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IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

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Emergency telephone number: Emergency telephone number:

Material Name: Oxaprozin Potassium Tablets

Trade Name: Daypro Alta (TM)

Chemical Family: Mixture

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used as non-steroidal, anti-inflammatory drug (nsaid)

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Oxaprozin Potassium	174064-08-5	Not listed	600 mg ***
Microcrystalline cellulose	9004-34-6	232-674-9	*
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	236-675-5	*
Colloidal silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	231-545-4	*
Corn Starch	9005-25-8	232-679-6	*

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Hypromellose	9004-65-3	Not listed	*
FD&C Blue no. 1 aluminum lake	68921-42-6	272-939-6	*
Polyethylene glycol	25322-68-3	Not listed	*
Stearic acid	57-11-4	200-313-4	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary

*** per tablet/capsule/lozenge/suppository

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance:Blue tabletsSignal Word:WARNING

Statement of Hazard: May cause damage to gastrointestinal system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Additional Hazard Information:

Short Term: May cause mild eye irritation. May cause slight skin irritation. (based on components).

Accidental ingestion may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use.

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Known Clinical Effects: Ingestion of this material may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use including

serious gastrointestinal toxicity such as bleeding, ulceration, and perforation and kidney toxicity. Individuals sensitive to this material or other materials in its chemical class may develop allergic reactions. Clinical use has resulted in liver effects. Symptoms may include jaundice, liver function test abnormalities, and hepatitis. Other nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory

drugs (NSAIDs) are known to impact delivery, late fetal development, and lactation.

EU Indication of danger: Dangerous for the Environment

EU Hazard Symbols:



EU Risk Phrases:

R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the active substance or its intermediates regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your

workplace.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. If irritation occurs or persists, get

medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash exposed area with soap and water, remove contaminated clothing and obtain medical

assistance if irritation occurs.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Emits toxic fumes of carbon monoxide and oxides of nitrogen.

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not applicable

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

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Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental

Protections:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency

situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with

eyes, skin, and clothing.

Storage Conditions: Store as directed by product packaging.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Microcrystalline cellulose

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: $= 15 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ total

= 5 mg/m³ TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) **Australia TWA** $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Titanium dioxide

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: $= 15 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ total

 $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ **ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)** Australia TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Colloidal silicon dioxide

OSHA - Final PELs - Table Z-3 Mineral D: (80)/(% SiO2) mg/m3 TWA

= 20 mppcf TWA **Australia TWA** $= 2 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Corn Starch

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: $= 15 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ total

 $= 5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ **ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)** $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ **Australia TWA** $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

The exposure limit(s) listed for solid components are only relevant if dust may be generated.

The purpose of the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) classification system is to separate substances into different Hazard categories when the available data are sufficient to do so, but inadequate to establish an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL). The OEB given is based upon an analysis of all currently available data: as such, this value may be subject to revision when new information becomes available.

Oxaprozin Potassium

Pfizer Occupational Exposure OEB2 (control exposure to the range of >100ug/m³ to < 1000ug/m³)

Band (OEB):

Engineering Controls: Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. Use process

containment, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels

within the OEB range.

Personal Protective Equipment:

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Hands: Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective gloves when working with

large quantities.

Eyes: Not required under normal conditions of use. Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is

possible.

Skin: Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective clothing when working with

large quantities.

Respiratory protection: None required under normal conditions of use. If airborne exposures are within or exceed the

Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) range, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection

factor sufficient to control exposures to the bottom of the OEB range.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State:TabletsColor:BlueMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable at normal conditions

Conditions to Avoid: None known

Incompatible Materials: As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information: The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of various forms of the

active ingredient The remaining information describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Hypromellose

Rat Oral LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide

Rat Oral LD50 > 7500 mg/kg Rat Subcutaneous LD 50 50 mg/kg

Stearic acid

Rat Oral LD50 > 4640 mg/kg Rabbit Dermal LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Oxaprozin

Rat Oral LD 50 4470 mg/kg Rat Inhalation LC 50 >307 mg/m³

Microcrystalline cellulose

Rat Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

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Polyethylene glycol

Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild

Stearic acid

Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild

Oxaprozin

Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild

Skin Sensitization - LLNA Guinea Pig Negative

Microcrystalline cellulose

Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Oxaprozin

6 Month(s) Rat Oral 157 mg/kg/day NOEL

1 Year(s) Non-human Primate Oral 54 mg/kg/day NOEL

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Oxaprozin

Reproductive & Fertility Oral 400 mg/kg/day LOAEL Fetotoxicity Embryo / Fetal Development Oral 500 mg/kg/day NOEL Not Teratogenic Rat Embryo / Fetal Development Oral 30 mg/kg/day LOAEL Teratogenic Rabbit

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Oxaprozin

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

Carcinogen Status: See below

Titanium dioxide

IARC: Group 2B OSHA: Present

Colloidal silicon dioxide

IARC: Group 3

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Oxaprozin

Rainbow Trout OECD NOEC 96 Hours 31.3 mg/L

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Hyallela azteca OECD LC-50 96 Hours 137.2 mg/L

Daphnia OECD NOEC 48 Hours 12 mg/L Daphnia OECD EC-50 48 Hours 19.2 mg/L

Selenastrum capricornutum EC-50 48-72 Hours 8.8 mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Procedures: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol: N

EU Indication of danger: Dangerous for the Environment

EU Risk Phrases:

R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

EU Safety Phrases:

S61 - Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

OSHA Label:

WARNING

May cause damage to gastrointestinal system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B



Microcrystalline cellulose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

XU

Present
232-674-9

Hypromellose

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Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) XU Present Australia (AICS): Standard for the Uniform Scheduling Schedule 4

for Drugs and Poisons:

Titanium dioxide

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Present Australia (AICS): Present **EU EINECS List** 236-675-5

FD&C Blue no. 1 aluminum lake

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Present Australia (AICS): Present **EU EINECS List** 272-939-6

Polyethylene glycol

ΧU Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Australia (AICS): Present

Colloidal silicon dioxide

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Present Australia (AICS): Present **EU EINECS List** 231-545-4

Corn Starch

XU Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Australia (AICS): Present **EU EINECS List** 232-679-6

Stearic acid

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Present Australia (AICS): Present **EU EINECS List** 200-313-4

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 2 - Composition / Information on Ingredients. Updated Section 3 - Hazard

Identification. Updated Section 11 - Toxicology Information.

Prepared by: Toxicology and Hazard Communication

Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

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End of Safety Data Sheet