Portugal

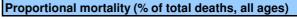
2010 total population: 10 675 572

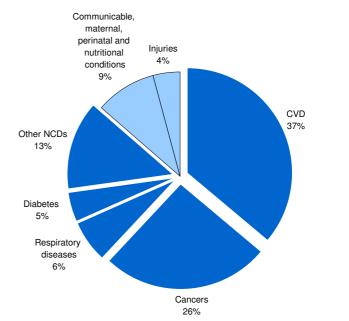
Income group: High

NCD mortality		
2008 estimates	males	females
Total NCD deaths (000s)	45.4	43.4
NCD deaths under age 60 (percent of all NCD deaths)	15.7	8.1
Age-standardized death rate per 100 000		
Age-standardized death rate per 100 000		
All NCDs	483.4	276.4
Cancers	182.1	89.3
Chronic respiratory diseases	34.8	15.1
Cardiovascular diseases and diabetes	184.5	125.3

Behavioural risk factors			
2008 estimated prevalence (%)	males	females	total
Current daily tobacco smoking	27.0	10.7	18.5
Physical inactivity	50.0	57.5	53.9

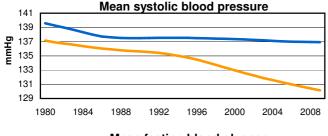
Metabolic risk factors			
2008 estimated prevalence (%)	males	females	total
Raised blood pressure	50.4	45.7	47.9
Raised blood glucose	8.3	7.5	7.9
Overweight	61.8	56.6	59.1
Obesity	21.6	26.3	24.0
Raised cholesterol	58.0	58.2	58.1

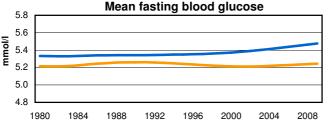


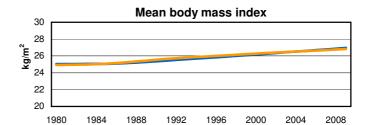


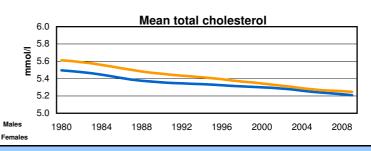
NCDs are estimated to account for 86% of all deaths.

Metabolic risk factor trends









Country capacity to address and respond to NCDs

Has a Unit / Branch / Dept in MOH with responsibility for NCDs

There is funding available for:

NCD treatment and control

NCD prevention and health promotion

NCD surveillance, monitoring and evaluation

Yes

National health reporting system includes:

NCD cause-specific mortality

NCD morbidity

NCD risk factors

NR

NR

NR

Has an integrated or topic-specific policy / programme / action plan which is currently operational for:

Cardiovascular diseases	Yes
Cancer	Yes
Chronic respiratory diseases	NR
Diabetes	NR
Alcohol	NR
Unhealthy diet / Overweight / Obesity	Yes
Physical inactivity	NR
Tobacco	NR

Number of tobacco (m)POWER measures implemented at the highest level of achievement

NR = Country replied to survey but did not give a response to specific question

Has a national, population-based cancer registry