National Agricultural Statistics Service Michigan Field Office
Michigan Department of Agriculture

# Michigan 2009-2010 Highlights 

## Introduction

The "Michigan 2009-2010 Highlights" contains a summary of information included in the complete "Michigan Agricultural Statistics 2009-2010" publication, which was published as the result of a collaborative partnership of the Michigan Department of Agriculture, Michigan State University, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture's National Agricultural Statistics Service. The entire publication can be viewed and printed from the internet. At www.nass.usda.gov, click on the Statistics by State dropdown to access the Michigan internet page. At the Michigan Publications dropdown, click on Annual Statistical Bulletin.

| Number of farms and land in farms, 2008-2009 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Item | Unit | 2008 | 2009 |
| Farms | 1,000 farms | 55.0 | 54.8 |
| Land in farms | Million acres | 10.0 | 10.0 |
| Average size of farms | Acres | 182 | 182 |


| Farm real estate: Values and cash rents, 2009-2010 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Item | Unit | 2009 | 2010 |
| Farm real estate average value per acre | Dollars | 3,750 | 3,650 |
| Cropland average value per acre | Dollars | 3,370 | 3,300 |
| Cropland average cash rent per acre | Dollars | 81 | 81 |

## Growing Season Weather Summary

## Dr. Jeff Andresen, Michigan State University

The 2009 growing season in Michigan was a major challenge to growers due to the combination of abnormally cool temperatures and several extended wet spells. Similar to the 2008 season, the 2009 growing season was preceded by a persistent high amplitude jet stream pattern characterized by large troughs across western and central North America set up just before Thanksgiving last fall and persisted into early March. Mean temperatures for the December through February winter months generally ranged from 25 degrees Fahrenheit (F.) below normal across the state. In terms of precipitation, winter totals generally ranged from near to slightly below normal levels across western sections of Upper Michigan to much above normal over large sections of the Lower Peninsula, where some areas received more than $200 \%$ of normal values. For the state as a whole, this past winter was among the wettest 10 percent of winters since 1895. Soil moisture levels at the beginning of April ranged from much above normal levels across southern and central sections of the state to drier than normal across some northern sections. Wetter and somewhat cooler than normal weather during April and early May led to significant delays in spring fieldwork and planting across the region. As of the 10th of May, when historically more than half the corn crop is usually planted, only $18 \%$ had been planted (USDA/NASS, 2009). An upper air pattern shift led to warmer temperatures and more seasonable conditions during late May.

During early June an upper air pattern set up across North America that would persist for much of the remainder of June and much of July. In addition to the cooler than normal temperatures, the northwesterly upper air
pattern also reduced the amount of Gulf of Mexico-origin moisture reaching the region. Precipitation totals for June and July generally fell too much below normal levels, with many western and northern sections of the state reporting less than $50 \%$ of normal rainfall. Following a cooler than normal June with mean temperatures generally from 0.5-2.5 degrees $F$. below normal. July mean temperatures across Michigan generally ranged from 3-6 degrees F . below normal, with an overall statewide mean only slightly warmer than the standing record set in 1992. Records for the coolest July on record were set at many individual sites across the Midwest. The cool weather slowed growth and development rates of almost all crops, and phenological development lagged more than two weeks behind historical averages by month's end.

Overall for the 5-month May-September period, precipitation totals ranged from much below normal levels across northern sections of the state (the fifth consecutive year in which this has occurred) to near normal in eastern sections of the state. Mean temperatures and seasonal growing degree day accumulations were well below the climatological normals, with seasonal base 50 F . growing degree day accumulations generally remaining from 100 to more than 400 units below normal. The greatest departures from normal were observed in the northern sections of the state. The combination of cool temperatures and persistent wet weather early in the season resulted in many crops lagging far behind normal phenological stages throughout the season, and to unusually high grain moisture levels and drying costs at the end of the season.

Top 20 Commodities in Cash Receipts, 2009


## Farm Income

Net farm income in 2009 fell 42 percent from last year to $\$ 1.14$ billion. That includes $\$ 180$ million of government payments. The total agriculture output was $\$ 6.67$ billion dollars, down 12 percent from 2008. Production expenses were $\$ 3.53$ billion in 2009 , down 4 percent from the previous year.

