

**LATEST SITUATION on SOUTHEASTERN ANATOLIA PROJECT  
ACTIVITIES OF THE GAP ADMINISTRATION**

**THE SOUTHEASTERN ANATOLIA PROJECT REALIZATION in GAP  
ORGANISATION of GAP REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION  
GAP REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT by THE  
ADMINISTRATION EFFORTS for THE DEVELOPMENT of INDUSTRY AGRICULTURAL  
ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES for SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT  
BUILDING INFRASTRUCTURE INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS  
ACTIVITIES PLANNED for 2006**

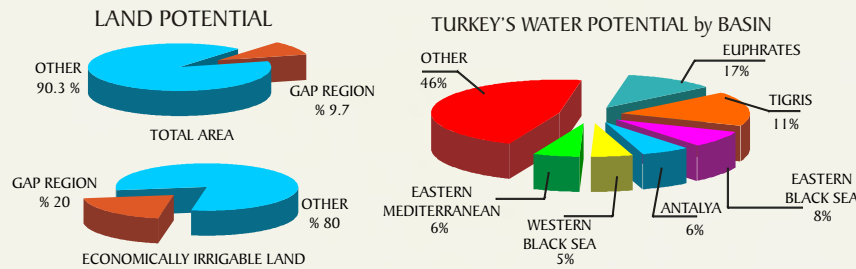


REPUBLIC OF TURKEY  
PRIME MINISTRY  
SOUTHEASTERN ANATOLIA PROJECT  
REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

**June 2006**

# SOUTHEASTERN ANATOLIA PROJECT

The South-eastern Anatolia Project (GAP) seeks to uplift the income levels and living standards of people living in the region by mobilising and utilising resources existing in this region, to remove inter-regional development disparities and to contribute nationwide goals of economic development and social stability. As such it is a very important and comprehensive project with international implications.



There are 9 administrative provinces in the project region: Adıyaman, Batman, Diyarbakır, Gaziantep, Kilis, Mardin, Siirt, Şanlıurfa and Şırnak. The GAP region has a share of about 10 % in both the total population and geographical area of Turkey. Yet, 20 % of total irrigable land in Turkey is in this region and the region represents 28 % of Turkey's total hydraulic potential mainly with the rivers Euphrates and Tigris.

	TURKEY	GAP	GAP/TURKEY
Total Area km <sup>2</sup>	780.000	75.000	% 9.7
Population (2000-million)	67.8	6.6	% 9.7
Annual Population Growth Rate percent (1990-2000)	1.8	2.5	

While the share of the region in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) was around 4 % in 1985, it rose to 5.5 % in 2001 accompanied by rate of per capita income rise from 47 % to 55 %.

### THE CONTRIBUTION of the REGION to TURKEY

	GAP	TURKEY
Gross Regional Product	6.077	109.885
Per Capita Income (Current Price US\$)	1.186	2.146
	1985	2001
Gross Regional Product/Gross National Product %	4	5.5
Per Capita Income Rate %	47	55

The South-eastern Anatolia Project was initially undertaken as a programme to develop water and land resources of the region and consequently planned as a package comprising 13 projects envisaging irrigation schemes and hydraulic power plants in the basins of the Euphrates and the Tigris. As a whole, the package included 22 dams, 19 hydraulic power plants and irrigation covering an area of 1.7 million hectares. With the preparation of GAP Master Plan in 1989, the project transformed into an integrated regional development effort also covering such diverse fields as rural and urban infrastructure, housing, transportation, communication, agricultural and industrial development, tourism, education and health. Later on, parallel to developments taking place in the world, the philosophy of sustainable human development was adopted in the context of GAP activities upholding the principles of human development, participation, equality and fairness. At present, besides its water resources development programme, the GAP is implemented as an integrated regional development project based on sustainable human development covering many other sectors as well.

#### GOALS of GAP

- Irrigate the 1.7 million ha area
- 27 billion kWh electricity production in year
- Increase per capita income % 209
- Employment of 3.8 million people

Upon the completion of the project, 1.7 million hectares of land will be brought under irrigation, energy production in the region will reach 27 billion kWh, per capita income will rise by 209% and about 3.8 million people will be provided employment opportunities.

