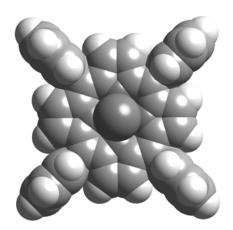
# RESEARCH IN

# THE SUSLICK GROUP







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September 2004

The figure on the left shows the growth and collapse of a transient cavitation bubble during the final acoustic cycle. The implosive collapse of the bubble generates enormous local heating and high pressures, but for only a very short time. This phenomenon is responsible both for sonochemical reactions. including the dramatic enhancements in liquid-solid sonochemical reactions (including Grignards and lithiations), and for sonoluminescence, the emission of light during ultrasonic irradiation of liquids.

The figure on the right is a top view of a simple porphyrin. By putting protecting pockets on both faces of the macrocycle, we can prevent bimolecular oxidation of Fe(II) complexes and provides steric constraints of the pocket for molecular recognition of incoming substrates and for shape selective catalytic oxidation of alkanes and alkenes, in analogy to cytochrome P-450. We can also stabilize high oxidation state intermediates and use these pocketed porphyrins as sensors selective for molecular shape.

### Current versions of this information and *more information* are available on the Web at http://www.scs.uiuc.edu/suslick

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# INTRODUCTION

The multi-disciplinary nature of our research projects involves individuals with interests not only in inorganic, but also in bio-organic, materials, and physical chemistry. Our two major research areas are the chemical effects of ultrasound and the bioinorganic and materials chemistry of metalloporphyrins and heme proteins. As part of this diversity, we often collaborate with other researchers both at UIUC and at other universities across the world. Several of the students in this group are joint members in other research groups in the School of Chemical Sciences.

We have been exploring a broad range of both mechanistic and synthetic applications of ultrasound. The origin of "sonochemistry" is acoustic cavitation: the formation, expansion, and implosive collapse of bubbles in liquids irradiated with ultrasound. The compression within such bubbles generates intense local heating and high local pressures. We have recently been able to measure these conditions spectroscopically from light emission during cavitation: ≈5000 K at 1000 atm., but lifetimes less The chemistry generated by than a microsecond. these hot-spots is different than either ordinary thermal or photochemical processes. and sonochemistry represents a fundamentally unique interaction of energy and matter.

Much of our work in this area has dealt with organometallic and catalytic sonochemistry. Examples include multiple ligand substitution and clusterification, homogeneous catalysis, intercalation into inorganic solids. and lavered activation of heterogeneous catalysis. In some cases, we have been able to enhance reaction rates by as much as a millionfold! We recently discovered a simple process for the sonochemical synthesis of amorphous metals, unusual materials without the long-range order of ordinary metals or crystalline materials. In these studies, we make heavy use of sophisticated surface analysis techniques to characterize the effects of ultrasound on solids.

The second research area in the group is metalloporphyrin chemistry. In order to gain new insights into the structure and function of metalloproteins, we are involved in the design, synthesis, and physical characterization of small (or at least smallish!) molecules that look like and behave like enzyme active sites. Our principal focus is on heme proteins including myoglobin and hemoglobin ( $O_2$  binding), peroxidase and catalase (peroxide detoxification), and cytochrome P-450 (oxidative metabolism, including drugs and carcinogens).

Metalloporphyrins provide a versatile synthetic base on which to design desired properties: i.e., molecular engineering. To probe the origins of molecular recognition, we have used sterically hindered, "bis-pocket" porphyrins to *reverse* the normal reactivity of hydrocarbons. In this work with synthetic metalloporphyrins and with dendrimerporphyrins, we are developing superstructured macrocycles as shape, size, and polarity selective oxidation catalysts and as selective molecular sensors. We are also exploring the binding of totally synthetic polypeptides to metalloporphyrins. Our goal here is the generation of rationally designed artificial heme proteins, the ultimate interface between inorganic and biological chemistry.

We have also recently discovered a new and simple approach to detection of odorants using the colorimetric response from a library of immobilized vapor-sensing metalloporphyrins and other chemoresponsive dyes. We call this technique "smellseeing". This technology is presently being successfully commercialized by a start-up company, ChemSensing, Inc.

Other porphyrin projects are more materials and biomaterials oriented. For example, we are developing the use of porphyrins as nanoporous catalytic materials. The latter involves the use of polyfunctionalized metalloporphyrins as building blocks for the *molecular* assembly of molecular sieves.

In a project that bridges between our two research areas, we have recently discovered a sonochemical preparation of proteinaceous microspheres for drug delivery and blood substitutes. Ultrasonic irradiation of various proteins (e.g., serum albumin and Hb) creates micron-sized spheres that can be either gas-filled or non-aqueous liquid-filled. We have had substantial success in recent development of proteinaceous microspheres as blood substitutes for  $O_2$ transport, as contrast agents for magnetic resonance imaging, and as spin-label probes for *in vivo*  $O_2$  and temperature profiling.

# **OUTLINE OF CURRENT RESEARCH PROJECTS**

### I. Porphyrins, Metalloporphyrins, and Bio-In/Organic Chemistry of Heme Proteins

### Molecular Recognition: Oxidation Catalysis and Molecular Sensors

Molecular Recognition, Shape and Polarity Selectivity with Super-Structured Porphyrins Dendrimer Porphyrins, Oxygen Atom Transfers; Cytochrome P450 Intermediates Artificial Olfaction: "Smell-Seeing" and Selective Molecular Sensors; Olfactory Receptors

#### **Porphyrinic Materials Chemistry**

Network Solids; Nanoporous Porphyrin Solids, Shape Selective Heterogeneous Catalysts Non-fullerene Nanotubes

### II. The Chemical Effects of Ultrasound

### Physical and Mechanistic Sonochemistry and Sonoluminescence

Mechanisms of Sonochemistry, Surface-Surface Reactivity Spectroscopic Probes of Cavitation Conditions, Multi-Bubble and Single-Bubble Cavitation

### Synthetic, Materials, and Catalytic Applications of Sonochemistry

Organometallic Sonochemistry; Heterogeneous and Organic Sonochemistry Liquid-Solid Reactions; Interparticle Mechanochemistry Heterogeneous Catalysis; Nanostructured and Amorphous Metals, Carbides, Sulfides

#### **Biomedical Applications of Sonochemistry**

Protein Microspheres and Microencapsulation Microspheres as Drug Delivery Systems Medical Imaging Contrast Agents (OCT, MRI, sonographic, x-ray)

# SOME RECENT PUBLICATIONS

Professor Suslick has edited four books and published more than 250 scientific papers; below is a sampling of these, available as reprints in PDF format at his website: www.scs.uiuc.edu/suslick/ Along with his journal publications, he takes some pride in his popularizations of sonochemistry and in his contributions to art in science. The former include invited feature articles in Scientific American (1989), the British equivalent New Scientist (1990 & 1996), Science (1990), the Encyclopaedia Britannica Yearbook of Science and the Future (1993), and numerous technical encyclopedias. The latter include numerous journal covers: two Science (23 Mar. 1990 and 20 Sept. 1991), Nature (25 Jul 2002), Bulletin of the Materials Research Society (April, 1995; October 2004), and Supramolecular Chemistry (Sept., 1999).