Preliminary cash receipts from 2009 marketings of Michigan crops, livestock and livestock products totaled $\$ 5.58$ billion, down 15 percent from 2008. Michigan ranked 19 nationally in total cash receipts.

Crop receipts, at $\$ 3.67$ billion, were down 9 percent from 2008. Livestock cash receipts were down 25 percent from a year earlier to $\$ 1.90$ billion.

In 2009, the top ten Michigan commodities ranked by cash receipts were milk, corn, soybeans, floriculture, cattle and calves, poultry and eggs, hogs, wheat, sugarbeets, and potatoes.

| Michigan commodities ranked first in U.S. agriculture, 2009 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Item | Unit | Quantity | Percent of U.S. |
|  |  | 1,000 | Percent |
| Beans, dry, black | Cwt | 1,770 | 58.8 |
| Beans, dry, cranberry | Cwt | 55 | 65.5 |
| Beans, dry, small red | Cwt | 404 | 57.5 |
| Blueberries | Pounds | 99,000 | 26.9 |
| Cherries, tart | Pounds | 266,000 | 74.1 |
| Cucumbers (for pickles) | Tons | 188.5 | 34.7 |
| Geraniums (seed and cuttings) | Pots | 20,103 | 33.0 |
| Grapes, Niagara | Tons | 27.5 | 43.2 |
| Impatiens | Flats | 1,947 | 24.5 |
| Petunias | Flats | 1,549 | 21.7 |
| Squash | Cwt | 1,365 | 18.9 |


| Cash receipts by commodity groups and selected commodities 2005-2009 ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|  | 1,000 dollars | 1,000 dollars | 1,000 dollars | 1,000 dollars | 1,000 dollars |
| Total cash receipts | 4,231,449 | 4,592,406 | 5,836,719 | 6,560,309 | 5,579,887 |
| Total livestock and products | 1,733,314 | 1,659,939 | 2,400,533 | 2,529,030 | 1,905,433 |
| Meat animals | 512,088 | 503,763 | 580,497 | 638,992 | 522,424 |
| Cattle and calves | 277,781 | 294,627 | 343,331 | 384,942 | 288,659 |
| Hogs | 229,852 | 205,669 | 233,132 | 249,776 | 229,612 |
| Sheep and lambs | 4,455 | 3,467 | 4,034 | 4,274 | 4,153 |
| Dairy (milk) | 1,035,650 | 942,970 | 1,497,200 | 1,485,696 | 1,063,960 |
| Poultry and eggs | 132,652 | 153,771 | 256,397 | 339,972 | 260,871 |
| Eggs | 61,870 | 73,097 | 155,371 | 211,524 | 149,883 |
| Turkeys | 63,825 | 69,654 | 88,210 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Other | 6,957 | 11,020 | 12,816 | 128,448 | 110,988 |
| Miscellaneous livestock | 52,924 | 59,435 | 66,439 | 64,370 | 58,178 |
| Honey | 4,155 | 4,554 | 5,484 | 7,464 | 5,980 |
| Mink pelts | 2,379 | 3,380 | 2,640 | 3,456 | 1,835 |
| Other | 46,390 | 51,501 | 58,315 | 53,450 | 50,363 |
| Total crops | 2,498,135 | 2,932,467 | 3,436,186 | 4,031,279 | 3,674,454 |
| Field crops | 1,226,995 | 1,529,157 | 1,946,259 | 2,556,645 | 2,261,629 |
| Corn | 371,784 | 577,864 | 802,910 | 1,162,856 | 971,846 |
| Dry beans | 75,979 | 75,431 | 97,168 | 140,245 | 115,479 |
| Hay | 87,008 | 82,352 | 61,809 | 95,946 | 85,833 |
| Soybeans | 432,343 | 470,922 | 624,176 | 704,165 | 719,912 |
| Sugarbeets | 111,387 | 135,774 | 125,532 | 171,732 | 145,992 |
| Wheat | 116,029 | 147,556 | 186,547 | 234,735 | 177,000 |
| Other | 32,465 | 39,258 | 48,117 | 46,966 | 45,567 |
| Vegetables | 331,030 | 373,674 | 386,547 | 441,280 | 455,522 |
| Asparagus | 12,006 | 14,866 | 16,092 | 18,516 | 16,553 |
| Beans, snap | 23,135 | 17,523 | 18,465 | 15,978 | 20,540 |
| Carrots | 18,666 | 18,249 | 14,988 | 18,746 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Celery | 10,493 | 19,920 | 12,334 | 14,705 | 14,898 |
| Corn, sweet | 16,000 | 16,830 | 14,652 | 16,991 | 23,624 |
| Cucumbers, fresh | 14,976 | 16,354 | 15,358 | 14,117 | 18,586 |
| Cucumbers, pickles | 26,611 | 33,492 | 42,665 | 41,602 | 49,010 |
| Onions | 8,128 | 9,073 | 12,310 | 9,885 | 12,939 |
| Peppers, green, fresh | 9,016 | 9,828 | 12,870 | 12,000 | 11,520 |
| Potatoes | 94,739 | 103,222 | 100,227 | 142,947 | 138,355 |
| Pumpkins | 9,048 | 9,405 | 8,556 | 15,283 | 10,318 |
| Squash | 16,337 | 14,459 | 13,538 | 12,144 | 11,739 |
| Tomatoes, fresh | 16,720 | 23,000 | 24,794 | 24,570 | 21,000 |
| Other | 55,155 | 67,453 | 79,698 | 83,796 | 106,440 |
| Fruit | 277,214 | 344,324 | 418,909 | 381,545 | 325,726 |
| Apples | 90,298 | 109,834 | 128,179 | 129,897 | 118,704 |
| Blueberries | 83,500 | 149,655 | 165,456 | 124,000 | 101,850 |
| Grapes | 21,518 | 9,242 | 28,044 | 27,197 | 27,586 |
| Peaches | 7,982 | 13,066 | 16,298 | 9,052 | 12,075 |
| Strawberries | 4,878 | 6,285 | 5,028 | 5,846 | 6,615 |
| Sweet cherries | 16,732 | 15,492 | 17,709 | 16,144 | 13,666 |
| Tart cherries | 47,555 | 34,697 | 50,905 | 63,030 | 37,981 |
| Other | 4,751 | 6,053 | 7,290 | 6,379 | 7,249 |
| Miscellaneous crops | 13,994 | 14,792 | 16,711 | 18,309 | 19,175 |
| Floriculture and nursery | 648,902 | 670,520 | 667,760 | 633,500 | 612,402 |

