

# CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

**I (a) PLAINTIFFS**

**AMAZON.COM, INC.**

Seattle,  
Washington

(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

**DEFENDANTS**

03-22270

**ROCKIN TIME HOLDINGS, INC.**

COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  
NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED

FILED  
03 AUG 28 AM 11:29  
CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT  
MIA  
D.C.

**(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER)**

**Kenny Nachwalter Seymour Arnold Critchlow & Spector, P.A.**  
201 S. Biscayne Blvd., Suite 1100, Miami, FL 33131  
PH: (305) 373-1000

**ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)**

MAGISTRATE JUDGE  
SIMONTON

**(d) CIRCLE COUNTY WHERE ACTION AROSE:**

**DADE, MONROE, BROWARD, PALM BEACH, MARTIN, ST. LUCIE, INDIAN RIVER, OKEECHOBEE, HIGHLANDS**

**II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION**

(PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1. U.S. Government Plaintiff
- 2. U.S. Government Defendant
- 3. Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
- 4. Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

**III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES**

(For Diversity Case Only)

- |   |                            |                            |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | PTF                        | DEF                        |
| Citizen of This State                   | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| Citizen of Another State                | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 |

- (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT)
- |   |                            |                            |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State     | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 |
| Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Foreign Nation  | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |

**IV. CAUSE OF ACTION**

(CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE. DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY.)

**Trademark claims under 15 U.S.C. Sections 1114 and 1125, as well as related common law unfair competition claims.**

**Iva. 5 days estimated (for both sides) to try entire case**

**V. NATURE OF SUIT**

(PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)

A CONTACT	A TORTS	B FORFEITURE PENALTY	A BANKRUPTCY	A OTHER STATUS
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl Veterans) B <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits B <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholder's Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>PERSONAL INJURY</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 R.R. & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>A PROPERTY RIGHTS</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark <p style="text-align: center;"><b>B SOCIAL SECURITY</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395f) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 States Reappointment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. B <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12USC3410 <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions * * A or B
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>A REAL PROPERTY</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure B <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>A CIVIL RIGHTS</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>B PRISONER PETITIONS</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Habeas Corpus <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General * <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other * <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights * A or B	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>A LABOR</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor Management Relations B <input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor Management Reporting & Disclosure Act <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Employee Ret. Inc. Security Act B	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>A FEDERAL TAX SUITS</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC 7609

**VI. ORIGIN**

- (PLACE AN X IN ONE BOX ONLY)
- 1. Original Proceeding
  - 2. Removed From State Court
  - 3. Remanded from Appellate Court
  - 4. Retried
  - 5. Transferred from another district (Specify)
  - 6. Multidistrict Litigation
  - 7. Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

**VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT**

CHECK IF THIS IS A **CLASS ACTION**  **DEMAND \$** \_\_\_\_\_  
 UNDER F.R.C.P. 23  
**JURY DEMAND:**  YES  NO

**VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY**

(See Instructions): JUDGE \_\_\_\_\_ DOCKET NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DATE 8/25/3

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

*[Handwritten Signature]*

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SF 1-2  
REV. 9/94

Amount: \_\_\_\_\_  
M/tp: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Paid: \_\_\_\_\_

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

AMAZON.COM, INC., a Washington  
corporation,

Plaintiff,

v.

ROCKIN TIME HOLDINGS, INC., a  
Florida corporation, and JOHN DOES 1-20,

Defendants.

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL CASE

CASE NUMBER:

03 - 22270

CIV - GOLD

TO: ROCKIN TIME HOLDINGS, INC.  
By Serving its Registered Agent:  
Cheryl Julien Kaufman  
2301 Sunset Drive  
Miami Beach, Florida 33140

MAGISTRATE JUDGE  
SIMONTON

**YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED** and required to serve upon PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY

(name and address):

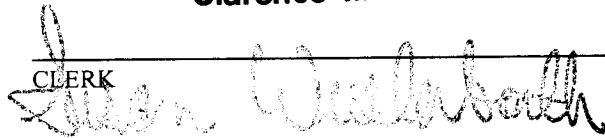
Harry R. Schafer, Esq.  
KENNY NACHWALTER SEYMOUR ARNOLD  
CRITCHLOW & SPECTOR, P.A.  
1100 Miami Center, 201 South Biscayne Boulevard  
Miami, FL 33131-4327, Telephone: (305)373-1000

an answer to the complaint which is herewith served upon you, within **twenty (20)** days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the date of service. If you fail to do so, judgment by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You must also file your answer with the Clerk of this Court within a reasonable period of time after service.