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- 2. Mdleleni, M. M.; Hyeon, T.; Suslick, K. S. "Sonochemical Synthesis of Nanostructured Molybdenum Sulfide" J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1998, 120, 6189-6190.
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- 4. McNamara III, W. B.; Didenko, Y.; Suslick, K. S. "Sonoluminescence Temperatures During Multibubble Cavitation," Nature, 1999, 401, 772-775.
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- 6. Dhas, N.A.; Ekhtiarzadeh, A.; Suslick, K.S. "Sonochemical Preparation of Supported Hydrodesulfurization Catalysts" J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2001, 123, 8310-8316.
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- Lee, T. M.; Oldenburg, A. L.; Sitafalwalla, S.; Marks, D. L.; Luo, W.; Toublan, F. J.-J.; Suslick, K. S.; Boppart, S. A. 8. "Engineered Microsphere Contrast Agents for Optical Coherence Tomography" Optics Lett. 2003, 28, 1546-1548.

### Metalloporphyrins and Bio-Inorganic Chemistry

- 1. Huffman, D. L.; Rosenblatt, M. M.; Suslick, K. S. "Synthetic Heme-Peptide Complexes," J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1998, 120, 6183-6184.
- 2. Patel, B. R.; Suslick, K. S. "Discotic Liquid Crystals from a Bis-Pocketed Porphyrin" J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1998, 120, 11802-11803.
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- 6. Kosal, M. E.; Chou, J.-H.; Wilson, S. R.; Suslick, K. S. "A Functional Zeolite Analogue Assembled From Metalloporphyrins" Nature Materials, 2002, 1, 118-121
- 7. Wang, J.; Luthey-Schulten, Z.; Suslick, K. S. "Is the Olfactory Receptor A Metalloprotein?" Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 2003, 100, 3035-3039.
- 8. Suslick, K. S. "An Optoelectronic Nose: Colorimetric Sensor Arrays" MRS Bulletin, 2004, 29, in press.

## Some Introductory Reviews

- Suslick, K. S. "The Chemical Effects of Ultrasound," Scientific American, 1989 (2), 260, 80-86. 1.
- 2. Suslick, K. S.; Van Deusen-Jeffries, S. "Shape Selective Biomimetic Oxidation Catalysis" Comprehensive Supramolecular Chemistry, vol. 5; Lehn, J. M., ed. Elsevier Publishers: Oxford, 1996; pp. 141-170.
- K.S. Suslick "Sonochemistry," Kirk-Othmer Encycyclopedia of Chem. Tech; 4th Ed. Wiley: 1998, vol. 26, 517-541.
- 3. 4. Suslick, K.S.; Price, G. "Applications of Ultrasound to Materials Chem.," Annu. Rev. Matl. Sci., 1999, 29, 295-326.
- Chou, J.-H.; Kosal, M. E.; Nalwa, H.S.; Rakow, N.A.; Suslick, K. S. "Applications of Porphyrins and Metalloporphyrins 5. to Materials Chemistry" in The Porphyrin Handbook, Acad. Press: 2000; vol. 6, ch. 41, pp. 43-131.
- Suslick, K. S.; Bhyrappa, P.; Chou, J. H.; Kosal, M. E.; Nakagaki, S.; Smithenry, D. W.; Wilson, S. R. "Microporous 6. Porphyrin Solids" Acc. Chem. Res. 2004, 37, in press.

# **CURRENT RESEARCH GROUP MEMBERS, 10/04**

### **Porphyrin Projects**

Ming Fang B.S., Jilin Univ., 2001

Michael Janzen B.S., University of Manitoba Ph.D., Univ. of Western Ontario P.D., Yale University

Jesse Miller B.S., UIUC, 2000.

Kwansima Quansah B.A., Mount Holyoke College, 2003.

Jennifer Ponder-Wilson B.S., Ball State University, 2000.

Chen Zhang B.S., Beijing University, 2001.

### **Microsphere Projects**

Farah Jean-Jacques B.S., State Univ. New York, Stony Brook, 2000.

#### Elizabeth Dibbern

B.S., Univ. of Nebraska, 2002.

### **Sonochemistry Projects**

Jin-Ho Bang B.S., M.S., Seoul National University, 2001.

#### Yury Didenko

B.S., M.S., Moscow State University, 1970-75.
Ph.D., Moscow State University, 1985.
Head of Laboratory, Pacific Oceanological Inst., Vladivostok, Russia.
Research Associate, Univ. of Illinois.

#### Nathan Eddingsaas B.S., University of Wisconsin, 2003.

#### David Flannigan B.S., Univ. of Minnesota, 2001

Steve Hopkins B.S., Washington & Lee University, 2000.

Annabeth Ryder B.S., Indiana Univ., 2002.

### Sara Skrabalak

B.A., Washington Univ., 2002.

#### Won Hyuk Suh

M.S. Seoul National Univ., 2002.

# **RESEARCH FUNDING**

### Major Research Funding, Current:

- 2004 HSARPA; "Colorimetric Sensor Arrays" \$300,000 / yr.
- 2003 06 NSF; "Chemical Effects of High Intensity Ultrasound" \$562,500 / 3 yrs.
- 2001 04 NIH; "Heme Proteins, Microspheres, & Their Synthetic Analogs" \$1,365,000 / 4 yrs.
- 1999 04 DARPA; "Chemical Control of Single Bubble Cavitation" \$637,121 / 4 yrs.
- 1990 xx DOE; UIUC Materials Res. Lab; "Field Responsive Porphyrinic Materials" \$100,000 / yr.

### Major Research Funding, Recent Past:

- 2000 03 NSF; "Chemical Effects of High Intensity Ultrasound" \$480,000 / 3 yrs.
- 2000 01 PG Research Foundation; "Ultrasonic Gas Dispersion and Dissolution" \$72,538 / yr.
- 1997 02 DOD; "Dendritic Materials Systems MURI" \$500,000 / 5 yrs (KSS portion).
- 1997 00 NIH; "Heme Proteins, Microspheres, & Their Synthetic Analogs" \$924,944 / 4 yrs.
- 1994 99 NSF; "Chemical Effects of Ultrasound" \$738,673 / 4 yrs.
- 1996 99 DOE; "Cavitational Hydrothermal Oxidation" \$478,027 / 3 yrs.
- 1995 99 VivoRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; "Biomedical Applications of Protein Microspheres" \$60,000 / yr.
- 1995 98 University of Illinois Foundation, UIUC University Scholar; \$36,000 / 3 yrs.
- 1996 DOE; "Sonoluminescence", subcontract from Lawrence Livermore Natl. Lab; \$10,000.
- 1995 97 UIUC Critical Research Initiative; "Non-Natural Self-Organizing Molecules" \$120,000 / 2 yrs.
- 1992 96 NIH; "Heme Proteins and Their Synthetic Analogs" \$782,447 / 4 yrs.
- 1989 96 NSF; UIUC Materials Res. Lab; "Effects of Ultrasound on Heterog. Catalysis" \$386,000 / 5 yrs.
- 1992 95 NSF; "Visualization in Teaching Chemistry" with S. S. Zumdahl, \$368,505 / 3 yrs.

### The Chemical and Physical Effects of Ultrasound

Our research group has pioneered the exploration of sonochemistry, most recently as a tool in materials chemistry. Our research has developed new approaches to the synthesis of amorphous and nanostructured materials, has shown great promise for the activation of heterogeneous catalysts, and has created a whole new class of medically important biomaterials.

