

National Agricultural Statistics Service Michigan Field Office Michigan Department of Agriculture

# Michigan 2009-2010 Highlights



NR-10-76 David D. Kleweno, Director October 8, 2010

## Introduction

The "Michigan 2009-2010 Highlights" contains a summary of information included in the complete "Michigan Agricultural Statistics 2009-2010" publication, which was published as the result of a collaborative partnership of the Michigan Department of Agriculture, Michigan State University, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture's National Agricultural Statistics Service. The entire publication can be viewed and printed from the internet. At www.nass.usda.gov, click on the Statistics by State dropdown to access the Michigan internet page. At the Michigan Publications dropdown, click on Annual Statistical Bulletin.

#### Number of farms and land in farms, 2008-2009

Item	Unit	2008	2009
Farms Land in farms Average size of farms	1,000 farms	55.0	54.8
	Million acres	10.0	10.0
	Acres	182	182

### Farm real estate: Values and cash rents, 2009-2010

Item	Unit	2009	2010
Farm real estate average value per acre	Dollars	3,750	3,650
Cropland average value per acre	Dollars	3,370	3,300
Cropland average cash rent per acre	Dollars	81	81

## **Growing Season Weather Summary**

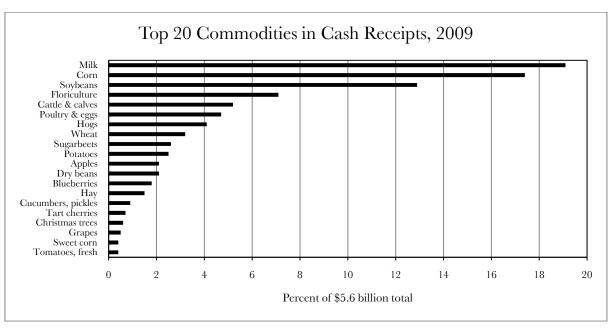
Dr. Jeff Andresen, Michigan State University

The 2009 growing season in Michigan was a major challenge to growers due to the combination of abnormally cool temperatures and several extended wet spells. Similar to the 2008 season, the 2009 growing season was preceded by a persistent high amplitude jet stream pattern characterized by large troughs across western and central North America set up just before Thanksgiving last fall and persisted into early March. Mean temperatures for the December through February winter months generally ranged from 2-5 degrees Fahrenheit (F.) below normal across the state. In terms of precipitation, winter totals generally ranged from near to slightly below normal levels across western sections of Upper Michigan to much above normal over large sections of the Lower Peninsula, where some areas received more than 200% of normal values. For the state as a whole, this past winter was among the wettest 10 percent of winters since 1895. Soil moisture levels at the beginning of April ranged from much above normal levels across southern and central sections of the state to drier than normal across some northern sections. Wetter and somewhat cooler than normal weather during April and early May led to significant delays in spring fieldwork and planting across the region. As of the 10th of May, when historically more than half the corn crop is usually planted, only 18% had been planted (USDA/NASS, 2009). An upper air pattern shift led to warmer temperatures and more seasonable conditions during late May.

During early June an upper air pattern set up across North America that would persist for much of the remainder of June and much of July. In addition to the cooler than normal temperatures, the northwesterly upper air

pattern also reduced the amount of Gulf of Mexico-origin moisture reaching the region. Precipitation totals for June and July generally fell too much below normal levels, with many western and northern sections of the state reporting less than 50% of normal rainfall. Following a cooler than normal June with mean temperatures generally from 0.5-2.5 degrees F. below normal. July mean temperatures across Michigan generally ranged from 3-6 degrees F. below normal, with an overall statewide mean only slightly warmer than the standing record set in 1992. Records for the coolest July on record were set at many individual sites across the Midwest. The cool weather slowed growth and development rates of almost all crops, and phenological development lagged more than two weeks behind historical averages by month's end.

Overall for the 5-month May-September period, precipitation totals ranged from much below normal levels across northern sections of the state (the fifth consecutive year in which this has occurred) to near normal in eastern sections of the state. Mean temperatures and seasonal growing degree day accumulations were well below the climatological normals, with seasonal base 50 F. growing degree day accumulations generally remaining from 100 to more than 400 units below normal. The greatest departures from normal were observed in the northern sections of the state. The combination of cool temperatures and persistent wet weather early in the season resulted in many crops lagging far behind normal phenological stages throughout the season, and to unusually high grain moisture levels and drying costs at the end of the season.



