

World Organization of the Scout Movement Organisation Mondiale du Mouvement Scout

World Scout Switzerland Bureau Rue du Pré-Jérôme 5 Bureau Mondial du Scoutisme CH-1205 Genève, Suisse

Box 241. CH-1211 Geneva 4 Tel: (+41 22) 705 10 10 Fax: (+41 22) 705 10 20 www.scout.org worldbureau@world.scout.org

FACT SHEET

WORLD SCOUTING MEMBERSHIP 1990-2000

Over the last ten years, the World Organization of the Scout Movement has continued to grow, both in terms of the number of National Scout Organizations, and the number of individual members in those Organizations.

This document looks at some key membership statistics from 1990 to 2000. These include membership trends worldwide, in each region, in the largest organizations, and in associations with high and low levels of per-capita income.

The current list of National Scout Organizations and associations can be found at:

http://www.scout.org/wso/links.html

And the total membership of each National Scout Organization can be found at:

http://www.scout.org/wso/countries.html

Chart 1 Membership 1990-2000

This graph shows World Scouting membership over this period.

- WOSM members comprise all youth sections (Pre-Cubs, Cubs, Scouts, Senior Scouts and Rovers) as well as volunteer leaders and professional executives in National Scout Organizations (NSOs).
- Total membership comprises WOSM members plus committee / council members and support staff in NSOs.

Until the mid 1990s, the total membership shown for some NSOs also included females who were registered with the World Association of Girl Guides and Girl Scouts (WAGGGS). That is to say, some NSOs, mostly in Europe, register their boys with WOSM and girls with WAGGGS.

The membership numbers shown since the mid 1990s represent only WOSM members, boys and girls, youth and adults.

Membership 1990-2000 by Region Chart 2

In accordance with the WOSM Constitution (Chap. VII Art. XIX), National Scout Organizations are grouped into regions. There are presently 6 Regions : Africa, Arab, Asia-Pacific, Eurasia, Europe, Interamerica).

NSOs in six countries comprise about 85% of WOSM's individual members in 2000: Bangladesh, India, Indonesia, Philippines, Thailand, and USA. Their membership over 10 years is shown on this chart.

The reasons for the two major jumps (in 1995 and in 1996) are as follows:

- In 1995, after a thorough review of the characteristics of its membership, Gerakan Pramuka (Indonesia) extended its definition of membership to include all young people who were participating in the Scout programme, and not only those who had made their Scout Promise.
- In 1996, the Boy Scout of America decided to include within its membership all boys and girls registered in their school-based "Learning for Life" programme.

Chart 4 Membership 1990 – 2000 by level of GNP per capita

The World Bank defines four categories of economies based on Gross National Product (GNP) per capita.

The WOSM registration fee system uses these categories to determine the registration fee due from each NSO, thus insuring that the fee fairly reflects the economy of each country.

During the 10 years, Scouting countries in each category have shown an overall increase in membership.

Chart 5 Membership 1990 – 2000 in countries with low GNP per capita (Category A)

The important increase in the membership of the NSOs belonging to category A is mainly due to the increase in membership of the Gerakan Pramuka in Indonesia.

Chart 6 Membership 1990 – 2000 in countries with high GNP per capita (Category D)

The global increase in membership of NSOs belonging to category D is essentially due to the increase in the membership of the Boy Scouts of America (BSA). If one excludes the BSA figure, the membership of this category shows a slight decrease during the period under review.

Chart 7 Membership 1990 – 2000: Number of Organizations by Region

During the 10 years, 7 NSOs lost their membership with WOSM, and 28 new NSOs were recognised, most of them in the European and Eurasian Scout Regions due to the birth and rebirth of Scouting in formerly Communist countries.

(Note: the Eurasia Region was created in 1997, yet the chart shows it having one member in 1990 and 1995; this was the small Armenian Scout organization based in Paris, which was part of the European region before a National Scout Organization was created and recognized within Armenia.













