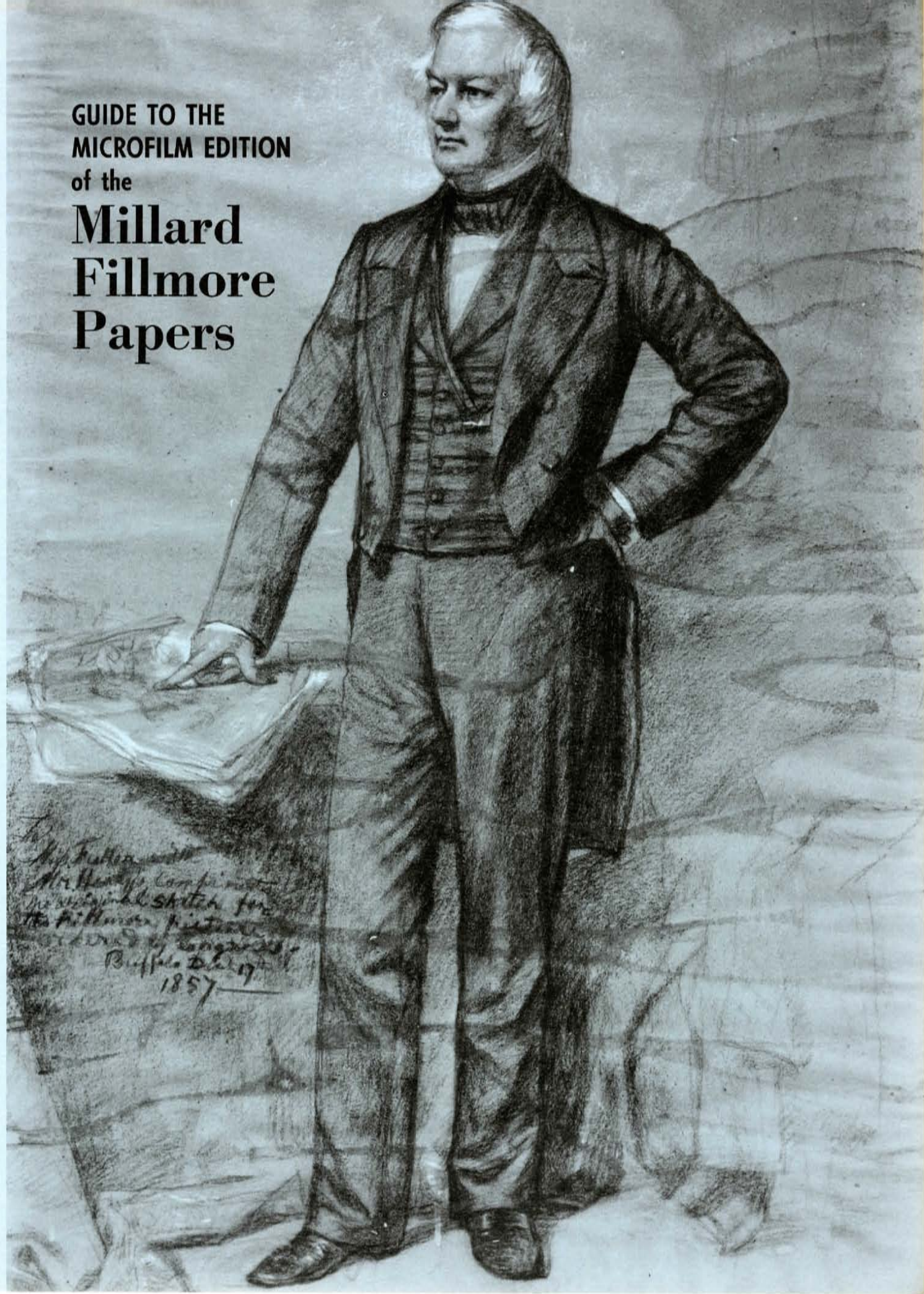


GUIDE TO THE
MICROFILM EDITION
of the
**Millard
Fillmore
Papers**



Cover: Original sketch by George Peter Alexander Healy for the oil portrait of Millard Fillmore now in the White House collection. Charcoal on paper. 25 in. x 42 in. The sketch was drawn in 1857 and purchased by the Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society in 1960 through the proceeds of the Nelson S. Taylor Fund.

The inscription reads "To Mill. Fillmore with Mr. Healy's compliments. The original sketch from the Fillmore picture ordered by Congress. Buffalo, Dec. 17, 1857."

GUIDE TO THE
MICROFILM EDITION OF THE
MILLARD FILLMORE PAPERS

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Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society
and
State University College at Oswego, New York

Buffalo, New York

1975



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Preface

This microfilm edition of the Papers of Millard Fillmore is the product of an undertaking to collect and reproduce his correspondence (letters sent and received) and other writings. The collecting aspect of the venture was necessary because of the lack of a set of fair or press copies of his outgoing letters. As a consequence, it was necessary to locate and obtain copies of the originals of letters written by him to be found in the personal papers of his correspondents located in repositories throughout the country, and to obtain permission of these repositories to reproduce their holdings in the microfilm. Specific acknowledgment of the cooperation of these institutions, and of the individuals and institutions that have loaned materials for the microfilm will be made in the introduction.

The cooperation of the State University College at Oswego, New York, in making its newly-discovered major collection of Fillmore manuscripts available for the microfilm, and the assistance of Dr. Charles M. Snyder of the College merit special recognition.

The support of the National Historical Publications Commission, whose grant made the microfilm edition possible, and the advice, encouragement, and assistance of its former and present Executive Directors, Dr. Oliver W. Holmes and Dr. E. Berkeley Tompkins, and of its Deputy Executive Director, Fred Shelley, are gratefully acknowledged. The contribution of H. Bruce Fant, of the Commission's staff, in locating Fillmore documents in the holdings of the Manuscript Division of the Library of Congress and the cooperation of the Library of Congress in granting permission to copy the materials are also acknowledged.

The cooperation of the National Archives and Records Service in supplying copies of pertinent records in its custody, including the records of the United States Senate and of the House of Representatives, the latter reproduced with permission of the Clerk of the House, has also contributed greatly to the content of the film.

To these and to all other contributors to this microfilm edition the editors express their deep appreciation.

Use of the Contents of Film

The user is cautioned that permission to publish any of the documents or parts thereof reproduced in this microfilm must be obtained from the repository holding the original. Repositories are indicated on all documents except those in the Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society. Footnote citations to the microfilm edition should indicate the repository holding the original, as well as the citation to the microfilm.

The user is further cautioned that the publication of the contents of this microfilm may be construed as constituting a violation of literary property rights. These rights derive from the principle of common law that the writer of an unpublished letter or other manuscripts has the sole right to publish the contents thereof, unless he affirmatively parts with the right; the right descends to his legal heirs regardless of the ownership of the physical manuscript itself. It is the responsibility of an author or his publisher to secure the permission of the owner of literary property rights in unpublished writings.

Introduction

The materials reproduced in this microfilm publication comprise the papers of Millard Fillmore (1800-1874), New York State Assemblyman, Congressman, New York State Comptroller, Vice President, and thirteenth President of the United States. They are the product of a collecting effort from a wide variety of sources and consist of the major Fillmore collections in the Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society and in the State University College of New York at Oswego; of the Fillmore documents in various collections of the Manuscript Division of the Library of Congress; of the Fillmore documents in the records of the United States Senate (Record Group 46) and the House of Representatives (Record Group 233, reproduced by permission of the Clerk of the House), of the office of the Secretary of War (Record Group 107), of the Secretary of the Interior (Record Group 48), and of the Postmaster General (Record Group 28), all in the National Archives; and of the Fillmore documents in many repositories throughout the country. A list of these repositories, whose cooperation, together with that of the institutions already mentioned, has made this collecting and publication undertaking possible, is as follows:

Alabama Department of Archives and History
 University of Alaska
 American Antiquarian Society
 Amherst College
 Aurora Historical Society, Millard Fillmore Museum

Boston University
 Bostonian Society (manuscripts on deposit in Massachusetts
 Historical Society)

Bowdoin College
 Brown University

Buffalo and Erie County Public Library
 University of California at Berkeley
 University of California at Santa Barbara
 Catholic University of America
 Chicago Historical Society

University of Chicago
 Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints
 Cincinnati Historical Society
 Colgate University
 Columbia University

Connecticut Historical Society

Cornell University
Dartmouth College
Detroit Public Library, Burton Historical Collection
Dickinson College

Duke University
Eleutherian Mills Historical Library
Essex Institute
Filson Club
Free Library of Philadelphia

Georgetown University
Harvard University, Houghton Library
Haverford College
Hawaii Public Archives
Rutherford B. Hayes Library

Historical Society of the Tarrytowns
Henry E. Huntington Library and Art Gallery
Illinois State Historical Library
Indiana Historical Society
Indiana University

Iowa State Department of History and Archives
University of Iowa
Johns Hopkins University
University of Kentucky
Kentucky Historical Society

Kenyon College
Knox College
Lehigh University
Litchfield Historical Society
Maine Historical Society

Marietta College
Maryland Historical Society
Massachusetts Historical Society
University of Michigan
Massachusetts Historical Society

Michigan State University
Minnesota Historical Society
Missouri Historical Society
Pierpont Morgan Library
Morristown National Park

Netherland's Museum
New Hampshire Historical Society
New-York Historical Society
New York Public Library
New York Society Library

New York State Library
 State University College at Oswego, N.Y.
 State University of New York at Buffalo
 New York University
 Newberry Library

Newport Historical Society
 North Carolina State Department of Archives and History
 Northwestern University
 Notre Dame University
 University of North Carolina, Southern Historical Collection

Oberlin College
 Oneida Historical Society

Ontario County Historical Society
 Oregon Historical Society

Historical Society of Pennsylvania
 University of Pennsylvania
 Pequot Library (Southport, Conn.) (manuscripts on deposit in the
 Beinecke Library at Yale)
 Enoch Pratt Free Library, George Peabody Collection
 Princeton University

Providence Public Library
 Rhode Island (Sec'y. of State)
 Rochester Public Library
 University of Rochester
 Rollins College

Franklin D. Roosevelt Library, Hyde Park, N.Y.
 Rutgers University
 St. Johns Seminary (Camarillo, Cal.)
 Sleepy Hollow Restoration (Irvington, N.Y.)
 Smithsonian Institution

University of South Carolina
 Stanford University
 Tennessee State Library and Archives
 University of Texas (Austin)
 Trinity College (Conn.)

