DECISION OF THE RESERVE BANK ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE DETERMINING THE FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND THE LOCATION OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS UNDER FEDERAL RESERVE ACT APPROVED DECEMBER 23, 1913

APRIL 2, 1914

WITH STATEMENT OF THE COMMITTEE
IN RELATION THERETO

APRIL 10, 1914

WASHINGTON
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DECISION OF THE RESERVE BANK ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE DETERMINING THE FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND THE LOCATION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS.

[Under the Federal Reserve Act approved December 23, 1913.]

The Federal Reserve Act directs the Reserve Bank Organization Committee to "designate not less than eight nor more than twelve cities to be known as Federal reserve cities"; to "divide the continental United States, excluding Alaska, into districts, each district to contain only one of such Federal reserve cities," and to apportion the districts "with due regard to the convenience and customary course of business." The act provides that the districts may not necessarily be coterminous with any State or States.

In determining the reserve districts and in designating the cities within such districts where Federal Reserve banks shall be severally located, the organization committee has given full consideration to the important factors bearing upon the subject. The committee held public hearings in eighteen of the leading cities from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Great Lakes to the Gulf, and was materially assisted thereby in determining the districts and the reserve cities.

Every reasonable opportunity has been afforded applicant cities to furnish evidence to support their claims as locations for Federal Reserve banks.

More than 200 cities, through their clearing-house associations, chambers of commerce, and other representatives, were heard. Of these, thirty-seven cities asked to be designated as the headquarters of a Federal Reserve bank.

The majority of the organization committee, including its chairman and the Secretary of Agriculture, were present at all hearings, and stenographic reports of the proceedings were made for more deliberate consideration. Independent investigations were, in addition, made through the Treasury Department, and the preference of each bank as to the location of the Federal Reserve bank with which it desired to be connected was ascertained by an independent card ballot addressed to each of the 7,471 national banks throughout the country which had formally assented to the provisions of the Federal reserve act.

Among the many factors which governed the committee in determining the respective districts and the selection of the cities which have been chosen were:

First. The ability of the member banks within the district to provide the minimum capital of \$4,000,000 required for the Federal

Reserve bank, on the basis of six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of member banks within the district.

Second. The mercantile, industrial, and financial connections existing in each district and the relations between the various portions of the district and the city selected for the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

Third. The probable ability of the Federal Reserve bank in each district, after organization and after the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act shall have gone into effect, to meet the legitimate demands of business, whether normal or abnormal, in accordance with the spirit and provisions of the Federal Reserve Act.

Fourth. The fair and equitable division of the available capital for the Federal Reserve banks among the districts created.

Fifth. The general geographical situation of the district, transportation lines, and the facilities for speedy communication between the Federal Reserve bank and all portions of the district.

Sixth. The population, area, and prevalent business activities of the district, whether agricultural, manufacturing, mining, or commercial, its record of growth and development in the past and its prospects for the future.

In determining the several districts the committee has endeavored to follow State lines as closely as practicable, and wherever it has been found necessary to deviate the division has been along lines which are believed to be most convenient and advantageous for the district affected.

The twelve Districts and the twelve Cities selected for the location of the Federal Reserve banks are as follows:

DISTRICT No. 1.

The New England States: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut, with the city of Boston as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 445 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$9,924,543.

DISTRICT No. 2.

The State of New York, with New York City as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 477 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the

district, will amount to \$20,621,606; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$20,687,606.

DISTRICT No. 3.

The States of New Jersey and Delaware and all that part of Pennsylvania located east of the western boundary of the following counties: McKean, Elk, Clearfield, Cambria, and Bedford, with the Federal Reserve bank in the city of Philadelphia.

This district contains 757 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$12,488,138; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$12,500,738.

DISTRICT No. 4.

The State of Ohio; all that part of Pennsylvania lying west of district No. 3; the counties of Marshall, Ohio, Brooke, and Hancock, in the State of West Virginia; and all that part of the State of Kentucky located east of the western boundary of the following counties: Boone, Grant, Scott, Woodford, Jessamine, Garrard, Lincoln, Pulaski, and McCreary; with the city of Cleveland, Ohio, as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 767 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$12,007,384; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$12,100,384.

DISTRICT No. 5.

The District of Columbia, and the States of Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and all of West Virginia except the counties of Marshall, Ohio, Brooke, and Hancock, with the Federal Reserve bank located in the city of Richmond, Va.

This district contains 475 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$6,303,301; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$6,542,713.

DISTRICT No. 6.

The States of Alabama, Georgia, and Florida; all that part of Tennessee located east of the western boundary of the following counties: Stewart, Houston, Wayne, Humphreys, and Perry; all that part of Mississippi located south of the northern boundary of the following counties: Issaquena, Sharkey, Yazoo, Kemper, Madison, Leake, and Neshoba; and all of the southeastern part of Louisiana located east of the western boundary of the following parishes: Pointe Coupee, Iberville, Assumption, and Terrebonne, with the city of Atlanta, Ga., as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 372 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$4,641,193; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$4,702,558.

DISTRICT No. 7.

The State of Iowa; all that part of Wisconsin located south of the northern boundary of the following counties: Vernon, Sauk, Columbia, Dodge, Washington, and Ozaukee; all of the southern peninsula of Michigan, viz, that part east of Lake Michigan; all that part of Illinois located north of a line forming the southern boundary of the following counties: Hancock, Schuyler, Cass, Sangamon, Christian, Shelby, Cumberland, and Clark; and all that part of Indiana north of a line forming the southern boundary of the following counties: Vigo, Clay, Owen, Monroe, Brown, Bartholomew, Jennings, Ripley, and Ohio, with the Federal Reserve bank located in the city of Chicago, Ill.

This district contains 952 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$12,479,876; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$12,967,701.

DISTRICT No. 8.

The State of Arkansas; all that part of Missouri located east of the western boundary of the following counties: Harrison, Daviess, Caldwell, Ray, Lafayette, Johnson, Henry, St. Clair, Cedar, Dade, Lawrence, and Barry; all that part of Illinois not included in district No. 7; all that part of Indiana not included in district No. 7; all that part of Kentucky not included in district No. 4; all that part of Tennessee not included in district No. 6; and all that part of Mississippi not included in district No. 6, with the city of St. Louis, Mo., as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 458 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$4,990,761; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$6,367,006.

DISTRICT No. 9.

The States of Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota; all that part of Wisconsin not included in district No. 7, and all that part of Michigan not included in district No. 7, with the city of Minneapolis, Minn., as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 687 national banks, which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$4,702,925.

DISTRICT No. 10.

The States of Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, and Wyoming; all that part of Missouri not included in district No. 8; all that part of Oklahoma north of a line forming the southern boundary of the following counties: Ellis, Dewey, Blaine, Canadian, Cleveland, Pottawatomie, Seminole, Okfuskee, McIntosh, Muskogee, and Sequoyah; and all that part of New Mexico north of a line forming the southern boundary of the following counties: McKinley, Sandoval, Santa Fe, San Miguel, and Union, with the city of Kansas City, Mo., as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 836 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$5,590,015; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$5,600,977.

DISTRICT No. 11.

