News & Information

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Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2010

Tokyo, May 13, 2010 -- Sony Corporation today announced its consolidated results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 (April 1, 2009 to March 31, 2010).

- Operating income of ¥31.8 billion was achieved, compared to an operating loss in the previous fiscal year.
- The Financial Services segment and the Consumer Products & Devices segment, in particular LCD televisions, contributed to the improvement in operating results year-on-year.
- Cash flow from operating and investing activities combined was positive and exceeded \(\frac{\pmax}{300} \) billion excluding the Financial Services segment's activities.
- In the forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, Sony expects consolidated operating income to increase significantly year-on-year. Sony also plans to aggressively launch 3D-related products, network services and other new businesses with the aim of future growth.

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

Fiscal year ended March 31

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	Change in				
	2009	2010	yen	2010*	
Sales and operating revenue	¥7,730.0	¥7,214.0	-6.7%	\$77,570	
Operating income (loss)	(227.8)	31.8	-	342	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(175.0)	26.9	-	289	
Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders **	(98.9)	(40.8)	-	(439)	
Net income (loss) attributable to					
Sony Corporation's stockholders					
per share of common stock:					
- Basic and Diluted	¥(98.59)	¥(40.66)	-	\$(0.44)	

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are presented on the basis of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP").

Supplemental Information

In addition to operating income (loss), Sony's management also evaluates Sony's performance using non-U.S. GAAP adjusted operating income (loss). Operating income (loss), as adjusted, which excludes equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies, restructuring charges and LCD television asset impairment, is not a presentation in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and is presented to enhance investors' understanding of Sony's operating income (loss) by providing an alternative measure that may be useful to understand Sony's historical and prospective operating performance.

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

	2009	2010	Change in yen	2010
Operating income (loss)	¥(227.8)	¥31.8	- %	\$342
Less: Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies	(25.1)	(30.2)	-	(325)
Add: Restructuring charges recorded within operating expenses	75.4	124.3	+64.9	1,337
Add: LCD television asset impairment ***	-	27.1	-	291
Operating income (loss), as adjusted	¥(127.3)	¥213.4	-	\$2,295

Sony's management uses this measure to review operating trends, perform analytical comparisons, and assess whether its structural transformation initiatives are achieving their objectives. This supplemental non-U.S. GAAP measure should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, Sony's operating income (loss) in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

- * U.S. dollar amounts have been translated from yen, for convenience only, at the rate of \$93=U.S. \$1, the approximate Tokyo foreign exchange market rate as of March 31, 2010.
- ** Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders is equivalent to net income (loss) in the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2009 and prior. Modification of the presentation format of the consolidated statement of income is required by new accounting guidance for noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements, which Sony adopted effective April 1, 2009.
- *** The ¥27.1 billion loss on impairment, a non-cash charge recorded within operating income, primarily reflects a decrease in the estimated fair value of property, plant and equipment and certain intangible assets. Management's strategic plans updated in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 resulted in decreases in the assets' estimated service periods and corresponding estimated future cash flows leading to the impairment charge. Sony has excluded the loss on impairment from restructuring charges as it is not directly related to Sony's ongoing restructuring initiatives. Sony defines restructuring initiatives as activities initiated by Sony, such as exiting a business or product category or implementing a headcount reduction program, which are designed to generate a positive impact on future profitability.

Consolidated Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2010

Sales and operating revenue ("sales") was \(\frac{\pmath{\text{\frac{4}}}}{214.0}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmath{\text{\frac{570}}}}{1000}\) million), a decrease of 6.7% compared to the previous fiscal year ("year-on-year") primarily due to a decrease in sales in the Consumer Products & Devices ("CPD") segment, partially offset by an increase in revenue in the Financial Services segment.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, the average rate of the yen was ¥91.8 against the U.S. dollar and ¥129.7 against the euro, which was 8.4% and 9.5% higher, respectively, than the prior year. On a local currency basis, sales decreased 1% year-on-year. For references to sales on a local currency basis, see Note on page 10.

Operating income was ¥31.8 billion (\$342 million), an improvement of ¥259.6 billion year-on-year. Operating results improved significantly primarily due to an improvement in operating results in the Financial Services segment, and both an improvement in the cost of sales ratio and a reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses mainly in the CPD segment. Excluding equity in net loss of affiliated companies, restructuring charges and a non-cash charge related to LCD television asset impairment, operating income on an as adjusted basis improved ¥340.7 billion to ¥213.4 billion (\$2,295 million).

Equity in net loss of affiliated companies, recorded within operating income, was ¥30.2 billion (\$325 million), an increased loss of ¥5.1 billion year-on-year. Sony recorded equity in net loss for Sony Ericsson Mobile Communication AB ("Sony Ericsson") of ¥34.5 billion (\$371 million) compared to equity in net loss of ¥30.3 billion in the previous fiscal year. Equity in net income for S-LCD Corporation ("S-LCD"), a joint venture with Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., decreased ¥6.5 billion year-on-year to ¥0.4 billion (\$4 million).

The net effect of **other income and expenses** was an expense of ¥4.9 billion (\$53 million), a deterioration of ¥57.7 billion year-on-year, primarily due to the recording of a net foreign exchange loss in the current fiscal year versus a significant net foreign exchange gain recorded in the prior fiscal year.

Income before income taxes of \(\frac{\pma}{2}6.9\) billion (\(\frac{\pma}{2}89\) million) was recorded, an improvement of \(\frac{\pma}{2}01.9\) billion year-on-year.

Income taxes: During the current fiscal year, Sony recorded ¥14.0 billion (\$150 million) of income taxes resulting in an effective tax rate of 51.9%. This was primarily due to the impact of equity investments reported net of income taxes, partially offset by lower effective tax rates on profits in the insurance business.

Net loss attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders, which excludes net income attributable to noncontrolling interests, was \(\frac{4}{4}0.8\) billion (\(\frac{4}{3}9\) million), a \(\frac{4}{5}8.1\) billion improvement year-on-year.

Operating Performance Highlights by Business Segment

Sony realigned its reportable segments from the first quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 to reflect its reorganization as of April 1, 2009, primarily repositioning operations previously reported within the Electronics and Game segments and establishing the **CPD**, **Networked Products & Services** ("NPS") and **B2B & Disc Manufacturing** ("B2B & Disc") segments. The CPD segment includes products such as televisions, digital imaging, audio and video, semiconductors and components. The equity results of S-LCD are also included within the CPD segment. The NPS segment includes the game business as well as PCs and other networked businesses. The B2B & Disc segment is comprised of the B2B business, including broadcast- and professional-use products, as well as Blu-ray DiscTM, DVD and CD disc manufacturing.

Additionally, **Music** is a new reportable segment effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. The Music segment includes Sony Music Entertainment ("SME"), Sony Music Entertainment (Japan) Inc. ("SMEJ"), and a 50% owned U.S.-based joint venture in the music publishing business, Sony/ATV Music Publishing LLC ("Sony/ATV").

Pictures and **Financial Services** continue to be reportable segments. The equity earnings from Sony Ericsson are presented as a separate segment.

In connection with this realignment, both the sales and operating income (loss) of each segment in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009 have been restated to conform to the presentation for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010.

"Sales and operating revenue" in each business segment represents sales and operating revenue recorded before intersegment transactions are eliminated. "Operating income (loss)" in each business segment represents operating income (loss) reported before intersegment transactions are eliminated and excludes unallocated corporate expenses.

Consumer Products & Devices

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

	Change in				
	2009	2010	yen	2010	
Sales and operating revenue	¥4,031.5	¥3,227.7	-19.9%	\$34,707	
Operating income (loss)	(115.1)	(46.5)	-	(500)	

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis.

Sales decreased by 19.9% year-on-year (a decrease of 14% on a local currency basis) to ¥3,227.7 billion (\$34,707 million). Sales to outside customers decreased 18.8% year-on-year. This was primarily as a result of unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates, a decrease in sales of BRAVIATM LCD televisions due to a decline in unit selling prices and a decrease in sales of Handycam® video cameras and Cyber-shotTM compact digital cameras due to the contraction of these markets.

Operating loss of \(\frac{\pmath{4}6.5}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmath{5}00}\) million) was recorded, an improvement of \(\frac{\pmath{4}6.6}\) billion year-on-year. This was driven by an improvement in the cost of sales ratio and a reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses, partially offset by a decrease in gross profit due to lower sales, unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates and an increase in restructuring charges. Restructuring charges were \(\frac{\pmath{7}2.0}{200}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmath{7}74}{200}\) million) compared with \(\frac{\pmath{4}9.3}{49.3}\) billion recorded in the prior fiscal year. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, a \(\frac{\pmath{2}27.1}{200}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmath{2}91}{200}\) million) non-cash charge related to LCD television asset impairment, not included in restructuring charges, was recorded. (For reference to LCD television asset impairment, see

footnote *** on page 2.) Products contributing to the improvement in operating results (excluding restructuring charges) include BRAVIA LCD televisions and Cyber-shot compact digital cameras, reflecting the benefits of cost reduction activities that exceeded the impact of the decrease in sales, and images sensors, that saw an increase in sales. This was partially offset by lower operating results for system LSIs for the game business which were affected by lower sales resulting from price reductions driven by cost saving efforts.

Networked Products & Services

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

		Change in			
	2009	2010	yen	2010	
Sales and operating revenue	¥1,755.6	¥1,575.8	-10.2%	\$16,945	
Operating income (loss)	(87.4)	(83.1)	-	(893)	

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis.

Sales decreased 10.2% year-on-year (a 5% decrease on a local currency basis) to ¥1,575.8 billion (\$16,945 million), primarily due to a decrease in sales in the game business and of VAIOTM PCs. Sales in the game business decreased mainly due to unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates, decreases in unit sales of PSP® (PlayStation Portable) ("PSP") hardware and of PlayStation®2 ("PS2") software. This decrease was partially offset by increased unit sales of PlayStation®3 ("PS3") software, driven by the expanded PS3 platform as a result of the launch of a new model. Approximately 13.0 million units of PS3 hardware were sold in the current fiscal year, compared to approximately 10.1 million units in the previous fiscal year. Approximately 9.9 million PSP units were sold in the current fiscal year, compared to approximately 14.1 million units in the prior fiscal year. Approximately 7.3 million PS2 units were sold in the current fiscal year, compared to approximately 7.9 million units in the previous fiscal year.

An **operating loss** of ¥83.1 billion (\$893 million) was recorded, an improvement of ¥4.4 billion year-on-year, due to improved profitability from products including Walkman® digital music players. This improvement was partially offset by deterioration in the game business. Lower unit sales of PS2 software and of PSP hardware mainly contributed to this deterioration, partially offset by the cost reduction of PS3 hardware and increased unit sales of PS3 software.

B2B & Disc Manufacturing

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

	Change in				
	2009	2010	yen	2010	
Sales and operating revenue	¥560.0	¥504.2	-10.0%	\$5,422	
Operating income (loss)	6.5	(7.2)	-	(78)	

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis.