**Background** — Ultrasonic irradiation of liquids causes high energy chemical reactions to occur [1]. The origin of sonochemistry is acoustic cavitation: the formation, growth, and implosive collapse of bubbles in liquids irradiated with high intensity sound. The collapse of bubbles caused by cavitation produces intense local heating and high pressures, with very short lifetimes.

Accomplishments — In order to understand the origins of sonochemistry, we found it essential to understand better the nature of cavitation and the conditions created during bubble collapse. To this developed sonoluminescence as a end. we spectroscopic probe of the cavitation hot spot [1, 2, ]3]. In clouds of cavitating bubbles, these hot-spots [2,3] have equivalent temperatures of roughly 5000 K, pressures of about 1000 atmospheres, and heating and cooling rates above  $10^{10}$  K/s. Thus, cavitation can create extraordinary physical and chemical conditions in otherwise cold liquids. Fig. 1 places sonochemistry in relationship to other forms of chemistry.

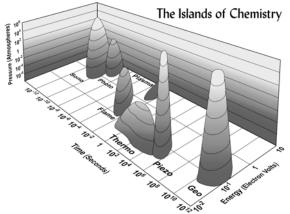
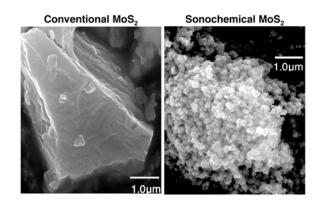


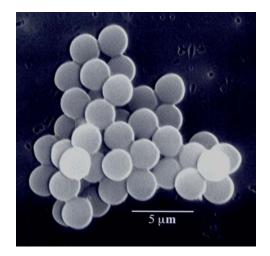
Fig. 1. Chemistry: the interaction of energy and matter.

Ultrasound has proved extremely useful in the synthesis of a wide range of nanostructured materials, including high surface area transition metals, alloys, carbides, oxides and colloids [4]. Sonochemical decomposition of volatile organometallic precursors in high boiling solvents produces nanostructured materials in various forms with high catalytic activities. Nanometer colloids, nanoporous high surface area aggregates, and nanostructured oxide supported catalysts can all be prepared by this general route. As one example, our discovery of a simple sonochemical synthesis of amorphous iron helped settle the longstanding controversy over its magnetic properties. Another example, shown in Fig. 2, provides an easy route to nanostructured heterogeneous catalysts with extremely high activities [4, 5].



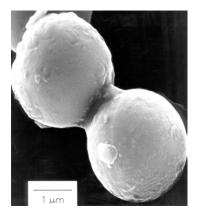
**Fig. 2.** Scanning electron micrographs of MoS<sub>2</sub>, the predominant industrial hydrodesulfurization catalyst [5].

Another important application has been the sonochemical preparation of biomaterials, most notably protein microspheres [6]. Using high intensity ultrasound and simple protein solutions, a remarkably easy method to make both air-filled microbubbles and nonaqueous liquid-filled microcapsules has been developed. Figure 3 shows an electron micrograph of sonochemically prepared microspheres. These microspheres are stable for months, and being slightly smaller than erythrocytes, can be intravenously injected to pass unimpeded through the circulatory system. These protein microspheres, have a wide range of biomedical applications, including their use as echo contrast agents for sonography, magnetic resonance imaging contrast enhancement, drug delivery, among others.



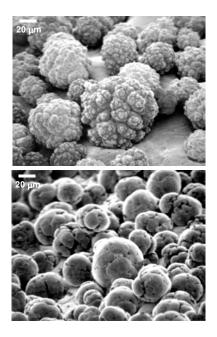
**Fig. 3.** Scanning electron micrograph of sonochemically synthesized hemoglobin microspheres.

When liquids that contain solids are irradiated with ultrasound, related phenomena can occur [1, 7]. When cavitation occurs near an extended solid surface, cavity collapse is nonspherical and drives high-speed jets of liquid into the surface. These jets and associated shock waves can cause substantial surface damage and expose fresh, highly heated surfaces.



**Fig. 4.** Scanning electron micrograph of 5  $\mu$ m diameter Zn powder. Neck formation from localized melting is caused by high-velocity interparticle collisions.

Ultrasonic irradiation of liquid-powder suspensions produces another effect: high velocity inter-particle collisions [7]. Cavitation and the shockwaves it creates in a slurry can accelerate solid particles to high velocities (Fig. 4). The resultant collisions are capable of inducing dramatic changes in surface morphology, composition, and reactivity. Heterogeneous catalysts often require rare and expensive metals. The use of ultrasound offers some hope of activating less reactive, but also less costly, metals. For example, the effects of ultrasound on Ni powder is shown in Fig. 5, with the chemical consequence of enormously increasing the catalytic rates of hydrogenation by Ni powder (> $10^5$ -fold) [8].



**Fig. 5.** The effect of ultrasonic irradiation on the surface morphology and particle size of Ni powder. High-velocity interparticle collisions caused by ultrasonic irradiation of slurries are responsible for the smoothing and removal of passivating oxide coating.

[1] K.S. Suslick et al. "Acoustic Cavitation and Its Chemical Consequences," *Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. A*, **1999**, 357, 335-353.

[2] McNamara III, W. B.; Didenko, Y.; Suslick, K. S. "Sonoluminescence Temperatures During Multibubble Cavitation" *Nature*, **1999**, *401*, 772-775.

[3] Didenko, Y.; Suslick, K. S. "Photons, Radicals, and lons from a Single Bubble: An Energy Inventory During Cavitation" *Nature* **2002**, *418*, 394-397

[4] Suslick, K. S.; Price, G. "Applications of Ultrasound to Materials Chemistry" *Annu. Rev. Matl. Sci.*, **1999**, *29*, 295-326.

[6] Mdleleni, M. M.; Hyeon, T.; Suslick, K. S. "Sonochemical Synthesis of Nanostructured Molybdenum Sulfide" *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1998**, *120*, 6189-6190.

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### Porphyrin and Metalloporphyrin Chemistry

Our research team been at the leading edge of research on synthetic metalloporphyrins for applications as synthetic analogs of heme proteins, shape selective oxidations, and diverse materials chemistry applications including nanoporous network solids, non-linear optical materials, and selective sensors.

**Background** — Porphyrins (which comes from the Greek for "purple") are based on 16-atom rings containing four nitrogen atoms (Fig. 1); they are of perfect size to bind nearly all metal ions. Heme proteins (which contain iron porphyrins) are ubiquitous in nature and serve many roles, including  $O_2$  storage and transport (myoglobin and hemoglobin), electron transport (cytochromes b and c), and  $O_2$  activation and utilization (cytochrome P450 and cytochrome oxidase).

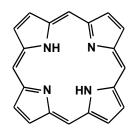


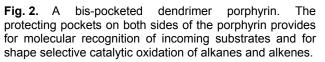
Fig. 1. Porphine, the simplest porphyrin.

In order to gain new insights into the structure and function of metalloproteins, we are involved in the design, synthesis, and physical characterization of complex molecules that look and behave like heme protein active sites. Here we are concerned with issues of oxidation chemistry, catalysis, and molecular recognition [1].

Metalloporphyrins and related macrocycles also provide an extremely versatile synthetic base on which to design physical and chemical properties. Another goal of our research effort has been the exploration of metalloporphyrin assemblies as field responsive materials, particularly for photoresponsive applications. Porphyrins can be molecularly engineered to provide erect desirable molecular and materials properties, including very large dipole moments. polarizabilities. and hyperpolarizabilities. The non-linear optical properties of these materials are of special interest. These molecules can be built for energy transfer with molecular control, giving them potential applications in optical communications, data storage, and electrooptical signal processing [2].