[^0]Crop acreage, production, price, and value, 2008-2009

| Crop | Unit | 2008 |  |  |  | 2009 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Harvested | Production | Price | Value of production | Harvested | Production | Price | Value of production |
|  |  | 1,000 acres | 1,000 | Dollars | Million dollars | 1,000 acres | 1,000 | Dollars | Million dollars |
| Field and misc. crops |  | 6,454 | NA | NA | 2,977.5 | 6,301 | NA | NA | 2,828.7 |
| Corn for grain | Bushels | 2,140 | 295,320 | 3.84 | 1,134.0 | 2,090 | 309,320 | 3.60 | 1,118.9 |
| All hay | Tons | 1,020 | 2,633 | 153.00 | 401.9 | 990 | 2,482 | 142.00 | 352.5 |
| Soybeans | Bushels | 1,890 | 69,930 | 9.82 | 686.7 | 1,990 | 79,600 | 9.40 | 748.2 |
| All dry beans | Cwt | 195 | 3,607 | 36.30 | 130.9 | 195 | 3,510 | 32.90 | 115.5 |
| All wheat | Bushels | 710 | 48,990 | 5.63 | 275.8 | 560 | 38,640 | 4.25 | 164.2 |
| All potatoes | Cwt | 42.5 | 14,875 | 10.10 | 150.2 | 43.5 | 15,660 | 10.50 | 164.4 |
| Sugarbeets | Tons | 136 | 3,903 | 44.00 | 171.7 | 136 | 3,318 | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Oats | Bushels | 60 | 3,960 | 3.40 | 13.5 | 55 | 3,465 | 2.25 | 7.8 |
| Barley | Bushels | 10 | 460 | 3.25 | 1.5 | 11 | 561 | 2.80 | 1.6 |
| Maple syrup ${ }^{2}$ | Gallons | 405 | 105 | 41.00 | 4.3 | 450 | 115 | 45.00 | 5.2 |
| Peppermint | Pounds | 0.8 | 36 | 28.00 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 36 | 18.00 | 0.6 |
| Spearmint | Pounds | 1.5 | 90 | 15.00 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 104 | 13.00 | 1.4 |
| Fruits and nuts |  | 109 | NA | NA | 365.3 | 110 | NA | NA | 333.9 |
| Vegetables |  | 105 | NA | NA | 239.2 | 107 | NA | NA | 256.5 |
| Principal crops |  | 6,668 | NA | NA | 3,582.1 | 6,518 | NA | NA | 3,419.1 |

