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A Report To
**The Globe and
Mail and CTV**

**Party Vote, Impact of the
Rising Canadian Dollar,
Future of the Senate**

November 12, 2007

Introduction and Methodology

- ◆ *The Strategic Counsel* is pleased to present findings of a national survey of 1000 Canadians.
- ◆ Results are based on tracking among a proportionate national sample of Canadians 18 years of age or older.
- ◆ Interviews were conducted between November 8th and November 11th, 2007.
- ◆ The following table outlines the sample distribution and associated margin of error.
- ◆ Note: Proportions may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Sample Distribution and Margin of Error

	November 8-11, 2007	
National Sample Regions	Sample Size	Margin of Error (±)
Canada	1000	3.1%
Quebec	247	6.3%
Rest of Canada	753	3.6%
Ontario	379	5.0%
West	297	5.7%



Key Highlights

Overall Conclusions

1. This poll suggests that we might be seeing a change in the political landscape with the return of the Mulroney file and the launch of a third party inquiry. However, it is not clear how the political landscape will be altered as these issues play out over the days and weeks ahead.
2. The poll confirms previous findings that the Liberals are the natural beneficiaries when the Conservatives hit a bump in the road – the Liberals have made some modest gains at the expense of the NDP. Clearly, the Liberals have an opportunity to consolidate their position as the anti-Harper default party. The NDP should be concerned about how to position itself as the Liberals go on the offense in attacking the Government – its numbers are down 7 points from 19% in June to 12% now. Our August poll found that NDP voters are the most virulent anti-Harper segment in the country and would be inclined to move to the Liberals if they had opportunity to defeat the Harper Government.
3. Even though the Conservative government announced a multi-year tax reduction package of worth billions of dollars, the party's popularity has actually declined – particularly in Ontario – two weeks later with the return of the Mulroney file. By contrast, the Liberal brand – particularly in Ontario – remains strong, even though there is some desire among the public to see the current Liberal leader replaced. Moreover, this poll indicates that the Government will need to manage the Mulroney file carefully in order to retain the high ground on accountability and transparency.
4. While Canadians continue to be relatively optimistic about the economy, they also see threats emerging from the south of the border – Canadian businesses face bigger challenges selling into the US and the higher proportions of Canadians who will be heading to the US to travel more and do more shopping. Managing the economy may be looming as a larger issue in the months ahead.

Liberals and Conservatives are now tied in their popular vote at 32% with the NDP dropping to 12%

- ◆ While we conducted this poll from Thursday to Sunday, voter support for the Liberals increased following the Prime Minister's announcement that he would be appointing an independent third party to review the Mulroney-Schreiber affair.
- ◆ The Liberals have been able to gain ground primarily at the expense of the NDP, which lost three percentage points from our previous poll to reach its lowest level (12%). The NDP is down 7 points from 19% in June.
- ◆ Most of the Liberal gains – from 40% to 47% – have occurred in the crucial Ontario battleground. By contrast, voter support for the Conservatives has slipped somewhat in Ontario from 33% to 29%.

While remaining optimistic about the country's economy, Canadians see potential threats from a weak US economy

- ◆ About 31% think the economy will become stronger and 43% feel that the economy will remain about the same (not getting better or worse), while only 1-in-5 (22%) expect the economy will get worse. The view in Ontario, where 27% think that economy is going to get worse, is more pessimistic. Not surprisingly, Westerners are the least pessimistic about the economy. There are no significant differences in views by either income or education.
- ◆ However, two-thirds (68%) of Canadians do believe that the rising dollar value will make it difficult for Canadian exporters. This perception is more strongly held by Ontarians (70%) and Quebecers (74%). BQ voters (83%) are particularly concerned about the impact of the rising Canadian dollar.
- ◆ Most Canadians (60%) see the rising Canadian dollar as a function of the weakness of the American economy rather than a strong Canadian economy. Again this view is most strongly held in Central Canada.
- ◆ Canadians see two reasons underpinning the rising Canadian dollar: the increasing prices of commodities (47%) and the decline in the US housing market (27%).

Canadians have yet to notice any lowering of retail prices on US products

- ◆ About 70% believe that prices of US products have remained the same, while 16% believe that prices have decreased. This view is somewhat stronger in Quebec (74%).
- ◆ Slightly over half of Canadians (52%) believe that at this point retailers are profiting by not passing on the savings to customers. It is worth noting that Quebecers (65%) and BQ voters (64%) are the most inclined to believe this.
- ◆ However, there is a broadly-held expectation (57%) that with the increase in the value of the Canadian dollar prices on US products will decrease. Again, Quebecers (47%) and francophones (46%) are somewhat less convinced that the price of US products will fall.