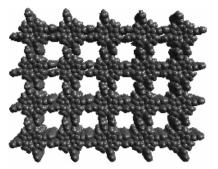
Accomplishments — To probe the origins of molecular recognition, we have used sterically hindered, "bis-pocket" porphyrins to *reverse* the normal reactivity of hydrocarbons, enabling us to oxidize selectively primary C-H bonds or the least substituted double bonds. In this work with synthetic metalloporphyrins and with dendrimer-porphyrins, we have synthesized superstructured macrocycles as shape, size, and polarity selective oxidation catalysts for both hydroxylation and epoxidation [1, 3].





In other work, we are interested in the interaction of metalloporphyrins with peptides [4, 5]. For example, we have designed synthetic hemepeptide complexes by the coordination of amphiphilic peptides to heme and have been examined to determine the influence of the peptide on the properties of the heme and vice versa. The presence of hydrophobic residues flanking a coordinated histidine dramatically increases peptide binding to the heme by a factor of nearly 6000 relative to histidine. Hydrophobic interactions between the porphyrin face and the non-polar side chains of the amino acid residues make a major contribution to the stability of the heme-peptide complexes. Circular dichroism spectra demonstrate that heme binding induces substantial helix formation, presumably to maximize the hydrophobic The complexes with the most stabilization. hydrophobic peptides are the most difficult to reduce, as expected from relative ligand binding to Fe<sup>II</sup> vs. Fe<sup>III</sup>.

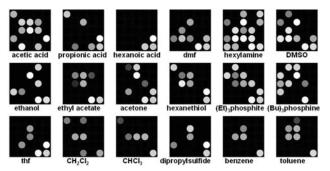
Other projects are more materials and biomaterials oriented. Metalloporphyrins are a versatile base for molecular engineering of desired properties. As one example, we have recently created a new class of bis-pocketed discotic liquid metalloporphyrins create crystals of to assemblies of photoresponsive nanostructured We are currently expanding this materials [6]. approach to generate cross-linked non-fullerene nanotubes for applications to catalysis and separations. Other projects involve the solid-state design of nanoporous porphyrinic solids, using hydrogen bonding or metal coordination network polymers to provide a catalytically active, shapeselective solid.



**Fig. 3.** A porphyrin nanoporous solid. Eight hydrogen bonds per porphyrin produce a columnar stacking in this molecular packing diagram of the x-ray structure of tetrakis(3,5-dihydroxyphenyl)porphyrin.

We are also developing new nanoporous network solids of highly functionalized porphyrins to provide controlled porphyrin orientation in the solid state and to produce molecularly-designed molecular sieves [7, 8]. We intend to explore the use of these solids as heterogeneous shape-selective An example of one such oxidation catalysts. structure is shown above. Other work has involved imprinting of porphyrins molecular into crosslinkable dendrimers, producing a synthetic analog of antibody-antigen systems [9]

We have also recently discovered a new and simple approach to detection of odorants using the colorimetric response from a library of immobilized vapor-sensing metalloporphyrins [10]. We call this technique "smell-seeing". We can visually identify a wide range of ligating vapors (including alcohols, amines, ethers, phosphines, phosphites, and thiols) even weakly ligating vapors (arenes. and halocarbons, and ketones). Unique color fingerprints can be obtained below 10 ppb for many biogenic odorants.



**Fig. 4.** The color changes from our "smell-seeing" array of metalloporphyrins are unique for each analyte. Sensitivities are generally better than the human nose.

[1] Suslick, K. S.; van Duesen-Jeffries, S. "Shape Selective Oxidation Catalysis" *Comprehensive Supramolecular Chemistry*, vol. 5; ed. Suslick, K.S.; Elsevier Publishers: Oxford, 1996, pp. 141-170.

[2] Chou, J.-H.; Kosal, M. E.; Nalwa, H.S.; Rakow, N.A.; Suslick, K. S. in *The Porphyrin Handbook*, Kadish, K.; Smith, K.; Guilard, R., ed.; Academic Press: New York, 2000; vol. 6, ch. 41, pp. 43-131.

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[4] Huffman, D. L.; Rosenblatt, M. M.; Suslick, K. S. "Synthetic Heme-Peptide Complexes," *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1998**, *120*, 6183-6184.

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[6] Patel, B. R.; Suslick, K. S. "Discotic Liquid Crystals from a Bis-Pocketed Porphyrin," *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1998**, *120*, 11802-11803.

[7] Bhyrappa, P.; Wilson, S. R.; Suslick, K. S. "Hydrogen Bonded Porphyrinic Solids:," *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1997**, *119*, 8492-8502.

[8] Kosal, M. E.; Chou, J.-H.; Wilson, S. R.; Suslick, K. S. "A Functional Zeolite Analogue Assembled From Metalloporphyrins" *Nature Materials*, **2002**, *1*, in press.

[9] Zimmerman, S. C.; Wendland, M. S.; Rakow, N. A.; Zharov, I.; Suslick, K. S. "Synthetic Hosts by Monomolecular Imprinting Inside Dendrimers" *Nature* **2002**, *418*, 399-403.

[10] Rakow, N. A.; Suslick, K. S. "A Colorimetric Sensor Array for Odour Visualization" *Nature* **2000**, *406*, 710-714.

# **CURRICULUM VITAE**

### KENNETH S. SUSLICK

#### Education:

- 1978 Ph. D., Stanford University, *Synthetic Analogs of Myoglobin and Hemoglobin*.
- 1974 B. S., California Institute of Technology (with Honors).

#### **Research and Professional Positions:**

2004 -Marvin Schmidt Professor of Chemistry, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. 1997 - 04William H. & Janet Lycan Professor of Chemistry, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. 2001 -Founder and Chief Technical Officer, ChemSensing, Inc., Northbrook, IL. 1988 -Professor of Chemistry, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. 1993 -Professor of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. 1993 - 98 Member, Board of Directors; Ney Ultrasonics Inc.; Bloomfield, Connecticut. 1994 - 98Member, Scientific Advisory Board, VivoRx Inc.; Santa Monica, California. 1995 - 97 Alumni Research Scholar Professor of Chemistry, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. 1989 - 92Professor, Beckman Institute for Advanced Science and Technology. Visiting Fellow, Balliol College and Inorganic Chemistry Laboratory, Oxford University, 1986 Associate Professor, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. 1984 - 881978 - 84Assistant Professor, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. 1974 - 78Research and Teaching Assistant, Stanford University. 1974 - 75Chemist, Lawrence Livermore Laboratory, Laser Isotope Separation. 1971 - 74 Research and Teaching Assistant, California Institute of Technology. AEC Research Trainee, Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory. 1972

#### Selected Honors and Awards:

2004	American Chemical Society Senior Cope Scholar Award
2003	J.T. Donald Lecturer, McGill University, Montreal.
2001	Wolfgang Göpel Award, 8th Intl. Symp. on Olfaction & Electronic Noses (ISOEN-8).
2000	1 <sup>st</sup> Place, Illinois Technology Center Inventorship Competition.
1997	University of Melbourne Special Public Lectureship.
1997	W. Heinlen Hall Lectureship, Bowling Green State University.
	1, 6
1994	American Chemical Society Nobel Laureate Signature Award for Graduate Education.
1994	Materials Research Society Medal for Exceptional Recent Achievements in Materials Research.
1992 –	Fellow, American Association for the Advancement of Science.
1994 –	Fellow, Acoustical Society of America.
1994	Robert A. Welch Foundation Lecturer.
1994	Senior University Scholar, University of Illinois.
1992 – 94	NSF Special Creativity Extension Award.
1993	Excellence in Teaching Award, UIUC School of Chemical Sciences.
1991 – 92	Beckman Associate, UIUC Center for Advanced Study.
1985 - 90	NIH Research Career Development Award.
1985 - 87	Alfred P. Sloan Foundation Research Fellow.
1985	Excellence in Teaching Award, UIUC School of Chemical Sciences.
1979 - 80	DuPont Young Faculty Fellow.
1974 – 78	Silver Medal and Fellow, Royal Society for the Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce (London).
1974 – 78	Hertz Foundation Predoctoral Fellowship.
1973	American Chemical Society Undergraduate Award in Analytical Chemistry.