### GAP LAND and WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

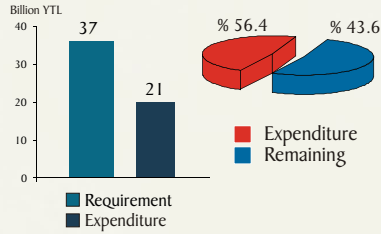
#### EUPHRATES

1. Karakaya Dam/HPP
2. Lower Fırat
3. Border Fırat
4. Suruç - Baziki
5. Adıyaman - Kahta
6. Adıyaman - Göksu - Araban
7. Gaziantep

#### TIGRIS

1. Dicle - Kralkızı
2. Batman
3. Batman - Silvan
4. Garzan
5. Ilisu
6. Cizre

## FINANCIAL ASPECTS OF GAP

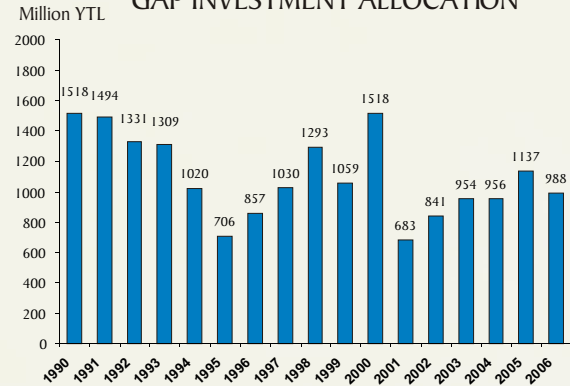


## Public Investments

Under the Master Plan, funds needed for envisaged public investments in the region reach 37 billion YTL in 2006 prices. As of the end of this year, total spending amounted to 21 billion YTL, thus giving the rate of cash realisation as 56,4%.

Looking at the trend of GAP investment allocation in the period 1990-2006, we observe that on average 6.8 % of public funds is annually allocated to GAP investments. The share of GAP investments in country's total investments started rising after 2000: 4.9 % in 2001, 5.9 % in 2002, 5.8 % in 2003, 6.8 in 2004 and 2005, and 5.6 in 2006.

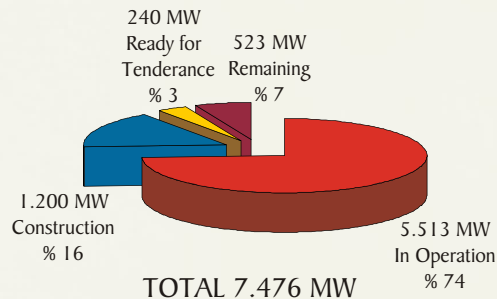
## GAP INVESTMENT ALLOCATION



## Energy

As of the end of 2005, 8 hydraulic power plants were completed in the region. This means 74 % of envisaged energy projects have been realised. Following the operation of Karakaya, Atatürk, Batman, Kralkızı, Dicle, Birecik and Karkamış power plants, electricity production totalled to 253 billion kWh as of the end of 2005. The monetary equivalent of this total production is about 15.18 billion US Dollars (1 kWh=6 cents). The total hydraulic energy output of Turkey was 39 billion kWh in 2005. Thus the region has a share of 47.2 % in that year's total output, corresponding to 1.1 billion US \$ in monetary terms.

## HYDROPOWER ENERGY GENERATING PROJECTS

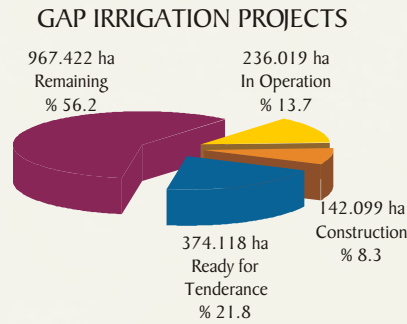


## GAP'S HYDROPOWER ENERGY REVENUES 2005

Project	Billion kWh	Value Equivalent million \$
Karakaya	7.5	450
Atatürk	7.8	468
Kralkızı	0.1	6
Karkamış	0.4	2
Dicle	0.1	6
Birecik	2.4	144
Batman	0.4	2
<b>GAP</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>1,078</b>
<b>TURKEY</b>	<b>39,6</b>	<b>billion kWh</b>
GAP's Share in Turkey's Overall Hydropower Energy Production		% 47.2
Total Electricity Production	253 billion kWh	(15.18 billion \$)

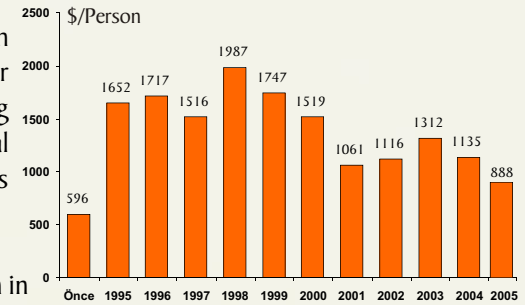
# Agriculture

So far 236 019 hectares of land was brought under irrigation in the region. Construction of irrigation schemes is in progress over 142 099 hectares of land while the remaining potential is 374 118 hectares. The physical realisation of GAP irrigation investments is 13.7 % as of the end of 2005.