**Clarence Maddox**

**AUG 25 2003**

CLERK



DATE

BY DEPUTY CLERK

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

FILED BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
03 AUG 25 AM 11:29  
CLARENCE H. DODD  
CLERK U.S. DIST. CT.  
S.D. OF FLA. - HIA

CASE NO.:

03 - 22270

AMAZON.COM, INC., a Delaware  
corporation,

Plaintiff,

v.

ROCKIN TIME HOLDINGS, INC., a  
Florida corporation, and JOHN DOES 1-20,

Defendants.

CIV - GOLD

MAGISTRATE JUDGE  
SIMONTON

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon.com"), through its attorneys, alleges as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

1. Defendant Rockin Time Holdings, Inc. ("RTH") and other unknown defendants are engaged in a marketing campaign in interstate commerce in which they have been sending e-mails to consumers with spoofed "from" lines and other e-mail routing information, creating the impression that the e-mails are from Amazon.com. Defendants have intentionally used the AMAZON.COM® mark in the e-mail to cause the recipient to believe that the e-mail is from Amazon.com and/or to get past e-mail filters. Defendants do not have permission to use the AMAZON.COM® mark and are not affiliated in any way with Amazon.com.

2. By this Complaint, Amazon.com seeks to prevent consumer confusion and protect AMAZON.COM®, one of the world's best-known brands, from intentional infringement and cyberpiracy. Defendants have recently conducted an e-mail marketing

campaign advertising a penis enlargement product, using e-mails that falsely claim that they are from “Amazon.com.”

3. Defendants are using the AMAZON.COM® trademark in their e-mail marketing campaign to immediately convey to consumers an association with Amazon.com, to circumvent e-mail filters, and to unfairly trade off the reputation and goodwill of the AMAZON.COM® mark. Since commencing operations on the World Wide Web in 1995, Amazon.com’s annual sales have grown to over \$3.9 billion, and Amazon.com has become a Fortune 500 company. With tens of millions of customers worldwide, Amazon.com is among the best-known and most popular Internet retailers.

4. Amazon.com has extensively promoted its business using the AMAZON.COM® mark, and Internet shoppers and consumers almost universally recognize AMAZON.COM® as a brand identifier for Amazon.com’s websites and products. Consumers have a strong association between the AMAZON.COM® mark and Amazon.com’s websites and the strength of the AMAZON.COM® trademark—one of Amazon.com’s most valuable corporate assets.

5. Defendants’ use of AMAZON.COM® in connection with their marketing of goods or services is likely to confuse consumers. Defendants’ use of AMAZON.COM® will lead some consumers to conclude that Amazon.com is a partner, has a business relationship, or is somehow associated with defendants or their products.

6. Preventing this confusion will help protect consumers from deceptive and fraudulent e-mail practices, allowing consumers to make fully informed choices about where they are shopping on the Internet, thereby promoting the consumer protection goals of the trademark and unfair competition laws. In this action, Amazon.com seeks to enjoin defendants from using the trade name and trademark AMAZON.COM® for the marketing and sale of their products. The unfair competition laws do not allow a latecomer to copy a mark and “free ride” on the goodwill associated with it. A myriad of other names are

available. A marketer should not be allowed to benefit from Amazon.com's long term and extensive investment in AMAZON.COM® at the expense of Amazon.com and to the detriment of consumers.

## **II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

7. This is a Complaint for violations of §§ 32 and 43 of the Lanham Act , 15 U.S.C. § 1114(1)(Trademark Infringement), 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a) (False Designation of Origin, Unfair Competition), 15 U.S.C. § 1125(d) (Cyberpiracy Prevention), common law unfair competition and trespass to chattels.