#### Personal Data:

b., Chicago, September 16, 1952. Spouse: Adele Mazurek, m. 1975. Son: Benjamin, b. 1992. Hobbies: Bronze sculpting, folk and Celtic music, ethnographic art

# **CURRICULUM VITAE**

#### Some Recent Special Lectures:

#### 2004

Cherry Emerson Lecturer, Georgia Institute of Technology.

#### 2003

J.T. Donald Lecturer, McGill University, Montreal. Five College Lecturer (Amherst, Mount Holyoke, Smith, Hampshire and U. Mass. Amherst). Invited Speaker, Gordon Conference on Chemical Sensors. Frontiers of Chemistry Lecturer, Wayne State University.

#### 2002

Invited Lecturer, International Symposium on Innovative Materials Processing (IMP2002), Miyagi, Japan. Invited Lecturer, 16<sup>th</sup> International Symposium on Nonlinear Acoustics (ISNA-16), Moscow. Invited Speaker, 9<sup>th</sup> Intl. Symp. on Olfaction & Electronic Noses (ISOEN-2002), Rome. Invited Speaker, R.G. Bergman Symposium, University of California, Berkeley. Invited Speaker, 2<sup>nd</sup> International Congress on Porphyrins and Phthalocyanines, Kyoto. Invited Speaker, Chicago Technology Forum 2002.

#### 2001

Plenary Lecturer, EURODEUR-AIRODEUR Conference, Paris. Invited Speaker, 8<sup>th</sup> Intl. Symp. on Olfaction & Electronic Noses (ISOEN-8), Washington, D.C. Plenary Lecturer, 17<sup>th</sup> Intl. Congress on Acoustics, Rome. Plenary Lecturer, World Congress on Ultrasonics/IEEE Intl. Ultrasonics Symposium, Atlanta, GA.

#### 2000

Keynote Speaker, Ultrasonics Industry Association Meeting, Columbus. Invited Speaker and Symposium Organizer, Pacifichem 2000, Honolulu. Invited Speaker and Symposium Organizer, 1<sup>st</sup> International Congress on Porphyrins and Phthalocyanines, Dijon. Invited Speaker, 7<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the European Sonochemistry Society, Biarritz. Invited Speaker, Chemistry under Extreme Conditions Symp., ACS Natl. Meeting, Washington, D.C.

#### 1999

Pittsburgh Conference Lectureship, Duquesne University, Pittsburgh. Invited Speaker, "Unusual Techniques in Inorganic Chemistry," 82<sup>nd</sup> Canadian Soc. for Chemistry Conf., Toronto. Invited Speaker, 15<sup>th</sup> International Symposium on Nonlinear Acoustics, Göttingen.

#### 1998

Director's Colloquium Speaker, Los Alamos National Laboratory. Invited Speaker, Gordon Research Conference, Chemistry and Biology of Tetrapyrroles.

#### Current Major Research Funding:

2000 - 04	NIH 5R01-HL25934	"Heme Proteins,	Microspheres, a	and Their Synthetic A	Analogs" \$353,992 / yr.

- 1999 03 DARPA; "Chemical Control of Single Bubble Cavitation" \$637,121 / 3.5 yrs.
- 1999 03 NSF; "Chemical Effects of Ultrasound," \$480,000 / 3 yrs.
- 1997 02 DOD; Army MURI, "Dendrimeric Materials," Multi-PI proposal; K.S.S. portion: \$100,000 / yr.
- 2000 02 PG Research Foundation "Ultrasonic Gas Dispersion and Dissolution" \$52,933.
- 1990 DOE; UIUC Materials Res. Lab, "Field Responsive Porphyrinic Materials," \$100,000 / yr.

#### Student and Postdoctoral Associates, Past and Present:

- 13 Ph.D. Graduate Students presently in group (08/03).
- 4 Postdoctoral Research Associates presently in group (08/03).
- 36 Ph.D. Graduate Students supervised and theses completed.
- 23 Past Postdoctoral Research Associates.
- 4 M.S. Graduate Students supervised and theses completed.
- 15 Undergraduate Research Assistants supervised.

# MAJOR EQUIPMENT IN THE SUSLICK GROUP

#### Laboratory Space:

Contiguous labs and offices in the Chemical and Life Sciences Laboratory (dedicated April, 1997): 588 ft<sup>2</sup> office space; 3500 ft<sup>2</sup> laboratory space; 17 fume hoods; 224 linear feet of bench space.

#### Spectroscopic and Photochemical Instrumentation:

Hitachi 3300 Double Monochromator UV-vis Spectrophotometer with Constant Temperature Cell Housing Hitachi Diffuse Reflectance Integrating Sphere.
HP 8452A Diode Array UV-vis Spectrophotometer with Constant Temperature Sample Holder.
Jobin Yvon Horiba FluoroMax-3 Spectrofluorometer.
Matrix Isolation Rig with Leybold-Heraeus Closed Cycle 8K Refrigerator.
Electrochemical Analysis Apparatus, Bioanalytical Systems CV51W.
2 Photochemistry rigs, 300W and 500 W Eimac compact Xe arcs with quartz optics and filters.

#### Microarray Printers and and Microscopy Instrumentation:

Perkin-Elmer PiezoArrayer sub-nanoliter non-contact printer 36 Split-Pin Array contact printer Optical/Fluorescence Microscope, Zeiss Axioskop with polarization analyzer and fluorescence optics. Optical Microscope, Inverted Configuration, Olympus CK2 with video imaging system.

#### **Chromatographic Equipment:**

Agilent 6890/5973 Gas Chromatograph / Mass Spectrometer. Varian 3770 Capillary Gas Chromatograph with 50m Columns, FID. Waters 600E Multisolvent HPLC with Waters 996 Diode Array Detector. Chromatotron Centrifugal Preparative Thin Layer Chromatograph.

#### Gas Flow Controllers and Heterogeneous Catalysis Microreactor:

8 MKS Mass Flow Controllers Digital Baratron Manometer Flow Microreactor for Gas-Solid Heterogeneous Catalysis, interfaced to HP GC/MS High Vacuum Line, Turbomolecular Pump and Penning Gauge, and Quadrupole Mass Spectrometer Residual Gas Analyzer, Spectra #245-320.

#### Particle Sizing and Characterization:

Particle Counter and Sizer, Coulter Multisizer IIE, with computer interface. Particle Sifter, ATM Sonic Sifter with Sieves. Quantachrome Nova 2200e Gas Adsorption Surface Area Apparatus.