The 2009 price and value will be published in "Crop Values" February 2011.
${ }^{2}$ Harvested taps.

| Fruit Summary, 2008-2009 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fruit | Bearing acres |  | Total production |  |
|  | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 |
| Apples | Acres | Acres | Million pounds | Million pounds |
|  | 37,000 | 38,000 | 590.0 | $1,150.0$ |
|  | 25,900 | 26,000 | 165.0 | 266.0 |
| Blueberries ${ }^{1}$ | 4,300 | 4,300 | 28.0 | 34.4 |
| ${\text { Strawberries }{ }^{1}}$ | 18,600 | 18,500 | 110.0 | 99.0 |
|  | 800 | 800 | 4.9 | 4.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Sweet cherries | Acres | Acres | Thousand tons | Thousand tons |
| Grapes | 7,200 | 7,000 | 26.5 | 28.7 |
| Pears | 14,200 | 14,200 | 73.7 | 96.5 |
| Plums | 800 | 800 | 2.9 | 4.2 |

${ }^{1}$ Harvested acres.

| Vegetable Summary, 2008-2009 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Harvested |  | Production |  |
|  | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 |
|  | Acres | Acres | 1,000 cwt | 1,000 cwt |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Beans, snap | 2,800 | 3,100 | 112 | 155 |
| Cabbage | 2,400 | 2,600 | 672 | 676 |
| Carrots | 2,300 | 2,200 | 667 | 594 |
| Celery ${ }^{1}$ | 1,800 | 1,900 | 945 | 1,055 |
| Corn, sweet | 8,500 | 9,100 | 723 | 1,001 |
| Cucumbers | 4,100 | 4,300 | 759 | 968 |
| Onions | 3,600 | 3,800 | 1,008 | 1,330 |
| Peppers, bell ${ }^{1}$ | 1,600 | 1,600 | 400 | 384 |
| Pumpkins ${ }^{1}$ | 6,800 | 6,700 | 986 | 737 |
| Squash ${ }^{1}$ | 6,600 | 6,500 | 1,320 | 1,365 |
| Tomatoes | 2,100 | 2,000 | 546 | 600 |
|  | Acres | Acres | Tons | Tons |
| Processing |  |  |  |  |
| Beans, snap | 15,000 | 16,500 | 54,750 | 65,180 |
| Carrots | 2,700 |  | 67,500 |  |
| Cucumbers | 30,500 | 32,500 | 189,100 | 188,500 |
| Tomatoes | 3,400 | 3,400 | 102,000 | 132,600 |

${ }^{1}$ Dual purpose crops. Processing included in fresh market.

## Honey

Michigan honey production for 2009 totaled 3.96 million pounds, down 24 percent from 2008. This estimate included honey from producers with 5 or more colonies. Nationally, Michigan ranked ninth in honey production in 2009, down from seventh in 2008. Yields from Michigan's 66,000 colonies producing honey averaged 60 pounds in 2009, compared with 73 pounds the previous year.

| Cattle inventory, January 1, 2009-2010 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Class | 2009 | 2010 |
|  | 1,000 head | 1,000 head |
| All cattle and calves | 1,070 | 1,100 |
| Cows | 445 | 450 |
| Beef | 92 | 96 |
| Milk | 353 | 354 |
| Replacement heifers | 225 | 235 |
| Beef | 27 | 27 |
| Milk | 148 | 158 |
| Other | 50 | 50 |
| Steers 500 pounds and over | 185 | 200 |
| Bulls 500 pounds and over | 15 | 15 |
| Calves under 500 pounds | 200 | 200 |
| Cattle on feed | 165 | 170 |