The State of Texas; all that part of New Mexico not included in district No. 10; all that part of Oklahoma not included in district No. 10; all that part of Louisiana not included in district No. 6; and the following counties in the State of Arizona: Pima, Graham, Greenlee, Cochise, and Santa Cruz, with the city of Dallas, Tex., as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 731 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$5,540,020; and if there be added six per cent

of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$5,653,924.

DISTRICT No. 12.

The States of California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, and Utah, and all that part of Arizona not included in district No. 11, with the city of San Francisco, Cal., as the location of the Federal Reserve bank.

This district contains 514 national banks which have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. The capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, on the basis of six per cent of the total capital stock and surplus of the assenting national banks in the district, will amount to \$7,825,375; and if there be added six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of the State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership up to April 1, 1914, the total capital stock will be \$8,115,494.

The committee was impressed with the growth and development of the States of Idaho, Washington, and Oregon, but on the basis of six per cent of the capital stock and surplus of national banks and State banks and trust companies which have applied for membership, that section could not provide the \$4,000,000 minimum capital stock required by the law. With the continued growth of that region it is reasonable to expect that in a few years the capital and surplus of its member banks will be sufficient to justify the creation of an additional Federal Reserve district, at which time application may be made to the Congress for a grant of the necessary authority.

It is no part of the duty of the organization committee to locate branches of the Federal Reserve banks. The law specifically provides that "each Federal Reserve bank shall establish branch banks within the Federal Reserve district in which it is located." All the material collected by the committee will be placed at the disposal of the Federal Reserve banks and the Federal Reserve Board when they are organized and ready to consider the establishment of branch banks.

Reference is made to the Map of the Districts and to tables A, B, C, D, E, and F kereto attached.

W. G. McAdoo,
D. F. Houston,
Jno. Skelton Williams,
Reserve Bank Organization Committee

Washington, D. C., April 2, 1914.

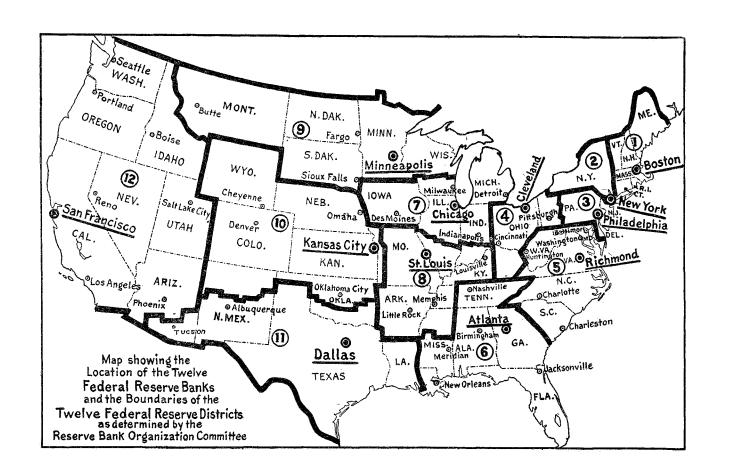


Table A.—Showing subscriptions to stock of Federal reserve banks by national banks, State banks, and trust companies, with area and population of each district.

[PART 1.]

Dis- trict	Federal reserve cities.	Districts.		Nat	ional banks Mar	ch 4, 1914.	Including State banks and trust com- panies that have applied for mem- bership up to April 1, 1914.			
No.		Land area in square miles.1	Popula- tion,1	Num- ber of banks.	Capital and surplus.	6 per cent subscription.	Num- ber of banks.	Capital and surplus.	6 per cent subscription.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City, Mo. Dallas San Francisco	61, 976 47, 654 40, 449 72, 693 152, 931 171, 306 194, 767 433, 281 435, 831 430, 329 683, 852	6, 552, 681 9, 113, 614 7, 932, 665 8, 326, 668 8, 519, 310 8, 677, 288 12, 348, 767 8, 747, 662 5, 195, 886 5, 671, 051 5, 797, 970 5, 089, 304	445 477 757 767 475 372 952 952 458 687 836 731 514	\$165, 409, 043 343, 693, 437 203, 135, 631 200, 123, 060 105, 055, 023 77, 353, 221 207, 997, 941 83, 179, 348 78, 382, 081 93, 166, 912 92, 333, 673 130, 422, 921	\$9,924,543 20,621,606 12,488,138 12,007,384 6,303,301 4,641,193 12,479,876 4,990,761 4,702,925 5,590,015 5,540,020 7,825,375	445 478 758 769 484 382 967 469 687 839 737 529	\$165. 409, 043 344. 793. 437 208, 345, 631 201, 673, 060 109, 045, 223 78, 375, 971 216, 128, 363 106, 116, 764 78. 382. 081 93, 349, 612 94, 232, 073 135. 258, 231	\$9, 924, 543 20, 687, 606 12, 500, 738 12, 100, 384 6, 542, 713 4, 702, 558 12, 967, 701 6, 387, 006 4, 702, 925 5, 600, 977 5, 653, 924 8, 115, 494	
	Total	2,973,890	91, 972, 266	7,471	1,785,252,291	107, 115, 137	7,544	1,831,109,489	109.866,569	

¹ United States census of 1910.

Table A.—Showing amount due to and due from banks, amount of individual deposits and all deposits, also cash in vault, for all national banks in each Federal reserve district as of March 4, 1914.

[PART 2.]

Dis- trict No.	Federal reserve cities.	Total due to banks.	Total due from banks.	Net balance due to banks.	Net balance due from banks.	Individual deposits.	All deposits.	Per capita deposit.	Cash in vault.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City, Mo Dallas San Francisco Total	214, 326, 384 186, 273, 482 71, 963, 378 39, 603, 415 441, 078, 660 131, 446, 049 80, 671, 243 146, 742, 582 51, 172, 553	278, 661, 678 92, 813, 994 104, 873, 520 134, 726, 219 78, 083, 730 122, 927, 748	670, 607, 617 25, 103, 462 15, 441, 775 162, 416, 982 38, 632, 055 12, 016, 363	\$1,020,277 21,838,613 24,202,277 26,911,177	\$500, 636, 637 1, 191, 533, 728 17, 18, 185, 010 654, 985, 827 317, 659, 065 215, 744, 303 811, 307, 271 241, 740, 690 389, 088, 959 365, 978, 140 252, 490, 607 444, 274, 574 6, 103, 624, 811	\$631, 359, 974 2, 061, 858, 058 937, 181, 166 851, 187, 168 851, 187, 668 851, 187, 633 399, 579, 841 262, 318, 818 1, 265, 208, 464 378, 888, 307 475, 684, 697 521, 318, 350 307, 130, 732 573, 243, 051 8, 664, 896, 091	102 47 30 102 43 92 92	\$53, 354, 398 359, 715, 324 77, 909, 120 75, 287, 748 25, 524, 694 18, 752, 412 150, 414, 811 40, 866, 167 34, 917, 883 44, 118, 906 25, 979, 225 60, 077, 300 966, 917, 988

Table B.—Number of national banks on September 9, 1903, and August 9, 1913, with increase or decrease; also amount of capital stock and surplus, loans and discounts, and individual deposits (in thousands), with amount and percentage of increase or decrease.