U.S. Army Signal Corps Museum (Fort Monmouth, N.J.)
 Utica Public Library
 University of Vermont
 Virginia Historical Society
 University of Virginia

Washington State Historical Society
 Washington University Libraries, St. Louis, Mo.

Weller Library
 Western Reserve Historical Society
 College of William and Mary

Williams College
 State Historical Society of Wisconsin
 Yale University, Beinecke Library; Collection of Western
 Americana; Historical Manuscripts Room

The following individuals and organizations have loaned materials in their possession or custody for inclusion in the microfilm, and to them the compilers also express their appreciation: the family of the late Louis L. Babcock, Buffalo; Mrs. J. (Myrtle S.) Edwards, Buffalo; Mrs. William T. Forden, Aurora Town Historian, East Aurora, N.Y.; Mrs. Nathaniel Gorham, Orchard Park, N.Y.; Edwin C. Hutten, Snyder, N.Y.; Mrs. Mary H. McCann, Millport, N.Y.; the late Roy W. Nagle, Buffalo; Miss Mary O'Byrne, Buffalo; Pitt Petri, Buffalo; Frank Potter, Buffalo; Mrs. Julia Boyer Reinstein, Cheektowaga Town Historian, Cheektowaga, N.Y.; Buffalo Evening News; Erie County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

The list of the collections searched in the Library of Congress in the course of a systematic search by Mr. H. Bruce Fant of the staff of the National Historical Publications Commission is as follows:

Papers of the American Colonization Society
 Autograph Collections--Various
 Papers of Alexander Dallas Bache
 Papers of Jeremiah Sullivan Black
 Papers of John Leeds Bozman

Papers of the Carnegie Institution of Washington
 Papers of Joshua Lawrence Chamberlain
 Papers of Salmon Portland Chase
 Papers of Henry Clay
 Papers of Thomas J. Clay

Papers of Schuyler Colfax
 Commissions
 Papers of W. W. Corcoran
 Papers of Thomas Corwin
 Papers of John J. Crittenden

Papers of Benjamin Robbins Curtis
 Papers of Caleb Cushing
 Papers of Andrew Jackson Donelson
 Papers of Hamilton Fish
 Papers of Peter Force

Papers of Galloway-Maxcy-Markoe Families
 Papers of Gideon and Francis Granger

Papers of John Hay
 Papers of Samuel Peter Heintzelman
 Papers of Ethan Allen Hitchcock

Papers of Joseph Holt
 Papers of Andrew Jackson
 Papers of Andrew Johnson
 Papers of Horatio King
 Papers of Jean Margaret Davenport Lander

Papers of George Washington Lay
 Papers of Abraham Lincoln
 Papers of William Learned Marcy
 Papers of George Brinton McClellan
 Gates W. McGarrah Collection (Presidential autographs)

Papers of John McLean
 Papers of Manton Marble
 Papers of Albert James Myer
 Papers of Samuel F. B. Morse
 Papers of the Mangum Family

Papers of Matthew Fontaine Maury
 Papers of James L. Petigru
 Photostat Miscellany
 Papers of Franklin Pierce
 Papers of James Knox Polk

Papers of Fitz-John Porter
 Presidential Manuscripts--General
 Presidential Miscellany
 Papers of William Cabell Rives
 Papers of Henry Rowe Schoolcraft

Papers of James Fowler Simmons
 Papers of J. Henley Smith
 Papers of Jonathan Bayard Smith
 Papers of Zachery Taylor
 U.S. Finance Papers

U.S. Library of Congress: Letterbooks of the Librarian
 Papers of George Watterston
 Papers of Daniel Webster
 Papers of Gideon Welles
 Papers of Levi Woodbury

History and Provenance of the Buffalo and Erie
County Historical Society Collection

The history of the Fillmore papers is not unlike the history of the papers of other early statesmen who though themselves rather meticulous record keepers none the less suffered the fate of having their papers dispersed, lost, or in part destroyed. In Fillmore's case, the legend that his son's directed destruction, through a provision in his will, of the original body of papers had indeed been effected, has persisted in some places to this day, though the major collection of the 44 Presidential letterbooks (letters received) came to light and into the possession of the then Buffalo Historical Society in 1909. This acquisition of a part of a Presidential archive was given wide public notice by the Society, as will be shown.

Millard Fillmore died in 1874. His will made no provision for the preservation of his papers, unfortunately a not uncommon oversight, and they came into possession of his son, Millard Powers Fillmore, his only survivor. "Powers" Fillmore never married, and when he died in 1889 left a will ordering that his executors "at the earliest practicable moment . . . burn or otherwise effectively destroy all correspondence or letters to or from my father, mother, sister, or me."¹

It would seem a possible reading of the clause in Powers Fillmore's will could take it to mean he had in mind only the correspondence between members of the immediate family. Whatever the son's intent, it seems clear that Millard Fillmore never envisaged the possibility that his papers might be destroyed. His oft-quoted remark to the editor, author, and soldier James Grant Wilson, when the latter was visiting him in his Buffalo home, merits repeating: "In those cases can be found every important letter and document which I received during my administration, and which will enable the future historian or biographer to prepare an authentic account of that period in our country's history."²

There is some poignancy in that fact that one of Fillmore's first acts, as president of the newly formed Buffalo Historical Society in 1862, was to extract from his letterbooks the last letter he received from Daniel Webster, dated October 18, 1852, and present it to the Society for its nascent manuscript collecting program. (It was over his signature of course that the Society's early solicitation letters asking for manuscript gifts to the Society went out.) And if he was not unaware of the value of his own papers, he was no less mindful of the value of the papers of certain of his predecessors. In his third Annual Message to the Congress in December 1852, he cautioned

"that the building appropriated to the State Department is not fireproof; that there is reason to think

¹Quoted in Millard Fillmore Papers, Vols. 1 and 2. Ed. by Frank H. Severance. Buffalo Historical Society Publications, Vols. 10 and 11 (1907), 10:vii.

²Idem.

there are defects in its construction, and that the archives of the Government in charge of the Department, with the precious collections of the manuscript papers of Washington, Jefferson, Hamilton, Madison and Monroe, are exposed to destruction by fire."³

However ironic the destruction of Fillmore's papers was, it was generally assumed to be a fact, and the Historical Society set about in various ways to collect and preserve all the materials of and relating to him that it could locate. Among other items, it programmed for its annual meeting in 1899 "An Hour with President Fillmore and His Friends," which produced some interesting reminiscences, but brought a disappointing statement from Mrs. S. G. Haven (widow of Fillmore's law partner) that "The many letters that Mr. Haven received from Mr. Fillmore, including those written during the formation of the Cabinet, were carefully preserved for more than forty years, and then the most of them were destroyed, not recklessly, but because they were of too personal and confidential a nature to be subjected to the risk of ever falling into other hands."⁴

Four years later, in 1903, Frank H. Severance, the Secretary (Director) of the Historical Society visited Washington to collect general materials for the Society's library, and one may surmise he was already contemplating the possibility of obtaining copies of unpublished Fillmore letters in the capital. In 1906 he began a systematic effort to locate and make copies of selected letters by Fillmore in the files of the Executive Departments and in the Manuscripts Division of the Library of Congress, a notable early Presidential papers collecting project. (Severance would have been engaged in this effort very shortly after the publication of Van Tyne and Leland's Guide to the Archives of the Government in Washington [Carnegie Institution of Washington, 1904], the first such general guide to be attempted, and long before the centralization of the Nation's records in the National Archives.) He was highly successful in his collecting enterprise, within its limits, obtaining access to the materials he needed in all departments except the War Department, which had a general restriction against public access. In 1907 he compiled and published two volumes of letters and other materials written by Fillmore (cited in footnote 1, above), encompassing the Society's own holdings at that time, the materials collected in Washington, and some materials from other repositories. This was a selective edition, containing only chosen letters written by Fillmore. In keeping with the general concept of documentary publication at that time, and indeed up to the inception of the Jefferson Papers enterprise at Princeton in the 1940's, no attempt was made to include letters written to him. Thus only one side of the correspondence was represented.

Within two years of the publication of Severance's selective edition, the 44 volumes of Fillmore's letterbooks, containing 8,436 letters received in the period 1849-53, were discovered in the attic of the home of a re-

³J. D. Richardson, A Compilation of the Messages and Papers of the Presidents (New York, 1907) 6:2704.

⁴Buffalo Historical Society Publications, 11:490.

cently deceased Buffalo attorney, Charles D. Marshall, the last surviving executor of the Estate of Powers Fillmore. The great discovery was hailed in the Buffalo press, the Commercial Advertiser and the Daily Courier both running stories in their issues of November 6, 1908. On December 13 the Daily Courier reported further, in a story captioned "Fillmore Papers Are Now Safe in the Archives of the Historical Society," that Mrs. Hazel M. Koerner, the adopted daughter and administratrix of the estate of Charles D. Marshall, had deposited the papers in the Society. In its issue of January 13, 1909, the Commercial Advertiser carried a report of the annual meeting of the Historical Society the preceding evening and the formal announcement made on that occasion of the presentation of the letterbooks to the Society.

