

Health and Nutrition

This section presents statistics on health expenditures and insurance coverage, including Medicare and Medicaid, medical personnel, hospitals, nursing homes and other care facilities, injuries, diseases, disability status, nutritional intake of the population, and food consumption. Summary statistics showing recent trends on health care and discussions of selected health issues are published annually by the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) in *Health, United States*. Data on national health expenditures, medical costs, and insurance coverage are compiled by the U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly Health Care Financing Administration), and appear on the CMS Web site at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/> and in the annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement* to the *Health Care Financing Review*. Statistics on health insurance are also collected by NCHS and are published in Series 10 of *Vital and Health Statistics*. U.S. Census Bureau also publishes data on utilization of insurance coverage. Statistics on hospitals are published annually by the Health Forum, L.L.C., an American Hospital Association Company, in *Hospital Statistics*. Primary source for data on nutrition is the annual *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. NCHS also conducts periodic surveys of nutrient levels in the population, including estimates of food and nutrient intake, overweight and obesity, hypercholesterolemia, hypertension, and clinical signs of malnutrition.

National health expenditures—Please be advised that the most recent release of the National Health Expenditure Accounts (NHEA) was a benchmark (comprehensive) revision. All estimates were open to revision for the entire time series, which now runs from 1960 to 2004. For NHEA Tables 120 through 127, all data have been revised.

CMS compiles estimates of national health expenditures (NHE) to measure spending for health care in the United States. The NHE accounts are structured to show spending by type of expenditure (i.e., hospital care, physician and clinical care, dental care, and other professional care; home health care; retail sales of prescription drugs; other medical nondurables; vision products and other medical durables; nursing home care and other personal health expenditures; plus other health expenditures such as public health activities, administration, and the net cost of private health insurance; plus medical sector investment, the sum of noncommercial medical research and capital formation in medical sector structures and equipment; and by source of funding (e.g., private health insurance, out-of-pocket payments, and a range of public programs including Medicare, Medicaid, and those operated by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)).

Data used to estimate health expenditures come from existing sources, which are tabulated for other purposes. The type of expenditure estimates rely upon statistics produced by such groups as the American Hospital Association, the Census Bureau, and the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Source of funding estimates are constructed using administrative and statistical records from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, the Department of Defense and VA medical programs, the Social Security Administration, Census Bureau's *Governmental Finances*, state and local governments, other HHS agencies, and other nongovernment sources.

Medicare, Medicaid and SCHIP—Since July 1966, the federal Medicare program has provided two coordinated plans for nearly all people age 65 and over: (1) a hospital insurance plan, which covers hospital and related services and (2) a voluntary supplementary medical insurance

plan, financed partially by monthly premiums paid by participants, which partly covers physicians' and related medical services. Such insurance also applies, since July 1973, to disabled beneficiaries of any age after 24 months of entitlement to cash benefits under the social security or railroad retirement programs and to persons with end stage renal disease. On January 1, 2006, Medicare began to provide coverage for prescription drugs as mandated by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA). This benefit is available on a voluntary basis to everyone with Medicare, and beneficiaries pay a monthly premium to enroll in one of Medicare's prescription drug plans.

Medicaid is a health insurance program for certain low-income people. These include: certain low-income families with children; aged, blind, or disabled people on supplemental security income; certain low-income pregnant women and children; and people who have very high medical bills. Medicaid is funded and administered through a state/federal partnership. Although there are broad federal requirements for Medicaid, states have a wide degree of flexibility to design their program. Congress created the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) to address the growing problem of children without health insurance. SCHIP was designed as a federal/state partnership, similar to Medicaid, with the goal of expanding health insurance to children whose families earn too much money to be eligible for Medicaid, but not enough money to purchase private insurance.

Health resources—Hospital statistics based on data from the American Hospital Association's yearly survey are published annually in *Hospital Statistics* and cover all hospitals accepted for registration by the Association. To be accepted for registration, a hospital must meet certain requirements relating to number of beds, construction, equipment, medical and nursing staff, patient care, clinical records, surgical and obstetrical facilities, diagnostic and treatment facilities, laboratory services, etc. Data obtained from NCHS cover all U.S. hospitals that meet

certain criteria for inclusion. The criteria are published in *Vital and Health Statistics* reports, Series 13.

Statistics on the demographic characteristics of persons employed in the health occupations are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and reported in *Employment and Earnings* (monthly) (see Table 602, Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Data based on surveys of health personnel and utilization of health facilities providing long-term care, ambulatory care, and hospital care are presented in NCHS Series 13, *Data on Health Resources Utilization and Advance Data from Vital and Health Statistics*. Statistics on patient visits to health care providers, as reported in health interviews, appear in NCHS Series 10, *National Health Interview Survey Data*.

The CMS's *Health Care Financing Review* and its annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement* present data for hospitals and nursing homes as well as extended care facilities and home health agencies. These data are based on records of the Medicare program and differ from those of other sources because they are limited to facilities meeting federal eligibility standards for participation in Medicare.

Disability and illness—General health statistics, including morbidity, disability, injuries, preventive care, and findings from physiological testing are collected by NCHS in its National Health Interview Survey and its National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys and appear in *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10 and 11, respectively. The Department of Labor compiles statistics on occupational injuries (see Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Annual incidence data on notifiable diseases are compiled by the Public Health Service (PHS) at its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta, Georgia, and are published as a supplement to its *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*. The list of diseases is revised annually and includes those which, by mutual agreement of the states and PHS, are communicable diseases of national importance.

Nutrition—Statistics on annual per capita consumption of food and its nutrient value are estimated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Data are available online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption>>. NCHS collects physical examination data to assess the population's nutritional status, including growth, overweight/

obesity, nutritional deficiencies, and prevalence of nutrition-related conditions, such as hypertension, hypercholesterolemia, and diabetes.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of reliability applicable to data from NCHS and CMS, see Appendix III.

Table 120. National Health Expenditures—Summary, 1960 to 2004, and Projections: 2005 to 2015

[In billions of dollars (28 represents \$28,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Year	Total expenditures ¹	Private expenditures			Public expenditures			Health services and supplies				
		Total ²	Out-of-pocket	Insurance	Total	Federal	State and local	Total ³	Hospital care	Physician and clinical services	Prescription drugs	Nursing home care
1960	28	21	13	6	7	3	4	25	9	5	3	1
1961	29	22	13	7	8	3	4	27	10	6	3	1
1962	32	24	14	7	8	4	4	29	11	6	3	1
1963	35	26	15	8	9	4	5	31	12	7	3	1
1964	39	29	17	9	10	5	5	34	13	8	3	1
1965	42	32	18	10	11	5	6	37	14	8	4	1
1966	47	33	19	10	14	8	7	41	16	9	4	2
1967	52	33	19	11	20	12	7	47	18	10	4	2
1968	59	37	21	12	22	14	8	53	21	11	5	3
1969	67	41	23	13	25	16	9	59	24	12	5	3
1970	75	47	25	16	28	18	11	67	28	14	6	4
1971	84	51	26	18	32	21	12	74	31	16	6	5
1972	93	57	29	21	36	23	13	83	34	17	6	5
1973	103	63	32	23	41	25	15	93	38	19	7	6
1974	117	69	34	26	48	31	17	106	45	22	7	7
1975	134	77	37	30	56	36	20	121	52	25	8	9
1976	153	89	41	37	64	43	21	139	60	28	9	10
1977	173	102	45	45	71	47	24	159	67	33	9	12
1978	195	114	48	52	81	54	27	179	76	35	10	14
1979	221	129	53	61	92	61	31	203	87	41	11	16
1980	255	148	59	69	107	72	36	234	101	47	12	19
1981	295	172	66	81	124	83	41	271	118	55	13	21
1982	332	195	72	94	137	92	45	305	134	61	15	23
1983	367	216	79	105	151	103	49	336	145	68	17	27
1984	404	239	87	119	165	113	52	372	155	77	20	29
1985	442	263	96	131	179	123	56	409	165	90	22	32
1986	474	278	104	136	196	133	63	440	177	100	24	35
1987	515	301	109	149	215	144	71	478	191	112	27	36
1988	577	344	119	176	233	155	77	535	207	127	31	41
1989	642	383	126	205	259	174	85	596	227	142	35	46
1990	717	427	136	234	290	194	96	667	252	158	40	53
1991	785	456	140	255	329	223	106	732	277	175	44	58
1992	853	486	143	275	367	253	114	794	300	190	48	62
1993	917	514	145	297	402	278	125	854	317	201	51	65
1994	966	528	143	309	438	303	135	901	330	211	54	68
1995	1,020	554	146	327	467	325	141	953	341	221	61	74
1996	1,073	580	152	342	493	349	144	1,003	352	229	69	80
1997	1,130	614	162	359	516	365	151	1,054	365	241	78	85
1998	1,196	662	175	385	533	373	161	1,112	376	256	89	90
1999	1,270	710	184	418	560	390	170	1,180	395	270	105	91
2000	1,359	756	193	455	602	418	184	1,265	417	289	121	95
2001	1,474	807	200	498	667	465	202	1,376	451	313	139	102
2002	1,608	881	211	552	727	510	217	1,499	489	338	158	106
2003	1,741	957	224	606	783	554	229	1,625	526	367	174	110
2004	1,878	1,030	236	659	847	600	247	1,753	571	400	189	115
2005, proj.	2,016	1,101	249	706	915	646	269	1,882	616	430	204	122
2006, proj.	2,164	1,148	246	745	1,016	742	279	2,020	663	463	219	128
2007, proj.	2,320	1,237	262	806	1,083	790	299	2,165	709	497	237	135
2008, proj.	2,498	1,336	279	876	1,162	847	322	2,332	763	534	256	143
2009, proj.	2,689	1,444	298	951	1,245	907	346	2,511	821	572	277	151
2010, proj.	2,879	1,545	316	1,018	1,335	971	371	2,688	882	611	299	161
2011, proj.	3,078	1,649	336	1,087	1,429	1,040	398	2,873	947	651	324	170
2012, proj.	3,298	1,762	356	1,163	1,536	1,120	426	3,078	1,013	696	351	181
2013, proj.	3,533	1,879	377	1,242	1,654	1,209	455	3,298	1,082	745	380	192
2014, proj.	3,776	1,997	398	1,320	1,779	1,304	486	3,525	1,154	796	412	204
2015, proj.	4,032	2,116	421	1,397	1,915	1,408	519	3,763	1,231	850	446	217

¹ Includes medical research and medical structures and equipment, not shown separately. ² Includes other private expenditures, not shown separately. ³ Includes other objects of expenditure, not shown separately.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 121. National Health Expenditures by Type: 1990 to 2004

[In billions of dollars (717.3 represents \$717,300,000,000), except percent. Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Type of expenditure	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total	717.3	1,020.4	1,270.3	1,358.5	1,474.2	1,607.9	1,740.6	1,877.6
Annual percent change ¹	11.8	5.6	6.3	6.9	8.5	9.1	8.2	7.9
Percent of gross domestic product	12.4	13.8	13.7	13.8	14.6	15.4	15.9	16.0
Private expenditures	427.3	553.8	710.2	756.3	807.2	881.4	957.2	1,030.3
Health services and supplies	400.9	518.4	660.1	705.3	755.0	822.5	894.8	964.2
Out-of-pocket payments	136.1	146.4	183.9	192.6	199.8	210.8	223.5	235.7
Insurance premiums ²	233.7	327.0	417.8	454.8	497.7	552.2	606.3	658.5
Other	31.1	45.0	58.4	57.9	57.5	59.5	65.0	70.0
Medical research	1.0	1.6	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.2	3.4
Medical structures and equipment ³	25.4	33.8	47.9	48.5	49.4	55.9	59.3	62.7
Public expenditures	290.0	466.6	560.1	602.2	667.0	726.5	783.4	847.3
Percent federal of public	66.8	69.7	69.6	69.5	69.7	70.1	70.8	70.8
Health services and supplies	265.8	434.6	519.9	559.2	620.5	676.7	729.8	788.8
Medicare ⁴	109.5	182.4	213.2	225.2	248.3	266.3	283.8	309.0
Public assistance medical payments ⁵	78.7	150.3	189.1	207.5	233.2	258.2	281.2	303.7
Temporary disability insurance ⁶	0.1	0.1	—	—	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Workers' compensation (medical) ⁶	17.4	21.7	22.2	24.9	28.1	30.1	31.5	33.5
Defense Dept. hospital, medical	10.4	12.0	12.6	13.7	15.4	18.7	21.8	24.4
Maternal, child health programs	1.7	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7
Public health activities	20.0	31.0	40.7	43.4	46.8	51.7	54.0	56.1
Veterans' hospital, medical care	10.8	14.6	17.3	18.9	20.9	22.6	26.3	28.9
Medical vocational rehabilitation	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
State and local hospitals ⁷	13.2	14.0	14.0	13.6	14.7	15.4	16.8	18.4
Other ⁸	3.8	6.0	7.7	8.8	9.9	10.4	11.0	11.6
Medical research	11.7	16.8	21.2	23.1	26.0	29.5	32.5	35.6
Medical structures and equipment ³	12.5	15.2	19.0	19.9	20.6	20.4	21.2	22.9

— Represents zero. ¹ Change from immediate prior year. For explanation of average annual percent change, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. ² Covers insurance benefits and amount retained by insurance companies for expenses, additions to reserves, and profits (net cost of insurance). ³ Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices. ⁴ Represents expenditures for benefits and administrative cost from federal hospital and medical insurance trust funds under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs; see text, of this section. ⁵ Payments made directly to suppliers of medical care (primarily Medicaid). ⁶ Includes medical benefits paid under public law by private insurance carriers, state governments, and self-insurers. ⁷ Expenditures not offset by other revenues. ⁸ Covers expenditures for Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Indian Health Service; school health and other programs.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Accounts"; See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>

Table 122. National Health Expenditures by Object, 1990 to 2004, and Projections, 2005

[In billions of dollars (717.3 represents \$717,300,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and outlying areas]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005, proj.
Total	717.3	1,020.4	1,270.3	1,358.5	1,474.2	1,607.9	1,740.6	1,877.6	2,016.0
Spent by—									
Consumers	369.8	473.4	601.7	647.4	697.5	763.0	829.7	894.2	955.2
Out-of-pocket	136.1	146.4	183.9	192.6	199.8	210.8	223.5	235.7	248.8
Private insurance	233.7	327.0	417.8	454.8	497.7	552.2	606.3	658.5	706.4
Public	290.0	466.6	560.1	602.2	667.0	726.5	783.4	847.3	914.6
Other ¹	57.5	80.4	108.6	108.9	109.7	118.4	127.5	136.1	146.2
Spent for—									
Health services and supplies	666.7	953.0	1,180.0	1,264.5	1,375.5	1,499.2	1,624.5	1,753.0	1,882.2
Personal health care expenses	607.5	863.7	1,068.3	1,139.9	1,239.1	1,341.4	1,445.7	1,560.2	1,677.8
Hospital care	251.6	340.7	395.0	417.0	451.4	488.6	525.5	570.8	616.1
Physician and clinical services	157.5	220.5	269.6	288.6	313.1	337.9	367.0	399.9	429.9
Dental services	31.5	44.5	57.1	62.0	67.5	73.3	76.9	81.5	87.4
Other professional services ²	18.2	28.5	37.1	39.1	42.8	45.7	49.1	52.7	55.8
Home health care	12.6	30.5	31.6	30.6	32.2	34.3	38.1	43.2	48.9
Prescription drugs	40.3	60.9	104.7	120.8	138.6	157.9	174.1	188.5	203.5
Other nondurable medical products	22.5	25.7	29.8	30.2	30.3	30.9	32.1	32.3	32.6
Durable medical equipment ³	11.2	15.3	19.0	19.3	19.6	20.8	22.1	23.0	23.7
Nursing home care	52.6	74.1	90.5	95.3	101.5	105.7	110.4	115.2	121.7
Other personal health care	9.6	23.0	34.0	37.1	41.9	46.3	50.4	53.3	58.1
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance ⁴	39.2	58.4	70.9	81.2	89.6	106.1	124.9	136.7	142.4
Public health activities	20.0	31.0	40.7	43.4	46.8	51.7	54.0	56.1	62.0
Medical research ⁵	12.7	18.3	23.4	25.6	28.8	32.5	35.6	39.0	42.0
Medical structures and equipment ⁶	38.0	49.1	66.8	68.4	69.9	76.2	80.5	85.7	91.8

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues, privately funded construction, and industrial implant. ² Includes services of registered and practical nurses in private duty, podiatrists, optometrists, physical therapists, clinical psychologists, chiropractors, naturopaths, and Christian Science practitioners. ³ Includes expenditures for eyeglasses, hearing aids, orthopedic appliances, artificial limbs, crutches, wheelchairs, etc. ⁴ Includes administrative expenses of federally financed health programs. ⁵ Research and development expenditures of drug companies and other manufacturers and providers of medical equipment and supplies are excluded from research expenditures, but are included in the expenditure class in which the product falls. ⁶ Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Accounts"; See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>

Table 123. Health Services and Supplies—Per Capita Consumer Expenditures by Object: 1990 to 2004

[In dollars, except percent. Based on U. S. Census Bureau estimates of total U.S. population as of July 1, excluding Armed Forces and federal employees abroad and civilian population of outlying areas. Excludes medical research, medical structures and equipment]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total, national	2,621	3,513	4,154	4,402	4,739	5,114	5,487	5,864
Annual percent change ¹	10.6	4.6	4.9	6.0	7.7	7.9	7.3	6.9
Hospital care	989	1,256	1,390	1,452	1,555	1,667	1,775	1,909
Physician and clinical services	619	813	949	1,005	1,079	1,152	1,240	1,338
Dental services	124	164	201	216	233	250	260	273
Other professional services ²	71	105	131	136	147	156	166	176
Home health care	49	113	111	106	111	117	129	144
Prescription drugs	158	224	368	421	477	539	588	630
Other nondurable medical products	88	95	105	105	104	105	109	108
Durable medical equipment ²	44	56	67	67	68	71	75	77
Nursing home care	207	273	319	332	350	361	373	385
Other personal health care	38	85	120	129	144	158	170	178
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	154	215	250	283	309	362	422	457
Public health activities	78	114	143	151	161	176	182	188
Total, private consumer ³	1,454	1,745	2,118	2,254	2,403	2,603	2,803	2,991
Hospital care	429	446	508	547	589	637	686	742
Physician and clinical services	383	487	558	588	629	675	726	783
Dental services	120	156	192	205	219	235	244	256
Other professional services ²	49	67	83	87	92	95	103	109
Home health care	20	38	49	43	38	34	34	34
Prescription drugs	130	176	287	324	364	405	432	457
Other nondurable medical products	86	91	101	100	99	100	103	102
Durable medical equipment ²	36	43	51	51	50	50	51	53
Nursing home care	86	98	125	127	127	130	132	137
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	114	143	162	181	195	240	292	318

¹ Change from immediate prior year. ² See footnotes for corresponding objects in Table 122. ³ Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Accounts"; See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 124. Public Expenditures for Health Services and Supplies: 2004

[In millions of dollars (788,827 represents \$788,827,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas. Excludes medical research, medical structures, and equipment]

Type of service						Other health services		
	Total ¹	Federal	State and local	Medicare ² (OASDHI)	Public assistance ³	Veterans	Defense Dept. ⁴	Workers' compensation ⁵
Total ¹	788,827	561,664	227,163	308,957	303,725	28,883	24,350	33,479
Hospital care	321,098	258,725	62,373	163,397	103,006	18,567	13,134	6,582
Physician and clinical services	138,274	113,825	24,449	81,848	29,520	2,637	4,883	13,068
Prescription drugs	51,869	31,880	19,989	3,373	40,111	2,584	3,340	2,250
Nursing home care	70,022	48,393	21,629	16,005	51,301	2,717	—	—
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	40,313	23,340	16,974	9,388	20,815	133	1,745	7,949
Public health activities	56,117	9,119	46,998	—	—	—	—	—

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes other items not shown separately. ² Covers hospital and medical insurance payments and administrative costs under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance program. ³ Covers Medicaid and other medical public assistance. Excludes funds paid into Medicare trust fund by states to cover premiums for public assistance recipients and medically indigent persons. ⁴ Includes care for retirees and military dependents. ⁵ Medical benefits.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Accounts"; See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 125. Personal Health Care—Third Party Payments and Private Consumer Expenditures, 1990 to 2004, and Projections, 2005

[In billions of dollars (607.5 represents \$607,500,000,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 126]

Item	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005, proj.
Personal health care expenditures	607.5	863.7	1,068.3	1,139.9	1,239.1	1,341.4	1,445.7	1,560.2	1,677.8
Third party payments, total	471.4	717.4	884.5	947.3	1,039.3	1,130.6	1,222.2	1,324.5	1,429.0
Percent of personal health care	77.6	83.1	82.8	83.1	83.9	84.3	84.5	84.9	85.2
Private insurance payments	204.6	288.2	371.8	402.7	441.0	481.8	519.9	563.5	608.1
Public expenditures	236.2	384.8	455.3	487.7	542.0	590.6	638.6	692.4	747
Other ¹	30.5	44.3	57.5	56.8	56.3	58.2	63.8	68.6	73.4
Private consumer expenditures ²	340.7	434.5	555.6	595.4	640.8	692.6	743.3	799.2	856.9
Percent met by private insurance	60.1	66.3	66.9	67.6	68.8	69.6	69.9	70.5	71.0
Hospital care	109.1	121.0	144.4	157.2	170.9	186.8	203.0	222.0	240.3
Percent met by private insurance	89.6	91.4	91.1	91.4	91.7	91.7	91.6	91.6	91.6
Physician and clinical services	97.5	132.1	158.6	169.0	182.6	197.9	215.0	234.0	251.5
Percent met by private insurance	69.0	80.3	80.6	80.9	81.6	82.2	82.6	82.9	83.3
Prescription drugs	33.0	47.8	81.6	93.2	105.5	118.7	128.0	136.6	148.0
Percent met by private insurance	32.2	51.1	62.7	64.1	65.7	66.3	65.8	65.7	65.8

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial implant health services. ² Includes expenditures not shown separately. Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance benefits. Excludes net cost of insurance.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Accounts"; See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 126. Personal Health Care Expenditures by Object and Source of Payment: 2004

[In millions of dollars (1,560,242 represents \$1,560,242,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas. Covers all expenditures for health services and supplies, except net cost of insurance and administration, government public health activities, and expenditures of philanthropic agencies for fund-raising activities]

Object of expenditure	Private payments							Third party payments ²
	Total	Consumer			Other ¹	Public		
		Total	Total	Out-of-pocket payments				
Total	1,560,242	867,845	799,198	235,709	563,489	68,647	692,397	1,324,533
Hospital care	570,756	249,658	221,953	18,601	203,352	27,706	321,098	552,156
Physician and clinical services	399,883	261,609	234,017	39,972	194,045	27,592	138,274	359,911
Dental services	81,532	76,651	76,602	36,082	40,520	49	4,881	45,450
Other professional services ³	52,720	35,527	32,631	13,786	18,846	2,895	17,193	38,934
Home health care	43,181	11,093	10,145	4,949	5,196	948	32,088	38,232
Prescription drugs	188,452	136,583	136,583	46,855	89,728	-	51,869	141,597
Other nondurable medical products	32,284	30,347	30,347	30,347	-	-	1,937	1,937
Durable medical equipment ³	22,951	15,934	15,934	13,170	2,765	-	7,017	9,781
Nursing home care	115,210	45,188	40,985	31,948	9,038	4,202	70,022	83,262
Other personal health care	53,272	5,254	-	-	-	5,254	48,018	53,272

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial inplant. ² Covers private health insurance, other private payments, and government. ³ See footnotes for corresponding items on Table 122.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary "National Health Expenditure Accounts"; See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 127. Hospital Care, Physician and Clinical Services, Nursing Home Care, and Prescription Drug Expenditures by Source of Payment: 1990 to 2004

[In billions of dollars (251.6 represents \$251,600,000,000)]

Source of payment	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Hospital care, total	251.6	340.7	376.3	395.0	417.0	451.4	488.6	525.5	570.8
Out-of-pocket payments	11.3	10.4	12.0	12.8	13.6	14.2	15.5	17.0	18.6
Third-party payments	240.2	330.3	364.3	382.2	403.5	437.2	473.1	508.5	552.2
Private health insurance	97.8	110.6	121.9	131.6	143.6	156.7	171.3	186.0	203.4
Other private funds	10.4	14.5	19.9	21.1	21.8	20.8	21.4	24.9	27.7
Public	132.0	205.2	222.5	229.4	238.1	259.7	280.3	297.6	321.1
Federal	101.7	166.0	180.9	186.6	199.2	210.9	227.2	242.3	258.7
State and local	30.3	39.2	41.6	42.8	45.2	48.9	53.2	55.4	62.4
Medicare ¹	67.8	106.9	120.3	122.5	125.5	137.6	146.7	154.0	163.4
Medicaid ²	26.7	56.8	61.7	66.6	71.1	76.5	84.4	89.7	98.6
Physician and clinical services, total	157.5	220.5	256.4	269.6	288.6	313.1	337.9	367.0	399.9
Out-of-pocket payments	30.2	26.0	29.9	30.7	32.2	33.5	35.2	37.5	40.0
Third-party payments	127.3	194.5	226.5	238.9	256.4	279.6	302.7	329.5	359.9
Private health insurance	67.3	106.1	122.1	127.9	136.8	149.1	162.7	177.5	194.0
Other private funds	11.3	17.6	22.2	22.9	22.2	23.2	24.4	26.1	27.6
Public	48.7	70.9	82.2	88.1	97.4	107.3	115.6	125.9	138.3
Federal	38.0	56.2	65.7	71.3	79.0	86.9	93.9	102.9	113.8
State and local	10.7	14.7	16.5	16.8	18.4	20.4	21.6	23.0	24.4
Medicare ¹	29.4	41.4	49.1	53.2	58.3	63.6	67.7	73.7	81.8
Medicaid ²	7.0	14.8	16.8	17.4	19.1	21.6	23.8	25.4	27.4
Nursing home care, total	52.6	74.1	89.5	90.5	95.3	101.5	105.7	110.4	115.2
Out-of-pocket payments	19.0	20.8	26.8	27.4	28.6	28.8	29.5	30.5	31.9
Third-party payments	33.6	53.3	62.7	63.1	66.7	72.7	76.2	80.0	83.3
Private health insurance	2.9	5.8	7.9	8.2	7.9	8.1	8.6	8.7	9.0
Other private funds	3.8	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.2
Public	26.9	42.5	49.8	50.0	54.3	60.6	63.6	67.2	70.0
Federal	16.3	27.4	33.4	33.0	36.5	42.2	44.6	46.5	48.4
State and local	10.6	15.0	16.4	17.0	17.8	18.4	18.9	20.7	21.6
Medicare ¹	1.7	6.7	10.5	9.1	10.3	12.6	14.1	14.9	16.0
Medicaid ²	24.1	34.1	37.5	38.9	42.0	45.8	47.1	49.6	51.1
Prescription drugs, total	40.3	60.9	88.6	104.7	120.8	138.6	157.9	174.1	188.5
Out-of-pocket payments	22.4	23.3	27.5	30.4	33.4	36.2	40.0	43.7	46.9
Third-party payments	17.9	37.5	61.1	74.3	87.4	102.4	117.9	130.4	141.6
Private health insurance	10.6	24.4	42.1	51.2	59.7	69.3	78.7	84.2	89.7
Other private funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public	7.3	13.1	19.0	23.1	27.6	33.0	39.2	46.1	51.9
Federal	3.2	6.6	10.7	13.2	15.8	19.2	23.1	28.1	31.9
State and local	4.0	6.5	8.3	9.9	11.8	13.8	16.2	18.1	20.0
Medicare ¹	0.2	0.7	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	3.4
Medicaid ²	5.1	9.7	14.1	17.0	20.2	23.8	27.8	32.7	36.3

- Represents zero. ¹ Medicare expenditures come from federal funds. ² Medicaid expenditures come from federal, state, and local funds.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Accounts"; See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 128. Retail Prescription Drug Sales: 1995 to 2005

[2,125 represents 2,125,000,000]

Sales outlet	Unit	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
		Number of prescriptions...	Mill..	2,125	2,481	2,707	2,865	3,009	3,139	3,215
Traditional chain	Mill.	914	1,129	1,246	1,344	1,415	1,474	1,494	1,510	1,562
Independent	Mill.	666	651	680	689	700	708	726	728	743
Mass merchant	Mill.	238	272	289	293	314	339	345	353	365
Supermarkets	Mill.	221	306	357	394	418	444	462	470	469
Mail order	Mill.	86	123	134	146	161	174	189	214	244
Retail sales...	Bil. dol..	72.2	108.7	125.8	145.6	164.1	182.7	203.1	221.0	230.3
Traditional chain	Bil. dol.	28.8	45.5	53.8	61.2	67.7	75.9	85.4	90.6	94.5
Independent	Bil. dol.	21.1	26.1	28.9	31.4	33.9	35.4	38.3	40.5	41.8
Mass merchant	Bil. dol.	7.7	10.9	11.8	13.5	15.2	18.0	19.5	21.5	22.5
Supermarkets	Bil. dol.	7.4	12.0	13.8	17.4	19.8	23.1	25.1	27.0	27.6
Mail order	Bil. dol.	7.4	14.3	17.4	22.1	27.6	30.2	34.9	41.3	43.9
Average Prices¹	Dollars	30.01	38.43	42.42	45.79	50.06	55.37	59.52	63.59	64.86
All prescriptions	Dollars	40.22	53.51	60.66	65.29	69.75	77.49	85.57	95.86	101.71
Generic drugs	Dollars	14.84	17.33	18.16	19.33	21.72	24.89	27.69	28.71	29.82
Percentage of Number of Drug Prescriptions by Brand/ Generic Mix	Percent	59.8	58.3	57.1	57.6	59.0	57.9	55.0	51.9	48.7
Brand drugs	Percent	40.2	41.7	42.9	42.4	41.0	42.1	45.0	48.1	51.3

¹ Excludes mail order.