#### Farm Income

Net farm income in 2009 fell 42 percent from last year to \$1.14 billion. That includes \$180 million of government payments. The total agriculture output was \$6.67 billion dollars, down 12 percent from 2008. Production expenses were \$3.53 billion in 2009, down 4 percent from the previous year.

Preliminary cash receipts from 2009 marketings of Michigan crops, livestock and livestock products totaled \$5.58 billion, down 15 percent from 2008. Michigan ranked 19 nationally in total cash receipts.

Crop receipts, at \$3.67 billion, were down 9 percent from 2008. Livestock cash receipts were down 25 percent from a year earlier to \$1.90 billion

In 2009, the top ten Michigan commodities ranked by cash receipts were milk, corn, soybeans, floriculture, cattle and calves, poultry and eggs, hogs, wheat, sugarbeets, and potatoes.

# Michigan commodities ranked first in U.S. agriculture, 2009

Item	Unit	Quantity	Percent of U.S.	
		1,000	Percent	
Beans, dry, black	Cwt	1,770	58.8	
Beans, dry, cranberry	Cwt	55	65.5	
Beans, dry, small red	Cwt	404	57.5	
Blueberries	Pounds	99,000	26.9	
Cherries, tart	Pounds	266,000	74.1	
Cucumbers (for pickles)	Tons	188.5	34.7	
Geraniums (seed and cuttings)	Pots	20,103	33.0	
Grapes, Niagara	Tons	27.5	43.2	
Impatiens	Flats	1,947	24.5	
Petunias	Flats	1,549	21.7	
Squash	Cwt	1,365	18.9	

Cash receipts by commodity groups and selected commodities 2005-2009 1

(	Cash receipts by commodi	Cash receipts by commodity groups and selected commodities 2005-2009 <sup>1</sup>								
Item	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					
	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars					
Total cash receipts	4,231,449	4,592,406	5,836,719	6,560,309	5,579,887					
Total livestock and products	1,733,314	1,659,939	2,400,533	2,529,030	1,905,433					
Meat animals	512,088	503,763	580,497	638,992	522,424					
Cattle and calves	277,781	294,627	343,331	384,942	288,659					
Hogs	229,852	205,669	233,132	249,776	229,612					
Sheep and lambs	4,455	3,467	4,034	4,274	4,153					
Dairy (milk)	1,035,650	942,970	1,497,200	1,485,696	1,063,960					
Poultry and eggs	132,652	153,771	256,397	339,972	260,871					
Eggs	61,870	73,097	155,371	211,524	149,883					
Turkeys	63,825	69,654	88,210	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )					
Other	6,957	11,020	12,816	128,448	110,988					
Miscellaneous livestock	52,924	59,435	66,439	64,370	58,178					
Honey Mink pelts	4,155 2,379	4,554 3,380	5,484 2,640	7,464 3,456	5,980 1,835					
Other	46,390	51,501	58,315	53,450	50,363					
				·						
Total crops	2,498,135	2,932,467	3,436,186	4,031,279	3,674,454					
Field crops	1,226,995	1,529,157	1,946,259	2,556,645	2,261,629					
Corn	371,784	577,864	802,910	1,162,856	971,846					
Dry beans	75,979	75,431	97,168	140,245	115,479					
Hay	87,008	82,352	61,809	95,946	85,833					
Soybeans	432,343	470,922	624,176	704,165	719,912					
Sugarbeets	111,387	135,774	125,532	171,732	145,992					
Wheat	116,029	147,556	186,547	234,735	177,000					
Other	32,465	39,258	48,117	46,966	45,567					
Vegetables	331,030	373,674	386,547	441,280	455,522					
Asparagus	12,006	14,866	16,092	18,516	16,553					
Beans, snap	23,135	17,523	18,465	15,978	20,540					
Carrots	18,666	18,249	14,988	18,746	( <sup>2</sup> )					
Celery Corn, sweet	10,493 16,000	19,920	12,334	14,705 16,991	14,898 23,624					
Cucumbers, fresh	14,976	16,830 16,354	14,652 15,358	14,117	18,586					
Cucumbers, riesh	26,611	33,492	42,665	41,602	49.010					
Onions	8,128	9,073	12,310	9,885	12,939					
Peppers, green, fresh	9,016	9,828	12,870	12,000	11,520					
Potatoes	94,739	103,222	100,227	142,947	138,355					
Pumpkins	9,048	9,405	8,556	15,283	10,318					
Squash	16,337	14,459	13,538	12,144	11,739					
Tomatoes, fresh	16,720	23,000	24,794	24,570	21,000					
Other	55,155	67,453	79,698	83,796	106,440					
Fruit	277,214	344,324	418,909	381,545	325,726					
Apples	90,298	109,834	128,179	129,897	118,704					
Blueberries	83,500	149,655	165,456	124,000	101,850					
Grapes	21,518	9,242	28,044	27,197	27,586					
Peaches	7,982	13,066	16,298	9,052	12,075					
Strawberries Sweet cherries	4,878 16,732	6,285 15,492	5,028 17,709	5,846 16,144	6,615					
Tart cherries	47,555	15,492 34,697	50,905	63,030	13,666 37,981					
Other	4,751	6,053	7,290	6,379	7,249					
Miscellaneous crops	13,994	14,792	16,711	18,309	19,175					
Floriculture and nursery	648,902	670,520	667,760	633,500	612,402					
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

