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## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Inc
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Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group
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Emergency telephone number: Emergency telephone number:

**Material Name: Famotidine tablets** 

Trade Name: Pepcid F/C Chemical Family: Mixture

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used for gastrointestinal disorders.

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### **Hazardous**

Ingredient	CAS Number	<b>EU EINECS List</b>	%
Famotidine	76824-35-6	Not listed	10 mg***
Microcrystalline cellulose	9004-34-6	232-674-9	*
Starch	9005-25-8	232-679-6	*
Talc (non-asbestiform)	14807-96-6	238-877-9	*
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	236-675-5	*
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	209-150-3	*
Ferric oxide red	1309-37-1	215-168-2	*

Ingredient	CAS Number	<b>EU EINECS List</b>	%
Hydroxypropyl cellulose	9004-64-2	Not listed	*
Hypromellose	9004-65-3	Not listed	*

Additional Information: \* Proprietary

\*\*\* per tablet/capsule/lozenge/suppository

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance:Pink tabletSignal Word:None required

**Statement of Hazard:** May cause harm to breastfed babies.

**Additional Hazard Information:** 

**Short Term:** Not acutely toxic; Not an eye irritant; Not a skin irritant (based on components).

Known Clinical Effects: Adverse effects most commonly reported in clinical use include headache, gastrointestinal

disturbances, dizziness. Occasional, transient changes reported in liver function tests, but no liver damage seen. Individuals sensitive to this material or other materials in its chemical class

may develop allergic reactions. Secreted in human breast milk.

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EU Indication of danger: EU Hazard Symbols:

Not classified

EU Risk Phrases:

R64 - May cause harm to breastfed babies.

**Note:** This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the active substance or its intermediates regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your

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workplace.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention

immediately.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek

medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire.

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not applicable

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

**Measures for Environmental** 

**Protections:** 

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

**Additional Consideration for Large** 

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**General Handling:** If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with

eyes, skin, and clothing.

**Storage Conditions:** Store at controlled room temperature. Protect from moisture.

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Storage Temperature: <30°C

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Microcrystalline cellulose

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 15 mg/m³ TWA total

 $= 5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$  **ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)**  $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$  **Australia TWA**  $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ 

Starch

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 15 mg/m³ TWA total = 5 mg/m³ TWA

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Talc (non-asbestiform)

OSHA - Final PELs - Table Z-3 Mineral D: = 20 mppcf TWA

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

**Australia TWA** = 2.5 mg/m³ TWA containing no asbestos fibers

Titanium dioxide

**OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:** = 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA total

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Magnesium stearate

**ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)** = 10 mg/m³ TWA except stearates of toxic metals

Australia TWA =  $10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ 

Ferric oxide red

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 10 mg/m³ TWA
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 5 mg/m³ TWA
Australia TWA = 5 mg/m³ TWA

The exposure limit(s) listed for solid components are only relevant if dust may be generated.

**Engineering Controls:** Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures.

**Personal Protective Equipment:** 

**Hands:** Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective gloves when working with

large quantities.

**Eyes:** Not required under normal conditions of use. Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is

possible.

Skin: Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective clothing when working with

large quantities.

Respiratory protection: Not required for the normal use of this product. If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit

(OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control

exposures to below the OEL.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

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Physical State:TabletColor:PinkMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: None known Incompatible Materials: None identified

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**General Information:** The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

### Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Magnesium stearate

Rat Oral LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat Inhalation LC50 > 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Microcrystalline cellulose

Rat Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Starch

Mouse IP LD50 6600 mg/kg

Talc (non-asbestiform)

Rat Oral LD50 > 1600 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide

Rat Oral LD50 > 7500 mg/kg Rat Subcutaneous LD 50 50 mg/kg

**Famotidine** 

Rat Oral LD50 4049 mg/kg Intravenous LD50 254 mg/kg Rat Rat Intraperitoneal LD50 800 mg/kg 4686 mg/kg Mouse Oral LD50 Mouse Intravenous LD50 254 mg/kg

Hypromellose

Rat Oral LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

## <u>Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)</u>

#### Microcrystalline cellulose

Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

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### Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

**Famotidine** 

Reproductive & Fertility Rat Intravenous 200 mg/kg/day NOAEL Fertility

Reproductive & Fertility Rat Oral 2000 mg/kg/day NOAEL Fertility

Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Intravenous 200 mg/kg/day LOAEL Maternal Toxicity, Fetotoxicity

Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 500 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Oral 2000 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic

### Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

**Famotidine** 

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella , E. coli Negative with activation

In Vivo Micronucleus Mouse Negative

In Vivo Chromosome Aberration Mouse Negative

#### Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

**Famotidine** 

92 Week(s) Mouse Oral 2000 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic 106 Week(s) Rat Oral 2000 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic

Carcinogen Status: See below

Ferric oxide red

IARC: Group 3

Talc (non-asbestiform)

IARC: Group 3

Titanium dioxide

IARC: Group 2B OSHA: Present

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental Overview:** Environmental properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Releases to the environment

should be avoided.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal Procedures:** Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

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# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**EU Indication of danger:** Not classified

**EU Risk Phrases:** 

R64 - May cause harm to breastfed babies.

#### **OSHA Label:**

None required

May cause harm to breastfed babies.

#### Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

#### WHMIS hazard class:

None required

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# **Famotidine**

Australia (AICS): Present
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling Schedule 2
for Drugs and Poisons: Schedule 4

Microcrystalline cellulose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

XU

Present
232-674-9

Starch

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

XU

Present
232-679-6

Talc (non-asbestiform)

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS List

238-877-9

Titanium dioxide

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)PresentAustralia (AICS):PresentEU EINECS List236-675-5

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Hydroxypropyl cellulose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) XU
Australia (AICS): Present

Hypromellose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling

XU

Present

Schedule 4

for Drugs and Poisons:

Magnesium stearate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

Present
209-150-3

Ferric oxide red

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)PresentAustralia (AICS):PresentEU EINECS List215-168-2

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Reasons for Revision:** Updated Section 2 - Composition / Information on Ingredients. Updated Section 5 - Fire

Fighting Measures. Updated Section 7 - Handling and Storage. Updated Section 8 - Exposure

Controls / Personal Protection. Updated Section 11 - Toxicology Information.

Prepared by: Toxicology and Hazard Communication

Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**