Source: National Association of Chain Drug Stores, Alexandria, VA, *NACDS Foundation Chain Pharmacy Industry Profile, 2006* (copyright); <<http://www.nacds.org>>.

Table 129. Prescription Drug Use in the Past Month by Sex, Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1988–1994 and 1999–2002

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Sex and age	Percent of population using at least one prescription drug in past month							
	All persons ¹		Not Hispanic or Latino ²				Mexican ³	
			White		Black or African American			
	1988–1994	1999–2002	1988–1994	1999–2002	1988–1994	1999–2002	1988–1994	1999–2002
Both sexes, age adjusted⁴	39.1	45.3	41.1	48.9	36.9	40.1	31.7	31.7
Male	32.7	39.9	34.2	43.1	31.1	35.4	27.5	25.8
Female	45.0	50.4	47.6	54.5	41.4	43.8	36.0	37.8
Both sexes, crude	37.8	45.1	41.4	50.9	31.2	36.0	24.0	23.7
Male	30.6	38.7	33.5	43.9	25.5	30.8	20.1	18.8
Female	44.6	51.2	48.9	57.6	36.2	40.6	28.1	28.9
Under 18 years old	20.5	24.2	22.9	27.6	14.8	18.6	16.1	15.9
18 to 44 years old	31.3	35.9	34.3	41.3	27.8	28.5	21.1	19.2
45 to 64 years old	54.8	64.1	55.5	66.1	57.5	62.3	48.1	49.3
65 years old and over	73.6	84.7	74.0	85.4	74.5	81.1	67.7	72.0
Male:								
Under 18 years old	20.4	26.2	22.3	30.6	15.5	19.8	16.3	16.2
18 to 44 years old	21.5	27.1	23.5	31.2	21.1	21.5	14.9	13.0
45 to 64 years old	47.2	55.6	48.1	57.4	48.2	54.0	43.8	36.4
65 years old and over	67.2	80.1	67.4	81.0	64.4	78.1	61.3	66.8
Female:								
Under 18 years old	20.6	22.0	23.6	24.4	14.2	17.3	16.0	15.6
18 to 44 years old	40.7	44.6	44.7	51.7	33.4	34.2	28.1	26.2
45 to 64 years old	62.0	72.0	62.6	74.7	64.4	69.0	52.2	62.4
65 years old and over	78.3	88.1	78.8	88.8	81.3	83.1	73.0	76.3

¹ Includes persons of other races and Hispanic origins, not shown separately. ² Starting with data year 1999 race-specific estimates are not comparable with estimates for earlier years, see footnote 3, Table 156. ³ Persons of Mexican origin may be of any race. ⁴ Age adjusted to the 2000 standard population using four age groups: Under 18, 18–44, 45–64, and 65 years and over. See text Section 2.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics *Health, United States, 2005*. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 130. Consumer Price Indexes of Medical Care Prices: 1980 to 2005

[1982–1984 = 100. Indexes are annual averages of monthly data based on components of consumer price index for all urban consumers; for explanation, see text, Section 14, Prices. See Appendix III]

Year	Medical care services ¹						Medical care commodities ²		Annual percent change ³		
	Medical care, total ¹	Professional services				Hospital and related services	Total	Prescription drugs and medical supplies	Medical care, total	Medical care services	Medical care commodities
		Total	Total	Physicians	Dental						
1980	74.9	74.8	77.9	76.5	78.9	69.2	75.4	72.5	11.0	11.3	9.3
1985	113.5	113.2	113.5	113.3	114.2	116.1	115.2	120.1	6.3	6.1	7.2
1990	162.8	162.7	156.1	160.8	155.8	178.0	163.4	181.7	9.0	9.3	8.4
1995	220.5	224.2	201.0	208.8	206.8	257.8	204.5	235.0	4.5	5.1	1.9
1998	242.1	246.8	222.2	229.5	236.2	287.5	221.8	258.6	3.2	3.2	3.0
1999	250.6	255.1	229.2	236.0	247.2	299.5	230.7	273.4	3.5	3.4	4.0
2000	260.8	266.0	237.7	244.7	258.5	317.3	238.1	285.4	4.1	4.3	3.2
2001	272.8	278.8	246.5	253.6	269.0	338.3	247.6	300.9	4.6	4.8	4.0
2002	285.6	292.9	253.9	260.6	281.0	367.8	256.4	316.5	4.7	5.1	3.6
2003	297.1	306.0	261.2	267.7	292.5	394.8	262.8	326.3	4.0	4.5	2.5
2004	310.1	321.3	271.5	278.3	306.9	417.9	269.3	337.1	4.4	5.0	2.5
2005	323.2	336.7	281.7	287.5	324.0	439.9	276.0	349.0	4.2	4.8	2.5

¹ Includes other services not shown separately. ² Includes other commodities not shown separately. ³ Percent change from the immediate prior year.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *CPI Detailed Report*, monthly, <http://www.bls.gov/cpi/cpi_dr.htm>. See also *Monthly Labor Review* at <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/MLRhome.htm>>.

Table 131. Average Annual Expenditures Per Consumer Unit for Health Care: 1990 to 2004

[In dollars, except percent. See text, Section 13, Income, Expenditures, and Wealth, and headnote, Table 667. Consumer Expenditures Survey (CE) has implemented multiple imputation of income data, starting with the publication of the 2004 tables. Because of income imputation, data for 2004 are not strictly comparable to data from previous years, especially for income tables. For more information go to <<http://www.bls.gov/cex/csxann04.pdf>>, page 4. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	Health care, total				Percent distribution			
	Amount	Percent of total expenditures	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹
						Percent	Percent	Percent
1990	1,480	5.2	581	562	337	39.3	38.0	22.8
1995	1,732	5.4	860	512	360	49.7	29.6	20.8
2000	2,066	5.4	983	568	515	47.6	27.5	24.9
2001	2,182	5.5	1,061	573	549	48.6	26.3	25.2
2002	2,350	5.8	1,168	590	592	49.7	25.1	25.2
2003	2,416	5.9	1,252	591	574	51.8	24.5	23.8
2004	2,574	5.9	1,332	648	594	51.7	25.2	23.1
Age of reference person:								
Under 25 years old	654	2.7	321	184	149	49.1	28.1	22.8
25 to 34 years old	1,519	3.6	842	403	274	55.4	26.5	18.0
35 to 44 years old	2,263	4.5	1,199	654	410	53.0	28.9	18.1
45 to 54 years old	2,695	5.1	1,291	809	594	47.9	30.0	22.0
55 to 64 years old	3,262	6.9	1,567	892	803	48.0	27.3	24.6
65 to 74 years old	3,799	10.4	2,171	631	998	57.1	16.6	26.3
75 years old and over	3,995	15.5	2,115	723	1,157	52.9	18.1	29.0
Race of reference person:								
White and other	2,736	6.1	1,397	706	634	51.1	25.8	23.2
Black	1,368	4.5	846	220	302	61.8	16.1	22.1
Origin of reference person:								
Hispanic	1,588	4.2	850	402	337	53.5	25.3	21.2
Non-Hispanic	2,691	6.1	1,389	678	624	51.6	25.2	23.2
Region of residence:								
Northeast	2,371	5.1	1,307	597	467	55.1	25.2	19.7
Midwest	2,861	6.6	1,492	714	654	52.1	25.0	22.9
South	2,508	6.4	1,287	583	639	51.3	23.2	25.5
West	2,560	5.3	1,261	731	569	49.3	28.6	22.2
Size of consumer unit:								
One person	1,697	6.7	850	391	456	50.1	23.0	26.9
Two or more persons	2,932	5.8	1,528	753	650	52.1	25.7	22.2
Two persons	3,212	7.0	1,648	768	797	51.3	23.9	24.8
Three persons	2,865	5.6	1,476	804	586	51.5	28.1	20.5
Four persons	2,635	4.6	1,443	686	507	54.8	26.0	19.2
Five persons or more	2,520	4.5	1,328	723	468	52.7	28.7	18.6
Income before taxes:								
Quintiles of income:								
Lowest 20 percent	1,421	8.0	745	265	410	52.4	18.6	28.9
Second 20 percent	2,139	7.8	1,146	439	554	53.6	20.5	25.9
Third 20 percent	2,529	6.8	1,346	578	606	53.2	22.9	24.0
Fourth 20 percent	2,969	5.8	1,556	778	635	52.4	26.2	21.4
Highest 20 percent	3,810	4.6	1,864	1,181	765	48.9	31.0	20.1

¹ Includes prescription and nonprescription drugs.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Consumer Expenditure Survey*, annual; <<http://www.bls.gov/cex/>>.

Table 132. Medicare Benefits by Type of Provider: 1990 to 2005

[In millions of dollars (65,721 represents \$65,721,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change]

Type of provider	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Hospital insurance benefits, total . . .	65,721	113,395	125,992	135,979	144,140	153,144	163,764	180,973
Inpatient hospital	57,012	81,095	86,561	93,918	101,908	108,203	113,759	121,625
Skilled nursing facility	2,761	8,684	10,269	12,059	15,049	14,869	16,571	18,084
Home health agency	3,295	15,715	4,880	3,701	4,802	4,926	5,184	5,946
Hospice	318	1,854	2,818	3,464	4,516	5,879	7,319	8,318
Managed care	2,335	6,047	21,463	22,837	17,865	19,267	20,932	27,001
Supplementary medical insurance benefits, total.	41,498	63,490	88,876	100,514	108,068	119,455	131,364	148,472
Physician fee schedule	(NA)	31,110	35,958	40,447	44,217	47,486	52,206	57,281
Durable medical equipment	(NA)	3,576	4,577	5,222	6,132	7,432	7,727	7,841
Carrier lab ¹	(NA)	2,819	2,194	2,361	2,692	2,945	3,195	3,515
Other carrier ²	(NA)	4,513	7,154	8,396	10,304	12,430	13,785	15,183
Hospital ³	(NA)	8,448	8,516	11,696	13,464	14,687	16,925	19,605
Home health	(NA)	223	4,281	4,338	4,811	5,167	5,588	6,558
Intermediary lab ⁴	(NA)	1,437	1,748	1,914	2,150	2,408	2,669	2,924
Other intermediary ⁵	(NA)	5,110	6,099	6,891	8,245	9,697	10,455	11,768
Managed care	(NA)	6,253	18,348	19,249	16,052	17,203	18,816	23,797

NA Not available. ¹ Lab services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a physician's office lab or an independent lab. ² Includes free-standing ambulatory surgical centers facility costs, ambulance, and supplies. ³ Includes the hospital facility costs for Medicare Part B services which are predominantly in the outpatient department. The physician reimbursement associated with these services is included on the "Physician Fee Schedule" line. ⁴ Lab fee services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a hospital outpatient department. ⁵ Includes end stage renal disease (ESRD) free-standing dialysis facility payments and payments to rural health clinics, outpatient rehabilitation facilities, psychiatric hospitals, and federally qualified health centers.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 133. Medicare—Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 2000 to 2004

[(\$39,620 represents 39,620,000) Hospital and/or supplementary medical insurance enrollment as July 1]

State and area	2000	2002	2003	2004	State and area	2000	2002	2003	2004
All areas	39,620	40,489	41,087	41,729	MT	137	140	142	145
U.S.	38,762	39,594	40,173	40,792	NE	254	256	257	259
AL	685	706	719	733	NV	240	261	274	286
AK	42	46	48	50	NH	170	176	180	183
AZ	675	708	729	755	NJ	1,203	1,213	1,220	1,225
AR	439	446	453	460	NM	234	244	250	257
CA	3,901	4,009	4,078	4,150	NY	2,715	2,747	2,763	2,775
CO	467	484	493	506	NC	1,133	1,178	1,205	1,235
CT	515	518	522	524	ND	103	103	103	103
DE	112	116	119	123	OH	1,701	1,713	1,727	1,739
DC	75	74	74	73	OK	508	515	521	529
FL	2,804	2,876	2,921	2,982	OR	489	504	513	527
GA	916	951	974	998	PA	2,095	2,101	2,110	2,118
HI	165	171	175	178	RI	172	172	172	173
ID	165	173	178	184	SC	568	592	606	624
IL	1,635	1,646	1,661	1,676	SD	119	121	122	123
IN	852	865	878	889	TN	829	855	872	891
IA	477	479	482	486	TX	2,265	2,338	2,390	2,451
KS	390	392	394	397	UT	206	215	220	227
KY	623	637	648	660	VT	89	91	93	94
LA	602	612	620	627	VA	893	927	946	967
ME	216	223	227	231	WA	736	759	775	799
MD	645	664	674	685	WV	338	343	347	351
MA	961	963	966	968	WI	783	794	804	814
MI	1,403	1,426	1,445	1,464	WY	65	67	69	70
MN	654	667	676	686	PR and island areas	537	562	575	613
MS	419	429	437	446	Other areas	321	333	340	324
MO	861	874	884	896					

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicare Enrollment Reports. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicareEnrpts/>>.

Table 134. Medicare Enrollees: 1980 to 2005

[In millions (28.4 represents 28,400,000). As of July 1. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas and enrollees in foreign countries and unknown place of residence]

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	28.4	34.3	37.6	39.7	40.5	41.2	41.9	42.5
Aged	25.5	31.0	33.2	34.3	34.7	35.0	35.4	35.8
Disabled	3.0	3.3	4.4	5.4	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.7
Hospital insurance	28.0	33.7	37.2	39.3	40.1	40.7	41.4	42.0
Aged	25.0	30.5	32.7	33.8	34.2	34.6	35.0	35.4
Disabled	3.0	3.3	4.4	5.4	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.7
Supplementary medical insurance	27.3	32.6	35.6	37.3	38.0	38.6	39.1	39.6
Aged	24.6	29.6	31.7	32.6	32.9	33.2	33.4	33.7
Disabled	2.7	2.9	3.9	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.9

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicare Enrollment Reports. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicareEnrpts/>>.

Table 135. Medicare Disbursements by Type of Beneficiary: 1990 to 2005

[In millions of dollars (109,709 represents \$109,709,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Type of beneficiary	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total disbursements	109,709	180,096	219,276	241,175	256,856	277,846	301,488	336,876
Hospital insurance disbursements	66,687	114,883	130,284	141,723	148,031	153,792	166,998	184,142
Benefits	65,722	113,394	125,992	135,979	144,140	153,144	163,764	180,973
Aged	58,503	100,107	110,261	118,816	125,248	132,415	141,277	155,135
Disabled	7,218	13,288	15,731	17,163	18,892	20,729	22,487	25,838
Disabled	6,467	12,300	14,705	16,029	17,627	19,341	20,954	24,148
ESRD	751	988	1,026	1,134	1,265	1,388	1,533	1,690
Home health transfer ²	-	-	1,706	3,103	1,168	-2,174	-	-
Quality improvement activity ³	191	189	236	274	259	280	314	319
Administrative expenses ⁴	774	1,300	2,350	2,368	2,464	2,542	2,920	2,850
Supplementary medical insurance disbursements (Parts B and D)	43,022	65,213	88,992	99,452	108,825	124,055	134,490	152,735
Benefits	41,498	63,489	88,875	100,514	108,068	119,455	131,581	149,670
Aged	36,837	54,830	76,340	86,108	91,667	100,505	109,893	123,681
Disabled	4,661	8,660	12,535	14,406	16,400	18,950	21,471	24,791
Disabled	3,758	7,363	11,683	13,657	15,523	17,981	20,479	23,755
ESRD	903	1,297	852	749	877	969	992	1,037
Part D Transitional Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	216	1,198
Home health transfer ²	-	-	-1,706	-3,103	-1,168	2,174	-	-
Quality improvement activity ³	-	2	43	55	95	70	79	79
Administrative expenses	1,524	1,722	1,780	1,986	1,830	2,356	2,817	2,914
Cost/Demos	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	71

- Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Represents persons entitled because of End Stage Renal Disease only. Benefits for those who have ESRD, but would be entitled due to their age or disabled status are included in aged and disabled benefits. ² Beginning 1998 home health agency transfers are excluded from total supplementary medical insurance disbursements and included in total hospital insurance disbursements. ³ Beginning in 2002, Peer Review Organizations were renamed Quality Improvement Organizations. ⁴ Includes costs of experiments and demonstration projects. Includes costs of the health care fraud and abuse control program.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Trustees Report and Trust Funds, and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 136. Medicare Trust Funds: 1990 to 2005

[In billions of dollars (126.3 represents \$126,300,000,000). Minus sign (-) indicates a decrease]

Type of trust fund	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
TOTAL MEDICARE									
Total income	126.3	175.3	232.5	257.1	273.3	284.8	291.6	317.7	357.5
Total expenditures	111.0	184.2	213.0	221.8	244.8	265.7	280.8	308.9	336.4
Assets, end of year	114.4	143.4	186.2	221.5	250.0	269.1	280.0	288.8	309.8
Net change in assets	15.3	-8.9	19.5	35.3	28.5	19.1	10.8	8.8	21.0
HOSPITAL INSURANCE (HI)									
Net contribution income ¹	72.1	103.3	140.3	154.5	160.9	162.7	159.2	167.2	182.6
Interest received ²	8.5	10.8	10.1	11.7	14.0	15.1	15.8	16.0	16.1
Benefit payments ³	66.2	116.4	128.8	126.8	138.1	148.8	154.3	167.6	180.0
Assets, end of year	98.9	130.3	141.4	177.5	208.7	234.8	256.0	269.3	285.8
SUPPLEMENTARY MEDICAL INSURANCE (SMI)									
Parts B and D									
Net premium income	11.3	19.7	⁴ 19.0	20.6	22.8	25.1	27.4	31.4	37.5
Transfers from general revenue ⁶	33.0	39.0	49.1	65.9	72.8	78.3	86.4	100.4	119.2
Interest received ^{2, 5}	1.6	1.6	2.8	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.0	1.5	1.4
Benefit payments ^{3, 5}	42.5	65.0	80.7	88.9	99.7	111.0	123.8	135.0	150.3
Assets, end of year	15.5	13.1	44.8	44.0	41.3	34.3	24.0	19.4	24.0

¹ Includes income from taxation of benefits beginning in 1994. Includes premiums from aged ineligible enrolled in HI. ² Includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund. ³ Beginning 1998 monies transferred to the SMI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105-33, are included in HI benefit payments but excluded from SMI benefit payments. ⁴ Premiums withheld from check and associated general revenue contributions that were to occur on Jan. 3, 1999, actually occurred on December 31, 1998. These amounts are therefore excluded from 1999 data. ⁵ These amounts for 2004 and 2005 include transitional assistance for Part D of Medicare. ⁶ These amounts for 2004 and 2005 include amounts transferred for transitional assistance for Part D of Medicare.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 137. Medicaid—Selected Characteristics of Persons Covered: 2004

[In thousands, except percent (37,270 represents 37,270,000). Represents number of persons as of March of following year who were enrolled at any time in year shown. Excludes unrelated individuals under age 15. Person did not have to receive medical care paid for by Medicaid in order to be counted. See headnote, Table 553]

Poverty status						Under 18			
	Total ¹	White alone ²	Black alone ³	Asian alone ⁴	Hispanic ⁵	years old	18 to 44 years old	45 to 64 years old	65 years old and over
Persons covered, total	37,270	25,425	8,880	1,266	9,073	19,603	9,739	4,631	3,297
Below poverty level	15,398	9,688	4,621	368	4,040	8,554	4,164	1,755	924
Above poverty level	21,872	15,737	4,259	898	5,033	11,049	5,575	2,876	2,373
Percent of population covered	12.8	10.9	24.4	10.3	21.8	26.8	8.8	6.5	9.4
Below poverty level	41.6	38.3	51.3	30.4	44.2	65.7	29.2	28.1	26.7
Above poverty level	8.6	7.6	15.5	8.1	15.5	18.3	5.8	4.4	7.5

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. ³ Black alone refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. ⁴ Asian alone refers to people who reported Asian and did not report any other race category. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Table HI02. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for People in the Poverty Universe: 2004"; published August 2005; <<http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032005/health/h02000.htm>>; and "Table HI03. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for Poor People in the Poverty Universe: 2004"; published August 2005; <<http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032005/health/toc.htm>>.

Table 138. Medicaid—Beneficiaries and Payments: 2000 to 2003

[For year ending September 30 (42,887 represents 42,887,000). Starting in 1999, states were required to submit all their eligibility and claims data to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) on a quarterly basis through the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS). The federal requirement for the HCFA-Form 2082 (used for 1998 and preceding years) was eliminated.]

Basis of eligibility and type of service	Beneficiaries (1,000) ¹				Payments (mil. dol.)			
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	42,887	46,164	49,329	51,971	168,443	186,914	213,497	233,206
Age 65 and over	3,730	3,812	3,890	4,041	44,560	48,431	52,012	55,271
Blind/disabled	6,890	7,118	7,411	7,669	72,772	80,494	92,414	102,014
Children	19,018	20,340	22,421	23,992	23,490	26,771	31,595	35,080
Adults	8,671	9,769	11,253	11,679	17,671	20,097	23,525	26,689
Foster care children	761	775	815	839	3,309	3,773	4,311	4,791
Unknown	3,817	4,349	3,534	3,739	6,639	7,347	9,607	9,251
BCCA women ²	(NA)	(Z)	5	12	(NA)	1	33	110
Capitated care ³	21,292	23,356	25,527	27,574	25,026	29,368	33,635	37,405
Clinic services	7,678	8,464	9,491	10,162	6,138	5,603	6,704	7,312
Dental services	5,922	7,019	7,881	8,510	1,413	1,897	2,309	2,595
Home health services	1,007	1,014	1,064	1,184	3,133	3,521	3,926	4,404
ICF/MR services ⁴	119	117	117	114	9,376	9,701	10,676	10,861
Inpatient hospital services	4,913	4,879	5,046	5,217	24,131	25,943	29,123	31,549
Lab and X-ray services	11,439	12,339	14,062	14,687	1,292	1,623	2,160	2,365
Mental health facility services ⁵	100	91	100	105	1,769	1,959	2,128	2,143
Nursing facility services	1,706	1,702	1,760	1,691	34,528	37,323	39,286	40,381
Other care ⁶	9,022	9,709	10,934	11,742	14,755	16,617	19,877	21,809
Outpatient hospital services	13,170	13,731	14,831	15,511	7,082	7,496	8,469	9,252
Other practitioner services	4,758	5,103	5,566	5,746	664	762	842	882
PCCM services ⁷	5,649	6,378	7,178	7,542	177	187	200	208
Prescribed drugs	20,325	21,911	24,380	26,075	19,898	23,764	28,404	33,714
Physician services	18,965	20,021	22,065	22,857	6,809	7,439	8,349	9,210
Personal support services ⁸	4,559	4,978	5,681	6,022	11,629	13,135	15,362	17,245
Sterilizations	137	144	164	160	128	140	165	166
Unknown	74	45	73	88	496	438	1,882	1,702

NA Not available. Z Less than 500. ¹ Beneficiaries' data do not add due to number of beneficiaries that are reported in more than one category. ² Women-Breast and Cervical Cancer Assistance. ³ HMO payments and prepaid health plans. ⁴ Intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded. ⁵ Inpatient mental health-aged and inpatient mental health—under 21. ⁶ Includes beneficiaries of, and payments for, other care not shown separately. ⁷ Primary Care Case Management Services. ⁸ Includes personal care services, rehabilitative services, physical occupational targeted case management services, speech therapies, hospice services, nurse midwife services, nurse practitioner services, private duty nursing services, and religious nonmedical health care institutions.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS)"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/>>.

Table 139. Medicaid—Summary by State: 2000 and 2003

[In thousands (42,887 represents 42,887,000). For year ending September 30. See headnote, Table 138]

State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)		State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2003	2000	2003		2000	2003	2000	2003
	U.S.	42,887	51,971	168,443		233,206	MO	890	1,081
AL	619	781	2,393	3,471	MT	104	110	422	536
AK	96	116	473	836	NE	229	254	960	1,283
AZ	681	1,015	2,112	3,285	NV	138	220	516	881
AR	489	702	1,543	2,212	NH	97	112	651	786
CA	7,918	9,319	17,105	25,812	NJ	822	950	4,714	6,030
CO	381	459	1,809	2,269	NM	376	452	1,249	2,033
CT	420	497	2,839	3,359	NY	3,420	4,450	26,148	35,207
DE	115	150	529	750	NC	1,214	1,417	4,834	6,521
DC	139	158	793	1,200	ND	63	77	358	445
FL	2,373	2,743	7,433	11,104	OH	1,305	1,778	7,115	10,235
GA	1,369	1,732	3,624	5,358	OK	507	626	1,604	2,129
HI	194	209	600	753	OR	558	598	1,714	2,116
ID	131	193	594	867	PA	1,492	1,722	6,366	9,450
IL	1,519	1,830	7,807	9,391	RI	179	202	1,070	1,338
IN	706	896	2,977	3,951	SC	689	861	2,765	3,642
IA	314	362	1,477	1,996	SD	102	124	402	542
KS	263	316	1,227	1,615	TN	1,568	1,730	3,491	5,459
KY	764	848	2,921	3,558	TX	2,633	3,340	9,277	12,525
LA	761	995	2,632	3,615	UT	225	285	960	1,201
ME	194	307	1,310	2,074	VT	139	155	480	642
MD	626	726	3,003	4,398	VA	627	709	2,479	3,181
MA	1,060	1,042	5,413	6,392	WA	896	1,077	2,435	4,524
MI	1,352	1,590	4,881	6,479	WV	342	373	1,394	1,830
MN	558	668	3,280	4,702	WI	577	829	2,968	3,921
MS	605	717	1,808	2,570	WY	46	67	215	325

¹ Persons who had payments made on their behalf at any time during the fiscal year. ² Payments are for fiscal year and reflect federal and state contribution payments. Data exclude disproportionate share hospital payments. Disproportionate share hospitals receive higher Medicaid reimbursement than other hospitals because they treat a disproportionate share of Medicaid patients.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid, Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System." <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/02MSISData.asp#TopOfPage>>.