8. The Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a). The Court has jurisdiction over the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1338(b) and 1367.

9. The Court has personal jurisdiction over the defendants because the defendants are located in and/or conduct business in this District. Also, the defendants have purposefully availed themselves of the opportunity to conduct commercial activities in this forum, and this Complaint arises out of those activities. E-mails sent from the defendants actively display, disseminate, and promote the infringing AMAZON.COM® mark. The publication and dissemination of the infringing trademark in Florida is causing ongoing injury to Amazon.com.

10. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c), because a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claim occurred, and continue to occur, in the Southern District of Florida. The damage to Amazon.com described herein takes place in this District and elsewhere.

## **III. THE PARTIES**

11. Amazon.com is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Seattle, Washington. On or about July 15, 1997, Amazon.com registered the trademark AMAZON.COM® with the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

12. On information and belief, defendant Rockin Time Holdings, Inc. (“RTH”) is a Florida corporation with its principal place of business in Miami Beach. RTH owns and operates a variety of internet websites, including the website <www.web-vit.com>, and advertises for sale under various names a penile enhancement pill. RTH markets its products by, among other things, the sending of bulk, unsolicited e-mail, or “spam.”

13. Amazon.com is unaware of the true names and capacities of defendants sued herein as DOES 1-20, and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Amazon.com will amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Amazon.com is informed and believes and therefore alleges that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and that Amazon.com’s injuries as herein alleged were proximately caused by such defendants. These fictitiously named defendants, along with defendant RTH, are herein referred to as “defendants.”

14. The actions alleged herein to have been undertaken by the defendants were undertaken by each defendant individually, were actions that each defendant caused to occur, were actions that each defendant authorized, controlled, directed, or had the ability to authorize, control or direct, and/or were actions in which each defendant assisted, participated or otherwise encouraged, and are actions for which each defendant is liable. Each defendant aided and abetted the actions of the defendants set forth below, in that each defendant had knowledge of those actions, provided assistance and benefitted from those actions, in whole or in part. Each of the defendants was the agent of each of the remaining defendants, and in doing the things hereinafter alleged, was acting within the course and scope of such agency and with the permission and consent of other defendants.

#### **IV. THE AMAZON.COM® TRADEMARK**

15. The term “Amazon.com” is not only the name of plaintiff’s company, but the most important and easily recognized identifier of the goods and services it offers. There

is a particularly close association among consumers between Amazon.com the business, the AMAZON.COM® mark, and the products and services offered under the Amazon.com designation. For millions of consumers, the name “Amazon.com” has come to represent wide selection, fast delivery, fair pricing, and excellent security for Internet transactions. Courts in the United States and Greece have entered judgments for Amazon.com that attest to the fame and/or the strong association between the AMAZON.COM® mark and the services offered by Amazon.com.

16. AMAZON.COM® mark is one of the best known trademarks on the Internet.

For instance:

- Tens of millions of customers from over 220 countries have made purchases through the Amazon.com Site. Every one of these purchasers has, at a minimum, seen the AMAZON.COM® mark on the Web site, on the packaging in which his or her order was shipped, and in e-mail communications that confirm each order.

- Many millions more have come to know the AMAZON.COM® mark through Amazon.com’s extensive advertising in a variety of media. Since 1996, Amazon.com has spent hundreds of millions on advertising—all of which makes prominent use of the AMAZON.COM® mark—on television and radio, and in newspapers and magazines.

- According to the MMXI Europe May 2000 European Audience Ratings Report, the Amazon.com, Amazon.co.uk, and Amazon.de sites reach more consumers in Europe than any other site on the Internet.

- A recent survey by Media Metrix, a company that monitors traffic to popular e-commerce Web sites, identified the Amazon.com Site as one of the most frequently visited shopping sites on the Internet, and the largest seller of books (ahead of sites operated by Barnes & Noble and Borders), music (ahead of sites operated by Columbia House and BMG Music), toys, software (ahead of sites operated by <Bestbuy.com> and <CompUSA.com>) and video (ahead of the <BlockBuster.com> site).

