























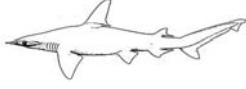
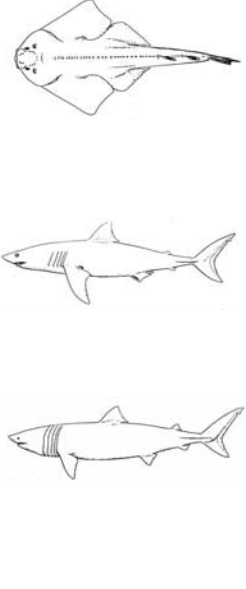



**Delaware's Recreational Season, Size and Creel Limits
2010 Quick Reference**

	Species	Open Season	Minimum Size	Daily Limit
Non - tidal Waters	 Largemouth bass	All year	12 inches; except 15 inches in Becks Pond	6; except 2 from Becks Pond
	 Smallmouth bass	All year	None between 12 - 17 inches	6 (no more than 1 > 17 inches)
	 Striped bass hybrid <i>(Only occur in Lums Pond)</i>	All year	15 inches	2
	 Panfish (<i>bluegill, pumpkinseed, redear, crappie, yellow & white perch</i>)	All year	None	50 (no more than 25 of one species)
	 Trout (special rules apply)	Opens first Saturday in April	None	6 (4 in fly-fishing only waters)
Tidal Waters	American eel	All year	6 inches	50
	 American & hickory shad	Closed Nanticoke R. & its tribs.; Open all year elsewhere	None	10 in any combination
	 Atlantic croaker	All year	8 inches	None
	Atlantic sturgeon		Closed - no harvest permitted	
	 Black drum	All year	16 inches	3
	 Black sea bass	Opens May 22; closing date TBA	12.5 inches	25
	 Bluefish	All year	None	10
	 Catfish (any species)	All year	None	None
	 Red drum	All year	20 - 27 inches may be retained	5
	 River herring <i>(alewife & blueback)</i>	All year	None	10
	 Scup	All year	8 inches	50
	 Spanish mackerel	All year	14 inches	10
	 Spotted seatrout	All year	12 inches	None
	 Striped bass	All year	28 inches, except only 20 - 26 inch fish may be retained from July 1 - Aug. 31 in DE River, DE Bay & their tribs.	2, except catch & release only on spawning grounds April 1 - May 31 (see Fishing Guide page 18)
	 Summer flounder	Jan. 1 - Oct. 12	18.5 inches	4
	 Tautog	April 1 - May 11	15 inches	3
		July 1 - Aug. 31 Sept. 29 - Mar. 31	14 inches 14 inches	10 10
	 Weakfish	All year	13 inches	1
	 White perch	All year	8 inches	None
	Winter flounder	Feb. 11 - Apr. 10	12 inches	2
Shark, tuna & billfish		<i>Refer to Sharks & HMS Page</i>		
Note: A general fishing license is now required to fish for blue crabs and clams	Blue crab	Pots: Mar. 1 - Nov. 30; other gears year around	Peeler - 3 inches Soft-shell - 3.5 inches Hard-shell - 5 inches	1 bushel
	Hard clams	All year	1.5 inches	100/resident; 50/non-resident
	Lobster	All year	3 3/8 - 5 1/4 inches	2; V-notched prohibited

2010 Sharks and Highly Migratory Species (HMS)

	Species	Open Season	Minimum Size	Daily Limit
Sharks * - Special permit may be required for federal waters	 Spiny & smooth dogfish	All year	None	None
	 Blacktip shark, bull shark, great hammerhead, lemon shark, nurse shark, scalloped hammerhead, silky shark, smooth hammerhead, spinner shark, tiger shark	Jan. 1 -May 14; July 16 - Dec. 31	54 -inches FORK LENGTH	Boat anglers- only 1 shark of any species per vessel, except 1 additional bonnethead and 1 additional Atlantic sharpnose per angler onboard vessel. Shore anglers - only of 1 shark of any species per angler, except 1 additional bonnethead and one additional Atlantic sharpnose per angler onboard vessel.
	 Blue shark, oceanic white-tip shark, porbeagle, shortfin mako, thresher shark	All year	54 -inches FORK LENGTH	
	 Atlantic sharpnose shark, blacknose shark, bonnethead, finetooth shark	All year	None	
 Sandbar shark, sand tiger , Atlantic angel shark, basking shark, bigeye sand tiger, bigeye sixgill shark, bigeye thresher, bignose shark, Caribbean reef shark, Caribbean sharpnose shark, dusky shark, Galapagos shark, longfin mako, narrowtooth shark, night shark, sevengill shark, sixgill shark, smalltail shark, whale shark, white shark	THESE SPECIES PROHIBITED		<i>The sandbar & sand tiger are toothed sharks commonly taken in the nearshore waters of the state and are prohibited. Like all prohibited species, they must be immediately released to ensure the maximum probability of survival.</i>	
Special Restrictions for Shark				
It is unlawful to fillet a shark prior to landing. A shark may be eviscerated prior to landing, but head, tail and fins must remain attached to the carcass. It is unlawful to release a shark in a manner that will not ensure the sharks maximum probability of survival. It is unlawful to possess the fins from any shark prior to landing unless they are naturally attached to the body of the shark.				
Tunas and HMS * - Special permit required		*All private vessel owners/operators recreationally fishing for and/or retaining regulated Atlantic Highly Migratory Species (Atlantic tunas, sharks, swordfish and billfish) for personal use in the Atlantic Ocean must obtain an Atlantic Highly Migratory Species (HMS) Angling Permit. Further limits and restrictions apply. Consult www.hmspermits.gov or call toll free (888) 872-8862 for specific information.		

Sandbar and sand tiger shark images adapted from Compagno, L.J.V. 1984. FAO species catalogue. Vol. 4. Sharks of the World. Parts 1 & 2 available courtesy of www.fishbase.org. Lineart of other shark species from Bigelow, H.B. and W.C. Schroeder (1953) available courtesy of www.nefsc.noaa.gov/lineart/.