Table 140. State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)—Enrollment and Expenditures by State: 2000 and 2005

[In thousands (3,357.4 represents 3,357,400) In millions (1,928.8 represents 1,928,800,000). For year ending September 30.

This program provides health benefits coverage to children living in families whose incomes exceed the eligibility limits for Medicaid. Although it is generally targeted to families with incomes at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, each state may set its own income eligibility limits, within certain guidelines. States have three options: they may expand their Medicaid programs, develop a separate child health program that functions independently of Medicaid, or do a combination of both]

State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)		State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2005	2000	2005		2000	2005	2000	2005
	US	3,357.4	6,000.1	1,928.8		5,044.8	MO	72.8	115.4
AL	37.6	81.9	31.9	80.2	MT	8.3	15.8	4.3	12.8
AK	13.4	22.3	18.1	24.4	NE	11.4	44.7	6.1	34.0
AZ	59.6	88.0	29.4	198.0	NV	15.9	39.3	9.0	26.6
AR	1.9	1.2	1.5	63.0	NH	4.3	11.9	1.6	7.6
CA	484.4	1,109.6	187.3	760.0	NJ	89.0	129.6	46.9	204.9
CO	34.9	59.5	13.9	38.7	NM	8.0	24.3	3.4	23.2
CT	19.9	22.3	12.8	20.5	NY	769.5	619.0	401.0	362.5
DE	4.5	10.4	1.5	6.4	NC	103.6	196.2	65.5	211.0
DC	2.3	6.6	5.8	7.4	ND	2.6	5.7	1.8	8.3
FL	227.5	384.8	125.7	244.0	OH	118.3	216.5	53.1	172.3
GA	120.6	306.7	48.7	201.6	OK	57.7	108.1	51.3	63.6
HI	(Z)	20.6	0.4	13.0	OR	37.1	52.7	12.5	38.6
ID	12.4	21.8	7.5	16.6	PA	119.7	179.8	70.7	140.9
IL	62.5	281.4	32.7	320.2	RI	11.5	27.1	10.4	56.4
IN	44.4	129.5	53.7	76.1	SC	60.4	80.6	46.6	57.3
IA	20.0	46.6	15.5	40.8	SD	5.9	14.0	3.1	11.9
KS	26.3	47.3	12.8	43.1	TN	14.9	(NA)	41.7	3.4
KY	55.6	63.7	60.0	70.8	TX	131.1	526.4	41.4	287.7
LA	50.0	109.2	25.3	109.9	UT	25.3	43.9	12.8	28.7
ME	22.7	30.7	11.4	20.6	VT	4.1	6.6	1.4	3.7
MD	93.1	120.3	92.2	122.4	VA	37.7	124.1	18.6	79.8
MA	113.0	162.7	44.2	121.5	WA	2.6	15.5	0.6	40.3
MI	55.4	89.3	36.2	172.2	WV	21.7	38.6	9.7	33.3
MN	(Z)	5.1	(Z)	71.5	WI	47.1	57.2	21.4	86.3
MS	12.2	79.4	21.1	112.5	WY	2.5	6.1	1.0	5.7

NA Not available. Z Less than 50 or \$50,000. ¹ Number of children ever enrolled during the year in SCHIP. ² Expenditures for which states are entitled to federal reimbursement under Title XXI and which reconciles any advance of Title XXI federal funds made on the basis of estimates.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, *The State Children's Health Insurance Program, Annual Enrollment Report* and the Statement of Expenditures for the SCHIP Program (CMS-21). See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalSCHIPPolicy/SCHIPER/list.asp>> and <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidSCHIPBudExplntSys/>>.

Table 141. Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2005

[For year ending June 30. (33,373 represents 33,373,000)]

State and area	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and area	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and area	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total
1995	33,373	9,800	29.4	HI	201	160	79.9	NY	4,189	2,575	61.5
2000	33,690	18,786	55.8	ID	172	143	82.8	NC	1,138	807	70.9
2001	36,563	20,774	56.8	IL	1,827	175	9.6	ND	54	33	60.6
2002	40,148	23,118	57.6	IN	811	556	68.5	OH	1,711	534	31.2
2003	42,741	24,406	58.4	IA	298	274	92.0	OK	544	473	87.0
2004	44,356	26,914	60.7	KS	276	154	55.9	OR	411	373	90.6
2005, total	45,392	28,576	63.0	KY	692	636	92.0	PA	1,698	1,534	90.4
U.S.	44,515	27,710	62.2	LA	964	761	79.0	RI	180	125	69.4
AL	821	496	60.5	ME	266	165	61.9	SC	833	82	9.8
AK	98	-	-	MA	716	483	67.4	SD	101	98	97.5
AZ	997	885	88.8	MD	992	610	61.5	TN	1,350	1,350	100.0
AR	624	506	81.1	MS	633	85	13.5	TX	2,767	1,339	48.4
CA	6,553	3,291	50.2	MO	949	428	45.0	VA	674	421	62.5
CO	410	390	95.0	MT	84	57	68.2	WA	963	817	84.8
CT	403	302	75.0	NE	207	147	71.1	WV	296	141	47.5
DE	140	107	76.2	NH	175	175	100.0	WI	813	378	46.4
DC	141	91	64.8	NJ	100	2	2.0	WY	61	-	-
FL	2,248	1,488	66.2	NY	802	553	69.0	PR	867	865	99.9
GA	1,378	1,320	95.8	NC	411	249	60.6	VI	11	-	-

- Represents zero. ¹ The unduplicated Medicaid enrollment figures include individuals in state health care reform programs that expand eligibility beyond traditional Medicaid eligibility standards. ² The unduplicated managed care enrollment figures include enrollees receiving comprehensive and limited benefits.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2005 Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment Report. See also <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/04MdmManCrEnrllRep.asp>.

Table 142. Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs): 1990 to 2004

[As of January 1 (33.0 represents 33,000,000). An HMO is a prepaid health plan delivering comprehensive care to members through designated providers, having a fixed periodic payment for health care services, and requiring members to be in a plan for a specified period of time (usually 1 year). A group HMO delivers health services through a physician group that is controlled by the HMO unit or contracts with one or more independent group practices to provide health services. An individual practice association (IPA) HMO contracts directly with physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more associations of physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more multispecialty group practices. Data are based on a census of HMOs]

Model type	Number of plans						Enrollment ¹ (mil.)					
	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004
Total	572	550	568	500	454	412	33.0	46.2	80.9	76.1	71.8	68.8
IPA	360	323	278	229	203	176	13.7	17.4	33.4	31.6	28.0	24.6
Group	212	107	102	100	105	96	19.3	12.9	15.2	14.9	16.1	15.3
Mixed	(NA)	120	188	171	146	140	(NA)	15.9	32.3	29.5	27.7	28.9

NA Not available. ¹ 1990-1995 exclude enrollees participating in open-ended plans; beginning 1999 includes open-ended enrollment.

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, *The Competitive Edge*, copyright). See also <http://www.interstudypublications.com/>.

Table 143. Persons Enrolled in Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) by State: 2000 and 2004

[As of January 1 (67,665 represents 67,665,000). Data are based on a census of health maintenance organizations]

State	Number 2004 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2004 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2004 (1,000)	Percent of population	
		2000	2004 ¹			2000	2004 ¹			2000	2004 ¹
U.S.	67,665	29.7	23.0	KS	453	17.9	16.6	ND	3	2.5	0.4
AL	127	7.2	2.8	KY	422	31.5	10.2	OH	1,881	25.1	16.4
AK	-	-	-	LA	485	17.0	10.7	OK	253	14.7	7.1
AZ	944	30.9	16.4	ME	341	22.3	25.9	OR	581	41.1	16.2
AR	176	10.4	6.4	MD	1,557	43.9	28.0	PA	3,697	33.9	29.8
CA	17,623	53.5	49.1	MA	2,441	53.0	37.4	RI	280	38.1	25.9
CO	1,178	39.5	25.6	MI	2,660	27.1	26.3	SC	298	9.9	7.1
CT	1,266	44.6	36.1	MO	1,295	29.9	25.4	SD	61	6.7	7.9
DE	84	22.0	10.1	MS	3	1.1	0.1	TN	853	33.0	14.4
DC	233	35.2	42.2	MT	1,416	35.2	24.6	TX	2,652	18.5	11.8
FL	4,538	31.4	26.6	NE	75	7.0	8.1	UT	510	35.3	21.3
GA	1,452	17.4	16.4	NE	92	11.2	5.3	VT	100	4.6	16.1
HI	472	30.0	37.4	NV	589	23.5	25.2	VA	1,660	18.5	22.2
IA	41	7.9	2.9	NJ	284	33.7	21.9	WA	1,124	15.2	18.1
ID	1,994	21.0	15.7	NM	2,175	30.9	25.0	WV	147	10.3	8.1
IL	1,407	12.4	22.5	NY	463	37.7	24.3	WI	1,476	30.2	26.8
IN	321	7.4	10.9	NC	4,615	35.8	24.0	WY	11	1.4	2.1

- Represents zero. ¹ Starting with 2004, data for Guam and Puerto Rico not included in U.S. total.

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, *The Competitive Edge*, copyright). See also <http://www.interstudypublications.com/>

Table 144. Health Insurance Coverage Status by Selected Characteristics: 1990 to 2004

[(248.9 represents 248,900,000). Persons as of following year for coverage in the year shown. Government health insurance includes medicare, Medicaid, and military plans. Based on Current Population Survey; Annual Demographic Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number (mil.)						Percent				
	Total persons	Covered by private or government health insurance				Not covered by health insurance	Covered by private or government health insurance			Not covered by health insurance	
		Total ¹	Private		Government		Total ¹	Private	Medi- caid ³		
			Total	Group health ²							Medi- care
1990	248.9	214.2	182.1	150.2	32.3	24.3	34.7	86.1	73.2	9.7	13.9
1995 ⁴	264.3	223.7	185.9	161.5	34.7	31.9	40.6	84.6	70.3	12.1	15.4
2000 ^{4, 5}	279.5	239.7	201.1	177.8	37.7	29.5	39.8	85.8	71.9	10.6	14.2
2003 ^{4, 5}	288.3	243.3	197.9	174.0	39.5	35.6	45.0	84.4	68.6	12.4	15.6
2004, total ^{4, 5}	291.2	245.3	198.3	174.2	39.7	37.5	45.8	84.3	68.1	12.9	15.7
Age:											
Under 18 years	73.8	65.6	48.5	44.9	0.5	19.8	8.3	88.8	65.6	26.9	11.2
Under 6 years	24.1	21.7	14.8	13.9	0.2	7.8	2.4	89.9	61.4	32.5	10.1
6 to 11 years	23.8	21.2	15.9	14.9	0.2	6.3	2.6	89.0	66.6	26.6	11.0
12 to 17 years	25.9	22.6	17.8	16.2	0.1	5.7	3.2	87.5	68.8	22.0	12.5
18 to 24 years	28.0	19.2	16.2	13.0	0.2	3.2	8.8	68.6	58.0	11.4	31.4
25 to 34 years	39.3	29.1	25.8	24.0	0.5	3.4	10.2	74.1	65.5	8.7	25.9
35 to 44 years	43.4	35.2	31.9	29.8	0.9	3.1	8.1	81.3	73.5	7.2	18.7
45 to 54 years	42.0	35.7	32.4	30.1	1.5	2.6	6.3	85.1	77.2	6.2	14.9
55 to 64 years	29.5	25.6	22.2	19.9	2.7	2.0	3.9	86.7	75.1	6.9	13.3
65 years and over	35.2	34.9	21.3	12.5	33.5	3.3	0.3	99.2	60.6	9.4	0.8
Sex:											
Male	142.8	118.2	96.8	86.1	17.5	17.1	24.5	82.8	67.8	12.0	17.2
Female	148.4	127.1	101.5	88.1	22.3	20.4	21.3	85.7	68.4	13.7	14.3
Race:											
White alone	234.1	199.3	165.3	144.2	34.1	25.6	34.8	85.2	70.6	10.9	14.9
Black alone	36.5	29.4	19.6	18.1	3.9	8.9	7.2	80.3	53.6	24.5	19.7
Asian alone	12.3	10.2	8.7	7.6	1.1	1.3	2.1	83.2	70.7	10.3	16.8
Hispanic origin ⁶	41.8	28.2	18.7	17.2	2.6	9.1	13.7	67.3	44.7	21.8	32.7
Household income:											
Less than \$25,000	62.2	47.1	22.0	14.2	17.5	19.7	15.1	75.7	35.3	31.6	24.3
\$25,000-\$49,999	74.0	59.2	46.4	39.6	11.9	10.8	14.8	80.0	62.7	14.7	20.0
\$50,000-\$74,999	59.1	51.2	46.3	42.4	5.2	3.9	7.8	86.7	78.3	6.6	13.3
\$75,000 or more	95.9	87.8	83.6	78.0	5.1	3.1	8.1	91.6	87.2	3.2	8.4
Persons below poverty	37.0	25.6	9.1	6.0	4.9	15.4	11.4	69.2	24.7	41.6	30.8

¹ Includes other government insurance, not shown separately. Persons with coverage counted only once in total, even though they may have been covered by more than one type of policy. ² Related to employment of self or other family members. ³ Beginning 1997, persons with no coverage other than access to Indian Health Service are no longer considered covered by health insurance; instead they are considered to be uninsured. The effect of this change on the overall estimates of health insurance coverage is negligible; however, the decrease in the number of people covered by Medicaid may be partially due to this change. ⁴ Estimates reflect results of follow-up verification questions. ⁵ Implementation of Census 2000-based population controls. Sample expanded by 28,000 households. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Health Insurance, Health Insurance Data, Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2004; <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthin/hlthin04.html>>.

Table 145. Persons With and Without Health Insurance Coverage by State: 2004

[245,335 represents 245,335,000. Based on the Current Population Survey Annual Demographic Supplement and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered		State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total
U.S.	245,335	45,820	15.7	8,269	11.2	MO	4,908	707	12.6	120	8.5
AL	3,902	609	13.5	81	7.4	MT	737	174	19.1	33	15.4
AK	538	110	17.0	20	10.9	NE	1,531	197	11.4	26	6.0
AZ	4,778	989	17.1	231	14.7	NV	1,947	443	18.5	100	16.1
AR	2,282	448	16.4	47	6.8	NH	1,142	152	11.7	24	7.8
CA	29,140	6,710	18.7	1,194	12.4	NJ	7,343	1,322	15.3	259	11.7
CO	3,756	767	17.0	175	15.0	NM	1,504	399	21.0	76	15.3
CT	3,086	407	11.6	71	8.5	NY	16,345	2,705	14.2	396	8.6
DE	707	120	14.5	24	12.6	NC	7,110	1,322	15.7	239	11.2
DC	474	73	13.3	9	7.6	ND	557	70	11.2	14	9.6
FL	13,987	3,479	19.9	611	15.1	OH	9,987	1,282	11.4	212	7.5
GA	7,193	1,513	17.1	273	11.7	OK	2,760	685	19.9	144	16.9
HI	1,130	120	9.6	15	5.4	OR	2,991	591	16.5	86	10.0
ID	1,164	212	15.4	33	8.6	PA	10,724	1,454	11.9	304	10.7
IL	10,832	1,764	14.0	368	11.4	RI	937	120	11.4	19	7.4
IN	5,264	872	14.2	144	8.9	SC	3,518	605	14.7	80	7.7
IA	2,629	277	9.5	41	6.0	SD	663	90	12.0	16	8.3
KS	2,377	297	11.1	45	6.5	TN	5,030	828	14.1	142	10.1
KY	3,492	582	14.3	82	8.4	TX	16,741	5,583	25.0	1,353	21.4
LA	3,661	761	17.2	92	8.0	UT	2,056	337	14.1	81	10.4
ME	1,164	130	10.0	17	5.8	VT	548	69	11.2	6	4.8
MD	4,739	810	14.6	134	9.6	VA	6,326	1,061	14.4	149	8.1
MA	5,625	748	11.7	97	6.5	WA	5,323	793	13.0	106	7.0
MI	8,816	1,156	11.6	174	6.8	WV	1,499	294	16.4	34	8.8
MN	4,667	458	8.9	85	6.8	WI	4,898	566	10.4	67	5.1
MS	2,379	489	17.1	109	14.2	WY	428	70	14.0	11	9.7

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey 2005 Annual Social and Economic Supplement. Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2004, P60-229, Table H105. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by State for All People: 2004 <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthin/hlthin04.html>>.

Table 146. People Without Health Insurance for the Entire Year by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2004

[In thousands, except as noted (279,517 represents 279,517,000). Based on the Current Population Survey, Annual Demographic Survey, and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000			2004		
	Total persons	Uninsured persons		Total persons	Uninsured persons	
		Number	Percent distribution		Number	Percent distribution
Total ¹	279,517	39,804	100.0	291,155	45,820	100.0
Under 18 years	72,314	8,617	21.6	73,821	8,269	18.0
18 to 24 years	26,815	7,406	18.6	27,972	8,772	19.1
25 to 34 years	38,865	8,507	21.4	39,307	10,177	22.2
35 to 44 years	44,566	6,898	17.3	43,350	8,110	17.7
45 to 64 years	63,391	8,124	20.4	71,492	10,196	22.3
65 years and over	33,566	251	0.6	35,213	297	0.6
Male	136,559	20,791	52.2	142,750	24,528	53.5
Female	142,958	19,013	47.8	148,405	21,293	46.5
White	228,208	30,075	75.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Non-Hispanic	193,931	18,683	46.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Black	35,597	6,683	16.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Asian and Pacific Islander	12,693	2,287	5.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
White alone ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	234,077	34,788	75.9
Black alone ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	36,546	7,186	15.7
Asian alone ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	12,311	2,070	4.5
Hispanic ³	36,093	11,883	29.9	41,839	13,678	29.9

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Refers to people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Health Insurance, Health Insurance Data, Health Insurance Coverage: 2004, <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin04.html>>.

Table 147. Percent of Workers Participating in Health Care Benefit Programs and Percent of Participants Required to Contribute: 2005

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 4,560 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing about 103 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 637]

Characteristic	Percent of workers participating—			Single coverage medical care			Family coverage medical care		
	Medical care	Dental care	Vision care	Employee contributions not required (percent)	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)	Employee contributions not required (percent)	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)
Total	53	36	22	24	76	68.96	12	88	273.03
White-collar occupations	58	42	24	22	78	68.60	9	91	281.73
Blue-collar occupations	61	39	25	29	71	67.25	18	82	252.22
Service occupations	27	17	12	21	79	76.21	11	89	287.17
Full-time ²	66	45	27	24	76	68.37	12	88	271.12
Part-time ²	12	9	6	20	80	79.19	17	83	310.50
Union ³	83	67	51	43	57	55.71	35	65	198.19
Nonunion	49	33	19	21	79	70.80	8	92	282.98

¹ The average is presented for all covered workers and excludes workers without the plan provision. Averages are for plans stating a flat monthly cost. ² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ³ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States*, March, 2005. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/eps/sp/ebsm0003.pdf>> (accessed 18 July 2006).

Table 148. Medical Care Benefits of Workers by Type and Amount of Employee Contribution: 2005

[In percent. See headnote, Table 147]

Type and amount of contribution	Individual coverage				Type and amount of contribution	Family coverage			
	All employees	White-collar occupations	Blue-collar occupations	Service occupations		All employees	White-collar occupations	Blue-collar occupations	Service occupations
Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100	Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100
Flat monthly amount	75	75	75	70	Flat monthly amount	76	76	78	71
Less than \$5.00	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	Less than \$25.00	1	1	1	1
\$5.00–\$9.99	1	1	2	1	\$25.00–\$49.99	2	1	4	3
\$10.00–\$14.99	2	1	3	1	\$50.00–\$74.99	3	3	3	4
\$15.00–\$19.99	2	2	2	1	\$75.00–\$99.99	3	3	3	3
\$20.00–\$29.99	6	7	5	8	\$100.00–\$124.99	5	4	6	4
\$30.00–\$39.99	8	8	9	6	\$125.00–\$149.99	5	6	5	3
\$40.00–\$49.99	9	9	8	8	\$150.00–\$174.99	6	6	8	1
\$50.00–\$59.99	10	10	11	6	\$175.00–\$199.99	6	6	6	5
\$60.00–\$69.99	8	8	8	8	\$200.00–\$224.99	5	6	6	6
\$70.00–\$79.99	7	7	6	9	\$225.00–\$249.99	4	5	5	3
\$80.00–\$89.99	5	6	5	6	\$250.00–\$274.99	4	5	4	3
\$90.00–\$99.99	4	4	4	3	\$275.00–\$299.99	4	4	3	4
\$100.00–\$124.99	6	7	6	5	\$300.00–\$324.99	2	4	4	4
\$125.00 or more	7	7	6	9	\$325.00–\$349.99	2	2	1	5
					\$350.00 or more	2	2	2	2
Composite rate ¹	1	1	(Z)	1	Composite rate ¹	1	1	(Z)	(Z)
Varies ²	5	5	3	5	Varies ²	4	5	3	5
Flexible benefits ³	2	2	1	1	Flexible benefits ³	1	2	1	1
Percent of earnings	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	1	Percent of earnings	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	1
Exists, but unknown	16	15	17	19	Exists, but unknown	15	15	15	19
Other	2	2	4	2	Other	2	2	2	3

Z Less than 0.5 percent. ¹ A composite rate is a set contribution covering more than one benefit area; for example, health care and life insurance. Cost data for individual plans cannot be determined. ² Based on worker attributes. For example, employee contributions may vary based on earnings, length of service, or age. ³ Amount varies by options selected under a "cafeteria plan" or employer-sponsored reimbursement account.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "National Compensation Survey, Employee Benefits in Private Industry, March 2005"; <http://www.bls.gov/nce/ebs/sp/ebsm0003.pdf> (accessed 18 July 2006).

Table 149. Annual Receipts/Revenue for Health Care Industries: 2000 to 2004

[In millions of dollars (1,036,010 represents \$1,036,010,000,000). Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 1997 (NAICS); see text, Section 15. All firms in NAICS 6211, 6212, 6213, and 6215 are defined as taxable. Estimates for the nonemployer portion are derived from administrative records data provided by other federal agencies. These data are available only at the total revenue level. See Appendix III]

Kind of business	1997 NAICS code	Total, all firms ¹			Employer firms		
		2000 ²	2003 ²	2004	2000 ²	2003 ²	2004
Health care and social assistance	62	1,036,010	1,289,368	1,383,439	500,929	634,650	681,400
Ambulatory health care services	621	419,398	526,329	568,298	376,093	473,879	512,476
Offices of physicians	6211	213,806	270,326	290,782	213,806	270,326	290,782
Offices of dentists	6212	60,931	73,372	78,871	60,931	73,372	78,871
Offices of other health practitioners ³	6213	32,037	39,675	42,930	32,037	39,675	42,930
Offices of chiropractors	62131	7,570	9,363	9,624	7,570	9,363	9,624
Offices of optometrists	62132	7,639	8,607	9,318	7,639	8,607	9,318
Offices of P/T/OT/speech therapy & audiology ⁴	62134	8,486	11,805	13,396	8,486	11,805	13,396
Outpatient care centers	6214	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)
Medical & diagnostic laboratories	6215	23,450	30,529	32,413	23,450	30,529	32,413
Home health care services	6216	26,841	34,001	38,311	16,879	22,051	25,477
Other ambulatory health care services	6219	15,565	19,352	21,410	9,421	11,610	12,804
Hospitals	622	423,888	529,202	569,444	42,907	62,613	65,714
General medical & surgical hospitals	6221	397,526	496,216	533,829	36,926	53,127	54,516
Psychiatric & substance abuse hospitals	6222	13,422	13,578	13,363	2,189	2,290	2,002
Other specialty hospitals	6223	12,940	19,408	22,252	3,793	7,196	9,196
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	112,706	132,994	138,068	66,245	77,484	80,827
Nursing care facilities	6231	67,239	77,438	79,960	49,816	56,549	58,738
Residential mental retardation/health facilities ³	6232	16,717	20,614	21,602	4,726	5,958	6,143
Residential mental retardation facilities	62321	11,570	14,090	14,703	3,297	4,234	4,298
Community care facilities for the elderly	6233	22,104	26,984	28,333	10,812	13,878	14,822

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ Includes taxable nonemployer firms, not shown separately. ² Estimates for 2003 and prior years have been revised. ³ Includes other kinds of business not shown separately. ⁴ Offices of physical, occupational, and speech therapists, and audiologists.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Business Reports, "Service Annual Survey," 2004. <http://www.census.gov/econ/www/servmenu.html>.

Table 150. Receipts for Selected Health Service Industries by Source of Revenue: 2000 and 2004

[In millions of dollars (202,059 represents \$202,059,000,000). Based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), see text, Section 15. Based on a sample of employer firms only and does not include nonemployer revenue. See Appendix III]

Source of revenue	Offices of physicians (NAICS 6211)		Offices of dentists (NAICS 6212)		Hospitals (NAICS 622)		Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623)	
	2000 ¹	2004	2000 ¹	2004	2000 ¹	2004	2000 ¹	2004
Total	202,059	273,446	59,463	77,539	390,915	530,352	99,154	123,216
Medicare	51,030	71,726	(S)	(S)	137,322	177,440	13,130	19,025
Medicaid	14,624	20,072	1,467	2,680	51,049	67,813	45,956	56,069
Other government ²	2,123	3,578	(S)	(S)	21,918	29,500	8,041	10,766
Worker's compensation	7,833	9,554	(S)	(S)	4,673	6,559	(S)	(S)
Private insurance	102,472	139,483	31,321	40,531	153,428	216,865	6,400	5,945
Patient (out-of-pocket)	23,977	29,033	26,675	34,328	22,525	32,175	³ 25,627	³ 31,411
Other patient care sources, n.e.c. ⁴	7,695	10,900	(S)	(S)	10,404	11,232	3,563	3,846
Nonpatient care revenue	4,054	6,436	(S)	(S)	22,570	27,861	7,410	7,939

¹ Figure does not meet publication standards. ² Estimates for 2003 and prior years have been revised. ³ Veterans, National Institute of Health, Indian Affairs, etc. ⁴ Represents payment from patients and their families plus patients' assigned social security benefits. ⁵ N.e.c. represents not elsewhere classified.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Business Reports, "Service Annual Survey, 2004." <<http://www.census.gov/econ/www/servmenu.html>>.

