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## IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Inc
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Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group
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Emergency telephone number: Emergency telephone number:

**Material Name: Lithium Carbonate Tablets** 

Trade Name: Lithane Chemical Family: Mixture

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used for manic episodes

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Hazardous**

Ingredient	CAS Number	<b>EU EINECS List</b>	%
Lithium Carbonate	554-13-2	209-062-5	150/300 mg ***
Sodium Lauryl Sulfate	151-21-3	205-788-1	*
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	236-675-5	*
Silicon dioxide, NF	7631-86-9	231-545-4	*

Ingredient	CAS Number	<b>EU EINECS List</b>	%
Gelatin	9000-70-8	232-554-6	*
FD&C Green No. 3	2353-45-9	219-091-5	*
D & C yellow No. 10	8004-92-0	Not listed	*
FD&C yellow No.6 aluminum lake	15790-07-5	239-888-1	*

Additional Information: \* Proprietary

\*\*\* per tablet/capsule/lozenge/suppository

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: Light-green round tablet

Signal Word: DANGER

Statement of Hazard: Harmful if swallowed.

May damage the unborn child.

**Additional Hazard Information:** 

Long Term: Repeat-dose studies in animals have shown a potential to cause adverse effects on kidneys.

Known Clinical Effects: Clinical use of this drug has caused nausea, diarrhea, vertigo, muscle weakness frequent

urination, skin effects clumsy motion of limbs/trunk (ataxia), ringing of the ears, blurred vision,

drowsiness, toxic psychosis seizure, electrolyte imbalance, coma.

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EU Indication of danger: Harmful

Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2

**EU Hazard Symbols:** 



**EU Risk Phrases:** 

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

**Note:** This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the active substance or its intermediates regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your

workplace.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Flush with water for 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Remove clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If irritation occurs or persists,

get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not applicable

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

**Measures for Cleaning / Collecting:** Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

**Measures for Environmental** 

**Protections:** 

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency

situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with

eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid generating airborne dust. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage Conditions:** Store as directed by product packaging.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Titanium dioxide

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 15 mg/m³ TWA total ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Silicon dioxide, NF

OSHA - Final PELs - Table Z-3 Mineral D: (80)/(% SiO2) mg/m³ TWA

= 20 mppcf TWA

Australia TWA =  $2 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ 

The exposure limit(s) listed for solid components are only relevant if dust may be generated.

The purpose of the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) classification system is to separate substances into different Hazard categories when the available data are sufficient to do so, but inadequate to establish an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL). The OEB given is based upon an analysis of all currently available data; as such, this value may be subject to revision when new information becomes available.

**Lithium Carbonate** 

Pfizer Occupational Exposure OEB3 (control exposure to the range of >10ug/m³ to < 100ug/m³)

Band (OEB):

Engineering Controls: Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. Use process

containment, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels

within the OEB range.

**Personal Protective Equipment:** 

**Hands:** Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective gloves when working with

large quantities.

Eyes: Not required under normal conditions of use. Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is

possible.

**Skin:** Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective clothing when working with

large quantities.

**Respiratory protection:** None required under normal conditions of use. If airborne exposures are within or exceed the

Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) range, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection

factor sufficient to control exposures to the bottom of the OEB range.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State:TabletColor:Light greenMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:StableConditions to Avoid:None known

**Incompatible Materials:** As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**General Information:** The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

### Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

**Lithium Carbonate** 

Rat Oral LD50 525 Mouse Oral LD50 531 Rat Intravenous LD50 241

Silicon dioxide, NF

Rat Oral LD50 10 g/kg

**Sodium Lauryl Sulfate** 

Rat Oral LD 50 1288 mg/kg

Rat Intraperitoneal LD 50 210 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide

Rat Oral LD50 > 7500 mg/kg Rat Subcutaneous LD 50 50 mg/kg

D & C yellow No. 10

Rat Oral LD50 2000 mg/kg

**Acute Toxicity Comments:** A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

### Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

**Lithium Carbonate** 

60 Day(s) Rat Intraperitoneal 10 mg/kg/day LOEL Kidney

**Sodium Lauryl Sulfate** 

3 Day(s) Rat Oral 75 mg/kg LOAEL Liver, Blood

## Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

**Lithium Carbonate** 

Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse Oral 300 mg/kg/day LOEL Teratogenic

Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Oral 50 mg/kg/day NOEL Fetotoxicity, Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse Oral 3.2 mg/kg/day NOEL Teratogenic, Fetotoxicity

Carcinogen Status: See below

Silicon dioxide, NF

IARC: Group 3

Titanium dioxide

IARC: Group 2B

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OSHA: Present

FD&C Green No. 3

IARC: Group 3

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental Overview:** Environmental properties have not been investigated. Releases to the environment should be

avoided.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal Procedures:** Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol:

EU Indication of danger: Harmful

Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2

**EU Risk Phrases:** 

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

**EU Safety Phrases:** 

S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

**OSHA Label:** 

**DANGER** 

Harmful if swallowed.

May damage the unborn child.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A

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**Lithium Carbonate** 

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting = 1.0 % de minimis concentration

California Proposition 65 developmental toxicity, initial date 1/1/91

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)PresentAustralia (AICS):PresentStandard for the Uniform SchedulingSchedule 2for Drugs and Poisons:Schedule 4EU EINECS List209-062-5

Gelatin

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

XU

Present
232-554-6

**Sodium Lauryl Sulfate** 

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS List

205-788-1

Titanium dioxide

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Fresent

EU EINECS List

236-675-5

FD&C Green No. 3

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

Present
219-091-5

Silicon dioxide, NF

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

Present
231-545-4

D & C yellow No. 10

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Present Australia (AICS): Present

FD&C yellow No.6 aluminum lake

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS List

239-888-1

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 3 - Hazard Identification. Updated Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal

Protection. Updated Section 11 - Toxicology Information. Updated Section 13 - Disposal

Considerations.

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**Prepared by:**Toxicology and Hazard Communication
Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**