Irrigation started in the Şanlıurfa-Harran Plain in 1995 first covering an area of 30 000 hectares. While per capita value added in agricultural production was 596 US \$ before irrigation, it jumped to 1,135 US \$ in 2004.

**HARRAN SAMPLE AREA**  
**AGRICULTURAL VALUE ADDED PER PERSON**



# Industry

There are 2 free trade zones in the region, in Gaziantep and in Mardin. 7 organised industrial district (OIDs) have already been completed while there are 12 others in the investment programme. As of the early 2006, there are 10 OIDs and 25 SISs (small industrial sites) operating in the region. 12 more SISs are in progress with relevant construction works.

Significant developments have taken place in industry in the region following the start of irrigated farming. The number of industrial enterprises in the region has almost doubled from 1995 to 2001. As of the end of 2005, there are 1,722 enterprises in the region each employing more than 10 workers. The total number of people employed by these enterprises is 73,601. Meanwhile the share of the region in total national value added increased from 2 % to 4%.



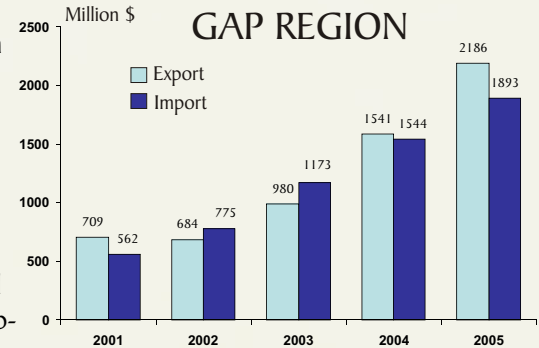


There has also been an increase in exports from the region. While the total value of exports from the region was 709 million US \$ in 2001, this figure reached 2,186 million US \$ in 2005. In the same period, the share of the region in total exports of Turkey rose from 2.3 % to 3%.

## Transportation

As of 2005, the GAP region has a road transportation network of 34,465 km in total. 103 km of this total are motorways, 5,942 km represent state and provincial roads and the remaining 28,420 km consist of village roads. The physical realisation in Gaziantep-Şanlıurfa motorway is 73 %.

## EXPORT and IMPORT from GAP REGION



The region represents 9.6 % of state and provincial roads and 9.9 % of village road network in Turkey. 98 % of village settlements in the region have connections to main roads.

Airports exist in 7 provinces in the region. Also, the largest cargo airport in Turkey is now under construction in Şanlıurfa. The "GAP International Airport" is expected to be completed within 2006.

The 6 way motorway of connecting Mersin Harbour to Şanlıurfa is planned to completed in 2007.

The physical realization of Gaziantep-Şanlıurfa Ringroad project is % 73

There are 2 conventional and 5 stol type airport in the region.

The largest cargo airport is being built in GAP Region.

The physical realization is % 92 by the year 2005

The construction is planned to be completed in the year 2006.

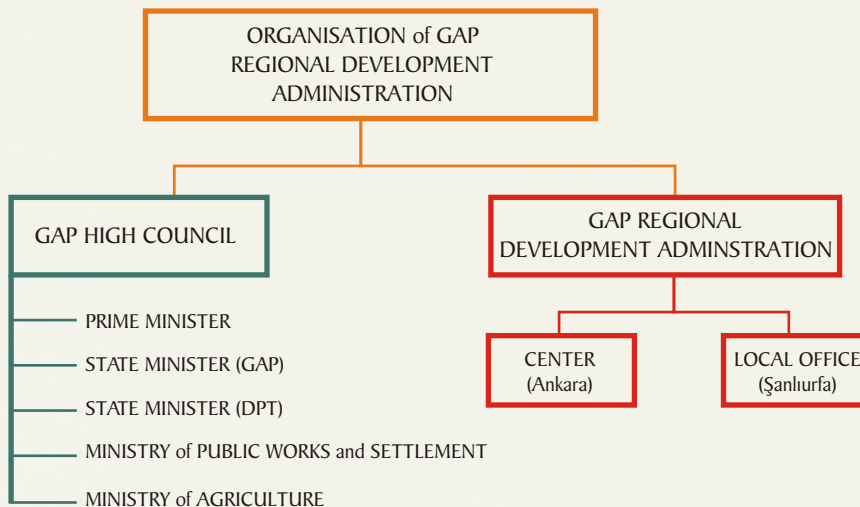
Şanlıurfa-Silopi (the bordergate Habur) and seperated 2x2 road has been included in the investment programme of 2006