Table 151. Employment in the Health Service Industries: 1990 to 2005

[In thousands (9,296 represents 9,296,000). See headnote, Table 618]

Industry	2002 NAICS code ¹	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
		Health care and social assistance²	62	9,296	11,278	12,718	13,134	13,556	13,893
Ambulatory health care services	621	2,842	3,768	4,320	4,462	4,633	4,786	4,952	5,110
Offices of physicians	6211	1,278	1,540	1,840	1,911	1,968	2,003	2,048	2,101
Offices of dentists	6212	513	592	688	705	725	744	760	771
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	276	395	438	457	486	503	527	545
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	129	146	162	170	175	182	190	199
Home health care services	6216	288	622	633	639	680	733	777	814
Hospitals	622	3,513	3,734	3,954	4,051	4,160	4,245	4,285	4,347
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	3,305	3,520	3,745	3,833	3,930	4,005	4,042	4,099
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	113	101	86	87	90	92	92	92
Other hospitals	6223	95	112	123	132	140	148	151	156
Nursing and residential care facilities ²	623	1,856	2,308	2,583	2,676	2,743	2,786	2,818	2,856
Nursing care facilities	6231	1,170	1,413	1,514	1,547	1,573	1,580	1,577	1,579

¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 code; see text, Section 15. ² Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, March issues. See also <<http://stats.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>>.

Table 152. Health Professions—Practitioners and Schools: 1990 to 2004

[573 represents 573,000]. Data on the number of schools and total enrollment are reported as of the beginning of the academic year; all other school data are reported as of the end of the academic year. Data are based on reporting by health professions schools]

Year	Medicine	Osteopathy	Registered nursing			Licensed practical nursing	Dentistry ¹	Optometry	Pharmacy
			Total	Baccalaureate	Associate's degree				
ACTIVE PERSONNEL (1,000)									
1990	573	28	² 1,790	682	1,107	441	148	26	168
1995	646	36	² 2,116	881	1,235	399	159	29	181
2000	738	45	² 2,249	983	1,267	374	168	32	196
2001	752	42	² 2,262	1,000	1,262	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
NUMBER OF SCHOOLS⁴									
1990	126	15	1,470	489	829	152	1,154	56	17
1995	125	16	1,516	521	876	119	1,210	54	17
2000	125	19	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	55	17
2001	125	19	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	54	17
2002	125	19	1,459	526	857	76	(NA)	54	(NA)
TOTAL ENROLLMENT									
1990	65,016	6,615	201,458	74,865	106,175	20,418	46,720	16,412	4,723
1995	66,788	8,146	268,350	112,659	135,895	19,796	59,428	16,353	5,201
2000	66,377	10,388	192,202	89,508	95,598	7,096	(NA)	17,242	5,464
2003	(NA)	11,432	221,698	94,739	117,192	9,767	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
2004	67,013	11,857	244,769	105,907	127,709	11,153	(NA)	(NA)	36,457

NA Not available. ¹ Personnel data exclude dentists in military service, U.S. Public Health Service, and U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs. ² Includes nurses with advanced degrees. ³ Diploma nurses included with associate's degree nurses. ⁴ Some nursing schools offer more than one type of program. Numbers shown for nursing are number of nursing programs.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health Professions, unpublished data; American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual; and American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, Rockville, MD, *Annual Statistical Report*.

Table 153. Physicians by Sex and Specialty: 1980 to 2004

[In thousands (467.7 represents 467,700). As of Dec. 31, except 1990 as of Jan. 1, and as noted. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Activity	1980		1990		2000		2004	
	Total ¹	Office-based	Total ¹	Office-based	Total ¹	Office-based	Total ¹	Office-based
Doctors of medicine, total.	467.7	272.0	615.4	361.0	813.8	490.4	885.0	538.5
Place of medical education:								
U.S. medical graduates	370.0	226.2	483.7	286.2	616.8	376.5	660.9	414.9
International medical graduates ²	97.7	45.8	131.8	74.8	197.0	113.9	224.0	123.6
Sex: Male	413.4	251.4	511.2	311.7	618.2	382.3	649.3	401.1
Female	54.3	20.6	104.2	49.2	195.5	108.1	235.6	137.5
Allergy/immunology	1.5	1.4	3.4	2.5	4.0	3.1	4.1	3.2
Anesthesiology	16.0	11.3	26.0	17.8	35.7	27.6	38.8	30.0
Cardiovascular diseases	9.8	6.7	15.9	10.7	21.0	16.3	22.1	17.3
Child psychiatry	3.3	2.0	4.3	2.6	6.2	4.3	6.8	5.0
Dermatology	5.7	4.4	7.6	6.0	9.7	8.0	10.4	8.7
Diagnostic radiology	7.0	4.2	15.4	9.8	21.1	14.6	23.7	16.8
Emergency medicine	5.7	3.4	14.2	8.4	23.1	14.5	27.9	19.0
Family practice	27.5	18.4	47.6	37.5	71.6	54.2	80.3	63.3
Gastroenterology	4.0	2.7	7.5	5.2	10.6	8.5	11.7	9.4
General practice	32.5	29.6	22.8	20.5	15.2	13.0	11.7	9.9
General surgery	34.0	22.4	38.4	24.5	36.7	24.5	37.6	25.3
Internal medicine	71.5	40.6	98.3	58.0	134.5	89.7	150.9	101.8
Neurology	5.7	3.3	9.2	5.6	12.3	8.6	13.7	9.6
Neurological surgery	3.3	2.5	4.4	3.1	5.0	3.7	5.3	4.0
Obstetrics and gynecology	26.3	19.5	33.7	25.5	40.2	31.7	42.1	33.8
Ophthalmology	13.0	10.6	16.1	13.1	18.1	15.6	18.7	16.3
Orthopedic surgery	14.0	10.7	19.1	14.2	22.3	17.4	23.8	18.6
Otolaryngology	6.6	5.3	8.1	6.4	9.4	7.6	9.9	8.2
Pathology	13.6	6.1	16.6	7.5	18.8	10.6	19.2	11.0
Pediatrics	29.5	18.2	41.9	27.1	63.9	43.2	71.9	50.5
Physical medicine/rehabilitation	2.1	1.0	4.1	2.2	6.5	4.3	7.3	5.2
Plastic surgery	3.0	2.4	4.6	3.8	6.2	5.3	6.9	5.8
Psychiatry	27.5	16.0	35.2	20.1	39.5	25.0	40.3	26.0
Pulmonary diseases	3.7	2.0	6.1	3.7	8.7	5.9	9.8	7.1
Radiology	11.7	7.8	8.5	6.1	8.7	6.7	4.3	3.3
Radiation oncology	1.6	1.0	2.8	2.0	3.9	3.0	8.7	6.9
Urological surgery	7.7	6.2	9.4	7.4	10.3	8.5	10.6	8.8
Other specialty	5.8	2.4	7.3	2.7	5.8	2.3	5.4	2.2
Other surgical specialty ³	2.9	2.3	2.9	2.4	6.1	5.1	6.2	5.2
Other remaining specialty ⁴	6.1	2.5	7.8	3.3	8.8	4.2	8.7	4.2
Not classified	20.6	(X)	12.7	(X)	45.1	(X)	48.0	(X)
Other categories ⁵	32.1	(X)	55.4	(X)	75.2	(X)	92.8	(X)
Doctors of Osteopathy ⁶	18.8	(X)	30.9	(X)	44.9	(X)	54.1	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes unspecified physicians. ² International medical graduates received their medical education in schools outside the United States and Canada. ³ Includes Colon and Rectal Surgery and Thoracic Surgery. ⁴ Includes Aerospace Medicine, General Preventive Medicine, Nuclear Medicine, Occupational Medicine, Medical Genetics, and Public Health. ⁵ Includes inactive and address unknown. ⁶ Total number of DOs as of June 1. This number includes all living DOs, including retired DOs, DOs in in postdoctoral training and federally employed DOs. Data from American Osteopathic Association Fact Sheet, American Osteopathic Association, Chicago, IL. <http://www.osteopathic.org/index.cfm?PageID=aoa_annualprtr>

Source: Except as noted, American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.* annual (copyright).

Table 154. Active Physicians and Nurses by State: 2004

[As of December. Excludes doctors of osteopathy, physicians with addresses unknown, and inactive status. Includes all physicians not classified according to activity status]

State	Physicians ¹		Nurses		State	Physicians ¹		Nurses	
	Total	Rate ²	Total	Rate ²		Total	Rate ²	Total	Rate ²
United States.	780,662	266	2,421,000	824	Missouri	13,790	239	57,400	997
Alabama	9,627	213	36,500	807	Montana	2,047	221	7,900	852
Alaska	1,463	222	6,800	1,034	Nebraska	4,181	239	18,500	1,059
Arizona	11,955	208	39,100	681	Nevada	4,333	186	14,100	604
Arkansas	5,577	203	20,100	731	New Hampshire	3,372	260	13,600	1,047
California	92,907	259	211,600	590	New Jersey	26,580	306	73,000	841
Colorado	11,871	258	34,700	754	New Mexico	4,563	240	13,600	715
Connecticut	12,716	363	32,700	935	New York	74,924	289	174,200	903
Delaware	2,061	248	8,600	1,036	North Carolina	21,609	253	76,800	899
District of Columbia	4,423	798	11,600	2,093	North Dakota	1,539	242	7,500	1,179
Florida	42,665	245	132,800	764	Ohio	29,833	261	112,800	985
Georgia	19,589	220	66,500	746	Oklahoma	6,031	171	24,400	692
Hawaii	3,912	310	9,300	737	Oregon	9,429	263	30,900	860
Idaho	2,351	169	8,800	631	Pennsylvania	36,381	294	127,000	1,025
Illinois	34,514	272	113,800	895	Rhode Island	3,786	351	11,400	1,056
Indiana	13,283	213	54,600	877	South Carolina	9,646	230	30,700	731
Iowa	5,518	187	32,700	1,107	South Dakota	1,687	219	9,300	1,207
Kansas	6,021	220	24,900	911	Tennessee	15,357	261	54,300	921
Kentucky	9,523	230	37,600	908	Texas	47,617	212	145,300	647
Louisiana	11,898	264	35,400	785	Utah	5,061	209	15,800	653
Maine	3,512	267	15,100	1,148	Vermont	2,249	362	6,400	1,030
Maryland	22,863	411	47,100	847	Virginia	20,183	270	56,700	758
Massachusetts	28,827	450	75,400	1,177	Washington	16,443	265	48,400	780
Michigan	24,287	240	85,000	841	West Virginia	4,150	229	16,000	883
Minnesota	14,303	281	51,900	1,018	Wisconsin	14,005	254	51,700	939
Mississippi	5,251	181	24,000	827	Wyoming	949	188	4,100	810

¹ 2002 and earlier data excluded federally employed persons. ² Per 100,000 resident population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates as of July 1.

Source: Physicians: American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual (copyright); Nurses: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, unpublished data.

Table 155. Adults 18 Years and Over Who Used Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM), by Type of Therapy: 2002

[In thousands (149,271 represents 149,271,000). The denominators for statistics shown exclude persons with unknown CAM information. Estimates were age adjusted to the year 2000 U.S. standard population using four age groups: 18 to 24 years, 25 to 44 years, 45 to 64 years, and 65 years and over]

Therapy	Used during past 12 months		Therapy	Used during past 12 months	
	Ever used			Ever used	
Any CAM use¹	149,271	123,606	Manipulative and body-based therapies:		
Alternative medical systems:			Chiropractic care	40,242	15,226
Acupuncture	8,188	2,136	Massage	18,899	10,052
Ayurveda	751	154	Mind-body therapies:		
Homeopathic treatment	7,379	3,433	Biofeedback	1,986	278
Naturopathy	1,795	498	Meditation	20,698	15,336
Biologically based therapies:			Guided imagery	6,067	4,194
Chelation therapy	270	(B)	Progressive relaxation	8,518	6,185
Folk medicine	1,393	233	Deep breathing exercises	29,658	23,457
Nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural products	50,613	38,183	Hypnosis	3,733	505
Diet-based therapies ²	13,799	7,099	Yoga	15,232	10,386
Vegetarian diet	5,324	3,184	Tai chi	5,056	2,565
Macrobiotic diet	1,368	317	Qi gong	950	527
Atkins diet	7,312	3,417	Prayer for health reasons ³ :	110,012	89,624
Pritikin diet	580	137	Prayed for own health	103,662	85,432
Ornish diet	290	(B)	Others ever prayed for your health	62,348	48,467
Zone diet	1,062	430	Participate in prayer group	25,167	18,984
Megavitamin therapy	7,935	5,739	Healing ritual for own health	9,230	4,045
			Energy healing therapy/Reiki	2,264	1,080

¹ Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figures. ² Respondents may have reported using more than one type of therapy. ³ The sum of the categories listed under "Diet-based therapies" are greater than the total number of "Diet-based therapies" because respondents could choose more than one diet-based therapy. ⁴ The sum of the categories listed under "Prayer for health reasons" are greater than the total number of "Prayer for health reasons" because respondents could choose more than one method of prayer.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, No. 343. May 27, 2004. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/ad/ad343.pdf>>.

Table 156. Percent Distribution of Number of Visits to Health Care Professionals by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2004

[Covers ambulatory visits to doctor's offices and emergency departments, and home health care visits during a 12-month period. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. See Appendix III]

Characteristic	None		1-3 visits		4-9 visits		10 or more visits	
	2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004
All persons^{1, 2}	16.6	16.1	45.4	45.8	24.7	24.6	13.3	13.5
AGE:								
Under 6 years	6.3	5.3	44.3	47.5	38.3	36.9	11.2	10.3
6 to 17 years old	15.1	13.1	58.2	59.0	20.7	21.1	6.0	6.8
18 to 44 years old	23.2	23.8	45.3	45.6	19.2	19.2	12.2	11.5
45 to 64 years old	15.0	15.0	43.4	43.3	25.7	25.3	15.8	16.3
65 to 74 years old	9.0	6.8	34.5	36.0	34.4	34.5	22.1	22.6
75 years old and over	5.8	4.1	29.3	26.4	39.3	39.5	25.6	30.0
SEX: ²								
Male	21.5	20.9	46.0	46.6	22.4	21.6	10.1	10.9
Female	11.9	11.5	44.8	45.0	27.0	27.5	16.4	16.0
RACE: ^{2, 3}								
Race alone:								
White	16.0	16.0	45.1	45.4	25.3	24.8	13.7	13.8
Black or African American	17.3	15.8	46.7	47.0	23.4	24.6	12.6	12.6
American Indian or Alaska Native	21.2	17.7	42.9	41.7	20.0	25.0	15.8	15.5
Asian	20.2	20.8	49.2	51.5	20.9	19.7	9.7	8.1
Two or more races	12.1	13.6	41.6	42.9	28.3	26.2	17.9	17.3
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{2, 3, 4}								
Hispanic or Latino	26.5	26.7	41.8	41.8	20.0	20.6	11.7	10.9
Mexican	30.7	29.7	40.9	41.0	18.0	18.9	10.4	10.4
Not Hispanic or Latino	15.2	14.2	45.9	46.5	25.3	25.2	13.6	14.1
White, non-Hispanic	14.5	13.5	45.4	46.1	26.0	25.7	14.1	14.7
Black, non-Hispanic	17.2	15.6	46.9	47.3	23.4	24.6	12.6	12.5

¹ Includes other categories not shown separately. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Estimates by race and Hispanic origin are tabulated using the 1997 standards for federal data on race and ethnicity. Estimates for specific race groups are shown when they meet requirements for statistical reliability and confidentiality. The categories "White only," "Black or African American only," "American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) only," and "Asian only" include persons who reported only one racial group; and the category "2 or more races" includes persons who reported more than one of the five racial groups in the 1997 standards or one of the five racial groups and "Some other race." ⁴ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2006*. See also <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 157. Ambulatory Care Visits to Physicians' Offices and Hospital Outpatient and Emergency Departments: 2004

[1,106.1 represents 1,106,100,000. Based on the annual National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Characteristic	Number of visits (mil.)				Visits per 100 persons			
	Total	Physician offices	Outpatient dept.	Emergency dept.	Total	Physician offices	Outpatient dept.	Emergency dept.
Total	1,106.1	910.9	85.0	110.2	383.6	315.9	29.5	38.2
Age:								
Under 15 years old	189.6	147.9	18.8	22.9	312.1	243.4	30.9	37.8
15 to 24 years old	98.5	70.6	10.0	17.9	242.4	173.8	24.5	44.1
25 to 44 years old	247.5	194.3	21.1	32.1	301.3	236.5	25.7	39.1
45 to 64 years old	307.7	264.1	22.1	21.5	438.4	376.2	31.5	30.6
65 to 74 years old	126.8	113.4	7.2	6.2	696.0	622.6	39.3	34.1
75 years old and over	135.9	120.6	5.9	9.5	827.1	733.6	35.6	57.9
Sex:								
Male	458.9	375.3	33.2	50.3	325.5	266.3	23.6	35.7
Female	647.2	535.5	51.8	59.9	439.0	363.3	35.1	40.6
Race:								
White	919.6	775.0	62.9	81.8	395.8	333.6	27.1	35.2
Black/African American	141.1	98.0	18.2	24.9	390.5	271.3	50.3	68.9
Asian	34.1	29.1	2.9	2.2	278.6	237.7	23.3	17.6
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	3.5	2.9	0.3	0.4	711.7	577.7	54.3	79.7
American Indian/Alaska Native	3.8	2.6	1 ⁰ .5	1 ⁰ .7	138.4	94.4	19.2	124.8
More than one race reported	3.9	3.2	0.3	1 ⁰ .3	87.9	73.5	7.2	17.2
Primary source of payment:								
Private insurance	580.1	509.8	31.0	39.3	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicare	236.8	206.7	13.2	16.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicaid	140.3	89.6	26.2	24.5	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Worker's compensation	16.2	13.5	0.8	2.0	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Self-pay	64.3	40.7	5.9	17.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No charge	5.6	12.7	12.1	0.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Other	26.2	20.2	2.9	3.1	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Unknown	36.6	27.6	3.1	5.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable ¹ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Advance Data*, Nos. 372, 373, and 374; June 23, 2006. <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/namcs.htm>.

Table 158. Visits to Office-Based Physicians and Hospital Outpatient Departments by Diagnosis: 2000 and 2004

[369.0 represents 369,000,000. See headnote, Table 157]

Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²		Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²	
	2000	2004	2000	2004		2000	2004	2000	2004
MALE					FEMALE				
All ages	369.0	408.5	2,760	2,898	All ages	537.8	587.3	3,829	3,984
Under 15 years old ³	85.3	87.6	2,765	2,817	Under 15 years old ³	75.4	79.1	2,556	2,666
Routine infant or child health check	17.9	15.8	580	509	Routine infant or child health check	17.5	17.1	593	575
Acute respiratory infections ⁴	8.5	8.3	276	267	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	8.1	7.2	276	241
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	7.1	5.4	231	172	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	6.6	4.1	222	137
Attention deficit disorder	3.4	3.5	110	112	Allergic rhinitis	1.1	2.9	36	97
Asthma	3.1	3.5	101	111	Asthma	1.2	2.5	40	83
15 to 44 years old ³	98.9	95.8	1,660	1,569	15 to 44 years old ³	194.8	200.1	3,199	3,245
General medical examination	3.9	3.7	66	61	Normal pregnancy	24.5	26.0	402	422
Spinal disorders	3.0	3.1	50	50	Gynecological examination	6.1	9.4	100	152
Rheumatism, excluding back	3.3	2.7	55	44	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	6.0	5.6	98	91
Acute respiratory infections ⁴	3.6	2.6	60	43	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium	6.2	5.1	102	83
Psychoses, excluding major depressive disorder	1.7	2.4	28	39	Spinal disorders	3.2	4.9	52	80
45 to 64 years old ³	96.5	120.7	3,294	3,542	45 to 64 years old ³	141.0	165.6	4,511	4,561
Essential hypertension	6.8	8.8	233	259	Essential hypertension	8.3	9.5	264	292
Diabetes mellitus	5.8	7.2	199	211	Diabetes mellitus	5.6	6.5	181	179
Spinal disorders	3.1	5.9	106	174	Arthropathies and related disorders	6.6	6.4	212	178
Arthropathies and related disorders	2.9	4.3	99	126	Spinal disorders	4.1	6.3	130	175
Malignant neoplasms	2.7	4.0	93	119	Malignant neoplasms	5.7	6.3	173	173
65 years old and over ³	88.2	104.4	6,340	7,100	65 years old and over ³	126.6	142.6	6,736	7,148
Malignant neoplasms	7.1	9.5	507	646	Essential hypertension	11.8	12.0	628	599
Essential hypertension	6.6	6.3	478	425	Malignant neoplasms	5.9	8.0	312	400
Diabetes mellitus	4.8	5.6	344	382	Diabetes mellitus	6.0	7.2	318	363
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	4.1	4.4	296	297	Arthropathies and related disorders	6.3	6.6	333	329
Ischemic heart disease	4.9	4.1	349	278	Heart disease, excluding ischemic	3.6	4.3	194	217

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, clinical modification, (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately.

⁴ Excluding pharyngitis.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. Nos. 372, and 373; June 23, 2006. <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/namcs.htm>.

Table 159. Visits to Hospital Emergency Departments by Diagnosis: 2004

[50,320 represents 50,320,000. See headnote, Table 157]

Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ²	Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ²
MALE			FEMALE		
All ages	50,320	357	All ages	59,896	406
Under 15 years old ³	12,262	394	Under 15 years old ³	10,681	360
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	928	30	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	813	27
Acute upper respiratory infections ⁴	907	29	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	809	27
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	674	22	Pyrexia of unknown origin	533	18
Open wound, excluding head	666	21	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	441	15
Open wound of head	642	21	Open wound of head	360	12
15 to 44 years old ³	21,553	353	15 to 44 years old ³	28,483	463
Open wound, excluding head	1,412	23	Abdominal pain	1,654	27
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,128	18	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium	1,216	20
Spinal disorders	754	12	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,188	19
Sprains and strains of neck and back	751	12	Chest pain	934	15
Chest pain	745	12	Spinal disorders	850	14
45 to 64 years old ³	10,134	297	45 to 64 years old ³	11,372	315
Chest pain	736	22	Chest pain	773	21
Open wound, excluding head	463	14	Abdominal pain	620	17
Spinal disorders	450	13	Spinal disorders	448	12
Abdominal pain	420	12	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	442	12
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	302	9	Rheumatism, excluding back	299	8
65 years old and over	6,372	433	65 years old and over	9,360	469
Chest pain	375	26	Chest pain	529	27
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	292	20	Heart disease, excluding ischemic	520	26
Abdominal pain	216	15	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	394	20
Pneumonia	200	14	Abdominal pain	350	18
Syncope and collapse	192	13	Fractures, excluding lower limb	340	17

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian noninstitutional population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately. ⁴ Excluding pharyngitis.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, No. 372, June 23, 2006. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hamcs.htm>>.

Table 160. Skilled Nursing Facilities: 1980 to 2003

[436 represents 436,000. Covers facilities and beds certified for participation under Medicare and are deemed to meet Medicaid standards. Includes facilities which have transfer agreements with one or more participating hospitals, and are engaged primarily in providing skilled nursing care and related services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons]

Item	Unit	1980 ¹	1990 ¹	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002 ²	2003 ²
Skilled nursing facilities	Number	5,052	8,937	13,122	14,913	14,913	14,841	14,755	14,838
Beds	1,000	436	509	652	837	837	939	1,050	1,261
Per 1,000 Medicare enrollees ³	Rate	20.0	15.2	17.7	21.6	21.3	23.7	26.2	31.1

¹ Facility data are as of July 1. ² Facility data are as of December 31. ³ Based on total number of beneficiaries enrolled in the medicare hospital insurance program as of July 1 of year stated.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Data Compendium 2003, Other Medicare Providers and Suppliers. <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/DataCompendium/022003DataCompendium.asp#TopOfPage>>.

Table 161. Nursing Homes—Selected Characteristics: 2004

[Beds: 1,730 represents 1,730,000. Covers licensed and/or certified nursing homes in the conterminous United States that had three or more beds. Based on the 2004 National Nursing Home Survey, a two-stage survey sample of nursing homes and their residents. Subject to sampling variability. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Characteristic	Nursing homes	Beds		Current residents		Full-time equivalent employees ²	
		Number (1,000)	Per nursing home	Number (1,000)	Occupancy rate ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 100 beds
2004, total	16,081	1,730	108	1,492	86.3	1,053	60.9
Certification:							
Medicare and medicaid certified	14,090	1,600	114	1,380	86.2	972	60.8
Medicare only	² 653	33	51	28	85.0	20	59.7
Medicaid only	1,104	76	69	68	89.1	41	53.7
Not certified	² 234	21	90	17	78.3	20	95.7
Bed size:							
Less than 50 beds	2,242	76	34	62	82.1	43	56.6
50–99 beds	6,005	455	76	423	92.9	254	55.8
100–199 beds	6,840	903	132	789	87.3	563	62.4
200 beds or more	994	296	298	219	73.9	193	65.3

¹ Number of residents divided by number of available beds multiplied by 100. ² Includes only those employees providing direct health-related services to residents. Includes nurses, nurses aides, orderlies, dentists, dental hygienists, physical therapists, speech pathologists and/or audiologists, dieticians or nutritionists, podiatrists, and social workers. ³ Figure does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Care Survey, National Nursing Home Survey. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/fastats/nursing.htm>>.