	Nun	iber o ban	f national ks.	Capital and surplus.				Loans and discounts.					Individua	l deposits.	
•	1903	1913	Increase or de- crease.3	1903	1913	Increase or de- crease.3	Per cent.	1903	1913	Increase or de- crease.3	Per cent.	1903	1913	Increase or de- crease.3	Per cen
New York, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. Philadelphia, Pa Boston, Mass. Pittsburgh, Pa. San Francisco, Cal. St. Louis, Mo. Cincinnati, Ohio. Baltimore, Md. Cleveland, Ohio. Minneapolis, Minn. Kansas City, Mo. Washington, D. C. St. Paul, Minn. Richmond, Va.¹ Indianapolis, Ind. Atlanta, Ga.¹ New Orleans, La. Louisville, Ky. Denver, Colo. Houston, Tex. Portland, Oreg. Omaha, Nebr. Dallas, Tex. Seattle, Wash.² Fort Worth, Tex.² Columbus, Ohio. Nashville, Tenn.¹ Spokane, Wash.² Birmingham, Ala.¹ Des Moines, Iowa. Charlotte, N. C.¹ Columbia, S. C.¹ Sasvannah, Ga. Memphis, Tenn.¹ Lincoln, Nebr. Kansas City, Kans.	122 342 35 77 35 66 11 6 5 7 7 4 6 8 5 6 6 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2	36 9 2 3 17 2 2 9 7 8 6 7 6 2 2 1 1 1 4 8 5 6 5 8 8 6 6 5 7 5 6 8 8 8 5 5 2 4 4 5 5 2 3 4 4 2	- 7 - 3 - 2 - 13 - 6 - 6 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	\$173, 185 38, 625 45, 636 46, 836 45, 200 11, 238 25, 910 14, 405 18, 926 18, 926 18, 926 19, 970 6, 192 2, 330 6, 497 32, 250 1, 250 2, 168 1, 467 3, 270 2, 188 1, 460 1, 660 1, 750 1, 600 1, 4579 1, 600 1, 4579 1, 4579	\$249, 305 62, 065 62, 065 48, 081 48, 514 44, 880 29, 140 20, 350 11, 1650 11, 1650 9, 480 9, 481 8, 600 8, 484 9, 481 8, 600 5, 560 5, 900 5, 560 5, 900 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5, 560 5,	\$76, 120 30, 425 16, 425 3, 314 32, 430 5, 945 5, 945 7, 795 5, 963 4, 564 6, 514 1, 288 4, 700 5, 425 2, 740 3, 085 1, 403 3, 085 1, 403 1, 625 1, 6	44 79 36 2.7 7.3 30 13 41.4 4.4 203 4.4 203 81 91 219 60 268 42 26.6 132 200 434 72 281 165 43 76 370 58 143 64 - 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¹ Nonreserve cities.

² Not a reserve city in 1903.

³ Minus (-) shows decrease; other changes show increase.

Table C.—Total loans and discounts by geographical divisions, made by national banks in the cities named as of January 13, 1914. Compiled from special statements submitted to the Comptroller of the Currency,

	Total loans.	New Engla	nd States.	Eastern S	tates.	Southern	States.	Middle Weste	ern States.	Western	States.	Pacific	States.
	Total loans.	Amount.	Per cent.	Amount.	Per cent.	Amount.	Per cent.	Amount.	Per cent.	Amount.	Per cent.	Amount.	Per cent
ew York	\$920, 804, 000	\$36,819,000	4.00	\$654,822,000	71.12	\$86, 843, 000	9.43	\$116,424,000	12 64	\$12,668,000	1.38	\$13,228,000	1.4
hicago	303 498 000	2,055,000	. 68	7,027,000	2.31	17, 736, 000	5. 85	257, 427, 000	84.82	11, 358, 000	3.74	7,895,000	2.0
hiladelphia	219, 044, 000	3,789,000	1.73	188,594,000	86.10	9, 398, 000	4. 29	16,013,000	7.31	580,000	.27	670,000	-
hicago hiladelphiaoston	219, 044, 000 190, 973, 000 126, 358, 000	145 411 000	76.14	18, 137, 600	9.50	4,779,000	2.50	19, 731, 000	10.33	1,419,000	.74	1,496,000	
ittsburgh	126, 358, 000	785,000	.62	119,999,000	94.97	598,000	. 47	4,410,000	3.49	382,000	.30	184,000	[]
an Francisco	1 104, 696, 000	63,000	.06	1, 125, 000	1.08	30,000	. 03	1,130,000	1.08	25,000	.02	102, 323, 000	97.
oston ttsburgh an Francisco Louis. ansas City, Mo leveland	104,006,000	1,240,000	1.19	3, 769, 000	3.62	13,593,000	13.07	80, 208, 000	77.12	4, 701, 000	4, 52	495,000	1
ansas City, Mo	67, 237, 000	1,240,000 15,000	. 02	304,000	. 43	6,419,000	9.55	38, 101, 000	56.69	21, 804, 000	32. 43	594,000	
leveland	60, 763, 000	385,000	. 63	3,566,000	5.87	186,000	.31	56,303,000	92.66	208,000	. 34	115,000	١.
altimore	59, 435, 000	278,000	.47	50,893,000	85.63	6.891.000	11.59	1,359,000	2, 29	6,000	.01	8,000	١.
inneapolisuffalo	58,021,000] <i></i>		332,000	. 57	25,000	. 04	52,657,000	90.76	4,745,000	8.18	262,000	
uffalo	55, 084, 000 52, 290, 000 47, 985, 000	660,000	1.20	49,061,000	89.07	314,000	.57	4,858,000	8.82	150,000	,27	41,000	i.
nainnati	89 900 000	313,000	.60	2,145,000	4.10	4,017,000	7.68	45, 699, 000	87.40	56,000	.11	60,000	1 .
os Angeles	47, 985, 000			935,000	1.95	20,000	.04	231,000	.48	90,000	.19	46,709,000 1,462,000	97.
. Paul	38,018,000	155,000	.40	1,306,000	3.43	187,000	.48	32,157,000 489,000	84.62	2,751,000	7. 23 . 01	1,462,000	3
Paul Chmond maha	38,018,000 35,721,000 31,536.000	125, 000	. 35	1,619,000	4.53	33, 473, 000	93.71	489,000	1.37	5,000	. 01	10,000	
maha	31,536.000	125,000	.40	567,000	1.79	200,000	.63	2,172,000 81,000	6.89	28,212,000	89.46	260,000	١.
ashingtontlanta	27,790,000	11,000	.04	26,620,000 277,000	95.79	915,000	3, 29	81,000	.29	24,000	.09	139,000	
tlanta	26, 916, 000	120, 000	. 45	277,000	1.03	26, 117, 000	97. 03	397,000	1.47	5,000	. 02		
ouisville	26, 452, 000			77,000	. 29	25, 342, 000	95.80	1,026,000	3.88	7,000	.03		
rovidence	25,032,000	2 15,442,000	61.69	4,674,000 568,000	18.67	536,000	2.14	3,586,000	14.33	436,000	1.74	358,000	1.
attle	25, 032, 000 25, 032, 000 24, 486, 000 23, 950, 000 23, 659, 000 21, 446, 000	85,000	. 35	568,000	2.32	161,000	. 66	1,444,000	5.89	244,000	1.00	21,984,000	89.
ouston ortland, Oreg artford	23,950,000	778,000	3.25	22,134,000	92.42	180,000	. 75	721,000	3.01	85,000	.35	52,000	
ouston	23,659,000			205,000	. 87	23,391,000	98, 86	25,000	.11	38,000	.16		
ortland, Oreg	21,446,000	*******		47,000	.21	15,000	.08	382,000	1.78	8,000	.04	20,994,000	97.
artiord	21.202.000	16,019,000 10,000	75.55	1,384,000 214,000	6.53	1,059,000	5.00	2,301,000 251,000	10.85	287,000	1.35	152,000	
allas	19, 731, 000	10,000	. 05	214,000	1.08	19, 123, 000	96.92	251,000	1.28	130, 000	. 66	3,000	
ew Orleansashville	19,677,000 18,031,000			171,000	.87	19,477,000	98.98	20,000	.10			9,000	1
asiiviiie	18,031,000	60.000		25,000	.14	17,735,000	98.36	271,000	1.50			105 000	
rooklyn	7,437,000	69,000	.39	16,659,000	95.54	17,000	.10	562,000	3.22	5,000	.03	125,000	
emphis	7,977,000			6,000	.07	7,913,000	99.20	58,000	.73				