## ORGANISATION of GAP - RDA

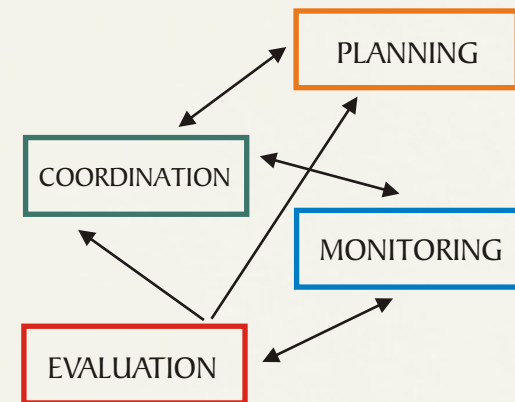
The GAP Regional Development Administration was established in 1989 for a term of 15 years upon the Decree no. 388 in Force of Law. The essential mandate of the Administration is to plan for, guide and follow development efforts in the region and to ensure coordination among relevant organisations and agencies. Upon the Law no. 5254 dated 4 November 2004, the duty term of the Administration was extended for 3 more years.

The Law no. 5449 on the Establishment, Coordination and Duties of Development Agencies which took effect upon its publication in the Official Gazette dated 8 February 2006 assigned an additional duty to the Administration: "to perform the duty of coordinating development agencies to be established in regions covering the provinces of Adiyaman, Batman, Diyarbakır, Gaziantep, Kilis, Mardin, Siirt, Şanlıurfa and Şırnak in line with procedures and principles to be laid down by the State Planning Organisation." This means that the GAP Administration will undertake the coordination of three development agencies to be established in the region.

The highest decision making authority within the organisation is the GAP Higher Board whereas the GAP Regional Development Administration functions as its executing agency.



### DUTIES of GAP ADMINISTRATION



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## GAP REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

After the development of GAP Master Plan in 1989, important developments took place nationally and internationally which did not fall in line with earlier assumptions and consequently significant deviations from original plan targets. Meanwhile, concerns about the environment rose and such new concepts as participation, sustainable development and gender balanced development emerged. Furthermore, a Council of Ministers' decision adopted in 1998 pinpointed 2010 as the year by which all GAP investments should have been completed. The GAP Administration was accordingly given the task of conducting necessary coordination and planning works to ensure the realisation of the project with all its components by this date.

With a Prime Ministerial Circular (no. 2002/48, dated 6 November 2006) the GAP Regional Development Plan was communicated to all relevant organisations and agencies to be considered in plans, programmes and implementations in the region of South-eastern Anatolia.

### GAP REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

1. To complete the investments of irrigation system
2. To mount the health and education indicators to the average of the country
3. To protect the natural sources of the region
4. To programme the human development oriented implementations
5. To increase population absorption capacity of cities



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## ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT by THE ADMINISTRATION

As the first regional development organisation in the country, the GAP Administration performs three main functions as a development agency in line with the principle of integrated regional development based on sustainable human development also in the light of its 16 years of experience.

I. The Administration tries to ensure most effective coordination among relevant organisations and agencies for the timely and spatially compatible realisation of envisaged investments. It holds coordination meetings covering various agencies and sectors, identifies priority issues and others needing higher coordination and relates these issues to the Higher Board for effective and timely solutions.

As a result of the meetings of the GAP Higher Board held since 2003;

- A report focusing on a broader approach to the term “Regional Development Administration” was prepared and delivered to relevant authorities.
- A study was conducted to assign nationwide priorities to energy and irrigation projects under the GAP.
- As a result of discussions regarding the need to introduce on-farm development services and land consolidation parallel to irrigation investments to identify corresponding priorities, the State Planning Organisation (SPO) allocated 8 million YTL to the relevant organisation to handle covered drainage works and facilities.
- A study considering alternative models of financing to speed up irrigation investments was completed.
- Studies on reducing costs and speeding up investments in irrigation, land consolidation and highways are presently ongoing.