More Canadians want to travel more to the US and do more cross-border shopping

- ◆ Three-quarters (75%) of Canadians expect that Canadians will be visiting the US more often and buying more while they are there. Interestingly, Quebecers (67%) are just slightly less inclined to have this expectation.
- ◆ About 27% plan to do, or have already done, more shopping in the US than previously.
- ◆ About one-quarter (24%) say that they will be holidaying and visiting the US more than previously.

1-in-2 support a national referendum on the Senate's future, while public sentiment is more divided over whether it should be abolished

Support for the Referendum Proposal

- ◆ Half of Canadians support the idea of holding a national referendum during the next federal election on whether the Senate of Canada should be abolished, while 33% oppose holding a referendum on this question.
- ◆ Support for this proposal is strongest in BC (58%) and Quebec (55%), while Ontarians (43%) are clearly less enthusiastic.
- ◆ Conservative (60%), NDP (53%), and BQ (66%) voters are the most supportive of holding a referendum, while Liberal voters (44%) are less supportive.
- ◆ Francophones (56%) and those making more than \$100K (56%) are more likely to support the referendum proposal.

1-in-2 support a national referendum on the Senate's future, while public sentiment is more divided over whether it should be abolished

Support for abolishing the Senate

- ◆ Views on the actual abolishment of the Senate generally mirror views on the questions of holding a national referendum.
- ◆ About 46% say they support the abolishment of the Senate, with 37% opposed.
- ◆ Support for the Senate's abolishment is strongest in Quebec (63%) and weakest in Ontario (36%). A plurality of BC residents (44%) supports the Senate's abolishment, while Prairie residents are evenly divided – 39% support and 42% oppose.
- ◆ Again, Conservative (56%), NDP (50%), and BQ (75%) supporters are the keenest to support the Senate's abolishment, with the majority of Liberal voters (55%) being opposed.

A plurality of Canadians are open to efforts to replace Stephane Dion

- ◆ Just over one-third (36%) would support efforts to replace Stephane Dion as Liberal Leader, while only 18% would be opposed. Some 32% expressed no opinion over whether Dion should be replaced. Liberal voters (41%) and francophones (43%) would be slightly more likely than Canadians overall to support such efforts, with support among Conservatives lower at 35%.
- ◆ At this point, Justin Trudeau (40%) garners the highest level of public support if Stephane Dion were to be replaced, with Michael Ignatieff (25%) and Bob Rae (23%) trailing.
- ◆ Liberals voters are just slightly less inclined to think that Justin Trudeau (35%) would be the right leader, and more likely to see Ignatieff (30%) and Rae (24%) as the better choices. Non-Liberal voters are generally more interested in Justin Trudeau becoming the Liberal party leader.



Detailed Tables

How would Canadians vote today?

Canada																					
n=		2006										2007									
2004	2006	Feb 16-19	Apr 6-9	May 3-4	June 7-8	July 12-15	July 27-30	Sep 14-17	Oct 12-15	Dec 3	Jan 11-14	Feb 15-18	Mar 10-13	Mar 20-21	Apr 21-24	May 14-17	Jun 8-11	July 12-15	Aug 10-12	Oct 11-14	Nov 8-11
		1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Liberal candidate	37	30	28	29	31	27	26	29	26	32	37	35	29	31	31	30	31	31	33	29	32
Conservative candidate	30	36	39	39	35	36	37	38	35	32	31	31	34	36	39	36	34	34	31	33	34
NDP candidate	16	18	19	14	16	19	18	15	19	17	14	15	14	15	13	16	13	17	17	15	12
Bloc Quebecois candidate	12	11	9	11	10	9	11	11	12	11	11	11	11	9	8	9	10	11	10	10	11
Green Party candidate	4	5	5	7	9	9	8	7	8	9	7	8	12	10	9	12	9	11	10	8	12

Quebec																					
n=		2006										2007									
2004	2006	Feb 16-19	Apr 6-9	May 3-4	June 7-8	July 12-15	July 27-30	Sep 14-17	Oct 12-15	Dec 3	Jan 11-14	Feb 15-18	Mar 10-13	Mar 20-21	Apr 21-24	May 14-17	Jun 8-11	July 12-15	Aug 10-12	Oct 11-14	Nov 8-11
		247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Liberal candidate	34	21	19	19	16	17	16	21	18	28	28	25	22	22	24	19	24	23	25	24	17
Conservative candidate	9	25	31	29	30	25	24	23	16	16	16	15	18	26	24	21	20	16	16	21	26
NDP candidate	5	8	10	4	6	12	5	6	11	6	6	9	8	9	8	9	6	6	10	9	7
Bloc Quebecois candidate	49	42	37	42	40	39	50	43	48	44	44	46	43	36	33	39	41	45	40	37	42
Green Party candidate	3	4	3	5	8	7	6	8	7	6	6	5	9	7	11	12	9	10	9	9	10