Note.—The above statement has been compiled from special statements made to the Comptroller of the Currency showing all loans in the United States. Foreign loans are not included. The differences between this statement and the abstract of Jan. 13, 1914, are made up of foreign loans, bonds loaned and other minor items.

The above classification by geographical groups, which has been observed in the reports of the comptroller's office for the past 18 years, is as follows: New England States: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut. Eastern States: New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, and District of Columbia. Southern States: Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Kentucky, and Tennessee. Middle Western States: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wiscosia, Minnesota, Jowa, and Missouri. Western States: North Dakota, South Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, and Oklahoma. Pacific States: Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Utah, Nevada, Arizona, and Alaska.

^{1 \$7,457,000} less than abstract Jan. 13, which included report from branches.

² Includes \$1,075,000 not localized.

Table D.—Showing bank and trust company credit balances with the national banks in some of the principal cities of the United States; also showing amounts loaned by the national banks in the same cities to their correspondent banks; also bought paper and collateral loans to noncustomers of the lending banks, securities owned, and cash reserve in vaults, as of dates named.

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Cities.	Amount on deposit from all banks and trust com- panies through- out the United States, Feb. 14, 1914.	Amount loaned to all banks and trust com- panies on bills payable, and rediscounts, in- cluding indi- rect loans with guarantee of directors, etc., Jan. 13, 1914.	Per cent loaned banks Jan. 13, 1914, to bank deposits Feb. 14, 1914.	Bought paper, stock-exchange loans, etc., made by na- tional banks to noncustomers throughout the United States, Jan. 13, 1914.	Bonds and securities (exclusive of bonds for circulation) held by national banks, Jan. 13, 1914.	Reserve in vaults (specie and legal tenders), Jan. 13, 1914.
New York. Chicago Philadelphia Boston St. Louis	278,824,567 173,584,687	\$59,107,399 25,663,706 6,859,243 3,695,480 -14,271,230	7. 96 9. 20 3. 95 3. 80 —15. 78	\$263,803,618 29,716,830 38,289,408 47,402,893 	\$165, 827, 533 31, 734, 647 37, 837, 529 19, 958, 013 6, 326, 699	\$313,586,128 88,732,480 43,280,798 32,661,707 —26,880,206
Pittsburgh Kansas City, Mo San Francisco¹ Albany Cleveland Cincinnati Minneapolis Baltimore Omaha Los Angeles St. Paul Houston Louisville Buffalo Richmond Portland, Oreg Seattle New Orleans Dallas Nashville Washington Atlanta Brooklyn	54, 835, 438 45, 859, 188 36, 748, 820 36, 748, 820 32, 593, 282 31, 316, 864 27, 421, 904 18, 533, 959 16, 290, 213 16, 602, 31 17, 704, 499 11, 388, 536 10, 970, 088 8, 427, 674 7, 518, 865 7, 229, 470 6, 237, 357 5, 536, 719 5, 516, 705 4, 436, 974 4, 017, 811	109, 597, 058 — 710, 415 18, 844, 099 3, 296, 431 1, 955, 816 2, 620, 504 2, 404, 815 5, 768, 762 1, 374, 958 792, 594 1, 865, 678 2, 204, 727 109, 557 1, 629, 449 1, 184, 195 1, 188, 687 1, 188, 687 1, 188, 622 1, 714, 076 892, 612 1, 10, 000	7. 92 89 34. 36 7. 19 . 70 3. 17 6. 00 8. 37 8. 04 31. 12 8. 44 4. 95 14. 79 18. 76 . 96 6. 79 8. 02 22. 21 20. 91 31. 07 20. 12 2. 22	396, 053, 406 —16, 808, 600 4, 899, 204 13, 850, 432 1, 815, 045 6, 177, 657 7, 675, 667 2, 449, 329 4, 989, 093 3, 507, 878 2, 267, 638 12, 637, 337 1, 885, 948 1, 574, 059 3, 064, 245 4, 257, 528 1, 574, 059 3, 064, 245 1, 524, 109 557, 558 4, 257, 558 4, 257, 558 4, 257, 558 3, 266, 983 4, 266, 983 8, 266, 983 8, 266, 983 4, 1, 24, 955	261, 684, 421 — 37, 565, 648	505, 141, 31924, 301, 181 8, 703, 544 18, 683, 813 4, 756, 442 10, 025, 546 8, 859, 630 7, 365, 849 8, 715, 311 4, 596, 702 8, 178, 093 6, 425, 836 3, 596, 044 3, 322, 604 4, 471, 788 2, 276, 451 5, 387, 374 4, 554, 529 2, 546, 927 1, 164, 930 4, 053, 193 1, 855, 427 4, 332, 537
Memphis. Providence. Hartford.	2,377,836 1,983,787	496,006 125,000	20.86 6.30	458,088 13,518,890 9,850,001	128,081 6,336,469 1,367,390	1,189,721 1,804,614 1,348,465

The cities included in the above list are all either central reserve or reserve cities, except the cities of Buffalo, N. Y.; Providence, R. I.; Hartford, Conn.; Richmond, Va.; Atlanta, Ga., Memphis and Nashville, Tenn., which are not reserve cities.

¹ Does not include loans and deposits from banks, in other cities, of branches of Bank of California, N. B. A.

Table E.—Statement showing population, capital and surplus, individual deposits, and loans and discounts of all national banks, as of March 4, 1914, in the 37 cities which asked to be designated as Federal reserve cities.