II. The Administration wages efforts to mobilize local potentials and set in motion local dynamics and to encourage the private sector to launch investments in the region.

III. The Administration is also engaged in activities to further international relations in the context of the GAP, promote investment potential and investment opportunities in the region at international platforms and to secure funds for projects developed.

STUDIES for ECONOMICAL IMPROVEMENTS  
Agricultural Research and Implementation Projects  
Studies for Industrial Developments  
Studies for Investments of Private Sector

## \_\_\_\_ EFFORTS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT of INDUSTRY

### Entrepreneur Support and Guidance Centres (GAP-GİDEM)

The Entrepreneur Support and Guidance Centres (GİDEM) operate in Adıyaman, Diyarbakır, Mardin and Şanlıurfa to guide and extend counselling services to both domestic and international entrepreneurs to encourage and promote investments in the region. These centres focus their guidance and counselling services particularly on manufacturing industry including small and medium size enterprises and these services cover such areas as entrepreneurship and building management and operational capacities in enterprises.

The activities carried out by GİDEM Offices in the period 2002-2005 are given below by their beneficiaries:

- ☛ Trainings/Seminars (3,618 persons),
- ☛ Information supply and services (1,776 entrepreneurs),
- ☛ Counselling/advice/guidance services (1,128 businessmen).

The contribution of GİDEM services to “sales, exports, efficiency and employment generation” by enterprises is assessed in every six months by building on certain assumptions and using the “Income Based Economic Analysis Method.” This analysis reveals that GİDEM services have, since 2003, been functional in bringing in total revenue of 14,029,595 Euros to local economy and investment worth 27,565,221 Euros while being instrumental in raising the sales of firms by 60,466,843 Euros, exports by 11,366,750 Euros and employment by 1,688 persons.

The Contribution of Gross Regional Product	14.029 million Euro
Employment	1.688 people
Investments	27.565 million Euro
Sales	60.466 million Euro
Export	11.366 million Euro

## In the context of cooperation with KOSGEB,

- The KOSGEB provided assistance of about 5 million YTL to SMEs,
- Enterprise identification work covered 67 enterprises,
- Business trip to Jordan took place with the participation of 45 industrialists.

## Promotion of GAP Investment Opportunities at National and International Platforms

Forums and meetings are being organised to inform both national and foreign investors about the investment environment and potential in the region and to promote cooperation in economic cooperation at both domestic and international levels.

- The GAP 1<sup>st</sup> Business and Investment Forum took place in Şanlıurfa on 14 May 2005. Participants included various associations of industrialists and businessmen.
- The GAP Tourism Summit was held in Mardin on 20 November 2005 in cooperation with the Association of Tourism Investors of Turkey.
- The 1<sup>st</sup> Middle East Economic Cooperation Forum was held in Diyarbakır on 2 October 2005 under the joint organisation of GAP Administration and Diyarbakır Chamber of Industry and Commerce.
- The "GAP Meeting of Young Turkish Businessmen Living in Europe" took place in Gaziantep on 26 November 2005 under the joint organisation of GAP Administration and TÜGİAD and with the support of the Undersecretariat of Foreign Trade.
- During meetings held with businessmen from France, Germany, Austria and the US, participants were given detailed information about the GAP and investment opportunities.
- The meeting to develop an industrialisation vision for Mardin and to establish a platform was held in Mardin on 23 December 2004 with the participation of GAP Administration, Mardin Governor, Mayor, industrialists and representatives of KOSGEB, NGOs and the media.

### VISITS in GAP REGION

	GROUP	PEOPLE
Local	529	14.502
Foreigner	515	4.223
Local Media	88	461
Foreign Media	138	566
TOTAL	1.270	18.752

## Adiyaman Textiles Training Centre (ATEM)

The Centre was established to bring solution to the problem of qualified labour shortage in textiles industry and increase efficiency in this sector. The target is to train about 1,000 workers annually and contribute 1.2 million Euros to local economy. The first round of trainings was started in March 2005 and 370 workers were given their certificates after this round. 200 of these workers found jobs in the sector.

## Dicle University Centre for Entrepreneurship (DÜGİMER)

The Centre was established jointly by Dicle University, Diyarbakır Chamber of Commerce, KOSGEB and Diyarbakır Stock Exchange to build basic entrepreneurial skills in university students.

## Project for Female Entrepreneurs

A study "Female Entrepreneurship in the GAP Region" was published. Each GİDEM Office started to give training, counselling and reference services under this heading.