Severance was elated at this discovery and this acquisition, and took immediate steps to make it known as widely as possible to the world of scholars. To that end, he wrote an excellent summary description of the materials that was published in The New York Times Saturday Review of Books for January 23, 1909. Following the practice of that journal at that time, there was no by-line, but the work, occupying a full page, is clearly his, and in it he indicated the size and scope of the newly acquired collection and something of its content, with a warm invitation to scholars to make use of the materials. Substantially the same article was published one week later in the Buffalo Illustrated Times for Sunday, January 31, 1909. One can imagine Severance's regret that these valuable materials, located so close to home, had not become known in time for mention in his two volumes published in 1907, though the letters themselves, since they were received by Fillmore rather than written by him, would not have been included.

The some 8,400 Presidential letters thus constitute the bulk of the Historical Society's Fillmore collection. It also includes several scrapbooks and a few letters presented by Fillmore himself or by his second wife. Over the years the Society has acquired a number of discrete items by gift or purchase. Notable among the gifts was the Niederlander Gift Collection of Millard Fillmore Manuscripts, presented by Mrs. Daniel B. Niederlander in 1966 in memory of her late husband, who served as president of the Society from 1963 to 1965.

The Society also has in custody on extended loan the Fillmore collection of the State University of New York at Buffalo.

History and Provenance of the State University
College at Oswego, New York Collection

The story of the survival and retrieval of the other major Fillmore collection, now in the State University College of New York at Oswego, is even more remarkable than the history of the Historical Society's Presidential letterbooks, for the existence of the papers remained unknown for half-a-century longer. A complex story, it has been recounted in detail by Charles M. Snyder in his article, "Forgotten Fillmore Papers Examined: Sources for Reinterpretation of a Little-Known President," published in the American Archivist, which is essential reading.⁵ Briefly, the collection came into the possession of the College in 1966, when at the death of Miss Lillian A. Wells of Traverse City, Michigan, the College was bequeathed her real estate and residual personal property in New Haven, New York, a few miles east of Oswego. The real estate included the Shepard family home, "La Bergerie," in that place, which Miss Wells and her sister had inherited from their cousin, C. Sidney Shepard upon his death in 1934. The interrelationship between the Shepard and Marshall families, which explains the removal to New Haven of the Marshall family papers, following the death of Charles D. Marshall (Powers Fillmore's executor), is explained at length in the Snyder article. So also are the circumstances of the discovery by the College, when it proceeded to examine the contents of the Shapard home in New Haven, of the substantial collection of Fillmore papers stored with the Marshall papers.

The Fillmore collection at Oswego covers every period of his life from young manhood to his death except that for the period of the Presidency, 1849-53, the materials are thin, since the Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society has the "official" materials ("official" here in quotes because the papers of a President have been held, by long precedent, to be his personal property). It contains correspondence (i.e., letters received and many fewer drafts of letters sent) and other papers relating to his political and professional career and to family and personal business matters, and includes also some letters exchanged between members of his immediate family other than himself, namely, his first wife, Abigail Powers Fillmore, their son, Millard Powers Fillmore, and daughter, Mary Abigail Fillmore. Copies of all these materials have been interfiled with the Historical Society's collection and the materials collected from all other sources, except the House and Senate records in the National Archives, in the single chronological arrangement that comprises Series 1 of this microfilm. The collection at Oswego also contains one discrete "official" item for the Presidential period, the important "Register of Letters Received, President of the United States," reproduced as Series 3 of this microfilm, and other discrete items, reproduced as Series 6, 8-11, the first volume in Series 12, and Series 13 and 17.

⁵American Archivist, 10:11-14 (Jan. 1969).

Fillmore's Record-Keeping Practices

Fillmore exhibited throughout his lifetime a wholesome interest in his papers, and some remarks on his record-keeping practices are in order. Fortunately for the historian and archivist, he wrote a clear hand. He routinely endorsed on the back of incoming letters the name of sender, date of receipt, and often date of reply. On occasion he did this also for correspondence between other members of his immediate family.

On his own incoming letters he would occasionally draft his reply, to be copied by a clerk. On his incoming letters during the presidential period he would write a note of referral to the appropriate official on the left margin of the face of the letter, often indicating the nature of the reply to be made or action to be taken. The two registers he maintained of the correspondence of the Presidential years were systematically organized and are a valuable source for the history of White House record-keeping practices. The incoming letters themselves for this period (those handled immediately by the White House staff) were kept in the 44 volumes of letterbooks, as he informed Edward Everett in a letter of December 31, 1852. Upon leaving the White House, he made careful provision for the shipment of his records to Buffalo (see his letters to Kimberly, Pease & Co., and to Day and Andrews, dated Mar. 3, 1853); and in his own "Memorandum Book" he listed the items so to be shipped.

Letterbooks containing copies of Fillmore's outgoing correspondence, as the Roll List shows, have survived only in fragmentary form, namely, an early volume of press copies, an early volume of fair copies, and one volume of fair copies of the firm of Fillmore, Hall and Haven. Evidence of his interest in copying devices is shown in a letter of N. K. Hall, dated November 24, 1834, where he writes he has "just bought a manifold letter writer, and this is my first attempt to try it." There were undoubtedly other letterbooks of Fillmore, Hall and Haven, but attempts to locate them have failed. There were also undoubtedly letterbooks for the Presidential and later years, as evidenced by the notation "see book" on such letters as those from N. M. Mann, dated March 22, 1852, from H. Mosher, dated April 25, 1853, from A. Crawford, dated May 6, 1859; from H. Dutton, dated July 14, 1859, from James A. Burden, dated October 2, 1873, and from C. Gibson, dated January 10, 1874; and these, too, have been impossible to locate.⁶

⁶The letters cited in this section are reproduced in Series 1, of this microfilm.

Physical Characteristics of the Materials and Mechanics of Filming

Because of the collecting nature of the enterprise, many of the materials reproduced in this microfilm are facsimile copies of original manuscripts in many different repositories. To avoid confusion, every document that is not an original in the holdings of the Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society bears a notation (typed or in longhand; occasionally a rubber-stamp identification) indicating the institution owning the original. The two large collections--in the Historical Society and in the State University College at Oswego--have characteristics that need special mention.

The Historical Society's Presidential letterbooks collection contained some 8,400 letters, arranged chronologically, hinged, and bound in 44 volumes. The first page of each letter was given a folio number within the volume, written on the upper right corner of the letter, and an index by correspondent appeared at the beginning of each volume. A consolidated index was also prepared, and this is reproduced in Series 2 of this microfilm. Any bracketed data on these letters have been added by the present editors. Occasionally in the letterbooks, several letters relating to the same subject were brought together by Fillmore, and hinged and pasted together as a unit, somewhat like a modern dossier, and not enclosures in the usual sense of that term. Where this occurs, the documents have been filmed together, in the same order in which they were initially arranged. The entire Letterbook collection has been integrated with other materials in Series 1 of this microfilm.

The State University College at Oswego collection was xeroxed for the purpose of this microfilm, and the xerox copies were then reproduced in the film. This added to the sheer bulk of the materials to be handled, since a single page with writing on both sides became two pages, filmed on a single frame of microfilm. Occasionally, intentional duplicate xeroxes had to be made where there were paste-overs or other overlaps on the original, and two exposures were necessary to capture all the writing. Early postmarks in the Oswego collection are frequently illegible on the original, and so also on the film. Some of the earlier documents also occasionally bear light notations or computations in pencil that are illegible on the original, and their relationship if any to the text of the document cannot be determined.

Research Values and Principle Correspondents

The materials reproduced in this microfilm, draw from their multiplicity of locations, are in effect the reconstruction of a Presidential archive, made necessary because of the dispersal of the originals. They constitute the prime source for the study of the Fillmore Administration, and their potential for the study of our national political history, particularly of the Whig Party, is self-evident. They are also a valuable source for the always complex political history of New York State. The correspondence for the Presidential nominating and campaign years of 1852 and 1856 is particularly full, and Fillmore's correspondence with members of his Cabinet is extensive.

The records that may formally and precisely be described as official records, that is to say, the materials in the National Archives reproduced in the microfilm, constitute the pertinent records of the United States House of Representatives during the four terms he served in that body; and of the United States Senate during the four years of his Vice Presidency and Presidency. Also included among the materials from the National Archives are the Fillmore documents found in the records of the Office of the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Postmaster General. These materials are the product of a systematic search conducted by the National Historical Publications Commission and the National Archives, and their value for legislative and for administrative history is again self-evident. When studied together with the documents in his personal papers they shed light on the urgent questions of the day and on the systematic and painstaking way in which Fillmore discharged the duties of the public offices he held.

Beyond providing a record of Fillmore's public life, the papers provide also a record of his professional and personal life, and of his many contributions to the enrichment of the quality of life in Buffalo after he left the Presidency.