#### Ultrasonic Equipment:

4 Heat-Systems Ultrasonics 300 to 600W Immersion Ultrasonic Horns and Power Supplies with High Pressure Cells and Inert Atmosphere Cells.
4 Sonics and Materials 500 - 600W, 20 kHz Immersion Ultrasonic Horns and Power Supplies. Sonics and Materials 40 kHz Immersion Ultrasonic Horn and Power Supply. Power Amplifier, AR 700A1, 700 W, 10 kHz-1MHz.
Power Amplifier, ENI AP400B, 400W, 10 kHz-2MHz
2 Function Generators, HP 8904A
Power Piezoceramic Transducers, 20 - 800 kHz.
4 Ultrasonic Spray Pyrolysis rigs with tube furnaces and vacuum lines
Magnetostrictive Transducer, 4 kW, manufactured by Russian Academy of Sciences.
Calibrated Hydrophone, Bruel&Kjaer 8103
Measuring Amplifier, Bruel&Kjaer 2525
Needle Hydrophone, Dapco Ind.
Dual Trace Oscilloscope, Hewlett-Packard 33120.
2 Digitizing Oscilloscopes, HP 54111D and 54112D, 100 MHz

#### Sonoluminescence Equipment:

Sonoluminescence Rigs:

Princeton Instruments Optical Multichannel Analyzer with Spec-10:100B/LN CCD Array Detector. 0.5 m Acton Research 505F with 3 grating turret and 0.2 m Thermal-Jarrell Ash Monochromators. CCD Optical Spectrometer, Jobin Yvon-Spex TR190/CCD3000 system. Gas Mixing/Mass Flow Controllers, 4-channel readout/power supply, MKS Model 247.

Image station for measurement of bubble dynamics.

Long distance video microscope. Fiber optic illumination system, 150 W illuminator PL-800. CCD monochrome camera Sony XC-77 with video capture card/PC interface.

#### Inert Atmosphere Equipment:

Vacuum Atmospheres Double Length Inert Atmosphere Chamber with O<sub>2</sub> Monitor & MO-40 Dritrain Vacuum Atmospheres Single Length Inert Atmosphere Chamber with O<sub>2</sub> Monitor, MO-20 Dritrain, interfaced with internal sonicator and cooling.

12 Dual Argon-Vacuum Manifolds with Airless Glassware.

20 Two-Stage Vacuum Pumps

High Vacuum Line, Diffusion Pump and Penning Gauge.

#### **Computers and Graphics Equipment:**

1 PC Server, 2GHz with triplicate 120 GB RAID storage.

17 PC 2.5 GHz microcomputers (one per desk); 3 PC 1 GHz Microcomputers.

Silicon Graphics Indigo<sup>2</sup> Extreme graphics workstation, R4400 processor, with 8.5 GB Hard Drives, 64 MB RAM, 19" 24-bit color monitor, CD-R, Molecular Simulations molecular modeling software.

6 Hewlett-Packard LaserJet printers; 3 Hewlett-Packard Desk-Jet Color Printers.

4 high resolution color scanners.

Minolta 7000i 35 mm Camera with multiple lens;

Cannon Power Shot G1 Digital Camera.

#### **Other Laboratory Equipment:**

6 Refrigerated Constant Temperature Baths; Braun, Fisher.

NANOpure Water Purification System, Bioresearch Grade D4751.

Fisher Marathon 13K Centrifuge.

2 Buchi Rotary Evaporators and Vacuum Lyophilzer, 12 Port.

4 Mettler Analytical and Sartorius Analytical Top-loading Balances.

5 Laboratory Refrigerators and 1 Laboratory Storage Freezer.

4 Large Laboratory Ovens

5 Tube Furnaces, one with multi-zone capabilities

6-Station Stainless Steel Solvent Purification (Alumina Column) Rig

### **Chemical Effects of Ultrasound**

Oleg Abramov

Professor, Russian Academy of Sciences; Director of Research, Institute for Inorganic and General Chemistry. Visiting Professor, UIUC, 1994.

Dominick J. Casadonte, Jr.
B.Sc., Case Western Reserve Univ., 1980.
Ph.D., Purdue Univ., 1984 (D. McMillin).
Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1984-1986.
Associate Professor, Texas Tech Univ.

Seok-Burm Choe

B.Sc., Seoul National Univ., Korea. Ph.D., Kansas State Univ. (K. Klabunde). Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1987-8. Professor, Kei-Mgung Univ., Taegu, Korea.

Andrzej A. Cichowlas Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1991-1994. Research Scientist, Polish Academy of Sciences.

Gennady Dantsin

B.S., State U. of New York, Binghamton, 1996.Ph.D., UIUC, "Ultrasound Mediated Synthesis of Catalytic and Polymeric Materials", 2001.Research Scientist, Air Products Corp.

#### Arul Dhas

B.S., Madurai Kamaraj University, 1988. Ph.D., Indian Inst. of Science, Bangalore, 1994. Postdoc. Assoc., Bar-Ilan U., Israel, 1995-1998. Postdoc., UIUC, 1999-2001. Research Scientist, Advanced Materials.

#### Steven J. Doktycz

B.Sc., UIC, 1984.
Ph.D., UIUC, "Effects of Ultrasound on Solid-Liquid Reactions," 1989.
T. S. Piper Thesis Research Prize, UIUC, 1989.
Staff Scientist, Dow Chemical Co.
Chief Financial Officer, ANGUS (Dow Corp.).

#### Theodore Dolter

B.Sc., St. Louis Univ.M.S., Univ. of Illinois.Science Teacher, Rosary High School, St. Louis.

Arash Ekhtiarzadeh

B.S., University of Scranton, 1997.Ph.D., UIUC, "Sonochemically Generated Materials", 2001.Research Scientist, Bettis National Laboratories.

Mingming Fang
B.S., M.S., Beijing Univ., 1987-1990.
Ph.D., UIUC, "Catalytic and Magnetic Properties of Nanostructured Materials Generated by Ultrasound," 1995.
Staff Scientist, Cabot Corp.

Edward B. Flint B.Sc., Kenyon College, 1983. Ph.D., UIUC, "Sonoluminescence," 1989. Postdoctoral Associate, Professor H. Suhr, Tubingen, Germany. Associate Professor, Bradley Univ.

Mark W. Grinstaff
A.B., Occidental College, 1987.
Ph.D., UIUC, "The Sonochemical Synthesis of Inorganic and Biological Materials," 1992.
T. S. Piper Thesis Research Prize, UIUC, 1991.
NIH Postdoctoral Fellow, Caltech.
ACS Nobel Laureate Signature Awardee, 1994.
Asst. Prof., Department of Chemistry, Duke Univ.

Chanchal K. Ghosh
B.Sc., M.S., Univ. of Dhaka, Bangladesh, 1975.
Ph.D., Univ. of Alberta, 1989.
Staff Scientist, Fabric & Hard Surface
Technology, Procter and Gamble Company.

Lev Grundel Ph.D., M.S., Moscow Univ., 1983 Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1991. Staff Scientist, Great Lakes Analytical, Chicago.

David A. Hammerton
B.Sc., Southern Connecticut State College, 1981.
Ph.D., UIUC, "The Sonochemical Hot Spot" 1987.
Staff Scientist, Rohm and Haas, Inc.
Technical Manager, UCB Chemicals.