## Electronic Commerce Site

An E-trade web portal was put in service to promote the international marketing of GAP products and to extend services to 40 firms with export potential as a beginning.

## Publications to Encourage Private Sector Investments in the Region

- ☛ GAP Investor's Guide
- ☛ State Investments
- ☛ Project Profiles
- ☛ New Horizons in Regional Development: A New Approach to Development
- ☛ Clustering Reports
- ☛ Promotion of Female Entrepreneurship in the GAP Region
- ☛ Development of Organic Farming and Marketing of Organic Farming Products
- ☛ GİDEM Booklets
- ☛ GİDEM Monthly Bulletins (published quarterly in Turkish and English)

## Clustering Work

Clustering work has been given start in order to enhance the competitiveness of priority and promising sectors in the GAP Region.

Adiyaman-textiles and clothing

Şanlıurfa-organic farming

Diyarbakır-marble extraction and processing

- Development Agro-industry in Garlic
- Promotion of Silverworks
- Promotion of Marble Processing in Diyarbakır
- Agriculture based industries and development of viticulture in Mardin
- Agriculture based industries and medical/aromatic herbs
- Development in dried foodstuffs

About 50 projects were developed by the GAP Administration through its Investment Orientation Units in Siirt, Batman and Şırnak. Applications were made to various agencies for funding. In Siirt, 4 projects (worth 772,000 US \$) were found eligible for funding.



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## AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

The GAP Administration is presently engaged in agricultural research projects to identify crop types to be promoted in areas to be brought under irrigation and implementing the project “Management Operation and Maintenance of GAP Irrigation Systems” in order to maximise returns from irrigated farming.

Uninformed practices of irrigation bear the risk of salt accumulation and desertification in irrigated areas. In order to avoid these risks, a technical team comprising experts from the Ministry of Agriculture (General Directorate of Rural Services) and the Research Institute of Harran University is engaged in “Agricultural Extension and Training” activities in irrigated areas.

The work “Identification of High Value Added Crops Suitable to GAP Ecosystems” carried out in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture was completed and a report was prepared for each province in the region.

The project “Increasing Household Incomes in Non-irrigated Areas” which is being implemented in cooperation with provincial governorates covers various activities including the establishment of demonstrative orchards, grafting of wild trees, beekeeping, water products, greenhouse farming, on-contract stock breeding and poultry farming.

Furthermore, the “GAP Livestock Project” is being implemented in Şırnak, Mardin and Batman and recreation oriented reforestation activities under the “Reforestation and Erosion Control Project” are carried out in the region.

PROJECTS GROUP  
Water Resources  
Mechanization  
Economical Studies  
Research  
Forestry  
Non-Irrigated Areas  
Animal Husbandry

## ACTIVITIES for SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

In cooperation with local governments and NGOs, the GAP Administration is carrying out activities for improving social infrastructure and ensuring the active participation of women, young people and children to social development efforts.

At present there are 30 Multi-purpose Community Centres (ÇATOMs) active in 9 provinces of the region. These centres were established to mobilise local women and ensure their participation to social development. The centres have so far reached about 120,000 people, majority of whom are women and young girls.

During 2005,

- 9,163 persons regularly took part in ÇATOM activities whereas the number of persons benefiting from other activities and services reached 53,702.
- Over 3,000 young girls and women took part in income generating activities; products were marketed in various ways including special orders, kermes, fair, exhibition, etc. and as a result 817 girls and women earned 122,730 YTL.
- With the support of ÇATOMs, 144 women found jobs and 24 women launched 13 enterprises of their own.
- The Şanlıurfa Municipality launched a micro credit scheme for home-based female workers. 10 participants from Yakubiye ÇATOM benefited from this scheme.
- 576 children were referred to schools and open education through the campaign “Haydi Kızlar Okula” (Girls Education Campaign).

### PROJECTS for HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Multipurpose Community Centers for Woman (ÇATOM)

Social Development Projects for Youth

Rehabilitation of Working Children

Children Reading Room

Public Health Project

Rural Development Projects

- ÇATOMs mediated for granting education scholarships to children from poor families and the number of students benefiting from these scholarships reached 700.

In 2005, the process of converting ÇATOMs to associations started and consequently “ÇATOM Associations” were established in 5 provinces (Batman, Mardin, Adıyaman, Şanlıurfa and Kilis).