The following list of chief correspondents, defined in terms of substantial number of letters included or the prominence of the individual, will suggest to the user something more of the research potential of the collection:

Abert, J. J.	Bryan, George J.
Abbot, George J.	Bryant, John H.
Adams, Charles Francis	Buchanan, James
Arista, Gen. Mariano	Burwell, Bryant
Babcock, George	Burwell, Mrs. Bryant
Barnard, D. D.	Bush, John T.
Barney, John	Butterfield, J.
Bokee, D.A.	Cadwallader, M.
Bowen, Dennis	Cady, Julia
Brooks, James	Cahill, Bernard

Carroll, Anna Ella	Fillmore, Mary Abigail
Cass, Lewis	Fillmore, Millard
Chamberlain, Brown B.	Fillmore, Millard Powers
Chase, Salmon P.	Fish, Hamilton
Childs, Timothy	Follett, Oran
Choules, John O.	Foote, Thomas M.
Clary, Joseph	Forward, Walter
Clary, Mrs. Joseph	Fuller, Jerome
Clay, Henry	Fuller, P. C.
Clayton, John M.	Garnsey, Daniel Greene
Collier, John A.	Gilbert, E. F.
Combs, Leslie	Graham, William A.
Conrad, Charles M.	Granger, Francis
Cooper, James	Greely, Horace
Corcoran, Ann Riggs	Hall, B. F.
Corcoran, W. W.	Hall, Nathan K.
Corwin, Thomas	Hancock, John
Crawford, G. W.	Harris, A. C.
Crawford, T. H.	Harris, Ira
Crittenden, John J.	Harris, Mrs. Ira
Curtis, Harriot F.	Harris, Julia (née Julia Fillmore)
Davies, Charles	Harrison, William H.
Davies, Henry E.	Haven, Solomon G.
Davis, Charles A.	Hazlehurst, Isaac
Davis, Gilbert	Henry, Joseph
Day, Hiram C.	Henshaw, Manuel
Day, Horace H.	Hilliard, Henry W.
Dickins, Asbury	Hodge, William L.
Dix, Dorothea L.	Houston, Samuel
Donelson, Andrew J.	Howard, Daniel D.
Doughty, Isaac	Hülseman, J. G.
Douglas, Stephen A.	Hunt, Washington
Easby, William	Hunter, William
Ely, A. B.	Jewett, E. R.
Evans, Edmund M.	Johnson, George Washington
Evans, Estwick	Johnson, Reverdy
Everett, Edward	Kellogg, Day O.
Ewing, Thomas	Kellogg, Dwight
Fessenden, W. P.	Kennedy, J. S. G.
Fillmore, Abigail	Kennedy, John P.
Fillmore, Almon H.	Ketchum, Hiram
Fillmore, Calvin Turner	Ketchum, William
Fillmore, Caroline C.	Kossuth, Louis
Fillmore, Heman	Lake, Samuel
Fillmore, Julia	Lawrence, Abbott

Lawrence, Amos
 Lee, Daniel
 Le Vert, Octavia (Mrs. Henry L.)
 Little and Brown
 Love, H. S.

Love, Thomas C.
 Luther, J. C.
 Mann, Alexander
 Marshall, Orsamus
 Marshall, Ruth Holmes

Maxwell, Hugh
 Morse, Samuel F. B.
 Moseley, William A.
 Newton, Isaac
 Palmer, Daniel

Palmer, John J.
 Patterson, George W.
 Peale, Titian R.
 Pearce, James A.
 Peck, Luther C.

Phoenix, Jonas Phillips
 Pierce, Franklin
 Pike, Alexander
 Poinsett, Joel R.
 Porter, Fitz-John

Powers, Cyrus
 Powers, David
 Powers, Mary
 Preston, William B.
 Prewett, Harriet N.

Putnam, James O.
 Randall, Henry S.
 Rathbun, Benjamin
 Rising, L. P.
 Rives, W. C.

Rugges, Samuel B.
 Rush, Richard
 Sammons, S. S.
 Schoolcraft, Henry R.
 Seward, William H.

Spaulding, Elbridge Gerry
 Spencer, John C.
 Sprague, William
 Stevens, Paran
 Stevens, Thaddeus

Stow, Horatio J.
 Stow, Mrs. Horatio J.
 Stuart, Alexander H. H.
 Stuart, C. B.
 Taney, Roger B.

Taylor, Frank
 Taylor, Zachary
 Thompson, James R.
 Timon, Bishop John
 Tompkins, Daniel F.

Tracy, Albert H.
 Ullman, Daniel
 Upshur, A. P.
 Ward, Henry Dana
 Warren, Delos

Webster, Daniel
 Webster, Fletcher
 Weed, Thurlow
 Whittlesey, Elisha
 Whittlesey, Frederick

Wilkeson, Samuel
 Wilson, James Grant
 Wilson, John
 Winthrop, Robert C.
 Wood, James

Young, Brigham
 Young, John

The Fillmore Library

The presence in this collection of three catalogs of the books and a catalog of the pamphlets in the Fillmore library would make possible an ideal reconstruction of it on paper. The Historical Society has a small part of this library, consisting of some volumes presented by Fillmore himself at various times, but for the most part of volumes received by bequest of the second Mrs. Fillmore, whose books comprise the bulk of the collection. Other volumes have been acquired by gift or purchase.⁷ Some Fillmore library volumes are in the Buffalo and Erie County Public Library. The last of the three catalogs of books is dated 1861, but it lists imprints as late as 1872. Fillmore rarely made any kind of annotation in his books, to the regret of the historian and archivist, for he was a largely self-educated man and such notes could be of interest. The care that he took in compiling the catalogs reflects the value he placed upon his reading.

A Note on Biographies of Millard Fillmore

The Chronology printed in this Guide and the biographical materials mentioned below present the outline of Fillmore's career and provide a helpful background for the use of the microfilm. They include the significant events in his private life, the record of his distinguished public life, and a record of his important civic contributions and service as a private citizen in Buffalo after leaving the Presidency. For biographical treatment of Fillmore, the reader is referred to the following materials, which are widely available in libraries.

Robert J. Rayback's Millard Fillmore, Biography of a President is the first scholarly, full-length, and documented study. It was published as Volume 40 of the Historical Society's Publications in 1959 and is still in print. Julius W. Pratt's short sketch in the Dictionary of American Biography is valuable, and Frank H. Severance's biographical notes in the introductory matter (pages v-xxxvii) of Volume 10 of the Historical Society's Publications contain much useful information. William E. Griffis' sympathetic sketch, Millard Fillmore... (Ithaca, N.Y., 1915) has the interest of reflecting the author's association with Japan, and the author made some use of the letter-books presented to the Historical Society in 1909, though the volume is not documented.

The several campaign biographies have the limitations of that genre, but are not without value as an indication of the contemporary view of issues

⁷ Buffalo Historical Society, Annual Report, 1884 (1885), 8; Buffalo Historical Society Publications, (1902), 5: 388. For a description of the library, based on the 1861 catalog of it reproduced in this microfilm edition, see "The Library of Millard Fillmore," in the Grosvenor Library Bulletin, 3:2-18 (Sept. 1920); see also A. S. W. Rosenbach, "The Libraries of the Presidents of the United States," in American Antiquarian Society Proceedings (1940), 44: 354-355.

and events. They are sometimes meatier, with their long quotations from letters and published documents, and consequently tougher reading than their 20th-Century counterparts. Of these, that written by W. L. Barre of Kentucky, The Life and Public Services of Millard Fillmore (Buffalo, 1856), is perhaps the best known; and that written by Ivory Chamberlain and published anonymously under the title, Biography of Millard Fillmore (Buffalo, 1856), has the interest of being based in part on information supplied by Thomas M. Foote, M. D., a personal friend of Fillmore, editorial head for many years of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, Fillmore's appointee as Chargé d'Affaires in Vienna in 1850, and traveling companion with Fillmore on his European tour in the mid-Fifties

The bibliography in the study by Rayback is valuable, and the more recent materials on the history of the Whig Party and related matters will be found listed in the Writings on American History.

As might be expected, Fillmore's autobiographical sketch of his early years has been published in several places. It appears in Volume 2 of the Historical Society's Publications (1880), and again in Volume 10 (1907). The Salisbury Club of Buffalo, a society interested in fine printing, published it in a handsome limited edition in 1958, under the title, The Early Life of Millard Fillmore; a Personal Reminiscence.

CHRONOLOGY

1800. Jan. 7, Born at Locke, now Summerhill, Cayuga county, New York.
1815. At work wool-carding and cloth-dressing.
1818. Taught school at Scott, New York.
1818. Began reading law with Judge Wood at Montville, Cayuga county.
- 1819-21. Continued reading law at Montville.
1821. Moved to Aurora (now East Aurora, Erie county), New York.
1822. Read law in Buffalo, but lived in Aurora till spring, 1830.
1823. Admitted to practice, Court of Common Pleas, in Buffalo.
- 1823-30. Practiced law in Aurora.
1826. Feb. 5. Married Abigail, daughter of the Rev. Lemuel Powers.
1827. Admitted to the bar, as attorney of the Supreme Court.
1828. April 25 - Millard Powers Fillmore born.
1828. May 22. Delegate to the Erie county convention of the National Republicans; member of the county committee from Aurora; endorsed John Quincy Adams.
1828. Nov. Elected to the New York Assembly, as candidate of the Anti-Masonic party.
1829. Admitted as counsellor, New York Supreme Court.
1829. Reelected to New York Assembly.
1830. Formed law partnership with Joseph Clary.
1830. Reelected to New York Assembly.
1831. Jan. 4. Took seat for third time in New York Assembly. Distinguished himself by drafting and advocating act to abolish imprisonment for debt; bill passed April 26, 1831.
1832. March 27 - Mary Abigail Fillmore born.
1832. Elected Representative in Twenty-third Congress.

1833. Dec. 2. First took seat in House of Representatives.
1834. Law firm of Fillmore & Hall formed.
1836. Jan. 10. Law firm of Fillmore, Hall & Haven formed.
1836. Oct. 4. Renominated for Representative in Twenty-fifth Congress;
later elected.
1838. Reelected Representative in Twenty-sixth Congress.
1840. Reelected Representative in Twenty-seventh Congress; chairman
of Ways and Means committee; "leader of the House."
1842. March 3 - Obtains appropriation for Morse's magnetic telegraph.
1842. June 9. Made his famous tariff speech in the House.
1842. Declined renomination to Congress.
1844. May. Candidate for Vice-President in the Whig National convention
at Baltimore.
- Sept. 11. Nominated for Governor of New York; defeated by Silas Wright.
- 1846-74. Chancellor, University of Buffalo.
1847. Oct. 6. Nominated for Comptroller, New York State, in the Whig
State convention at Syracuse.
1847. Nov. 2. Elected Comptroller, New York State.
1848. Jan. 1. Assumed office as Comptroller.
- June 9. Nominated for Vice-President by the Whig National
convention.
- Nov. Elected Vice-President.
1849. Feb. 20. Resigned as New York Comptroller.
- March 4. Inaugurated Vice-President.
1850. April 3 - Address on Rules of Order in the Senate.
1850. July 10. Took oath of office as President of the United States.
- Sept. 18. Approved Fugitive Slave Act.
1851. July 4. Laid the corner-stone of the Capitol extension.

