

# The Presence of the Chilean Navy in the World



- ☆ Beijing (China)
- ☆ Seoul (Corea)

**RIMPAC**  
 desde / since 1994  
 Australia  
 Canadá  
 Chile  
 Corea  
 EE.UU.  
 Japón  
 Reino Unido  
 Perú

**Camboya**  
 1992 / 1993

**Marcot**  
 desde / since 1995  
 Canadá  
 Chile  
 EE.UU.  
 Reino Unido

**Team Work North**  
 desde / since 1996  
 Canadá  
 Chile  
 EE.UU.  
 Reino Unido

**PANAMAX**  
 desde / since 2003  
 Chile - EE.UU. - Panamá  
 Perú - Venezuela  
 R. Dominicana - Argentina  
 Honduras - Colombia - Ecuador

**MARARÁ**  
 Chile / Francia  
 desde / since 2003

**UNITAS Pacífico**  
 desde / since 1959 / 2000  
 Colombia  
 Chile  
 Ecuador  
 EE.UU.  
 Perú  
 México  
 Panamá

**PASSEX**  
 Ejercicios de Oportunidad

**NEPTUNO**  
 Chile / Perú  
 desde / since 2003

**Team Work South**  
 desde / since 1995  
 Canadá  
 Chile  
 EE.UU.  
 Reino Unido  
 Francia

- Anchor icon: Participation in Peacekeeping Operations
- Anchor icon: Bilateral Naval Exercises
- Anchor icon: Multinational Naval Exercises
- Star icon: Naval Missions and Adjunct offices

☆ Ottawa (Canadá)

☆ Washington (Estados Unidos)

☆ Londres (Reino Unido)

☆ Paris (Francia)

☆ Madrid (España)

**Medio Oriente**  
 1967 / 1992  
 +Dic. 2001

**Chipre**  
 +2001  
 +2003  
 Sección I.M.

**CENTAURO**  
 Chile / EE.UU.  
 Unidades I.M. / USMC  
 desde / since 1992

☆ Panamá (Panamá)

☆ Guayaquil (Ecuador)

**Ecuador · Perú**  
 1995 / 1999

☆ Lima (Perú)

☆ Brasilia (Brasil)

**BOGATÚN**  
 desde / since 1996  
 Chile / Brasil

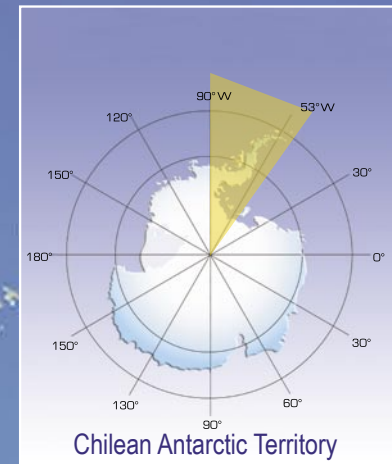
**Passex Pacífico**  
 Chile / Perú  
 desde / since 2003

☆ Buenos Aires (Argentina)

**Operativo Integración**  
 desde / since 1998  
 Chile / Argentina

**VIEKAREN**  
 Chile / Argentina  
 desde / since 1998

**Patrulla Antártica Naval Combinada**  
 Chile / Argentina  
 desde / since 1998



As part of its international commitments, the Navy participates in cooperation programs with other nations.

**Peace Missions**  
 Under the tutelage of the United Nations, Chile's Navy embraced the stand-by arrangement, whereby States always have permanently prepared resources on stand-by, including trained troops that are capable of working together with foreign forces.

**Humanitarian aid** in the case of natural disasters.

**Mutual Trust**  
 The building of reciprocal bonds of trust, particularly with neighbouring countries such as Argentina and Peru, by the strengthening of operational, technical and human ties, by means of exercises, formal visits, and professional and educational exchanges.

Fuente / Source: Exposición Armada de Chile 2004.

Sketch diagram. No legal value.

# The Presence of the Chilean Navy in the World



## **UNITAS Pacific Phase**

The UNITAS naval exercises with the United States were established in 1959 and are currently carried out on a multilateral basis with Naval forces from various South American countries.