9 Youth and Culture Houses active in Adıyaman, Batman, Diyarbakır, Şanlıurfa, Mardin, Şırnak, Kilis, Siirt and Gaziantep are engaged in various activities including social-cultural

initiatives and training to support local youth in social development. These centres have reached 55,460 young people as of January 2006. In Siirt, a vocational training scheme was introduced with guaranteed employment for 600 young participants. 30 % of these trainees, at minimum, are females.

The Project for the Rehabilitation of Children Working in Streets had originally been started in Adiyaman and Diyarbakır to end this form of child labour and refer children to education. The project is now being implemented also in Gaziantep, Batman and Şanlıurfa in addition to original provinces where centres established under the project provide social and educative environments to children from streets.

11 “Children's Reading Rooms” are active in 6 provincial centres, engaged in early childhood programmes, various education-training programmes, arts-culture activities and sports. 5 of these 11 rooms were established with the contribution of Frito Lay-Turkey. The reading rooms were first launched in 2003, reaching about 8,600 children as of the end of 2005.

The campaign “Would you be my guardian?”, which was launched on 25 January 2006 under the project for the rehabilitation of children working in streets shortly reached 1,893 children in Şanlıurfa, Gaziantep and Batman.

2 sub-Projects under Public Health Initiative

- **Strengthening Malaria Combat Work** - It was implemented in Diyarbakır and Batman in cooperation with the Ministry of Health and completed in 2005. This project brought along 44.40 % decrease in total number of malaria cases. Furthermore, the total number of malaria cases in Turkey in 2004 was 5, 302, the lowest figure for the last 30 years.
- **Community Based Maternal and Child Health Project** - It is implemented in Siirt and Şırnak in cooperation with provincial governorates. Under this project, local women are trained in maternal and child health issues by volunteers. Their basic health indicators are closely observed and hospital references are made when necessary. There are 16 training volunteers in each project province, making 48 in total. Each of these volunteers is supposed to work with 100 women and their children under age 5. Hence, the coverage is 4,800 women in total.

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## BUILDING INFRASTRUCTURE

The GAP Administration is also engaged in various activities to improve both urban and rural infrastructure in the region.

- Basic mapping and urban development planning works are conducted in the context of overall planning work.
- Akçakale Sewage Network and Treatment Facility have been completed. In Ceylanpınar and Kahta, sewage network constructions have been completed and work is ongoing for the construction of treatment plants.
- The drilling machine of the Administration is used, under protocols acted with relevant governorates, for providing safe drinking water to settlements where water supply is short. In Adıyaman, Batman, Kilis, Mardin, Şanlıurfa and Şırnak provinces, 255 boreholes (totalling to 54,214 meters) were opened in the period 1999-2005.

### MAPPING WORKS

Mapping Works completed in 87 settlements

### DEVELOPMENT PLANNING WORKS

Development Planning works completed in 55 settlements, 4 Dev. Plan. is still ongoing

Environmental order planning of 9 residential areas

### SEWERAGE and WASTEWATER TREATMENT

3 Settlements and Akçakale are completed

Ceylanpınar; Sewerage system is completed , the wastewater treatment plan is ongoing (%90)

Kahta; Sewerage system is completed , the wastewater treatment plan is ongoing (% 25)

### PROJECTS of SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT in GAP REGION

10 Settlements

In the context of solid waste management, implementation projects were awarded to firms for the provincial centres of Adıyaman, Batman and Siirt. The sanitary landfill in Adıyaman was completed and transferred to the Municipality in February 2006.

## Externally Funded Projects

### Sustainable Development Programme

The "Sustainable Development Programme" co-financed by UNDP, Swiss Development Cooperation and some other international organisations (5.9 million US \$) comprise 33 sub-projects. During the first stage of programme implementation 12 of these projects were completed. At the second stage there are 3 sub-projects launched:

- ☛ Strengthening the Socioeconomic Status of Women
- ☛ Rehabilitation of Children Working in Streets
- ☛ Social and Economic Progress for Youth

### EU - GAP Regional Development Programme

This programme with funds totalling to 47 million Euros targets improvements in the socioeconomic conditions of people in the region. As such the programme significantly contributes to national targets including the reduction of regional development disparities, capacity building in local producers, employment generation and sustainable economic development. The programme consists of three components:

- ☛ Promotion of Cultural Heritage
- ☛ Rural Development Project
- ☛ Project for Supporting Small and Medium Size Enterprises