Sales decreased 10.0% year-on-year (a 2% decrease on a local currency basis) to ¥504.2 billion (\$5,422 million). Sales to outside customers decreased 13.0% year-on-year. This decrease was primarily due to unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates and a decrease in sales of broadcast- and professional-use products in developed countries reflecting a deterioration in the business environment. Unit selling price declines in the disc manufacturing business also contributed to the decrease in overall segment sales.

An **operating loss** of \(\pm\)7.2 billion (\\$78 million) was recorded compared to operating income of \(\pm\)6.5 billion in the previous fiscal year. This was due to deterioration in the profitability of broadcast- and professional-use products and in the disc manufacturing business brought on by the factors noted above.

* * * * *

Total Inventory for the CPD, NPS and B2B & Disc segments, as of March 31, 2010, was ¥570.0 billion (\$6,129 million), a decrease of ¥174.3 billion, or 23.4% as compared with the level as of March 31, 2009. Inventory increased by ¥9.3 billion, or 1.7% compared with the level as of December 31, 2009.

Pictures

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal Year ended March 31

	Change in				
	2009	2010	yen	2010	
Sales and operating revenue	¥717.5	¥705.2	-1.7%	\$7,583	
Operating income	29.9	42.8	+ 43.1	460	

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis. The results presented above are a yen-translation of the results of Sony Pictures Entertainment ("SPE"), a U.S- based operation that aggregates the results of its worldwide subsidiaries on a U.S. dollar basis. Management analyzes the results of SPE in U.S. dollars, so discussion of certain portions of its results is specified as being on "a U.S. dollar basis."

Sales decreased 1.7% year-on-year (a 7% increase on a U.S. dollar basis) due to the appreciation of the yen against the U.S. dollar. On a U.S. dollar basis, motion picture revenues increased primarily due to higher worldwide theatrical and home entertainment revenues from the current year's film slate which included strong performances from 2012, Angels & Demons and Michael Jackson's This Is It. This was partially offset by a decrease in home entertainment revenues from prior year's films. Television revenues increased on a U.S. dollar basis primarily due to higher advertising revenues from a number of international channels, including a significant increase in India from the broadcasting of the Indian Premier League cricket competition.

Operating income increased 43.1% year-on-year. This increase was primarily due to the recognition of gains on the sale of a portion of SPE's equity interest in both a Latin American premium pay television business (HBO Latin America) and a U.S. cable network (Game Show Network), as well as the sale of all of its equity interest in a Central European premium pay television business (HBO Central Europe). The total gain recognized from these sales was \(\frac{1}{3}30.3\) billion (\(\frac{1}{3}326\) million). The current year's operating results were negatively impacted by the decrease in home entertainment revenues noted above and the write-off of certain development costs.

Music

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal Year ended March 31

	Change in				
	2009	2010	yen	2010	
Sales and operating revenue	¥387.1	¥522.6	+35.0%	\$5,620	
Operating income	27.8	36.5	+31.1	393	

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are reported on a U.S. GAAP basis. The results presented above include the yen-translated results of SME, a U.S.-based operation which aggregates the results of its worldwide subsidiaries on a U.S. dollar basis, the results of SMEJ, a Japan-based music company which aggregates its results in yen, and the yen-translated consolidated results of Sony/ATV, a 50% owned U.S- based joint venture in the music publishing business which aggregates the results of its worldwide subsidiaries on a U.S. dollar basis.

Sales increased 35.0% year-on-year primarily because results for the current fiscal year include the full year results for SME which was consolidated as a wholly-owned subsidiary beginning October 1, 2008.

On a pro forma basis, had SME been fully consolidated for the previous fiscal year, sales in the Music segment for the previous fiscal year would have been ¥549.1 billion. Compared with these pro forma sales, Music segment sales during the current fiscal year decreased 5% (virtually flat year-on-year in total segment sales when converting sales of SME and Sony/ATV on a constant U.S. dollar basis). Although full year sales were favorably impacted by a number of new releases and strong sales of Michael Jackson catalog product, sales decreased due to the appreciation of the yen against the U.S. dollar as well as the continued contraction of the physical music market.

In addition to Michael Jackson's catalog albums, best-selling new releases during the year included Susan Boyle's *I Dreamed a Dream*, the *Michael Jackson's This Is It* soundtrack, Alicia Keys' *The Element of Freedom* and *Glee the Music Vol. 1 & 2*, music collections from the hit U.S. television show, *Glee*. In Japan, best-selling albums included Michael Jackson's catalog albums and ikimono-gakari's *HAJIMARI NO UTA*.

Operating income increased 31.1% year-on-year. Results for the first half of the previous fiscal year included equity in net loss of ¥6.0 billion for SONY BMG MUSIC ENTERTAINMENT. On a pro forma basis, had SME been fully consolidated for the previous fiscal year, operating income for the Music segment for the previous fiscal year would have been ¥21.3 billion. Compared with this pro forma operating income, Music segment operating income during the current fiscal year increased 72% (a 78% increase in total segment operating income, when converting operating income of SME and Sony/ATV on a constant U.S. dollar basis). This increase was primarily due to improved results from SME and SMEJ. The improved results at SME were primarily due to the contribution from hit releases, Michael Jackson catalog product sales, growth in new music related businesses (such as concerts, film and television, and sponsorships), as well as a year-on-year decrease in overhead and restructuring costs. Results at SMEJ improved mainly due to the contribution from hit releases as well as year-on-year decreases in advertisement expenses and restructuring charges.

Financial Services

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

	Change in				
	2009	2010	yen	2010	
Financial services revenue	¥538.2	¥851.4	+58.2%	\$9,155	
Operating income (loss)	(31.2)	162.5	-	1,747	

In Sony's Financial Services segment, the results include Sony Financial Holdings, Inc. ("SFH") and SFH's consolidated subsidiaries such as Sony Life Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Sony Life"), Sony Assurance Inc. and Sony Bank Inc. ("Sony Bank"), as well as the results for Sony Finance International Inc. ("SFI"). Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are reported on a U.S. GAAP basis. Therefore, the results of Sony Life shown below differ from the results that SFH and Sony Life disclose on a Japanese statutory basis.

Financial services revenue increased 58.2% year-on-year to ¥851.4 billion (\$9,155 million) mainly due to an increase in revenue at Sony Life. Revenue at Sony Life was ¥740.4 billion (\$7,962 million), a ¥309.9 billion or 72.0% increase year-on-year. Revenue increased significantly year-on-year mainly due to an improvement in net gains from investments in the separate account, an improvement in net valuation gains

from investments in convertible bonds in the general account and a significant decrease in impairment losses on equity securities in the general account, all as a result of the significant rise in the Japanese stock market in the current fiscal year, as compared with a significant decline following the global financial crisis in the previous fiscal year. Revenue from insurance premiums at Sony Life increased, reflecting a steady increase in policy amount in force.

Operating income of \(\frac{\pmath{\text{1}}}{162.5}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmath{\text{1}}}{1,747}\) million) was recorded, compared to an operating loss of \(\frac{\pmath{\text{3}}}{31.2}\) billion in the previous fiscal year mainly as a result of a significant improvement in operating results at Sony Life. Operating income in the current fiscal year at Sony Life was \(\frac{\pmath{\text{1}}}{166.6}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmath{\text{1}}}{1,792}\) million), as compared to an operating loss of \(\frac{\pmath{\text{2}}}{29.8}\) billion in the previous fiscal year, mainly due to the improvement in net valuation gains from investments in convertible bonds in the general account, a decrease in the provision of policy reserves because of the revision of the future investment yield of variable life insurance products in the separate account and the significant decrease in impairment losses on equity securities in the general account, all as a result of the improved situation in the Japanese stock market mentioned above.

Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

The following operating results for Sony Ericsson, which is accounted for by the equity method as Sony Corporation's ownership percentage is 50%, are not consolidated in Sony's consolidated financial statements. However, Sony believes that this disclosure provides additional useful analytical information to investors regarding operating performance of Sony.

(Millions of euro)

Year ended March 31

	2009	2010	Change in euro
Sales and operating revenue	€10,278	€6,457	-37.2%
Income (loss) before taxes	(633)	(654)	-
Net income (loss)	(489)	(522)	-

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis.

Sales for the year ended March 31, 2010 decreased 37.2% year-on-year, mainly driven by significantly lower unit shipments as a result of continued challenging market conditions in all regions. Despite the significantly lower sales, the loss before taxes increased only slightly to €654 million compared to the previous year, primarily due to a year-on-year reduction in research and development expenses, as well as selling and administrative expenses. As a result, Sony recorded equity in net loss of Sony Ericsson of ¥34.5 billion (\$371 million) for the current fiscal year, compared to a loss of ¥30.3 billion in the prior fiscal year.

Cash Flows

For Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, charts showing Sony's cash flow information for all segments, all segments excluding the Financial Services segment and the Financial Services segment alone, please refer to pages F-5 and F-14 respectively.

Operating Activities: During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, there was a net cash inflow of ¥912.9 billion (\$9,816 million) from operating activities, an increase of ¥505.8 billion, or 124.2% year-on-year.

For all segments excluding the Financial Services segment, there was a net cash inflow of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{57.2}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{6}}}{131}\) million) for the current fiscal year, an increase of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{457.5}\) billion, or 406.0% year-on-year. The major cash inflow factors included a cash contribution from net income after taking into account depreciation and amortization (including amortization of film costs), an increase in notes and accounts payable, trade, and a

decrease in inventories. This exceeded cash outflow, which included increases in film costs and in notes and accounts receivable, trade. Compared with the prior fiscal year, the net cash inflow increased mainly due to an increase in notes and accounts payable, trade in the current fiscal year compared to a decrease in the prior fiscal year and lower tax payments. This increase was partially offset by an increase in notes and accounts receivable, trade in the current fiscal year compared to a decrease in the prior fiscal year.

Investing Activities: During the current fiscal year, Sony used ¥746.0 billion (\$8,022 million) of net cash in investing activities, a decrease of ¥335.3 billion, or 31.0% year-on-year.

For all segments excluding the Financial Services segment, there was ¥247.9 billion (\$2,666 million) of net cash used, a decrease of ¥239.5 billion, or 49.1% year-on-year. During the current fiscal year, net cash was used mainly for purchases of manufacturing equipment. The net cash used decreased year-on-year primarily as a result of lower investments in and purchases of manufacturing equipment, although the prior fiscal year benefited from proceeds generated mainly from the sale of semiconductor fabrication equipment.

The Financial Services segment used \(\frac{4475.7}{25.7}\) billion (\(\frac{5}{115}\) million) of net cash, a decrease of \(\frac{4126.6}{126.6}\) billion, or 21.0% year-on-year. Payments for investments and advances, carried out primarily at Sony Life and Sony Bank, where operations are expanding, exceeded proceeds from the maturities of marketable securities, sales of securities investments and collections of advances. The net cash used within the Financial Services segment decreased year-on-year primarily due to a decrease in investments at Sony Bank.

In all segments excluding the Financial Services segment, net cash generated by operating and investing activities combined* for the current fiscal year was ¥322.3 billion (\$3,465 million), an improvement of ¥697.1 billion compared to net cash used in the prior fiscal year.