## **RIMPAC (Pacific Rim)**

The most important combined naval exercise in the Pacific Ocean. Under the coordination of the U.S. Third Fleet, RIMPAC began in 1971 and since 1974 has been carried out biannually in Hawaii. The exercise brings together the forces of Australia, Canada, Chile, the United States, Japan, Korea, the United Kingdom and Peru, the latter becoming involved in the last operation.

Chile has been a participating member since 1994.

## **Team Work South**

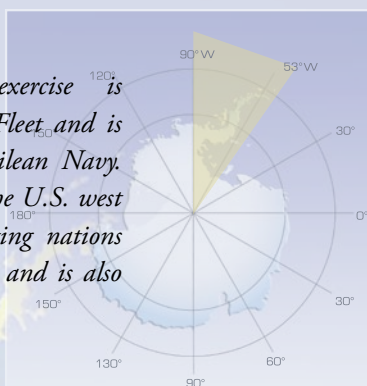
Coordinated by the Chilean Navy, this multinational naval exercise brings together the largest quantity of troops, ships and aircraft in the country. It began in 1995 in northern Chile and since 1999 is held on a biannual basis, every odd years. It brings together forces from Canada, Chile, France, the United States and the United Kingdom, and includes the Chilean Air Force.

## **MARCOT**

(Maritime Combined Operations Training) Multinational naval exercise coordinated by the Canadian Navy. It takes place in Canadian waters, in the Pacific Ocean, and is aimed at training multinational forces that operate with the United Nations. It brings together forces from the Australian, Canadian, Chilean (since 1995), U.S. and British Navies.

## **Team Work North**

This multinational naval exercise is coordinated by the U.S. Third Fleet and is organized together with the Chilean Navy. It has been held since 1996 on the U.S. west coast off California. Participating nations include Chile, the United States and is also expected to include Canada.



## **Panamax**

Interoperability exercise aimed at guaranteeing the defence and security of the Panama Canal.

Held since 2003, Panamax is conducted under the direction of U.S. Naval Forces Southern Command, the Chilean Navy and Panama's Maritime Service.



Navies of both nations as well as reinforcing their capability to efficiently and effectively employ resources to protect human life at sea. The Pacific exercise provides training in the tactical area between ships from both Fleets. Neptune focuses on maritime issues and the prevention of contamination in ports.

## **Bogatun**

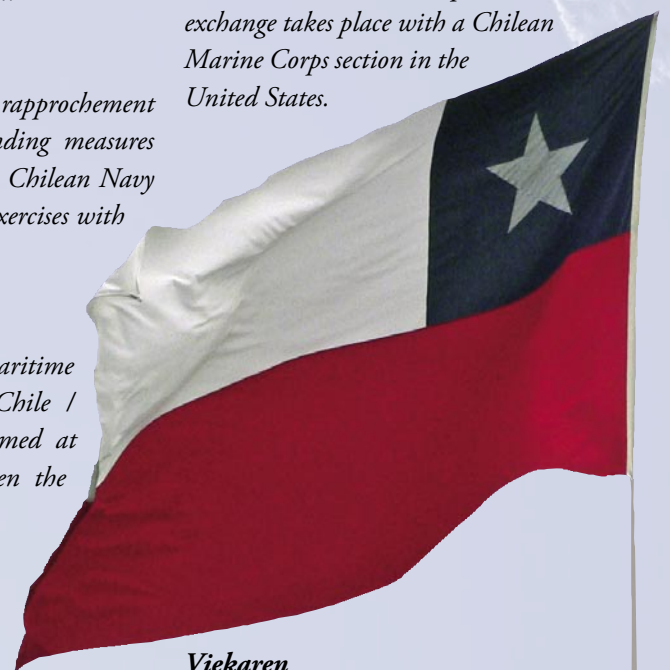
Bilateral naval exercise between the navies of Brazil and Chile carried out since 1996 in waters pertaining to each nation.

## **Marara**

Exercise that trains French and Chilean forces in support situations to deal with catastrophes and humanitarian aid in Polynesia.

## **Centauro**

Annual bilateral exercise held since 1992 between the Chilean and U.S. Marine Corps. A U.S. Marine Corps section operates together with Chile's Marine Corps and a similar exchange takes place with a Chilean Marine Corps section in the United States.



## **Viekaren**

A security and mutual trust exercise that is carried out each year in the southern region between units from the Chilean Navy and the Argentinean Navy.