1852. June 16-21. Unsuccessful Whig candidate for Presidential nomination in the Whig National convention at Baltimore.
1852. Nov. 13. Dispatch of Commodore Matthew Calbaith Perry to Japan.
1853. March 4. Retired from the Presidency.
March 30. Mrs. Fillmore died at Washington.
1854. Tour of southern and western States.
1854. July 26 - Death of Mary Abigail Fillmore at East Aurora, New York.
1855. May 17. Sailed for Liverpool.
1855. Declines D.C.L. degree from Oxford University.
1856. Feb. 22. Nominated for President by the American party at Philadelphia.
May 21. Wrote his letter of acceptance at Paris.
1856. June 22. Arrived in New York.
1856. Nov. Overwhelmingly defeated in the election, receiving only the eight electoral votes of Maryland.
1858. Feb. 10. Married Mrs. Caroline C. McIntosh.
1862. Chairman, Buffalo Committee of Public Defense.
1862. One of the incorporators, Buffalo Fine Arts Academy.
1862. May 20. Chosen president, Buffalo Historical Society, which he had helped to found; reelected yearly, 1862-67.
1865. Dec. 8. Executed his last will and testament. Codicils dated September 19, 1868, and April 28, 1873.
1866. Visited Europe with his second wife.
1866. July 13. Arrived in Buffalo, from his second European trip.
- 1867-68. First president, Buffalo Club, and one of its founders.
1870. President, Buffalo General Hospital.
- 1870-74. Trustee, Grosvenor Library, Buffalo.
1874. March 8. Died at his home in Buffalo.

ROLL LIST

Roll	Series	Dates
(1-54)	1	General Correspondence and Related Materials, 1809-74. Letters received by Fillmore from all sources and letters or drafts of letters written by him. Includes all kinds of correspondence--family, political, and professional--and related materials, such as petitions, telegrams, circulars and advertisements, invoices, bills of lading, copies of mortgages, and a few notes on cases handled by his law firm. Arranged chronologically. Undated materials arranged alphabetically at end of Roll 54.
1	1	1809 June 16 - 1831 Feb 22
2	1	1831 Feb 23 - 1834 Dec 15
3	1	1834 Dec 15 - 1837 Dec 12
4	1	1837 Dec 13 - 1838 May 8
5	1	1838 May 8 - 1839 Aug 5
6	1	1839 Aug 6 - 1840 Sept 5
7	1	1840 Sept 6 - 1841 July 2
8	1	1841 July 2 - 1842 May 26
9	1	1842 May 28 - 1844 Mar 6
10	1	1844 Mar 7 - 1846 Oct 8
11	1	1846 Oct 8 - 1848 May 3
12	1	1848 May 3 - Oct 22
13	1	1848 Oct 23 - 1849 Mar 10
14	1	1849 Mar 10 - May 30
15	1	1849 May 30 - Nov 28
16	1	1849 Nov 29 - 1850 Feb 11
17	1	1850 Feb 11 - May 27
18	1	1850 May 27 - July 17
19	1	1850 July 18 - Aug 12
20	1	1850 Aug 12 - Sept 12
21	1	1850 Sept 13 - Oct 15
22	1	1850 Oct 16 - Nov 16
23	1	1850 Nov 16 - Dec 24
24	1	1850 Dec 24 - 1851 Jan 30
25	1	1851 Jan 30 - Mar 3
26	1	1851 Mar 3 - Mar 27
27	1	1851 Mar 27 - Apr 30
28	1	1851 Apr 30 - June 9
29	1	1851 June 10 - July 29
30	1	1851 July 29 - Sept 29

Roll	Series	Dates
31	1	1851 Sept 29 - Nov 14
32	1	1851 Nov 14 - Dec 31
33	1	1852 Jan 1 - Feb 24
34	1	1852 Feb 25 - Mar 27
35	1	1852 Mar 27 - May 12
36	1	1852 May 12 - June 30
37	1	1852 June 30 - Aug 18
38	1	1852 Aug 19 - Oct 24
39	1	1852 Oct 25 - Dec 31
40	1	1852 Dec 31 - 1853 Mar 9
41	1	1853 Mar 9 - 1854 Feb 18
42	1	1854 Feb 18 - Dec 16
43	1	1854 Dec 17 - 1856 June 30
44	1	1856 July 1 - Sept 4
45	1	1856 Sept 4 - Oct 24
46	1	1856 Oct 25 - 1857 July 1
47	1	1857 July 3 - 1859 June 30
48	1	1859 July 1 - 1861 Jan 15
49	1	1861 Jan 16 - 1862 June 24
50	1	1862 June 26 - 1864 Apr 20
51	1	1864 Apr 20 - 1866 Nov 23
52	1	1866 Nov 24 - 1869 Oct 10
53	1	1869 Oct 11 - 1872 May 8
54	1	1872 May 15 - 1874 May 5 and undated

Roll	Series	Description
55	2	Index to Letters Received, 1849-53, as Vice President and President of the United States. An index to the 8,436 letters in 44 volumes of letterbooks that have been in the custody of the Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society since 1909. Indexed by initial letter of surname and thereunder chronologically, with some exceptions. This is the Presidential correspondence handled immediately by Fillmore and his White House staff, and all this correspondence is reproduced in Series 1.
56	3	Register of Letters Received, President of the United States, 1850-53. A register of letters received and referred to the Executive Departments for reply. Arranged alphabetically by initial letter of surname and thereunder chronologically. The letters referred to the

Roll	Series	Description
		Secretary of War are reproduced in Series 1, and so also a few referred to the Secretary of the Interior and the Postmaster General. The letters referred to the other Executive Departments are in the records of those agencies in the National Archives.
	4	Register of Nominations, President of the United States, 1850-53. Register of nominations made to the Senate of the United States, with record of the action of the Senate thereon.
(57-65)	5	Millard Fillmore Documents in the National Archives
		<u>Subseries A.</u> Records of the United States House of Representatives (Record Group 233)
		Twenty-third Congress. Mar. 4, 1833 - Mar. 3, 1835
		Twenty-fifth Congress. Mar. 4, 1837 - Mar. 3, 1839
		Twenty-sixth Congress. Mar. 4, 1839 - Mar. 3, 1841
		Twenty-seventh Congress. Mar. 4, 1841 - Mar. 3, 1843
		<u>Subseries B.</u> Records of the United States Senate (Record Group 46)
		Thirty-first Congress. Mar. 4, 1849 - Mar. 3, 1851
		Thirty-second Congress. Mar. 4, 1851 - Mar. 3, 1853
66	6	Millard Fillmore's Presscopy Book, 1834-35. Copies of some business and personal correspondence, including one 1830 item and several 1836 items. Arranged chronologically.
	7	Letterbook of Fillmore, Hall, and Haven, 1836-37. Fair copies of letters sent by Fillmore's law firm, many over his signature. The only known surviving volume of this set.
	8	Letterbook of Millard Fillmore, 1836-37. Fair copies of personal letters.

Roll	Series	Description
66(cont.)		In the same volume: Millard Fillmore's Memorandum of Real Estate Bought and Sold. Includes record of land conveyances, warranty deeds, and some maps. 1824-73.
	9	Letters from Day and Andrews, 1850-53. Letters to Fillmore by the Buffalo law firm which handled his affairs.
	10	Letters and Monthly Statements from Robinson and Company, 1851-53. Letters to Fillmore from the Buffalo banking firm that handled his affairs.
	11	Memorandum Book of Millard Fillmore, 1853. Chiefly shipping lists of materials sent from Washington, D.C. to Buffalo, March 1853. There are a few household memoranda, 1858-73.
	12	Three Catalogs of Millard Fillmore's Library. One undated; one dated 1847; one dated 1861, but lists imprints as late as 1872.
	13	Catalog of Pamphlets in Millard Fillmore's Library, 1854.
	14	Millard Fillmore's Memo Book, 1833. Notes on Fillmore family genealogy.
	15	Millard Fillmore's Index to the President's Messages and Accompanying Documents for 1841 and 1842. Undated, but covers the period of Fillmore's chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives.
	16	Millard Fillmore's Subject Index to Acts on Tariffs. Undated.
	17	Miscellany, <u>ca.</u> 1833-73 and undated. <u>Subseries A.</u> Diplomatic Bill. Letters and Memoranda relating to the Diplomatic Bill of 1841. <u>Subseries B.</u> Papers on the Subject of the Revenue, 1841-42. Letters, memoranda, and statistical tables on the revenue. <u>Subseries C.</u> Loan Bill, 1841-42. Letters to

Roll	Series	Description
		<p>Fillmore as chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, and other memoranda relating to the Loan Bills of 1841 and 1842.</p> <p><u>Subseries D.</u> Pension Bill, 1841-42. An estimate and brief relating to the appropriations for pensions in 1842.</p> <p><u>Subseries E.</u> Miscellaneous business items, 1873 and undated.</p> <p><u>Subseries F.</u> Papers of the Thespian Society, 1833. Items relating to a dramatic society.</p>
67	18	<p>Scrapbooks, <u>ca.</u> 1830-74. 4 vols. Scrapbooks of news clippings, chiefly on political affairs, kept by Fillmore and after 1856 by Mrs. Caroline Fillmore. Arranged chronologically.</p>
68	19	<p><u>Millard Fillmore Papers</u>, vols. 1 and 2. Ed. by Frank H. Severance. (Buffalo Historical Society Publications, vols. 10 and 11 (1907).</p>

Roll Notes

(Rolls 1-54) General correspondence and Related Materials, 1809-74.

Roll 1. 1809 June 16 - 1831 Feb 22

Family matters, a few items relating to schooling, apprenticeship, and teaching; early law practice and service in New York State Assembly.

Roll 2. 1831 Feb 23 - 1834 Dec 15

Family matters; early law practice and service in New York State Assembly and in Twenty-third Congress.

Roll 3. 1834 Dec 15 - 1837 Dec 12

Family matters, law practice; service in Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth Congress, having declined to run for Twenty-fourth Congress.