Location.	Popula- tion.1	Number of banks.	Capital and surplus.	Per capita.	Individual deposits.	Per capita.	Loans and discounts.	Per capita.
Boston.	670, 585	15	\$47, 896, 000	\$71	\$176,088,004	\$268	\$200, 480, 934	\$299
New York	4, 766, 883	35	248, 505, 000	52	771, 724, 999	161	1, 082, 272, 650	22
Philadelphia	1,549,008	32	62, 215, 000	40	184, 643, 392	119	232, 906, 822	153
Cleveland	560, 663	7	14,400,000	25	40, 479, 025	72	62,588,735	112
Cincinnati	363, 591	8	20, 350, 000	56	39, 154, 843	108	55, 761, 638	153
Columbus	181,511	[8]	4,685,500	25	21, 853, 183	120	17, 169, 907	98
Pittsburgh	533, 905	21	46,714,000	88	120, 260, 088	225	124, 568, 231	233
Wheeling	41,641	2	1,700,000	40	4,331,394	104	4,915,613	118
Baltimore	558, 485	15	19, 205, 720	34	42, 553, 451	76	60, 312, 953	10
Washington	331,069	11	11,365,000	34	28, 491, 402	86	25, 405, 554	7
Richmond	127,628	7	9,314,392	73	25,705,866	201	35,593,044	27
Charlotte	34,014	5	1,850,000	54	4,578,573	135	6, 785, 057	19
Columbia	26,319	5	1,887,500	72	6,398,138	243	7,322,262	27
Atlanta	154,839	6	8,600,000	56	24,348,912	157	26, 038, 731	16
Savannah	65,064	2	1,600,000	24	1,443,161	22	3, 244, 938	1 8
Louisville	223,928	8	8,280,000	37	20, 430, 574	91	27, 999, 427	12
Birmingham	132,685	2	3,300,000	25	9, 995, 561	75	10, 449, 274	7
Montgomery	38, 136	4	2,515,000	66	6, 115, 197	160	5, 658, 213	14
Chattanoga	44,604	3	2, 975, 000	66	10,109,930	226	11, 565, 519	25
Memphis	131, 105	3	2,140,000	16	7,511,216	57	7,014,359	•
New Orleans	339,075	4	6,730,000	20	16,857,832	50	17, 285, 254	[
Chicago	2,185,283	9	69,050,000	31	211, 558, 247	97	335, 820, 233	15
St. Louis.	687,029	7	29,140,000	42	61, 685, 925	90	102, 138, 744	14
Minneapolis	301,408	6	13,710,000	45	45, 453, 532	150	57, 973, 491	19
St. Paul.	214,744	5	9,887,081	46	35, 788, 142	167	37, 437, 913	17
Kansas City, Mo	248, 381	12	11,660,000	47	40,415,210	162	66, 205, 054	26
Omaha.	124,096	7	6,570,000	53	27, 258, 869	220	32,848,397	26
Denver	213,381	6	7,545,000	35	34,124,272	160	28,022,377	13
Lincoln.	43,973	4	1,330,000	32	4,439,212	101	6,066,192	18
Dallas	92,104	5	5,900,000	64	18,551,847	201	18,622,564	20
Fort Worth	73,312	7	4,275,000	58	11,629,158	159	12,632,408	17
Houston	78,800	6	7,125,000	90	25,013,951	317	25,923,087	32
San Francisco	416,912	9	45, 185, 000	108	95, 756, 484	230	120, 287, 608	28
Seattle	237, 194	6 i	5,596,500	23	29,498,646	124	23,948,338	10
Portland	207, 214	5	6,780,000	32	22,595,277	109	20, 173, 774	- Ę
Spokane	104,402	5	4, 175, 000	40	16, 156, 830	155	13,985,084	13
Salt Lake City	92,777	6	3,482,500	37	11,103,182	120	11,791,043	12

¹ United States census of 1910.

TABLE F.—Statement showing population, capital and surplus, individual deposits, and loans and discounts of all reporting banks (National, State, savings, and loan and trust companies), as of June 4, 1913, in the 37 cities which asked to be designated as Federal reserve cities.

	Location.	Popula- tion.1	Number of banks and trust com- panies.	Capital and surplus.	Per capita.	Individual deposits.	Per capita.	Loans and discounts.	Per capita.
1, 1	Boston	670, 585	60	\$100, 779, 114	\$150	\$661, 950, 254	\$987	\$561,625,627	\$803
2.]	New York	4, 766, 883	142	563, 221, 701	. 118	2, 866, 351, 069	601	2, 306, 503, 682	483
3.]	Philadelphia	1,549,008	100	177, 448, 741	114	592, 533, 612	382	413, 298, 566	266
Ł. (Dieveland	560,663	35	41,635,100	74	271,693,217	484	188, 499, 403	33
i. (Cincinnati	363,591	39	31, 813, 107	87	98, 178, 794	270	88, 845, 791	24
i. (Columbus	181,511	21	7,099,000	39	30, 498, 790	168	24, 186, 704	133
. 1	Pittsburgh	533, 905	83	130, 037, 145	243	350, 298, 872	656	291, 668, 678	54
٠.	Wheeling	41,641	11	4,949,393	118	18,845,965	452	16,802,317	40
. 1	Baltimore	558,485	55	47, 952, 469	85	190, 679, 440	341	118, 912, 253	21
٠,	Washington	331,069	36	29, 161, 731	. 88	72, 552, 236	219	63,012,066	19
. 1	Richmond	127, 628	26	16,810,955	131	35, 371, 126	277	50,004,572	39
. (Charlotte	34,014	7	2,680,000	78	6,616,642	194	9, 242, 936	27
. (Columbia	26,319	9	2,365,318	89	5,894,711	- 223	8,511,384	32
. 4	Atlanta	154,839	28	15, 313, 448	98	28, 371, 032	183	33, 494, 035	2:
. 8	Savannah	65,064	16	8, 129, 605	125	20,622,523	316	28,061,700	43
. 1	Louisville	223, 928	18	15, 100, 297	67	41, 437, 599	185	38, 701, 079	11
. 1	3irmingham	-132, 685	11	6,685,620	50	23, 182, 608	174	21, 494, 705	16
1	Montgomery	38, 136	9	3,396,762	89	6,018,942	157	7, 756, 141	20
. (Chattanooga	44,604	10	4, 294, 114	96	15, 166, 950	340	16, 355, 760	30
. 1	demphis	131, 105	22	7,346,214	56	23,343,841	179	24, 442, 321	1:
1	New Orleans	339, 075	19	20,532,500	. 60	70, 854, 415	209	64, 845, 722	1
. (Chicago	2,185,283	88	151, 882, 559	69	682, 498, 992	312	690, 799, 087	3:
	St. Louis	687, 029	44	_72,222,500	105	_205,443,737	299	-233, 385, 655	3
	Minneapolis	301,408	33	20,731,391	68	78, 258, 930	260	82, 720, 056	2
٤	St. Paul.	214,744	20	11, 260, 845	52	40, 490, 496	189	42, 322, 465	1
. 1	Kansas City, Mo	-248,381	30	-17,415,500	70	-66,562,431	268	91,686,871	3
	Omaha	124,096	14	8, 165, 000	65	28,038,694	226	34, 989, 699	2
)	Denver	213, 381	31	11, 489, 551	53	57, 371, 171	269	41, 365, 143	1
	incoln	43,973	15	2,042,000	46	7, 253, 010	165	8, 696, 240	1 i
. 1	Dallas	92,104	13	9,997,000	108	24,808,891	269	27,517,338	2
]	Fort Worth	73, 312	18	6, 667, 724	90	14, 375, 274	196	16, 861, 831	2
	Houston	78,800	13	13, 599, 100	172	26, 551, 714	329	32, 775, 530	4
	San Francisco	416, 912	45	73,623,325	176	313, 153, 942	752	281, 447, 424	6
Š	Seattle	237, 194	32	11, 567, 020	48	67, 527, 325	285	48, 963, 007	2
	Portland	207, 214	22	12,097,718	58	56, 805, 140	274	44, 132, 644	2
	Spokane	104, 402	18	7, 660, 876	73	25, 821, 751	249	23, 235, 697	2
. 5	Salt Lake City	92, 777	18	7, 838, 696	84	33, 623, 153	362	30, 676, 029	33

¹ United States census of 1910.