Table 162. Hospitals—Summary Characteristics: 1980 to 2004

[For beds, (1,365 represents 1,365,000). Covers hospitals accepted for registration by the American Hospital Association; see text, this section. Short-term hospitals have an average patient stay of less than 30 days; long-term, an average stay of longer duration. Special hospitals include obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose, and throat; rehabilitation; orthopedic; and chronic and other special hospitals except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency hospitals]

Item	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number:									
All hospitals	6,965	6,649	6,291	5,890	5,810	5,801	5,794	5,764	5,759
With 100 beds or more	3,755	3,620	3,376	3,140	3,102	3,084	3,032	3,007	2,972
Nonfederal	6,606	6,312	5,992	5,626	5,565	5,558	5,554	5,525	5,520
Community hospitals ²	5,830	5,384	5,194	4,956	4,915	4,908	4,927	4,895	4,919
Nongovernmental nonprofit	3,322	3,191	3,092	3,012	3,003	2,998	3,025	2,984	2,967
For profit	730	749	752	747	749	754	766	790	835
State and local government	1,778	1,444	1,350	1,197	1,163	1,156	1,136	1,121	1,117
Long-term general and special	157	131	112	129	131	136	124	126	108
Psychiatric	534	757	657	516	496	491	477	477	466
Tuberculosis	11	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Federal	359	337	299	264	245	243	240	239	239
Beds (1,000)^{3:}									
All hospitals	1,365	1,213	1,081	994	984	987	976	965	956
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	6.0	4.9	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3
Beds per hospital	196	182	172	169	169	170	168	167	166
Nonfederal	1,248	1,113	1,004	939	931	936	926	917	908
Community hospitals ²	988	927	873	830	824	826	821	813	808
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	4.3	3.7	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8
Nongovernmental nonprofit	692	657	610	587	583	585	582	575	567
For profit	87	102	106	107	110	109	108	110	112
State and local government	209	169	157	136	131	132	130	120	127
Long-term general and special	39	25	19	20	18	19	18	18	15
Psychiatric	215	158	110	87	87	89	85	85	86
Tuberculosis	2	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Federal	117	98	78	55	53	53	50	47	58
Average daily census (1,000):⁵									
All hospitals	1,060	844	710	657	650	658	662	657	658
Community hospitals ²	747	619	548	526	526	533	540	539	541
Nongovernmental nonprofit	542	455	393	381	382	385	391	389	388
For profit	57	54	55	58	61	63	64	65	99
State and local government	149	111	100	86	83	85	84	84	84
Expenses (bil. dol.):⁶									
All hospitals	91.9	234.9	320.3	372.9	395.4	426.8	462.2	498.1	533.8
Nonfederal	84.0	219.6	300.0	349.2	371.5	399.3	432.5	467.2	499.0
Community hospitals ²	76.9	203.7	285.6	335.2	356.6	383.7	416.6	450.1	481.2
Nongovernmental nonprofit	55.8	150.7	209.6	251.5	267.1	287.3	312.7	337.7	359.4
For profit	5.8	18.8	26.7	31.2	35.0	37.3	40.1	44.0	48.9
State and local government	15.2	34.2	49.3	52.5	54.5	59.1	63.8	68.4	72.8
Long-term general and special	1.2	2.7	2.2	2.8	2.8	3.3	3.6	3.6	2.3
Psychiatric	5.8	12.9	11.7	11.0	11.9	13.2	12.1	13.1	13.8
Tuberculosis	0.1	0.1	0.4	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Federal	7.9	15.2	20.2	23.7	23.9	27.5	29.7	30.9	34.8
Personnel (1,000):⁷									
All hospitals	3,492	4,063	4,273	4,369	4,454	4,535	4,610	4,650	4,695
Nonfederal	3,213	3,760	3,971	4,074	4,157	4,236	4,312	4,350	4,379
Community hospitals ²	2,873	3,420	3,714	3,838	3,911	3,987	4,069	4,108	4,147
Nongovernmental nonprofit	2,086	2,533	2,702	2,862	2,919	2,971	3,039	3,058	3,076
For profit	189	273	343	362	378	379	380	391	405
State and local government	598	614	670	614	614	637	651	658	665
Long-term general and special	56	55	38	42	41	44	46	45	42
Psychiatric	275	280	215	191	200	201	193	194	185
Tuberculosis	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Federal	279	303	301	295	297	299	299	300	315
Outpatient visits (mil.)	263.0	368.2	483.2	573.5	592.7	612.0	640.5	648.6	662.1
Emergency	82.0	92.8	99.9	103.8	106.9	109.8	114.2	115.1	116.9

Z Less than 500 beds or \$50 million. ¹ Includes hospital units of institutions. ² Short-term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ³ Beginning 1990, number of beds at end of reporting period; prior years, average number in 12-month period. ⁴ Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000 based on enumerated resident population as of April 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 census of population. ⁵ The average number of people served on an inpatient basis on a single day during the reporting period. ⁶ Excludes new construction. ⁷ Includes full-time equivalents of part-time personnel.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2006 Edition*, and prior years (copyright).

Table 163. Average Cost to Community Hospitals Per Patient: 1980 to 2004

[In dollars, except percent. Covers nonfederal short-term general or special hospitals (excluding psychiatric or tuberculosis hospitals and hospital units of institutions). Total cost per patient based on total hospital expenses (payroll, employee benefits, professional fees, supplies, etc.). Data have been adjusted for outpatient visits]

Type of expense and hospital	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average cost per day, total	245	687	968	1,067	1,103	1,149	1,217	1,290	1,379	1,450
Annual percent change ¹	12.9	7.8	4.0	3.3	3.3	4.2	5.9	6.0	6.9	5.1
Nongovernmental nonprofit	246	692	994	1,111	1,140	1,182	1,255	1,329	1,429	1,501
For profit	257	752	947	968	999	1,057	1,121	1,181	1,264	1,362
State and local government	239	635	878	949	1,007	1,064	1,114	1,188	1,238	1,291
Average cost per stay, total	1,851	4,947	6,216	6,386	6,512	6,649	6,980	7,346	7,796	8,166
Nongovernmental nonprofit	1,902	5,001	6,279	6,526	6,608	6,717	7,052	7,458	7,905	8,266
For profit	1,676	4,727	5,425	5,262	5,350	5,642	5,972	6,161	6,590	7,139
State and local government	1,750	4,838	6,445	6,612	6,923	7,106	7,400	7,773	8,205	8,473

¹ Change from immediate prior year.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2006 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

Table 164. Community Hospitals—States: 2000 and 2004

[823.6 represents 823,600. For definition of community hospitals see footnote 2, Table 162]

State	Number of hospitals		Beds (1,000)		Patients admitted (1,000)		Average daily census ¹ (1,000)		Outpatient visits (mil.)		Average cost per day (dol.)	
	2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004
	United States	4,915	4,919	823.6	808.1	33,089	35,086	525.7	541.1	521.4	571.6	1,149
Alabama	108	108	16.4	15.3	680	716	9.8	10.0	8.0	8.3	980	1,142
Alaska	18	19	1.4	1.4	47	45	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	1,495	1,965
Arizona	61	62	10.9	11.2	539	625	6.8	7.6	5.3	5.4	1,311	1,678
Arkansas	83	87	9.8	9.6	368	383	5.7	6.4	4.4	4.8	908	1,170
California	389	361	72.7	71.9	3,315	3,469	47.8	50.3	44.9	47.5	1,438	1,878
Colorado	69	70	9.4	9.3	397	435	5.4	5.9	6.7	7.0	1,280	1,699
Connecticut	35	35	7.7	7.8	349	390	5.8	6.2	6.7	7.0	1,373	1,668
Delaware	5	6	1.8	2.0	83	103	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.9	1,311	1,563
District of Columbia	11	11	3.3	3.5	129	141	2.5	2.7	1.3	1.6	1,512	1,861
Florida	202	203	51.2	50.0	2,119	2,322	31.0	33.1	21.8	22.4	1,161	1,504
Georgia	151	146	23.9	24.7	863	944	15.0	16.7	11.2	13.4	978	1,144
Hawaii	21	24	3.1	3.1	100	114	2.3	2.4	2.5	1.9	1,088	1,219
Idaho	42	39	3.5	3.4	123	127	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.4	1,003	1,367
Illinois	196	191	37.3	34.8	1,531	1,586	22.4	23.0	25.1	28.3	1,278	1,544
Indiana	109	113	19.2	18.8	700	731	10.8	11.1	14.1	15.5	1,132	1,447
Iowa	115	115	11.8	10.9	360	360	6.8	6.4	9.2	9.7	740	985
Kansas	129	134	10.8	10.4	310	331	5.7	5.8	5.3	5.9	837	1,006
Kentucky	105	105	14.8	15.3	582	606	9.1	9.3	8.7	8.9	929	1,140
Louisiana	123	131	17.5	17.2	654	696	9.8	10.5	10.0	10.4	1,075	1,191
Maine	37	37	3.7	3.5	147	151	2.4	2.2	3.2	4.1	1,148	1,562
Maryland	49	50	11.2	11.5	587	661	8.2	8.7	6.0	6.9	1,315	1,720
Massachusetts	80	78	16.6	16.2	740	801	11.7	12.1	16.7	19.0	1,467	1,723
Michigan	146	144	26.1	26.0	1,106	1,190	16.9	17.2	24.9	27.7	1,211	1,468
Minnesota	135	132	16.7	16.1	571	627	11.2	10.9	7.3	9.5	932	1,203
Mississippi	95	93	13.6	13.1	425	427	8.0	7.6	3.7	4.2	719	957
Missouri	119	119	20.1	19.1	773	832	11.7	12.0	14.8	16.2	1,185	1,459
Montana	52	54	4.3	4.3	99	107	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.9	579	757
Nebraska	85	85	8.2	7.3	209	211	4.8	4.4	3.4	3.9	743	1,075
Nevada	22	30	3.8	4.8	199	233	2.7	3.4	2.2	2.4	1,285	1,524
New Hampshire	28	28	2.9	2.8	111	117	1.7	1.8	2.8	3.0	1,201	1,460
New Jersey	80	80	25.3	22.0	1,074	1,104	17.3	16.2	16.3	17.7	1,299	1,691
New Mexico	35	37	3.5	3.7	174	163	2.0	2.1	3.1	5.0	1,388	1,581
New York	215	206	66.4	64.2	2,416	2,526	52.1	50.5	46.4	49.7	1,118	1,457
North Carolina	113	115	23.1	23.5	971	1,006	16.0	16.7	12.4	15.3	1,061	1,226
North Dakota	42	40	3.9	3.6	89	88	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.8	747	880
Ohio	163	166	33.8	33.4	1,404	1,475	20.6	21.1	26.9	30.5	1,198	1,585
Oklahoma	108	109	11.1	10.8	429	455	6.2	6.5	4.7	5.3	1,031	1,238
Oregon	59	58	6.6	6.5	330	341	3.9	4.0	7.3	7.9	1,461	1,977
Pennsylvania	207	197	42.3	40.1	1,796	1,847	28.8	28.0	31.8	33.4	1,080	1,394
Rhode Island	11	11	2.4	2.4	119	125	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.1	1,313	1,667
South Carolina	63	62	11.5	11.2	495	513	8.0	8.0	7.8	7.0	1,101	1,435
South Dakota	48	51	4.3	4.6	99	103	2.8	2.8	1.7	1.6	476	704
Tennessee	121	127	20.6	20.4	737	825	11.5	12.8	10.3	10.3	1,078	1,228
Texas	403	418	55.9	58.1	2,367	2,517	33.1	36.2	29.4	32.4	1,274	1,567
Utah	42	43	4.3	4.5	194	219	2.4	2.6	4.5	4.7	1,375	1,811
Vermont	14	14	1.7	1.5	52	53	1.1	0.9	1.2	2.3	888	1,084
Virginia	88	88	16.9	17.3	727	770	11.4	12.2	9.5	11.9	1,057	1,352
Washington	84	85	11.1	11.0	505	528	6.6	6.7	9.6	10.1	1,511	2,006
West Virginia	57	57	8.0	7.4	288	298	4.8	4.8	5.2	6.0	844	1,075
Wisconsin	118	121	15.3	14.6	558	599	9.1	9.1	10.9	11.8	1,055	1,380
Wyoming	24	24	1.9	2.0	48	51	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.9	677	833

¹ Inpatients receiving treatment each day; excludes newborn.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2006 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

Table 165. Hospital Use Rates by Type of Hospital: 1980 to 2004

Type of hospital	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Community hospitals: ¹								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	159	125	116	117	118	120	120	119
Admissions per bed	37	34	35	40	40	42	43	43
Average length of stay ³ (days)	7.6	7.2	6.5	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6
Outpatient visits per admission	5.6	9.7	13.4	15.8	15.9	16.1	16.2	16.3
Outpatient visits per 1,000 population ²	890	1,207	1,556	1,852	1,890	1,932	1,937	1,946
Surgical operations (million ⁴)	18.8	21.9	23.2	26.1	26.5	27.6	27.1	27.4
Number per admission	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Nonfederal psychiatric:								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7
Days in hospital per 1,000 population ²	295	190	122	93	94	92	91	88

¹ For definition of community hospitals, see footnote 2, Table 162. ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 census of population. ³ Number of inpatient days divided by number of admissions. ⁴ 18.8 represents 18,800,000.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2006 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

Table 166. Hospital Utilization Rates by Sex: 1990 to 2004

[30,788 represents 30,788,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Based on sample data collected from the National Hospital Discharge Survey, a sample survey of hospital records of patients discharged in year shown; subject to sampling variability]

Item and sex	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Patients discharged (1,000)	30,788	30,722	31,827	32,132	31,706	32,653	33,727	34,738	34,864
Patients discharged per 1,000 persons, total ¹	122	116	117	117	114	115	118	120	119
Male	100	94	93	95	92	93	95	98	97
Female	143	136	139	138	135	137	139	141	141
Days of care per 1,000 persons, total ¹	784	620	589	581	560	562	572	578	574
Male	694	551	517	510	491	490	506	507	505
Female	869	686	658	649	627	631	635	646	641
Average stay (days)	6.4	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8
Male	6.9	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2
Female	6.1	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5

¹ Rates are computed using Census Bureau estimates of the civilian population as of July 1. Rates for 1990 and 1995 were based on population estimates adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Rates for 2000 and 2003 were calculated using 2000-based postcensal estimates. Rates for 2000 differ from the ones shown in earlier reports because they were calculated using revised population estimates.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>.

Table 167. Hospital Utilization Measures for HIV Patients: 1990 to 2004

[HIV represents human immunodeficiency virus. See headnote, Table 166]

Measure of utilization	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004
Number of patients discharged	1,000	146	249	173	189	207	204
Rate of patient discharges ¹	Rate	5.8	9.4	6.2	6.6	7.2	7.0
Number of days of care	1,000	2,188	2,326	1,257	1,322	1,696	1,477
Rate of days of care ¹	Rate	86.9	87.6	45.2	46.0	58.6	50.5
Average length of stay	Days	14.9	9.3	7.3	7.0	8.2	7.2

¹ Per 10,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Populations for 1990-99 were adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Populations for 2000-2003 were 2000-based postcensal estimates. Rates for 2000-2001 differ from rates shown in a previous report because they were calculated using revised population estimates.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>

Table 168. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care: 2002 and 2004

[33,727 represents 33,727,000. See headnote, Table 166. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Age, race, and region	Discharges				Days of care per 1,000 persons ¹		Average stay (days)	
	Number (1,000)		Per 1,000 persons ¹					
	2002	2004	2002	2004	2002	2004	2002	2004
Total²	33,727	34,864	118	119	572	575	4.9	4.8
Age:								
Under 1 year old	810	842	201	207	1,134	1,244	5.6	6.0
1 to 4 years old	713	734	46	46	159	142	3.5	3.1
5 to 14 years old	1,016	995	25	24	109	106	4.4	4.3
15 to 24 years old	3,083	3,062	77	74	266	257	3.5	3.5
25 to 34 years old	3,897	4,046	99	102	328	343	3.3	3.4
35 to 44 years old	3,757	3,692	84	84	368	363	4.4	4.3
45 to 64 years old	7,723	8,323	116	118	575	592	5.0	5.0
65 to 74 years old	4,642	4,786	254	259	1,412	1,405	5.6	5.4
75 years old and over	8,085	8,384	467	470	2,795	2,715	6.0	5.8
Race:								
White	20,806	20,979	90	89	436	431	4.9	4.8
Black	3,995	4,118	109	110	584	597	5.3	5.4
Asian/Pacific Islander	538	592	45	46	243	230	5.4	5.0
American Indian/Eskimo/ Aleut	173	135	63	48	330	202	5.2	4.2
Region:								
Northeast	6,990	7,388	129	136	727	732	5.6	5.4
Midwest	7,503	7,680	115	117	512	513	4.4	4.4
South	12,994	13,239	127	126	618	617	4.9	4.9
West	6,239	6,557	96	98	430	439	4.5	4.5

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates based on the 2000 Census were used to calculate rates. ² Includes other races not shown separately.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>.

Table 169. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care by Sex: 2004

[13,844 represents 13,844,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Diagnostic categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 166]

Sex, age, and first-listed diagnosis	Discharges		Days of care per average stay (days)		Sex, age, and first-listed diagnosis	Discharges		Days of care per average stay (days)	
	Number (1,000)	Per persons ¹	1,000 persons ¹	per person ¹		Number (1,000)	Per persons ¹	1,000 persons ¹	per person ¹
Male					Female				
All ages²	13,844	102.6	541.1	5.2	All ages²	21,020	134.9	599.6	4.5
Under 18 years ³	1,637	43.6	201.5	4.6	Under 18 years ³	1,516	42.4	184.4	4.4
Injuries and poisoning	195	5.2	18.5	3.6	Injuries and poisoning	122	3.4	12.6	3.7
Asthma	127	3.4	7.3	2.1	Pneumonia	86	2.4	7.9	3.3
Pneumonia	103	2.7	8.9	3.2	Asthma	71	2.0	4.6	2.3
18-44 years ³	2,622	46.5	225.6	4.9	18-44 years ³	7,597	136.2	445.5	3.3
Injuries and poisoning	453	8.0	40.8	5.1	Delivery	3,980	71.4	186.2	2.6
Serious mental illness ⁵	319	5.7	43.4	7.7	Serious mental illness ⁵	331	5.9	43.1	7.3
Alcohol and drug ⁴	182	3.2	14.3	4.4	Injuries and poisoning	298	5.3	22.4	4.2
Diseases of heart	162	2.9	10.1	3.5	Alcohol and drug ⁴	109	2.0	6.2	4.7
45-64 years ³	4,073	118.4	612.4	5.2	45-64 years ³	4,249	117.3	571.8	4.9
Diseases of heart	821	23.9	95.7	4.0	Diseases of heart	483	13.3	57.1	4.3
Injuries and poisoning	374	10.9	68.9	6.3	Injuries and poisoning	335	9.2	50.8	5.5
Malignant neoplasms	206	6.0	38.6	6.4	Malignant neoplasms	211	5.8	36.9	6.3
Serious mental illness ⁵	162	4.7	42.2	9.0	Serious mental illness ⁵	201	5.5	51.8	9.4
Alcohol and drug ⁴	150	4.4	19.6	4.5	Pneumonia	118	3.3	18.8	5.8
65-74 years ³	2,263	268.5	1,442.3	5.4	65-74 years ³	2,523	251.4	1,374.0	5.5
Diseases of heart	547	65.0	280.9	4.3	Diseases of heart	428	42.6	199.7	4.7
Injuries and poisoning	161	19.1	128.7	6.7	Injuries and poisoning	197	19.6	114.6	5.8
Malignant neoplasms	146	17.4	109.7	6.3	Osteoarthritis	152	15.1	60.9	4.0
Cerebrovascular diseases	106	12.5	56.9	4.5	Malignant neoplasms	138	13.8	101.3	7.3
Pneumonia	103	12.2	75.0	6.2	Pneumonia	125	12.5	72.3	5.8
75 years and over ³	3,250	483.1	2,815.5	5.8	Cerebrovascular diseases	92	9.1	44.4	4.9
Diseases of heart	761	113.1	579.0	5.1	75 years and over ³	5,135	462.4	2,653.9	5.7
Pneumonia	261	38.8	232.5	6.0	Diseases of heart	1,051	94.6	485.2	5.1
Injuries and poisoning	225	33.4	207.8	6.2	Injuries and poisoning	501	45.1	284.0	6.3
Cerebrovascular diseases	168	24.9	129.9	5.2	Pneumonia	311	28.0	179.1	6.4
Malignant neoplasms	144	21.3	149.0	7.0	Cerebrovascular diseases	272	24.5	129.2	5.3
					Malignant neoplasms	174	15.6	103.6	6.6

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard population using six age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. See Appendix II, Age adjustment. ³ Includes discharges with first-listed diagnoses not shown in table. ⁴ Includes abuse, dependence, and withdrawal. These estimates are for nonfederal short-stay hospitals only and do not include alcohol and drug discharges from other types of facilities or programs such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or day treatment programs. ⁵ These estimates are for nonfederal short-stay hospitals only and do not include serious mental illness discharges from other types of facilities or programs such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or long-term hospitals. ⁶ Estimates are considered unreliable.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Hospital Discharge Survey. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about/major/hdasnd/nhds.htm>>.

Table 170. Procedures for Inpatients Discharged From Short-Stay Hospitals: 1990 to 2004

[23,051 represents 23,051,000. Procedure categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 166]

Sex and type of procedure	Number of procedures (1,000)				Rate per 1,000 population ¹			
	1990	1995	2000	2004	1990	1995	2000	2004
Surgical procedures, total ²	23,051	22,530	23,244	26,632	92.4	86.2	83.6	91.1
Cardiac catheterization	995	1,068	1,221	1,297	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.4
Removal of coronary artery obstruction ³	285	434	1,025	1,285	1.2	1.7	3.7	4.4
Repair of current obstetric laceration	795	964	1,136	1,241	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.2
Cesarean section	945	785	855	1,236	3.8	3.0	3.1	4.2
Reduction of fracture ⁴	609	577	628	667	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3
Male, total ²	8,538	8,388	8,689	10,098	70.6	65.9	63.9	70.4
Removal of coronary artery obstruction ³	200	285	655	853	1.7	2.2	4.8	5.9
Cardiac catheterization	620	660	732	771	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.4
Coronary artery bypass graft	286	423	371	303	2.4	3.3	2.7	2.1
Female, total ²	14,513	14,142	14,556	16,534	113.0	105.3	102.4	111.0
Repair of current obstetric laceration	795	964	1,136	1,241	6.2	7.2	8.0	8.3
Cesarean section	945	785	855	1,236	7.4	5.8	6.0	8.3
Hysterectomy	591	583	633	617	4.6	4.3	4.5	4.1
Diagnostic and other nonsurgical procedures ⁵	17,455	17,278	16,737	18,391	70.0	66.1	60.2	62.9
Angiocardiography and arteriography ⁶	1,735	1,834	2,005	2,110	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.2
Respiratory therapy	1,164	1,127	991	1,157	4.7	4.3	3.6	3.8
Manual assisted delivery	750	866	898	1,000	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.5
CAT scan ⁷	1,506	967	754	828	6.0	3.7	2.7	2.8
Diagnostic ultrasound	1,608	1,181	886	813	6.4	4.5	3.2	2.8
Male, total ⁵	7,378	7,261	6,965	7,573	61.0	57.1	51.2	52.8
Angiocardiography and arteriography ⁶	1,051	1,076	1,157	1,171	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.2
Respiratory therapy	586	572	507	588	4.9	4.5	3.7	4.1
CAT scan	736	473	345	389	6.1	3.7	2.5	2.7
Female, total ⁵	10,077	10,016	9,772	10,818	78.5	74.6	68.8	72.6
Manual assisted delivery	750	866	898	1,000	5.9	6.5	6.3	6.7
Fetal EKG and fetal monitoring	1,377	935	750	854	10.8	7.0	5.5	5.7
Diagnostic ultrasound	941	682	501	444	7.3	5.1	3.5	3.0

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates based on the 1990 Census were used to calculate rates for 1990 through 2000. Population estimates based on the 2000 census were used to calculate rates for 2001 through 2004. ² Includes other types of surgical procedures not shown separately. ³ Beginning 1996 includes separately coded "insertion of stent." ⁴ Excluding skull, nose, and jaw. ⁵ Includes other nonsurgical procedures not shown separately. ⁶ Using contrast material. ⁷ Computerized axial tomography.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/sr.htm>>.

Table 171. Organ Transplants and Grafts: 1990 to 2005

[As of end of year. Based on reports of procurement programs and transplant centers in the United States, except as noted]

Procedure	Number of procedures						Number of centers		Number of people waiting, 2005	1-year patient survival rates, 2004 (percent)
	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	1990	2005		
Transplant: ¹										
Heart	2,095	2,342	2,172	2,057	2,016	2,127	148	135	2,993	87.7
Heart-lung	52	69	47	29	39	33	79	60	143	56.4
Lung	203	869	955	1,085	1,173	1,408	70	67	3,038	82.8
Liver	2,631	3,818	4,816	5,671	6,168	6,444	85	126	17,250	86.3
Kidney	9,358	10,957	13,258	15,129	16,000	16,477	232	247	66,701	98.0
Kidney-pancreas	459	915	910	871	880	903	(NA)	(NA)	2,506	95.5
Pancreas	60	103	420	502	604	540	84	145	1,747	94.2
Intestine	1	21	29	116	152	178	(NA)	48	220	82.4
Multi-organ	71	124	213	350	441	518	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Cornea grafts ²	40,631	44,652	46,949	46,436	46,841	44,329	³ 107	³ 88	(NA)	(NA)
Bone grafts(1,000)	350	450	800	1,200	1,500	1,620	30	65	(X)	(NA)
Skin grafts ⁴	5,500	5,500	13,000	16,000	19,000	20,000	25	45	(X)	(NA)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Kidney-pancreas and heart-lung transplants are each counted as one organ. All other multi-organ transplants, excluding kidney-pancreas and heart-lung, are included in the multi-organ row. Based on the Organ Procurement and Transplant Network (OPTN) as of July 28, 2006. The data have been supplied by UNOS under contract with HHS. This work was supported in part by Health Resources and Services Administration contract 231-00-0015. The authors alone are responsible for the reporting and interpretation of these data. Data subject to change based on future data submission or correction. ² 1990–1992, number of procedures and eye banks include Canada. From 1993 on, the data is for the U.S. only. ³ Eye banks. ⁴ Procedure data are shown in terms of square feet.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Office of Special Programs, Division of Transplantation, Rockville, MD; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS), Richmond, VA; University Renal Research and Education Association, Ann Arbor, MI; American Association of Tissue Banks, McLean, VA; and Eye Bank Association of America, Washington, DC; and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.optn.org/>>.

Table 172. Injury and Poisoning Episodes and Conditions by Age and Sex: 2004

[33,173 represents 33,173,000. Covers all medically attended injuries and poisonings occurring during the 5-week period prior to the survey interview. Age adjustment is used to adjust for differences in the age distribution of populations being compared. There may be more than one condition per episode. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III.

External cause and nature of injury	Both sexes						Male, total	Female, total	
	Total	Total, age-adjusted ¹	Under 12 years old	12 to 21 years old	22 to 44 years old	45 to 64 years old			65 years old and over
EPISODES									
Number (1,000)	33,173	(X)	4,816	6,977	10,569	7,314	3,496	17,273	15,900
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	115.1	111.9	100.7	168.8	112.1	104.2	101.1	122.6	107.9
Fall	41.7	41.0	43.2	41.3	29.9	46.0	64.0	36.9	46.4
Struck by or against a person or an object	13.4	11.9	11.8	35.5	10.6	8.9	45.8	17.1	9.8
Transportation	12.8	12.5	10.2	18.8	14.2	12.4	46.2	12.9	12.7
Overexertion	16.5	16.1	2.0	31.4	23.8	11.8	48.7	17.8	15.3
Cutting, piercing instruments	9.9	10.1	4.9	9.9	13.6	9.3	44.7	13.0	6.9
Poisoning ⁵	1.3	1.1	4.1	3.4	0.9	4.4	-	4.3	4.3
CONDITIONS									
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	149.8	145.9	120.5	207.9	144.6	147.6	139.2	154.3	145.4
Sprains/strains	48.7	47.7	14.9	79.2	64.3	45.6	22.7	45.8	51.5
Open wounds	19.1	19.3	22.3	18.8	21.6	16.5	13.0	24.7	13.7
Fractures	18.7	17.9	18.6	27.9	13.0	16.2	28.5	18.3	19.1
Contusions	29.0	27.6	18.4	36.4	15.7	37.6	53.8	26.5	31.4

- Represents zero. X Not applicable. ¹ Data were age-adjusted using the 2000 standard population. ² Includes other items not shown separately. ³ Includes the categories "Motor vehicle, bicycle, motorcycle; pedestrian, train, boat, and airplane." ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Poisoning episodes are assumed to have a single condition resulting from the episode.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/injury.htm>>.