Rest of Canada*																					
n=		2006										2007									
2004	2006	Feb 16-19	Apr 6-9	May 3-4	June 7-8	July 12-15	July 27-30	Sep 14-17	Oct 12-15	Dec 3	Jan 11-14	Feb 15-18	Mar 10-13	Mar 20-21	Apr 21-24	May 14-17	Jun 8-11	July 12-15	Aug 10-12	Oct 11-14	Nov 8-11
		753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753	753
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Liberal candidate	38	33	31	33	35	30	29	32	29	33	40	38	31	33	34	34	33	34	33	36	34
Conservative candidate	37	40	41	43	36	39	41	43	41	37	36	36	40	39	43	40	39	40	36	36	37
NDP candidate	19	21	22	17	19	21	22	18	21	20	17	17	16	17	14	15	19	15	20	19	14
Bloc Quebecois candidate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Green Party candidate	5	5	6	7	10	10	8	7	9	10	7	9	13	11	9	11	9	11	11	9	12

Q. If the federal election was being held tomorrow, do you think you'd be supporting the (ROTATE LIST) Liberal candidate in your area, Conservative candidate in your area, the NDP candidate in your area, or the Green Party candidate in your area or (QUEBEC ONLY) Bloc Quebecois candidate in your area?

Q. In that case, which party's candidate in your local area would you be leaning towards at this time? Would it be the (ROTATE LIST) Liberal candidate in your area, Conservative candidate in your area, the NDP candidate in your area, Green Party candidate in your area or (QUEBEC ONLY) Bloc Quebecois candidate in your area?

Base: Total sample

How would Canadians vote today? (cont'd)

		Ontario																				
		2006										2007										
n=	2004	2006	Feb 16-19	Apr 6-9	May 3-4	June 7-8	July 12-15	July 27-30	Sep 14-17	Oct 12-15	Dec 3	Jan 11-14	Feb 15-18	Mar 10-13	Mar 20-21	Apr 21-24	May 14-17	Jun 8-11	July 12-15	Aug 10-12	Oct 11-14	Nov 8-11
			379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379	379
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Liberal candidate	45	40	38	40	42	35	36	39	37	36	48	45	39	41	40	41	40	42	41	40	40	47
Conservative candidate	32	35	36	36	34	36	34	41	35	33	32	32	34	34	40	33	37	35	34	35	33	29
NDP candidate	18	20	20	15	16	20	21	16	19	19	15	14	14	15	13	16	15	11	13	17	14	12
Bloc Quebecois candidate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Green Party candidate	4	5	6	9	9	9	9	5	9	11	5	9	13	10	7	11	9	12	12	8	14	12

		West																				
		2006										2007										
n=	2004	2006	Feb 16-19	Apr 6-9	May 3-4	June 7-8	July 12-15	July 27-30	Sep 14-17	Oct 12-15	Dec 3	Jan 11-14	Feb 15-18	Mar 10-13	Mar 20-21	Apr 21-24	May 14-17	Jun 8-11	July 12-15	Aug 10-12	Oct 11-14	Nov 8-11
			297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Liberal candidate	27	23	21	20	25	23	21	20	17	27	28	26	21	19	24	23	22	22	25	25	27	24
Conservative candidate	46	49	49	53	42	45	51	50	50	42	45	42	48	50	50	50	42	44	40	46	41	43
NDP candidate	20	22	25	19	21	22	20	20	23	22	18	23	18	18	14	14	26	21	24	21	21	16
Bloc Quebecois candidate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Green Party candidate	5	5	5	8	12	10	8	10	10	10	9	9	13	13	12	13	10	13	11	8	12	18

Q. If the federal election was being held tomorrow, do you think you'd be supporting the (ROTATE LIST) Liberal candidate in your area, Conservative candidate in your area, the NDP candidate in your area, or the Green Party candidate in your area or (QUEBEC ONLY) Bloc Quebecois candidate in your area?