Financing Activities: During the current fiscal year, ¥365.0 billion (\$3,925 million) of net cash was provided by financing activities, an increase of ¥97.6 billion, or 36.5% year-on-year. For all segments excluding the Financial Services segment, there was a ¥98.6 billion (\$1,061 million) net cash inflow, an increase of ¥88.7 billion or 891.7% year-on year. This was primarily due to issuances of long-term corporate bonds and borrowings from banks in the current fiscal year, which were partially offset by net repayments of short-term borrowings including commercial paper. In June 2009, Sony Corporation issued domestic straight bonds totaling ¥220 billion (\$2,366 million) in Japan with maturities ranging from 3 to 10 years. In the Financial Services segment, financing activities generated ¥238.6 billion (\$2,566 million) of net cash, a decrease of ¥21.7 billion, or 8.3% year-on-year, primarily due to a decrease in short-term borrowings, net for the current fiscal year compared to an increase for the prior fiscal year.

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents: Accounting for the above factors and the effect of fluctuations in exchange rates, the total outstanding balance of cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2010 was \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{1,191.6}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmathbf{12}}{813}\) million). The outstanding balance of cash and cash equivalents of all segments excluding the Financial Services segment was \(\frac{\pmathbf{9}}{984.9}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmathbf{10}}{590}\) million), an increase of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{419.9}\) billion, or 74.3%, compared with the balance as of March 31, 2009. Sony believes it continues to maintain sufficient liquidity through access to a total, translated into yen, of \(\frac{\pmathbf{7}}{788.5}\) billion of unused committed lines of credit with financial institutions in addition to the cash and cash equivalents balance at March 31, 2010. Within the Financial Services segment, the outstanding balance of cash and cash equivalents was \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{206.7}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{2,223}\) million), an increase of \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{10.9}\) billion, or 115.8%, compared with the balance as of March 31, 2009.

^{*} Sony has included the information for cash flow from operating and investing activities combined excluding the Financial Services segment's activities, as management frequently monitors this financial measure, and believes this non-GAAP measurement is important for use in evaluating Sony's ability to generate cash to maintain liquidity and fund debt principal and dividend payments from business activities other than its Financial Services segment. This information is derived from the reconciliations prepared in the section Condensed Statements of Cash Flows on page

F-14. This information and the separate condensed presentations shown below are not required or prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Financial Services segment's cash flow is excluded from the measure because SFH, which constitutes a majority of the Financial Services segment, is a separate publicly traded entity in Japan with a significant minority interest and it, as well as its subsidiaries, secure liquidity on their own. This measure may not be comparable to those of other companies. This measure has limitations, because it does not represent residual cash flows available for discretionary expenditures principally due to the fact that the measure does not deduct the principal payments required for debt service. Therefore, Sony believes it is important to view this measure as supplemental to its entire statement of cash flows and together with Sony's disclosures regarding investments, available credit facilities and overall liquidity.

A reconciliation of the differences between the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows reported and cash flows from operating and investing activities combined excluding the Financial Services segment's activities is as follows:

	(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars) Fiscal year ended March 31		
	2009	2010	2010
Net cash provided by operating activities reported in the consolidated statements of cash flows	¥407.2	¥912.9	\$9,816
Net cash used in investing activities reported in the consolidated statements of cash flows	(1,081.3)	(746.0)	(8,022)
	(674.1)	166.9	1,794
Less: Net cash provided by operating activities within the Financial Services segment Less: Net cash used in investing activities within the	300.1	348.0	3,742
Financial Services segment	(602.4)	(475.7)	(5,115)
Eliminations **	(3.0)	27.7	298
Cash flow from operating and investing activities combined excluding the Financial Services segment's activities	¥ (374.8)	¥322.3	\$3,465

^{**} Eliminations primarily consist of intersegment loans and dividend payments. Intersegment loans are between Sony Corporation and SFI, an entity included within the Financial Services segment.

Consolidated Results for the Fourth Quarter ended March 31, 2010

Sales were ¥1,715.1 billion (\$18,442 million), an increase of 12.5% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, the average rate of the yen was \\ \pm 89.7 against the U.S. dollar and \\ \\ \pm 124.1 against the euro, which was 3.2% higher and 3.1% lower, respectively, than the prior fiscal year's fourth quarter. On a local currency basis, consolidated sales increased 12% year-on-year. For references to sales on a local currency basis, see Note on page 10.

In the CPD segment, sales increased significantly due to increased sales of imaging sensors, small to mid-sized LCD panels and system LSIs for the game business, although sales of BRAVIA LCD televisions decreased. In the NPS segment, sales increased significantly due to higher sales of VAIO PCs and in the game business and other products. In the B2B & Disc segment, sales increased mainly due to higher disc manufacturing sales and sales of broadcast- and professional-use products. In the Pictures segment, sales increased primarily due to higher worldwide home entertainment revenues from films including *Michael Jackson's This Is It* and *2012*. In the Music segment, sales increased due to the strong sales of a number of recent releases including Sade's new studio release, *Soldier of Love*, new breakthrough artist Ke\$ha's debut release, *Animal* and Usher's recent release, *Raymond v Raymond*. In the Financial Services segment, revenue increased significantly due primarily to an improvement in net valuation gains from investments in convertible bonds in the general account, an improvement in net gains from investments in the separate account, an increase in revenue from insurance premiums and improvement in net gains from other investments in the general account at Sony Life.

An **operating loss** of ¥56.0 billion (\$603 million) was reported, compared to an operating loss of ¥294.3 billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. The primary factors causing the improved results include an improvement in the cost of sales ratio and a reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses primarily in the CPD segment and an improvement in operating results in the Financial Services segment.

In the CPD segment, operating loss improved significantly due to higher profitability in imaging sensors, Cyber-Shot compact digital cameras and other products, although BRAVIA LCD televisions profitability decreased due to the recording of a \(\frac{4}{27}\).1 billion non-cash charge related to LCD television asset impairment and the impact of sales declines. (For reference to LCD television asset impairment, see footnote *** on page 2.) In the NPS segment, operating loss decreased due to an improvement in the operating results of the game business, VAIO PCs and other products. In the B2B & Disc segment, operating loss decreased mainly due to an improvement in the profitability of broadcast- and professional-use products and disc manufacturing both from higher sales. In the Pictures segment, operating income increased significantly due to the sale of a portion of SPE's equity interest in HBO Latin America and the sale of all of its equity interest in HBO Central Europe. The total gain recognized from these sales was \(\frac{4}{22.0}\) billion (\(\frac{5}{236}\) million). Despite increased sales, an operating loss was recorded for the Music segment compared to operating income in the prior fiscal year's fourth quarter, primarily due to higher talent costs as well as higher restructuring costs associated with the latest initiatives to reduce the worldwide cost structure. In the Financial Services segment, operating income significantly increased due to the above-noted factors in the general account at Sony Life and the decrease in provisions of policy reserves because of the revision of the future investment yield of variable life insurance products in the separate account.

Restructuring charges, recorded as operating expenses, amounted to ¥44.1 billion (\$474 million) for the current quarter compared to ¥61.9 billion for the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Equity in net income of affiliated companies, recorded within operating loss, was \$3.1 billion (\$33 million) compared to equity in net loss of \$17.7 billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. Equity in net income of Sony Ericsson was \$1.1 billion (\$11 million), compared to a loss of \$17.8 billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. This improvement was primarily due to a more favorable product mix, the positive impact of the cost reduction program and the benefit from the resolution of certain royalty matters during the current quarter. Equity in net income for S-LCD increased \$0.6 billion compared to the same quarter of the prior fiscal year to \$1.4 billion (\$15 million) in the current quarter.

The net effect of **other income and expenses** improved by \(\frac{\text{\$}}{26.4}\) billion (\(\frac{\text{\$}}{284}\) million) primarily due to the recording of a net foreign exchange gain in the current quarter versus a significant net foreign exchange loss in the prior year's fourth quarter.

Loss before income taxes was ¥47.0 billion (\$505 million), compared to a loss of ¥311.6 billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year due to the improvement in operating results as discussed above.

Income taxes: Sony recorded an income tax benefit amounting to ¥5.4 billion (\$58 million). In the fourth quarter of the current fiscal year, the effective tax rate was 11.5% mainly due to an increase in tax reserves.

Net loss attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders was \\$56.6 billion (\\$608 million), compared to a loss of \\$165.1 billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Note

Sales on a local currency basis described herein reflect sales obtained by applying the yen's monthly average exchange rates in the previous fiscal year and the same quarter of the previous fiscal year to local currency-denominated monthly sales in the current fiscal year and the current quarter. Sales on a local currency basis are not reflected in Sony's consolidated financial statements and are not measures in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Sony does not believe that these measures are a substitute for U.S. GAAP measures. However, Sony believes that disclosing sales information on a local currency basis provides additional useful analytical information to investors regarding the operating performance of Sony.

Rewarding Shareholders

Sony believes that continuously increasing corporate value and providing dividends are essential to rewarding shareholders. It is Sony's policy to utilize retained earnings, after ensuring the perpetuation of stable dividends, to carry out various investments that contribute to an increase in corporate value such as those that ensure future growth and strengthen competitiveness.

A year-end dividend of \$12.5 (\$0.13) per share (the same as the amount paid in the previous fiscal year) will be payable as of June 2, 2010. Sony has already paid an interim dividend in December 2009 of \$12.5 (\$0.13) per share to each shareholder bringing the total annual dividend to \$25 (\$0.27) per share.

With regards to the annual dividend for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, Sony has not yet decided on the amount and will make this decision based on future financial results and cash flows.

Outlook for the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 2011

The forecast for consolidated results for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011 are as follows:

	(Billions of yen) Change from				
		March 31, 2010	March 31, 2010		
	Current Forecast	Results	Results		
Sales and operating revenue	¥7,600	+5%	¥7,214.0		
Operating income	160	404	31.8		
Income before income taxes	140	420	26.9		
Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders	50	-	(40.8)		

Supplemental Information

In addition to operating income, Sony's management also evaluates Sony's performance using non-U.S. GAAP adjusted operating income. Operating income, as adjusted, which excludes equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies, restructuring charges and LCD television asset impairment, is not a presentation in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and is presented to enhance investors' understanding of Sony's operating income by providing an alternative measure that may be useful to understand Sony's historical and prospective operating performance.

	(Billions of yen)			
	Change from			
	Current March 31, 2010 March 31, 2010			
	Forecast	Results	<u>Results</u>	
Operating income	¥160	+404%	¥31.8	
Less: Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies	10	-	(30.2)	
Add: Restructuring charges recorded within operating expenses	80	-36	124.3	
Add: LCD television asset impairment	-	-	27.1	
Operating income, as adjusted	¥230	+8%	¥213.4	

Sony's management uses this measure to review operating trends, perform analytical comparisons and assess whether its structural transformation initiatives are achieving its objectives. This supplemental non-U.S. GAAP measure should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, Sony's operating income (loss) in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

(Billions of yen)

		Change from	
	Current	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2010
	Forecast	<u>Results</u>	Results
Capital expenditures	¥220	+14%	¥192.7
(addition to Property, Plant and Equipment)*	1 220	⊤14 70	1 192./
Depreciation and amortization**	340	-8	371.0
[for Property, Plant and Equipment (included above)	230	-12	260.2]
Research and development expenses	450	+4	432.0

^{*} Investments in equity affiliates are not included within the forecast for capital expenditures.

