## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA







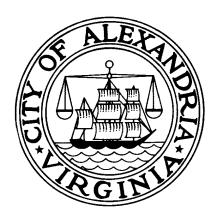


# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009



## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2008 TO JUNE 30, 2009



Alexandria City Council William D. Euille, Mayor Kerry Donley Vice-Mayor Redella S. Pepper Rob Krupicka Paul C. Smedberg Frank H. Fannon IV Alicia R. Hughes

City Manager	James K. Hartmann
Chief Financial Officer	
Director of Finance	
Director of Real Estate Assessments	
City Attorney	,
City Clerk and Clerk of Council	
Independent Auditors	*

Prepared by the Department of Finance Raymond J. Welch, Jr. Comptroller

alexandriava.gov



## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

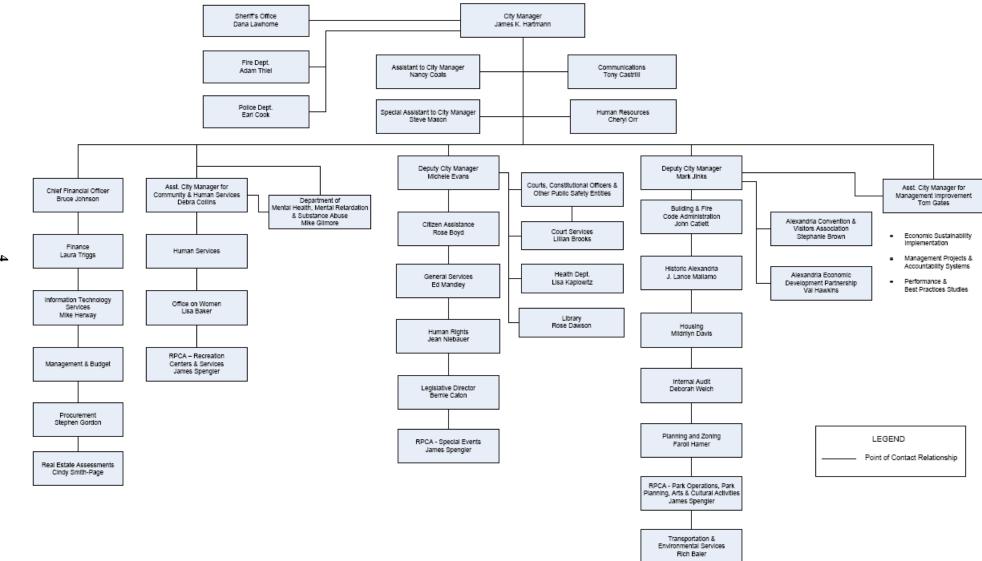
## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Description	<b>Page</b>
	Dout I Introductory Costion	
	Principal OfficialsPrincipal Officials	Title Pa
	Organizational Chart	4
	Finance Department's Transmittal Letter	5
		13
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	13
	Part II - Financial Section	
	Ture II Timuncial Section	
Exhibits	Independent Auditors' Report	17
	independent Additors Report	1 /
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	21
	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit I	Statement of Net Assets	33
Exhibit II	Statement of Activities	34
	Fund Financial Statements	
	Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit III	Balance Sheet	35
Exhibit IV	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	36
	Proprietary Funds Financial Statements	
xhibit V	Statement of Net Assets	37
xhibit VI	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	38
xhibit VII	Statement of Cash Flows	39
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
xhibit VIII	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	40
Exhibit IX	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	41
	Component Units Financial Statements	
Exhibit X	Statement of Net Assets	42
Exhibit XI	Statement of Activities	43
ZAMOR ZA	Statement of Activities	73
Exhibit XII	Notes to Financial Statements	
Amon 2011	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	44
	Financial Reporting Entity	44
	Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements	46
	Basis of Accounting	49
	Budgets and Budgetary Accounting	50
	Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	
	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	51
	Inventory of Supplies and Prepaid and Other Assets	51
	Capital Assets	52
	Compensated Absences	52
	Use of Estimates	53
	Fund Balance	53
	Short Term Liabilities	55
	Pollution Remediation	55
	Legal Compliance – Budgets	55
	Deposits and Investments	55
	Receivables	59
	Capital Assets	62
	1	
	Risk Management.	66
	Risk Management	66 69
	Operating Leases	69
	č	

	Grants
	Intergovernmental Revenues
	Due From Other Governments
	Joint Ventures
	Related Party Transactions
	Other Post Employment Benefits
	Employee Retirement Systems
	Termination Benefits
	Accounting Changes.
	Required Supplementary Information other than Management's Discussion and Analysis
E 1.0.5 MIII	Budgetary Comparison Schedules
Exhibit XIII	General Fund
Exhibit XIV	Special Revenue Fund
Exhibit XV	Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules
Exhibit XVI	Public Employee Retirement Systems- Primary Government
	Other Supplementary Information
Schedules	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Combining Schedules
Schedule 1	Combining Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds
Schedule 2	Statement of Cash Flows – Component Unit – Alexandria Transit Company
Schedule 3	Combining Balance Sheet- Special Revenue Fund
Schedule 4	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Special Revenue Fund
Tables	Part III - Statistical Section
Table I	Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Last Nine Fiscal Years
Table II	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Nine Fiscal Years
Table III	Tax Revenues by Source-Last Ten Fiscal Years.
Table IV	Real Estate Tax Levies and Collections-Last Nine Calendar Years
Table V Table VI	Personal Property Tax Levies and Collections-Last Nine Calendar Years
	Real and Personal Property Assessments and Tax Rates –Last Ten Calendar Years
Table VII	Net Assets - Last Nine Fiscal Years
Table VIII	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Nine Fiscal Years 2009 Tax Rates for Major Revenue Sources.
Table IX	
Table X	Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years
Table XI	Ratio of Net General Debt to Assessed Value and Net Debt Per Capita-Last Ten Fiscal Years
Table XII	Overlapping Debt and Debt History
Table XIII	Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Net General Debt to Total General Expenditures-Last Ten Fiscal Years
Table XIV	Demographic Statistics
Table XV	Principal Taxpayers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago.
Table XVI	Alexandria City School Board Demographic Statistics-Last Ten Fiscal Years
Table XVII	General Fund-City Departments' Expenditures Detail by Function
Table XVIII	City Government Employees By Function - Last Eight Fiscal Years
Table XVIII	Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago
Table XX	Operating and Capital Indicators - Last Nine Fiscal Years
Table XXI	Miscellaneous Statistical Data
Table XXII	Five Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures
Table XXIII	Summary of Debt Service
Table AAIII	Summary of Deot Service.
	Part IV-Single Audit Section
	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government</i>
	Auditing Standards
	Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each
	Major Program, Internal Control over Compliance and the Schedule of Expenditures of
	Federal Awards in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
	Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

## INTRODUCTORY SECTION

## **ALEXANDRIA CITY GOVERNMENT** ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





November 6, 2009

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council, the Residents and Businesses of the City of Alexandria:

We are pleased to present the City of Alexandria's (the City) **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** (the CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The report is designed to present fairly the financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City in all material respects and to demonstrate compliance with applicable finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The report adheres to the principle of full disclosure so that the reader may gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs.

The Finance Department has prepared this report in accordance with the following standards:

- Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which are uniform minimum standards and guidelines for financial accounting and reporting in the United States;
- Governmental accounting and financial reporting statements, interpretations and technical bulletins issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB); and
- Uniform financial reporting standards for counties, cities and towns issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia's Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

The responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the data presented in the report, including all disclosures, rests with the City.

## THE CITY

Alexandria, Virginia, which is located on the west bank of the Potomac River across from Washington, D.C., is an integral part of the Washington metropolitan area, serving as a financial, commercial, and transportation center. Alexandria is also one of America's most historic cities. George Washington and George Mason served as two of the City's first Trustees (the forerunner of the Alexandria City Council).

Alexandria is an independent full-service city with sole local government taxing power within its boundaries. The City is autonomous from any county, town or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Alexandria, which was founded in 1749, derives its governing authority from a charter granted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The City adopted the Council-Manager form of government in 1922. The governing body of the City is the City Council, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. The City Council is composed of a Mayor and six Council Members elected at-large for three-year terms. The Mayor is elected on a separate ballot. City Council appoints the City Manager who serves as the City's chief executive officer and is responsible for implementing the policies established by City Council. The City Charter was first granted in 1852.

The City provides a comprehensive range of municipal services including education, health, welfare, housing and human services programs, public safety and administration of justice, community development, recreation, library, cultural and historic activities, transportation, environmental services, and planning.

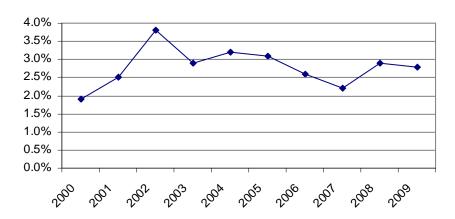
### FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes the financial activities of the City of Alexandria government (the primary government), as well as the financial activities of the City's component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations, and cash flows from those of the primary government. The School Board, the Library System, and the Alexandria Transit Company are reported as discretely presented component units. This report does not include the financial activities of the City's Deferred Compensation Plan, Alexandria Industrial Development Authority, Alexandria Redevelopment and Housing Authority, Alexandria Economic Development Partnership, Inc., Alexandria Sanitation Authority, or Sheltered Homes of Alexandria because the City Council is not financially accountable for these entities, and therefore, these entities are not component units.

### LOCAL ECONOMY

The City has seen a decline in revenues because of changes in the real estate market and availability of credit nationally. While unemployment rates remain lower than the national average, demand for housing has stabilized somewhat, office vacancy rates are moderate, and the number of jobs in the City has not increased. As of December 31, 2008, 101,346 persons were employed in the City, compared to 101,110 at the end of December 2007. The local jobless rate has decreased from 2.9 percent in 2008 to 2.8 percent in 2009. The following table shows the City's jobless rate for the past 10 years:

## City of Alexandria Unemployment Rate Last Ten Years



The real estate market, which is the principal source of tax revenue for the City, had a decrease overall for the first time since 1995 in FY 2009. Total real property assessments decreased in calendar year 2009 by 3.3 percent, or \$1.2 billion.

## **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Strong fiscal management remains a hallmark of Alexandria's City government and has enabled the City to respond to revenue declines, address priority needs, including public safety, public education, and modernization of heavily used recreation and library facilities. Alexandria is among a select group of cities in the United States to hold the top AAA/Aaa bond ratings from two of Wall Street's major credit rating agencies (Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service).

During the past fiscal year, the City made progress in a number of important areas, including adding to the investing in affordable housing projects and breaking ground on a new Public Safety Center.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City government continues to be in very sound financial condition as demonstrated by the financial statements and schedules included in this report. Within the context of a fiscally prudent budget, the City has continued to provide a wide range of services, has achieved many of its program goals, and enhanced the quality of life in the City. The City's cash and investment position was strong throughout the fiscal year.

The continued need to reduce real estate tax rates continued to exert pressure on maintaining services at existing levels. Keeping existing programs funded and salaries of public employees competitive, and addressing the expanding program needs of the community will require careful budgeting. The City Council has adopted a Strategic Plan to ensure that City resources remain focused on City priorities. The eight goals of the Strategic Plan are:

- Quality Development and Redevelopment that is Well Planned and Consistent with Alexandria's Vision
- 2. An Integrated, Multimodal Transportation System that Efficiently and Effectively Gets People from Point "A" To Point "B".
- 3. A Caring Community that is Diverse and Affordable.
- 4. A Strong Local Economy that is Growing in Varied Small Businesses and Job Opportunities
- 5. A City that Respects, Protects and Enhances the Natural Environment and History Resources.
- 6. A City Government that is Financially Sustainable, Efficient and Community Oriented.
- 7. Public Schools that are Among the Best in Northern Virginia (in Partnership with the Alexandria City Schools).
- 8. A City that Ensures the Safety, Security, Emergency Preparedness and Well Being of the Community.

Capital investment and the resulting debt service costs are planned to increase. The need for increased operating and capital support to fund the new Public Safety Center is the City's major capital challenge. During fiscal year (FY) 2010, revenues are budgeted below that of FY 2009 with revenues budgeted reflecting a lower estate tax base somewhat offset by an increase in the City real estate tax rate (from  $84.5 \, \text{¢}$  to  $90.3 \, \text{¢}$ ). For calendar year 2009,  $0.3 \, \text{¢}$  of the City's real property taxes collected is dedicated to open space acquisition, with  $0.7 \, \text{¢}$  of the real estate tax rate dedicated to affordable housing. The City believes, in general, that the overall state of its infrastructure of streets, bridges, and many public facilities is good, with the increased capital improvement program aimed at maintaining and improving the City's infrastructure. The type of development in the City will also influence future expenditure and revenue levels.

Over the last five years, the City has been able to maintain its fiscal strength as the result of the City Council's adoption of, and subsequent adherence to, the series of financial policies listed on page 10. These policies are aimed at (1) limiting debt and annual debt service requirements and (2) maintaining an appropriate General Fund fund balance so as to retain the City's AAA/Aaa bond ratings and to keep the City on firm financial footing. When City Council initially adopted the financial policies in 1987, the City's general obligation debt as a percentage of the tax base was 1.4 percent. Because of the City use of "pay-as-you-go" financing for many capital projects, the City has maintained superior debt ratios since their implementation in1987. At the end of FY 2009, the City's debt to tax base ratio was just 1.12 percent with that projected to rise to 1.28 percent in FY 2012 (excluding self-supported sewer project related debt). The City's financial policies encourage the use of surplus General Fund revenues and resources derived from spending less than the full budget to fund capital projects.

Additional information on the City's financial status can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report.

## GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS

The following table shows that the overall real property assessed value has increased by over \$21 billion since 2000. This includes a 3.3 percent decrease from calendar year 2008 to 2009, which is the first decrease in the tax base since 1995. Real property taxes, which are based on assessments as of January 1 of each year, are due in two payments. The first half of the real estate tax is due on June 15 and the second half of the tax is due on November 15.

## CHANGE IN ASSESSED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY

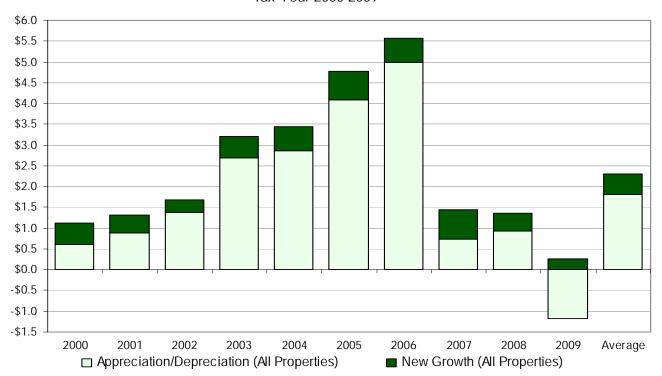
(Amounts in thousands of dollars)

	Residential Assessed	Residential % Increase	Commercial <sup>1</sup> Assessed	Commercial % Increase	Total Assessed	Total % Increase
<u>Year</u>	<b>Value</b>	(Decrease)	Value	(Decrease)	<u>Value</u>	(Decrease)
2000	\$ 6,716,942	8.9	\$ 6,578,366	9.3 \$	13,295,308	9.1
2001	7,573,897	12.8	7,058,452	7.3	14,632,349	10.1
2002	8,889,290	17.4	7,243,699	2.6	16,132,989	10.3
2003	11,191,850	25.9	8,034,076	10.9	19,225,926	19.2
2004	13,224,543	18.3	9,532,642	7.6	21,889,496	13.9
2005	16,272,324	22.9	11,087,326	28.3	27,359,650	25.0
2006	20,331,756	25.2	12,574,963	12.0	32,790,562	19.9
2007	20,205,364	(0.8)	14,037,667	13.0	34,243,031	4.4
2008	20,143,404	(0.3)	15,411,554	9.8	35,554,958	3.8
2009	19,255,906	(4.4)	15,123,257	(1.9)	34,379,163	(3.3)

1. Includes apartment buildings.

## Change in Total Tax Base

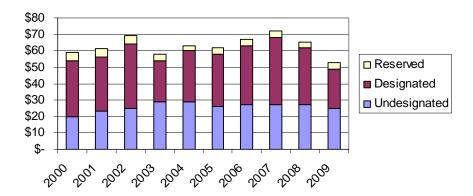
Tax Year 2000-2009



This chart displays the increases and decreases in assessed values for the last ten years into appreciation and depreciation of existing properties and new properties. Each of the bars in the chart is comprised of single year snapshots and is not cumulative.

The General Fund Unreserved Fund Balance financial policies are one component of the City's overall financial strength and stability. At the end of FY 2009, the City's General Fund fund balance was \$53.3 million and included legal reservations of fund balance of \$4.3 million and a number of designations totaling \$24.3 million, including \$0.2 million designated for future capital funding, leaving a remaining undesignated fund balance of \$24.7 million. At the end of FY 2009 the City's ending General Fund fund balance condition was consistent with the City's established financial policies.

## City of Alexandria General Fund - Fund Balance (in millions)



## CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

In conjunction with the annual operating budget preparation, the City Manager annually prepares a six-year Capital Improvement Plan to provide for the financing of improvements to the City's public facilities. The first year of the program constitutes the capital budget for the current fiscal year; the remaining five years serve as a planning guide. The City accounts for capital improvement expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund and finances the projects from the General Fund (including appropriations of Designated Fund Balance), general obligation debt, the sale of surplus property, and intergovernmental grant revenues. The City's Capital Improvement Plan for FY 2010 through FY 2015 represents \$383.9 million of City-funded public improvements to the City's schools, public buildings, parks, and transportation systems. In addition, state and federal grants and other sources, such as prior year City funds, will provide \$128.7 million in additional planned capital funding for the FY 2010-FY 2015 time period. The plan includes \$72.6 million of funding sources not yet identified.