ON APRIL 10, 1914, THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE MADE PUBLIC THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT RELATING TO ITS DECISION OF APRIL 2, 1914, DEFINING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND DESIGNATING THE LOCATION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS.

Washington, D. C., April 10, 1914.

Congress imposed on the committee the duty of dividing the country into not less than 8 nor more than 12 districts, and the location of a Federal reserve bank in each. Thirty-seven cities asked to be chosen. The committee could select at most only 12. Necessarily 25 cities had to be disappointed.

Following its policy declared at the very outset, the committee refused to be influenced by the purely local and selfish claims of cities or individuals, and discharged the duty imposed upon it by Congress after exhaustive investigation and study of the entire country, with unbiased minds and according to its best judgment. With so many conflicting claims, somebody had to judge. Congress constituted the committee a court and gave the Federal Reserve Board the power of review. Disappointed competitors should seek a remedy through the orderly processes the law prescribes.

Considerable comment has been occasioned by the failure of the committee to create districts suggested by New Orleans, with New Orleans as the location for a reserve bank; by Baltimore, with Baltimore as the location for a reserve bank; by Omaha, with Omaha as the location for a reserve bank; and by Denver, with Denver as the location for a reserve bank.

The committee realized that the division of the country into districts was far more important and complex than the designation of the reserve cities, and that the latter duty was subsidiary and relatively simple, waiving considerations of local pride or prestige. In arranging the districts the consideration of the character and growth of industry, trade, and banking, no less than the traditions, habits, and common understandings of the people was much more intimately involved.

It became clear, in the hearings, that comparatively few people realized, or seemed to realize, what the act was intended to accomplish; what the nature and functions of the reserve banks were to be; and how little change would occur in the ordinary financial relations of the communities, the business establishments, and the individual banks.

Critics of the decision of the committee reveal misunderstanding in these directions, and either do not know, or appear not to know, that the Federal reserve banks are bankers' banks and not ordinary commercial banks; that they are to hold the reserves and to clear the checks of member banks, make rediscounts for them, and engage in certain open-market operations. As a matter of fact, the ordinary every-day banking relations of the community, of business men, and of banks will not be greatly modified or altered. The purpose of the system is to remove artificiality, promote normal relations, and create better conditions under which everybody will transact business.

Every city can continue to do business with individuals, firms, or corporations, within its own limits, or in its own region, or in any other part of the Union or the world in which it has heretofore done business.

Reserves are to be held in a new way and in new places, so far as this act controls them, but banking and business generally will no more be confined within districts than heretofore, and it is simply misleading for any city or individual to represent that the future of a city will be injuriously affected by reason of its failure to secure a Federal reserve bank. Every city which has the foundations for prosperity and progress will continue to grow and expand, whether it has such a reserve bank or not, and well-informed bankers, especially, are aware of this.

The facts which the committee had to consider will throw light on its decision in reference to these cities.

NEW ORLEANS' CLAIMS.

New Orleans selected a district extending from New Mexico to the Atlantic Ocean, including all of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, and that part of Tennessee south of the Tennessee River.

It was represented by Texas that it would do great violence to her trade to connect her with New Orleans. It was claimed, and evidence was submitted in support of the claim, that her trade was with her own cities or with Kansas City and St. Louis. In a poll of the banks of Texas made by the Comptroller of the Currency, 212 banks expressed a first choice, 121 a second choice, and 30 a third choice for Dallas. No bank in Texas expressed a first choice for New Orleans, only 4 a second choice, and 44 a third choice. The whole State protested against being related to New Orleans.

The banks of Alabama generally desired to be connected either with Birmingham or Atlanta, only three expressing a first choice for

New Orleans. The banks of Georgia desired to be connected with Atlanta, none expressing a first or second choice for New Orleans, and only 12 a third choice. They represented that it would do violence to them to be connected with a city to the west and claimed that their relations were mainly with Atlanta or cities to the northeast. Of 44 banks in Florida 19 gave Atlanta as their first choice, 19 as their second choice, and 5 as their third choice. Only 5 expressed a first preference for New Orleans, and these were in the western corner, 4 a second choice, and 3 a third choice. No bank in Tennessee expressed a first or second choice for New Orleans, and only 2 a third choice, while 7 expressed a first choice for Atlanta, 14 a second choice, and 13 a third choice. Generally speaking, the only banks which desired to be connected with New Orleans and expressed a first preference for her were 25 of the 26 banks reporting in Louisiana, and 19 of the 32 in Mississippi. On a poll made from the comptroller's office of all banks expressing their preference as to the location for a Federal reserve city, 124 expressed a first preference for Atlanta, 232 for Dallas, and only 52 for New Orleans. The views of the bankers were supported by chambers of commerce, other business organizations, and by many business men.

It will thus be seen that if the committee was to give weight to the views of business men and bankers in the section of the country affected, to consider the opposition of the States of Texas, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, and Tennessee, and to be guided by economic considerations, it could not have designated New Orleans as the location for a reserve bank to serve either the western or the eastern part of the district that city asked for. The course of business is not from the Atlantic seaboard toward New Orleans, nor largely from the State of Texas to that city, and if Dallas and Atlanta had been related to New Orleans a better grounded complaint could and would have been lodged by them against the committee's decision than that made by New Orleans.

Some of the banking statistics which the committee had to consider throw light on the problem. It should be borne in mind that the committee could consider primarily only the statistics with reference to assenting banks. In this section of the country, as in most others, the assenting banks were the *national* banks. In March, 1914, the capital stock and surplus, loans and discounts, and individual deposits of the national banks in the three cities named, as shown by the sworn reports to the Comptroller of the Currency, were as follows:

	Capital and surplus.	Loans and discounts.	Individual deposits.
Atlanta.	\$8,600,000	\$26,038,000	\$24,348,000
Dallas	5,900,000	18,622,000	18,551,000
New Orleans.	6,730,000	17,285,000	16,857,000

Even more significant are the statistics of growth from September, 1904, to March, 1914.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.

	September, 1904.	March, 1914.	Percentage of increase.
Atlanta. Dallas. New Orleans.	\$2,410,000	\$8,600,000	256
	2,676,000	5,900,000	120
	6,250,000	6,730,000	8
LOANS AND DISCOUN	TS.	·	·
Atlanta Dallas New Orleans	\$10,329,000	\$26,038,000	152
	7,653,000	18,622,000	143
	20,088,000	17,285,000	Decrease 13
INDIVIDUAL DEPOSI	Ts.		
Atlanta	\$9,931,000	\$24,348,000	145
Dallas	7,157,000	18,551,000	159
New Orleans	19,425,000	16,857,000	Decrease 13

The loans and discounts in the national banks of New Orleans at the time of the report, March 4, 1914, were less than those of the national banks of either Atlanta or Dallas.