Assumed foreign currency exchange rates: approximately ¥90 to the U.S. dollar and approximately ¥125 to the euro.

This forecast is based on management's current expectations and is subject to uncertainties and changes in circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from those included in this forecast due to a variety of factors. See "Cautionary Statement" below.

As is Sony's policy, the effects of gains and losses on investments held by Sony Life, due to market fluctuations for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, have not been incorporated within the above forecast as Sony cannot predict where the financial markets will be after April 1, 2010. Accordingly, these market fluctuations could further impact the current forecast.

Restructuring charges are expected to be approximately ¥80 billion for the Sony group in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011 compared to ¥124.3 billion recorded in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. This amount is recorded as an operating expense in the above forecast for operating income.

Equity in net income of affiliated companies is expected to be recorded in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, compared with equity in net loss in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, primarily due to an expected significant improvement at Sony Ericsson.

The forecast for each business segment is as follows:

CPD

Despite unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates, a significant increase in sales is expected and operating income is expected to be recorded compared to a loss in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, mainly due to expected improved performance in the television business as a result of a significant increase in unit sales and ongoing structural transformation initiatives resulting in cost reductions.

NPS

Sales are expected to increase due to an expected increase in sales of VAIO PCs, network services, Digital Readers and other products. Operating loss is also expected to decrease significantly due to an expected improvement in the results in the game business and VAIO PCs.

B2B & Disc Manufacturing

A slight increase in sales is expected primarily due to an increase in B2B business sales. Operating loss is expected to be almost unchanged year-on-year primarily due to expected unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates.

^{**} The forecast for depreciation and amortization includes amortization expenses for intangible assets and for deferred insurance acquisition costs

Pictures

Sales are expected to decrease primarily due to lower worldwide theatrical and home entertainment revenues, partially offset by an increase in advertising and subscription revenues from SPE's international channels. Operating income is also expected to decrease due to the absence of gains on the sale of assets recognized in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 and the factors contributing to the decrease in sales mentioned above.

Music

Sales are expected to decrease and operating income is expected to decrease slightly primarily due to the ongoing decline in the physical music market and lower contribution from Michael Jackson catalog product compared to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010.

Financial Services

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, operating results in the Financial Services segment improved significantly due to an approximately \(\pm\)30 billion positive impact at Sony Life as a result of improvements in the Japanese stock market and due to active changes in the composition of the investment portfolio at Sony Life reflecting the market improvement. Revenue and operating income are expected to decrease in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, as due to Sony's policy, the effects of gains and losses on investments held by Sony Life due to market fluctuations for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, have not been incorporated within the above forecast. The expected decrease in revenue and operating income for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011 also reflects an expected decrease in net gains from investments in the general account as well as anticipated increases in operating expenses and insurance payments at Sony Life.

Business Direction for the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 2011

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, Sony plans to aggressively pursue the following initiatives in order to create future revenue sources. Sony plans to launch 3D-related products and network services and plans to develop other new businesses to realize future growth. Sony also plans to continue to enhance profitable business structures through proactive transformation initiatives and cost reductions.

Cautionary Statement

Statements made in this release with respect to Sony's current plans, estimates, strategies and beliefs and other statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements about the future performance of Sony. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those statements using words such as "believe," "expect," "plans," "strategy," "prospects," "forecast," "estimate," "project," "anticipate," "aim," "intend," "seek," "may," "might," "could" or "should," and words of similar meaning in connection with a discussion of future operations, financial performance, events or conditions. From time to time, oral or written forward-looking statements may also be included in other materials released to the public. These statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it. Sony cautions you that a number of important risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements, and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. You also should not rely on any obligation of Sony to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Sony disclaims any such obligation. Risks and uncertainties that might affect Sony include, but are not limited to (i) the global economic environment in which Sony operates and the economic conditions in Sony's markets, particularly levels of consumer spending; (ii) exchange rates, particularly between the yen and the U.S. dollar, the euro and other currencies in which Sony makes significant sales and incurs production costs, or in which Sony's assets and liabilities are denominated; (iii) Sony's ability to continue to design and develop and win acceptance of, as well as achieve sufficient cost reductions for, its products and services, including platforms within the game business, which are offered in highly competitive markets characterized by continual new product introductions, rapid development in technology and subjective and changing consumer preferences; (iv) Sony's ability and timing to recoup large-scale investments required for technology development and increasing production capacity; (v) Sony's ability to successfully implement business restructuring and transformation efforts; (vi) Sony's ability to successfully implement its hardware, software, and content integration strategy and to develop and implement successful sales and distribution strategies in light of the Internet and other technological developments; (vii) Sony's continued ability to devote sufficient resources to research and development

and, with respect to capital expenditures, to correctly prioritize investments; (viii) Sony's ability to maintain product quality; (ix) Sony's ability to secure adequate funding to finance restructuring activities and capital investments given the current state of global capital markets; (x) the success of Sony's joint ventures and alliances; (xi) the outcome of pending legal and/or regulatory proceedings; (xii) shifts in customer demand for financial services such as life insurance and Sony's ability to successfully conduct asset liability management in the Financial Services segment; and (xiii) the impact of unfavorable conditions or developments (including market fluctuations or volatility) in the Japanese equity markets on the revenue and operating income of the Financial Services segment. Risks and uncertainties also include the impact of any future events with material adverse impacts.

Investor Relations Contacts:

 Tokyo
 New York
 London

 Gen Tsuchikawa
 Sam Levenson
 Yas Hasegawa

 +81-(0)3-6748-2180
 +1-212-833-6722
 +44-(0)20-7426-8696

Home Page: http://www.sony.net/IR/

Presentation Slides: http://www.sony.net/SonyInfo/IR/financial/fr/09q4_sonypre.pdf

Consolidated Financial Statements Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

					Ma	rch 31		
ASSETS		2009		2010		Change from	n 2009	2010
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	¥	660,789	¥	1,191,608	¥	+530,819	+80.3 % \$,
Marketable securities		466,912		579,493		+112,581	+24.1	6,231
Notes and accounts receivable, trade		963,837		996,100		+32,263	+3.3	10,711
Allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns		(110,383)		(104,475)		+5,908	-5.4	(1,123)
Inventories		813,068		645,455		-167,613	-20.6	6,940
Deferred income taxes		189,703		197,598		+7,895	+4.2	2,125
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		636,709		627,093		-9,616	-1.5	6,742
		3,620,635		4,132,872		+512,237	+14.1	44,439
Film costs		306,877		310,065		+3,188	+1.0	3,334
Investments and advances:								
Affiliated companies		236,779		229,051		-7,728	-3.3	2,463
Securities investments and other		4,561,651		5,070,342		+508,691	+11.2	54,520
		4,798,430		5,299,393		+500,963	+10.4	56,983
Property, plant and equipment:								
Land		155,665		153,067		-2,598	-1.7	1,646
Buildings		911,269		897,054		-14,215	-1.6	9,646
Machinery and equipment		2,343,839		2,235,032		-108,807	-4.6	24,033
Construction in progress		100,027		71,242		-28,785	-28.8	766
Less-Accumulated depreciation		(2,334,937)		(2,348,444)		-13,507	+0.6	(25,253)
		1,175,863		1,007,951		-167,912	-14.3	10,838
Other assets:								
Intangibles, net		396,348		378,917		-17,431	-4.4	4,074
Goodwill		443,958		438,869		-5,089	-1.1	4,719
Deferred insurance acquisition costs		400,412		418,525		+18,113	+4.5	4,500
Deferred income taxes		359,050		403,537		+44,487	+12.4	4,339
Other		511,938		475,985		-35,953	-7.0	5,119
		2,111,706		2,115,833		+4,127	+0.2	22,751
	¥	12,013,511	¥	12,866,114	<u>¥</u>	+852,603	+7.1 % §	3 138,345
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY								
Current liabilities:	V	202 (15	v	40.505	v	254.920	02.0.0/_ #	525
Short-term borrowings	¥	303,615	¥	48,785	¥	-254,830	-83.9 % \$	
Current portion of long-term debt		147,540		235,822		+88,282	+59.8	2,536
Notes and accounts payable, trade Accounts payable, other and accrued expenses		560,795		817,118		+256,323	+45.7 -3.2	8,786
Accounts payable, other and accrued expenses Accrued income and other taxes		1,036,830		1,003,197		-33,633		10,787
		46,683		69,175		+22,492	+48.2	744
Deposits from customers in the banking business Other		1,326,360		1,509,488		+183,128	+13.8	16,231
Other		389,077 3,810,900		376,340		-12,737 +249,025	-3.3 +6.5	4,046
		3,610,900		4,059,925		+249,023	+0.5	43,655
Long-term debt		660,147		924,207		+264,060	+40.0	9,938
Accrued pension and severance costs		365,706		295,526		-70,180	-19.2	3,178
Deferred income taxes		188,359		236,521		+48,162	+25.6	2,543
Future insurance policy benefits and other		3,521,060		3,876,292		+355,232	+10.1	41,681
Other		250,737		188,088		-62,649	-25.0	2,021
Total liabilities		8,796,909		9,580,559		+783,650	+8.9	103,016
Equity:								
Sony Corporation's stockholders' equity:								
Common stock		630,765		630,822		+57	+0.0	6,783
Additional paid-in capital		1,155,034		1,157,812		+2,778	+0.2	12,450
Retained earnings		1,916,951		1,851,004		-65,947	-3.4	19,903
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(733,443)		(669,058)		+64,385	-8.8	(7,195)
Treasury stock, at cost		(4,654)		(4,675)		-21	+0.5	(50)
		2,964,653		2,965,905		+1,252	+0.0	31,891
Noncontrolling interests		251,949		319,650	-	+67,701	+26.9	3,438
Total equity		3,216,602		3,285,555		+68,953	+2.1	35,329
	¥	12,013,511	¥	12,866,114	¥	+852,603	+7.1 % §	138,345

Consolidated Statements of Income

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

Sales and operating revenue: Net sales		Fiscal year ended March 31								
		2009		2010		Change from		2010		
Net sales										
	¥	7,110,053	¥	6,293,005	¥	-817,048	-11.5 % \$	67,667		
Financial service revenue		523,307		838,300		+314,993	+60.2	9,014		
Other operating revenue		96,633		82,693		-13,940	-14.4	889		
		7,729,993		7,213,998		-515,995	-6.7	77,570		
Costs and expenses:		5 cc0 504		4000		5.5.041	10.6	 <00		
Cost of sales		5,660,504		4,892,563		-767,941	-13.6	52,608		
Selling, general and administrative		1,686,030		1,544,890		-141,140	-8.4	16,612		
Financial service expenses		547,825		671,550		+123,725	+22.6	7,221		
(Gain) loss on sale, disposal or impairment of assets, net		38,308 7,932,667		42,988 7,151,991		+4,680 -780,676	+12.2 -9.8	76,903		
		7,932,007		7,151,991		-780,070	-9.0	70,903		
Equity in net loss of affiliated companies		(25,109)		(30,235)		-5,126	-	(325)		
Operating income (loss)		(227,783)		31,772		+259,555	-	342		
Other income:										
Interest and dividends		22,317		13,191		-9,126	-40.9	142		
Gain on sale of securities investments, net		1,281		9,953		+8,672	+677.0	107		
Foreign exchange gain, net		48,568		-		-48,568	-	-		
Other		26,659		20,690		-5,969	-22.4	222		
		98,825		43,834		-54,991	-55.6	471		
Other expenses:										
Interest		24,376		22,505		-1,871	-7.7	242		
Loss on devaluation of securities investments		4,427		2,946		-1,481	-33.5	32		
Foreign exchange loss, net		-		10,876		+10,876	-	117		
Other		17,194		12,367		-4,827	-28.1	133		
		45,997		48,694		+2,697	+5.9	524		
Income (loss) before income taxes		(174,955)		26,912		+201,867	-	289		
Income taxes		(72,741)		13,958		+86,699	-	150		
		(102,214)		12,954		+115,168	-	139		
Net income (loss)										
Net income (loss) Less - Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		(3,276)		53,756		+57,032	-	578		