To continue a strategy of improving and then maintaining the City's creditworthiness, the City Council established the following key target and ceiling ratios as of June 30 of each year:

	Ceiling	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Target
Debt as a Percentage of Fair Market Value	1.6%	0.74%	0.95%	0.75%	0.90%	0.88%	0.90%	0.85%	0.73%	1.12%	1.1%
Debt Per Capita as a											
Percentage of Per Capita Income <sup>1</sup>	4.5%	1.6%	2.2%	2.0%	2.7%	3.1%	3.4%	2.9%	2.6%	3.7%	3.2%
Debt Service as a Percentage											
of General Governmental	10.0%	3.1%	3.5%	3.6%	3.6%	4.2%	4.3%	4.5%	4.4%	4.6%	8.0%
Expenditures <sup>2</sup> General Fund Balance as a	10.0%	3.170	3.3%	3.0%	3.0%	4.270	4.370	4.370	4.470	4.070	8.0%
Percentage of General											
Fund Revenue:											
Unreserved	10%	16.6%	17.6%	14.4%	14.6%	13.3%	13.2%	13.4%	12.0%	9.3%	N/A
** 1 1	(floor)		6.007	<b>5</b> 20/	6.00/	5.00/	5.60/	5.00/	5.00/	4.70/	5.50/
Undesignated	4% (floor)	6.6%	6.8%	7.3%	6.9%	5.9%	5.6%	5.2%	5.2%	4.7%	5.5%
Unrestricted	(11001)										
Net Assets as a	4%	0.40/	22.20/	10.00/	10.40/	14.50/	17.70/	10.00/	10 (0/	0.40/	5.50/
Percentage of General	(floor)	8.4%	32.2%	19.8%	18.4%	14.5%	17.7%	19.0%	12.6%	9.4%	5.5%
Revenue											

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Per capita information from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, as revised

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data includes School Board and Library component units.

The adopted financial policies include the following:

- The City will increase its reliance on current revenue to finance its capital improvements.
- The City will consider a designation for pay-as-you-go capital a priority when additional General Fund resources become available at the end of a fiscal year.
- The City will not use General Fund equity to finance current operations for periods of longer than two years.
- The City will annually prepare a six-year Capital Improvement Plan.
- The City will not issue tax or revenue anticipation notes to fund governmental operations.
- The City will not issue bond anticipation notes for a term of longer than two years.

The City's General Obligation Bonds have the top available ratings which were reaffirmed in June 2009 as follows:

## Moody's Investors Service Aaa Standard & Poor's AAA

## BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The City Charter requires the City Manager to submit a balanced budget to City Council no later than the first regular meeting in April of each year. The School Board prepares the Schools' budget and transmits it to the City Manager. The City Manager then submits his recommendation to City Council for consideration. If Council does not adopt a budget before June 27, the budget submitted by the City Manager for the upcoming fiscal year has full force and effect as if Council had adopted it.

As a management tool, budgetary control is maintained in the General Fund at the character level (i.e., personnel, non-personnel, capital outlays) and by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts before the release of purchase orders to vendors. Management can transfer appropriations at the department appropriation level without approval from City Council. The City follows a similar procedure with the Special Revenue Fund, but the level of control is at the grant or program level. In the Capital Projects Fund, the level of control is at the project level. With the Schools' budget, the level of control is at the total appropriation level.

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse. Internal controls are intended to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. In addition to the examination of controls implemented by members of the Finance Department, the City's Internal Audit staff continually reviews and assesses the soundness and adequacy of the City's financial systems.

## REPORT FORMAT

The City's Finance Department has prepared this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in an effort to present all the information necessary to meet the needs of the many persons and groups that have an interest in the City's financial affairs. The objective of this report is to present financial information on a comparative basis with other governmental entities in Virginia and in accordance with established reporting standards. We believe the data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the City's financial position and results of operations.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The introductory section includes a list of principal officials, the City's organizational chart, and this transmittal letter. The financial section includes the management's discussion and analysis (MDA), basic, fund, and component unit financial statements, notes to financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, required supplementary information for public employee retirement systems, and other supplementary information, as well as the independent auditors' report. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The single audit section contains information on the City and School programs that are financed by federal grants. This information is required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

## INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Section 5.18 of the City Charter requires an annual audit of the accounting and financial records of the City by independent certified public accountants. This section requires the auditors to examine the funds of the City in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the Government Accountability Office's *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the auditors must conduct the compliance examinations required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, and the *Specifications for Audit of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Alexandria City Council has selected the firm of KPMG LLP to perform these audit services. Their reports are presented in the Financial Section and the Single Audit Section of this report.

## CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the City of Alexandria a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the 31st consecutive year in 2008. The GFOA awards a Certificate to governmental units that exemplify excellence in financial reporting and conform to stringent reporting requirements promulgated by that Association and various authoritative bodies.

To earn a Certificate of Achievement, a CAFR must tell its financial story clearly, thoroughly, and understandably. The report must be efficiently organized, employ certain standardized terminology and formatting conventions, minimize ambiguities and potentials for misleading inference, enhance understanding of current generally accepted accounting theory, and demonstrate a constructive "spirit of full disclosure."

A Certificate is valid for a period of one year only. The City believes our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and standards. We are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate for FY 2009.

## REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

As required by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, the City has agreed for the benefit of the owners of City general obligation bonds and joint enterprise waste-to-energy-revenue bonds, to provide each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository and to any appropriate state information depositor, if any is hereafter created, certain financial information not later than 270 days after the end of each of its fiscal years, commencing with the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996. This CAFR provides the 15c2-12 general bond obligation bond information, which includes the "Debt Statement" found in Note 9 of Notes to the Financial Statements, a "Five Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures" found in Table XXII, a summary of debt found in Table XXIII (Summary of Total General Obligation Bonds Debt Service), and "Tax Revenues by Source" found in Table III.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to express our appreciation to everyone in the City who assisted with and contributed to the preparation of this report. Special recognition is extended to the Accounting Division for their dedicated pursuit of excellence and leadership in financial reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

Bruce Johnson Chief Financial Officer Laura B. Triggs, CPA Director of Finance Raymond J. Welch, Jr. Comptroller

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Alexandria Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

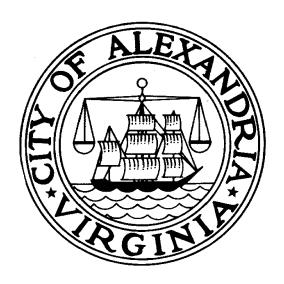
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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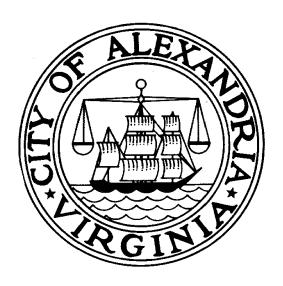
T+. /-

President

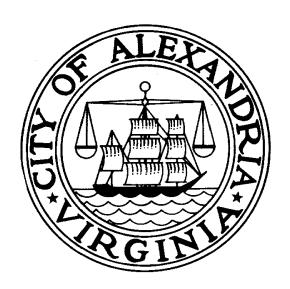
Executive Director



## FINANCIAL SECTION



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT





KPMG LLP 2001 M Street, NW Washington, DC 20036

## Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alexandria, Virginia:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria, Virginia (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements identified in Exhibits I through XII in the Financial Section of the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia (Specifications). Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 2, 2009 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The accompanying management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules and the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions on pages 23 through 30, 105 through 107, and 108 through 110, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it

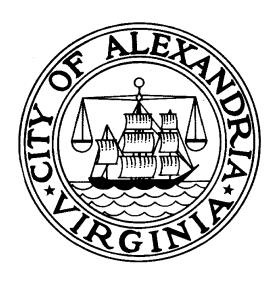
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The information identified as schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the Financial Section of the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information identified as the Introductory and Statistical Sections in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.



November 2, 2009

MANAGEME	ENT'S DISC	USSION A	ND ANALY	YSIS



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Alexandria's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FY 2009

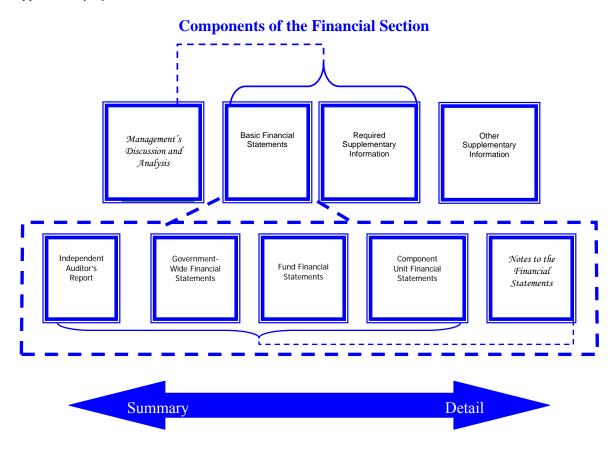
The General Fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources by \$12.5 million (Exhibit IV) after making a budgeted \$12.6 million transfer to the capital projects fund and a \$38.2 million transfer to the special revenue fund.

On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the City's general revenues of \$481.8 million were \$7.8 million less than the \$489.6 million of expenses net of program revenue (Exhibit II).

The City's total net assets, excluding component units, on the government-wide basis, totaled \$335.0 million at June 30, 2009. Of this amount, \$47.0 million is unrestricted (Exhibit I).

## USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. As the following chart shows, the financial section of this report has four components - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information and the other supplementary information.



### GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which are the government-wide statements, report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in those assets. The City's net assets position - the difference between assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors need to be considered, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities include the following:

<u>Governmental activities</u> - Most of the City's basic services are reported here: Police, Fire, Transportation and Environmental Services, Recreation, Parks and Cultural Activities Departments, and general administration. Property taxes, other local taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Component units</u> - The City includes three separate legal entities in its report - the City of Alexandria School Board, the Alexandria Library, and the Alexandria Transit Company. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them, and provides operating and capital funding to them. The Alexandria Transit Company component unit is also a proprietary fund.

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide additional information about the City's most significant funds - not the City as a whole. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the City government.

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - Services for which the City charges customers or City users a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.

The City uses an internal service fund (one kind of proprietary fund) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities. The Equipment Replacement Reserve Fund is the City's only internal service fund. Its primary purpose is to provide for the accumulation of money to replace capital equipment used in City operations. The Transit Company component unit is considered an enterprise fund since fees are charged to fund the operations.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans and employee benefit trusts. It is also responsible for other assets (known as agency funds) that - because of a trust arrangement - can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. Agency funds are City custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the City is custodian. The City excludes pension plans and agency funds from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

## **Statement of Net Assets:**

The following table presents the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

Table 1 Summary of Net Assets As of June 30, 2009 and 2008 (In millions)

	Primary Government Governmental Activities				Component Units				
		2009	2	2008	20	009	20	008	
Current and other assets	\$	480	\$	399	\$	54	\$	44	
Capital assets		549		501		23		24	
Total assets	\$	1,029	\$	900	\$	77	\$	68	
Other liabilities	\$	277	\$	267	\$	29	\$	25	
Long-term liabilities	_	417		290		14	_	12	
Total liabilities	\$	694	\$	557	\$	43	\$	37	
Net assets:	-				_				
Invested in capital assets, net of									
related debt	\$	153	\$	231	\$	23	\$	24	
Restricted		135		52		-		-	
Unrestricted	_	47		60	_	10	_	7	
Total Net Assets	\$	335	\$	343	\$	33	\$	31	

Amounts may not add due to rounding

The City's net assets (which is the City's bottom line) decreased two and a half percent, or \$8 million, to \$335 million. The decrease is primarily attributable to increase in liabilities resulting from bond issues. Component units net assets increased by \$2 million. The City's capital assets increased \$48 million mainly due to the increase in construction in progress covering, among other projects, the new transit bus facility and the new fire station at Potomac Yard. Long-term liabilities increased as two separate sets of bonds were issued in FY 2009 (Note 9). The increase in other long term liabilities for component units represents the liability associated with Other Post Employment Benefits.

### **Statement of Activities**

The following chart shows the revenue and expenses of the governmental activities:

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008
(In millions)

Total Primary

		C				<b>G</b> 4			
	Government					Component			
	Governmental Activities				\ Units				
		<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>	
Revenues									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	54	\$	51	\$	6	\$	6	
Operating grants and Contributions		63		61		43		38	
Capital grant/contributions		20		8					
General revenues:									
Property taxes		335		328					
Other taxes		112		112					
Other		35		39		2		1	
Payment to/from City						187		181	
Total revenues	\$	619	\$	599	\$	238	\$	226	
Expenses									
General government	\$	79	\$	65	\$		\$		
Judicial administration		19		19					
Public safety		120		115					
Public works		49		49					
Library		7		7		8		8	
Health and welfare		97		96					
Transit		13		14		13		12	
Culture and recreation		28		30					
Community development		30		41					
Education		174		169		214		208	
Interest on long-term debt	_	11	_	12	_		_		
Total expenses	\$	627	\$	617	\$	235	\$	228	
Change in net assets	\$	(8)	\$	(18)	\$	2	\$	(1)	
<b>Net Assets Beginning of Year</b>	\$	343	\$	361	\$	31	\$	32	
Net Assets End of Year	\$	335	\$	343	\$	33	\$	31	

Amounts may not add due to rounding

### **REVENUES**

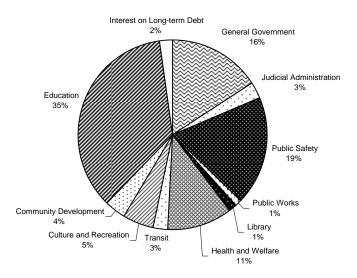
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 revenues from governmental activities totaled \$619 million. Real estate tax revenues, the City's largest revenue source, reflecting the recognition of the taxes associated with the last half of calendar year 2008 and the first half of calendar year 2009 real property tax billings, were \$296 million. The increase in tax revenues is primarily attributable to an increase in the City's assessed real property tax base in calendar year 2008 and a tax rate increase of  $5.8\phi$ . One percent of the City's real estate tax was set aside to fund open space initiatives and the equivalent of one cent of the real estate tax rate revenues was transferred to a special housing fund for affordable housing initiatives in calendar year 2008.

### In addition:

- Charges for services increased by \$3 million primarily from ambulance fees and refuse user charges.
- The increase in capital grants and contributions reflect the receipt of funds for the new DASH facility in FY 2009.

Component units' nets assets increased \$3 million primarily from the increased payment from the City.





### **EXPENSES**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 expenses for governmental activities totaled \$627 million and include budgeted increases for employee compensation, maintenance of public buildings and budgeted increases in payments for educational expenses to the School Board. For FY 2009 the City provided increased resources to the following areas:

- Increased cost of the City's supplemental pension plan,
- Community development

Education continues to be one of the City's highest priorities. Capital funding included \$3.9 million in addition to the City's operating subsidy to the Schools of \$168.0 million.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$213 million (Exhibit III). The Governmental fund balance increase of \$78 million is primarily due to bond proceeds in FY 2009. In addition, these other changes in fund balance should be noted:

- The General Fund contributed \$12.6 million to pay-as-you-go financing of capital projects.
- The City contributed \$168 million to the schools for operations.
- The sewer fund contributed \$4.0 million to pay-as-you go capital projects.
- The City spent \$105 million in the Capital Projects Fund primarily to fund the new DASH bus facility.

Except for reservations of fund balances (Exhibit III), there are no significant limitations on fund balances that would affect the availability of fund resources for future uses.

### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Table 3
General Fund Budget
(in millions)

	FY 2009							
	Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actua	ıl		
Revenues, Transfers,				<u> </u>				
and Other Financial								
Sources								
Taxes	\$	329	\$	329	\$	333		
Other Local Taxes		121		116		112		
Other		87		84		83		
Total	\$	537	\$	529	\$	528		
Expenditures, Transfers, and Other								
Financial Uses								
Expenditures	\$	320	\$	318	\$	307		
Transfers and other		226		234	<u></u>	233		
Total	\$	546	\$	552	\$	540		
Change in Fund Balance	\$	(9)	\$	(23)	\$	(12)		

Amounts may not add due to rounding

Expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenue and other financing sources by \$12 million in the General Fund for FY 2009.

Actual General Fund revenues and other financial sources were below original budgeted revenues by \$9 million and the amended budget by \$1 million during FY 2009. This is primarily due to a decrease in other local taxes, primarily decreases in sales and business license taxes. As a result of supplemental appropriations actual General Fund expenditures and transfers were less than the original budget by \$6 million, while General Fund expenditures were less than the amended budget by \$12 million primarily as a result of mandated budget rescissions for all City departments.

During FY 2009, City Council amended the budget three times. These budget amendments, or supplemental appropriation ordinances, were primarily for the following purposes:

- To reappropriate monies to pay for commitments in the form of encumbrances established prior to June 30, 2008 but not paid by that date. Encumbrances for General Fund obligations for purchase orders authorized and issued, but for which goods and services were not received or paid by June 30, 2008, totaled \$1.6 million.
- To reappropriate monies (\$2.9 million) to pay for projects budgeted for FY 2008 but not completed before the end of the fiscal year.

- To reappropriate grant, donation and other revenues authorized in FY 2008 or earlier, but not expended or encumbered as of June 30, 2008.
- To appropriate grants, donations, and other revenues accepted or adjusted in FY 2009.
- To appropriate the designated General Fund balance of \$7.4 million to planned capital projects.

## CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of FY 2009, the City's governmental activities had invested cumulatively \$549.4 million (see Note 5) in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net increase of \$48.1 million.

## Table 4 Governmental Activities Change in Capital Assets (in millions)

	Net	
Balance	Additions/	Balance
June 30, 2008	(Deletions)	June 30, 2009
\$ 88.8	\$ -	\$ 88.8
36.7	42.5	79.2
362.7	19.5	382.2
142.8	1.3	144.1
58.0	1.8	59.8
<u>(187.8)</u>	(16.9)	(204.7)
<u>\$501.3</u>	<u>\$ 48.1</u>	<u>\$549.4</u>
	June 30, 2008 \$ 88.8 36.7 362.7 142.8 58.0	Balance June 30, 2008       Additions/ (Deletions)         \$ 88.8 36.7       \$ - 42.5         362.7 42.8 1.3 58.0 1.8       \$ 1.8         (187.8)       (16.9)

Amounts may not add due to rounding

The FY 2009 increase in buildings includes the completion of the Charles Houston Recreation Center and new bleachers for T.C. Williams High School. The primary components of the increase construction in progress are the new Public Safety Center and new Transit Bus Facility.