Table 173. Injuries Associated With Selected Consumer Products: 2004

[Estimates calculated from a representative sample of hospitals with emergency treatment departments in the United States. Data are estimates of the number of emergency room treated cases nationwide associated with various products. Product involvement does not necessarily mean the product caused the accident. Products were selected from the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System (NEISS)]

Product	Number	Product	Number
Home workshop equipment:		Floors or flooring materials	1,112,226
Saws (hand or power)	101,420	Other doors (excl. garage)	327,041
Hammers	36,066	Ceilings and walls	314,346
Household packaging and containers:		Home entertainment equipment:	
Household containers and packaging	223,260	Televisions	42,811
Bottles and jars	72,107	Personal use items:	
Housewares:		Footwear	121,094
Knives	460,309	Wheelchairs	105,935
Tableware and flatware	107,052	Jewelry	79,753
Drinking glasses	82,517	Yard and garden equipment:	
Home furnishing		Lawn mowers	81,948
Beds	518,441	Sports and recreation equipment:	
Tables	305,214	Bicycles	534,883
Chairs	306,523	Skateboards	113,329
Household cabinets, racks, and shelves	268,183	Trampolines	111,851
Home structures, construction:		Swimming pools	79,601
Stairs or steps	1,138,196	Playground climbing equipment	80,206

¹ Excludes baby changing and television tables or stands.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Accident Facts*, annual through 1998, beginning 1999, *Injury Facts, Annual* (copyright); <<http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.htm>>.

Table 174. Costs of Unintentional Injuries: 2004

[574.8 represents \$574,800,000,000. Covers costs of deaths or disabling injuries together with vehicle accidents and fires]

Cost	Amount (bil. dol.)					Percent distribution				
	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other
Total	574.8	240.6	142.2	129.0	83.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wage and productivity losses ²	298.4	86.4	73.3	85.1	57.6	51.9	35.9	51.5	66.0	69.1
Medical expense	98.9	30.0	26.0	27.7	17.0	17.2	12.5	18.3	21.5	20.4
Administrative expenses ³	111.9	81.0	31.0	6.8	5.7	19.5	33.7	21.8	5.3	6.8
Motor vehicle damage	41.0	41.0	1.6	(NA)	(NA)	7.1	17.0	1.1	(NA)	(NA)
Employer uninsured cost ⁴	14.8	2.2	7.9	3.3	1.8	2.6	0.9	5.6	2.6	2.2
Fire loss	9.8	(NA)	2.4	6.1	1.3	1.7	(NA)	1.7	4.7	1.6

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes duplication between work and motor vehicle (\$20.4 billion in 2004). ² Actual loss of wages and household production, and the present value of future earnings lost. ³ Home and other costs may include costs of administering medical treatment claims for some motor-vehicle injuries filed through health insurance plans. ⁴ Estimate of the uninsured costs incurred by employers, representing the money value of time lost by noninjured workers.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Accident Facts*, annual through 1998, beginning 1999, *Injury Facts, Annual* (copyright); <<http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.htm>>.

Table 175. Specified Reportable Diseases—Cases Reported: 1980 to 2004

[190.9 represents 190,900. Figures should be interpreted with caution. Although reporting of some of these diseases is incomplete, the figures are of value in indicating trends of disease incidence. Includes cases imported from outside the United States]

Disease	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
AIDS ¹	(²)	41,595	71,547	45,104	40,758	41,868	42,745	44,232	44,108
Botulism ³	89	92	97	154	138	155	118	129	133
Brucellosis (undulant fever)	183	85	98	82	87	136	125	104	114
Chickenpox (Varicella) ⁴ (1,000)	190.9	173.1	120.6	46.0	27.4	22.5	22.8	20.9	32.9
Coccidioidomycosis	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,826	2,867	3,922	4,968	4,870	6,449
Cholera	9	6	23	6	5	3	2	2	5
Cryptosporidiosis	(²)	(²)	(NA)	2,361	3,128	3,785	3,016	3,506	3,577
Diphtheria	3	4	—	1	1	2	1	1	—
Encephalitis/meningitis, arboviral	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,840	2,866	1,273
Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7	(²)	(²)	2,139	4,513	4,528	3,287	3,840	2,671	2,544
Giardiasis	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	21,206	19,709	20,636
Haemophilus influenzae	(²)	(²)	1,180	1,309	1,398	1,597	1,743	2,013	2,085
Hansen disease (Leprosy)	223	198	144	108	91	79	96	95	105
Hepatitis A (infectious) (1,000)	29.1	31.4	31.6	17.0	13.4	10.6	8.8	7.7	5.9
B (serum) (1,000)	19.0	21.1	10.8	7.7	8.0	7.8	8.0	7.5	6.2
C/Non-A, non-B (1,000) ⁵	(²)	2.6	4.6	3.1	3.2	4.0	1.8	1.1	0.7
Legionellosis	(²)	1,370	1,241	1,108	1,127	1,168	1,321	2,232	2,093
Lyme disease	(²)	(²)	11,700	16,273	17,730	17,029	23,763	21,273	19,804
Malaria	2,062	1,292	1,419	1,666	1,560	1,544	1,430	1,402	1,458
Measles (1,000)	13.5	27.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	—	0.1	—
Meningococcal infections	2,840	2,451	3,243	2,501	2,256	2,333	1,814	1,756	1,361
Mumps (1,000)	8.6	5.3	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
Pertussis ⁶ (1,000)	1.7	4.6	5.1	7.3	7.9	7.6	9.8	11.6	25.8
Plague	18	2	9	9	6	2	2	1	3
Poliomyelitis, acute	9	6	7	2	—	—	—	—	—
Psittacosis	124	113	64	16	17	25	18	12	12
Rabies, animal	6,421	4,826	7,811	6,730	6,934	7,150	7,609	6,846	6,345
Rabies, human	—	1	5	—	4	1	3	2	7
Rocky Mountain spotted fever	1,163	651	590	579	495	695	1,104	1,091	1,713
Rubella	3,904	1,125	128	267	176	23	18	7	10
Salmonellosis ⁸ (1,000)	33.7	48.6	46.0	40.6	39.6	40.5	44.3	43.7	42.2
Shigellosis ⁹ (1,000)	19.0	27.1	32.1	17.5	22.9	20.2	23.5	23.6	14.6
Streptococcal disease, invasive, Group A	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,667	3,144	3,750	4,720	5,872	4,395
Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive:									
Drug-resistant	(²)	(²)	(²)	4,625	4,533	2,896	2,546	2,356	2,590
Age less than 5 years	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	498	513	845	1,162
Tetanus	95	64	41	40	35	37	25	20	34
Toxic-shock syndrome	(²)	322	191	113	135	127	109	133	95
Trichinosis	131	129	29	12	16	22	14	6	5
Tuberculosis ¹⁰ (1,000)	27.7	25.7	22.9	17.5	16.4	16.0	15.1	14.9	14.5
Typhoid fever	510	552	369	346	377	368	321	356	322
Sexually transmitted diseases:									
Chancroid	788	4,212	606	143	78	38	67	54	30
Chlamydia (1,000)	(²)	(²)	478	657	702	783	835	877	929
Gonorrhea (1,000)	1,004	690	393	360	359	362	352	335	330
Syphilis (1,000)	69	134	69	36	32	32	34	34	33

— Represents zero. ¹ Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome was not a notifiable disease until 1984. Figures are shown for years in which cases were reported to the CDC. Beginning 1995, based on revised classification system and expanded surveillance case definition. ² Disease was not notifiable. ³ Includes foodborne, infant, wound, and unspecified cases. ⁴ Chickenpox was taken off the nationally notifiable list in 1991 but many states continue to report. ⁵ Includes some persons positive for antibody to hepatitis C virus who do not have hepatitis. ⁶ Whooping cough. ⁷ German measles. Excludes rubella, congenital syndrome. ⁸ Excludes typhoid fever. ⁹ Bacillary dysentery. ¹⁰ Newly reported active cases.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2004, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 53, No. 53, June 16, 2006. <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm5353.pdf>>.

Table 176. AIDS, Syphilis, and Tuberculosis Cases Reported by State: 2004

State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis
U.S. . . .	144,108	33,401	14,517	KS	118	87	62	ND	18	—	4
AL	476	639	43	KY	255	151	127	OH	685	571	219
AK	55	15	211	LA	1,027	1,645	249	OK	202	168	178
AZ	607	974	272	ME	60	7	20	OR	282	108	106
AR	185	249	132	MA	1,453	1,002	314	PA	1,663	574	327
CA	4,764	4,586	2,989	MD	576	517	283	RI	133	104	51
CO	350	179	127	MI	654	806	273	SC	768	523	234
CT	653	169	101	MN	220	145	199	SD	12	—	11
DE	163	61	32	MO	478	404	119	TN	777	799	279
DC	990	357	81	MS	408	268	127	TX	3,307	4,205	1,683
FL	5,869	2,964	1,076	MT	8	4	15	UT	81	78	36
GA	1,682	1,588	536	NE	68	15	39	VT	17	3	6
HI	149	36	116	NV	304	253	95	VA	798	610	329
ID	20	78	11	NH	45	26	24	WA	447	336	244
IL	1,702	1,345	569	NJ	1,849	826	482	WV	97	18	24
IN	406	273	128	NM	188	251	42	WI	178	127	95
IA	64	36	47	NY	7,624	4,468	1,363	WY	21	6	5
				NC	1,152	747	382				

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes cases among persons with unknown state of residence.
 Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2004, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 53, No. 53, June 16, 2006. <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm5353.pdf>>.

Table 177. Reported AIDS Cases for Adults and Adolescents by Transmission Category and Sex: Cumulative Through 2004

[Provisional. For cases reported in the year shown. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and U.S. Pacific Islands. Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) is a specific group of diseases or conditions which are indicative of severe immunosuppression related to infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Data are subject to retrospective changes and may differ from those data in Table 175]

Exposure category	2004			Cumulative through 2004 ¹		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Persons 13 years old and over, total	44,615	32,756	11,859	908,905	737,300	171,603
Male-to-male sexual contact	15,607	15,607	(X)	402,722	402,722	(X)
Injection drug use	6,919	4,564	2,355	219,053	155,872	63,181
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	1,696	1,696	(X)	60,038	60,038	(X)
Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	92	71	21	5,427	5,096	331
Heterosexual contact	8,651	3,373	5,278	117,887	43,347	74,540
Sex with injection drug user	1,306	435	871	35,616	11,048	24,568
Sex with bisexual male	251	(X)	251	4,617	(X)	4,617
Sex with person with hemophilia	19	4	15	556	78	478
Sex with HIV-infected transfusion recipient	66	29	37	1,250	517	733
Sex with HIV-infected person, risk factor not specified	7,009	2,905	4,104	75,848	31,704	44,144
Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue	196	90	106	9,274	5,163	4,111
Other/risk not reported or identified	11,454	7,355	65,062	94,504	65,062	29,440

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes persons with a diagnosis of AIDS, reported from the beginning of the epidemic through 2004. Cumulative total includes persons with characteristics unknown.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2004*, Volume 16. <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/reports/2004report/default.htm>> (accessed 6 March 2006).

Table 178. Estimated Number of Persons Living With Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) by Year and Selected Characteristics: 2000 to 2004

[These numbers do not represent reported case counts. Rather, these numbers are point estimates, which result from adjustments of reported case counts. The reported case counts are adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases in persons initially reported without an identified risk factor. The estimates do not include adjustment for incomplete reporting. Data for years 2000 to 2003 have been revised. See the Commentary section in the 2004 report]

Age and characteristic	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total ¹	320,177	341,773	364,496	388,477	415,193
AGE AS OF END OF YEAR					
Less than 13 years old	2,843	2,611	2,353	2,034	1,695
13 and 14 years old	513	640	718	759	776
15 to 24 years	4,944	5,201	5,614	6,268	6,985
25 to 34 years	54,473	51,685	49,672	48,228	47,390
35 to 44 years	143,920	150,625	156,011	160,559	164,263
45 to 54 years	85,445	97,796	110,412	123,385	137,972
55 to 64 years	22,089	26,179	31,415	37,364	44,261
65 years old and over	5,950	7,036	8,300	9,880	11,850
RACE/ETHNICITY					
White, not Hispanic	119,420	125,279	131,672	138,238	145,935
Black, not Hispanic	132,090	142,552	153,512	165,246	178,233
Hispanic	63,894	68,673	73,463	78,557	84,001
Asian/Pacific Islander	2,612	2,893	3,242	3,638	4,045
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,099	1,187	1,288	1,404	1,506
MALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT TRANSMISSION CATEGORY					
Males 13 years old and over, total	248,726	264,267	280,917	298,272	317,698
Male-to-male sexual contact	142,069	151,511	161,937	173,086	185,326
Injection drug use	57,778	60,150	62,335	64,432	67,091
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	22,603	23,293	23,953	24,627	25,367
Heterosexual contact	22,568	25,480	28,738	32,071	35,671
Other ²	3,708	3,833	3,954	4,057	4,242
FEMALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT TRANSMISSION CATEGORY					
Females 13 years old and over, total	67,601	73,610	79,639	86,262	93,566
Injection drug use	26,656	27,924	28,955	30,033	31,472
Heterosexual contact	39,121	43,708	48,559	53,947	59,599
Other ²	1,824	1,977	2,125	2,282	2,494
CHILD (LESS THAN 13 YEARS AT DIAGNOSIS)					
Child (under 13 years old) total	3,848	3,895	3,939	3,941	3,927
Perinatal	3,706	3,753	3,799	3,807	3,797
Other ³	142	142	140	134	131

¹ Includes persons of unknown or multiple race and of unknown sex. Because column totals were calculated independently of the values for the subpopulations, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. ² Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal and risk not reported or not identified. ³ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, and risk not reported or not identified.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2004*, Volume 16. <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/reports/2004report/default.htm>> (accessed 6 March 2006).

Table 179. Children Immunized Against Specified Diseases: 1995 to 2004

[In percent. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population ages 19 months to 35 months. Based on estimates from the National Immunization Survey. The health care providers of the children are contacted to verify and/or complete vaccination information. Results are based on race/ethnic status of the child]

Vaccination			2004 ¹					
	1995 total	2000 total	Total	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic ²	American Indian/Alaska Native ³	Asian ³
Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP)								
diphtheria-tetanus:								
3+ doses	95	94	95.9	96.5	94.7	95.3	95.1	97.2
4+ doses	79	82	85.5	87.7	79.5	84.1	76.7	89.6
Polio: 3+ doses	88	90	91.6	92.1	90.4	91.2	86.5	92.8
Measles, mumps, rubella vaccine	90	91	93.0	93.5	90.7	93.2	88.8	94.1
Hib: 3+ doses	92	93	93.5	94.7	90.9	92.6	90.2	91.5
Hepatitis B: 3+ doses	68	90	92.4	93.0	90.8	91.9	91.2	93.0
Varicella ⁵	(NA)	68	87.5	86.5	86.3	89.1	84.0	91.1
PCV: 3+ doses ⁶	(X)	(X)	73.2	75.3	68.2	70.4	75.0	76.0
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV ⁷	76	78	83.5	85.7	77.8	82.2	75.6	87.4
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV/3+ Hib	74	76	82.5	85.1	76.0	81.2	74.6	83.5

NA Not available. X Not Applicable. ¹ Children in the Q1 2004 - Q4 2004 National Immunization Survey were born between February 2001 and June 2003. ² Children of Hispanic ethnicity may be of any race. ³ Non-Hispanic. ⁴ Haemophilus influenzae type B. ⁵ Data collection for varicella (chicken pox) began in July 1996. ⁶ PCV = Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. ⁷ MCV = Measles containing vaccine.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, National Immunization Program, Data and Statistics, "Immunization Coverage in the U.S."; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nip/coverage/default.htm>>.

Table 180. Learning Disability or Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder for Children 3–17 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2004

[In thousands, except percent (61,285 represents 61,285,000). Learning Disability is based on the question, "Has a representative from a school or a health professional ever told you that (child's name) has a learning disability?" Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder is based on the question, "Has a doctor or health professional ever told you that (child's name) had Attention Hyperactivity Disorder or Attention Deficit Disorder?"]

Selected characteristics	Total	Ever told had			
		Learning disability		Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total ¹ (age-adjusted)	61,285	4,881	8.0	4,527	7.4
Total ¹ (crude)	61,285	4,881	8.0	4,527	7.4
SEX:					
Male	31,476	2,989	9.5	3,194	10.2
Female	29,809	1,892	6.3	1,333	4.4
AGE: ²					
3 to 4 years old	8,201	4202	42.5	4151	41.8
5 to 11 years old	28,110	2,063	7.4	1,822	6.5
12 to 17 years old	24,974	2,615	10.5	2,553	10.2
RACE:					
Race alone ³	59,655	4,724	7.9	4,374	7.3
White	47,346	3,717	7.9	3,545	7.5
Black or African American	9,278	875	9.4	762	8.2
American Indian or Alaska Native	559	479	41.2	422	43.8
Asian	2,364	446	41.9	438	41.6
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	108	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
2 or more races ⁵	1,630	157	10.4	152	10.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ⁶					
Hispanic or Latino	11,491	647	5.8	462	4.1
Mexican or Mexican American	7,915	441	5.7	265	3.5
Not Hispanic or Latino	49,794	4,234	8.4	4,065	8.1
White, single race	36,685	3,115	8.4	3,147	8.5
Black or African American, single race	8,963	855	9.5	709	7.8

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 227, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: National Health Interview Survey, 2004*; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>.

Table 181. Number of Persons With a Disability by Age Group and by State: 2004

[In thousands (37,859 represents 37,859,000). A disability is a long-lasting sensory, physical, mental, or emotional condition (see footnotes below). Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Based on data from the 2004 American Community Survey (ACS). See text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

State	Total	5 to 15 years ¹	16 to 64 years ²	65 years and over ³	State	Total	5 to 15 years ¹	16 to 64 years ²	65 years and over ³
U.S.	37,859	2,824	21,495	13,539	MO	818	54	472	292
AL	768	49	460	258	MT	128	7	75	46
AK	86	10	57	19	NE	224	17	125	83
AZ	723	58	401	265	NV	254	18	151	85
AR	534	37	323	174	NH	165	19	93	52
CA	3,978	261	2,276	1,441	NJ	955	82	495	378
CO	481	36	292	153	NM	283	17	170	97
CT	364	23	194	147	NY	2,297	171	1,276	850
DE	114	11	65	39	NC	1,191	97	668	425
DC	68	6	39	24	ND	80	6	43	31
FL	2,375	151	1,202	1,023	OH	1,596	132	905	559
GA	1,069	81	633	356	OK	582	37	352	192
HI	143	10	73	61	OR	528	41	306	181
ID	195	15	111	69	PA	1,781	132	967	681
IL	1,362	98	722	542	RI	150	14	83	53
IN	831	71	469	292	SC	632	47	375	209
IA	375	27	190	158	SD	90	6	47	37
KS	347	26	196	125	TN	925	59	557	308
KY	786	47	506	233	TX	2,636	230	1,513	894
LA	676	48	398	229	UT	240	24	141	74
ME	212	17	128	67	VT	88	9	51	28
MD	657	60	362	235	VA	909	71	527	311
MA	729	56	395	278	WA	826	57	507	262
MI	1,396	120	810	466	WV	394	19	238	137
MN	542	39	310	193	WI	675	55	387	233
MS	533	42	319	172	WY	70	5	43	22

¹ Persons aged 5 to 15 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the four conditions; sensory, physical, mental, or self-care disability. ² Persons aged 16 to 64 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the six conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability, go-outside-home, or employment disability. ³ Persons 65 years and over were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the five conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability, or go-outside-home disability.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "American Factfinder, 2004 American Community Survey, Summary Table, Sex by Age by Disability Status for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population 5 Years and Over." <<http://www.factfinder.census.gov/>>.

Table 182. Persons With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2004

[In percent. Limitation of activity is assessed by asking respondents a series of questions about limitations in their ability to perform activities usual for their age group because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000	2002	2003	2004	Characteristic	2000	2002	2003	2004
Total ^{1, 2}	11.7	12.4	12.1	11.9	Male ²	11.7	12.3	11.9	11.8
Under 18 years	6.0	7.1	6.9	7.0	Female ²	11.5	12.3	12.2	11.9
18 to 44 years	5.8	6.3	6.0	6.0	White, non-Hispanic ²	11.5	12.1	11.8	12.1
45 to 54 years	12.4	13.7	13.0	12.5	Black, non-Hispanic ²	14.3	14.9	15.3	15.3
55 to 64 years	19.7	21.1	21.1	19.9	Hispanic ^{2, 3}	10.3	10.7	10.2	10.2
65 to 74 years	26.1	25.2	26.3	25.5	Mexican	10.4	10.8	9.7	10.1
75 years and over	45.1	45.1	44.0	43.9					

¹ Includes all other races not shown separately. ² Estimates for all persons are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18–44 years, 45–54 years, 55–64 years, 65–74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2006*. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>

Table 183. Persons 65 Years Old and Over With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2004

[In percent. Covers noninstitutionalized persons 65 years old and over. To determine activities of daily living (ADL) limitations respondents were asked "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons with personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around inside this home?" Instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) were determined by asking respondents "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons in handling routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes?" See also headline, Table 182]

Characteristic	Percent with ADL limitation				Percent with IADL limitation			
	2000	2002	2003	2004	2000	2002	2003	2004
Total ^{1, 2}	6.3	6.1	6.4	6.1	12.7	12.2	12.2	11.5
65 to 74 years	3.3	2.7	3.1	2.9	6.6	6.0	6.5	5.5
75 years and over	9.5	9.8	9.9	9.5	19.3	18.9	18.4	18.1
Male ²	5.1	4.7	5.2	4.8	9.2	7.8	8.6	8.4
Female ²	7.0	7.0	7.2	6.9	15.1	15.2	14.6	13.6
Not Hispanic or Latino ²	6.1	5.9	6.1	5.8	12.6	12.1	12.1	11.3
White	5.7	5.5	5.7	5.5	12.1	11.5	11.4	10.7
Black or African American	10.1	9.9	10.4	8.7	19.1	18.4	19.0	17.1
Hispanic or Latino ^{2, 3}	8.6	9.2	10.3	10.4	13.4	13.1	13.8	14.8
Mexican	9.4	10.1	9.8	10.7	16.3	13.9	15.1	15.3

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using two age groups: 65–74 years and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2006*.

Table 184. Persons 18 Years and Over With Selected Diseases and Conditions, by Selected Characteristics: 2004

[In thousands (215,191 represents 215,191,000). Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Persons with selected diseases and conditions					
		Dia- betes ^{1,2}	Ul- cers ¹	Kidney dis- ease ^{3,4}	Liver dis- ease ³	Arthritis diag- nosis ⁵	Chronic joint symp- toms ^{5,6}
Total⁷	215,191	15,126	14,828	3,652	2,860	46,515	58,005
SEX:							
Male	103,552	7,541	7,129	1,447	1,293	18,497	25,797
Female	111,640	7,585	7,699	2,205	1,568	28,018	32,209
AGE:							
18 to 44 years old	110,417	2,173	4,956	972	878	8,841	17,349
45 to 64 years old	70,182	6,963	5,722	1,250	1,449	20,169	24,439
65 to 74 years old	18,360	3,393	2,002	629	263	8,496	8,181
75 years old and over	16,232	2,598	2,148	801	270	9,008	8,036
RACE:							
Race alone: ⁸	212,861	14,952	14,649	3,595	2,828	45,926	57,275
White	178,552	11,811	12,956	2,920	2,412	40,163	50,285
Black or African American	24,602	2,387	1,333	531	338	4,567	5,434
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,501	194	129	32	(B)	323	467
Asian	7,853	516	231	112	59	866	1,060
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	352	(B)	—	—	—	(B)	(B)
2 or more races ¹⁰	2,330	175	179	57	32	589	730
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE:¹¹							
Hispanic or Latino origin	26,798	1,879	1,292	626	416	3,095	4,319
Mexican or Mexican American	17,139	1,148	759	365	228	1,641	2,496

— Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had an ulcer or diabetes. A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Excludes borderline diabetes. Respondents were asked if they had been told in the last 12 months by a health professional that they had weak or failing kidneys or any kind of liver condition. ³ Excludes kidney stones, bladder infections, or incontinence. ⁴ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia. ⁵ Respondents with joint symptoms that began more than 3 months ago prior to interview. Excludes back and neck. ⁶ Total includes other races not shown separately. ⁷ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁸ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁹ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ¹⁰ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 228, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2004*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>.

Table 185. Persons 18 Years of Age and Over with Selected Circulatory Diseases, by Selected Characteristics: 2004

[In thousands (215,191 represents 215,191,000). In separate questions, respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had: hypertension (or high blood pressure); coronary heart disease, angina (or angina pectoris); heart attack (or myocardial infarction); any other heart condition or disease not already mentioned; or a stroke. A person may be represented in more than one column. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total persons	Selected circulatory diseases			
		Heart disease ¹		Hyper- tension ³	Stroke
		All types	Coronary ²		
Total⁴	215,191	24,666	13,621	47,493	5,519
SEX:					
Male	103,552	12,107	7,934	22,040	2,657
Female	111,640	12,559	5,688	25,453	2,862
AGE:					
18–44 years old	110,417	4,953	1,184	8,133	510
45–64 years old	70,182	8,636	4,858	21,303	1,750
65–74 years old	18,360	4,994	3,358	9,089	1,257
75 years old and over	16,232	6,082	4,221	8,968	2,002
RACE:					
Race Alone ⁵	212,861	24,415	13,493	47,004	5,467
White	178,552	21,732	12,056	39,121	4,600
Black or African American	24,602	2,088	1,082	6,484	667
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,501	144	68	318	(B)
Asian	7,853	436	253	1,038	131
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	352	(B)	(B)	642	(B)
2 or more races ⁷	2,330	251	128	489	52
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE:⁸					
Hispanic or Latino	26,798	1,685	1,042	3,734	460
Mexican or Mexican American	17,139	1,007	642	2,216	309

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, heart attack, or any other heart condition or disease. ² Coronary heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, or heart attack. ³ Persons had to have been told on two or more different visits that they had hypertension, or high blood pressure, to be classified as hypertensive. ⁴ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 228, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2004*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>.

Table 186. Selected Respiratory Diseases Among Persons 18 Years of Age and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2004

[In thousands (215,191 represents 215,191,000). Respondents were asked in two separate questions if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had emphysema or asthma. Respondents who had been told they had asthma were asked if they still had asthma. Respondents were asked in three separate questions if they had been told by a doctor or other health professional in the past 12 months that they had hay fever, sinusitis, or bronchitis. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Selected respiratory conditions ¹					
		Emphysema	Asthma		Hay fever	Sinusitis	Chronic bronchitis
			Ever	Still			
Total ²	215,191	3,576	21,300	14,358	18,629	30,789	9,047
SEX:							
Male	103,552	1,871	8,796	5,148	8,161	10,597	2,757
Female	111,640	1,704	12,503	9,210	10,468	20,192	6,291
AGE:							
18 to 44 years old	110,417	309	10,959	7,058	8,777	13,976	3,483
45 to 64 years old	70,182	1,393	6,973	4,871	7,252	11,769	3,413
65 to 74 years old	18,360	904	1,893	1,368	1,475	2,780	1,126
75 years old and over	16,232	970	1,474	1,061	1,126	2,265	1,026
RACE:							
Race alone: ³	212,861	3,541	20,945	14,106	18,331	30,368	8,904
White	178,552	3,207	17,376	11,750	15,948	26,352	7,842
Black or African American	24,602	237	2,755	1,890	1,667	3,278	878
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,501	430	251	147	84	203	45
Asian	7,853	459	541	302	606	521	131
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	352	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
2 or more races ⁵	2,330	435	355	252	298	421	143
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ⁶							
Hispanic or Latino	26,798	155	2,013	1,163	1,561	1,979	669
Mexican or Mexican American	17,139	82	997	604	873	1,064	354
Not Hispanic or Latino	188,393	3,420	19,287	13,195	17,068	28,810	8,378
White, single race	153,365	3,061	15,635	10,740	14,499	24,525	7,233
Black or African American, single race	23,806	235	2,648	1,831	1,615	3,184	865

¹ B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ² Total includes other races not shown separately. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 228, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adult: National Health Interview Survey, 2004*; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>.