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

Sales and operating revenue:		Three months ended March 31							
		2009		2010		Change fron	n 2009	2010	
NI-41									
Net sales	¥	1,355,051	¥	1,481,178	¥	+126,127	+9.3 % \$	15,927	
Financial service revenue		147,898		213,062		+65,164	+44.1	2,291	
Other operating revenue		21,111		20,830		-281	-1.3	224	
		1,524,060		1,715,070		+191,010	+12.5	18,442	
Costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales		1,213,948		1,185,478		-28,470	-2.3	12,747	
Selling, general and administrative		409,990		394,145		-15,845	-3.9	4,238	
Financial service expenses		145,618		164,281		+18,663	+12.8	1,767	
(Gain) loss on sale, disposal or impairment of assets, net		31,127		30,302		-825	-2.7	326	
		1,800,683		1,774,206		-26,477	-1.5	19,078	
Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies		(17,685)		3,097		+20,782	-	33	
Operating loss		(294,308)		(56,039)		+238,269	-	(603)	
Other income:									
Interest and dividends		3,784		3,050		-734	-19.4	33	
Gain on sale of securities investments, net		455		7,369		+6,914	-	79	
Foreign exchange gain, net		-		2,436		+2,436	-	26	
Other		2,831		4,730		+1,899	+67.1	51	
		7,070		17,585		+10,515	+148.7	189	
Other expenses:									
Interest		6,086		4,622		-1,464	-24.1	50	
Loss on devaluation of securities investments		1,627		1,806		+179	+11.0	19	
Foreign exchange loss, net		11,504		-		-11,504	-	-	
Other		5,180		2,101		-3,079	-59.4	22	
		24,397		8,529		-15,868	-65.0	91	
Loss before income taxes		(311,635)		(46,983)		+264,652	-	(505)	
Income taxes		(147,202)		(5,399)		+141,803	-	(58)	
Net loss		(164,433)		(41,584)		+122,849	-	(447)	
Less - Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		707		14,984		+14,277	-	161	

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

(Millions of yen)

															(N	fillions of yen)
							Α	ccumulated				Sony				
								other			C	orporation's				
	(Common		Additional		Retained	co	mprehensive	7	Γreasury	S	ockholders'	No	oncontrolling		
		stock	р	aid-in capital		earnings		income	sto	ck, at cost		equity		interests		Total equity
Balance at March 31, 2008	¥	630,576	¥	1,151,447	¥	2,059,361	¥	(371,527)	¥	(4,768)	¥	3,465,089	¥	276,849	¥	3,741,938
Exercise of stock acquisition rights		189		189								378		18		396
Stock based compensation				3,423								3,423				3,423
Comprehensive income: Net loss Other comprehensive income, net of tax						(98,938)						(98,938)		(3,276)		(102,214)
Unrealized losses on securities Unrealized gains on derivative instruments								(40,859) 1,787				(40,859) 1,787		(15,992)		(56,851) 1,787
Pension liability adjustment								(74,517)				(74,517)		(548)		(75,065)
Foreign currency translation adjustments								(247,697)				(247,697)		797		(246,900)
Total comprehensive loss								(217,077)				(460,224)	_	(19,019)		(479,243)
Stock issue costs, net of tax						(4)						(4)		· · · · ·		(4)
Dividends declared						(42,648)						(42,648)		(6,056)		(48,704)
Purchase of treasury stock						()/				(302)		(302)		(-,,		(302)
Reissuance of treasury stock				(25)		(152)				416		239				239
Transactions with noncontrolling interests shareholders and other														157		157
Effects of changing the pension plan measurement date						(668)		(630)				(1,298)				(1,298)
Balance at March 31, 2009	¥	630,765	¥	1,155,034	¥	1,916,951	¥	(733,443)	¥	(4,654)	¥	2,964,653	¥	251,949	¥	3,216,602
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			_		_											
Balance at March 31, 2009 Exercise of stock acquisition rights Stock based compensation	¥	630,765 57	¥	1,155,034 57 2,174	¥	1,916,951	¥	(733,443)	¥	(4,654)	¥	2,964,653 114 2,174	¥	251,949 6	¥	3,216,602 120 2,174
Comprehensive income: Net income (loss)						(40,802)						(40,802)		53,756		12,954
Other comprehensive income, net of tax								32,267				32,267		16,527		48,794
Unrealized gains on securities Unrealized gains on derivative instruments								1,548				1,548		10,527		1,550
Pension liability adjustment								23,720				23,720		(27)		23,693
Foreign currency translation adjustments								6,850				6,850		(343)		6,507
Total comprehensive income								0,000				23,583	_	69,915		93,498
Dividends declared						(25,088)						(25,088)		(5,399)		(30,487)
Purchase of treasury stock						. , ,				(139)		(139)		. , ,		(139)
Reissuance of treasury stock						(57)				118		61				61
Transactions with noncontrolling interests				547								547		3,179		3,726
Shareholders and other Balance at March 31, 2010	¥	630,822	¥	1,157,812	¥	1,851,004	¥	(669,058)	¥	(4,675)	¥	2,965,905	¥	319,650	¥	3,285,555
,														<u> </u>		
														(Mill	ions	of U.S. dollars)
							A	ccumulated				Sony				

	C	Common	A	.dditional	Retained		other	Tr	easury	Sony orporation's ockholders'	Noi	ncontrolling		
		stock	paio	d-in capital	earnings		income	stocl	k, at cost	equity		interests	To	tal equity
Balance at March 31, 2009	\$	6,782	\$	12,420	\$ 20,612	\$	(7,886)	\$	(50)	\$ 31,878	\$	2,709	\$	34,587
Exercise of stock acquisition rights		1		1	,	•	.,,,	·	. ,	2		0		2
Stock based compensation				23						23				23
Comprehensive income:														
Net income (loss)					(439)					(439)		578		139
Other comprehensive income, net of tax														
Unrealized gains on securities							347			347		178		525
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments							16			16		0		16
Pension liability adjustment							255			255		(0)		255
Foreign currency translation adjustments							73			 73		(4)		69
Total comprehensive income										 252		752		1,004
Dividends declared					(270)					(270)		(58)		(328)
Purchase of treasury stock									(1)	(1)				(1)
Reissuance of treasury stock					(0)				1	1				1
Transactions with noncontrolling interests				6						6		35		41
shareholders and other				0						0		35		41
Balance at March 31, 2010	\$	6,783	\$	12,450	\$ 19,903	\$	(7,195)	\$	(50)	\$ 31,891	\$	3,438	\$	35,329

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

		Fice	al vas	ar ended Mar	oh 31	
		2009	ai yea	2010	CH 31	2010
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income (loss)	¥	(102,214)	¥	12,954	\$	139
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by						
operating activities-						
Depreciation and amortization, including amortization of		405,443		371,004		3,989
deferred insurance acquisition costs				•		3,707
Amortization of film costs		255,713		277,665		2,986
Stock-based compensation expense		3,446		2,202		24
Accrual for pension and severance costs, less payments		16,654		(9,763)		(105)
Loss on sale, disposal or impairment of assets, net		38,308		42,988		462
(Gain) loss on sale or devaluation of securities investments, net		3,146		(7,007)		(75)
(Gain) loss on revaluation of marketable securities held in the financial service business for trading purpose, net		77,952		(49,837)		(536)
(Gain) loss on revaluation or impairment of securities investments held		101,114		(53,984)		(580)
in the financial service business, net				. , , ,		(200)
Deferred income taxes		(153,262)		(34,740)		(374)
Equity in net (income) losses of affiliated companies, net of dividends Changes in assets and liabilities:		65,470		36,183		389
(Increase) decrease in notes and accounts receivable, trade		218,168		(53,306)		(573)
Decrease in inventories		160,432		148,584		1,598
Increase in film costs		(264,412)		(296,819)		(3,192)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable, trade		(375,842)		262,032		2,818
Increase (decrease) in accrued income and other taxes		(163,200)		63,619		684
Increase in future insurance policy benefits and other		174,549		284,972		3,064
Increase in deferred insurance acquisition costs		(68,666)		(71,999)		(774)
Increase in marketable securities held in the financial service business for trading purpose		(26,088)		(8,335)		(90)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets		134,175		(32,405)		(348)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		(105,155)		5,321		57
Other		11,422		23,578		253
Net cash provided by operating activities		407,153		912,907		9,816
Cash flows from investing activities		(406 125)		(220.050)		(2.625)
Payments for purchases of fixed assets		(496,125)		(338,050)		(3,635)
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets		153,439		15,671		169
Payments for investments and advances by financial service business		(2,496,783)		(1,581,841)		(17,009)
Payments for investments and advances (other than financial service business) Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities, sales of securities investments		(178,335) 1,923,264		(41,838) 1,128,500		(450) 12,134
and collections of advances by financial service business Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities, sales of securities investments		11,569		54,324		584
and collections of advances (other than financial service business)		,				
Other		1,629		17,230		185
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(1,081,342)		(746,004)		(8,022)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		72,188		510,128		5,485
Payments of long-term debt		(264,467)		(144,105)		(1,550)
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings, net		244,584		(250,252)		(2,691)
Increase in deposits from customers in the financial service business, net		261,619		276,454		2,973
Dividends paid		(42,594)		(25,085)		(270)
Proceeds from issuance of shares under stock-based compensation plans		378		114		1
Other		(4,250)		(2,240)		(23)
Net cash provided by financing activities		267,458		365,014		3,925
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_	(18,911)		(1,098)		(11)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(425,642)		530,819		5,708
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year		1,086,431		660,789		7,105
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the fiscal year	¥	660,789	¥	1,191,608	\$	12,813

Business Segment Information

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

	Fiscal year ended March 31										
es and operating revenue		2009		2010	Change		2010				
Consumer Products & Devices				•							
Customers	¥ 3	,597,233	¥	2,921,403	-18.8 %	\$	31,413				
Intersegment		434,250		306,309			3,294				
Total	4.	,031,483		3,227,712	-19.9		34,707				
Networked Products & Services											
Customers	1.	,684,758		1,511,615	-10.3		16,254				
Intersegment		70,885		64,232			691				
Total	1.	,755,643		1,575,847	-10.2		16,945				
B2B & Disc Manufacturing											
Customers		464,321		404,114	-13.0		4,345				
Intersegment		95,672		100,119			1,077				
Total		559,993		504,233	-10.0		5,422				
Pictures											
Customers		717,513		705,237	-1.7		7,583				
Intersegment		-		-			-				
Total		717,513		705,237	-1.7		7,583				
Music											
Customers		363,074		511,097	+40.8		5,496				
Intersegment		23,979		11,519			124				
Total		387,053		522,616	+35.0		5,620				
Financial Services											
Customers		523,307		838,300	+60.2		9,014				
Intersegment		14,899		13,096			141				
Total		538,206		851,396	+58.2		9,155				
All Other											
Customers		318,422		261,851	-17.8		2,816				
Intersegment		-					-				
Total		318,422		261,851	-17.8		2,816				
Corporate and elimination		(578,320)		(434,894)	-		(4,678)				
Consolidated total	¥ 7.	,729,993	¥	7,213,998	-6.7 %	\$	77,570				

Consumer Products & Devices ("CPD") intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the Networked Products & Services ("NPS") segment.