Hogs and pigs: Inventory, production, and value, 2008-2009

| Item | Unit | 2008 | 2009 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| December 1 inventory | 1,000 head | 1,030 | 1,080 |
| Production ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{2}$ | 1,000 pounds | 575,459 |
| Marketings ${ }^{2}$ | 1,000 pounds | 579,740 | 606,574 |
| Value of production | 1,000 dollars | 243,828 | 611,350 |
| A23,320 |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Adjustments made for changes in inventory and for inshipments.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes custom slaughter for use on farms and inter-farm sales within the state.

| Sheep inventory, January 1, 2009-2010 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Class | 2009 | 2010 |
|  | 1,000 head | 1,000 head |
| All sheep and lambs | 78 | 80 |
| Breeding sheep and lambs | 60 | 61 |
| Ewes | 47 | 46 |
| Rams | 3 | 3 |
| Replacement lambs | 10 | 12 |
| Total market sheep and lambs | 18 | 19 |
| Previous year's lamb crop | 65 | 65 |

## Trout

The value of all trout sold and distributed in Michigan was $\$ 933,000$ of trout in 2009. This was a $\$ 94,000$ decrease from last season.

Sales of trout 12 inches or longer were valued at $\$ 751,000$ for an average value of $\$ 2.21$ per pound.

Michigan Chicken and Egg Production and Value, 2008-2009 ${ }^{1}$

| Item | Unit | 2008 | 2009 | Percent change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eggs, all |  |  |  |  |
| Eggs, produced | Millions | 2,653 | 2,784 | 5 |
| Price/dozen | Dollars | 0.957 | 0.646 | -32 |
| Value of production | 1,000 dollars | 211,524 | 149,883 | -29 |
| Chickens |  |  |  |  |
| Birds lost | Thousands | 887 | 923 | 4 |
| Birds sold | Thousands | 2,423 | 3,090 | 28 |
| Pounds sold | Thousands | 7,996 | 10,197 | 28 |
| Price/pound | Dollars | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0 |
| Value of sales | 1,000 dollars | 8 | 10 | 25 |
| Total value | 1,000 dollars | 211,532 | 149,893 | -29 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes Turkey production and value. This information is suppressed due to disclosure.
Milk: Production, utilization, marketings, and value, 2008-2009

| Item | Unit | 2008 | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production |  |  |  |
| Total milk produced on farms | Million pounds | 7,763 | 7,968 |
| Milkfat produced | Million pounds | 282.6 | 289.2 |
| Milkfat | Percent | 3.64 | 3.63 |
| Utilization |  |  |  |
| Milk used where produced |  |  |  |
| Fed to calves | Million pounds | 23 | 26 |
| Used for milk, cream, and butter | Million pounds | 2 | 2 |
| Milk marketed by producers | Million pounds | 7,738 | 7,940 |
| Average return per 100 pounds of milk | Dollars | 19.20 | 13.40 |
| Average return per pound milkfat | Dollars | 5.27 | 3.69 |
| Fluid grade | Percent | 100 | 100 |
| Total cash receipts | 1,000 dollars | 1,485,696 | 1,063,960 |
| Value |  |  |  |
| Value of milk used where produced ${ }^{1}$ | 1,000 dollars | 4,800 | 3,752 |
| Total value of milk produced | 1,000 dollars | 1,490,496 | 1,067,712 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes value of milk fed to calves and milk used by farm households.

## Floriculture

Michigan maintained its third place national ranking in value of wholesale sales of floriculture products in 2009. Only California and Florida reported larger sales. Reports from Michigan's 651 commercial growers ( $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ or more in gross sales) showed an estimated wholesale value of $\$ 397.4$ million for all surveyed floriculture crops, up 1 percent from last year's figure

The leading crop category breakdowns for Michigan operations with more than $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ in sales were:

- Annual bedding/garden plants with $\$ 180$ million in sales.
- Propagative materials with $\$ 84$ million in sales.
- Herbaceous perennial plants with $\$ 70$ million in sales.
- Potted flowering plants with $\$ 31$ million in sales.

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[^0]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service.
    ${ }^{2}$ Not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

