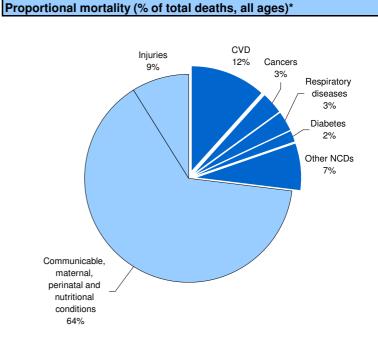
Zambia

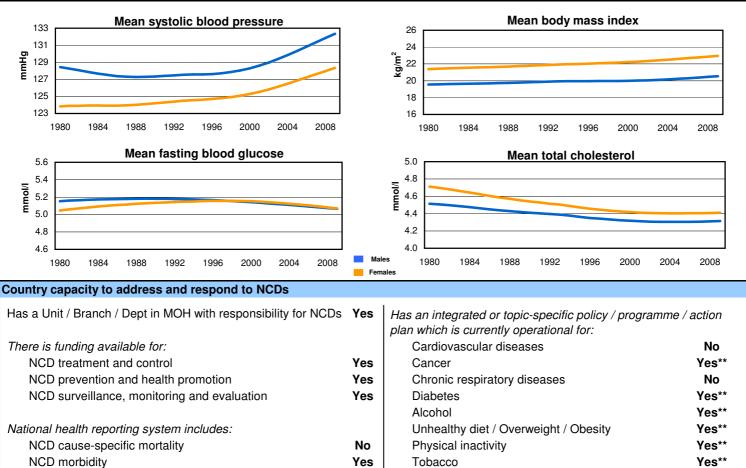
2010 total population: 13 088 570 Income group: Low

NCD mortality*				
2008 estimates		males	females	
Total NCD deaths (000s)		28.2	24.3	
NCD deaths under age 60		49.5	43.9	
(percent of all NCD deaths)		10.0	10.0	
Age-standardized death rate per 100 000				
All NCDs		1075.2	808.2	
Cancers		105.3	108.3	
Chronic respiratory diseases		159.4	74.6	
Cardiovascular diseases and diabetes		562.8	472.5	
Behavioural risk factors				
2008 estimated prevalence (%)	males	females	total	
Current daily tobacco smoking	18.3	2.1	10.1	
Physical inactivity	13.3	17.7	15.5	
Match alia viak faatava				
Metabolic risk factors				
2008 estimated prevalence (%)	males	females	total	
Raised blood pressure	41.3	39.0	40.1	
Raised blood glucose	5.7	6.4	6.1	
Overweight	7.7	23.6	15.7	
Obesity	1.0	6.2	3.6	
Raised cholesterol	25.5	26.9	26.2	



NCDs are estimated to account for 27% of all deaths.

Metabolic risk factor trends



Voc

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Yes	Number of tobacco (m)POWER measures implemented at the highest level of achievement	0/5

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data. The estimates are based on a combination of country life tables cause of death models, regional cause of death patterns, and WHO and UNAIDS program estimates

** = covered by integrated policy/programme/action plan

for some major causes of death (not including NCDs).

Has a national, population-based cancer registry

NCD risk factors