NPS intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the CPD segment.

B2B & Disc Manufacturing intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the NPS, Pictures and Music segments.

Corporate and elimination includes certain brand, patent and royalty income.

Operating income (loss)		2009		2010	Change	2010
Consumer Products & Devices	¥	(115,078)	¥	(46,475)	- %	\$ (500)
Networked Products & Services		(87,428)		(83,077)	-	(893)
B2B & Disc Manufacturing		6,480		(7,216)	-	(78)
Pictures		29,916		42,814	+43.1	460
Music		27,843		36,513	+31.1	393
Financial Services		(31,157)		162,492	-	1,747
Equity in net loss of Sony Ericsson		(30,255)		(34,514)	-	(371)
All Other		(4,241)		(4,807)	-	(51)
Total		(203,920)		65,730	-	707
Corporate and elimination		(23,863)		(33,958)	-	(365)
Consolidated total	¥	(227,783)	¥	31,772	- %	\$ 342

The 2009 segment disclosure above has been restated to reflect the change in business segment classification discussed in Note 5. Operating income (loss) is Sales and operating revenue less Costs and expenses, and includes Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies.

Corporate and elimination includes certain restructuring costs and other corporate expenses, which are related principally to headquarters and are not allocated to each segment.

As a result of a modification of internal management reporting during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, certain amounts previously included within corporate and elimination have been reclassified into the segment operating income (loss) for all periods presented. The revision had no impact on the consolidated results.

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Three months ended March 31

		ided March 31	ea March 31					
es and operating revenue	20	09		2010	Change		2010	
Consumer Products & Devices		-						
Customers	¥ 5	96,238	¥	643,172	+7.9 %	\$	6,91	
Intersegment		24,636		41,487			44	
Total	6	20,874		684,659	+10.3		7,36	
Networked Products & Services								
Customers	2	93,830		356,476	+21.3		3,83	
Intersegment		7,319		13,773			14	
Total	3	01,149		370,249	+22.9		3,98	
B2B & Disc Manufacturing								
Customers		98,140		105,071	+7.1		1,13	
Intersegment		24,293		32,042			34	
Total	1	22,433		137,113	+12.0		1,47	
Pictures								
Customers	1	86,679		195,591	+4.8		2,10	
Intersegment				-				
Total	1	86,679		195,591	+4.8		2,10	
Music								
Customers	1	14,555		122,484	+6.9		1,31	
Intersegment		6,352		3,358			3	
Total	1	20,907		125,842	+4.1		1,35	
Financial Services								
Customers	1	47,898		213,062	+44.1		2,29	
Intersegment		3,496		3,074			3	
Total	1	51,394		216,136	+42.8		2,32	
All Other								
Customers		77,833		60,493	-22.3		65	
Intersegment		-		-				
Total		77,833		60,493	-22.3		6:	
Corporate and elimination		57,209)		(75,013)	-		(80	
Consolidated total	¥ 1,5	24,060	¥	1,715,070	+12.5 %	\$	18,44	

Consumer Products & Devices ("CPD") intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the Networked Products & Services ("NPS") segment.

NPS intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the CPD segment.

B2B & Disc Manufacturing intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the NPS, Pictures and Music segments.

Corporate and elimination includes certain brand, patent and royalty income.

Operating income (loss)		2009		2010	Change	2010
Consumer Products & Devices	¥	(205,050)	¥	(100,774)	- %	(1,084)
Networked Products & Services		(40,811)		(7,011)	_	(75)
B2B & Disc Manufacturing		(21,401)		(1,576)	_	(17)
Pictures		14,242		33,271	+133.6	358
Music		745		(608)	_	(7)
Financial Services		944		46,436	-	499
Equity in net income (loss) of Sony Ericsson		(17,805)		1,056	-	11
All Other		(9,599)		(6,128)	_	(65)
Total		(278,735)		(35,334)		(380)
Corporate and elimination		(15,573)		(20,705)	-	(223)
Consolidated total	¥	(294,308)	¥	(56,039)	- %	6 (603)

The 2009 segment disclosure above has been restated to reflect the change in business segment classification discussed in Note 5. Operating income (loss) is Sales and operating revenue less Costs and expenses, and includes Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies.

Corporate and elimination includes certain restructuring costs and other corporate expenses, which are related principally to headquarters and are not allocated to each segment.

As a result of a modification of internal management reporting during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, certain amounts previously included within corporate and elimination have been reclassified into the segment operating income (loss) for all periods presented.

The revision had no impact on the consolidated results.

F-7

Sales to Customers by Product Category

All Other

Corporate

Consolidated total

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars) **Fiscal year ended March 31**

				riscai year end	eu March 31		
Sales and operating revenue (to external customers)	. <u> </u>	2009		2010	Change		2010
Consumer Products & Devices							
Televisions	¥	1,275,692	¥	1,005,773	-21.2 %	\$	10,815
Digital Imaging		863,837		679,225	-21.4	,	7,303
Audio and Video		555,706		469,606	-15.5		5,050
Semiconductors		267,167		277,885	+4.0		2,988
Components		623,931		479,145	-23.2		5,152
Other		10,900		9,769	-10.4		105
Total		3,597,233		2,921,403	-18.8		31,413
Networked Products & Services							
Game		984,855		840,711	-14.6		9,040
PC and Other Networked Businesses		699,903		670,904	-4.1		7,214
Total		1,684,758		1,511,615	-10.3		16,254
B2B & Disc Manufacturing		464,321		404,114	-13.0		4,345
Pictures		717,513		705,237	-1.7		7,583
Music		363,074		511,097	+40.8		5,496
Financial Services		523,307		838,300	+60.2		9,014
All Other		318,422		261,851	-17.8		2,816
Corporate		61,365		60,381	-1.6		649
Consolidated total	¥	7,729,993	¥	7,213,998	-6.7 %	\$	77,570
			(Mil	llions of yen, milli	ons of U.S. dollars)		
			7	Three months en	ded March 31		
Sales and operating revenue (to external customers)		2009	_	2010	Change		2010
Consumer Products & Devices							
Televisions	¥	227,012	¥	202,721	-10.7 %	\$	2,180
Digital Imaging		126,748		135,731	+7.1		1,459
Audio and Video		95,191		95,698	+0.5		1,029
Semiconductors		40,027		79,267	+98.0		852
Components		104,820		125,338	+19.6		1,348
Other		2,440		4,417	+81.0		48
Total		596,238		643,172	+7.9		6,916
Networked Products & Services							
Game		154,827		178,161	+15.1		1,916
PC and Other Networked Businesses		139,003		178,315	+28.3		1,917
Total		293,830		356,476	+21.3		3,833
B2B & Disc Manufacturing		98,140		105,071	+7.1		1,130
Pictures		186,679		195,591	+4.8		2,103
Music							4 24=
		114,555		122,484	+6.9		1,317
Financial Services		114,555 147,898		122,484 213,062	+6.9 +44.1		1,317 2,291

The above table includes a breakdown of CPD segment and NPS segment sales and operating revenue to customers in the Business Segment Information on page F-6 and F-7.

77,833

8,887

1,524,060

60,493

18,721

+110.7

+12.5 %

650

202

Sony management views the CPD segment and the NPS segment as single operating segments. However, Sony believes that the breakdown of CPD segment and NPS segment sales and operating revenue to customers in this table is useful to investors in understanding sales by the product category in these business segments. Additionally, Sony realigned its product category configuration from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2010 to reflect the segment reclassification. In connection with the realignment, all prior period sales amounts by product category in the table above have been restated to conform to the current presentation. In the CPD segment Televisions includes LCD televisions; Digital Imaging includes compact digital cameras, digital SLR cameras and video cameras; Audio and Video includes home audio, Blu-ray disc players and recorders; Semiconductors includes image sensors and small and medium sized LCD panels; and Components includes batteries, recording media and data recording systems. In the NPS segment Game includes game consoles and software; PC and Other Networked Businesses includes personal computers and memory-based portable audio devices.

Geographic Information

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal yea	ar ended	March 31
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Sales and operating revenue (to external customers)		2009		2010	Change	2010
Japan	¥	1,873,219	¥	2,099,297	+12.1 %	\$ 22,573
United States		1,827,812		1,595,016	-12.7	17,151
Europe		1,987,692		1,644,698	-17.3	17,685
Other Areas		2,041,270		1,874,987	-8.1	20,161
Total	¥	7.729.993	¥	7,213,998	-6.7 %	\$ 77,570

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Three months ended March 31

Sales and operating revenue (to external customers)		2009		2010	Change	2010
Japan	¥	452,405	¥	528,607	+16.8 %	\$ 5,684
United States		356,285		365,931	+2.7	3,935
Europe		351,972		358,933	+2.0	3,859
Other Areas		363,398		461,599	+27.0	4,964
Total	¥	1,524,060	¥	1,715,070	+12.5 %	\$ 18,442

Classification of Geographic Information shows sales and operating revenue recognized by location of customers.

Condensed Financial Services Financial Statements

The results of the Financial Services segment are included in Sony's consolidated financial statements. The following schedules show unaudited condensed financial statements for the Financial Services segment and all other segments excluding Financial Services. These presentations are not in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which is used by Sony to prepare its consolidated financial statements. However, because the Financial Services segment is different in nature from Sony's other segments, Sony believes that a comparative presentation may be useful in understanding and analyzing Sony's consolidated financial statements. Transactions between the Financial Services segment and Sony without Financial Services are eliminated in the consolidated figures shown below.