While the committee could not figure on the resources of other than assenting banks which are in this section, the national banks, the following statistics of all reporting banks, including national banks, State banks, and trust companies, as of June 4, 1913, were regarded as significant and were given consideration:

Atlanta reported capital stock and surplus \$15,313,000, or \$98 per capita; Dallas \$9,997,000, or \$108 per capita; and New Orleans \$20,532,000, or \$60 per capita. Individual deposits, per capita, Atlanta, \$183; Dallas, \$269; New Orleans, \$209.

The loans and discounts for all reporting banks for the three cities were as follows: Atlanta, \$33,494,000, or \$216 per capita; Dallas, \$27,517,000, or \$299 per capita; New Orleans, \$64,845,000, or \$194 per capita.

The committee found that the total loans and discounts made by national banks in the cities named in the 13 Southern States on January 13, 1914, were as follows:

Atlanta	\$26, 117, 000
Dallas	19, 123, 000
New Orleans	19 477 000

while the total loans made by the national banks of Dallas throughout the entire United States on the date mentioned exceeded the loans made by the national banks of New Orleans.

Special reports, made under oath to the Comptroller of the Currency also show that on February 14, 1914, the credit balances of the banks

and trust companies in the 13 Southern States with the national banks of Dallas exceeded in amount the credit balances of all banks and trust companies in these same States with the national banks of New Orleans.

In view of the comparisons and criticisms from New Orleans in connection with the designation of Dallas, Atlanta, and Richmond, and the omission of New Orleans and Baltimore, the following table is instructive:

National bank statistics for States of Texas, Virginia, Maryland, Georgia, Louisiana, and Mississippi as of March 4, 1914.

[According to sworn reports made to the	Comptroller of the Currency.]
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	Area (square miles).	Popula- tion, cen- sus 1910.	Capital and surplus.	Individual deposits.	Loans and discounts.
State of Texas (including Dallas) State of Virginia (including Richmond). State of Maryland (including Balti-	265, 780 42, 450	3,896,542 2,061,612	\$76, 785, 584 29, 732, 696	\$197, 663, 338 90, 887, 858	\$215, 114, 326 107, 410, 063
more)	12,210	1, 295, 346	28, 267, 420	83,217,376	91, 326, 942
	59,475	2, 609, 121	24, 479, 735	51,382,061	61, 852, 579
Orleans)	48,720	1,656,388	12, 128, 866	32,000,521	34, 804, 3 54
	46,810	1,797,114	5, 168, 192	17,045,324	13, 669, 200

From the above statement it will be seen that in each item, capital and surplus, individual deposits, and loans and discounts, the national banks of Virginia, including Richmond, largely surpass the national banks of Maryland, including Baltimore.

The capital and surplus of the national banks of the State of Virginia are 60 per cent greater than the capital and surplus of the national banks of the States of Louisiana and Mississippi combined, including the city of New Orleans, while the loans and discounts by the national banks of Virginia are more than three times as great as the loans and discounts in the national banks of Louisiana, including New Orleans.

While the capital and surplus of the national banks of Georgia largely exceed the combined capital and surplus of the national banks of the States of both Mississippi and Louisiana, the loans and discounts made by the national banks of Georgia exceed by \$13,000,000 the loans and discounts of all the national banks of Louisiana and Mississippi combined, including the city of New Orleans.

The capital and surplus of the national banks of Texas amount to four times as much as the capital and surplus of the national banks of the States of Louisiana and Mississippi combined, and the individual deposits in the national banks of Texas also amount to about four times as much as the individual deposits of all national banks in Louisiana and Mississippi, the only States from which New Orleans received as much as half a dozen votes as first choice for the location for a Federal reserve bank.

KANSAS CITY DISTRICT.

The region in the middle and far West presented problems of difficulty. Careful consideration was given to the claims of Omaha, Lincoln, Denver, and Kansas City, which conflicted in this region. Denver asked for a district which included Idaho, Montana, Utah, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, and the eastern two-thirds of Arizona and Texas, Kansas and Nebraska west of the one-hundredth meridian, and the Deadwood portion of South Dakota. The district gave approximately the minimum capital provided by law. Of the territory included in this district Montana unanimously requested to be connected with Minneapolis or Chicago, saying that she had little or no trade relations with Denver. Idaho desired to go to Portland or San Francisco; Arizona preferred San Francisco, and the greater part of New Mexico asked for Kansas City. Western Texas, Kansas, and Nebraska unanimously protested against going to Denver. Kansas desired Kansas City; Nebraska preferred Omaha or Lincoln; and Texas wanted either a Texas city or Kansas City or St. Louis.

In the poll of banks, Denver received 136 first-choice votes, of which 112 were from Colorado and 12 from Wyoming. With Montana, Idaho, Arizona, Texas, Kansas, and Nebraska in opposition, it was clearly impossible to make a district with Denver as the location of a bank. Part of the territory asked to be assigned to San Francisco and the other part to Minneapolis or Kansas City.

Omaha asked for a district embracing western Iowa, all of Nebraska, part of South Dakota, part of Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, and Montana. All but eight of the banks in South Dakota insisted upon being connected with Minneapolis; Iowa desired to go to Chicago; Kansas practically unanimously voted for Kansas City; Montana protested against any other connection than Minneapolis or Chicago. The preferences of the other States have already been indicated.

Of the 218 banks which expressed a first preference for Omaha, 181 were from Nebraska. The committee had to consider the State of Oklahoma and part of Missouri in connection with this region, and in district No. 10, 497 banks expressed a first preference for Kansas City; western Missouri, Oklahoma, and Kansas, and part of New Mexico, especially asked for this connection. Thirty-seven banks in Colorado gave Kansas City as second-choice and 26 gave Omaha.

It seemed impossible to serve the great section from Kansas City to the mountains in any other way than by creating a district with Kansas City as the headquarters, or to provide for the north-western section except by creating a district with Minneapolis as headquarters. The only other thing that could have been done with Nebraska under the conditions which presented themselves

was to relate her to Chicago, and this seemed to be inadvisable in the circumstances. The Kansas City banks serve a very distinctive territory and will serve it more satisfactorily than St. Louis could have done. The relations of that territory on the whole are much more largely with Kansas City than with any other city in the Middle West with which it could have been connected. It will, of course, be recognized by those who are informed that of the four cities Kansas City is the most dominant banking and business center. The following statistics as of March, 1914, will throw light on the situation:

	Capital and surplus.	Loans and discounts.	Individual deposits.
Kansas City Omaha Denver Lincoln	6,570,000 7,545,000	\$66, 205, 000 32, 848, 000 28, 022, 000 6, 066, 000	\$40, 415, 000 27, 258, 000 34, 124, 000 4, 439, 000

The statistics of growth during the nine years from September, 1904, to March, 1914, are significant:

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.

