Rating Enhancements
- EGR Revisions to Allow for Alternate Uses of EGR Output

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The controller supports a host of options to make the governor very dynamic, including the capability of controlling maximum engine speed, engine acceleration rate, and vehicle speed to variable thresholds.

Engine Protection

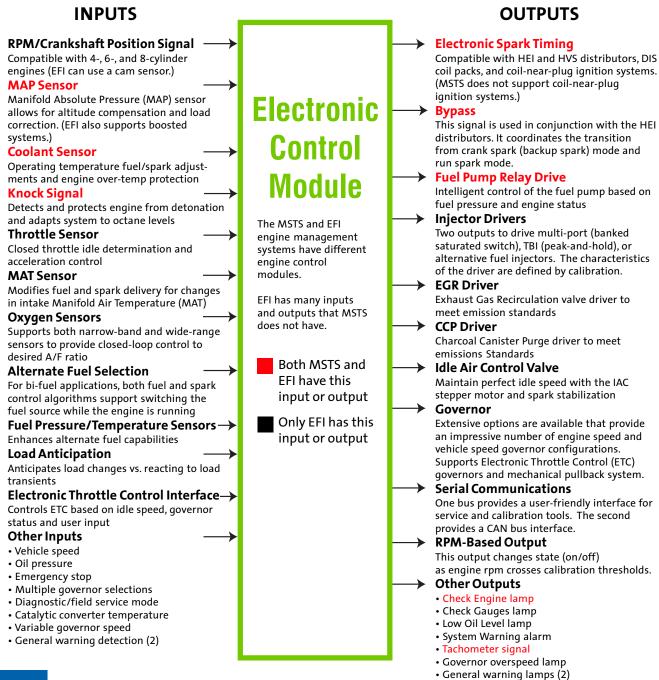
The EFI controller continuously monitors the system for warning conditions that may lead to engine damage. The actions taken by the ECM when a warning condition is detected include combinations of warning lamps, warning alarms, reduced speed, stop engine, and preventing the engine from restarting until serviced.

Expanded Emission Control Interfaces

The controller provides interfaces for two oxygen sensors, an exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve, and a charcoal canister purge (CCP) valve. Alternative fuel interfaces include a fuel pressure sensor and fuel temperature sensor inputs.

Electronic Engine Management System

The technology behind electronic engine management is very sophisticated, but the basic concepts are easy to understand. The diagram below shows the major inputs that the ECM continuously monitors and the major outputs that it precisely controls for both an MSTS and EFI system.





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