Table 187. Asthma Incidence Among Children Under 18 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2004

[In thousands, except percent (73,067 represents 73,067,000). Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total	Ever told had asthma		Had asthma attack in past 12 months	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total ¹ (age-adjusted)	73,067	8,890	12.2	3,975	5.5
Total ¹ (crude)	73,067	8,890	12.2	3,975	5.4
SEX:					
Male	37,351	5,524	14.8	2,497	6.7
Female	35,715	3,366	9.4	1,478	4.1
AGE: ²					
0 to 4 years old	19,983	1,454	7.3	781	3.9
5 to 11 years old	28,110	3,653	13.0	1,710	6.1
12 to 17 years old	24,974	3,782	15.2	1,484	5.9
RACE:					
Race alone: ³	71,024	8,477	12.0	3,816	5.4
White	56,340	6,328	11.3	2,844	5.1
Black or African American	11,166	1,910	17.2	882	8.0
American Indian or Alaska Native	653	68	9.9	29	(B)
Asian	2,726	171	6.2	61	4.2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	139	-	-	-	-
2 or more races ⁵	2,043	413	21.1	159	8.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ⁶					
Hispanic or Latino	13,956	1,423	10.4	568	4.2
Mexican or Mexican American	9,673	851	9.1	277	3.0
Not Hispanic or Latino	59,111	7,467	12.6	3,407	5.8
White, single race	43,405	5,059	11.6	2,329	5.3
Black or African American, single race	10,751	1,834	17.1	838	7.9

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 227, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: National Health Interview Survey, 2004*; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>.

Table 188. Cancer—Estimated New Cases, 2006, and Survival Rates, 1987–1989 to 1996–2002

[1,400 represents 1,400,000. The 5-year relative survival rate, which is derived by adjusting the observed survival rate for expected mortality, represents the likelihood that a person will not die from causes directly related to their cancer within 5 years. Survival data shown are based on those patients diagnosed while residents of an area listed below during the time periods shown. Data are based on information collected as part of the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) program, a collection of population-based registries in five states (Connecticut, Hawaii, Iowa, New Mexico, Utah) and four metropolitan areas (Atlanta, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland and Seattle-Puget Sound)]

Site	Estimated new cases, ¹ 2006 (1,000)			5-year relative survival rates (percent)							
	Total	Male	Female	White				Black			
				1987–1989	1990–1992	1993–1995	1996–2002	1987–1989	1990–1992	1993–1995	1996–2002
All sites²	1,400	720	680	57.7	62.4	64.0	67.5	43.7	48.3	53.4	57.2
Lung	174	93	82	13.8	14.6	15.3	15.8	11.2	10.8	13.2	12.8
Breast ³	215	2	213	85.3	86.7	88.0	90.1	71.2	71.6	72.9	77.3
Colon and rectum	149	75	76	61.0	63.2	62.2	66.2	53.3	53.8	53.2	55.4
Colon	107	49	57	61.7	64.0	62.1	66.1	53.2	54.4	52.5	54.3
Rectum	42	24	18	59.5	61.3	62.4	66.4	53.6	52.0	55.4	58.6
Prostate	234	234	(X)	85.4	85.8	86.3	89.9	72.2	85.9	93.7	98.0
Bladder	61	45	17	81.4	82.0	83.4	82.9	63.4	64.8	62.7	64.5
Corpus uteri	41	(X)	41	85.7	87.2	86.6	87.0	59.3	57.1	62.3	62.2
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma ⁴	59	31	28	52.7	52.9	54.8	64.0	47.5	42.2	42.1	56.3
Oral cavity and pharynx	31	20	11	56.6	58.8	61.4	62.2	34.6	33.5	38.7	39.9
Leukemia ⁴	35	20	15	45.3	47.8	49.6	50.3	37.0	37.2	42.2	38.7
Melanoma of skin	62	34	28	88.2	89.6	90.1	92.5	79.9	61.6	67.6	75.2
Pancreas	34	17	17	3.4	4.6	4.3	4.9	5.7	3.6	3.7	4.7
Kidney	39	25	14	58.5	62.2	63.6	65.8	55.8	57.9	59.2	66.0
Stomach	22	13	9	19.1	19.4	20.9	21.9	19.9	24.5	20.0	23.3
Ovary	20	(X)	20	39.9	42.5	42.6	44.6	35.5	36.8	42.6	38.9
Cervix uteri ⁵	10	(X)	10	73.6	71.9	74.7	74.6	58.4	58.6	64.3	66.3

X Not applicable. ¹ Estimates provided by American Cancer Society (www.cancer.org) are based on rates from the National Cancer Institute's SEER program. ² Includes other sites not shown separately. ³ Survival rates for female only. ⁴ All types combined. ⁵ Invasive cancer only.

Source: U.S. National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, <<http://seer.cancer.gov/csr/19752003/>>.

Table 189. Cancer—Estimated New Cases and Deaths by State: 2006

[In thousands (1,399.8 represents 1,399,800). Excludes basal and squamous cell skin cancers and in situ carcinomas except urinary bladder]

State	New cases ¹			Deaths			State	New cases ¹			Deaths		
	Total ²	Female breast	Lung	Total ²	Female breast	Lung		Total ²	Female breast	Lung	Total ²	Female breast	Lung
U.S.	1,399.8	212.9	174.5	564.8	41.0	162.5	MO	31.1	4.6	4.1	12.5	0.9	3.9
AL	24.4	3.7	3.5	9.8	0.7	3.3	MT	4.8	0.6	0.6	1.9	0.1	0.6
AK	2.0	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.1	0.2	NE	8.5	1.2	1.0	3.4	0.2	0.9
AZ	25.5	3.7	3.1	10.3	0.7	2.9	NV	11.6	1.7	1.5	4.7	0.3	1.4
AR	15.2	2.0	2.4	6.1	0.4	2.2	NH	6.5	0.9	0.8	2.6	0.2	0.7
CA	138.7	21.2	14.9	56.0	4.1	13.9	NJ	43.9	8.1	5.0	17.7	1.6	4.6
CO	16.9	2.7	1.8	6.8	0.5	1.7	NM	8.2	1.1	0.8	3.3	0.2	0.8
CT	17.3	2.6	2.0	7.0	0.5	1.9	NY	88.2	14.4	9.9	35.6	2.8	9.2
DE	4.2	0.6	0.6	1.7	0.1	0.5	NC	40.9	6.3	5.5	16.5	1.2	5.1
DC	2.7	0.5	0.3	1.1	0.1	0.3	ND	3.2	0.5	0.3	1.3	0.1	0.3
FL	99.0	13.4	13.3	39.9	2.6	12.4	OH	61.3	9.6	7.9	24.7	1.9	7.4
GA	36.7	5.9	4.9	14.8	1.1	4.5	OK	18.6	2.9	2.6	7.5	0.6	2.4
HI	5.6	0.7	0.5	2.3	0.1	0.5	OR	18.3	2.8	2.3	7.4	0.5	2.1
ID	5.9	0.9	0.7	2.4	0.2	0.6	PA	73.6	12.3	8.5	29.7	2.4	7.9
IL	60.2	9.3	7.3	24.3	1.8	6.8	RI	5.9	0.8	0.7	2.4	0.2	0.6
IN	32.7	4.7	4.6	13.2	0.9	4.3	SC	22.5	3.2	3.0	9.1	0.6	2.8
IA	16.3	2.2	1.9	6.6	0.4	1.7	SD	4.1	0.5	0.4	1.6	0.1	0.4
KS	13.2	2.1	1.7	5.3	0.4	1.5	TN	32.1	4.6	4.7	13.0	0.9	4.4
KY	23.7	3.2	3.8	9.6	0.6	3.5	TX	85.6	13.2	10.8	34.5	2.5	10.0
LA	23.9	4.0	3.2	9.6	0.8	3.0	UT	6.6	1.2	0.5	2.7	0.2	0.5
ME	7.9	1.0	1.0	3.2	0.2	1.0	VT	3.0	0.5	0.4	1.2	0.1	0.4
MD	25.9	4.3	3.3	10.4	0.8	3.1	VA	35.0	6.1	4.8	14.1	1.2	4.5
MA	33.3	4.7	4.1	13.4	0.9	3.8	WA	28.4	4.0	3.5	11.4	0.8	3.3
MI	48.3	7.1	6.2	19.5	1.4	5.8	WV	11.3	1.4	1.6	4.6	0.3	1.5
MN	23.5	3.1	2.6	9.5	0.6	2.4	WI	26.4	4.0	3.0	10.7	0.8	2.8
MS	15.1	2.3	2.2	6.1	0.4	2.1	WY	2.5	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.1	0.3

¹ Estimates are offered as a rough guide and should be interpreted with caution. They are calculated according to the distribution of estimated cancer deaths by state. ² Includes other types of cancer, not shown separately.

Source: American Cancer Society, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, *Cancer Facts and Figures—2006* (copyright). <<http://www.cancer.org/docroot/STT/stt0.asp>>.

Table 190. Use of Mammography for Women 40 Years Old and Over by Patient Characteristics: 1990 to 2003

[Percent of women having a mammogram within the past 2 years. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on National Health Interview Survey; see Appendix III. Data years 2001 and 2002 are not available]

Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2003 ²	Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2003 ²
Total ³	51.4	70.4	69.7	Years of school completed:			
40 to 49 years old	55.1	64.3	64.4	Less than 12 years	36.4	57.7	58.1
50 years old and over	49.7	73.6	72.4	12 years	52.7	69.7	67.8
50 to 64 years old	56.0	78.7	76.2	13 years or more	62.8	76.2	75.1
65 years old and over	43.4	67.9	67.7				
White, non-Hispanic	52.7	72.2	70.5	Poverty status: ⁵			
Black, non-Hispanic	46.0	67.9	70.5	Below poverty	28.7	54.8	55.3
Hispanic origin ⁴	45.2	61.2	65.0	At or above poverty	54.8	72.1	71.5

¹ Adjusted data—data for 2000 have been reweighted using the 2000 census population controls. ² Data for 2003 are weighted using the 2000 census population controls. ³ Includes all other races not shown separately and unknown education level and poverty status. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. ⁵ For explanation of the poverty level, see text, Section 13, Income, Expenditures and Wealth.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 191. Current Cigarette Smoking: 1990 to 2004

[In percent. Prior to 1992, a current smoker is a person who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes and who now smokes. Beginning 1995, definition includes persons who smoke only "some days." Excludes unknown smoking status. Based on the National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	1995 ¹	2000	2004	Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	1995 ¹	2000	2004
Total smokers, age-adjusted ²	25.3	24.6	23.1	20.8	Black, total	32.5	28.5	26.1	23.9
Male	28.0	26.5	25.2	23.0	18 to 24 years	21.3	³ 14.6	20.8	18.0
Female	22.9	22.7	21.1	18.7	25 to 34 years	33.8	25.1	23.3	21.2
White male	27.6	26.2	25.5	23.0	35 to 44 years	42.0	36.3	30.8	28.4
Black male	32.8	29.4	25.7	23.5	45 to 64 years	36.7	33.9	32.2	29.2
White female	23.5	23.4	22.0	19.5	65 years and over	21.5	28.5	14.2	14.1
Black female	20.8	23.5	20.7	16.9	Female, total	22.8	22.6	21.0	18.5
Total smokers	25.5	24.7	23.3	20.9	18 to 24 years	22.5	21.8	25.1	21.5
Male, total	28.4	27.0	25.7	23.4	25 to 34 years	28.2	26.4	22.5	21.0
18 to 24 years	26.6	27.8	28.5	25.6	35 to 44 years	24.8	27.1	26.2	21.6
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.5	29.0	26.1	45 to 64 years	24.8	24.0	21.6	19.8
35 to 44 years	34.5	31.5	30.2	26.5	65 years and over	11.5	11.5	9.3	8.1
45 to 64 years	29.3	27.1	26.4	25.0	White, total	23.4	23.1	21.6	19.1
65 years and over	14.6	14.9	10.2	9.8	18 to 24 years	25.4	24.9	28.7	22.9
White, total	28.0	26.6	25.8	23.2	25 to 34 years	28.5	27.3	25.1	22.6
18 to 24 years	27.4	28.4	30.9	26.7	35 to 44 years	25.0	27.0	26.6	22.7
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.9	29.9	26.3	45 to 64 years	25.4	24.3	21.4	20.1
35 to 44 years	33.5	31.2	30.6	26.6	65 years and over	11.5	11.7	9.1	8.2
45 to 64 years	28.7	26.3	25.8	24.4	Black, total	21.2	23.5	20.8	17.3
65 years and over	13.7	14.1	9.8	9.4	18 to 24 years	³ 10.0	³ 8.8	14.2	15.6
					25 to 34 years	29.1	26.7	15.5	18.3
					35 to 44 years	25.5	31.9	30.2	18.9
					45 to 64 years	22.6	27.5	25.6	20.9
					65 years and over	11.1	13.3	10.2	6.7

¹ Data prior to 1997 are not strictly comparable with data for later years due to the 1997 questionnaire redesign. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups: 18 to 24 years, 25 to 34 years, 35 to 44 years, 45 to 64 years, 65 years and over. ³ Data have a relative standard error of 20–30 percent.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, annual. See also <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 192. Current Cigarette Smoking by Sex and State: 2004

[In percent. Current cigarette smoking is defined as persons 18 years and older who reported having smoked 100 or more cigarettes during their lifetime and who currently smoke every day or some days. Based on the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, a telephone survey of health behaviors of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population, 18 years old and over; for details, see source]

State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female
U.S. ¹	20.9	23.2	19.2	KS	19.8	22.1	17.6	ND	19.9	24.1	15.8
AL	24.9	29.0	21.2	KY	27.6	29.3	25.9	OH	25.9	27.3	24.7
AK	24.9	26.4	23.3	LA	23.6	26.9	20.5	OK	26.1	28.1	24.2
AZ	18.6	19.7	17.6	ME	21.0	22.6	19.5	OR	20.0	21.9	18.2
AR	25.7	28.1	23.4	MD	19.7	22.7	16.9	PA	22.7	23.0	22.5
CA	14.8	18.5	11.1	MA	18.5	19.7	17.4	RI	21.3	23.7	19.2
CO	20.1	22.3	17.8	MI	23.4	25.0	21.8	SC	24.5	28.1	21.2
CT	18.1	20.1	16.2	MN	20.7	22.0	19.5	SD	20.3	22.0	18.7
DE	24.5	28.4	20.9	MT	24.6	29.1	20.5	TN	26.1	27.1	25.3
DC	21.0	25.1	17.3	MO	24.1	26.1	22.3	TX	20.6	23.7	17.5
FL	20.4	23.3	17.7	NY	20.4	20.6	20.2	UT	10.5	11.7	9.4
GA	20.1	22.4	17.9	NC	20.3	23.1	17.7	VT	20.0	21.8	18.3
HI ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	NE	23.2	24.7	21.7	VA	20.9	22.4	19.5
ID	17.5	19.2	15.7	NJ	21.8	24.0	19.7	WA	19.2	20.1	18.3
IL	22.2	26.1	18.6	NM	18.9	20.1	17.8	WV	26.9	27.4	26.4
IN	25.0	26.8	23.2	NY	20.3	22.8	17.9	WI	22.0	25.0	19.1
IA	20.8	22.8	19.0	NC	23.2	21.2	19.0	WY	21.7	21.6	21.9
						26.6	20.0				

NA Not available. ¹ Represents median value among the states and DC. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentations. ² Hawaii completed 3 of 12 months of interviews in 2004; these data are not available in the aggregate 2004 dataset.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 54, No. 44, November 11, 2005; <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr>>.

Table 193. Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities and Clients: 1995 to 2005

[As of October 2 (1995); As of October 1 (1996–2000), As of March 29 (2002), and as of March 31 (2003–2004). Based on the Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS)/National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) survey, a census of all known facilities that provide substance abuse treatment in the United States and associated jurisdictions. Selected missing data for responding facilities were imputed]

Primary focus	Number	Primary focus	Number	Type of care and type of problem	Number of clients
FACILITIES		CLIENTS		2005, total ¹	1,080,437
1995	10,746	1995	1,009,127	Outpatient rehab.	947,729
1996	10,641	1996	940,141	Outpatient detoxification	13,464
1997	10,860	1997	929,086	24-hour rehab	105,557
1998	13,455	1998	1,038,378	24-hour detoxification	13,687
1999	15,239	2000	1,000,896		
2000	13,428	2002	1,136,287		
2002	13,720	2003	1,092,546	2005, total ¹	1,066,248
2003	13,623	2004	1,072,251	Drug only	366,334
2004	13,454			Alcohol only	199,986
2005, total	13,367	2005, total	1,080,437	Both alcohol & drug	499,928
Substance abuse treatment services	8,303	Substance abuse treatment services	747,068		
Mental health services	1,063	Mental health services	47,002	Total with a drug problem ²	866,262
General health care	249	General health care	20,763		
Both substance abuse and mental health	3,568	Both substance abuse and mental health	257,524	Total with an alcohol problem ³	699,914
Other	184	Other	8,080		

¹ Excludes clients at facilities that did not provide data on type of substance abuse problem treated. ² The sum of clients with a drug problem and clients with both diagnoses. ³ The sum of clients with an alcohol problem and clients with both diagnoses.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS): Annual surveys for 1995 – 1999 and National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) 2000, and 2002–2005.* <<http://oas.samhsa.gov/oasftp.cfm#Data>>.

Table 194. Drug Use by Type of Drug and Age Group: 2002 and 2004

[In percent. The 2002 survey changed names from the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse to the National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Due to the impact of Survey improvements, 2002 data should not be compared with data collected in 2001 or earlier years. Current users are those who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on a representative sample of the U.S. population age 12 and older, including persons living in households and in some group quarters such as dormitories and homeless shelters. Estimates are based on computer-assisted interviews of about 68,000 respondents. Subject to sampling variability; see source]

Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user		Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user	
	2002	2004	2002	2004		2002	2004	2002	2004
12 YEARS OLD AND OVER					18 TO 25 YEARS OLD				
Any illicit drug ¹	46.0	45.8	8.3	7.9	Any illicit drug ¹	59.8	59.2	20.2	19.4
Marijuana and hashish	40.4	40.2	6.2	6.1	Marijuana and hashish	53.8	52.8	17.3	16.1
Cocaine	14.4	14.2	0.9	0.8	Cocaine	15.4	15.2	2.0	2.1
Crack	3.6	3.3	0.2	0.2	Hallucinogens	24.2	21.3	1.9	1.5
Heroin	1.6	1.3	0.1	0.1	Inhalants	15.7	14.0	0.5	0.4
Hallucinogens	14.6	14.3	0.5	0.4	Any psychotherapeutic ²	27.7	29.2	5.4	6.1
LSD	10.4	9.7	–	0.1	Alcohol	86.7	86.2	60.5	60.5
PCP	3.2	2.8	–	–	“Binge” alcohol use ³	(NA)	(NA)	40.9	41.2
Inhalants	9.7	9.5	0.3	0.3	Cigarettes	71.2	68.7	40.8	39.5
Any psychotherapeutic ²	19.8	20.0	2.6	2.5	Smokeless tobacco	23.7	21.4	4.8	4.9
Pain relievers	12.6	13.2	1.9	1.8	Cigars	45.6	44.1	11.0	12.7
Tranquilizers	8.2	8.3	0.8	0.7	26 TO 34 YEARS OLD				
Stimulants	9.0	8.3	0.5	0.5	Any illicit drug ¹	58.3	56.9	10.5	11.1
Methamphetamine	5.3	4.9	0.3	0.2	Marijuana and hashish	52.2	50.5	7.7	8.3
Sedatives	4.2	4.1	0.2	0.1	Cocaine	17.6	16.3	1.2	1.4
Alcohol	83.1	82.4	51.0	50.3	Hallucinogens	20.6	20.9	0.5	0.5
“Binge” alcohol use ³	(NA)	(NA)	22.9	22.8	Inhalants	14.1	13.1	0.1	0.2
Cigarettes	69.1	67.3	26.0	24.9	Any psychotherapeutic ²	24.4	23.9	3.6	3.6
Smokeless tobacco	19.9	18.6	3.3	3.0	35 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Cigars	37.4	36.3	5.4	5.7	Any illicit drug	42.7	42.9	4.6	4.2
Pipes	17.0	16.4	0.8	0.8	Marijuana and hashish	38.0	38.7	3.1	3.1
12 to 17 YEARS OLD					Cocaine	15.4	15.5	0.6	0.5
Any illicit drug ¹	30.9	30.0	11.6	10.6	Hallucinogens	12.6	12.8	0.1	–
Marijuana and hashish	20.6	19.0	8.2	7.6	Inhalants	7.2	7.4	0.1	0.1
Cocaine	2.7	2.4	0.6	0.5	Any psychotherapeutic ²	18.0	18.1	1.6	1.3
Hallucinogens	5.7	4.6	1.0	0.8	26 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Inhalants	10.5	11.0	1.2	1.2	Alcohol	88.0	87.3	53.9	53.0
Any psychotherapeutic ²	13.7	13.5	4.0	3.6	“Binge” alcohol use ³	(NA)	(NA)	21.4	21.1
Alcohol	43.4	42.0	17.6	17.6	Cigarettes	73.7	72.3	25.2	24.1
“Binge” alcohol use ³	(NA)	(NA)	10.7	11.1	Smokeless tobacco	20.9	19.6	3.2	2.7
Cigarettes	33.3	29.2	13.0	11.9	Cigars	39.0	37.9	4.6	4.6
Smokeless tobacco	8.0	7.1	2.0	2.3					
Cigars	16.3	14.8	4.5	4.8					

– Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. ¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. ² Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives; does not include over-the-counter drugs. ³ Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004. <<http://oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm#Reports>>

Table 195. Estimated Use of Selected Drugs by State: 2003–2004

[19,272 represents 19,272,000. Data in this table cover a 2-year period. The 2002 survey changed names from the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse to National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Due to the impact of survey improvements, 2002 data should not be compared with data collected in 2001 or earlier years. Current users are those persons 12 years old and over who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on national sample of respondents (see also headline, Table 194). The state estimates were produced by combining the prevalence rate based on the state sample data and the prevalence rate based on a national regression model applied to local-area county and census block group/tract-level estimates from the state. The parameters of the regression model are estimated from the entire national sample. For comparison purposes, the data shown here display estimates for all 50 states and the District of Columbia utilizing the modeled estimates for all 51 areas.]

State	Estimated current users (1,000)					Current users as percent of population				
	Any illicit drug	Marijuana	marijuana ¹	Cigarettes	Binge alcohol ²	Any illicit drug ¹	Marijuana	marijuana ¹	Cigarettes	Binge alcohol ²
U.S.	19,272	14,608	8,548	60,158	54,250	8.1	6.1	3.6	25.2	22.7
AL	258	175	135	1,030	711	6.9	4.7	3.6	27.7	19.1
AK	60	50	20	130	110	11.8	9.9	4.0	25.5	21.5
AZ	377	268	182	1,128	1,095	8.3	5.9	4.0	24.8	24.1
AR	170	130	85	674	464	7.5	5.8	3.8	30.0	20.7
CA	2,571	1,933	1,079	5,141	5,941	8.9	6.7	3.7	17.8	20.6
CO	379	273	173	985	919	10.2	7.3	4.7	26.5	24.7
CT	247	204	93	683	701	8.5	7.1	3.2	23.6	24.3
DE	58	43	27	169	155	8.6	6.3	3.9	24.9	22.8
DC	45	35	16	122	118	9.6	7.4	3.3	25.9	24.9
FL	1,110	840	502	3,436	3,030	7.8	5.9	3.5	24.0	21.2
GA	560	383	274	1,816	1,505	8.0	5.5	3.9	25.9	21.5
HI	81	66	29	206	232	8.0	6.5	2.8	20.3	22.8
ID	77	54	38	251	237	6.9	4.8	3.4	22.6	21.3
IL	788	594	337	2,808	2,693	7.6	5.7	3.3	27.1	26.0
IN	377	285	180	1,391	1,102	7.4	5.6	3.5	27.4	21.7
IA	161	116	77	668	699	6.5	4.7	3.1	27.1	28.4
KS	148	111	69	618	539	6.7	5.0	3.1	27.9	24.3
KY	294	219	138	1,133	686	8.6	6.0	4.1	33.3	20.1
LA	278	191	142	1,039	892	7.7	5.2	3.9	28.6	24.5
ME	104	93	40	298	240	9.3	8.3	3.6	26.6	21.5
MD	317	250	142	1,044	891	7.0	5.5	3.1	23.1	19.7
MA	547	468	192	1,177	1,528	10.2	8.7	3.6	21.9	28.4
MI	750	603	286	2,321	2,040	9.0	7.2	3.4	27.8	24.5
MN	313	258	136	1,053	1,098	7.4	6.1	3.2	25.0	26.0
MS	135	99	73	653	464	5.8	4.2	3.1	28.0	19.9
MO	384	301	177	1,444	1,185	8.1	6.4	3.7	30.6	25.1
MT	75	62	28	202	215	9.7	7.9	3.7	26.1	27.7
NE	98	76	43	345	377	6.9	5.3	3.0	24.2	26.5
NV	161	114	75	494	396	8.7	6.2	4.0	26.6	21.3
NH	108	95	40	268	277	9.9	8.7	3.7	24.6	25.4
NJ	490	357	225	1,622	1,467	6.9	5.0	3.1	22.7	20.5
NM	173	133	70	363	353	11.2	8.7	4.6	23.6	23.0
NY	1,451	1,186	495	3,967	3,735	9.1	7.4	3.1	24.9	23.4
NC	497	386	237	1,863	1,319	7.2	5.6	3.4	27.1	19.2
ND	39	30	17	145	168	7.5	5.6	3.2	27.5	31.8
OH	745	577	321	2,767	2,233	7.9	6.1	3.4	29.2	23.6
OK	241	160	118	879	591	8.4	5.6	4.1	30.8	20.7
OR	283	240	112	730	599	9.5	8.0	3.8	24.4	20.1
PA	808	624	355	2,814	2,558	7.8	6.0	3.4	27.1	24.7
RI	98	83	38	236	251	10.8	9.1	4.2	26.1	27.7
SC	261	196	123	919	724	7.6	5.7	3.6	26.9	21.2
SD	44	31	19	189	179	7.0	4.9	3.0	30.2	28.6
TN	331	245	170	1,360	739	6.8	5.0	3.5	28.0	15.2
TX	1,226	825	676	4,605	4,147	7.0	4.7	3.8	26.1	23.6
UT	126	77	75	324	276	6.9	4.2	4.1	17.6	15.0
VT	56	48	20	135	126	10.4	9.0	3.7	25.3	23.7
VA	434	323	201	1,520	1,327	7.2	5.4	3.4	25.4	22.2
WA	434	324	201	1,211	1,096	8.5	6.4	3.9	23.8	21.5
WV	113	86	60	493	297	7.4	5.6	3.9	32.1	19.3
WI	356	264	172	1,179	1,416	7.8	5.7	3.7	25.8	31.0
WY	33	24	16	107	107	7.9	5.7	3.8	25.5	25.5

¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. ² Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004*. <<http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm#Reports>>.