- Amazon.com's achievements have generated tremendous attention in the media—thousands of articles have been written about the company over the last few years. Feature stories in *Fortune*, *Business Week*, *The New York Times*, *USA Today*, *Advertising Age* and *Wired* have touted the company's success and have identified it as a leading force in the "New Economy."

- The Amazon.com name is found on literally thousands of Internet Web sites. Not only do important Internet retailers (e.g., AOL.com) carry Amazon.com "banner" ads on their homepages, but more than 800,000 other Web site operators around the world have become Amazon.com "Associates," and are thus permitted to link to the Amazon.com Site and to display the AMAZON.COM® mark on their Web sites.

- A recent study by Interbrand Group, a leading international brand consultancy company, ranked the 100 most valuable brands in the world, all of which Interbrand identified as having a value in excess of \$1 billion. Interbrand's study included the AMAZON.COM® mark, ranking its value above such well-known trade names as "Hilton®" and "Guinness®." Another Interbrand study recognized the AMAZON.COM® mark's value in the year 2001, ranking its value above 24 other trade names such as "Burger King®" and "Wall Street Journal®."

17. The AMAZON.COM® mark is famous by virtue of its inherent distinctiveness and substantial secondary meaning as a designation of the source of the products Amazon.com sells and by its continuous and broad use for virtually the entire life of the Internet as a commercial medium. The AMAZON.COM® mark is registered in the European Union and in 72 individual countries, and has over 400 additional registration applications pending all over the world. AMAZON.COM® is a registered trademark with the United States Patent and Trademark Office for a computerized on-line search and ordering service featuring the wholesale and retail distribution of books, music, motion pictures, multimedia products and computer software in the form of printed books,



audiocassettes, videocassettes, compact disks, floppy disks, CD ROMs, and direct digital transmission.

18. The AMAZON.COM® mark is particularly well known among Internet users, the trading areas and channel of trade used by both Amazon.com and defendants. There are no similar marks in common commercial use. A recent review of the database maintained by the United States Patent and Trademark Office reveals not a single registration for any mark that included both “amazon” and “com.”

19. Amazon.com is one of the best-known Internet retailers in the world today. Jeff Bezos (“Bezos”), the company’s founder, was a pioneer in the use of the Internet as a medium of commerce. In 1995, Bezos created an Internet Web site (“Amazon.com Site”) that permitted consumers around the world to purchase books on-line. Amazon.com was one of the first corporations to make the name of its business identical to the domain name from which its business operates—such that anyone using the Internet to find its Web site need only remember the name of the company.

20. Since its inception, the Amazon.com Site has continuously operated from the Internet address <www.amazon.com>. When Amazon.com opened its cyber-doors, its site primarily featured books, which is still an integral part of Amazon.com’s business. Since then, Amazon.com has expanded its operations to include an even broader selection of products, offering full line of goods ranging from computer products and electronics to toys to compact discs and movies on videotape and DVD.

21. Since at least as early as 1995, Amazon.com has used the trademark AMAZON.COM® to promote its business and its websites.

#### **V. DEFENDANTS’ ILLEGAL ACTS**

22. On information and belief, sometime on or before April 1, 2003, defendants began an extensive e-mail campaign. As part of that campaign, defendants, acting together and in concert, created and sent large volumes of e-mail messages advertising their penis

enlargement product. Some of the e-mails were designed so that they appeared to be sent from Amazon.com, and used the AMAZON.COM® mark in the e-mail header as the “from” address. *See* Exhibit A.

23. Amazon.com did not provide permission to defendants to use its AMAZON.COM® trademark for any reason, including their e-mail marketing campaign.

24. On information and belief, defendants intentionally adopted the AMAZON.COM® mark to trade on the fame and goodwill associated with the AMAZON.COM® mark, and to evade customers’ anti-spam filters specifically designed to permit the receipt of e-mail from Amazon.com.

25. Defendants’ use of the AMAZON.COM® mark is likely to cause consumer confusion, mistake, and deception. This likelihood of confusion, mistake, and deception is even greater because both Amazon.com and defendants operate their businesses over the Internet.