Taeghwan Hyeon B.S., M.S., Seoul National Univ., 1991. Ph.D., UIUC, "Nanostructured Catalytic and Magnetic Materials: Sonochemical Synthesis and Characterization", 1996. T. S. Piper Thesis Research Prize, UIUC, 1996. P.D. Res. Assoc. Northwestern Univ., 1996-97. Assistant Professor, Seoul Natl. Univ., Korea. Robert E. Johnson B.Sc., Univ. of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, 1977. Ph.D., Univ. of Wisconsin-Madison, 1981 (L. Dahl). Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1983-84. Staff Scientist, HOECHST Celanese Inc. Kathleen A. (Kemper) House B.Sc., M.S., Illinois State Univ., 1989. Ph.D., UIUC, "Sonoluminescence As a Probe of Cavitation", 1994. Asst. Professor, Illinois Wesleyan Univ. Keith S. Kostecka B.Sc., Illinois Benedictine College, 1982. M.S., UIUC, 1985. D.Ed., UIUC at Chicago, 1990. Associate Professor, Columbia College, Chicago. Kenneth Kolbeck B.S., Univ. of New Mexico, 1991. Ph.D., UIUC, 1999; M.D., UIUC, 2000. Radiology Resident, College of Medicine, Dartmouth. Gregory Kufner B.S., Illinois Wesleyan, 1995. Ph.D., UIUC, "Surface Modification of Protein Microspheres" 2000. Staff Scientist, Abbott Pharmaceuticals. Dongkyu Lee Professor, Chemical Engineering, Chungbuk National University (Korea). William B. McNamara, III B.S., Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, 1992. Ph.D., UIUC, "Multi- and Single Bubble Sonoluminescence," 2002. Staff Scientist, ChemSensing, Inc.

Millan M. Mdleleni B.Sc., Univ. of Fort Hare (S. Africa), 1987. Ph.D., UCSB, 1995. Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1995-98. Staff Scientist, Sasol Industries, S.A. James D. Oxley B.S., Texas Christian University, 1998. Ph.D., UIUC, 2003; "Environmental Applications of Ultrasound." Staff Scientist, Southwest Research Institute. **Christian Petrier** Ph.D., Univ. of Grenoble, 1982 Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1988-89 Professor, ESIGEC/Universite de Savoie, France. Tanya Prozorov M.S., Bar-Ilan University, 1998. Ph.D., UIUC, 2004. Research Scientist, Univ. So. Carolina. Paul F. Schubert B.Sc., Univ. of Arkansas, 1978. Ph.D., UIUC, "Sonochemistry of Some Metal Carbonyl Complexes," 1982. Group Leader, Catalytica Res. and Development. Vice-President for Research and Development, Syntroleum Corp. Gregory Szewczyk B.A., Northwestern Univ., 1995. Ph.D., UIUC, "Disulfide Crosslinking in Protein Microspheres" 2000. Staff Scientist, Colgate-Palmolive Corp. Hau H. Wang B.Sc., National Tsing Hua Univ., Taiwan, 1975. Ph.D., Univ. of Minnesota, 1981, (L. Pignolet). Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1981-83. Staff Scientist, Argonne National Laboratory. Mike Wong B.S., Univ. of Tulsa, 1991. Ph.D., UIUC, "Sonochemically Produced Proteinaceous Microspheres," 1996. Staff Scientist, Colgate-Palmolive, N.J.

### **Bioinorganic Chemistry**

Francis V. Acholla

B.Sc., Univ. of Nairobi, Kenya.
Ph.D., Univ. of Kansas, 1985 (K. B. Mertes).
Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1985-86.
Asst. Professor, Univ. of Nairobi, 1985-91.
Senior Research Chemist, Rohm & Haas.

#### Mark D. Ball

B.S., Purdue Univ., 1982.Ph.D., Iowa State Univ., 1987 (J. A. Olson).Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1988-90.Associate Professor, Rose-Hulman Inst. Tech.

#### Jie Bai

B.S., Beijing University, 2002. M.S., UIUC, 2004.

David Benson

B. A., Goshen College, 1990.
Ph.D., UIUC, "New Intermediates of Cytochrome P450" 1997. (with Steve Sligar)
Postdoctoral Associate, Duke Univ.
Asst. Prof., Wayne State Univ.

Puttaiah Bhyrappa

B.S., M.S., Bangalore Univ., 1986
Ph.D., Indian Inst. of Science, Bangalore, 1991.
Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1994-97.
Assistant Professor, Indian Institute of Technology, Madras.

#### Mala Bhyrappa

B.S., M.S., Bangalore Univ., 1991 Ph.D., Indian Inst. of Science, Bangalore, 1996. Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1997.

#### Chin-Ti Chen

B.S., Tamkang Univ., Taiwan, 1978.
M.S., National Taiwan Univ., 1982.
Ph.D., UIUC, "Porphyrins and Metalloporphyrins as Field Responsive Materials," 1992.
Postdoctoral Associate, S. Marder, Caltech.
Research Faculty, Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica, Taiwan.

Homer Chou B.S. Univ. of Chicago, 1989. Ph.D., UIUC, "Porphyrins as Second Order Nonlinear Optical Materials," 1995. T. S. Piper Thesis Research Prize, UIUC, 1995. Postdoc. Res. Fellow, Northwestern U., 1995-97. Staff Scientist, Cabot Corporation. **Richard Jun-Hong Chou** B.S., National Cheng Kung Univ., Taiwan, 1982. Ph.D., Michigan State Univ., 1995. Staff Scientist. Merck Pharmaceuticals. Bruce R. Cook B.S., Hope College, 1981. Ph.D., UIUC, "Shape Selective Oxidation of Hydrocarbons," 1986. Staff Scientist, Exxon Corporate Res. & Engin. Daniel R. English B.S., Ohio State Univ., 1979. Ph.D., UIUC, "Synth. Fe Porphyrins as Models for Heme Proteins", 1984. Unit Director, Eastman Kodak Company. Mary M. Fox B.S., Indiana Univ.-Evansville, 1978. Ph.D., UIUC, "A Bis-Pocket Porphyrin," 1983. Staff Scientist, Procter & Gamble Corp. Philip Gorlin (Joint with Greg Girolami) B.S., Univ. of Texas at Austin, 1989. Ph.D., UIUC, "Metalloporphyrin Sandwich Complexes," 1994. Staff Scientist, Colgate Palmolive Corp. Christopher L. Hein B.S., Univ. of Colorado at Boulder, 1992. Ph.D., UIUC, "Photosynthetic Reaction Center Analogs", 1997 (with Greg Girolami) Staff Scientist, G. E. Plastics Corp. David Huffman B.S., M.S., Illinois State Univ., 1988. Ph.D., UIUC, "Oligopeptide-Heme Complexes," 1993. NIH Postdoctoral Fellow, T. O'Halloran, Northwestern Univ. Asst. Prof., Univ. Western Michigan.

Vijav K. Joshi

B.Sc., Punjab Univ., 1969.M.Sc., Univ. of Jodhpur, 1971.Ph.D., SUNY Buffalo, 1987 (J. H. Wang).Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1987-8.Staff Scientist, Reheis Chemical Co.

Warren A. Kaplan
B.S., Brandeis Univ., 1984.
Ph.D., UIUC, "Ligand Binding to Ni Porphyrins and F430," 1989.
Staff Scientist, Shell Corporate Research.
Research Chemist, Stepan Company.