# Crop acreage, production, price, and value, 2008-2009

			20	008			20	009	
Crop	Unit	Harvested	Production	Price	Value of production	Harvested	Production	Price	Value of production
		1,000 acres	1,000	Dollars	Million dollars	1,000 acres	1,000	Dollars	Million dollars
Field and misc. crops		6,454	NA	NA	2,977.5	6,301	NA	NA	2,828.7
Corn for grain	Bushels	2,140	295,320	3.84	1,134.0	2,090	309,320	3.60	1,118.9
All hay	Tons	1,020	2,633	153.00	401.9	990	2,482	142.00	352.5
Soybeans	Bushels	1,890	69,930	9.82	686.7	1,990	79,600	9.40	748.2
All dry beans	Cwt	195	3,607	36.30	130.9	195	3,510	32.90	115.5
All wheat	Bushels	710	48,990	5.63	275.8	560	38,640	4.25	164.2
All potatoes	Cwt	42.5	14,875	10.10	150.2	43.5	15,660	10.50	164.4
Sugarbeets	Tons	136	3,903	44.00	171.7	136	3,318	(1)	(1)
Oats	Bushels	60	3,960	3.40	13.5	55	3,465	2.25	7.8
Barley	Bushels	10	460	3.25	1.5	11	561	2.80	1.6
Maple syrup <sup>2</sup>	Gallons	405	105	41.00	4.3	450	115	45.00	5.2
Peppermint	Pounds	0.8	36	28.00	1.0	0.6	36	18.00	0.6
Spearmint	Pounds	1.5	90	15.00	1.4	1.6	104	13.00	1.4
Fruits and nuts		109	NA	NA	365.3	110	NA	NA	333.9
Vegetables		105	NA	NA	239.2	107	NA	NA	256.5
Principal crops		6,668	NA	NA	3,582.1	6,518	NA	NA	3,419.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The 2009 price and value will be published in "Crop Values" February 2011.

#### Fruit Summary, 2008-2009

Fruit	Bearing	g acres	Total production		
rtuit	2008	2008 2009		2009	
	Acres	Acres	Million pounds	Million pounds	
Apples	37,000	38,000	590.0	1,150.0	
Tart cherries	25,900	26,000	165.0	266.0	
Peaches	4,300	4,300	28.0	34.4	
Blueberries 1	18,600	18,500	110.0	99.0	
Strawberries 1	800	800	4.9	4.6	
	Acres	Acres	Thousand tons	Thousand tons	
Sweet cherries	7,200	7,000	26.5	28.7	
Grapes	14,200	14,200	73.7	96.5	
Pears	800	800	2.9	4.2	
Plums	650	600	2.3	2.9	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Harvested acres.

# Vegetable Summary, 2008-2009

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Itam	Harve	ested	Production				
Item	2008	2009	2008	2009			
	Acres	Acres	1,000 cwt	1,000 cwt			
Fresh market							
Asparagus <sup>1</sup>	11,200	10,700	258	235			
Beans, snap	2,800	3,100	112	155			
Cabbage	2,400	2,600	672	676			
Carrots	2,300	2,200	667	594			
Celery <sup>1</sup>	1,800	1,900	945	1,055			
Corn, sweet	8,500	9,100	723	1,001			
Cucumbers	4,100	4,300	759	968			
Onions	3,600	3,800	1,008	1,330			
Peppers, bell 1	1,600	1,600	400	384			
Pumpkins <sup>1</sup>	6,800	6,700	986	737			
Squash <sup>1</sup>	6,600	6,500	1,320	1,365			
Tomatoes	2,100	2,000	546	600			
	Acres	Acres	Tons	Tons			
Processing							
Beans, snap	15,000	16,500	54,750	65,180			
Carrots	2,700		67,500				
Cucumbers	30,500	32,500	189,100	188,500			
Tomatoes	3,400	3,400	102,000	132,600			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dual purpose crops. Processing included in fresh market.