	September, 1904.	March, 1914.	Percentage of increase.
Kansas City Omaha Denver Lincoln	3,880,000	\$11,660,000 6,570,000 7,545,000 1,330,000	199 69 127 73
LOANS AND DISCOUN	TS.		
Kansas City. Omaha. Denver. Lincoln	14, 146, 000	\$66, 205, 000 32, 848, 000 28, 022, 000 6, 066, 000	86 102 98 58
INDIVIDUAL DEPOSI	TS.		
Kansas City Omaha Denver Lincoln	15, 728, 000 27, 798, 000	\$40, 415, 000 27, 258, 000 34, 124, 000 4, 439, 000	31 73 22 35

The loans and discounts of all reporting banks and trust companies in Kansas City on June 4, 1913, amounted to \$91,686,000, exceeding by about \$7,000,000 the total loans and discounts of all banks and trust companies in the cities of Omaha, Denver, and Lincoln combined.

The loans and discounts of the national banks alone in Kansas City also exceeded the sum total of the loans and discounts of all national banks in the cities of Omaha and Denver combined.

The great preponderance in the movement of trade in district No. 10 is to the east. In order to place the Federal reserve bank for that region in Denver it would have been necessary to disregard these facts and the opposition and earnest protests of banks, both national and State, throughout the district.

THE RICHMOND DISTRICT.

The committee named as cities for the location of Federal reserve banks New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Boston, and Cleveland. In population these are the six largest cities in the United States; their geographical situation and all other considerations fully justified their selection.

San Francisco and Minneapolis were the first choice of the great majority of the national banks in their respective sections, and their financial, industrial, and commercial relations and other factors entitled them to be chosen. Their selection appears to have evoked no criticism, but to have received general approval. Conditions relating to the Kansas City, Dallas, and Atlanta districts have been dealt with.

For the territory from eastern Georgia to the Pennsylvania line, the committee, after fully considering all the facts, decided to create a district with the Federal reserve bank at Richmond. South Carolina and North Carolina had protested against being connected with a bank to the south or west. They said that their course of trade was northeast. It seemed undesirable to place a bank in the extreme northeastern corner or at Baltimore, not only because of its proximity to Philadelphia, but also because the industrial and banking relations of the greater part of the district were more intimate with Richmond than with either Washington or Baltimore. The States of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, and the District of Columbia had to be considered. North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia preferred to be connected with Richmond. West Virginia was divided in its preferences; Maryland and the District of Columbia, of course, desired Baltimore or Washington. In the poll of banks made directly by the comptroller's office, Richmond received more first-choice ballots than any other city in the district—167 against 128 for Baltimore, 35 for Pittsburgh, 28 for Columbia, S. C., 37 for Cincinnati, and 25 for Washington, D. C. Of the remaining 21 votes, 19 were for Charlotte, N. C., and 2 for New York. Leaving out the States of Maryland and Virginia, Richmond received from the rest of the district three times as many first-choice votes as were cast for Baltimore.

District No. 5 is composed of the States of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia (except four counties), North and South Carolina, and the District of Columbia. These States have always been closely bound together commercially and financially and their business dealings are large and intimate. The reports made to the Comptroller of the Cur-

rency on March 4, 1914, by all the national banks in each of these States show in every essential respect that the business of the national banks of Virginia, including Richmond, is greater than the business of the national banks of Maryland, including Baltimore, or any other of the five States embraced in district No. 5, as appears in the following table:

	Capital, sur- plus, and undivided profits.	Loans and discounts.	Total indi- vidual de- posits.
Virginia Maryland West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina District of Columbia	18,209,346 13,527,086 10,332,439	\$107, 410, 063 91, 326, 942 56, 789, 538 44, 051, 033 28, 860, 456 26, 253, 432	\$90, 887, 858 83, 217, 376 61, 421, 332 36, 051, 154 23, 330, 916 29, 520, 853

Advocates of New Orleans have criticized the decision of the organization committee and have given out comparative figures as to New Orleans, Richmond, and other cities which are incorrect and misleading. An analysis and study of the actual figures will be found instructive and can lend no support to the claims of New Orleans.

From the sworn special reports recently submitted to the Comptroller of the Currency, it appears that the national banks in Richmond were lending in the 13 Southern States, on January 13, 1914, more money than was being loaned in those States by the national banks of any other city in the country except New York. The total loans and discounts in the 13 Southern States by the four cities referred to are as follows:

Richmond	\$33, 473, 000
Baltimore	6, 891, 000
New Orleans	19, 477, 000
Washington	915, 000

The figures also show that in these portions of district No. 5 outside of the States of Virginia and Maryland the Richmond national banks are lending twice as much money as all the national banks in Baltimore and Washington combined. They also show that although Richmond is not a reserve city, the banks and trust companies in the 13 Southern States had on deposit in the national banks of Richmond on February 14, 1914, \$9,876,000, or slightly more than the banks of this section had on deposit in the city of Baltimore, and four times as much as they carried in Washington, although these two cities have long enjoyed the benefits of being reserve cities. That southern banks should carry larger balances in Richmond, where they could not be counted in their reserves, rather than in Baltimore or Washington, where they could be counted, is suggestive.

The figures show that the capital and surplus of all reporting banks—national, State, and savings, and trust companies—per capita, in Richmond, as of June 4, 1913, was \$131; in Baltimore, \$85; in Washington, \$88; and in New Orleans, \$60, while the loans and discounts made by all banks and trust companies in Richmond, on the same date, amounted to \$393 per capita, against \$190 in Washington, \$213 in Baltimore, and \$194 in New Orleans.

The amount of money which banks and trust companies in the various parts of the country carried on deposit with Richmond, a non-reserve city, on February 14, 1914, amounted to \$10,970,000, or nearly twice as much as the balances carried by outside banks with the national banks of Washington, which on the same day amounted to \$5,516,000, and one and one-half times as much as they carried on the same day with the national banks of New Orleans, a reserve city.

The statistics furnished the organization committee show that on March 4, 1914, the capital and surplus of the national banks of Richmond, per capita, amounted to more than twice as much as the capital and surplus, per capita, of the national banks of either Baltimore or Washington, and three and a half times as much as New Orleans, while the individual deposits of the national banks of Richmond amounted to \$201 per capita, against \$86 for Washington and \$76 for Baltimore and \$50 for New Orleans. The loans and discounts in the national banks of Richmond on the same date were reported at \$279 per capita, against \$77 for Washington, \$108 for Baltimore and \$51 for New Orleans.

Especially significant are the following statistics showing the growth in capital and surplus, loans and discounts, and individual deposits of national banks in the four cities named:

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.

CAPITAL AND SURFI			
	September, 1904.	March, 1914.	Percentage of increase.
Richmond Washington. Baltimore New Orleans	6,215,000 18,262,000	\$9,314,000 11,365,000 19,205,000 6,730,000	83
LOANS AND DISCOUN	Ts.		
Richmond. Washington Baltimore. New Orleans	15,018,000 48,755,000	\$35,593,000 25,405,000 60,312.000 17,285,000	175 69 23 Decrease 13
INDIVIDUAL DEPOSI	TS.		·
Richmond. Washington Baltimore. New Orleans	40,910,000	\$25,705,000 28,491,000 42,553,000 16,857,000	

In other words, the figures show that the national banks of Richmond were lending on March 4, 1914, twice as much money as all the national banks in the city of New Orleans, and 40 per cent more than all the national banks of Washington.

In the original decision of the committee the various economic and other factors which entered into and determined the committee's action were enumerated and need not be repeated here. This statement is made for the purpose of disclosing some of the details which influenced the Committee's findings.

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