The FY 2010 - FY 2015 Approved Capital Improvement Program (CIP), which was approved by City Council in May 2009, sets forth a six-year program with \$383.9 million in new City funding and \$59.2 million in prior City funding and partially state transportation aid funded programs of public improvements for the City and the Alexandria City Public Schools. This represents (in City funding) a decrease of approximately \$13.0 million below the FY 2009-2014 CIP. The CIP also provides an increased capital investment in quality of life initiatives, including open space acquisition, and increased Metro capital funding, to enhance the quality of life in Alexandria.

## LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of FY 2009, the City had \$384.0 million in outstanding general obligation bonds an increase of \$123.6 million, or 47.5 percent, over last year. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

During 2009, Moody's Investors Services, Inc. and Standard & Poor's (S&P) credit rating agencies reaffirmed the City's triple-A bond ratings. The City received its first triple-A rating from Moody's in 1986 and from S&P in 1992. Standard and Poor's Financial Management Assessment concluded that the City's practices were "strong."

The Commonwealth of Virginia limits the amount of general obligation debt the City can issue to ten percent of the assessed value of real property within the City. The City's outstanding debt is significantly below, or less than one-tenth of this state law limit - which would equate to \$3.4 billion for the City.

On July 9, 2008 the City Council issued \$58.0 million in General Obligation bonds for school construction, sewers, and infrastructure improvements and renovation. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of approximately \$1.4 million and a true interest cost of 3.99 percent. Also, on July 9, 2008 the City Council issued \$5

million in taxable bonds to assist the City's Housing Authority in financing the redevelopment of its Glebe Park site. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$29,048 and a true interest cost of 5.39 percent. The premium and discounts for these bonds are being amortized over the life of the bonds.

On June 25, 2009 the City Council issued \$35.2 million in General Obligation bonds for school construction, sewers, and infrastructure improvements and renovation. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of approximately \$1.5 million and a true interest cost of 2.68 percent. Also, on June 25, 2009 the City Council issued \$44.5 million in taxable bonds for school construction, sewers, and infrastructure improvements and renovation. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$43,468 and a true interest cost of 3.50 percent for which the Federal government provides a 35 percent interest rate subsidy for these Build America Bonds. The premium for these bonds are being amortized over the life of the bonds.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS

Job growth in the City slowed somewhat in FY 2009, with total employment of 97,960 for March 2009 (the latest data available from the Virginia Employment Commission). Tourism has remained relatively flat, with restaurant food tax showing only moderate growth in FY 2009 excluding a tax rate increase.

As of 2007 (the latest data available from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis), the City's per capita income of \$70,632 remains one of the highest in the United States, and remains the highest of any major jurisdiction in Virginia. The City's office vacancy rate stood at 8.8 percent by the end of FY 2009, which is lower than the office vacancy rate in Northern Virginia (14.5 percent), as well as the Washington D.C. metropolitan area (11.7 percent).

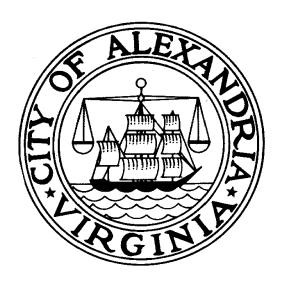
### OTHER INFORMATION

GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations. This statement addresses the accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The implementation of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

## CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Laura Triggs, Director of the City of Alexandria's Finance Department, City Hall, P.O. Box 178, Alexandria, VA 22313, laura.triggs@alexandriava.gov, telephone (703) 746-3900, or visit the City's web site at alexandriava.gov.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2009

Exhibit I

	Primary Government					
	(	Governmental	Component			
		Activities		Units		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	110,258,066	\$	41,503,810		
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		126,192,334		2,240,479		
Receivables, Net		200,749,652		265,645		
Due From Other Governments		37,417,306		2,239,874		
Inventory of Supplies		1,891,281		605,440		
Prepaid and Other Assets		3,532,630		7,127,757		
Capital Assets						
Land and Construction in Progress		168,034,785		7,504,188		
Other Capital Assets, Net		381,367,611		15,127,859		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	549,402,396	\$	22,632,047		
Total Assets	\$	1,029,443,665	\$	76,615,052		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	14,590,683	\$	2,250,062		
Accrued Wages		10,650,009		24,078,134		
Accrued Liabilities		5,396,945		-		
Unclaimed property		-		14,127		
Deferred Revenue		216,032,770		527,733		
Other Short-term Liabilities		4,993,168		399,403		
Deposits		1,418,114		-		
Long-term Liabilities Due Within One Year		24,027,538		2,282,898		
Long-term Liabilities Due in More Than One Year		417,346,102		13,644,130		
Total Liabilities	\$	694,455,328	\$	43,196,487		
NET ASSEIS						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	153,239,325	\$	22,632,047		
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects		134,723,262		-		
Unrestricted Net Assets		47,025,750		10,786,518		
TO TAL NET ASSEIS	\$	334,988,337	\$	33,418,565		

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

#### CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

## Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### Exhibit II

			]		am Revenue	3			Changes i				
					)pe rating				Primary Go	vernmer	ıt		
			arges for		rants and	-	tal Grants &	G	overnmental	_			ponent
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	S	S e rv ic e s	Co	ntributio ns	Con	ntributio ns		Activities		otal		Jnits
Primary Government:													
Governmental Activities:									(55.201.205)	A (55	201 205)		
General Go vernment	\$ 79,488,235	\$	1,422,406	\$	764,442	\$	-	\$	(77,301,387)		301,387)	\$	-
Judicial Administration	19,264,524		1,603,784		3,951,340		-		(13,709,400)		709,400)		-
Public Safety	120,479,937		15,476,509		13,226,872		-		(91,776,556)	,	,776,556)		-
Public Works	48,457,241		18,147,119		5,674,615		19,806,934		(4,828,573)	,	,828,573)		-
Library	6,793,868		-		-		-		(6,793,868)	(6	793,868)		-
Health and Welfare	97,337,478		6,609,063		36,026,014		-		(54,702,401)	(54	702,401)		-
Γrans it	12,550,443		-		-		-		(12,550,443)	(12	550,443)		-
Culture and Recreation	28,142,205		2,849,184		245,608		-		(25,047,413)	(25	047,413)		-
Community Development	30,355,133		8,240,709		3,267,353		677,131		(18,169,940)	(18	169,940)		-
Education	173,826,993		-		-		-		(173,826,993)	(173	,826,993)		-
Interest on Long-term Debt	10,911,306		-		-		-		(10,911,306)	(10	911,306)		-
To tal Primary Government	\$ 627,607,363	\$	54,348,774	\$	63,156,244	\$	20,484,065	\$	(489,618,280)	\$(489	,618,280)	\$	-
Component Units:													
ibrary	\$ 7,462,738	\$	243,490	\$	196,626	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ (	,022,622
rans it	13,071,813		3,356,815		279,274		_		_		-		,435,724
SchoolBoard	213,853,213		2,558,276		42,891,356		_		_		_	,	3,403,581
Total Component Units	\$ 234,387,764		6,158,581	\$	43,367,256	\$		\$		\$			1,861,927
	,												
	(	General Taxes:	Revenues:										
			ral P ro perty Taxe	s ·									
			il Estate					\$	296,486,150	\$ 296	486,150	\$	_
			s o nal P roperty					Ψ	37,903,068		903,068	Ψ	_
			r Local Taxes:						37,703,000	37	,703,000		
			siness License Ta						30,527,956	30	527,956		
			al Sales Tax	ıA					21,679,635		679,635		
			arbaics rax						14,912,796		912,796		
			ale Tox							17			
			als Tax nsient Lodging Ta	a v					, ,	10	592.806		_
		Tra	ns ient Lodging Ta	ax					10,592,806		,592,806 ,409,248		-
		Tra: Utili			x				, ,	10	,592,806 ,409,248 ,268,560		-
		Tra: Utili Co:	ns ient Lodging Ta ity Tax	ıles Ta		ther lo c	altaxes		10,592,806 10,409,248	10 11	409,248		-
		Tra: Utili Co: Mo Transf	ns ient Lodging Ta ity Tax mmunications Sa tor Vehicle Licen: fer	iles Ta se, Re	cordation, and o	ther loc	altaxes		10,592,806 10,409,248 11,268,560	10 11	,409,248 ,268,560 ,880,369	10	-
		Tra: Utili Con Mo Transi Paymen	nsient Lodging Ta ity Tax mmunications Sa tor Vehicle Licent fer nt from City of Al	iles Ta se, Rec exandr	cordation, and o				10,592,806 10,409,248 11,268,560 12,880,369	10 11 12	409,248 ,268,560 ,880,369	186	- 5,655,407
		Tra: Utili Con Mo Transi Paymen	ns ient Lodging Ta ity Tax mmunications Sa tor Vehicle Licen fer nt from City of Al and Contribution	iles Ta se, Rec exandr s Not I	cordation, and o ia Restricted to Sp				10,592,806 10,409,248 11,268,560 12,880,369	10 11 12	409,248 268,560 880,369	180	-
		Tra: Utili Con Mo Transi Paymen	nsient Lodging Ta ity Tax mmunications Sa tor Vehicle Licen: fer nt from City of Al and Contribution: and Investment I	iles Ta se, Rec exandr s Not I	cordation, and o ia Restricted to Sp				10,592,806 10,409,248 11,268,560 12,880,369	10 11 12 32 1	409,248 ,268,560 ,880,369		16,733
		Tra: Utili Con Mo Transf Paymer Grants: Interest Miscell	nsient Lodging Ta ity Tax mmunications Sa tor Vehicle Licen: fer nt from City of Al and Contribution: and Investment I	iles Ta se, Red exandr s Not I Earning	cordation, and o ia Restricted to Sp			<u>s</u>	10,592,806 10,409,248 11,268,560 12,880,369 - 32,354,274 1,720,579	10 11 12 32 1	409,248 268,560 880,369 - 354,274 720,579		- 16,733 ,161,669
		Tra Utili Cor Mo Transi Paymer Grants Interest Miscell	nsient Lodging Ta ity Tax mmunications Sa tor Vehicle Licen: fer nt from City of Al and Contribution: and Investment I aneous	iles Ta se, Red exandr s Not I Earning	cordation, and o ia Restricted to Sp			\$	10,592,806 10,409,248 11,268,560 12,880,369 	10 11 12 32 1 1 1	409,248 268,560 880,369 - 354,274 720,579 065,127	\$ 18	- 16,733 1,161,669 7,833,809 2,971,882
		Tra Utili Con Mo Transf Paymen Grants Interest Miscell Tot	nsient Lodging Ta ity Tax mmunications Sa tor Vehicle Licen: fer nt from City of Al and Contribution: and Investment I aneous	exandr s Not I Earning	cordation, and o ia Restricted to Sp			<u>\$</u>	10,592,806 10,409,248 11,268,560 12,880,369 - 32,354,274 1,720,579 1,065,127 481,800,568	32 1 1 1 32 1 1 1 \$ 481 \$ (7	409,248 268,560 880,369 - 354,274 720,579 065,127 800,568	\$ 187	16,733 1,161,669 7,833,809

34

## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

#### Exhibit III

Capital General Special Revenue Projects	Governmental Funds
ASSEIS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 61,199,689 \$ 24,260,544 \$ 13,284,727 \$	98,744,960
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents - 104,489 126,087,845	126,192,334
Receivables, Net 197,170,715 3,578,924 13	200,749,652
Due From Other Governments 31,800,221 5,617,085 -	37,417,306
Inventory of Supplies 1,891,281	1,891,281
Prepaid and Other Assets 63,149 43,307 -	106,456
Total Assets \$ 292,125,055 \$ 33,604,349 \$ 139,372,585 \$	465,101,989
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable \$ 6,980,535 \$ 2,734,539 \$ 4,645,049 \$	14,360,123
Accrued Wages 8,455,332 2,190,405 4,274	10,650,011
Accrued Vacation 2,759,272	2,759,272
Other Liabilities 4,993,168	4,993,168
Deposits 1,418,114	1,418,114
Deferred Revenue 214,211,643 3,876,048 -	218,087,691
Total Liabilities \$ 238,818,064 \$ 8,800,992 \$ 4,649,323 \$	252,268,379
FUND BALANCES	
Reserved for:	
Capital Projects \$ - \$ 101,741,783 \$	101,741,783
Notes Receivable 400,000 2,673,806 -	3,073,806
Inventory of Supplies 1,891,281	1,891,281
Encumbrances 1,967,201 1,848,720 32,981,479	36,797,400
Unreserved 49,048,509 20,280,831 -	69,329,340
Total Fund Balances \$ 53,306,991 \$ 24,803,357 \$ 134,723,262 \$	212,833,610
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$ 292,125,055 \$ 33,604,349 \$ 139,372,585	
Adjustments for the Statement of Net Assets:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not	
reported in the governmental funds. (Note 5)	539,799,567
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current	
period expenditures; the taxes offset by deferred	
revenue in the governmental funds. (Note 1)	5,481,094
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs	
of equipment replacement; and, therefore, the assets and	
liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental	
activities in the Statement of Net Assets. (Exhibit V)	20,885,377
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not	· , , <del>-</del> · ·
reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. (Note 9)	(444,011,311)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$	334,988,337

## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Exhibit IV

		General	Spe	ecial Revenue		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			_				
General Property Taxes	\$	333,482,063	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 333,482,063
Other Local Taxes		112,271,370		-		-	112,271,370
Permits, Fees, and Licenses		4,827,422		882,686		-	5,710,108
Fines and Forfeitures		4,116,453		-		-	4,116,453
Use of Money and Property		4,433,015		395,672		1,395,697	6,224,384
Charges for Services		12,404,166		12,064,093		792,900	25,261,159
Intergovernmental Revenue		53,095,127		42,415,391		20,484,065	115,994,583
Miscellaneous		1,065,130		8,606,742		6,150,507	15,822,379
Total Revenues	\$	525,694,746	\$	64,364,584	\$	28,823,169	\$ 618,882,499
EXPENDITURES							
Current Operating:							
General Government	\$	46,137,096	\$	554,342	\$	-	\$ 46,691,438
Judicial Administration		17,958,782		919,747		-	18,878,529
Public Safety		113,896,868		2,950,578		-	116,847,446
Public Works		34,755,649		2,196,320		-	36,951,969
Library		6,793,868		-		-	6,793,868
Health and Welfare		20,723,663		76,041,847		-	96,765,510
Transit		12,550,443		-		-	12,550,443
Culture and Recreation		23,109,869		43,578		-	23,153,447
Community Development		13,840,168		10,750,251			24,590,419
Education		167,965,753		-		3,897,558	171,863,311
Debt Service:							
Principal		19,100,000		-		-	19,100,000
Interest and Other Charges		12,800,635		-		-	12,800,635
Capital Outlay		-		-		100,725,662	100,725,662
Total Expenditures	\$	489,632,794	\$	93,456,663	\$	104,623,220	\$ 687,712,677
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	36,061,952	\$	(29,092,079)	\$	(75,800,051)	\$ (68,830,178)
o marin michio do enero (esa)							
Bond proceeds		-		5,000,000		137,700,000	142,700,000
Bond Premium (Discount)		-		29,048		2,955,587	2,984,635
Transfers In		2,223,910		38,279,363		18,402,687	58,905,960
Transfers Out		(50,769,720)		(7,386,816)		150.050.274	(58,156,536)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses Net Change in Fund Balance		(48,545,810) (12,483,858)		35,921,595 6,829,516		159,058,274 83,258,223	77,603,881
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		65,488,041		17,973,841		51,465,039	77,003,001
· ·				17,973,041		31,403,039	202.000
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	•	302,808	6	24,803,357	•	124 722 262	302,808
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	53,306,991	\$	24,803,357	\$	134,723,262	
Adjustments for the Statement Repayment and refunding of funds, but the repayment rec Governmental funds report of	bond duces	principal is repo long-term liabilit	ies in	the Statement of	Net As	sets.	19,100,000
depreciation expense to alloc amount by which new capita	ate th	ose expenditures	over	the life of the ass	ets. Th	is is the	41,227,288
Revenues in the Statement o not reported as revenues in t			-		cial resc	ources are	907,156
Issuance of debt and premiur	m pro	vide current fina	ncial r	esources to gover	nmenta	al funds, but	
issuing debt increases long to							(145,684,635)
Some expenses reported in the resources and therefore are not the resources and therefore are not the resources.	ot rep	orted as expend	itures	in governmental f	funds. (	Note 9)	(3,791,052)
Internal service funds are use individual funds. The net rev reported in capital outlays a	enue	of the internal se	rvice	fund (except depr	eciation	n which is	2,516,844
		-	-			. ,	
Cnan	ge III	net Assets of G	rovert	mental Activiti	es		\$ (7,817,712)

## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Fund

## Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Fund June 30, 2009

#### Exhibit V

ASSEIS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,513,106
Total Current Assets	\$ 11,513,106
Capital Assets:	
Buildings and Equipment	\$ 34,755,711
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(25,152,882)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,602,829
Total Assets	\$ 21,115,935
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 230,558
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 230,558
Total Liabilities	\$ 230,558
NET ASSEIS	
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 9,602,829
Unrestricted Net Assets	11,282,548
Total Net Assets	\$ 20,885,377
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 21,115,935

## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### Exhibit VI

Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$ 4,984,150
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 4,984,150
Operating Expenses:	
Materials and Supplies	\$ 1,588,781
Depreciation	3,189,922
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 4,778,703
Operating Income	\$ 205,447
Nonoperating Expenses:	
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	\$ (129,101)
Total Nonoperating Expenses	\$ (129,101)
Net Profit/Loss Before Operating Transfers	76,346
Operating Transfers:	
Transfers In	\$ 150,576
Transfers Out	(900,000)
Total Net Transfers	\$ (749,424)
Change in Net Assets	\$ (673,078)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	21,558,455
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 20,885,377

#### CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

## Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **Exhibit VII**

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts From Customers	\$	4,984,150
Payments to Suppliers		(1,633,703)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,350,447
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Subsidies and Transfers from Other Funds	\$	(749,424)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of Capital Assets	\$	(3,144,595)
Net Cash Used By Capital and		
Related Financing Activities	\$	(3,894,019)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(543,572)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		12,056,678
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	11,513,106
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	205,447
Operating Income	Ψ	203,447
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
, 1 C		2 190 022
Depreciation Expense  Change in Assets and Liabilities		3,189,922
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		(44.000)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Payable		(44,922)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,350,447

#### Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Capital assets with a net book value of \$129,101 were retired in non-cash transactions during the year in the Internal Service Fund.

## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets At June 30, 2009

#### **Exhibit VIII**

	]	Employee Retirement Plans	En	Other Post nployment Benefits	Pu	rivate- irpose Trusts	Agency Funds		
ASSEIS									
Cash and Short-term Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,983	
Investments, at Fair Value:									
U.S. Government Obligations		2,133,390		-		-		-	
LGIP		-		-		5,792		681,631	
Mutual Funds		139,110,798		-		-		-	
Corporate Stocks		42,444,454		3,532,426		-		-	
Guaranteed Investment Accounts		66,220,071		878,811		-		-	
Domestic Corporate Bonds		700,675		-		-		-	
Other Investments		406,165		94,953		-		-	
Total Investments	\$	251,015,553	\$	4,506,190	\$	5,792	\$	681,631	
Total Assets	\$	251,015,553	\$	4,506,190	\$	5,792	\$	712,614	
LIABILITIES									
Refunds Payable and Other	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	712,614	
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	712,614	
NET ASSEIS									
Held in Trust for:									
Pension Benefits	\$	251,015,553	\$	-	\$	_			
Other Post Employment Benefits	*	-	*	4,506,190	*	_			
Other Purposes		_		-		5,792			
TO TAL NET ASSETS	\$	251,015,553	\$	4,506,190	\$	5,792			
		, , 0	-	, ,	_	- ,			

#### CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **Exhibit IX**

	Employee Retirement Plans	Other Post Employment Benefits	Pu	ivate- rpose rusts
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 15,632,474	\$ 5,391,667	\$	-
Plan Members	5,118,547	-		-
Total Contributions	\$ 20,751,021	\$ 5,391,667	\$	-
Investment Earnings:				
Net (Depreciation)				
in Fair Value of Investments	\$ (41,748,527)	\$(1,185,365)	\$	-
Interest	8,926,812	158,351		601
Total Investment Earnings	\$ (32,821,715)	\$(1,027,014)	\$	601
Less Investment Expense	-	-		-
Net Investment Income	\$ (32,821,715)	\$(1,027,014)	\$	601
Total Additions	\$ (12,070,694)	\$ 4,364,653	\$	601
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	\$ 16,570,756	\$ -	\$	563
Refunds of Contributions	2,161,727	-		-
Administrative Expenses	469,814	66,796		-
Total Deductions	\$ 19,202,297	\$ 66,796	\$	563
Change in Net Assets	\$ (31,272,991)	\$ 4,297,857	\$	38
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	282,288,544	208,333		5,754
Net Assets at End of Year	\$251,015,553	\$ 4,506,190	\$	5,792

## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets

Statement of Net Asset Component Units As of June 30, 2009

#### Exhibit X

	School Board		Library		Transit	Total		
ASSEIS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	41,065,198	\$	149,078	\$ 289,534	\$	41,503,810	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		-		2,240,479	-		2,240,479	
Receivables		142,055		-	123,590		265,645	
Due from Other Governments		2,006,736		-	233,138		2,239,874	
Inventory of Supplies		158,618		-	446,822		605,440	
Prepaid and Other Assets		7,127,757		-	-		7,127,757	
Capital assets								
Land and Construction in Progress		999,381		-	6,504,807		7,504,188	
Other Capital Assets, Net		6,568,462		-	8,559,397		15,127,859	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	7,567,843	\$	-	\$ 15,064,204	\$	22,632,047	
Total Assets	\$	58,068,207	\$	2,389,557	\$ 16,157,288	\$	76,615,052	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,949,028	\$	862	\$ 300,172	\$	2,250,062	
Accrued Wages		23,643,446		257,635	177,053		24,078,134	
Deferrred Revenue		527,733		-	-		527,733	
Unclaimed Property		14,127		-	-		14,127	
Other Short-term Liabilities		-		-	399,403		399,403	
Long-term Liabilities Due Within One Year		2,282,898		-	-		2,282,898	
Long-term Liabilities Due in More Than One Year		13,644,130		-	-		13,644,130	
Total Liabilities	\$	42,061,362	\$	258,497	\$ 876,628	\$	43,196,487	
NET ASSEIS								
Invested in Capital Assets	\$	7,567,843	\$	-	\$ 15,064,204	\$	22,632,047	
Unrestricted Net Assets		8,439,002		2,131,060	216,456		10,786,518	
TO TAL NET ASSEIS	\$	16,006,845	\$	2,131,060	\$ 15,280,660	\$	33,418,565	

#### 43

## CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

## Statement of Activities Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

## Exhibit XI

		Program	Revenues	 N	let (E	xpense) Revenu	e			
			Operating	 and	l Cha	nges in Net Ass	ets			
		Charges for	Grants and	School						
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	 Board		Library		Transit	_	Totals
School Board										
Instructional	\$ 213,853,213	\$ 2,558,276	\$ 42,891,356	\$ (168,403,581)	\$		\$	-	\$	(168,403,581)
Total School Board	\$ 213,853,213	\$ 2,558,276	\$ 42,891,356	\$ (168,403,581)	\$	-	\$		\$	(168,403,581)
Library	\$ 7,462,738	\$ 243,490	\$ 196,626	\$ -	\$	(7,022,622)	\$	-	\$	(7,022,622)
Transit	13,071,813	3,356,815	279,274	 		-		(9,435,724)		(9,435,724)
Total Component Units	\$ 234,387,764	\$ 6,158,581	\$ 43,367,256	\$ -	\$	(7,022,622)	\$	(9,435,724)	\$	(184,861,927)
	General Revenues	:								
	Payment From City	7		\$ 167,953,749	\$	6,793,868	\$	7,955,042	\$	182,702,659
	Capital Payment Fr	om City		3,897,558		-		-		3,897,558
	Capital Contribution	n From City		-		-		55,190		55,190
	Interest and Investr	nent Earnings		-		16,733		-		16,733
	Miscellaneous			1,072,171		21,684		67,814		1,161,669
	Total General Rev	venues		\$ 172,923,478	\$	6,832,285	\$	8,078,046	\$	187,833,809
	Change in Net A	assets		\$ 4,519,897	\$	(190,337)	\$	(1,357,678)	\$	2,971,882
	Net Assets Beginnir	ng of Year		 11,486,948		2,321,397		16,638,338		30,446,683
	Net Assets End of Y	Year		\$ 16,006,845	\$	2,131,060	\$	15,280,660	\$	33,418,565

**Exhibit XII** 

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Narrative Profile**

The City of Alexandria, located in northern Virginia and bordered by the District of Columbia (Potomac River) and Arlington and Fairfax Counties, was founded in 1749 and incorporated in 1779. With a population of 141,000 and a land area of 15.75 square miles, Alexandria is the 7<sup>th</sup> largest city in the Commonwealth of Virginia and one of the most densely populated cities in the Commonwealth.

The City is governed under the City Manager-Council form of government. Alexandria engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety and administration of justice, education, health, welfare, housing and human service programs, transportation and environmental services, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, library, and historic activities.

The financial statements of the City of Alexandria, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City follows GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. GASB Statement No. 34 requires the following financial statement components:

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> – A narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities. This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-wide financial statements – These include financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as eash and accounts payable), but also capital assets (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads) and long-term liabilities (such as general obligation debt and unfunded pension costs). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. The government-wide statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> – The Statement of Net Assets displays the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government are broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> – The Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the City's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The fund financial statements display the financial transactions and accounts of the City based on funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent accounting entity. The fund financial statements also include reconciliation to the government-wide statement, which briefly explains the differences between the fund and government-wide financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> – Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have an interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The City Council approves revisions to its original budget over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City has no component units that meet the requirements for blending. The discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government. Each of the City's discretely presented component units has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

#### **Component Units:**

#### City of Alexandria School Board

Since FY 1995, the Alexandria City School Board (School Board) has been elected. The School Board is substantially reliant upon the City because City Council approves the School Board's total annual budget appropriation, levies taxes, and issues debt for school projects. The legal liability for the general obligation debt issued for school capital assets remains with the City. The City's primary transaction with the School Board is the City's annual General Fund revenue support, which totaled \$168 million for operations and \$3.9 million for capital equipment in FY 2009.

The APA establishes financial reporting requirements for all localities in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The APA has determined that all Virginia School Boards shall be reported as discretely presented component units of the locality. The APA has also specified additional reporting requirements with respect to School Boards.

#### City of Alexandria Library System

City Council appoints the Library Board (Library) and approves the Library budget. The City is responsible for issuing debt, and acquiring and maintaining all capital items on behalf of the Library. The legal liability for the general obligation debt issued on behalf of the Library remains with the City. The City's primary transaction with the Library is the City's annual operating support, which was \$6.8 million for FY 2009.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Alexandria Transit Company**

The City Council, acting as sole shareholder, elects members of the Alexandria Transit Company's board of directors. City Council approves bus routes, fares, and budgets. The City funds deficits and may issue debt on behalf of the Alexandria Transit Company. The City's primary transactions with the Alexandria Transit Company are the City's annual subsidy, which was \$8 million, and a capital contribution, which was \$0.1 million, in FY 2009.

Complete financial statements for the School Board and Library component units may be obtained at each entity's administrative offices. The Alexandria Transit Company does not issue separate financial statements and is included as an enterprise fund.

City of Alexandria School Board 2000 North Beauregard Street Alexandria, Virginia 22311 City of Alexandria Library System 5005 Duke Street Alexandria, Virginia 22304-2903

#### **Excluded from Reporting Entity:**

City Council is not financially accountable for the Deferred Compensation Plan, Alexandria Economic Development Partnership, Alexandria Industrial Development Authority, Alexandria Redevelopment and Housing Authority, Alexandria Sanitation Authority, or Sheltered Homes of Alexandria, Inc. Accordingly, these entities are excluded from the City of Alexandria's financial statements.

#### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The reporting model focus is on both the City as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds, (by category) and the component units. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a combined basis, and (b) is reflected on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Both government-wide and fund financial statements presentations provide information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the financial information. The City generally uses restricted assets first for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The City may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.). Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants and contributions column includes operating-

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants and contributions column reflects capital-specific grants.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with related liabilities, fund balances and net assets, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension, private purpose trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the City in FY 2009.

#### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed.

#### a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used to finance the operations of the City of Alexandria School Board.

#### b. Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for revenue derived from specific sources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted by legal and regulatory provisions to finance specific activities. The Special Revenue Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes. A significant portion of the Special Revenue Fund is used for Health and Welfare programs.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### c. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities not being financed by proprietary funds. The Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, and payments relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as, materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the City has elected to follow GASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, rather than the Financial Accounting Standards Board, in accounting for enterprise funds to the extent these standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. The City has two proprietary funds – the Internal Service Fund and the component unit Alexandria Transit Company. The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis and is considered an enterprise fund. The City established the Equipment Replacement Reserve Account, the internal service fund, for the purpose of providing for the accumulation of funds to replace capital equipment items used in City operations. This internal service fund derives its funding from periodic equipment rental charges assessed to the user departments in the governmental funds. This funding is then used to replace capital equipment when the need arises. The internal service fund is included in governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes and is not considered an enterprise fund. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The excess revenues or expenses for the fund are allocated to the appropriate functional activity. The component unit Alexandria Transit Company is considered an enterprise fund and derives its funding from fare box fees and some support from the City.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The Fiduciary Funds of the City are the John D. Collins Private Purpose Trust Fund, Employee Retirement Funds, the Human Services Special Welfare Account, the Human Services Dedicated Account, the Industrial Development Authority Agency Funds, the Potomac Yard Affordable Housing, and the Potomac Yard Open Space Agency Funds. For accounting measurement purposes, the Private Purpose Trust Fund, the Employee Retirement Funds, and other post employment benefits are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Private Purpose Trust Funds account for assets of which the principal may not be spent. The Employee Retirement Funds account for the assets of the City's pension plans and the OPEB fund. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The agency funds held by the City as of end of FY 2009 comprise the following:

*Human Services Special Welfare Account* – This fund accounts for the current payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

*Human Services Dedicated Account* – This fund accounts for back payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

*Industrial Development Authority Agency Fund* – This fund accounts for Industrial Development Authority bond issuance fees and expenses, for which the City acts in a custodial capacity.

**Potomac Yard Affordable Housing** – This fund accounts for affordable housing donations received from Potomac Yard Development LLC for the purpose of constructing affordable housing.

**Potomac Yard Open Space** – This fund accounts for the remittances received from Potomac Yard Development LLC to cover open space expenses.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, all proprietary funds, and private purpose trust funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net assets or on the statement of fiduciary net assets. These operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues or additions) and decreases (e.g., expenses or deductions) in total net assets.

The Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Activities, and the financial statements of the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash.

The fund financial statements of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. With respect to real and personal property tax revenue and other local taxes, the term "available" is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year-end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year-end but which are not available are deferred. Interest income is recorded as earned. Federal and State reimbursement-type grants revenues are considered to be measurable and available as revenue when reimbursements for related eligible expenditures are collected within a year of the date the expenditure was incurred. Expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council annually adopts budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund of the primary government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the departmental level for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. The School Board appropriation is determined by the City Council and controlled in total by the primary government. On June 14, 2008, the City Council formally approved the original adopted budget (which had been initially approved on May 5, 2008) and on June 23, 2009 approved the revised budget reflected in the required supplemental information. Budgets are prepared for the Capital Projects Fund on a project basis, which covers the life of the project. A Capital Projects Fund appropriation does not lapse until an appropriation reduction is approved by City Council.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to reserve an applicable portion of an appropriation, is used as an extension of formal budgetary control in the General and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year. These encumbrances are subject to reappropriation by Council ordinance in the succeeding fiscal year.

#### E. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds, including imprest cash of \$19,265 and excluding cash held with fiscal agents in the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and discretely presented component units (School Board, Library, and Alexandria Transit Company), are combined to form a pool of cash and investments to maximize interest earnings. Investments in the pool consist of the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and are recorded at fair value. Income from pooled investments is allocated only when contractually or legally required. All investment earnings not legally or contractually required to be credited to individual accounts or funds are credited to the General Fund.

The Library maintains separate cash and investment accounts consisting of cash and obligations of the federal government and corporate bonds and stocks recorded at fair value. All cash and investments held with fiscal agents for the primary government and its discretely presented component units are recorded at fair value.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices. All investments in external investment pools are reported at fair value.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2009, is comprised of the following:

GENERAL FUND:	
Taxes Receivable:	
Real Property	\$ 586,246
Personal	17,933,934
Penalties and Interest	1,896,874
Total taxes	\$ 20,417,054
Accounts Receivable	2,825
Notes Receivable	9,000
	<u>\$ 20,428,879</u>
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND:	
Housing Fund Notes Receivable	<u>\$ 35,947,673</u>
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND:	
Capital Projects Fund Notes Receivable	<u>\$ 1,475,000</u>

The component units' accounts receivable are considered fully collectible and therefore an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not applicable to those receivables.

#### G. Inventory of Supplies and Prepaid and Other Assets

#### **Primary Government**

Inventories of consumable supplies are recorded at cost (determined on a first in, first out basis). Inventory in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs are recorded as expenditures under the purchase method. Reported inventories in the General Fund are equally offset by a reservation of fund balance. Purchases of non-inventory items are recorded as expenses or expenditures under the purchase method. Prepaid expenditures in reimbursable grants are offset by unearned revenues until expenses or expenditures are recognized.

#### **Component Units**

Inventory for the School Board is comprised of food and commodities on hand pertaining to the Child Nutrition Cluster of programs. Inventories of consumable supplies are recorded at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are recorded at fair market value when received and the amounts consumed are recorded as revenue. The amounts of unused food commodities are reported as inventory and deferred revenue.

Inventory for the Alexandria Transit Company is comprised of parts and operating materials held for consumption. These inventories are costed by methods that approximate average cost or market value, whichever is lower.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other assets in the government-wide statements also include taxes receivable discussed in Note 4 and deferred interest on refunding bonds discussed in Note 9. The total adjustment to these assets was comprised of the following:

Taxes receivable	\$ 2,702,134
Deferred interest	 2,778,960
Total adjustment	\$ 5,481,094

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Infrastructure	25 years
Furniture and Other Equipment	3-20 years

To the extent the City's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met, capital outlays of the Internal Service Fund are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds and the government-wide financial statements using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Leasehold Improvements	3-40 years
Equipment	3-20 years

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The City does not capitalize historical treasures or works of art. The City maintains many items and buildings of historical significance. The City uses the proceeds from the sale of historical treasures or works of art to acquire other items for the collection.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

#### I. Compensated Absences

The City accrues compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested. The current portions of the governmental funds' matured compensated absences liabilities are recorded as other liabilities in the General and Special Revenue Funds. The current and noncurrent portions are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. This includes the discretely presented component unit Library, since the City funds all Library personnel costs.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The component unit School Board accrues matured compensated absences (annual, personal, and sick leave benefits) when vested. The current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences are recorded in the School Board component unit government-wide financial statements.

The component unit Transit accrues annual and sick leave benefits in the period in which they are earned.

#### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### K. Fund Balance

#### **Reservations of Fund Balance**

Except for those required to comply with accounting standards, all reservations and designations of fund balances reflect City Council action in the context of adoption of the City's budget.

**Approved Capital Projects** – These monies have been reserved for capital projects that City Council has already approved.

**Notes Receivable** – These monies have been reserved for notes receivable not expected to mature in the current fiscal year.

**Inventory of Supplies** – These monies have been reserved for reported inventories in the General Fund to comply with accounting standards.