#### Honey

Michigan honey production for 2009 totaled 3.96 million pounds, down 24 percent from 2008. This estimate included honey from producers with 5 or more colonies. Nationally, Michigan ranked ninth in honey production in 2009, down from seventh in 2008. Yields from Michigan's 66,000 colonies producing honey averaged 60 pounds in 2009, compared with 73 pounds the previous year.

#### Cattle inventory, January 1, 2009-2010

Class	2009	2010	
	1,000 head	1,000 head	
All cattle and calves	1,070	1,100	
Cows	445	450	
Beef	92	96	
Milk	353	354	
Replacement heifers	225	235	
Beef	27	27	
Milk	148	158	
Other	50	50	
Steers 500 pounds and over	185	200	
Bulls 500 pounds and over	15	15	
Calves under 500 pounds	200	200	
Cattle on feed	165	170	

# Hogs and pigs: Inventory, production, and value, 2008-2009

Item	Unit	2008	2009
December 1 inventory	1,000 head	1,030	1,080
Production 1	1,000 pounds	575,459	606,574
Marketings <sup>2</sup>	1,000 pounds	579,740	611,350
Value of production	1,000 dollars	243,828	223,320

# Sheep inventory, January 1, 2009-2010

Class	2009	2010
	1,000 head	1,000 head
All sheep and lambs	78	80
Breeding sheep and lambs	60	61
Ewes	47	46
Rams	3	3
Replacement lambs	10	12
Total market sheep and lambs	18	19
Previous year's lamb crop	65	65

## Trout

The value of all trout sold and distributed in Michigan was \$933,000 of trout in 2009. This was a \$94,000 decrease from last season.

Sales of trout 12 inches or longer were valued at \$751,000 for an average value of \$2.21 per pound.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Harvested taps.

Adjustments made for changes in inventory and for inshipments.
 Excludes custom slaughter for use on farms and inter-farm sales within the state.

Michigan Chicken and Egg Production and Value, 2008-2009  $^{\rm 1}$ 

Item	Unit	2008	2009	Percent change
Eggs, all Eggs, produced Price/dozen Value of production	Millions	2,653	2,784	5
	Dollars	0.957	0.646	-32
	1,000 dollars	211,524	149,883	-29
Chickens Birds lost Birds sold Pounds sold Price/pound Value of sales	Thousands	887	923	4
	Thousands	2,423	3,090	28
	Thousands	7,996	10,197	28
	Dollars	0.001	0.001	0
	1,000 dollars	8	10	25
Total value	1,000 dollars	211,532	149,893	-29

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes Turkey production and value. This information is suppressed due to disclosure.

Milk: Production, utilization, marketings, and value, 2008-2009

Item	Unit	2008	2009
Production			
Total milk produced on farms	Million pounds	7,763	7,968
Milkfat produced	Million pounds	282.6	289.2
Milkfat	Percent	3.64	3.63
Utilization			
Milk used where produced			
Fed to calves	Million pounds	23	26
Used for milk, cream, and butter	Million pounds	2	2
Milk marketed by producers	Million pounds	7,738	7,940
Average return per 100 pounds of milk	Dollars	19.20	13.40
Average return per pound milkfat	Dollars	5.27	3.69
Fluid grade	Percent	100	100
Total cash receipts	1,000 dollars	1,485,696	1,063,960
Value			
Value of milk used where produced <sup>1</sup>	1,000 dollars	4,800	3,752
Total value of milk produced	1,000 dollars	1,490,496	1,067,712

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes value of milk fed to calves and milk used by farm households.

## Floriculture

Michigan maintained its third place national ranking in value of wholesale sales of floriculture products in 2009. Only California and Florida reported larger sales. Reports from Michigan's 651 commercial growers (\$10K or more in gross sales) showed an estimated wholesale value of \$397.4 million for all surveyed floriculture crops, up 1 percent from last year's figure

The leading crop category breakdowns for Michigan operations with more than \$10K in sales were:

- Annual bedding/garden plants with \$180 million in sales.
- Propagative materials with \$84 million in sales.
- Herbaceous perennial plants with \$70 million in sales.
- Potted flowering plants with \$31 million in sales.

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