26. Defendants’ use of the AMAZON.COM® mark is likely to lead consumers to mistakenly conclude that the e-mail from defendants was exclusively or jointly sent by, licensed or certified by, or otherwise sponsored or approved by Amazon.com, or that RTH is somehow otherwise affiliated, connected, or associated with Amazon.com. Consumers are likely to be misled as to the true source, sponsorship, or affiliation of the e-mail.

27. On information and belief, through their use of the AMAZON.COM® mark, defendants have intentionally and with knowledge sought to cause consumer confusion, mistake, and deception. Alternatively, defendants have acted with reckless disregard for plaintiff’s rights and/or were willfully blind in connection with their unlawful actions.

28. Defendants have disparaged plaintiff and its AMAZON.COM® mark by creating a false association with defendants and their goods.

29. Defendants have misappropriated plaintiff's advertising ideas and style of doing business with regard to the advertisement, promotion, marketing and sale of plaintiff's products.

30. Defendants have been unjustly enriched by illegally using and misappropriating plaintiff's intellectual property for their own financial gain.

31. Defendant's infringement of the AMAZON.COM® mark has caused, is causing and will continue to cause, a likelihood of confusion, deception and mistake on the part of consumers. This confusion has caused, is causing and will continue to cause, irreparable harm to plaintiff. Accordingly, defendants must be restrained and enjoined from any further infringement and misappropriation of the AMAZON.COM® mark.

32. Defendants are directly, contributorily and/or vicariously liable for the foregoing actions.

33. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law.

34. Plaintiff has suffered harm and damages as a result of the acts of defendants in an amount thus far not determined. The injuries and damages sustained by plaintiff have been directly and proximately caused by defendants' wrongful advertisement, promotion, marketing, display, distribution, sale and offers of sale of their goods using infringements of the AMAZON.COM® mark, as well as by defendants' misappropriation of plaintiff's advertising ideas and style of doing business.

## **COUNT I**

### **TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT UNDER LANHAM ACT 15 U.S.C. § 1114**

35. Amazon.com realleges paragraphs 1-34 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

36. Defendants' use of the AMAZON.COM® to advertise, promote, market, offer for sale, or sell products and services constitutes trademark infringement pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1114.

## COUNT II

### **FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN UNDER LANHAM ACT 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)**

37. Amazon.com realleges paragraphs 1-34 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

38. Defendants have used and continue to use AMAZON.COM® in connection with goods or services, in commerce, in a manner that is likely to cause confusion, mistake, or deception as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of their goods or services.

39. Defendants have affixed, applied, or used in connection with their sale, offers of sale, distribution, display, advertisement, marketing and promotion of goods, false designations or origin and false descriptions and representations, including words or other symbols which tend falsely to describe or represent such goods and have caused such goods to enter into commerce with actual and/or constructive knowledge of the falsity of such designations of origin and such descriptions and representations, all of the detriment of plaintiff.

40. Defendants' wrongful and illegal acts set forth above constitute false designation of origin in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125.

## COUNT III

### **CYBERPIRACY PREVENTION UNDER LANHAM ACT 15 U.S.C. § 1125(d)**

41. Amazon.com realleges paragraphs 1-34 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

42. Defendants' bad faith intent to profit from use of AMAZON.COM®, by sending e-mail messages that state they are from AMAZON.COM® that are confusingly similar to Amazon.com's distinctive marks, constitutes cyberpiracy under 15 U.S.C. § 1125(d).

## COUNT IV

### UNFAIR COMPETITION UNDER LANHAM ACT 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)

43. Amazon.com realleges paragraphs 1-34 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

44. Defendants' use of the AMAZON.COM® mark to advertise, promote, market, offer for sale, or sell their products or services, including on their website, constitutes unfair competition pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a). Defendants' use of the AMAZON.COM® mark is likely to cause confusion, mistake, and deception among consumers.

## COUNT V

### UNFAIR COMPETITION

45. Amazon.com realleges paragraphs 1-34 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

46. Defendants' use of the AMAZON.COM® mark to advertise, promote, market, offer for sale, or sell their products constitutes unfair competition under the common law of Florida. Defendants' use of the AMAZON.COM® mark is likely to cause confusion, mistake, and deception among consumers.

47. Defendants have acted recklessly, with willful blindness and/or wantonly or maliciously with the intent to infringe upon and misappropriate the AMAZON.COM® mark.