Q. In that case, which party's candidate in your local area would you be leaning towards at this time? Would it be the (ROTATE LIST) Liberal candidate in your area, Conservative candidate in your area, the NDP candidate in your area, Green Party candidate in your area or (QUEBEC ONLY) Bloc Quebecois candidate in your area?

Base: Total sample

Direction of the Economy

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Getting stronger	31	24	33	32	35
Staying the same	43	50	41	38	45
Getting worse	22	23	21	27	14
DK/NA/Ref	5	4	5	4	6

Q. I'd like to ask you a few questions about the economy. In the coming months, do you see the Canadian economy getting stronger, getting worse or staying the same?
 Base: Total sample

	Total Sample								
	1989 %	1991 %	1998 %	2001 %	2002 %	2004 %	2005 %	2006 %	Nov 8-11 2007** % (Note: Different question)
Improvement	15	3	24	10	22	24	22	16	31
Stay the same	17	4	27	29	42	43	57	49	43
Recession	58	90	43	58	29	26	16	29	22
DK/NA/REF	10	3	6	3	7	7	5	6	5

Asked 1989 to 2006: Q. Would you say the economy is heading into a period of improvement, into a recession, or is it going to stay the same?

Base: Total sample

Source: 1989-2002 Macleans Magazine

** Q. I'd like to ask you a few questions about the economy. In the coming months, do you see the Canadian economy getting stronger, getting worse or staying the same?

Is the rise in value of the Canadian dollar a good thing or a bad thing?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 9-11	Nov 9-11	Nov 9-11	Nov 9-11	Nov 9-11
n=	741	168	573	298	207
	%	%	%	%	%
A good thing	46	41	47	44	51
A bad thing	36	42	34	36	32
A bit of both (vol.)	14	16	13	14	11
DK/NA/Ref	5	1	6	7	6

Q. As you may know, in the last few months, the Canadian dollar has risen in value against the American dollar to the point that a Canadian dollar is worth around \$1.08 relative to the US dollar. Overall, do you feel this change in the value of the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar is a good thing or a bad thing?

Base: Total sample

Is the rise in value of the Canadian dollar a sign of a strong Canadian economy or a weak American economy?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Sign of a strong Canadian economy	17	16	17	15	20
Sign of a weak American economy	60	67	58	64	51
Both (vol.)	17	11	19	16	22
DK/NA/Ref	6	6	6	5	8

Q. Is the rise in the Canadian dollar a sign of strong Canadian economy or weak American economy?

Base: Total sample

What do Canadians think is most responsible for the increase in value of the Canadian dollar?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
The increasing price of raw materials on the world market, including oil, minerals and wheat	47	43	48	46	50
The decline in the US housing market	27	34	25	26	24
The strength of our manufacturing sector and the exports from this sector	6	7	6	6	6
The positive feelings that many people outside Canada have about our society	5	5	5	6	3
None of the above (vol.)	6	6	6	8	4
DK/NA/Ref	9	5	11	9	13

Q. Which of the following do you think is most responsible for the increase in value of the Canadian dollar?

Base: Total sample

Has the price of US products sold in Canada changed?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Decreased	16	13	17	17	17
Remained the same	70	74	68	69	68
Increased	3	1	3	4	3
DK/NA/Ref	12	12	12	10	13

Q. To the best of your knowledge, as a result of the change in the Canadian dollar, have you seen the price of US products sold in Canada decrease, increase or have they remained the same?

Base: Total sample

What do Canadians think is the reason prices are not lower?

(among those who say the price of US products sold in Canada has increased or remained the same)

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	723	186	537	275	209
	%	%	%	%	%
Retailers want to profit from the lower dollar by not passing on savings to consumers	52	65	48	48	43
US imported goods were bought by retailers before the Canadian dollar increased in value	33	25	36	33	41
Both (vol.)	10	8	11	13	9
DK/NA/Ref	5	3	6	6	6

Q. If prices are not lower, is this mainly because the US imported goods being sold in stores now were bought by retailers before the Canadian dollar increased in value or because retailers want to profit from the lower dollar by not passing on savings to consumers?