- Michael G. Kinnaird B.S., Guilford College, 1979. Ph.D., Univ. of North Carolina, 1983 (D. Whitten).
  - Postdoctoral Associate, Univ. of Kyoto, 1984 (I. Tabushi). Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1984-86.
  - Staff Scientist, BASF Chemical Co.

Stanley N. Milam
B.S., Univ. of Texas at Austin, 1984.
Ph.D., UIUC "Actinide Porphyrin Chemistry," (with G. Girolami), 1989
Staff Scientist, Shell Chemical Co.

Margaret Kosal

B.S., University of Southern California, 1995.Ph.D., UIUC, "Porphyrin Network Materials", 2001.Staff Scientist, Monterey Institute.

Shirley Nakagaki Sabbatical Associate, 2003. Prof., Federal University of Paraná, Brazil.

Saad N. Nemeh
B.S., Univ. of Applied Chemistry, Syria, 1976.
Ph.D., Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, 1984 (W. Kaska).
Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1984-5.
Staff Scientist, Englehardt Chemical Co.

Bimal PatelA.B., Occidental College, 1990.Ph.D., UIUC, "Porphyrin Liquid Crystals," 1996.Staff Scientist, G.E. Plastics Corp.

Alicia Paterno B.S., Ithaca College, 1996. Ph.D., UIUC, "Supramolecular Porphyrin Assemblies", 2001. Visiting Asst. Prof., Duquesne University Jennifer Beck Ralph B.S., Ph.D., Univ. of Queensland, Australia, 1983, 1987. Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1987-9 (joint with S. G. Sligar). Research Scientist, Australian National Univ. Neal Rakow B.S., Colorado School of Mines, 1996. Ph.D., UIUC, "Metalloporphyrin Based Colorimetric Nose: 'Smell-Seeing,'"2001. T. S. Piper Thesis Research Prize, UIUC, 2001. Research Scientist, 3M Corporate R&D Center. Thomas J. Reinert B.S., Iowa State Univ., 1979. Ph.D., UIUC, "Mechanistic Probes of Heme Proteins" 1987. Professor, Linfield College, Oregon. Michael Rosenblatt B.S., Towson State Univ., 1992. Ph.D., UIUC, "Mb Microspheres and Metalloporphyrin-Peptide Complexes" 2000. Postdoctoral Associate, Univ. of Pennsylvania (W. DeGrado) Avijit Sen B.S., Jadavpur University, Calcutta, 1989. Ph.D., Indian Inst. of Science, Bangalore, 1998. Postdoctoral Associate, UIUC, 1998-2001. Staff Scientist, ChemSensing, Inc. Cynthia A. Smith B.Sc., Kenyon College, 1978. M.S., UIUC, 1981. Regulatory Officer, ICI Specialty Chemicals. **Dennis Smithenry** B.S., University of Illinois, 1999. Ph.D., UIUC, 2004. Postdoctoral Associate, Stanford University.

Shawne Van Deusen-Jeffries A.B., Occidental College, 1987. M.S., UIUC, 1991. Research Scientist, Eli Lilly. Chemist, AMTX Products, XEROX Inc. Jiangyun Wang B.S., Univ. Science & Tech. of China, 1998. Ph.D., UIUC, 2003, "De Novo Heme Protein Design" Randall A. Watson B.Sc., Indiana State Univ., 1986. Ph.D., UIUC, "Photochemistry of Metalloporphyrins" 1990. Staff Scientist, Procter and Gamble Company. Christopher Ziegler A.B., Bowdoin College, 1992. NSF Predoctoral Fellow, 1993-1996. Ph.D., UIUC, "Ligand Studies of Group 8 Triad Metalloporphyrins," 1997.

Postdoctoral Associate, MIT, Steve Lippard.

Assistant Professor, Univ. of Akron.

### **Undergraduate Research Assistants**

**Daniel Bailey** 

B.Sc., UIUC, "Colorimetric Sensor Arrays" 2004.

#### Jocelyn Bautista

B.Sc., UIUC, "Photochemistry of Manganese, Iron, and Chromium Porphyrin Oxoanion Complexes by Matrix Isolation" 1991.M.D., Washington Univ., St. Louis, 1995.Resident Doctor, Yale New Haven Hospital.

#### Ann Burkybile

B.Sc., UIUC, "Synthesis and Characterization of Discotic Macrocycle Liquid Crystals," 1995.Graduate Student in Biochemistry, UIUC Fellow.

#### James Corbett

B.Sc., UIUC, 1982. Ph.D., Univ. of California, Berkeley, 1987.

Jennifer Cormack

Undergraduate Res. Asst., UIUC, Summer 1993. B.Sc., California Institute of Technology, 1995. M.D., UCSF, 2000.

#### Peter Dorhout

B.Sc., UIUC, 1985.Ph.D., Univ. of Wisconsin at Madison, 1989.Postdoctoral Fellow, Iowa State Univ., 1989-91.Associate Professor, Colorado State Univ.

Joann Eisenhart

B.Sc., UIUC, "Synthesis and Characterization of a "Bis-Pocket" Porphyrin, 1981. Ph.D., Univ. of Wisconsin at Madison, 1986. Quality Consultant, Rohm & Haas Company.

#### Julie Katzenberger

B.Sc., UIUC, "The Synthesis of 5, 10, 15, 20-Tetrakis-(2, 4, 6-Triphenylphenyl) Porphyrin and the Effect of Hydrogen Bonding on FeTPP(1, 2-Me<sub>2</sub> Im)(CO), 1984.
M.S., Colorado State Univ., 1995.

#### Melissa Lucarelli

B.Sc., UIUC, 1993.M.D., Univ. of Wisconsin.Family Practice Resident, St. Mary's Hospital, Milwaukee. **Eugene Mueller** B.Sc., UIUC, "Linkage of Bisporphyrin Complexes to Generate an Eight Coordinate, Chiral Molecule," 1987. Ph.D., Harvard Univ. Associate Professor, Univ. of Delaware. Kristin Musgrave B.Sc., UIUC, "Special Pair Models: Bisporphyrin-Sandwich Quinone Complexes," 1995. Graduate Student, Stanford Unversity. Shannon Nebolsky B.Sc., UIUC, "A Novel Synthesis of 5, 10, 15, 20-Tetrakis-(2, 4, 6-Triphenylphenyl) Porphyrin: The "Bis-Pocket Porphyrin" 1987 Ph.D., Northwestern Univ., 1995. J.D., Northwestern Univ., 1996. Technical Associate, Welsh & Katz, Ltd. Jennifer Plaszczynski B.Sc., UIUC, "Polymeric Microspheres," 1994. Graduate Student in Pharmacy, UIC. Dimitrii Rassokhin B.Sc., Moscow Lomonosov State Univ., Dept. of Chemistry, 1983-88. Non-matriculated Student, UIUC, 1995. Ph.D., Moscow Lomonosov State Univ., 1996. Nicole Stewart B.Sc., UIUC, 2003 Anita Yu B.Sc., UIUC, "The Synthesis, Characterization and Photochemistry of Oxo(5, 10, 15, 20-Tetraphenylporphyrinato)Chromium (IV), 1989. Ph.D., Univ. of Wisconsin at Madison, 1986. Assistant Professor, Department of Chemistry, Univ. of Wisconsin, Eau Claire.