Roll 4. 1837 Dec 13 - 1838 May 8

Family matters, law practice; service in Twenty-fifth Congress; burning of the Caroline (Patriot War or Upper Canada Rebellion).

Roll 5. 1838 May 8 - 1839 Aug 5

Family matters; service in Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Congress.

Roll 6. 1839 Aug 6 - 1840 Sept 5

Family matters; service in Twenty-sixth Congress.

Roll 7. 1840 Sept 6 - 1841 July 2

Family matters; service in Twenty-sixth and in the Twenty-seventh Congress, in which Fillmore served as Chairman of Committee on Ways and Means.

Roll 8. 1841 July 2 - 1842 May 26

Family matters; service in Twenty-seventh Congress; Chairman of Committee on Ways and Means.

Roll 9. 1842 May 28 - 1844 Mar 6

Family matters; service in Twenty-seventh Congress;
declination of nomination for another term.

Roll 10. 1844 Mar 7 - 1846 Oct 8

Family matters; unsuccessful candidate for nomination
as Vice Presidential candidate of Whig Party, 1844;
unsuccessful candidate for election as Whig candidate
for Governor of New York, 1844.

Roll 11. 1846 Oct 8 - 1848 May 3

Family matters; service as Comptroller of New York State.

Roll 12. 1848 May 3 - 1848 Oct 22

Family matters; service as Comptroller of New York State;
Whig candidate for Vice President on ticket headed
by Zachary Taylor.

Roll 13. 1848 Oct 23 - 1849 Mar 10

Family matters; service as Comptroller of New York State;
election and inauguration as Vice President of the United
States.

Rolls 14-40. 1850 May 27 - 1853 Mar 9

Correspondence as President of the United States.
The following Calendar of Messages and Proclamations
will be helpful in indicating the dates when subjects
were under consideration:

CALENDAR OF MESSAGES AND PROCLAMATIONS

SPECIAL MESSAGES TO THE SENATE AND
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

1850.

- July 10. Recommending suitable measures on the death of President Zachary Taylor.
- Aug. 6. Transmitting letters from the Governor of Texas, and discussing the authority of the Legislature of that State to extend its civil jurisdiction over unorganized counties on its northwestern limits; the claim of Texas to territory east of the Rio Grande; the status of New Mexico; and allied topics. [A long and important communication.]
8. Supplementary to the message of August 6th.
- Sept. 23. Informing Congress that it was the wish of President Taylor's family that his remains be buried in Kentucky. [The body of General Taylor was taken from Washington to Louisville, Ky., October 25, 1850.]
- Dec. 2. First annual message. [Principal topics discussed: The appointing power of the Executive; construction of a ship canal between the Atlantic and Pacific, through Nicaragua; commerce with Chili; treaty with the King of the Hawaiian Islands; adjustment of import duties; need of a mint in California; need of opening a line of communication between the Mississippi and the Pacific; extension of land laws to California, Utah and New Mexico; problems of the Mexican frontier; reduction of domestic postage rates; need of various internal improvements; recommending the establishment of an agricultural bureau.]
13. Regarding the northern and western boundaries of Texas.

1851.

- Dec. 2. Second annual message. [Principal topics discussed: Cuban filibustering operations of August, 1851; trade reciprocity with Canada; the mission of Louis Kossuth and the case of the Hungarian prisoners in Turkey; advocating independence of Hawaii; outbreaks on the Mexican frontier; Tehuantepec railroad enterprise; Panama railroad; commerce with China; the nation's finances; relations with Texas; modification of the

(From Buffalo Historical Society Publications, Vol. 10)

tariff; need of an agricultural bureau; need of improvements of harbors of the Great Lakes and seacoast; protection of the southwestern frontier; the Arctic expedition of Lieut. DeHaven, in search of Sir John Franklin; needs of the Navy; of the Postoffice and other Departments; urging a revision of the Public Statutes of the United States; on the enforcement of existing laws relating to the return of fugitives from labor (so-called "Fugitive Slave law").]

1852.

- Jan. 19. Relative to payment of Mexican indemnity.
20. Respecting recent political occurrences in France.
- Feb. 10. Respecting the attack on the United States steamer Prometheus in the harbor of San Juan de Nicaragua by the British brig of war Express.
10. Transmitting report of Thomas U. Walter, architect, for the extension of the Capitol.
16. Relating to delays in completing the convention with Brazil.
- Mar. 1. Transmitting documents embodying rules and regulations for masters, officers and seamen of United States vessels at the free ports of China.
4. Relating to erection of public buildings in the Territory of Minnesota.
26. Regarding the "fraudulent abstraction" of papers relating to the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo.
- Apr. 19. Relating to the conflict among the authorities in the Territory of Oregon in regard to proper construction of Acts of Congress, affecting location and erection of public buildings.
- June 11. On the disorders on the Rio Grande frontier.
14. On claims of Spanish subjects in New Orleans, injured by the mob, consequent to the unlawful invasion of Cuba in August, 1851.
- July 2. On the relief by Congress of Americans and others associated with them, lately imprisoned and pardoned by Spain.
- Dec. 6. Third annual message. [Principal topics discussed: Death of Daniel Webster; fisheries on the British-American coasts; affairs of Cuba; treaties and conventions with Central and South American States; our growing interests on the Pacific; the tariff; treaties with Indian

tribes; removal of the Seminoles; survey of the Northern Iowa boundary; survey of the Rio Grande; the embellishment of the city of Washington; reorganization of the Naval Academy; renewing recommendations of former messages, and counseling non-interference with affairs of other nations.]

[The suppressed portion of this Message, relating to slavery, is printed at the end of this list of Messages and Proclamations.]

1853.

- Jan. 17. Relative to the case of the vessel Amistad.
 18. Relative to the failure of efforts to induce Florida Indians to migrate west of the Mississippi.
- Feb. 7. Relative to fisheries and commercial reciprocity with the British-American provinces.
 9. Transmitting Lieut. Herndon's report on the exploration of the valley of the Amazon and its tributaries.
 18. Relating to the interoceanic canal by the Nicaragua route.

SPECIAL MESSAGES TO THE SENATE

1850.

- July 15. Transmitting treaty between the United States and Peru.
 17. Relating to proclamation by the military officer commanding in New Mexico.
 17. Relating to coast survey, mouth of the Rio Grande and vicinity.
 20. Transmitting for ratification a convention between the United States and Mexico for the extradition of fugitives from justice.
 23. Relating to a treaty with the Wyandott Indians.
 30. Relating to alleged stopping and search of American vessels on the high seas by the British.
- Aug. 2. Relating to the removal of Fort Polk.
 10. Transmitting results of investigations by Henry R. Schoolcraft, relating to history and condition of Indian tribes in the United States.
 24. Relating to commerce of the district of Brazos Santiago in Texas.
 26. Relating to coast survey at mouth of the Rio Grande and vicinity.

- Sept. 2. Relating to resignation of Edward C. Anderson, a lieutenant in the Navy.
9. Relating to certain provisions of the treaties between the United States, China and the Ottoman Porte.
9. Transmitting a copy of the constitution of New Mexico, with a digest of the votes for and against it.
16. Relating to nomination of John Howard Payne as consul to Tunis.
27. Transmitting papers relative to the Hungarian exiles.
28. Relating to Lieut. Edward C. Anderson.
- Dec. 12. Transmitting report of Secretary of State on the African slave trade.
17. Relative to creating additional grades of commissioned officers in the Army, and regarding civil functions of Army officers.
30. Transmitting report of Secretary of State, and correspondence with the Austrian *chargé d'affaires* regarding the condition and prospects of the Hungarian people during their struggle for independence.

1851.

- Jan. 10. Regarding discipline of the Navy.
- Feb. 3. Transmitting report and papers relative to the possessory rights of the British Hudson's Bay Company in Oregon.
12. Transmitting report of Secretary of State, and correspondence with Spain relative to the claim of the owners of the schooner *Amistad* for compensation on account of the liberation of negroes on board said vessel.
13. Relating to drafts on the Treasury of the United States by Mexico on account of indemnity due that Government in pursuance of the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo.
13. Relating to the British ship *Albion*, seized in Oregon for alleged violation of revenue laws.
15. Relating to seizure of the *Albion*.
15. Relating to taxation by New Grenada on United States citizens when *in transitu* across the Isthmus of Panama, and to the United States mail service at the Isthmus.
19. Relating to the forcible resistance to the execution of the laws of the United States, in Boston.
25. Transmitting a convention between the United States and Mexico for the protection of a transit way across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.
26. Relating to claims of certain citizens of Portugal.

- 27. Transmitting correspondence relative to prisoners captured by Spanish authorities at or near the island of Contoy, and to projected expeditions to Cuba.
 - 28. In relation to difficulties between the British authorities and San Salvador.
 - Mar. 3. Transmitting report of the Secretary of State and documents respecting forcible abduction of any citizen of the United States from the Territory of New Mexico and his conveyance within the limits of the Mexican Republic.
 - 4. Renewing nominations pending before preceding session of the Senate.
 - 10. Transmitting report and correspondence with the United States Minister at Constantinople respecting the liberation of Kossuth and his companions.
 - Dec. 12. Submitting a treaty between the United States and Costa Rica.
 - 15. Relating to the free navigation of the St. Lawrence, St. John, and other rivers, and to the free enjoyment of the British North American fisheries by United States citizens.
 - 15. Relating to the seizure of the American steamship Prometheus by a British vessel of war on the Mosquito Coast.
 - 16. In regard to imprisonment of John S. Thrasher at Havana.
 - 16. On the subject of a ship canal between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.
- 1852.
- Jan. 3. Nominating Indian commissioners.
 - 6. In relation to certain donations in aid of the reconstruction of the library of the Canadian Parliament.
 - 22. Regarding claims of citizens of California for services rendered and for money and property furnished in 1846 and 1847 in the conquest of that country.
 - Feb. 9. Transmitting a treaty between the United States and the Republic of Peru.
 - 12. Relating to the mission to Eastern Asia of Mr. Balistier, late consul at Singapore.
 - 13. Transmitting treaties with Indian tribes.
 - 16. Transmitting a treaty of commerce and navigation with Persia.