**Encumbrances** – These monies have been reserved for goods and services encumbered, or ordered, before the end of the fiscal year, for which delivery of goods and services had not been made prior to the close of the fiscal year.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Designations of Fund Balance**

General Fund designations at June 30, 2009 consisted of the following:

\$ 2,315,347
3,600,000
226,958
5,000,000
6,500,000
250,000
400,000
4,309,397
25,000
 1,694,734
\$ 24,321,436
\$ <u>\$</u>

**Subsequent Fiscal Year's Operating Budget** – On June 13, 2009, City Council approved the FY 2010 Appropriations Ordinance, which appropriated \$2.3 million of General Fund Balance to meet anticipated expenditures. An additional \$3.6 million has been designated for FY 2011.

**Subsequent Fiscal Years' Capital Program** – These monies (\$0.2 million) have been designated in the Approved FY 2010 – 2015 Capital Improvement Program Funding Plans to fund a portion of the capital improvement program in FY 2010.

**Self – Insurance** – These monies (\$5.0 million) have been designated for reserves for the City's self-insurance program.

**Retiree Health and Life (OPEB)** - These monies (\$6.5 million) have been designated as part of the City's efforts to fund a health and life insurance benefit trust.

**Fuel Costs** - These monies (\$0.3 million) have been set aside as a contingency for possible fuel cost increases.

One-Time Accute Human Services – These monies (\$0.4 million) have been set aside for possible shortfalls in federal or state grants for social service programs and for possible additional City costs for mandated foster care and special education services under the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Services Act.

**King Street Gardens** – These monies (\$25,000) have been set aside for the King Street Gardens.

**Ongoing Projects** – These monies (\$1.7 million) have been set aside for projects for which funding was available in the FY 2009 budget, but not completed as of the end of the fiscal year.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### L. Short Term Liabilities

Short Term Liabilities include unclaimed funds. The City did not have any short term debt during FY 2009.

#### M. Pollution Remediation

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations." The implementation of GASB Statement no. 49, did not affect the presentation of the financial statements of the City.

#### NOTE 2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

After a public hearing and several work sessions, the City Council adopts an annual budget no later than June 27 for the succeeding fiscal year to commence July 1. Transfers of appropriations among departments or projects are made throughout the fiscal year by the City Council. The City Council may also approve supplemental appropriations. In FY 2009, the Council approved a reappropriation of prior fiscal year encumbrances as well as various other supplemental appropriations. The City Manager has authority to transfer appropriations within each department. In FY 2009, a number of intradepartmental transfers were made.

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed monthly based on the funds' average monthly balances. A "zero balance account" mechanism provides for daily sweeps of deposits made to City checking accounts, resulting in an instantaneous transfer to the investment account. Thus, the majority of funds in the City's general account are invested at all times. Exceptions to this are funds in the Library System's checking account, the School Student Activity Fund account, and some bank accounts administered by the Human Services Department. The City's pooled portfolio also excludes pension plans.

#### A. Deposits

#### **Primary Government**

At June 30, 2009, the carrying value of the City's deposits was negative \$605,666 and the bank balance was \$1,948,626. The carrying value of the City's deposits represents checks outstanding. This amount will fluctuate depending on the difference between checks issued and checks paid. The funds for these checks remain invested until the checks are presented for payment at the bank. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (The Act). The Act provides for the pooling of collateral pledged with the Treasurer of Virginia to secure public deposits as a class. No specific collateral can be identified as security for one public depositor and public depositors are prohibited from holding collateral in their name as security for deposits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loan associations. A multiple financial institution collateral pool that provides for additional assessments is similar to depository insurance. If any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral pool becomes available to satisfy the claims of governmental entities. If the value of the

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

pool's collateral were inadequate to cover the loss, additional amounts would be assessed on a pro rata basis to the members of the pool. Funds deposited in accordance with the requirements of the Act are considered fully secured.

#### **Component Units**

At June 30, 2009, the carrying value of deposits for the School Board was negative \$1,678,973 and the bank balance was \$0. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act as defined above.

At June 30, 2009, the carrying value of deposits and bank balance for the Library was \$164,369. Of this amount, \$164,369 was collateralized at 102 percent with U.S. government agency securities as part of a repurchase agreement with Burke and Herbert Bank and Trust Company.

Transit deposits are included in the City's pooled cash and investments.

#### **B.** Investments

State Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The City's current investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, commercial paper, LGIP and repurchase agreements fully collateralized in obligations of the United States and agencies thereof.

During fiscal year 2009 all City investments were placed in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is under the supervision of the Virginia Treasury Board and audited by the Auditor of Public Accounts.

The City and its discretely presented component units maintain nine pension plans. The plan provisions allow the assets of the pension plans to be invested by the pension carriers in accordance with provisions of the Code of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Plans' investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Such risks, and the resulting investment security values, may be influenced by changes in economic conditions and market perceptions and expectations. Accordingly, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net assets available for benefits.

The City and its discretely presented component units' investments are subject to interest rate, credit and custodial risk as described below:

**Interest Rate Risk** – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits at least half of the City's investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year.

Credit Risk – State Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivision thereof, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and Virginia Local Government Investment Pool. The City's current investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized in the Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof and the State

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). During the fiscal year, the City held its investments in (LGIP). The investments for five of the City's seven pension plans are handled by Prudential, a company with an A (Excellent) rating, one of the top three, by A.M. Best rating agency. The investments for the two defined contribution plans are directed by employees and are invested in mutual funds and guaranteed investment accounts. The City has directed Prudential to invest funds for the other three defined benefit pension plans in guaranteed investment accounts and mutual funds. The Commonwealth of Virginia manages the investments of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) and the City has contracted with SunTrust Bank to handle investments for the Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan – Disability Component mostly in bonds (U.S., municipal and corporate) and domestic equities. SunTrust Bank also handles investments for OPEB trust fund for the City.

**Custodial Risk** – For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter party the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Currently all City investments are held in LGIP. In the event the City has to invest in a local bank, the City requires a designated portfolio manager and that at the time funds are invested, collateral for repurchase agreements be held in the City's name by a custodial agent for the term of the agreement and investments in obligations of the United States or its agencies be held by the Federal Reserve in a custodial account.

As of June 30, 2009, the City had the following cash, investments and maturities:

#### **Primary Government**

	Investment Maturities (in years)							
		Fair Value	Le	ess than 1 year	1-:	5 years	L	ong term
State Treasurer's Local Government							<u></u>	
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	111,551,155	\$	111,551,155	\$		\$	
Total Investments Controlled by City	\$	111,551,155	\$	111,551,155	\$		\$	
OPEB Trust Investments		4,506,190						4,506,190
Pension Plan Investments (Exhibit VIII)	\$	251,015,553	\$		\$		\$	251,015,553
Total	\$	367,072,898	\$	111,551,155	\$		\$	<u>255,521,743</u>

Reconciliation to Total Cash and Investments:

Add:

Cash on Hand and in Banks (605,666)
Cash With Fiscal Agent 126,223,317
Total Deposits and Investments \$492,690,549

#### **Component Unit School Board**

Investment Maturities (in years)						
Fair Value	Less than 1 year	<u>1-5 years</u>				
\$ 42,744,171	\$ 42,744,171	\$				
\$ 42,744,171	\$ 42,744,171	\$				
	Fair Value \$ 42,744,171 	Fair Value         Less than 1 year           \$ 42,744,171         \$ 42,744,171				

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The cash and investments for the Schools' fiduciary responsibilities are not included in the basic financial statements in accordance with the governmental accounting principles. The financial statements for the Schools' fiduciary responsibilities are available from the School Board.

#### **Other Component Units**

	Investment Maturities (in years)						
	Fa	<u>ir Value</u>	Less t	<u>han 1 year</u>	<u>1</u> .	5 years	
State Treasurer's Local Government							
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	438,612	\$	438,612	\$		
Total Investments Controlled by City	\$	438,612	\$	438,612	\$		

Reconciliation of total deposits and investments to the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2009:

Primary Government	overnmental Activities	 Business Type Activities	 Fiduciary Activities	 Total
Cash on Hand and In Banks	\$ (605,666)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ (605,666)
Cash and Investments	110,863,732		687,423	111,551,155
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	126,192,334	 	255,552,726	381,745,060
Total	\$ 236,450,400	\$ 	\$ 256,240,149	\$ 492,690,549
Component Unit School Board  Cash on Hand and In Banks  Cash and Investments Controlled by City	\$ (1,678,973) 42,744,171	\$ 	\$  	\$ (1,678,973) 42,744,171
Total	\$ 41,065,198	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 41,065,198
Other Component Units				
Cash and Investments Controlled by City	\$ 149,078	\$ 289,534	\$ 	\$ 438,612
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	 2,240,479	 		 2,240,479
Total	\$ 2,389,557	\$ \$ 289,534	\$ 	\$ 2,679,091
Grand Total				\$ 536,434,838

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2009 consist of the following:

#### **Primary Government**

	 General	Special Revenue	Capital Project	Total
Taxes				
Real Property	\$ 157,036,219	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 157,036,219
Personal Property	47,560,939			47,560,939
Penalties and Interest	3,091,936			3,091,936
Other	787,423			787,423
<b>Total Taxes</b>	\$ 208,476,517	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 208,476,517
Accounts	\$ 8,714,077	\$ 905,118	\$ 13	\$ 9,619,208
Intergovernmental	31,800,221	5,617,085		37,417,306
Notes	409,000	38,621,479	1,475,000	40,505,479
<b>Gross Receivables</b>	\$ 249,399,815	\$ 45,143,682	\$ 1,475,013	\$ 296,018,510
Less: Allowance for				
Uncollectibles	20,428,879	35,947,673	1,475,000	57,851,552
Net Receivables	\$ 228,970,936	\$ 9,196,009	\$ 13	\$ 238,166,958

Taxes receivable represents the current and past four years of uncollected tax levies for personal property taxes and the current and past nineteen years for uncollected tax levies on real property. The allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes receivable is 9.8 percent of the total taxes receivable at June 30, 2009 and is based on historical collection rates. Almost all of the uncollectible taxes derive from personal property taxes. Almost all of the real property tax receivables as of June 30, 2009 represent the second-half payment due for real estate taxes on November 15, 2009.

Receivables on a government-wide basis include taxes receivable of \$2.7 million that are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are offset by the unearned revenue for the governmental funds. Tax revenues and the corresponding unearned revenue reported on a government-wide basis do not include approximately \$0.9 million of taxes that are considered current financial resources, and therefore, are reported in the governmental funds. This comprises:

Real Estate tax receivables	\$ (110,295)
Personal Property tax receivables	1,017,451
Total	907.156

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (Continued)**

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also include unearned revenue related to resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of FY 2009 unearned revenue in the governmental funds consisted of the following:

	 Unavailable	 Unearned	-	Total
Property taxes, net of related allowances Grant proceeds received prior to	\$ 210,044,791	\$ 4,166,852	\$	214,211,643
completion of eligibility requirements  Total unearned revenue for governmental	 	 3,876,048		3,876,048
funds	\$ 210,044,791	\$ 8,042,900	\$	218,087,691

#### **Component Units**

Receivables at June 30, 2009 consist of following:

	School		
	 Board	 Transit	Total
Accounts	\$ 142,055	\$ 123,590	\$ 265,645
Intergovernmental	 2,006,736	 233,138	2,239,874
Total Receivables	\$ 2,148,791	\$ 356,728	\$ 2,505,519

All of the component units' receivables are considered to be collectible.

All deferred revenue in the component units is unearned.

## A. Property Taxes

The City levies real estate taxes on all real property on a calendar year basis, at a rate enacted by the City Council on the assessed value of property (except public utility property) as determined by the Director of Real Estate Assessments of the City. The Commonwealth assesses public utility property. Neither the City nor the Commonwealth imposes a limitation on the tax rate. All property is assessed at 100 percent of fair market value and reassessed each year as of January 1. The Director of Real Estate Assessments, by authority of City ordinance, prorates billings for property incomplete as of January 1, but completed during the year.

Real estate taxes are billed in equal semi-annual installments due June 15 and November 15. The taxes receivable balance at June 30, 2009 includes amounts not yet received from the January 1, 2009 levy (due June 15 and November 15, 2009), less an allowance for uncollectibles. The installment due on November 15, 2009 is included as unavailable revenue since these taxes are restricted for use until FY 2010. Liens are placed on the property on the date real estate taxes become delinquent and must be satisfied prior to the sale or transfer of the property. In addition, any uncollected amounts from previous years' levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance. The tax rate was 90.3¢ and 84.5¢ per \$100 of assessed value during calendar years 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (Continued)**

Personal property tax assessments on tangible business property and all motor vehicles are based on 100 percent of fair market value of the property as of January 1 of each year. For a vehicle, the tax may be prorated for the length of time the vehicle has situs in the City. Personal property taxes for the calendar year are due on October 5. Personal property taxes do not create a lien on property; however, City vehicle decals, which are required by law for all vehicles garaged in the City, may not be issued to any individual having outstanding personal property taxes. The taxes receivable balance at June 30, 2009 includes amounts not yet billed or received from the January 1, 2009 levy (due October 5, 2009). These taxes are included as unearned revenue since these taxes are restricted for use until FY 2010. The tax rates during calendar years 2009 and 2008 were \$4.75 for motor vehicles and tangible property and \$4.50 for machinery and tools per \$100 of assessed value. In addition, any uncollected amounts from prior year levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of 1998 (PPTRA), the City billed and collected from the State 69 percent of most taxpayers' payments in FY 2009 for the January 1, 2008 levy for the Commonwealth's share of the local personal property tax payment with the remainder collected by the Commonwealth from taxpayers. Unavailable revenues include the state share of the January 1, 2009 levy.

#### B. Notes Receivable

The gross amount of notes receivable is primarily for the City's housing programs and consisted of the following at June 30, 2009:

#### **Governmental Activities**

General Fund	\$ 409,000
Special Revenue Fund	38,621,479
Capital Projects Fund	1,475,000
Less Allowance for	
Uncollectible Accounts	(37,431,673)
Net	\$ 3,073,806
Amounts due within one year	\$ 96,636
Amounts due in more than one year	<u>\$ 2,977,170</u>

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

#### **Governmental Activities**

		Balance June 30, 2008		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2009
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				11101 041505		<u> </u>		
Land and Land Improvements	\$	88,824,643	\$		\$		\$	88,824,643
Construction in Progress	*	36,762,341	*	63,759,217	_	21,311,416	*	79,210,142
Total Capital Assets								,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Not Being Depreciated	\$	125,586,984	\$	63,759,217	\$	21,311,416	\$	168,034,785
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings	\$	362,740,588	\$	19,476,267	\$		\$	382,216,855
Infrastructure		142,775,420		1,346,173				144,121,593
Furniture and Other Equipment		57,984,971		4,714,903		2,950,010		59,749,864
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	\$	563,500,979	\$	25,537,343	\$	2,950,010	\$	586,088,312
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	81,135,796	\$	8,541,903	\$		\$	89,677,699
Infrastructure		67,772,902		5,571,547				73,344,449
Furniture and Other Equipment		38,889,377		5,410,172		2,600,996		41,698,553
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	187,798,075	\$	19,523,622	\$	2,600,996	\$	204,720,701
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$	375,702,904	\$	6,013,721	\$	349,014	\$	381,367,611
TOTALS	\$	501,289,888	\$	69,772,938	\$	21,660,430	\$	549,402,396

The City acquires and maintains all capital assets for the Library. Accordingly, Library capital assets are included in the governmental activities totals.

Governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2009, are comprised of the following:

General Capital Assets, Net	\$ 539,799,567
Internal Service Fund Capital Assets, Net	 9,602,829
TOTAL	\$ 549,402,396

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 1,467,306
Judicial Administration	385,995
Public Safety	3,088,363
Public Works	8,126,391
Health and Welfare	571,968
Culture and Recreation	1,916,016
Education	3,743,411
Community Development	224,172
Total	<u>\$ 19,523,622</u>

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The adjustment from governmental funds to the government-wide statements is summarized as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

City Capital Outlay	\$100,725,662
Donated Assets	765,167
Depreciation Expense	(19,523,622)
Capital Outlay not Capitalized	(40,739,919)
Total Adjustment	<u>\$ 41,227,288</u>

Donated assets are comprised of infrastructure donated by developers.

#### Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt is computed as follows:

Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 549,402,396
General Obligation Bonds net of premium and deferrals	(383,950,000)
Bond Premium	(9,434,112)
Deferred Interest	(2,778,959)
Total Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 153,239,325

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

#### **Component Unit - School Board**

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

	Balance June 30,					Balance June 30,
	 2008	 Increases	I	Decreases		2009
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	 			_		
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 999,381	\$ 	\$		\$	999,381
Total Capital Assets						
Not Being Depreciated	\$ 999,381	\$ 	\$		\$	999,381
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings	\$ 36,331,241	\$ 33,000	\$		\$	36,364,241
Furniture and Other Equipment	 10,462,588	 1,470,606		625,738		11,307,456
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 46,793,829	\$ 1,503,606	\$	625,738	\$	47,671,697
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 40,512,925	 1,216,048		625,738	-	41,103,235
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 6,280,904	\$ 287,558	\$		\$	6,568,462
TOTALS	\$ 7,280,285	\$ 287,558	\$		\$	7,567,843

In FY 2002, the Virginia Assembly passed a general law to respond to GASB Statement No. 34 that establishes the local option of creating, for financial reporting purposes, a tenancy in common with the local school board when a city or county issues bonds for acquisition, construction or improvement of public school property. The sole purpose of the law is to allow cities and counties the ability to record together school assets and related debt liabilities. As a result, certain assets purchased with the City's general obligation bonds are now recorded as part of the primary government. According to the law, the tenancy in common ends when the associated obligation is repaid; therefore, the assets will revert to the Alexandria School Board when the bonds are repaid. Nothing in the law alters the authority or responsibility of the local school board or control of the assets.