Base: Those who say the price of US products sold in Canada has increased or remained the same

Do Canadians expect the price of US goods sold in Canada to change?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Decrease	57	47	60	58	61
Remain unchanged	34	41	32	34	29
Increase	7	10	5	5	6
DK/NA/Ref	3	2	3	3	4

Q. With the increase in the value of the Canadian dollar, do you expect the price of US goods sold in Canada to decrease, increase or remain unchanged?
 Base: Total sample

Will Canadians visiting the US be able to buy more with their Canadian dollar?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
More	75	67	78	74	82
About the same	18	25	16	20	12
Less	5	7	4	4	4
DK/NA/Ref	2	1	2	2	2

Q. As a result of the change in the Canadian dollar, will Canadians visiting the US be able to buy more with their dollar, less, or about the same as previously?
 Base: Total sample

Do Canadians plan to do more shopping in the US?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Total "Yes"	27	22	29	27	29
Yes, have done more shopping	13	12	14	12	14
Yes, plan to	14	10	15	15	15
No	73	77	71	73	71
DK/NA/Ref	<1	1	<1	<1	-

Q. Do you plan to or have you done more shopping in the US than previously?

Base: Total sample

Do Canadians plan to do more travelling to the US?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Yes	24	22	25	27	24
No	75	78	74	72	75
DK/NA/Ref	1	<1	1	1	1

Q. Will you be doing more travelling, holidaying or visiting in the US than previously?
 Base: Total sample

What impact will the greater value of the Canadian dollar have on Canadian companies that do business in the US?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Easier	6	7	6	7	4
Unchanged	15	13	16	17	17
Harder	74	78	73	71	74
DK/NA/Ref	5	2	6	5	5

Q. What kind of impact do you think the greater value of the Canadian dollar will have on Canadian companies that do business in the US? Will they find it easier to sell their products in the United States, harder, or will this be unchanged?

Base: Total sample

Is the high Canadian dollar a good thing or a bad thing?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
Bad thing because it makes it difficult for us to sell to the US	68	74	66	70	60
Good thing because it allows us to buy US products more cheaply	25	22	26	24	31
DK/NA/Ref	7	5	8	6	10

Q. Some people say that the high Canadian dollar is a good thing because it will allow businesses and consumers in Canada to buy US products more cheaply. Other people say that the high Canadian dollar is a bad thing because it will make it more difficult for our businesses to sell into the US and will lead to consumers buying more in the US and less in Canada. Thinking of these two points of view, which one comes closest to your own?

Base: Total sample

Do Canadians support or oppose holding a referendum on abolishing the Senate of Canada?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
TOTAL SUPPORT	49	55	47	43	53
Strongly support	26	35	23	22	27
Somewhat support	23	20	24	21	26
Somewhat oppose	16	12	18	17	18
Strongly oppose	17	18	16	19	12
TOTAL OPPOSE	33	30	34	36	30
DK/NA/Ref	18	15	19	20	17

Q. As you may have heard, there has been some discussion about holding a national referendum during the next federal election on abolishing the Senate of Canada. Do you strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose holding a national referendum on whether or not the Senate of Canada should be abolished?

Base: Total sample

Do Canadians support or oppose the abolishment of the Senate?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
TOTAL SUPPORT	46	63	40	36	44
Strongly support	24	39	19	20	20
Somewhat support	21	24	20	16	24
Somewhat oppose	19	11	22	23	21
Strongly oppose	18	11	20	23	18
TOTAL OPPOSE	37	22	42	45	39
DK/NA/Ref	17	15	18	19	17

Q. And would you strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose or strongly oppose the abolishment of the Senate?

Base: Total sample

Do Canadians support or oppose replacing Stephane Dion as the Leader of the Liberal Party of Canada?

	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	1000	247	753	379	297
	%	%	%	%	%
TOTAL SUPPORT	36	44	34	33	34
Strongly support	21	30	18	21	14
Somewhat support	15	13	15	12	20
Neither	32	30	33	31	36
Somewhat oppose	9	8	9	9	10
Strongly oppose	9	9	9	11	7
TOTAL OPPOSE	18	18	18	19	16
DK/NA/Ref	14	9	16	17	14

Q. Would you strongly support, somewhat support, neither support nor oppose, somewhat oppose or strongly oppose any effort to replace Stephane Dion as the Leader of the Liberal Party of Canada?

Base: Total sample

Who would Canadians want to become a new Liberal Leader?

<i>Excluding None/DK/Ref</i>	Canada	Region			
		Quebec	Rest of Canada*	Ontario	West
	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11	Nov 8-11
n=	581	167	414	220	156
	%	%	%	%	%
Justin Trudeau	40	42	40	33	47
Michael Ignatieff	25	36	21	24	14
Bob Rae	23	20	24	26	24
Gerard Kennedy	11	2	15	17	15

n=	419	80	339	159	142
	%	%	%	%	%
None of the above	17	17	16	17	15
DK/NA/Ref	25	15	29	25	33

Q. And if Liberals removed Stephane Dion as the Leader, who would you want to become the new Liberal Leader?
 Base: Total sample