- Mar. 29. Relating to the extension of the Capitol.
 29. Relating to appointment of George C. Laurason as collector of customs for the district of New Orleans.
- Apr. 8. Relating to the relations between the United States and Japan.
- May 1. Transmitting a convention between the United States and the Free and Hanseatic Republics of Hamburg, Bremen and Lubeck.
 5. Concerning relations between the United States and Guatemala.
 29. Regarding claims of certain citizens of Texas against the Mexican Government.
- June 1. Transmitting eighteen treaties negotiated with Indian tribes in California.
 11. Transmitting for ratification a convention between the United States and the Sultan of Borneo.
 22. On the subject of the apprehension and imprisonment by the Austrian authorities of Rev. Charles L. Brace, an American citizen.
 22. Transmitting a convention for the mutual delivery of criminals, fugitives from justice, in certain cases between the United States on the one part and Prussia and other States of the Germanic Confederation on the other.
 23. Relative to the withdrawal of Mr. Hülsemann, *chargé d'affaires* from Austria to the United States.
 26. Regarding mutual extradition of fugitives from justice in the United States and Mexico.
 26. Regarding relations between the United States, Great Britain, Nicaragua and Costa Rica.
 26. Respecting proposed propositions of the King of the Sandwich Islands to convey the sovereignty of those islands to the United States.
- July 1. Relating to unauthorized publication in public journals regarding pending negotiations between the British Minister and the Secretary of State for the adjustment of certain claims to territory between Nicaragua, Costa Rica and the Mosquito Indians.

[This publication roused Mr. Fillmore out of his accustomed serenity. He wrote to the Senate: "I have caused immediate inquiry to be made into the origin of this highly improper publication, and shall omit no proper or legal means for bringing it to light. Whether

it shall turn out to have been caused by unfaithfulness or breach of duty in any officer of this Government, high or low, or by a violation of diplomatic confidence, the appropriate remedy will be immediately applied, as being due not only to this Government, but to other Governments. . . . An occurrence of this kind can not but weaken the faith so desirable to be preserved between different Governments and to injure the negotiations now pending, and it merits the severest reprobation."]

- 2. Transmitting a treaty with the Chickasaw nation of Indians.
- 26. Relating to the boundary line between the United States and Mexico.
- 27. Respecting a right-of-way across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.
- 29. Upon the subject of the American and Mexican boundary commission.
- 31. Transmitting nineteen treaties with various Indian tribes of Oregon.
- Aug. 2. Regarding fisheries on the coasts of British North American possessions.
- 10. Regarding relations with San Salvador.
- 12. In regard to controversies between the consul of the United States at Acapulco and the Mexican authorities.
- 13. In regard to relations between the United States, Nicaragua and Costa Rica.
- 14. Declining to give information regarding the alleged proposition of the King of the Sandwich Islands to transfer his sovereignty to the United States.
- 21. Transmitting documents concerning the Lobos Islands.
- 27. Transmitting documents relating to service of Mr. R. M. Walsh as special agent of the United States in the island of San Domingo.
- 27. Transmitting report relative to the Lobos Islands.
- 27. Relating to Mr. R. M. Walsh.
- 27. Transmitting a convention relative to commerce and navigation between the United States and the Netherlands.
- 27. Transmitting a convention between the United States and Belgium, for regulating the right of inheriting and acquiring property.

- 31. Relating to foreign postal arrangements and cheap ocean postage.
- Dec. 7. Transmitting a treaty between the United States and Uruguay.
- 8. Relating to criminals, fugitives from justice.

1853.

- Jan. 4. In regard to a new British colony in Central America.
 - 4. Relating to Cuba.
 - 12. Relating to investment of funds of the Chickasaw Indians.
 - 12. Relating to the Mexican boundary commission.
 - 17. Relating to the imprisonment of the United States consul and other American citizens in the castle at Acapulco.
 - 21. Relative to Central America.
 - 24. Relative to the award of the Emperor Louis Napoleon of France in the case of the brig General Armstrong.
 - 27. Relative to Nicaragua, Costa Rica, and the territory claimed by the Mosquito Indians.
- Feb. 3. Transmitting a new draft of the convention of 1850 with the Swiss Confederation.
 - 3. Relating to the postal convention between the United States and Great Britain.
 - 14. Relating to the extradition of fugitives from justice—convention between the United States and Belgium.
 - 18. Transmitting convention between the United States and Great Britain for the establishment of international copyright.
 - 19. Relative to fisheries on the coasts of Florida.
 - 21. Relative to a water supply for Washington and Georgetown.
 - 21. In reference to the reinvestment of moneys belonging to the Chickasaw Indians.
 - 23. Transmitting a convention between the United States and Great Britain for the adjustment of claims of citizens of those countries.
 - 25. Transmitting a convention between the United States and the Emperor of the French.
 - 26. Relative to an extraordinary session of the Senate.
 - 28. In regard to fisheries on the coasts of British North American provinces.
 - 28. Transmitting a treaty with the Apache Indians in New Mexico.

**SPECIAL MESSAGES TO THE HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES**

- 1850.
- July 18. Transmitting information relative to the British seizure of the island of Tigre, "in the State of Nicaragua"—corrected to read, "in the Gulf of Fonseca, in the State of Honduras."
- Dec. 9. Relative to incursions of Indians of the United States upon the population of the Mexican frontier.
- 1851.
- Jan. 3. As to compensation for extra help in the office of the Attorney General.
14. As to relative rank, precedence and command among officers of the Army and Navy.
- Mar. 1. Transmitting opinions of the Attorneys-General.
- Dec. 23. Relative to the conclusion of a treaty between Spain, France and Great Britain in respect to the island of Cuba.
23. In regard to the imprisonment, trial and sentence of John S. Thrasher in the island of Cuba.
- 1852.
- Jan. 2. In relation to certain donations in aid of the reconstruction of the library of the Canadian Parliament.
9. Transmitting information in regard to the Territory of Utah.
12. Relating to a circular issued by the Secretary of State for the British Colonial Department relative to the employment in the British West India colonies of free blacks and liberated slaves from the United States.
16. Relating to affairs of the Territory of Utah.
23. Relating to the Mexican indemnity.
28. Relating to the seizure and confiscation of the bark Georgiana of Maine, and the brig Susan Loud of Massachusetts, by Spanish or Cuban authorities.
28. Relating to claims of citizens of the United States on the Government of Portugal.
- Feb. 12. Relating to the seizure of the brig Arve at Jeremie, St. Domingo, by Haytien authorities.
18. Respecting an alleged misunderstanding between Capt. Long of the United States Navy and Louis Kossuth.

- Mar. 4. Relative to accounts of Prosper M. Wetmore, late Navy agent in the city of New York.
25. Transmitting documents relating to the encouragement of the emigration of colored laborers from the United States to the British West Indies.
26. Relative to the seat of government of the Territory of Oregon.
- Apr. 6. Transmitting documents on the best mode of improving the navigation of the Ohio River at the Falls of Louisville.
- July 13. Relative to the policy of the Government in regard to the island of Cuba.
- Aug. 9. On fisheries, and the dispatch of the U. S. steam frigate Mississippi to the fishing-grounds on the coasts of British North America, to protect the rights of American fishermen.
- 1853.
- Jan. 19. Relative to the claims on Spain in the cases of the bark Georgiana and brig Susan Loud.
24. In reference to claims of custom-house officers for additional pay.
27. In reference to the compensation of weighers and gaugers.

PROCLAMATIONS

- 1850.
- Nov. 1. Suspending and discontinuing tonnage and impost duties on vessels and goods from Chile, to continue during a reciprocal exemption on the part of Chile, in regard to vessels and goods from the United States.
- Dec. 13. Declaring in full force an act of Congress of Sept. 9, 1850, said act relating to the northern and western boundaries of Texas; stipulating the cession by Texas to the United States of all claim to territory exterior to those limits; relinquishment of all claim by Texas on the United States for liability for the debt of Texas; the payment to Texas by the United States of \$10,000,000 in stock, etc.
- 1851.
- Feb. 18. Calling on civil and military officers, and all citizens in the vicinity of Boston, to resist lawless violence and

- help restore to the authorities a fugitive slave, unlawfully taken from the custody of officers on Feb. 15th inst.
- Apr. 25. Warning the public against violation of our laws and national obligations, on the occasion of an armed invasion into Cuba by foreigners and others from the United States (the Lopez expedition).
- Oct. 22. Warning the public against participation in a military expedition into Mexico, a country at peace with the United States.
- 1853.
- Feb. 25. Convening an extraordinary session of the Senate.
26. To make public a commercial convention between the United States and the Netherlands.

EXECUTIVE ORDERS

- 1852.
- May 17. To the Secretary of War, announcing that the President has authorized Hugh Maxwell, collector at New York, to arrest any unlawful expedition that may attempt to fit out in his district, and calling for issuance of proper instructions to military officers.
- June 29. To the heads of the several Departments, announcing the death of Henry Clay, and suggesting that the Departments be closed for the day.
- Sept. 13. To Gen. Joseph G. Totten, regarding water supply for Washington and Georgetown.
- Oct. 25. To the acting Secretary of State, and heads of other Departments, announcing the death of Daniel Webster, Secretary of State, eulogizing him and suggesting suitable action.