## COUNT VI

### TRESPASS TO CHATTELS

48. Amazon.com realleges paragraphs 1-34 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

49. The computers, computer networks and computer services used to operate Amazon.com's business are the personal property of Amazon.com.

50. The Defendants knew that their bulk-emailing practices inevitably lead to a significant portion of their e-mail being undeliverable. When an e-mail is undeliverable, “bounce” messages are generated to advise the sender of this fact. By spoofing Amazon.com’s domain name in the e-mail header, defendants insured that Amazon.com’s computer equipment – rather than defendants’ own equipment – was burdened by the innumerable bounce messages resulting from the e-mail campaign.

51. Defendants have knowingly, intentionally and without authorization used and intentionally trespassed upon Amazon.com’s property. Alternatively, defendants have acted with reckless disregard for plaintiff’s rights and/or were willfully blind in connection with their unlawful actions.

52. As a result of defendants’ actions, Amazon.com has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial.

**PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

**WHEREFORE**, plaintiff respectfully prays that this Court:

1. Issue a permanent injunction, enjoining and prohibiting defendants, or their agents, servants, employees, officers, attorneys, successors and assigns from:
  - (A) Using AMAZON.COM® trademark, or any version thereof, in connection with the description, marketing, promotion, advertising, sale, or offering for sale of any products or services, including defendants’ e-mails or websites; and
  - (B) Infringing Amazon.com’s AMAZON.COM® trademark.
2. Order an award of damages and/or defendants’ profits and trebling such award in accordance with 15 U.S.C. § 1117.
3. Order an award of attorneys’ fees, costs, investigative fees and pre-judgment interest as provided by 15 U.S.C. § 1117.

4. Order an award of punitive damages in an amount sufficient to punish defendants.

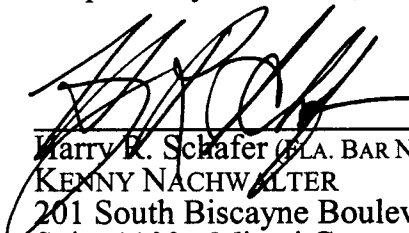
5. Order such other and further relief as the Court may deem appropriate, including, but not limited to, an award under 15 U.S.C. § 1117 of such sum as the Court deems just under the facts and circumstances of this case.

**JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable.

Dated: August 25, 2003  
Miami, FL

Respectfully submitted,



---

Harry R. Schafer (FLA. BAR NO. 508667)

KENNY NACHWALTER  
201 South Biscayne Boulevard  
Suite 1100 - Miami Center  
Miami, FL 33131  
Telephone: (305) 373-1000  
Facsimile: (305) 372-1861

*Attorneys for Plaintiff Amazon.com, Inc.*

OF COUNSEL:

David A. Zapolsky, Associate General Counsel  
Kathryn M. Sheehan, Corporate Counsel  
Amazon.com, Inc.

160944.1

# EXHIBIT A



---

**From:** "Hal P. McConnell" <hmcConnell\_8@amazon.com>  
**To:** <gildpm@hotmail.com>; <paulbartolomeo@hotmail.com>; <gims93@hotmail.com>; <wolfwebb@hotmail.com>; <paulbean7@hotmail.com>; <gin280@hotmail.com>; <paulbelanger@hotmail.com>; <killerdogenkidu@hotmail.com>; <gin32@hotmail.com>  
**Sent:** Monday, May 19, 2003 12:29 PM  
**Subject:** thanks again i dqiih03sgg

**Introducing Gain Pro Penile Pills**  
**NO.1 Penis Enlargement Pill On The Market!**

- \* Gain 3+ Full Inches In Length
- \* Expand Your Penis Up To 20% Thicker
  - \* Stop Premature Ejaculation!
  - \* Produce Stronger Erections
- \* 100% Safe To Take, With No Side Effects
  - \* Fast Distribution Worldwide
  - \* Sold Over 1.2 Million Bottles!
- \* No Pumps! No Surgery! No Exercises!

**[PROCEED TO ORDER SITE HERE](#)**

Cut off future promos. [here](#).