All depreciation was charged to education.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

#### Component Unit - Alexandria Transit Company

	Balance <u>June 30, 2008</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2009</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements	\$ 6,504,807	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 6,504,807
Depreciable Capital Assets: Equipment	\$ 21,066,752	\$ 199.523	\$	\$ 21,266,275
Less Accumulated Depreciation	11,081,885	1,624,993		12,706,878
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>9,984,867</u>	<u>\$(1,425,470)</u>	\$	\$ 8,559,397
TOTALS	<u>\$ 16,489,674</u>	<u>\$(1,425,470)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 15,064,204</u>

All depreciation was charged to transit.

#### **Primary Government**

Construction in progress is composed of the following at June 30, 2009:

	Expended		
	Project	Through	
	<u>Authorization</u>	June 30, 2009	<b>Committed</b>
School Capital Projects	\$ 28,410,357	\$ 5,634,207	\$
Infrastructure	21,946,916	15,524,588	4,815,481
Housing and Community Improvement	645,000	62,759	139,903
Alexandria Transit Facility	40,351,201	27,855,512	9,519,456
Parks and Recreation Facilities	2,192,214	198,930	46,734
Public Buildings	7,002,732	2,421,571	2,758,494
Public Safety Buildings	36,193,458	25,716,290	6,680,121
Information Technology	2,013,327	1,796,285	231,908
TOTALS	\$ 138,755,20 <u>5</u>	\$ 79,210,142	\$ 24,192,097

#### **Component Units**

There were no construction in progress authorizations for the component units.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various losses related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the City to retain risks of losses in those areas where it believes it is more economical to manage its risks internally and account for any claims settlement in the General Fund. Exceptions to the self-insurance program are made when insurance coverage is available and when premiums are cost effective. The City is covered by property/casualty insurance policies on real and personal property (except vehicles) and the following liability insurance policies as of June 30, 2009: public entity and public officials excess liability, medical malpractice liability, voting booths, special events, vacant buildings, volunteer liability, and commercial crime. In addition, the City maintains excess workers' compensation insurance. The City maintains a blanket surety bond on all City workers who handle funds and excess amounts on key officials. There were no material reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior fiscal year, nor did settlements exceed coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

The City is self insured for workers' compensation claims up to \$1 million and for public officers, public entity, physical damage to vehicles, and vehicle general liability under \$2 million and over \$10 million.

The following Constitutional Officers and City employees are covered by surety bonds issued in the amounts shown below by Aetna Casualty and Surety as of June 30, 2009:

Director of Finance.	\$ 1,000,000
Treasury Division Chief	\$ 500,000
Revenue Division Chief	\$ 150,000
Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 103,000*
Sheriff	\$ 30,000*
All other City employees	\$ 100,000
Alexandria Historic Restoration and Preservation Commissioners	\$ 10,000

<sup>\*</sup> Bond provided by the Commonwealth of Virginia

#### **Self-Insurance**

The non-current portion of unpaid workers' compensation claims amounted to approximately \$9.1 million as of June 30, 2009 and is reflected in the government-wide statements. The current portion is recorded as an accrued liability in the General Fund and the government-wide financial statements. In FY 2009 the City became self-insured for one of the two health insurance plans offered to employees. At June 30, 2009 the current portion of employees' health insurance was \$1.2 million which represents an estimate of health insurance claims that have been incurred but not reported and are reported in accrued liabilities. The amount of expenditures did not exceed funds that are available to pay the claims. Therefore a long-term liability has not been recorded as of June 30, 2009. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that losses have occurred and the amounts of the losses can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported to date. Liabilities are determined using a combination of actual claims experience and actuarially determined amounts and include incremental claim adjustment expenses and estimated recoveries. An independent contractor processes claims and the City records a provision and liability in the government-wide statements and General Fund (current portion only) for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Changes in the estimated claims payable for workers' compensation and health insurance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were as follows:

	Worker's mpensation	Health Insurance
July 1, 2007 Liability Balances	\$ 6,877,347	\$ 
Claims and changes in estimates	2,511,519	
Claim Payments	(1,985,493)	
June 30, 2008 Liability Balances	\$ 7,403,373	\$ 
Claims and changes in estimates	3,862,655	13,003,349
Claim Payments	(2,161,199)	(11,814,462)
June 30, 2009 Liability Balances	\$ 9,104,829	\$ 1,188,887

#### **Insurance Designation**

In addition, the City has established a General Fund fund balance self-insurance designation of \$5 million as of June 30, 2009.

#### **Risk Pools**

On March 15, 1986, the City joined the Commonwealth of Virginia's Law Enforcement Liability plan, called VA Risk, on behalf of the Office of the Sheriff. The Division of Risk Management of the Commonwealth's Department of General Services operates VA Risk. It was created in accordance with Sec. 2.1-526.8:1 of the Code of Virginia, which says that the State shall have the right and duty to defend any suit seeking damages or compensation against the City's officials and employees on account of wrongful acts, even if any of the allegations of the suit are groundless, false, or fraudulent, and may make investigation and settlement of any claims or suit as deemed expedient. The limits of VA Risk coverage are \$1 million per claim. The City retains the risk for all claims in excess of \$1 million.

#### **Component Units**

The School Board carries insurance for all risks of loss, including property insurance, theft, auto liability, physical damage, and general liability insurance through the Virginia Municipal League. The School Board is self-insured for workers compensation. School management has estimated their workers compensation liability to be \$0.7 million as of June 30, 2009. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage. There were no material reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior fiscal year nor did settlements exceed coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

The Library carries commercial insurance with the Virginia Municipal League for all risks of loss including property insurance, theft, auto liability, physical damage, and general liability insurances. There were no material reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior fiscal year, nor did settlements exceed coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

On October 1, 1987, the Alexandria Transit Company joined the Virginia Transit Liability Pool. Commercial companies service the Virginia Transit Liability Pool.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

The coverage and limits of the pool's liability to the City are as follows:

Commercial General Liability	\$10 million
Automobile Liability	\$10 million
Uninsured Motorist	\$50,000
Automobile Physical Damage	(Actual Value)

In FY 2009 the Alexandria Transit Company paid an annual premium of \$0.29\$ million for participation in this pool.

Under the provisions of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act, the Alexandria Transit Company has secured the payment of Virginia compensation benefits and employers' liability coverage with the Virginia Municipal Group Self-Insurance Association (VMGSIA). VMGSIA is a public entity risk pool providing a comprehensive workers' compensation insurance program to Virginia municipalities and other local government entities. In addition to insurance coverage, the program provides risk management services with emphasis on loss control and claims administration. The Alexandria Transit Company pays an annual premium to VMGSIA for workers' compensation coverage. VMGSIA is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims in excess of \$5 million. Each member's premium is determined through an actuarial analysis based upon the individual member's past experience and number of employees. In FY 2009, the Alexandria Transit Company paid an annual premium of \$0.28 million for participation in this pool.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASES

#### **Rental Costs**

The City and the School Board lease office space and equipment under various long-term operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through FY 2024. Certain leases contain provisions for possible future increased rentals based upon changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Scheduled minimum rental payments for succeeding fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

	Primary	School Board
Fiscal Year	Government	Component Unit
2010	\$ 6,359,968	\$ 1,228,757
2011	6,594,337	247,370
2012	6,875,266	254,791
2013	5,377,587	239,965
2014	4,391,690	
2015-2019	10,420,762	7,342,412
2020-2024	3,584,591	

Total rental costs during FY 2009 for operating leases were \$6.1 million for the Primary Government and \$2.9 million for the School Board.

#### **Rental Revenues**

The City also leases various City-owned properties and buildings under noncancellable long-term lease agreements through FY 2022. The net book value of leased assets of \$4.1 million (cost of \$5.7 million less accumulated deprecation of \$1.6 million) is included in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. Certain leases contain provisions for future increased revenues based upon changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Scheduled minimum revenues for succeeding fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Total Revenues</u>
2010	\$ 557,819
2011	33,037
2012	34,028
2013	14,604

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

The City's commitments to the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) are comprised of agreements to make capital contributions for construction of the rail transit system, contributions for replacement and improvement of rail and bus equipment, and payments of operating subsidies for both the rail and bus systems.

The City and other participating jurisdictions have entered into a series of capital contributions agreements with WMATA to fund the local share of the cost of the regional Metrorail transit system. The City's commitments are summarized as follows:

# 1. Capital contributions - Bus and Rail Replacement

During FY 2004 the WMATA Board, the City and other participating jurisdictions in the Washington D.C. area discussed and negotiated a new "Metro Matters" multi-year capital funding agreement. This agreement reflects some \$3.2 billion in Metrorail and Metrobus infrastructure capital improvements, as well as expansion of Metro transit services through the acquisition of new railcars and buses. The participating jurisdictions' share is planned at \$1.9 billion over a 20-year period with \$0.9 billion planned during the first six years. The City's share is \$82.5 million over the 20-year period with \$40.7 million planned during the first six years. It is likely that prior to the end of the first six-year period, an updated Metro Matters agreement to provide additional funding beyond the first six years will be considered by WMATA and the participating jurisdictions. The Metro Matters inter-jurisdictional agreement was signed by the City of Alexandria on September 28, 2004. The participating jurisdictions' financial obligations, including the City, per the Metro Matters agreement, are subject to individual jurisdictional annual appropriation consideration.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the total City obligation was \$8.0 million all of which was funded from the City's capital project fund.

#### 2. Operating subsidies - Bus and Rail Systems

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, obligations for bus and rail subsidies amounted to \$20.3 million. The City paid this obligation from the following sources:

City payments	\$ 2,161,185
State Aid and State Motor Fuel Sales Tax revenues	18,181,869
TOTAL	\$20.343.054

Expected obligations for FY 2010 are \$28.3 million, of which \$7.2 million is expected to be paid from the City's General Fund.

#### 3. WMATA Transit Revenue Bonds

WMATA issued approximately \$1 billion of federally guaranteed transit revenue bonds to fund part of the construction of the rail transit system. Operating revenues have been insufficient to retire this debt. The federal government and WMATA entered into an agreement whereby the federal government agreed to pay two-thirds of the debt service costs for these bonds and to advance part of the remaining one third during the first three years of the agreement. The agreement requires that WMATA repay the federal advances, with interest, and one-third of the debt service on the bonds. WMATA allocated the cost of the advances and the one-third of the debt service costs among the participating jurisdictions. The City has not agreed to any payments for the one-third allocation of debt service, but the Northern Virginia Transportation Commission (NVTC) has paid, from state aid, all such costs allocated to Northern Virginia jurisdictions, of which \$1,418,200 was the City's allocation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. However, NVTC has not paid any of the allocations for federal advances. In July of 1985, the

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Alexandria City Council authorized NVTC to pay \$4.2 million to WMATA, including accrued interest, from state aid on deposit to the credit of the City. This was the total amount allocated to the City by WMATA for advances by the federal government, including accrued interest. The City has thus, with such authorization, satisfied all claims due WMATA for transit revenue bonds.

#### B. Litigation

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims that arise in the ordinary course of its operations. It is the opinion of City management and the City Attorney that any losses not covered by insurance that may ultimately be incurred as a result of the suits and claims will not be material.

# C. Waste-To-Energy Facility

The City has guaranteed annual tonnage of acceptable waste commitment to the Waste-to-Energy Facility, which is owned and operated by a private corporation. The commitment, which is joint with Arlington County, is based on a percent of solid waste the City and Arlington County expects to collect together. The facility charges fees on each ton based on defined costs, as well as has two multi-year contracts for large haulers where a fee discount applies. It is expected that the City and Arlington County will be able to continue to meet their minimum requirement for annual tonnage of 225,000 tons per year. For FY 2009 and for every year the facility has been open, the City and Arlington County exceeded the minimum annual tonnage requirement. If the City would be required to augment this requirement, the financial effect on the City would be immaterial.

On December 1, 1984, an inter-local joint enterprise agreement was entered into between the Alexandria Sanitation Authority and the Arlington Solid Waste Authority (the "Authorities"). The Joint Enterprise, referred to as the Alexandria/Arlington Resource Recovery Corporation, was formed to design, construct, equip, test, then operate a solid waste disposal facility having an installed capacity of 975 tons per day of mixed municipal solid waste. The facility is located at 5301 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, Virginia. The Alexandria Industrial Development Authority issued revenue bonds and proceeds were lent to the Authorities to construct the facility.

On October 22, 1985, the Authorities sold the Facility to a private company ("the Corporation") pursuant to a Conditional Sale and Security Agreement (the Agreement). The sale involved the transfer of construction-in-progress together with marketable securities and other assets. The Corporation assumed the obligation to provide funds adequate to pay the current liabilities and the outstanding revenue bonds payable as of October 22, 1985. This Agreement requires the Authorities to transfer full title to the Facility only when principal and interest on the outstanding revenue bonds or any subsequent refinancing revenue bonds have been paid in full. The Agreement also entitles the Authorities to repossess the Facility if revenue bond debt service payments are not made.

In connection with this transaction, the Corporation entered into a Facility Agreement dated as of October 1, 1986, obligating it to construct the Facility and to provide waste disposal services to the City of Alexandria, Arlington County, and the Authorities for 20 years. Under the Facility Agreement, the City has a guaranteed annual tonnage of acceptable waste commitment to the Facility. The commitment was based on a percent of solid waste the City expects to collect. The Facility charges a fee on each ton based on defined costs, and the City has met its requirement for annual tonnage each year.

Federal law changes in the Clean Air Act and subsequent regulations required the City and Arlington County to invest in a retrofit for new equipment at the Waste-To-Energy Facility. In July 1998, the Authorities advance refunded \$55 million of the outstanding revenue bonds (Series 1998 A bonds) for the Facility to take advantage of lower interest rates. The Series A bonds were fully repaid in FY 2008. In November 1998, the Arlington Industrial Development Authority issued \$48.6 million in new retrofit revenue bonds (Series 1998 B bonds) to cover the cost of new pollution abatement equipment at the Facility required by federal law. The proceeds of the Series 1998 B bonds were lent to Authorities to construct the equipment.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The retrofitting of the Facility's boiler units with certain air pollution control equipment was made necessary by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations adopted pursuant to the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, which imposed more stringent emission limitations on waste-to energy facilities. The Corporation has agreed to design, construct, start-up, and test the equipment so that it passes the Acceptance tests.

Since Acceptance testing on each unit was completed in November 2000, the Operating Lease agreement between the Authorities and the Corporation took effect in January 2001. Since in essence the lease is a capital lease, the capital assets completed and covered by the lease and the promissory note are removed from the City records and are now considered a part of the plant. In FY 2008 they have been recorded in the same manner, as is the rest of the plant.

The Alexandria/Arlington Waste Disposal Trust Fund ("the Trust") is a private purpose trust fund of Arlington County, Virginia and, accordingly, the financial position and results of operations of the Trust are reflected in the comprehensive annual financial report of Arlington County, Virginia. The City of Alexandria, Virginia and Arlington County, Virginia each have a 50% ownership interest in the Trust; however, because Arlington County performs the administrative functions for the Trust, it is reflected in the Arlington County reporting entity. As part of the Conditional Sale and Security Agreement, the Corporation made a payment of \$1 million to the Trust, which was to be used as a reserve for future expenditures.

The Trust Fund derives its revenue from the following sources: a portion of the annual property tax assessment by the City of Alexandria, interest on invested funds and a portion of special revenues generated on contract waste and was \$0.5 million for FY 2009.

Expenditures such as capital costs of repairs, replacement/changes to the facility, and waste recycling programs/activities which benefit the two jurisdictions are eligible for reimbursement though the Trust. In addition, in FY 2009 the Trust has been used to pay consulting fees to an engineering firm for operations and maintenance audits of the facility, for oversight of the new construction and for legal consulting fees paid for services related to the issuance of retrofit financing.

The Trust also has been used to subsidize the difference between the contractual tipping fee paid by haulers under special contracts and the standard tipping fee and to cover deficiencies arising in the "income-available-for-debt-service" calculations mandated by the Facility Agreement between the Corporation, the jurisdictions, and the Authorities. In June 2001, the City of Alexandria, with the concurrence of Arlington County, took responsibility for the investment of Trust fund monies.

Operating costs of the facility are paid for primarily through tipping fees. The City paid \$1.9 million in tipping fees in FY 2009. In the event of a revenue shortfall at the facility, the City is not responsible for the repayment of the bonds. The Alexandria Sanitation Authority and the Arlington Solid Waste Authority have certain bond repayment obligations.