- Roll 41. 1853 Mar 9 - 1854 Feb 18
Family matters; death of Mrs. Abigail Fillmore; return to Buffalo after the Presidency.
- Roll 42. 1854 Feb 18 - 1854 Dec 16
Family matters; western and southern trips.
- Roll 43. 1854 Dec 17 - 1856 June 30
Family matters; European tour; nomination for Presidency by the American Party; Presidential campaign, 1856.
- Roll 44. 1856 July 1 - 1856 Sept 4
Presidential campaign, 1856.
- Roll 45. 1856 Sept 4 - 1856 Oct 24
Presidential campaign, 1856.
- Roll 46. 1856 Oct 25 - 1857 July 1
Presidential campaign, 1856. Overwhelming defeat by James Buchanan in November.
- Roll 47. 1857 July 3 - 1859 June 30
Family matters; marriage to Mrs. Caroline C. McIntosh on February 10, 1858.
- Roll 48. 1859 July 1 - 1861 Jan 15
Family matters; views on 1860 Presidential campaign.
- Roll 49. 1861 Jan 16 - 1862 June 24
Family matters; Committee of Public Defense and the Union Continentals (Civil War Home Guard unit); defense on northern frontier.
- Roll 50. 1862 June 26 - 1864 Apr 20
Family matters; Union Continentals; home-front fund-raising and relief activities; Buffalo Historical Society and other cultural and civic activities in Buffalo.

Roll 51. 1864 Apr 20 - 1866 Nov 23

Family matters; views on Presidential election of 1864; cultural and civic activities in Buffalo.

Roll 52. 1866 Nov 24 - 1869 Oct 10

Family matters; financial matters; Southern Commercial Convention; cultural and civic matters; Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Roll 53. 1869 Oct 11 - 1872 May 8

Family matters; Southern Commercial Conventions in Louisville, Cincinnati, and Baltimore; Grosvenor Library and other cultural and civic activities.

Roll 54. 1872 May 15 - 1874 May 5

Family matters. Cultural and civic activities in Buffalo.

Roll	Series	Description
55	2.	"General Index to M. Fillmore's/Volumes of Letters Received." 1849-53. 382 p. Fly-leaf-title. See Roll List.
56	3.	"Register / of / Letters / President / U.S." 1850-53. Backstrip-title. See Roll List.
56	4.	"Register of Nominations. / President of the U.S." 1849-53. <u>79</u> p. Cover-title. See Roll List.
(57-65)	5.	Millard Fillmore Documents in the National Archives. <u>Subseries A.</u> Records of the United State House of Representatives (Record Group 233)
57		Twenty-third Congress. Mar. 4, 1833 - Mar. 3, 1835 House simple resolutions, motions and orders Petitions and Memorials Election Records Records of the Office of the Clerk
57		Twenty-fifth Congress. Mar. 4, 1837 - Mar. 3, 1839 Bills and Resolutions Originating in the House Committee Reports and Papers Petitions and Memorials Election Records Records of the Office of the Clerk
57-58		Twenty-sixth Congress. Mar. 4, 1839 - Mar 3, 1841 Bills and Resolutions Originating in the House Committee Reports and Papers (through p. 1-180 incl. of Report of Committee on Elections) Committee Reports and Papers (from pp. 1-384 incl. of Report of Committee on Elections)

Roll	Series	Description
		Petitions and Memorials Election Records Various Papers
(59-61)		Twenty-seventh Congress. Mar. 4, 1841 - Mar. 3, 1843
59		Original House Bills and bills upon which further action was taken
60		Original House joint resolutions and joint resolutions upon which further action was taken House simple resolutions, motions and orders Bills and Resolutions Originating in the Senate and Considered in the House Committee Reports and Papers (through Committee on Ways and Means; number, classification, and compensation of officers in Government)
61		Committee Reports and Papers (from Committee on Ways and Means; plan for an exchequer) Petitions and Memorials Election Records Misc. Bound Volumes Letter Book, Clerk of the House Reports - Committee on Elections Original Reports - Clerk of the House Reports - Committee on Ways and Means
(62-65)	5.	<u>Subseries B.</u> Records of the United States Senate (Record Group 46)
62		Thirty-first Congress. Mar. 4, 1849 - Mar. 3, 1851 Committee Papers President's Messages - annual messages Reports and Communications Submitted to the Senate Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents President's Messages - Executive Nominations, 1st and 2nd Sessions.
63		President's Messages - papers pertaining to executive nominations President's Messages - Foreign Relations President's Messages - Indian Relations Other Records

Roll	Series	Description
64		<p>Thirty-second Congress. Mar. 4, 1851 - Mar. 3, 1853</p> <p>President's Messages - annual messages Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents President's Messages - Executive Nominations - Special Session</p>
65		<p>President's Messages - Executive Nominations - 1st and 2nd Sessions President's Messages - Foreign Relations President's Messages - Indian Relations Letter book of outgoing correspondence - 24th Congress, 2nd Session to 32nd Congress, 1st Session</p>
66	6.	<p><u>Millard Fillmore's Letterpress / Copy Book</u> / <u>60</u> p.</p> <p>Business and some personal letters sent, Nov. 24, 1834 - Oct. 4, 1840. Correspondent index at front of volume. Earlier letters are of political and personal nature; later letters relate chiefly to legal and business matters, a few over the signature of Nathan K. Hall or the law firm of Fillmore and Hall.</p>
	7.	<p>"Letters / 1836-37." <u>290</u> / p.</p> <p>Backstrip-title.</p> <p>Fair copies of letters sent by the firm of Fillmore, Hall, and Haven, Oct. 11, 1836 - Dec. 2, 1837. Some letters signed by firm name, others by individual members.</p>
	8.	<p><u>Letterbook of Millard Fillmore</u> / 24 p.</p> <p>Fair copies of letters sent, chiefly to Calvin Fillmore, Apr. 7, 1836 - July 23, 1837</p> <p>In same volume:</p> <p>"Millard Fillmore's / Memorandum of / Real estate bought & sold./ Buffalo, N. York." 91 p.</p>

Roll	Series	Description
66 (cont.)		<p>Inside front cover-title. Record of land conveyances, warranty deeds, and the like, some accompanied by maps. Cover the period 1824-73.</p>
	9.	<p>Letters from Day and Andrews</p> <p>Letters from the law firm of Hiram C. Day and William H. Andrews in Buffalo, which handled Fillmore's affairs during the Presidency, May 4, 1850 - Feb. 15, 1853. Includes statements of receipt and expenditures.</p>
	10.	<p>Letters and Monthly Statements from Robinson and Company.</p> <p>Letters to Fillmore from the Buffalo banking firm that handled his affairs, Apr. 5, 1851 - Mar. 1, 1853. Includes an incomplete, unsigned letter by Fillmore, dated June 1, 1851, and a draft of an agreement, dated Dec. 26, 1865.</p>
	11.	<p>"Memorandum Book / of / Millard Fillmore / 1853." 46 p.</p> <p>Cover-title.</p> <p>See Roll List</p>
	12.	<p>"Catalogue of / Millard Fillmore's / Library <u>71</u> p.</p> <p>Cover-title. Undated.</p> <p>"Catalogue of / Millard Fillmore's / Miscellaneous Library / Dec^r. 15th 1847." 26 p.</p> <p>Cover-title. Caption-title reads "Catalogue ... taken by me Dec^r. 14th 1847, at the House occupied by Stephen V. R. Watson in the City of Buffalo, said Library now being in the possession of said House. W. H. Andrews." Includes estimated valuation.</p> <p>"Alphabetical / Catalogue / M. Fillmore's Library." 237 p.</p> <p>Backstrip-title. Caption-title reads "Books of Millard Fillmore, Mrs. Fillmore & M. P. Fillmore, Sept. 1, 1861. Contains entries by author, title, catchword subject, or form. Lists imprints dated as late as 1872.</p>
	13.	<p>"Index to Pamphlets of Millard / Fillmore. Bound from Vol. 1 to / 18 inclusive and the rest in Numbered pamphlet cases / Jany 27, 1854. M. F." <u>49</u> p.</p>
	14.	<p>"Millard Fillmore's / Memo. Book / Buffalo June 28, 1833." 7 p.</p> <p>Cover-title. Page one bears date "Locke, July 6, 1833."</p> <p>Notes in Fillmore's hand on Fillmore family genealogy.</p>

Roll	Series	Description
66 (cont.)	15.	"Index to the President's Messages / & Accompanying Documents for / 1841, 2. Millard Fillmore." 61 p. See Roll List
	16.	<u>Subject Index to Acts on Tariffs, 1789-1840</u> 41 p. Compiled by Fillmore for his use as Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives. Indexes not only <u>United States Statutes</u> but also a few <u>House</u> and <u>Senate Documents and Reports</u> .
	17.	Miscellany. <u>ca.</u> 1833-73. See Roll List
	18.	"Scrap / Book." <u>ca.</u> 1832 - <u>ca.</u> 1836. 179 p. Backstrip-title. Fly-leaf reads "M. Fillmore / Nov. 30, 1834 / at Washington, D.C." A scrapbook kept by Fillmore, chiefly of newspaper clippings, chiefly on political matters. Most of the clippings are dated, and there is an index at beginning of the volume. "Scrap / Book." <u>ca.</u> 1839-49. 70 p. Fly-leaf reads "Millard Fillmore." A scrapbook kept by Fillmore, chiefly of newspaper clippings, chiefly on political matters. <u>Scrapbook</u> <u>ca.</u> 1849 - <u>ca.</u> 1862. 221 p. Fly-leaf reads "Millard Fillmore." A scrapbook kept by Fillmore, chiefly of newspaper clippings, chiefly on political matters. Most of the clippings are dated, and there is an occasional marginal annotation in Fillmore's hand. There is an index at beginning of the volume. "Scrap / Book." <u>ca.</u> 1856-74. 95 p. A scrapbook kept by Caroline Fillmore, Fillmore's second wife.
	19.	See Roll List.

Availability of the Microfilm Edition

The microfilm edition of the Millard Fillmore Papers described in this Guide is available in the complete 68-roll set, or in individual rolls. A copy of the Guide is included with the complete set, or may be purchased separately.

Inquiries concerning the purchase of the microfilm or the Guide should be addressed to:

Buffalo and Erie County Historical Society
25 Nottingham Court
Buffalo, New York 14216