### GAP REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

GAP Administration-European Commission	47 million Euro
Rural Development	24 million Euro
Cultural Heritage Development	15 million Euro
Small and Medium Enterprise Development	7.6 million Euro

### SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

Strengthening Integrated regional Development and  
Reducing of Socio-Economic Differences in the GAP Region

(Program Budget Million USD \$)

GAP Administration	1.900
UNDP	1.300
Switzerland Government	2.200
France Government	540
Canadian Government	20
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>5.960</b>



## Cooperation with International Organisations

The GAP Administration cooperates with various international organisations, NGOs and universities in fields of information and experience sharing, exchange of experts and technology transfer in the process of integrated regional development. Protocols of cooperation have been acted with various institutions from such countries as the US, Egypt, Syria, Israel and Italy. The partners of the GAP Administration in these protocols include:

TVA (Tennessee Valley Authority-US)

PHI (Packard Humanities Institute -US)

TOSHKA (Egypt Development of Southern Valley)

CHIEAM-BARI (Mediterranean Agricultural Development Institute-Italy)

(Vardar Valley Project) Macedonia

GOLD (Syrian Irrigation Ministry, Land Reclamation Institute)

MASHAV (Israeli Ministry of Foreign Affairs, International Business Centre)

ICARDA (International Centre for Agricultural Research in Dry Areas-Syria)

IWMI (International Water Management Institute-Sri-Lanka)

ASU (Arizona State University-US)

HASNA (US)

SDSU (San Diego State University-US)

KSU (Kent State University-US)

PSU (Portland State University-US)

OSU (Oklahoma State University-US)

TSU (Texas State University-US)

### THE TRAINING PROGRAMMES of GAP ADMINISTRATION (2000-2005)

Number of Training Programmes	48
National	7
Regional	22
International	19
Number of Cooperated Institutions	75
National	48
Foreigner	27
Number of Participants	3.708
National	3.532
Foreigner	176

## GAP National and International Training Programmes

In the period 2000-2005, 48 training seminars and study tours were realised (22 regional, 7 domestic and 19 international events). The total number of participants in these events was 3,708.

- ☛ Training in Pressure Irrigation and Fertilising
- ☛ Training in International Marketing of Agricultural Products
- ☛ EU accession Process and Local Governments
- ☛ Industrial Wastewater Monitoring and Control
- ☛ Irrigation Management
- ☛ Programme for Training Female Leaders
- ☛ Agriculture Camp

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## ACTIVITIES PLANNED for 2006

### Monitoring-Evaluation and Coordination

The GAP Administration is presently continuing its efforts to “monitor, evaluate and coordinate” regional development initiatives, which is its primary mandate, and to take relevant measures to speed up regional development process.

At present 40 different governmental organisations and agencies are engaged in about 270 investment projects in the context of GAP. Together with the private sector, local governments, NGOs and universities, governmental agencies conduct monitoring and evaluation work regarding all activities/investments in the region by sectors, identify existing problems and bottlenecks and transfer those issues requiring higher level coordination to the GAP Higher Board.

- ☛ “Coordination units” to be established jointly by the GAP Administration and experts from respective organisations and agencies will prepare the necessary infrastructure for following investments in the region by each investing organisation and agency.
- ☛ Developments taking place in each sector will be followed by 'sector coordination units' again comprising sector specialists through indicators developed and data provided by individual units. Additionally, problems and bottlenecks whose solutions require further coordination will be identified in the light of data obtained.
- ☛ By ensuring that problems and bottlenecks requiring high level coordination are addressed by the Higher Board, it will be possible to complete envisaged investments in time and under good coordination.

Within this framework, alternative funding models to speed up irrigation investments will be implemented in selected pilot areas.

### Attracting National and International Investments to the Region

In cooperation with development agencies to be established in the region under the coordination of GAP Administration, necessary initiatives will be taken to attract national and international investments to the region.

This will mainly take place through local and international meetings with potential investors and business tours to the region.

Efforts will be made to secure projects, loans, technical support and grant funds from other countries and international organisations to

complete the project and ensure the development of the region.

## Efforts for Socioeconomic Development

In addition to economic development efforts and related projects, there will also be projects targeting social development, including those targeting improvements in social infrastructure and participation of women, children and young people to the process of development.

“Social programmes” presently going on in specific provinces will be scaled up to cover all provinces in the region.

Studies, models and implementation projects in the fields of agriculture, environment, culture, tourism and infrastructure will be enriched and given further speed in implementation.



REPUBLIC OF TURKEY  
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