#### D. Northern Virginia Transportation District Bonds

In November 1999, the City signed an agreement with the Commonwealth Transportation Board to provide \$256,070 annually, subject to appropriation, to finance certain Northern Virginia Transportation District Bond projects benefiting the City and other jurisdictions in Northern Virginia. The FY 2009 payment of \$256,070 was made from the proceeds from the City's telecommunications tax received by the General Fund. The City is not liable for repayment of the 20-year bonds.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds - The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds are subject to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 related to arbitrage and interest income tax regulations under those provisions. The City currently has no outstanding arbitrage obligation. General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2009 are composed of the following individual issues:

\$35.2 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2009 installments ranging from \$1.1 million to		
\$4.1 million through 2019, bearing interest at rates ranging from 1.75 percent to 4.0 percent. The Bonds		
are not subject to redemption prior to maturity	\$	35,200,000
\$44.5 million Public Improvement (taxable-Build America) Bonds of 2009 installments ranging from		
\$4.1 million to \$4.8 million through 2029, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.85 percent to 5.7		
percent for which the Federal government provides a 35 percent interest rate subsidy. The Bonds		
maturing on or after July 1, 2019, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after July 1,		
2019, at the direction of the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from time to		
time at par plus the interest accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for		
redemption		44,500,000
\$58.0 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2008 installments ranging from \$0.9 million to		
\$3.1 million through 2028, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.375 percent to 5.0 percent. The		
Bonds maturing on or after July 15, 2019, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after		
July 15, 2018, at the direction of the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from		
time to time at par plus the interest accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for		
redemption		58,000,000
\$5.0 million Public Improvement (taxable) Bonds of 2008 installments ranging from \$0.25 million to		, ,
\$1.25 million through 2028, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.5 percent to 5.6 percent. The Bonds		
maturing on or after July 15, 2019, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after July 15,		
2018, at the direction of the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from time to		
time at par plus the interest accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for		
redemption		5,000,000
\$22.8 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Refunding Bonds of 2007 installments ranging from		2,000,000
\$2.8 million to \$2.9 million through 2021, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0		
percent. The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to their maturity	]	22,815,000
\$56 million Public Improvement (tax-exempt) Bonds of 2006 installments of \$2.9 million through 2026,		
bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.00 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing on or after June		
15, 2017, are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after June 15, 2016, at the direction of		
the City, in whole or in part installments of \$5,000 at any time or from time to time at par plus the		
interest accrued on the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption		49,580,000
\$15 million Public Improvement (taxable) Bonds of 2006 installments of \$0.75 million through 2026,	$\vdash$	, , , , , , , , , , , ,
bearing interest at rates ranging from 5.5 percent to 5.95 percent. The bonds maturing before December		
15, 2016 are not subject to redemption before maturity. The bonds maturing on or after June 15, 2017,		
are subject to optional redemption before maturity on or after June 15, 2016, at the direction of the City,		
in whole or in part installments of \$5,000, at any time or from time to time at par plus accrued interest on		
the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption		12,750,000
the principal amount to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption	ш	12,730,000

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

\$54.8 million Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 installments of \$2.74 million through 2024, bearing		
interest at rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing before December 15, 2015		
are not subject to redemption before maturity. Beginning December 15, 2014, bonds maturing on or after		
June 15, 2015 are subject to redemption at the direction of the City, in whole or in part in installments of		
\$5,000, at certain redemption prices that include a redemption premium plus accrued interest	\$	43,845,000
\$32.5 million Refunding Bonds of 2004 installments ranging from \$0.2 million to \$3.205 million through		
2020, bearing interest at rates ranging from 2.6 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing before June		
15, 2015 are not subject to redemption before maturity. Beginning June 15, 2015, bonds maturing on or		
after June 15, 2015 are subject to redemption at the direction of the City, in whole or in part in		
installments of \$5,000, at certain redemption prices that include a redemption premium plus accrued		
interest		30,985,000
\$64.7 million Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 installments ranging from \$3.3 million to \$3.8 million		
through 2023, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds maturing		
before June 15, 2015 are not subject to redemption before maturity. Beginning June 15, 2014, bonds		
maturing on or after June 15, 2015 are subject to redemption at the direction of the City, in whole or in		
part in installments of \$5,000, at certain redemption prices that include a redemption premium plus		
accrued interest		46,700,000
\$54.5 million Public Improvement Bonds of 2001 due in installments of \$2.9 million through 2013,		
bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 4.5 percent. The bonds are not subject to redemption		
prior to maturity. (\$23.2 million refunded in May 2007).		11,590,000
\$55 million Public Improvement Bonds of 2000 installments of \$2.985 million through 2010, bearing		
interest at rate at 5.0 percent. (\$29.805 million were refunded in October 2004)		2,985,000
\$40 million Public Improvement Bonds of 1999 due in annual installments of \$2 million through 2019,	$\vdash$	2,965,000
bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.9 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds are not subject to redemption		20,000,000
prior to maturity	Φ.	20,000,000
Total	\$	383,950,000

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

**Public Improvement Bonds of 2009 (Tax-Exempt)** 

_			<b>Maturity Date</b>
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>July 1, </u>
015302D90	\$ 1,100,000	4.00%	2010
015302E24	2,200,000	3.00%	2011
015302E32	3,200,000	4.00%	2012
015302E40	4,100,000	1.75%	2013
015302E57	4,100,000	2.13%	2014
015302E65	4,100,000	3.00%	2015
015302E73	4,100,000	3.00%	2016
015302E81	4,100,000	4.00%	2017
015302E99	4,100,000	4.00%	2018
015302F23	4,100,000	4.00%	2019
Total	\$ 35,200,000	=	

**Public Improvement Bonds of 2009 (Taxable-Build America Bonds)** 

-		,	Maturity Date
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>July 1, </u>
015302F31	\$ 4,100,000	4.85%	2020
015302F49	4,100,000	5.00%	2021
015302F56	4,100,000	5.10%	2022
015302F64	4,100,000	5.20%	2023
015302F72	4,100,000	5.30%	2024
015302F80	4,800,000	5.40%	2025
015302F98	4,800,000	5.50%	2026
015302G22	4,800,000	5.60%	2027
015302G30	4,800,000	5.65%	2028
015302G48	4,800,000	5.70%	2029
Total	\$ 44,500,000	_	

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

**Public Improvement Bonds of 2008 (Tax-exempt)** 

Public improvement bonds of 2008 (Tax-exempt)						
_			<b>Maturity Date</b>			
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>July 15,</u>			
015302ZZ8	\$ 900,000	3.38%	2009			
015302A28	1,900,000	3.38%	2010			
015302A36	2,500,000	3.38%	2011			
015302A44	3,100,000	5.00%	2012			
015302A51	3,100,000	3.50%	2013			
015302A69	3,100,000	3.50%	2014			
015302A77	3,100,000	5.00%	2015			
015302A85	3,100,000	5.00%	2016			
015302A93	3,100,000	5.00%	2017			
015302B27	3,100,000	4.00%	2018			
015302B35	3,100,000	4.00%	2019			
015302B43	3,100,000	4.25%	2020			
015302B50	3,100,000	4.00%	2021			
015302B68	3,100,000	4.00%	2022			
015302B76	3,100,000	4.13%	2023			
015302B84	3,100,000	4.20%	2024			
015302B92	3,100,000	4.25%	2025			
015302C26	3,100,000	4.25%	2026			
015302C34	3,100,000	4.30%	2027			
015302C42	3,100,000	4.38%	2028			
Total	\$58,000,000	_				
		_				

**Public Improvement Bonds of 2008 (Taxable)** 

•			<b>Maturity Date</b>
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>July 15,</u>
015302C59	\$ 250,000	5.00%	2009
015302C67	250,000	4.50%	2010
015302C75	250,000	4.50%	2011
015302C83	250,000	4.50%	2012
015302C91	250,000	4.63%	2013
015302D25	250,000	4.63%	2014
015302D33	250,000	4.80%	2015
015302D41	250,000	5.00%	2016
015302D58	250,000	5.25%	2017
015302D66	250,000	5.25%	2018
015302D74	1,250,000	5.40%	2023
015302D82	1,250,000	5.60%	2028
Total	\$ 5,000,000	- -	

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# **NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

The outstanding bonds have been issued as follows:

# **Refunding Bonds of 2007**

			<b>Maturity Date</b>
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<b>June 15</b> ,
015302ZY1	\$ 2,905,000	4.00%	2014
015302ZR6	2,890,000	4.00%	2015
015302ZS4	2,870,000	4.00%	2016
015302ZT2	2,845,000	4.00%	2017
015302ZU9	2,825,000	5.00%	2018
015302ZV7	2,825,000	5.00%	2019
015302ZW5	2,825,000	5.00%	2020
015302ZX3	2,830,000	5.00%	2021
Total	\$22,815,000	_	

Public Improvement Bonds of 2006 (Tax-exempt)

	T done improvement	`	Maturity Date
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Rate</u>	June 15,
015302YC0	\$ 2,920,000	5.00%	2010
015302YD8	2,920,000	5.00%	2011
015302YE6	2,920,000	5.00%	2012
015302YF3	2,920,000	5.00%	2013
015302YG1	2,920,000	4.00%	2014
015302YH9	2,915,000	4.00%	2015
015302YJ5	2,915,000	5.00%	2016
015302YK2	2,915,000	5.00%	2017
015302YL0	2,915,000	4.25%	2018
015302YM8	2,915,000	4.38%	2019
015302YN6	2,915,000	4.38%	2020
015302Y91	2,915,000	4.50%	2021
015302YQ9	2,915,000	5.00%	2022
015302YR7	2,915,000	5.00%	2023
015302YS5	2,915,000	4.25%	2024
015302Y73	2,915,000	4.25%	2025
015302YU0	2,915,000	4.38%	2026
Total	\$49,580,000	•	

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

**Public Improvement Bonds of 2006 (Taxable)** 

	-	·	Maturity Date
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	June 15,
015302YY2	\$ 750,000	5.50%	2010
015302YZ9	750,000	5.50%	2011
015302ZA3	750,000	5.50%	2012
015302ZB1	750,000	5.50%	2013
015302ZC9	750,000	5.50%	2014
015302ZD7	750,000	5.55%	2015
015302ZE5	750,000	5.55%	2016
015302ZF2	750,000	5.65%	2017
015302ZG0	750,000	5.70%	2018
015302ZH8	750,000	5.75%	2019
015302ZJ4	750,000	5.80%	2020
015302ZK1	750,000	5.85%	2021
015302ZL9	750,000	5.90%	2022
015302ZM7	750,000	5.95%	2023
015302ZN5	750,000	5.95%	2024
015302ZP0	750,000	5.95%	2025
015302ZQ8	750,000	5.95%	2026
Total	\$12,750,000	_ _	

Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 (Tax-Exempt)		Refu	nding Bonds of 2	2004 (Tax-	Exempt)		
			<b>Maturity Date</b>				<b>Maturity Date</b>
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	<b>Rate</b>	December 15,	<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	<b>Rate</b>	<u>June 15,</u>
015302XH0	\$ 2,745,000	3.00	2009	015302WS7	\$ 215,000	2.875	2010
015302XJ6	2,740,000	3.00	2010	015302WT5	3,205,000	3.750	2011
015302XK3	2,740,000	5.00	2011	015302WU2	3,170,000	3.500	2012
015302XL1	2,740,000	3.00	2012	015302WV0	3,130,000	5.000	2013
015302XM9	2,740,000	3.50	2013	015302WW8	3,130,000	4.000	2014
015302XN7	2,740,000	5.00	2014	015302WX6	3,085,000	4.250	2015
015302XP2	2,740,000	4.50	2015	015302WY4	3,060,000	5.000	2016
015302XQ0	2,740,000	4.50	2016	015302WZ1	3,050,000	4.250	2017
015302XR8	2,740,000	4.00	2017	015302XA5	3,015,000	4.250	2018
015302XS6	2,740,000	4.00	2018	015302XB3	2,980,000	4.250	2019
015302XT4	2,740,000	4.00	2019	015302XC1	2,945,000	4.375	2020
015302XU1	2,740,000	4.00	2020	Total	\$30,985,000		
015302XV9	2,740,000	4.00	2021	·			
015302XW7	2,740,000	4.00	2022				
015302XX5	2,740,000	4.25	2023				
015302XY3	2,740,000	4.50	2024				
Total	\$43,845,000						

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# **NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

Public Improvement Bonds of 2004 (Tax-Exempt)			Public Im	provement Bon	ds of 200	01 (Tax-Exempt)	
			<b>Maturity Date</b>				<b>Maturity Date</b>
<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>Issue</u>	<b>Rate</b>	<u>June 15,</u>	<b>CUSIP</b>	<u>2000 Issue</u>	<b>Rate</b>	<u>June 15,</u>
015302VX7 \$	3,800,000	5.00	2010	015302VE9	\$ 2,900,000	4.13	2010
015302VY5	3,300,000	5.00	2011	015302VF6	2,900,000	4.25	2011
015302VZ2	3,300,000	5.00	2012	015302VG4	2,895,000	4.40	2012
015302WA6	3,300,000	4.00	2013	015302VH2	2,895,000	4.50	2013
015302WB4	3,300,000	4.00	2014	Total	\$ 11,590,000		
015302WC2	3,300,000	4.00	2015				
015302WD0	3,300,000	4.00	2016				
015302WE8	3,300,000	4.00	2017				
015302WF5	3,300,000	4.00	2018				
015302WG3	3,300,000	4.00	2019				
015302WH1	3,300,000	4.13	2020				
015302WJ7	3,300,000	4.25	2021				
015302WK4	3,300,000	4.25	2022				
015302WL2	3,300,000	4.25	2023				
Total	\$ 46,700,000						

# **Public Improvement Bonds of 2000 (Tax-Exempt)**

# Public Improvement Bonds of 1999 (Tax-Exempt)

CUSIP	Issue	Rate	Maturity Date June 15,	CUSIP	Issue	Rate	Maturity Date January 15,
015302UK6		000 5.00	2010	015302TQ5	\$ 2,000,000		2010
Total	\$ 2,985,			015302TR3	2,000,000		2011
	<del>- , ,</del>			015302TS1	2,000,000	4.25	2012
				015302TT9	2,000,000	5.00	2013
				015302TU6	2,000,000	5.00	2014
				015302TV4	2,000,000	4.50	2015
				015302TW2	2,000,000	5.00	2016
				015302TX0	2,000,000	5.00	2017
				015302TY8	2,000,000	5.00	2018
				015302TZ5	2,000,000	5.00	2019
				Total	\$ 20,000,000		

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The requirements to pay all long-term bonds as of June 30, 2009, including interest payments of \$154 million, are summarized as follows:

	Serial	
Fiscal Year	Bonds	
	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>
2010	19,465,000	15,123,464
2011	21,065,000	15,955,556
2012	22,725,000	15,024,768
2013	24,285,000	14,011,650
2014	25,195,000	12,973,544
2015-2019	125,220,000	49,528,946
2020-2024	91,075,000	24,132,793
2025-2029	50,120,000	7,105,088
2030	4,800,000	136,800
	383,950,000	\$ 153,992,609

The General Fund meets debt service requirements for general obligation bonds. The City retains the liability for the portion of general obligation bonds issued to fund capital projects of the School Board.

**Legal Debt Margin** - The City has no overlapping debt with other jurisdictions. As of June 30, 2009, the City had a legal debt limit of \$3.4 billion and a debt margin of \$3.1 billion:

Assessed Value of Real Property, January 1, 2009	\$34,379,163,000
Debt Limit: 10 Percent of Assessed Value	\$ 3,437,916,300
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:	
General Obligation Bonds <u>\$383,950,000</u>	
Less Total General Obligation Debt	(383,950,000)
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN REMAINING	\$ 3,053,966,300

**Unissued Bonds** - Bond authorizations expire three years from the effective date of the respective bond ordinances. Authorization of bonds, bonds issued and expired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, are summarized below:

	Authorized				Authorized
	and				and
	Unissued				Unissued
	July 1, 2008	Authorized	Issued	Expired	June 30, 2009
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 77,100,000	<u>\$ 106,700,000</u>	\$ 142,700,000	\$ 7,100,000	\$ 34,000,000

On June 25, 2009 the City Council issued \$35.2 million in General Obligation bonds for school construction, sewers, and infrastructure improvements and renovation. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of approximately \$1.5 million and a true interest cost of 2.68 percent. Also, on June 25, 2009 the City Council issued \$44.5 million in taxable bonds for school construction, sewers, and infrastructure improvements and renovation. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$43,468 and a true interest cost of 3.50 percent for which the Federal government provides a 35 percent interest rate subsidy for these Build America Bonds. The premium for these bonds are being amortized over the life of the bonds.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

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#### **NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

On July 15, 2008 the City Council issued \$58.0 million in General Obligation bonds for school construction, sewers, and infrastructure improvements and renovation. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of approximately \$1.4 million and a true interest cost of 3.99 percent. Also, on July 15, 2008 the City Council issued \$5 million in taxable bonds for the acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable/workforce housing by non-profit housing operations. These bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$29,048 and a true interest cost of 5.36 percent. The premium and discounts for these bonds are being amortized over the life of the bonds.

The City did not issue any short-term debt or have any short-term debt outstanding during FY 2009. Other short-term liabilities represent unclaimed money and deposits.

**Changes in Long-Term Liabilities** - Changes in the total long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 are summarized below. The Net Pension Obligation results from contributions to the City Supplemental Retirement Plan, the Pension for Fire and Police Plan, and the Firefighters' and Police Pension Plan that were less than the required amount. In general the City uses the General Fund to liquidate long-term liabilities.

# **Primary Government – Governmental Activities**

n One
ar
65,000
60,489
65,651
36,398
7,538
60 65 36

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

All liabilities – both current and long-term – are reported in the statement of net assets. The adjustment from modified accrual to full accrual is as follows:

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment from modified accrual to full accrual is composed of the following items:

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Compensated absences	\$	742,166
Workers compensation		1,701,456
Change in net pension obligation		
and net OPEB obligation	(	2,680,068)
Amortization of bond premium,		
Discount and interest		2,138,169
Accrued interest on bonds		1,889,329
Adjustment	\$	3,791,052

# Component Unit - School Board

	Balance ıly 1, 2008	Additions	Reductions	Balance ne 30, 2009	mounts Due Vithin One Year
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 7,319,792	\$ 11,349,647	\$11,259,822	\$ 7,409,617	\$ 679,336
Capital Leases		2,265,980		2,265,980	1,132,990
Workers' Compensation Claims	574,956	848,831	751,542	672,245	470,572
Net OPEB Obligation	5,884,556		305,370	5,579,186	
Total	\$ 13,779,304	\$ 14,464,458	\$12,316,734	\$ 15,927,028	\$ 2,282,898

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 10. INTERFUND BALANCES AND COMPONENT UNIT TRANSACTIONS

There were no interfund receivables/payables at June 30, 2009. Interfund transfers and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2009 consisted of the following:

Transfer In/Out:	_	General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Internal Service		Total
Primary Government Transactions										
General Fund	\$		\$	1,323,910	\$		\$	900,000	\$	2,223,910
Special Revenue		38,217,033		62,330						38,279,363
Capital Projects		12,552,687		5,850,000						18,402,687
Internal Service				150,576						150,576
Total	\$	50,769,720	\$	7,386,816	\$		\$	900,000	\$	58,156,536
Component Unit										
School Board	\$	167,953,749	\$		\$	3,897,558	\$		\$	171,851,307
Library	•	6,793,868	•		,		•		•	6,793,868
Alexandria Transit		7,955,042								7,955,042
Total	\$	182,702,659	\$		\$	3,897,558	\$		\$	186,600,217

Primary government transfer activities include:

Transfers from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund represent City funds required to match grant programs resources and taxes collected for affordable housing project

Special Revenue funds are transferred to other funds for capital and equipment purchases as determined by the terms of the grant agreements.

Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects fund represent the City's budgeted pay-as-you go funding of capital projects.