Condensed Balance Sheet

(Millions	of yen	, millions o	of U.S.	dollars)
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Financial Services			(1,111	Man	rch 31			
ASSETS		2009		2010	CH 51	Change		2010
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	¥	95,794	¥	206,742	¥	+110,948	\$	2,223
Marketable securities		463,809		576,129		+112,320	*	6,195
Other		271,542		265,465		-6,077		2,854
		831,145		1,048,336		+217,191		11,272
Investments and advances		4,510,668		4,967,125		+456,457		53,410
Property, plant and equipment		30,778		34,725		+3,947		373
Other assets:								
Deferred insurance acquisition costs		400,412		418,525		+18,113		4,500
Other		132,654		108,421		-24,233		1,167
		533,066		526,946		-6,120		5,667
	¥	5,905,657	¥	6,577,132	¥	+671,475	\$	70,722
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		_				_		
Current liabilities:								
Short-term borrowings	¥	65,636	¥	86,102	¥	+20,466	\$	926
Notes and accounts payable, trade		16,855		13,709		-3,146		147
Deposits from customers in the banking business		1,326,360		1,509,488		+183,128		16,231
Other		143,781		164,545		+20,764		1,770
		1,552,632		1,773,844		+221,212		19,074
Long-term debt		97,296		42,536		-54,760		457
Future insurance policy benefits and other		3,521,060		3,876,292		+355,232		41,681
Other		168,409		201,825		+33,416		2,170
Total liabilities		5,339,397		5,894,497		+555,100		63,382
Equity:								
Sony Corporation's stockholders' equity		565,135		681,500		+116,365		7,328
Noncontrolling interests		1,125		1,135		+10		12
Total equity		566,260		682,635		+116,375		7,340
	¥	5,905,657	¥	6,577,132	¥	+671,475	\$	70,722

a 		(Millions of yen, m		
Sony without Financial Services	2009		Change	2010
ASSETS Current assets:	2009	2010	Change	2010
	¥ 564.995	¥ 984,866	¥ +419,871	\$ 10,590
Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities	¥ 564,995 3,103	3,364	+ +419,871 +261	\$ 10,590 36
Notes and accounts receivable, trade	847,214	887,694	+40,480	9,545
Other	1,426,045	1,243,345	-182,700	13,370
Other	2,841,357	3,119,269	+277,912	33,541
Film costs	306,877	310,065	+3,188	3,334
Investments and advances	339,389	376,669	+37,280	4,050
Investments in Financial Services, at cost	116,843	116,843	137,200	1,256
Property, plant and equipment	1,145,085	973,226	-171,859	10,465
Other assets	1,621,396	1,626,764	+5,368	17,492
outer absolu	¥ 6,370,947	¥ 6,522,836	¥ +151,889	\$ 70,138
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	¥ 431,536	¥ 230,631	¥ -200,905	\$ 2,480
Notes and accounts payable, trade	546,125	804,336	+258,211	8,649
Other	1,336,947	1,291,481	-45,466	13,887
	2,314,608	2,326,448	+11,840	25,016
Long-term debt	585,636	893,418	+307,782	9,607
Accrued pension and severance costs	354,817	283,382	-71,435	3,047
Other	348,684	299,808	-48,876	3,223
Total liabilities	3,603,745	3,803,056	+199,311	40,893
	3,003,743	3,003,030	1177,311	40,073
Equity: Sony Corporation's stockholders' equity	2 727 562	2 662 712	-64,850	28,631
Noncontrolling interests	2,727,562 39,640	2,662,712 57,068	+17,428	614
Total equity	2,767,202	2,719,780	-47,422	29,245
	¥ 6,370,947	¥ 6,522,836	¥ +151,889	\$ 70,138
		0.000		
Consolidated		· ·	illions of U.S. dollars) rch 31	
Consolidated ASSETS	2009			2010
	2009	2010	Change	2010
Current assets:				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 660,789	¥ 1,191,608	¥ +530,819	\$ 12,813
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities	¥ 660,789 466,912	¥ 1,191,608 579,493	¥ +530,819 +112,581	\$ 12,813 6,231
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities	¥ 660,789 466,912	¥ 1,191,608 579,493	¥ +530,819 +112,581	\$ 12,813 6,231
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets:	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities:	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Future insurance policy benefits and other	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706 3,521,060	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526 3,876,292	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180 +355,232	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178 41,681
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178 41,681 4,564
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Future insurance policy benefits and other Other Total liabilities	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706 3,521,060 439,096	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526 3,876,292 424,609	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180 +355,232 -14,487	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178 41,681
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Future insurance policy benefits and other Other Total liabilities Equity:	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706 3,521,060 439,096 8,796,909	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526 3,876,292 424,609 9,580,559	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180 +355,232 -14,487 +783,650	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178 41,681 4,564 103,016
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Future insurance policy benefits and other Other Total liabilities Equity: Sony Corporation's stockholders' equity	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706 3,521,060 439,096 8,796,909	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526 3,876,292 424,609 9,580,559	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180 +355,232 -14,487 +783,650	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178 41,681 4,564 103,016
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Future insurance policy benefits and other Other Total liabilities Equity: Sony Corporation's stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interests	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706 3,521,060 439,096 8,796,909 2,964,653 251,949	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526 3,876,292 424,609 9,580,559 2,965,905 319,650	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180 +355,232 -14,487 +783,650 +1,252 +67,701	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178 41,681 4,564 103,016
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other Film costs Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets: Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Future insurance policy benefits and other Other Total liabilities Equity: Sony Corporation's stockholders' equity	¥ 660,789 466,912 853,454 1,639,480 3,620,635 306,877 4,798,430 1,175,863 400,412 1,711,294 2,111,706 ¥ 12,013,511 ¥ 451,155 560,795 1,326,360 1,472,590 3,810,900 660,147 365,706 3,521,060 439,096 8,796,909	¥ 1,191,608 579,493 891,625 1,470,146 4,132,872 310,065 5,299,393 1,007,951 418,525 1,697,308 2,115,833 ¥ 12,866,114 ¥ 284,607 817,118 1,509,488 1,448,712 4,059,925 924,207 295,526 3,876,292 424,609 9,580,559	¥ +530,819 +112,581 +38,171 -169,334 +512,237 +3,188 +500,963 -167,912 +18,113 -13,986 +4,127 ¥ +852,603 ¥ -166,548 +256,323 +183,128 -23,878 +249,025 +264,060 -70,180 +355,232 -14,487 +783,650	\$ 12,813 6,231 9,588 15,807 44,439 3,334 56,983 10,838 4,500 18,251 22,751 \$ 138,345 \$ 3,061 8,786 16,231 15,577 43,655 9,938 3,178 41,681 4,564 103,016

Condensed Statements of Income

Net loss attributable to Sony Corporation's

stockholders

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Financial Services	Fiscal year ended March 31							
r manciai Sei vices	_	2009	-	2010	Change		2010	
						_		
Financial service revenue	¥	538,206	¥	851,396	+58.2 %	\$	9,155	
Financial service expenses		567,567		687,559	+21.1		7,394	
Equity in net loss of affiliated companies		(1,796)		(1,345)	-		(14)	
Operating income (loss)		(31,157)		162,492	-		1,747	
Other income (expenses), net		28		(966)	-		(10)	
Imcome (loss) before income taxes		(31,129)		161,526	-		1,737	
Income taxes and other		(6,922)		54,721	-		589	
Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders	¥	(24,207)	¥	106,805	- %	\$	1,148	
					ons of U.S. dollars)		
Sony without Financial Services				Fiscal year ende				
		2009	_	2010	Change		2010	
Net sales and operating revenue	¥	7,212,492	¥	6,381,094	-11.5 %	\$	68,614	
Costs and expenses		7,387,236		6,484,642	-12.2		69,727	
Equity in net loss of affiliated companies		(23,313)		(28,890)	-		(311)	
Operating loss		(198,057)		(132,438)	-		(1,424)	
Other income (expenses), net		58,254		1,836	-96.8		20	
Loss before income taxes		(139,803)		(130,602)	-		(1,404)	
Income taxes and other		(61,219)		(34,081)	-		(366)	
Net loss attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders	¥	(78,584)	¥	(96,521)	- %	\$	(1,038)	
					ons of U.S. dollars)		
Consolidated]	Fiscal year ende	ed March 31			
		2009		2010	Change		2010	
Financial service revenue	¥	523,307	¥	838,300	+60.2 %	\$	9,014	
Net sales and operating revenue		7,206,686		6,375,698	-11.5		68,556	
		7,729,993		7,213,998	-6.7		77,570	
Costs and expenses		7,932,667		7,151,991	-9.8		76,903	
Equity in net loss of affiliated companies		(25,109)		(30,235)	-		(325)	
Operating income (loss)		(227,783)		31,772	-		342	
Other income (expenses), net		52,828		(4,860)	-		(53)	
Imcome (loss) before income taxes		(174,955)		26,912	-		289	
Income taxes and other		(76,017)		67,714	-		728	

¥

(40,802)

- % \$

(439)

(98,938)

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Financial Camina				ions of yen, millio hree months en	ons of U.S. dollars)		
Financial Services	2009		1.	2010	Change		2010	
		2007		2010	Change		2010	
Financial service revenue	¥	151,394	¥	216,136	+42.8 %	\$	2,324	
Financial service expenses		150,069		169,305	+12.8	·	1,821	
Equity in net loss of affiliated companies		(381)		(395)	_		(4)	
Operating income		944		46,436	-		499	
Other income (expenses), net		(89)		(103)	-		(1)	
Income before income taxes		855		46,333	-		498	
Income taxes and other		3,857		14,997	+288.8		161	
Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders	¥	(3,002)	¥	31,336	- %	\$	337	
				-	ons of U.S. dollars)		
Sony without Financial Services		2000	T	hree months en			2010	
		2009		2010	Change		2010	
Net sales and operating revenue	¥	1,377,970	¥	1,502,326	+9.0 %	\$	16,154	
Costs and expenses		1,656,315		1,608,811	-2.9		17,298	
Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies		(17,304)		3,492	-		37	
Operating loss		(295,649)		(102,993)	-		(1,107)	
Other income (expenses), net		(16,841)		9,677	-		104	
Loss before income taxes		(312,490)		(93,316)	-		(1,003)	
Income taxes and other		(150,879)		(18,665)	-		(200)	
Net loss attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders	¥	(161,611)	¥	(74,651)	- %	\$	(803)	
				-	ons of U.S. dollars)		
Consolidated		2000	T	hree months en			••••	
	_	2009	_	2010	Change		2010	
Financial service revenue	¥	147,898	¥	213,062	+44.1 %	\$	2,291	
Net sales and operating revenue		1,376,162		1,502,008	+9.1		16,151	
		1,524,060		1,715,070	+12.5		18,442	
Costs and expenses		1,800,683		1,774,206	-1.5		19,078	
Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies		(17,685)		3,097	-		33	
Operating loss		(294,308)		(56,039)	-		(603)	
Other income (expenses), net		(17,327)		9,056	-		98	
Loss before income taxes		(311,635)		(46,983)	-		(505)	
Income taxes and other		(146,495)		9,585	-		103	
Net loss attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders	¥	(165,140)	¥	(56,568)	- %	\$	(608)	

stockholders

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

Financial Services

Net cash provided by operating activities
Net cash used in investing activities
Net cash provided by financing activities
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the fiscal year

Sony without Financial Services

Net cash provided by operating activities
Net cash used in investing activities
Net cash provided by financing activities
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the fiscal year

Consolidated

Net cash provided by operating activities
Net cash used in investing activities
Net cash provided by financing activities
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the fiscal year

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

_	2009		2010	2010
¥	300,096	¥	348,033	\$ 3,742
	(602,368)		(475,720)	(5,115)
	260,345		238,635	2,566
	(41,927)		110,948	1,193
	137,721		95,794	1,030
¥	95,794	¥	206,742	\$ 2,223