Table 196. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Height and Sex: 2003–2004

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), a sample of the civilian noninstitutional population. For this survey, the respondent participates in an interview and a physical examination. For persons 20 years old and over. Height was measured without shoes. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Height	Males						Females					
	20–29 years	30–39 years	40–49 years	50–59 years	60–69 years	70–79 years	20–29 years	30–39 years	40–49 years	50–59 years	60–69 years	70–79 years
Percent under—												
4'10"	—	—	—	—	—	—	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
4'11"	—	—	—	(B)	—	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	3.2	5.1
5'	—	(B)	—	(B)	—	(B)	3.7	3.9	5.9	9.0	4.8	11.4
5'1"	—	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	8.2	10.0	12.3	14.5	11.8	24.6
5'2"	—	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	14.7	16.3	21.8	20.9	20.6	38.5
5'3"	(B)	2.5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	29.8	26.7	32.1	33.3	35.4	55.9
5'4"	(B)	5.3	2.2	(B)	2.8	6.6	45.2	42.1	46.2	52.0	51.1	68.9
5'5"	5.4	9.2	3.4	(B)	6.5	13.8	57.8	60.9	60.2	63.9	66.7	86.5
5'6"	10.3	13.7	8.3	12.1	11.1	24.3	74.2	75.6	72.0	76.7	80.8	93.3
5'7"	15.2	20.0	15.2	18.2	20.1	33.3	84.5	86.5	84.2	87.4	89.0	96.8
5'8"	23.0	31.1	25.1	26.7	32.2	45.4	94.3	92.4	89.7	93.3	94.5	100.0
5'9"	33.9	43.4	38.0	41.7	44.7	56.7	97.5	96.6	95.9	97.8	96.0	100.0
5'10"	45.0	59.8	51.1	53.9	55.9	68.1	98.4	98.9	98.5	99.0	97.0	100.0
5'11"	60.9	72.3	63.9	67.6	68.6	84.7	99.4	99.4	100.0	99.5	98.9	100.0
6'	72.3	80.2	75.7	78.0	81.3	89.0	99.6	99.8	100.0	99.8	99.4	100.0
6'1"	85.1	87.8	86.1	85.0	89.1	94.5	99.6	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'2"	92.1	93.1	96.4	93.6	95.1	97.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'3"	95.7	97.3	98.4	96.8	98.0	98.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'4"	97.5	98.4	99.3	99.5	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'5"	98.8	99.5	99.3	99.5	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'6"	99.5	100.0	100.0	99.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

— Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 197. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Weight and Sex: 2003–2004

[See headnote, Table 196. Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES). Weight was measured without shoes. Pregnant females were excluded from the analyses. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Weight	Males						Females					
	20–29 years	30–39 years	40–49 years	50–59 years	60–69 years	70–79 years	20–29 years	30–39 years	40–49 years	50–59 years	60–69 years	70–79 years
Percent under—												
100 lb.	(B)	(B)	—	—	(B)	(B)	2.2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
110 lbs.	(B)	(B)	(B)	—	(B)	(B)	6.2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
120 lbs.	(B)	(B)	(B)	—	(B)	(B)	17.6	10.8	10.5	10.2	5.8	9.2
130 lbs.	5.7	(B)	2.2	(B)	(B)	(B)	30.6	22.8	15.5	18.1	12.9	18.7
140 lbs.	10.6	6.9	3.8	(B)	5.1	9.6	47.5	34.1	26.7	24.8	22.4	31.2
150 lbs.	15.0	12.4	6.7	7.6	9.2	18.1	57.9	44.0	36.5	35.0	32.7	47.1
160 lbs.	26.9	23.7	13.3	14.5	14.2	27.1	66.8	55.4	48.5	47.7	46.2	59.0
170 lbs.	36.7	35.5	20.0	25.3	22.9	37.9	72.8	62.8	56.3	58.8	59.7	70.9
180 lbs.	49.8	46.5	31.2	38.9	31.0	49.0	78.1	72.8	64.2	66.5	69.2	82.0
190 lbs.	61.4	52.4	43.2	46.4	44.1	57.2	82.0	79.1	71.5	72.7	76.1	86.7
200 lbs.	69.2	61.7	54.4	57.7	52.7	67.3	86.7	81.6	78.0	79.8	81.9	89.1
210 lbs.	76.1	69.6	66.7	66.6	62.6	76.6	89.4	86.8	83.9	83.5	86.1	91.8
220 lbs.	79.5	76.8	77.3	74.7	73.3	86.6	90.3	89.0	86.1	86.9	90.6	95.4
230 lbs.	83.9	85.8	82.6	81.7	79.4	89.4	92.1	91.2	89.9	88.8	93.4	96.7
240 lbs.	86.8	91.5	87.7	86.9	85.4	92.0	93.5	92.7	92.2	91.9	94.6	98.5
250 lbs.	90.7	92.7	92.0	92.1	88.6	94.8	94.4	93.9	94.6	93.2	97.1	98.5
260 lbs.	93.4	94.3	95.3	92.9	92.2	95.8	95.3	95.0	95.6	95.9	97.6	99.3
270 lbs.	94.9	94.8	95.8	93.5	94.6	98.0	96.6	96.7	95.9	96.9	99.1	99.8
280 lbs.	96.0	95.9	97.0	96.5	95.5	98.2	98.3	97.7	96.5	97.7	99.2	99.8
290 lbs.	96.6	96.1	97.4	97.1	97.5	99.5	98.9	98.2	97.5	97.7	99.3	99.8
300 lbs.	96.9	97.6	98.0	98.2	97.5	100.0	99.1	98.7	97.7	98.7	99.6	100.0
320 lbs.	98.0	99.5	98.8	99.7	98.2	100.0	100.0	98.9	98.9	98.7	99.8	100.0
340 lbs.	98.7	99.6	99.4	99.7	99.1	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.3	99.5	99.8	100.0
360 lbs.	99.2	99.6	99.9	100.0	99.4	100.0	100.0	99.8	100.0	99.5	100.0	100.0
380 lbs.	99.2	99.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.5	100.0	100.0
400 lbs.	99.2	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
420 lbs.	99.2	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
440 lbs.	99.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

— Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 198. Age-Adjusted Percent Distributions of Body Mass Index (BMI) Among Persons 18 Years Old and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2003–2004

[See headline, table 196. Body Mass Index (BMI) is a measure that adjusts body weight for height. It is calculated as weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared. For both men and women, underweight is indicated by a BMI under 18.5; healthy weight is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 18.5 and less than 25.0; overweight is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 25.0 and less than 30.0; obesity is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 30.0. Based on the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES)]

Selected characteristic	Underweight	Healthy weight	Above healthy weight		
			Total	Overweight	Obese
Total ¹ (age-adjusted)	1.8	32.9	65.3	33.7	31.6
Total ¹ (crude)	1.8	32.6	65.6	33.8	31.8
Age: ²					
18 to 44 years	2.7	38.0	59.3	29.5	29.8
45 to 64 years	(B)	26.0	73.1	37.2	35.9
65 to 74 years	(B)	25.5	74.0	39.4	34.6
75 years and over	0.8	33.3	65.9	42.4	23.5
Sex:					
Male	1.5	28.5	69.9	39.2	30.7
Female	2.0	36.6	61.5	28.7	32.8
Race/ethnicity and sex:					
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, male	1.5	27.8	70.7	39.6	31.1
White, female	2.2	39.2	58.6	28.4	30.2
Black alone or African American, male	(B)	31.3	67.0	33.7	33.3
Black alone or African American, female	(B)	18.3	80.3	27.3	53.0
Mexican or Mexican American, male	(B)	26.3	73.4	42.0	31.4
Mexican or Mexican American, female	(B)	27.2	72.1	32.6	39.5
Education: ³					
Less than a high school diploma	1.4	31.0	67.6	34.5	33.1
High school diploma or GED	(B)	27.2	71.8	36.6	35.2
Some college, bachelor's degree, or higher	1.3	31.7	66.9	35.0	32.0

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Total includes other race/ethnicities not shown separately and persons with unknown race/ethnicity. ² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ³ Education is shown only for persons 25 years old and over.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data.

Table 199. Percentage of Adults Engaging in Leisure-Time, Transportation-Related and Household-Related Physical Activity: 2005

[In percent. Covers persons 18 years old and over. Based on responses to questions about physical activity in prior month from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Estimates are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard population. Based on a survey sample of approximately 350,000 persons in 50 states and the District of Columbia in 2005]

Characteristic	Persons who meet recommended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recommended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³	Characteristic	Persons who meet recommended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recommended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³
Total	48.3	51.7	25.1	30 to 44 years old	50.3	49.7	24.3
Male	49.9	50.1	22.9	45 to 64 years old	45.8	54.2	27.3
Female	47.0	53.0	27.1	65 to 74 years old	41.2	58.8	31.7
White, non-Hispanic	50.9	49.1	21.4	75 years old and over	31.8	68.2	41.8
Black, non-Hispanic	40.2	59.8	32.8	School years completed:			
Hispanic	42.1	57.9	37.4	Less than 12 years	37.2	62.8	45.4
Other	46.2	53.8	25.5	12 years	45.6	54.4	31.4
Males:				Some college (13 to 15 years)	49.2	50.8	22.5
18 to 29 years old	58.5	41.5	18.8	College (16 or more years)	54.2	45.8	13.8
30 to 44 years old	50.1	49.9	21.0	Household income:			
45 to 64 years old	46.6	53.4	24.6	Less than \$10,000	36.9	63.1	44.6
65 to 74 years old	47.7	52.3	26.0	\$10,000 to \$19,999	38.7	61.3	39.8
75 years old and over	40.3	59.7	32.0	\$20,000 to \$34,999	45.3	54.7	30.6
Females:				\$35,000 to \$49,999	49.1	50.9	22.9
18 to 29 years old	52.1	47.9	23.2	\$50,000 and over	55.0	45.0	15.0

¹ Recommended activity is physical activity at least 5 times/week x 30 minutes/time or vigorous physical activity for 20 minutes at a time at least 3 times/week. ² Persons whose reported physical activity does not meet recommended level or report no leisure-time, transportation-related, or household-related physical activity. ³ Persons with no reported physical activity.

Source: U.S. National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Nutrition and Physical Activity; and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa>>.

Table 200. Households and Persons Having Problems With Access to Food: 2000 to 2004

[106,043 represents 106,043,000. Food secure means that a household had access at all times to enough food for an active healthy life for all household members, with no need for recourse to socially unacceptable food sources or extraordinary coping behaviors to meet their basic food needs. Food insecure households had limited or uncertain ability to acquire acceptable foods in socially acceptable ways. Food insecure households with hunger were those with one or more household members who were hungry at least sometime during the period due to inadequate resources for food. The omission of homeless persons may be a cause of underreporting. The severity of food insecurity and hunger in households is measured through a series of questions about experiences and behaviors known to characterize households that are having difficulty meeting basic food needs. These experiences and behaviors generally occur in an ordered sequence as the severity of food insecurity increases. As resources become more constrained, adults in typical households first worry about having enough food, then they stretch household resources and juggle other necessities, then decrease the quality and variety of household members' diets, then decrease the frequency and quantity of adults' food intake, and finally decrease the frequency and quantity of children's food intake. All questions refer to the previous 12 months and include a qualifying phrase reminding respondents to report only those occurrences that resulted from inadequate financial resources. Restrictions to food intake due to dieting or busy schedules are excluded. Data are from the Food Security Supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS); for details about the CPS, see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Household food security level	Number (1,000)					Percent distribution				
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Households, total	106,043	107,824	108,601	112,214	112,967	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food secure	94,942	96,303	96,543	99,631	99,473	89.5	89.3	88.9	88.8	88.1
Food insecure	11,101	11,521	12,058	12,583	13,494	10.5	10.7	11.1	11.2	11.9
Without hunger	7,786	8,010	8,259	8,663	9,045	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.7	8.0
With hunger	3,315	3,511	3,799	3,920	4,449	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.9
With hunger among children	255	211	265	207	274	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.7
Adult members	201,922	204,340	206,493	213,441	215,564	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food secure households	181,586	183,398	184,718	190,451	191,236	89.9	89.8	89.5	89.2	88.7
In food insecure households	20,336	20,942	21,775	22,990	24,328	10.1	10.2	10.5	10.8	11.3
Without hunger	14,763	14,879	15,486	16,358	16,946	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.9
With hunger ¹	5,573	6,063	6,289	6,632	7,382	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.4
Child members	71,763	72,321	72,542	72,969	73,039	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food secure households	58,867	59,620	59,415	59,704	59,171	82.0	82.4	81.9	81.8	81.0
In food insecure households	12,896	12,701	13,127	13,265	13,868	18.0	17.6	18.1	18.2	19.0
Without hunger	12,334	12,234	12,560	12,845	13,323	17.2	16.9	17.3	17.6	18.2
With hunger among children	562	467	567	420	545	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.7

¹ One or more children in these households was hungry at some time during the year because of the household's food insecurity. Percent distribution of households with hunger among children excludes households with no child from the denominator. ² One or more adults in these households was hungry at some time during the year because of the household's food insecurity.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Household Food Security in the United States, 2004, Economic Research Report Number 11*; October 2005; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/foodsecurity/>>.

Table 201. Per Capita Consumption of Selected Beverages by Type: 1980 to 2004

[In gallons. See headnote, Table 202. Per capita consumption uses U.S. resident population, July 1, for all beverages except coffee, tea, and fruit juices which use U.S. total population, July 1]

Commodity	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Nonalcoholic	104.9	114.6	128.2	130.6	135.4	134.5	134.2	135.8	137.5
Milk (plain and flavored)	27.1	26.1	25.3	23.6	22.2	21.8	21.7	21.3	21.0
Whole	17.0	14.3	10.5	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.3
Reduced-fat, light, and skim	10.1	11.8	14.8	15.0	14.2	14.0	13.9	13.7	13.7
Tea	7.3	7.1	6.9	7.9	7.8	8.2	7.8	7.5	7.3
Coffee	26.7	27.4	26.8	20.2	26.3	24.2	23.6	24.2	24.6
Bottled water	2.7	5.1	8.8	11.6	16.7	18.2	20.1	21.6	23.2
Carbonated soft drinks	33.6	41.2	47.1	50.6	53.2	52.9	52.8	52.5	52.3
Diet	(NA)	10.4	14.0	13.8	13.8	13.9	14.4	15.0	15.8
Regular	(NA)	30.8	33.1	36.8	39.4	39.0	38.4	37.5	36.5
Fruit juices	7.6	7.6	6.6	8.1	8.9	9.0	7.9	8.5	8.9
Fruit drinks, cocktails, and ades.	(NA)	(NA)	6.3	7.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Canned iced tea	(NA)	(NA)	0.1	0.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Vegetable juices	(NA)	(NA)	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Alcoholic	28.3	28.0	27.5	24.7	24.9	25.0	25.2	25.1	25.2
Beer	24.3	23.8	23.9	21.8	21.7	21.8	21.8	21.6	21.6
Wine ¹	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3
Distilled spirits	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4

NA Not available. ¹ Beginning 1983, includes wine coolers.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-1997*; Food Consumption (Per Capita) Data System; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 202. Per Capita Consumption of Major Food Commodities: 1980 to 2004

[In pounds, retail weight, except as indicated. Consumption represents the residual after exports, nonfood use and ending stocks are subtracted from the sum of beginning stocks, domestic production, and imports. Based on Census Bureau estimated population]

Commodity	Unit	1980	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004
Red meat, total (boneless, trimmed weight) ^{1, 2}	Pounds	126.4	112.2	113.6	113.7	114.0	111.6	112.0
Beef	Pounds	72.1	63.9	63.5	64.5	64.5	61.9	62.9
Veal	Pounds	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4
Lamb and mutton	Pounds	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8
Pork	Pounds	52.1	46.4	48.4	47.8	48.2	48.4	47.8
Poultry (boneless, trimmed weight) ²	Pounds	40.8	56.2	62.1	67.9	70.7	71.2	72.7
Chicken	Pounds	32.7	42.4	48.2	54.2	56.8	57.5	59.2
Turkey	Pounds	8.1	13.8	13.9	13.7	14.0	13.7	13.4
Fish and shellfish (boneless, trimmed weight)	Pounds	12.4	14.9	14.8	15.2	15.6	16.3	16.5
Eggs	Number	271	234	232	251	255	254	256
Shell	Number	236	186	172	178	180	182	180
Processed	Number	35	48	60	73	75	72	76
Dairy products, total ³	Pounds	543.1	568.0	576.2	592.2	585.4	588.8	591.8
Fluid milk products ⁴	Gallons	27.9	26.2	24.6	23.2	22.7	22.5	22.3
Beverage milks	Gallons	27.6	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.9	21.6	21.2
Plain whole milk	Gallons	16.5	10.2	8.3	7.7	7.3	7.2	6.9
Plain reduced-fat milk (2%)	Gallons	6.3	9.1	8.0	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.9
Reduced-fat milk (1%) and skim milk	Gallons	3.1	4.9	6.1	6.1	5.8	5.6	5.5
Flavored whole milk	Gallons	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
Flavored milks other than whole	Gallons	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.4
Buttermilk	Gallons	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yogurt (excl. frozen)	1/2 pints	4.6	7.8	11.4	12.0	13.7	15.2	17.0
Fluid cream products ⁵	1/2 pints	10.5	14.3	15.6	18.3	19.7	22.2	23.5
Cream ⁶	1/2 pints	6.3	8.7	9.4	11.6	12.1	13.9	14.8
Sour cream and dips	1/2 pints	3.4	4.7	5.4	6.1	6.7	7.5	7.9
Condensed and evaporated milks	Pounds	7.0	7.9	6.8	5.8	6.0	5.9	5.5
Whole milk	Pounds	3.8	3.1	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.2
Skim milk	Pounds	3.3	4.8	4.5	3.8	3.7	3.3	3.2
Cheese ⁷	Pounds	17.5	24.6	26.9	29.8	30.5	30.4	31.3
American ⁸	Pounds	9.6	11.1	11.7	12.7	12.8	12.5	12.9
Cheddar	Pounds	6.8	9.0	9.0	9.7	9.6	9.2	10.3
Italian	Pounds	4.4	9.0	10.3	12.1	12.5	12.6	12.9
Mozzarella	Pounds	3.0	6.9	8.0	9.3	9.7	9.6	9.9
Other ⁸	Pounds	3.3	4.3	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.1	5.3
Swiss	Pounds	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2
Cream and Neufchatel	Pounds	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3
Cottage cheese, total	Pounds	4.5	3.4	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6
Lowfat	Pounds	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Frozen dairy products	Pounds	26.4	28.5	29.0	28.0	26.6	27.1	26.4
Ice cream	Pounds	17.5	15.8	15.5	16.7	16.7	16.4	15.4
Lowfat ice cream	Pounds	7.1	7.7	7.4	7.3	6.5	7.5	7.8
Sherbet	Pounds	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2
Frozen yogurt	Pounds	(NA)	2.8	3.4	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.8
Fats and oils:								
Total, fat content only	Pounds	56.9	62.3	64.2	82.3	88.6	88.0	87.5
Butter (product weight)	Pounds	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.6
Margarine (product weight)	Pounds	11.3	10.9	9.1	7.5	6.5	5.3	5.3
Lard (direct use)	Pounds	2.3	0.9	0.4	0.8	1.3	1.3	0.7
Edible beef tallow (direct use)	Pounds	1.1	0.6	2.7	4.0	3.4	3.8	4.0
Shortening	Pounds	18.2	22.2	22.2	31.6	33.3	32.8	32.6
Salad and cooking oils	Pounds	21.2	25.2	26.5	34.8	40.3	40.8	40.8
Other edible fats and oils	Pounds	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Flour and cereal products ⁹	Pounds	144.9	181.0	188.7	199.2	191.7	193.1	191.5
Wheat flour	Pounds	116.9	135.9	140.0	146.3	136.8	136.7	134.3
Rice, milled	Pounds	9.5	15.8	17.1	18.9	19.5	20.3	20.4
Corn products	Pounds	12.9	21.4	24.9	28.4	29.7	30.3	30.9
Oat products	Pounds	3.9	6.5	5.5	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.7
Caloric sweeteners, total ¹⁰	Pounds	120.2	132.4	144.1	148.8	146.1	141.4	141.0
Sugar, refined cane and beet	Pounds	83.6	64.4	64.9	65.5	63.2	60.9	61.5
Corn sweeteners ¹¹	Pounds	35.3	66.8	77.9	81.8	81.5	79.1	78.1
High-fructose corn syrup	Pounds	19.0	49.6	57.6	62.6	62.8	60.8	59.2
Other:								
Cocoa beans	Pounds	3.4	5.4	4.5	5.9	4.8	5.3	6.0
Coffee (green beans)	Pounds	10.3	10.3	7.9	10.3	9.2	9.5	9.6
Peanuts (shelled)	Pounds	5.1	6.1	5.7	5.9	5.9	6.4	6.7
Tree nuts (shelled)	Pounds	1.8	2.5	1.9	2.6	3.2	3.5	3.6

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes edible offals. ² Excludes shipments to Puerto Rico and the other U.S. possessions. ³ Milk-equivalent, milkfat basis. Includes butter. ⁴ Fluid milk figures are aggregates of commercial sales and milk produced and consumed on farms. ⁵ Includes eggnog, not shown separately. ⁶ Heavy cream, light cream, and half-and-half. ⁷ Excludes full-skim American, cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. ⁸ Includes other cheeses not shown separately. ⁹ Includes rye flour and barley products not shown separately. Excludes quantities used in alcoholic beverages. ¹⁰ Dry weight. Includes edible syrups (maple, molasses, etc.) and honey not shown separately. ¹¹ Includes glucose and dextrose not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-1997*; Food Consumption (Per Capita) Data System; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 203. Per Capita Utilization of Selected Commercially Produced Fruits and Vegetables: 1980 to 2004

[In pounds, farm weight. Domestic food use of fresh fruits and vegetables reflects the fresh-market share of commodity production plus imports and minus exports]

Commodity	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Fruits and vegetables, total ¹	608.8	632.2	660.2	692.5	711.7	685.3	685.4	704.0	694.3
Fruits, total	269.8	271.8	274.2	284.8	288.7	273.0	273.7	282.2	271.4
Fresh fruits	106.5	110.7	117.0	123.5	128.7	126.1	127.0	128.3	127.1
Noncitrus	80.5	89.2	95.6	99.6	105.2	102.1	103.7	104.4	104.4
Apples	19.4	17.4	19.8	18.9	17.6	15.8	16.2	17.1	18.8
Bananas	20.8	23.5	24.3	27.1	28.4	26.6	26.8	26.2	25.8
Cantaloupes	5.8	8.5	9.2	9.0	11.1	11.2	11.1	10.8	9.5
Grapes	4.0	6.9	7.9	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.5	7.7	7.9
Peaches and nectarines	7.1	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1
Pears	2.6	2.8	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.1
Pineapples	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.9	3.2	3.2	3.8	4.4	4.4
Plums and prunes	1.5	1.4	1.5	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
Strawberries	2.0	3.0	3.2	4.1	4.9	4.2	4.6	5.3	5.5
Watermelons	10.7	13.5	13.3	15.2	13.8	15.0	14.0	13.6	13.0
Other ²	5.1	5.3	5.4	6.3	8.7	9.0	9.1	9.8	10.3
Fresh citrus	26.1	21.5	21.4	23.8	23.5	23.9	23.4	23.9	22.7
Oranges	14.3	11.6	12.4	11.8	11.7	11.9	11.7	11.9	10.8
Grapefruit	7.3	5.5	4.4	6.0	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.1	4.1
Other ³	4.5	4.4	4.6	6.0	6.7	7.2	7.0	8.0	7.8
Processed fruits	163.2	161.1	157.2	161.4	160.0	146.9	146.6	153.9	144.3
Frozen fruits	3.3	3.5	4.3	5.2	4.2	7.0	4.1	5.4	5.0
Dried fruits	11.3	12.9	12.2	12.8	10.5	10.3	10.5	10.2	9.8
Canned fruits ⁶	24.8	21.1	21.2	17.5	17.7	17.8	16.9	17.4	15.8
Fruit juices	123.1	123.3	119.3	125.7	127.2	111.5	114.9	120.4	113.4
Vegetables, total	339.0	360.4	386.0	407.6	423.0	412.3	411.8	421.8	422.8
Fresh vegetables	151.4	158.6	170.2	180.9	198.7	195.7	194.7	199.8	204.6
Asparagus (all uses)	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
Broccoli	1.4	2.6	3.4	4.3	5.9	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.9
Cabbage	8.0	8.7	8.3	8.1	8.9	8.8	8.3	7.5	8.3
Carrots	6.2	6.5	8.3	11.2	9.2	9.4	8.4	8.8	8.9
Cauliflower	1.1	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.8
Celery (all uses)	7.4	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.0
Corn	6.5	6.4	6.7	7.8	9.0	9.2	9.0	9.5	9.6
Cucumbers	3.9	4.4	4.7	5.6	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.1	6.3
Head lettuce	25.6	23.7	27.7	22.2	23.5	23.0	22.5	22.2	22.5
Mushrooms	1.2	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Onions	11.4	13.6	15.1	17.8	18.9	18.5	19.3	19.5	21.7
Snap beans	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9
Bell peppers (all uses)	2.9	3.8	4.5	6.2	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.9	7.1
Potatoes	51.1	46.3	46.7	49.2	47.1	46.6	44.3	47.2	46.5
Sweet potatoes (all uses)	4.4	5.3	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.4	3.8	4.7	4.7
Tomatoes	12.8	14.9	15.5	16.8	19.0	19.2	20.3	19.5	19.3
Other fresh vegetables ⁸	6.0	10.2	11.8	14.7	26.1	24.6	26.8	29.0	30.6
Processed vegetables	187.6	201.9	215.8	226.7	224.3	216.6	217.0	222.0	218.2
Selected vegetables for freezing ⁹	51.5	64.5	66.8	78.8	79.3	78.6	76.7	78.3	77.6
Selected vegetables for canning ¹⁰	103.2	99.4	110.8	108.5	103.4	96.9	100.5	101.7	102.4
Vegetables for dehydrating ¹¹	10.5	12.8	14.6	14.5	17.3	15.8	15.8	17.3	14.9
Potatoes for chips	16.5	17.6	16.4	16.4	15.9	17.6	16.5	17.3	16.5
Pulses ¹²	5.9	7.6	7.2	8.4	8.5	7.8	7.5	7.3	6.7

¹ Excludes wine grapes. ² Apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, kiwifruit, mangoes, papayas, and honeydew melons. ³ Lemons, limes, tangerines, and tangelos. ⁴ Apples, apricots, blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, cherries, loganberries, peaches, plums, prunes, raspberries, and strawberries. ⁵ Apples, apricots, dates, figs, peaches, pears, prunes, and raisins. ⁶ Apples, apricots, cherries, olives, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, and prunes. ⁷ Apple, cranberry, grape, grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange, pineapple, and prunes. ⁸ Artichokes, brussels sprouts, eggplant, escarole, endive, garlic, romaine, leaf lettuce, radishes, spinach, and squash. Beginning 2000, includes collard greens, kale, mustard greens, okra, pumpkin, and turnip greens. ⁹ Asparagus, snap beans, lima beans, broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, sweet corn, green peas, potatoes, spinach, and miscellaneous vegetables. ¹⁰ Asparagus, snap beans, beets, cabbage, carrots, chile peppers, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickling, green peas, lima beans, mushrooms, spinach, and tomatoes. ¹¹ Onions and potatoes. ¹² Dry peas, lentils, and dry edible beans.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-1997*; Food Consumption (Per Capita) Data System; online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.