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

	2009		2010	2010
¥	112,695	¥	570,222	\$ 6,131
	(487,446)		(247,897)	(2,666)
	9,947		98,644	1,061
	(18,911)		(1,098)	(11)
	(383,715)		419,871	 4,515
	948,710		564,995	 6,075
¥	564,995	¥	984,866	\$ 10,590

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Fiscal year ended March 31

	riscal year ended March 31							
	2009		2010		2010			
¥	407,153	¥	912,907	\$	9,816			
	(1,081,342)		(746,004)		(8,022)			
	267,458		365,014		3,925			
	(18,911)		(1,098)		(11)			
	(425,642)		530,819		5,708			
	1,086,431		660,789		7,105			
¥	660,789	¥	1.191.608	\$	12,813			

(Notes)

- 1. U.S. dollar amounts have been translated from yen, for convenience only, at the rate of \(\frac{1}{2}\) 93 = U.S. \(\frac{1}{2}\)1, the approximate Tokyo foreign exchange market rate as of March 31, 2010.
- 2. As of March 31, 2010, Sony had 1,266 consolidated subsidiaries (including variable interest entities). It has applied the equity accounting method for 73 affiliated companies.
- 3. The weighted-average number of outstanding shares used for computation of earnings per share of common stock are as follows. The dilutive effect in the weighted-average number of outstanding shares mainly resulted from convertible bonds. All potentially dilutive shares have been excluded from the number of shares used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, because Sony incurred a net loss attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders and their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

(Thousands of shares)					
Fiscal year en	ded March 31				
<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>				
1,003,499	1,003,520				
1,003,499	1,003,520				
(Thousand	s of shares)				
Three months of	ended March 31				
<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>				
1,003,521	1,003,513				
1,003,521	1,003,513				
	Fiscal year en 2009 1,003,499 1,003,499 (Thousand Three months of 2009				

4. Newly adopted accounting pronouncements

Fair value measurements -

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new accounting guidance for fair value measurements. This guidance establishes a framework for measuring fair value, clarifies the definition of fair value, and expands disclosures about the use of fair value measurements. This guidance is applicable to other accounting guidance that requires or permits fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements. In February 2008, the FASB issued supplemental guidance that partially delayed the effective date of the guidance for fair value measurements for Sony until April 1, 2009 for certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities and removed certain leasing transactions from the scope of the guidance. In addition, in October 2008, the FASB issued guidance which clarify the application of fair value measurements in a market that is not active, and was effective upon issuance. On April 1, 2008, Sony adopted the new accounting guidance for fair value measurements with regards to financial assets and liabilities and nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. The adoption of the guidance for fair value measurements did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Accounting for collaborative arrangements -

In December 2007, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for collaborative arrangements, which defines collaborative arrangements and establishes accounting and reporting requirements for transactions between participants in the arrangement and third parties. A collaborative arrangement is defined as a contractual arrangement that involved a joint operating activity. Sony adopted the provisions of this guidance, which are being applied retrospectively to all periods presented, for all collaborative arrangements on April 1, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Business combinations -

In December 2007, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for business combinations, which principally applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after April 1, 2009. This guidance requires that the acquisition method of accounting be applied to a broader range of business combinations, amends the definition of a business combination, provides a definition of a business, requires an acquirer to recognize an acquired business at its fair value at the acquisition date, and requires the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination to be measured and recognized at their fair values as of the acquisition date, with limited exceptions. Also, under this guidance, changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and acquired income tax uncertainties after the acquisition date generally will affect income tax expense in periods subsequent to the acquisition date. Adjustments made to valuation allowances of deferred taxes and acquired tax contingencies associated with acquisitions that closed prior to April 1, 2009 would also apply the provisions of this guidance with adjustments reflected through the results of operations. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

In April 2009, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies. This guidance addresses the initial recognition, measurement and subsequent accounting for assets and liabilities arising from contingencies in a business combination, and requires that such assets acquired or liabilities assumed be initially recognized at fair value at the acquisition date if fair value can be determined during the measurement period. If the acquisition-date fair value cannot be determined, the asset acquired or liability assumed arising from a contingency is recognized only if certain criteria are met. For Sony, this guidance is effective for assets acquired or liabilities assumed arising from contingencies in business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after April 1, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements -

In December 2007, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements. This guidance requires that the noncontrolling interests in the equity of a subsidiary be accounted for and reported as equity, provides revised guidance on the treatment of net income and losses attributable to the noncontrolling interests and changes in ownership interests in a subsidiary and requires additional disclosures that identify and distinguish between the interests of the controlling and noncontrolling owners. As required, Sony adopted this guidance on April 1, 2009, via retrospective application of the financial statement presentation and related disclosure requirements. Upon the adoption of this guidance, noncontrolling interests, which were previously referred to as minority interest and classified between total liabilities and stockholders' equity on the consolidated balance sheets, are now included as a separate component of total equity. In addition, the net income (loss) on the consolidated statements of income now includes the net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests. Consistent with the retrospective application required by this guidance, the prior year amounts in the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified or adjusted to conform to the current presentation. As a result of the reclassifications, the stockholders' equity on the consolidated balance sheets for the fiscal year ended at March 31, 2009 has increased by 251,949 million yen and the net loss on the consolidated statements of income for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009 has increased by 3,276 million yen.

In January 2010, the FASB issued supplemental guidance clarifying the accounting for decreases in ownership interests and expanding the disclosure requirements about the deconsolidation of a subsidiary or deconsolidation of a group of assets. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Determination of the useful life of intangible assets -

In April 2008, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for the determination of the useful life of intangible assets, which amends the list of factors an entity should consider in developing renewal or extension assumptions used in determining the useful life of recognized intangible assets. This new guidance applies to (1) intangible assets that are acquired individually or with a group of other assets and (2) intangible assets acquired in both business combinations and asset acquisitions. Under this new guidance, entities estimating the useful life of a recognized intangible asset must consider their historical experience in renewing or extending similar arrangements or, in the absence of historical experience, must consider assumptions that market participants would use about renewal or extension. For Sony, this new guidance applies to intangible assets acquired after March 31, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Equity method investment accounting considerations -

In November 2008, the FASB issued new accounting guidance, which addresses certain effects that the guidance for business combinations and noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements has on an entity's accounting for equity-method investments. This guidance indicates, among other things, that transaction costs for an investment should be included in the cost of the equity-method investment (and not expensed) and shares subsequently issued by the equity-method investee that reduce the investor's ownership percentage should be accounted for as if the investor had sold a proportionate share of its investment, with gains or losses recorded through earnings. Sony adopted this guidance on April 1, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Recognition and presentation of other-than-temporary impairments for debt securities -

In April 2009, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for the recognition and presentation of other-than-temporary impairments for debt securities. This guidance is intended to provide greater clarity to investors about the credit and noncredit component of an other-than-temporary impairment event and to more effectively communicate when an other-than-temporary impairment event has occurred. This guidance requires the separate display of losses related to credit deterioration and losses related to other market factors. When an entity does not intend to sell a debt security and it is more likely than not that the entity will not have to sell the debt security before recovery of its cost basis, it must recognize the credit component of an other-than-temporary impairment in earnings and the remaining portion in other comprehensive income. In addition, upon the adoption of this guidance, an entity is required to record a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the period of adoption to reclassify the noncredit component of a previously recognized other-than-temporary impairment from retained earnings to accumulated other comprehensive income. Sony adopted this guidance on April 1, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Fair value measurements when there is no active market -

In April 2009, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for determining fair value when there is no active market for an asset or when the pricing inputs used in determining the fair value of an asset represent a distressed sale. This guidance also reaffirms that the objective of fair value measurement is to reflect an asset's sale price in an orderly transaction at the date of the financial statements. This guidance was effective for Sony as of April 1, 2009, and was applied prospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Accounting Standards Codification -

In June 2009, the FASB issued the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification"). The Codification became the single source for all authoritative accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The Codification is effective for financial statements issued for periods ending after September 15, 2009. The Codification does not change U.S. GAAP and did not have an affect on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Measuring liabilities at fair value -

In August 2009, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for measuring liabilities at fair value. This guidance clarifies how the fair value measurement principles should be applied to measuring liabilities carried at fair value. This guidance describes how to measure liabilities at fair value when quoted prices for identical liabilities in active markets are not available and clarifies that an entity should not make an adjustment to fair value for a restriction that prevents the transfer of the liability. This guidance was effective for interim and annual periods beginning after issuance. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent) -

In September 2009, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent). This guidance permits, as a practical expedient, an entity to measure the fair value of an investment using the net asset value per share of the investment (or its equivalent) provided by the investee without further adjustment if the investment companies do not have readily determinable fair values as is the case with certain alternative investment funds. This guidance was effective for interim and annual periods ending after December 15, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Sony realigned its reportable segments effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2010 to reflect Sony's reorganization as of April 1, 2009, primarily repositioning operations previously reported within the Electronics and Game segments and establishing the Consumer Products & Devices, Networked Products & Services and B2B & Disc Manufacturing segments. The Consumer Products & Devices segment includes products such as televisions, digital imaging, audio and video, semiconductors, and components. The equity results of S-LCD Corporation, a joint-venture with Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., are also included within the Consumer Products & Devices segment. The Networked Products & Services segment includes Game as well as PC and Other Networked Businesses. The B2B & Disc Manufacturing segment is comprised of the B2B business, including broadcast and professional-use products, as well as the Blu-ray DiscTM, DVD and CD disc manufacturing business. Additionally, Music is a new segment effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2010. The Music segment includes Sony Music Entertainment, Sony Music Entertainment (Japan) Inc, and a 50% owned U.S. based joint-venture in the music publishing business, Sony/ATV Music Publishing LLC. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009, the Music segment's operating income includes the equity results for SONY BMG MUSIC ENTERTAINMENT that were recorded through the six months ended September 30, 2008. The equity earnings of Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB are presented as a separate segment and were previously included in the Electronics segment. All Other consists of various operating activities, including So-net Entertainment Corporation and an advertising agency business in Japan. In connection with the realignment, all prior period amounts in the segment disclosures have been restated to conform to the current presentation.

Other Consolidated Financial Data

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

	Fiscal year ended March 31								
		2009		2010	Change	2010			
Capital expenditures (additions to property, plant and equipment)	¥	332,068	¥	192,724	-42.0%	\$	2,072		
Depreciation and amortization expenses*		405,443		371,004	-8.5		3,989		
(Depreciation expenses for property, plant and equipment)		(293,743)		(260,169)	-11.4		(2,798)		
Research and development expenses		497,297		432,001	-13.1		4,645		

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

	Three months ended March 31								
		2009		2010	Change	2010			
Capital expenditures (additions to property, plant and equipment)	¥	73,721	¥	43,939	-40.4%	\$	472		
Depreciation and amortization expenses*		104,858		94,939	-9.5		1,021		
(Depreciation expenses for property, plant and equipment)		(78,472)		(65,216)	-16.9		(701)		
Research and development expenses		123,586		116,287	-5.9		1,250		

^{*} Including amortization expenses for intangible assets and for deferred insurance acquisition costs.