Transfers from Special Revenue funds to Capital Projects represent grants received for capital related expenditures.

Transactions with the component units represent budgeted subsidies for the school operations and capital projects, library operations and transit operations. In addition, the City transferred capital assets totaling \$0.1 million to Alexandria Transit.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 11. GRANTS**

The City receives financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any unallowed disbursements resulting from such audits could become a liability of the City. In the opinion of City management, no material refunds will be required as a result of unallowed disbursements (if any), by the grantor agencies.

#### NOTE 12. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Intergovernmental revenues for the City and its component units totaled \$159.4 million in FY 2009. Sources of these revenues were as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Federal Government	\$ 31,316,538
Commonwealth of Virginia	84,678,045
Total Primary Government	\$ 115,994,583
COMPONENT UNITS	
Federal Government:	
	¢ 10.477.634
School Board	\$ 10,477,624
Alexandria Transit Company	106,680
Total Component Units of Federal Government	<u>\$ 10,584,304</u>
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
School Board	\$ 32,413,732
Library	196,626
Alexandria Transit Company	172,594
Total Component Units Commonwealth of Virginia	\$ 32,782,952
Total Component Units	<u>\$ 43,367,256</u>
TOTAL CUTY AND COMPONENT LINES	
TOTAL CITY AND COMPONENT UNITS	44 000 040
Total Federal Government	\$ 41,900,842
Total Commonwealth of Virginia	117,460,997
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>\$ 159,361,839</u>

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 13. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments represents accrued revenue at June 30, 2009, consisting of the following:

Primary Government State	
General Fund	\$ 30,674,412
Special Revenue Fund	2,220,479
Total State	<u>\$ 32,894,891</u>
Federal	
General Fund	\$ 1,125,809
Special Revenue Fund	3,396,606
Total Federal	\$ 4,522,415
Total Primary Government	\$ 37,417,306
<b>Component Units</b>	
State	
School Board	\$ 150,575
Alexandria Transit Company	233,138
Total State	\$ 383,713
Federal	
School Board	\$ 1,856,161
Total Component Units	\$ 2,239,874

#### **NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURES**

# A. Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy

The City participates in a joint venture with the Counties of Arlington and Loudoun and the Cities of Fairfax, Falls Church, Manassas, and Manassas Park to provide training for sworn law enforcement and correctional officers to satisfy requirements mandated by the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Industrial Development Authority of Loudoun County, Virginia issued \$6,585,000 Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1993, to finance the acquisition, renovation, and equipment of the Academy Training Center. The City and the Counties of Arlington and Loudoun have entered into a capital lease with the Industrial Development Authority of Loudoun County. The City maintains an equity interest only in the land and building of the Academy, which is reflected in the City's Statement of Net Assets. The City does not maintain an equity interest in the Academy's operations. This lease was paid in full in FY 2007. New debt of \$18.7 was issued in FY 2007. The City does not have an equity interest associated with this debt. In addition, the City pays the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy for operating costs based on the pro-rata share of officers trained. In FY 2009, the City paid \$0.6 million for operating costs.

Financial statements for the Academy may be obtained at Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy, 45299 Research Place, Ashburn, Virginia 22011-2600.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### **NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURES (Continued)**

#### B. Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home

The City participates in a joint venture with Arlington County and the City of Falls Church to operate a regional juvenile detention home. In July 1993, the City agreed to fund 55.3 percent of the construction costs of a new facility. The final construction payments were made in FY 1995. In addition, the City pays part of the Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home's operating costs based on the number of beds utilized by Alexandria residents. These payments totaled \$1.6 million in FY 2009.

The City does not maintain an equity interest in the detention home. Complete separate financial statements for this operation may be obtained from Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home, 200 South Whiting Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22304.

# C. Peumansend Creek Regional Jail Authority

In 1992, the City entered into an agreement with the Counties of Caroline, Arlington, Prince William, and Loudoun to form an authority to construct and operate a regional jail in Caroline County. The regional jail, which commenced operations in September 1999, is used primarily to hold prisoners from each member jurisdiction. The Regional Jail Authority is composed of two representatives, the Chief Administrative Officer and the Sheriff, from each participating jurisdiction. The City of Richmond, which was not party to the original agreement, is now a part of the project. The regional jail has the capacity for 336 prisoners. The City is guaranteed a minimum of 50 beds.

The total project cost of \$27 million, with 50 percent of the eligible construction cost (\$23.8 million) is expected to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth. The Regional Jail Authority issued \$10.2 million in revenue bonds and \$12 million of grant anticipation notes in March 1997. The City's total share is \$18.2 million, including approximately \$3.2 million in capital and debt service costs and \$15 million in operating costs over the 20-year period of debt service payments (1997-2016). For FY 2009, the City paid \$0.6 million for operating costs and \$0.1 million for debt service payments. The City does not maintain an equity interest in the jail and is not responsible for repayment of the debt.

Complete financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Regional Jail Authority at Post Office Box 1460, Bowling Green, Virginia 22427.

# D. Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

As discussed in Note 8, the City participates in a joint venture with other local jurisdictions to share in the cost of a regional transportation system. The City does not maintain an equity interest in WMATA. Complete financial statements of WMATA may be obtained from WMATA, 600 5th Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20001.

# NOTE 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Sheltered Homes of Alexandria is a not-for-profit corporation formed to obtain and maintain group homes for mentally and physically disabled or impaired adults. The corporation's trustees also serve on the Alexandria Community Services Board, whose board members are appointed by the City and whose financial activities are therefore included as part of the primary government. During FY 2009, the City made rental payments to Sheltered Homes of Alexandria totaling \$0.1 million.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 16. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

In 1989 City Council voted to establish three classes of post employment health care benefits to supplement the increasing health care costs for City retirees. The three classes are as follows: (a) Full Time City employees who are eligible to retire under the Virginia Retirement System and City Supplemental Pension plan; (b) Fire and police employees who are eligible to retire under the current defined benefit pension plan; and (c) Fire and police employees who retired and were eligible for normal retirement with 20 years of service under the old defined contribution retirement income plan and the retirees under the old defined benefit pension. In addition, spouses of deceased retirees are also eligible to receive continued benefits.

The plan is a reimbursement program that is based on the actual cost of the retiree's monthly premium up to a maximum amount determined by the City Council. Effective July 1, 2005, the maximum monthly amount an eligible retiree or a surviving spouse may receive is \$260. The City Council has authority to establish or amend the provisions. As of June 30, 2009, 819 retirees were both eligible and received benefits from all three classes of this plan. Eligibility is contingent upon retiree providing proof of participation and payment to a health insurance plan. The City contributed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis at the rate of up to \$260 per month for each retiree, for a total annual contribution of \$2.0 million for FY 2009. Employees hired after September 30, 2007 will have their retirees health benefits prorated based on the length of service.

In addition to the healthcare benefits, the City pays for basic life insurance two times the amount of salary at the time of retirement to regular full time employees with applicable reductions if over 65 at no cost to the employees. On January 1, following the 65<sup>th</sup> birthday the basic life insurance amount is reduced by 25% and then by 10% each year till the 70<sup>th</sup> birthday. The ultimate insurance amount is 25% of the salary. As per City Council FY 2010 budget actions, as of July 1, 2008 any new City employee will not be eligible to receive the life insurance when they retire.

The City implemented Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB), (Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions) for the year ended June 30, 2008. The City established a Single Employer OPEB Trust and plans to fund on a phased in basis the obligation through this trust. There are no legal or contractual requirements for contributing to the OPEB Trust Fund. The City does not issue a stand alone financial report for OPEB trust fund. The financial statements and required supplementary information are included in City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### **MEMBERSHIP**

1 2000

At January 1, 2009, membership consisted of:	
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving	
Benefits	888
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits	
But not yet receiving them	
Active Employees	<u>2,273</u>
TOTAL	<u>3,161</u>

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 16. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

#### ANNUAL OPEB COSTS AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The annual required contribution (ARC) decreased from \$10,900,053 for fiscal year 2008 to \$10,800,769 for the current year. As a percentage of the payroll, the ARC decreased from 7.5% to 7.35% this fiscal year. As of June 30, 2009, the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO) increased to \$7,524,302 compared to \$6,978,029 for fiscal year 2008 because only 94.6 percent of the ARC was contributed. As of December 31, 2008 the unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) increased by \$1,038,460 to 85,584,062. This increase was due to certain valuation changes to mortality, disability and retirement rates for the Fire and Police members and the pre-medical subsidy increased less than projected. The plan changes to prorate the health subsidy payments for retirees hired after September 30, 2007 based on years of service and to eliminate life insurance for those hired after July 1, 2008 were included in this year's valuation but had no effect on the current UAAL. The savings from these changes will be recognized over time.

Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 10,800,769 523,352 (554,984)
Annual OPEB Cost Contributions Made	\$ 10,769,137
Increase (Decrease in Net OPEB Obligation) Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	\$ (10,222,864) 546,273 6,978,029
Net OPEB Obligation, End Of Year	\$ 7,524,302

# FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2008 was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(3) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1)	(4) Funded Ratio (1/2)	(5) Covered Payroll	(6) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/5)
12/31/2008	\$ 4,316,727	\$ 89,900,789	\$85,584,062	4.80%	\$146,884,002	58.27%

The Statement of Net Assets for the City's OPEB plan is included in footnote 17.

Actuarial valuations of plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend.

The actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following notes to the financial statements, presents results as of December 31, 2008. The schedule will eventually provide multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan net assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 16. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of calculations.

In the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation, the entry-age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumption included 7.50% investment rate and an initial annual medical cost trend rate of 8.5% graded to 5.0% over 7 years and salary scale ranging from 3.75% to 7.50% for Fire and Police and 3.75% to 5.60% for City employees depending on service with 3.0% attributable to inflation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar of projected payroll on a closed basis. Asset valuation method used was market value and the remaining amortization period as of December 31, 2008 was 29 years.

#### **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Fiscal Year Ended	nual Required ontributions	Employer ontributions	Percentage Contributed		
06/30/2008 06/30/2009	\$ 10,900,053 10,800,769	\$ 3,922,024 10,222,864	36 % 94.6%		

Only two years' information was available. This will be expanded when information becomes available.

#### **Three Year Trend Information**

Fiscal Year Ended	Aı	nnual OPEB Cost		centage tributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
06/30/2008 06/30/2009	\$	10,900,053 10,769,137	_	6.0% 94.9%	\$	6,978,029 7,524,302	

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 and only two years' information was available. This will be expanded in future years when more information becomes available.

#### NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

# **Primary Government**

The City participates in seven public employee retirement systems (PERS). One of these systems is handled by Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent multi-employer public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth of Virginia, and is, therefore, not reflected as a City pension trust fund. Of the remaining six, four are single-employer defined benefit systems (City Supplemental, Pension for Fire and Police, Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan-defined benefit component, and Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan-disability component), where a stated methodology for determining benefits is provided, and two are defined contribution plans (Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan-defined contribution component and Retirement Income for Sheriff and Emergency Rescue Technicians (ERT)), where contribution requirements are not actuarially determined. All of these systems are included as part of the City's reporting entity and as such are reflected as Pension Trust Funds.

# **Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Assets**

				oyee Retirement			Post Retirement Benefit Trust	
		_	Firefighters ar	nd Police Officers	_			
	City Supplemental Retirement	Pension for Fire and Police	Defined Contribution Component	Defined Benefit Component	Disability Component	Retirement Income for Sheriff and ERT	Other Post Employment Benefits	Total
ASSEIS								
Investments, at Fair Value								
U.S. Government Obligations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,133,390	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,133,390
Mutual Funds	20,054,787	-	8,327,058	103,095,485	2,088,384	5,545,084	-	139,110,798
Stocks	36,939,166	-	-	-	5,505,288	-	3,532,426	45,976,880
Guaranteed Investment Accounts	12,812,642	27,946,279	9,112,620	7,352,608	-	8,995,922	878,811	67,098,882
Domestic Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-	700,675	-	-	700,675
Other Investments	-	-	-	-	406,165	-	94,953	501,118
Total Investments	\$69,806,595	\$27,946,279	\$ 17,439,678	\$110,448,093	\$10,833,902	\$14,541,006	\$ 4,506,190	\$255,521,743
Total Assets	\$69,806,595	\$27,946,279	\$ 17,439,678	\$110,448,093	\$10,833,902	\$14,541,006	\$ 4,506,190	\$255,521,743
NET ASSEIS								
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$69,806,595	\$27,946,279	\$ 17,439,678	\$110,448,093	\$10,833,902	\$14,541,006	\$ 4,506,190	\$255,521,743

Exhibit XII (Continued)

Post Retirement

# NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

# **Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets**

			1 0	tirement Plans	D : DI		Benefit Trust	
	City Supplemental Retirement	Pension for Fire and Police	Defined Contribution Component	Defined Benefit Component	Disability Component	Retirement Income for Sheriff and ERT	Other Post Employment Benefits	Total
ADDITIONS Contributions: Employer	\$ 5,109,723	\$ 1,707,836	\$ -	\$ 7,087,325	\$ 1,444,947	\$ 282,643	\$ 5,391,667	\$ 21,024,141
Plan Members	2,547,460	-	-	2,402,978	168,109	-	-	5,118,547
Total Contributions	\$ 7,657,183	\$ 1,707,836	\$ -	\$ 9,490,303	\$ 1,613,056	\$ 282,643	\$ 5,391,667	\$ 26,142,688
Investment Income:  Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments	\$(10,024,177)	\$ -	\$ (3,004,591)	\$ (24,700,325)	\$ (2,298,371)	\$ (1,721,063)	\$ (1,185,365)	\$ (42,933,892)
Interest	1,859,603	1,680,810	350,395	4,303,436	410,670	321,898	158,351	9,085,163
Total Investment Income Less Investment Expense	\$ (8,164,574)	\$ 1,680,810	\$ (2,654,196)	\$ (20,396,889)	\$ (1,887,701)	\$ (1,399,165)	\$ (1,027,014)	\$ (33,848,729)
Net Investment Income	\$ (8,164,574)	\$ 1,680,810	\$ (2,654,196)	\$ (20,396,889)	\$ (1,887,701)	\$ (1,399,165)	\$ (1,027,014)	\$ (33,848,729)
Total Additions <b>DEDUCTIONS</b>	\$ (507,391)	\$ 3,388,646	\$ (2,654,196)	\$ (10,906,586)	\$ (274,645)	\$ (1,116,522)	\$ 4,364,653	\$ (7,706,041)
Benefits	\$ 5,833,905	\$ 4,459,122	\$ -	\$ 4,576,773	\$ 1,700,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,570,756
Refunds of Contributions	\$ 5,655,765 -	ψ <del>1,137,122</del>	1,491,194	ψ <del>1</del> ,570,775	-	670,533	ψ - -	2,161,727
Administrative Expenses	128,054	26,434	-	238,944	76,382	-	66,796	536,610
Total Deductions	\$ 5,961,959	\$ 4,485,556	\$ 1,491,194	\$ 4,815,717	\$ 1,777,338	\$ 670,533	\$ 66,796	\$ 19,269,093
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ (6,469,350)	\$ (1,096,910)	\$ (4,145,390)	\$ (15,722,303)	\$ (2,051,983)	\$ (1,787,055)	\$ 4,297,857	\$ (26,975,134)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	76,275,945	29,043,189	21,585,068	126,170,396	12,885,885	16,328,061	208,333	282,496,877
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 69,806,595	\$27,946,279	\$ 17,439,678	\$ 110,448,093	\$10,833,902	\$ 14,541,006	\$ 4,506,190	\$ 255,521,743

91

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

The actuarial valuations for all the defined benefit pension plans are performed annually with the exception of VRS, which is performed biennially; however, an actuarial update is performed in the interim year. In the current valuation report, VRS used the same assumptions and methods as the prior year report. The number of active members shown includes those who have worked for the City at one time, but who are now active in another jurisdiction. Also the number of retirees includes those who retired from the City, as well as those who retired from another jurisdiction with service attributable to the City. The liability for the City's share of the benefits for those employees has been reflected in the pension liabilities and employer contribution rates. Financial statements and required supplementary information are presented in the VRS comprehensive annual financial report, which can be obtained by writing to the Virginia Retirement System, Post Office Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218.

There were no significant changes made to the pension plan for Police and Fire during current evaluation. However, the investment return assumption was changed from 7.5% to 5.5% effective July 1, 2008; this was changed in order to more closely align with anticipated investment earnings of the plan. Prior to the changes, the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) increased from \$1,209,549 (\$1,182,987 after interest adjustment) last year to \$1,278,018 this year; this increase was primarily due to the losses from investment return of approximately 6.17%, compared to 7.5% assumed. The change in investment return assumption increased the (ARC) by approximately \$400,000, from \$1,278,018 to \$1,679,131.

Effective this year's valuation, there were some actuarial assumption changes for the Firefighters and Police Officers defined benefit pension plan. Assumed COLA increases were reduced from 3.0% to 2.7% per year. Healthy life mortality rates were changed from 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table to the more up-to-date RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table. The retirement rates for active participants increased slightly for ages 45-50, and decreased for ages 50-61. The disability incidence rates were decreased for all ages. The percentage for service related disabilities was lowered, while the percentage for non-service related disabilities was increased. The workman's compensation offset to the disability benefit was increased. The current actuarial valuation report is as of July 1, 2008 and the changes in the value of assets subsequent to that date are not reflected. Declines in the asset values will increase the actuarial cost of the plan and the effect would be spread over four years.

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, or funding method for the Virginia Retirement System and City Supplemental Pension Plan. The major provisions of all the defined benefit pension plans are listed in this disclosure.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

The following schedules present a description of the plan provisions and membership information, actuarial assumptions, accounting and funding policies, and contribution requirements. Six-year schedules of funding progress and trend information for defined benefit pension plans are provided in Exhibit XVI.

# PLAN DESCRIPTION

	(1) VRS	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	City	City Supplemental Retirement	Pension for Fire and Police	Retirement Income for Fire and Police	Firefighters and Police Pension	Fire and Police Disability	Retirement Income for Sheriff and ERT
	City	Reurenent	and i offee	Tire and Force	1 Chston	Disability	Silci iii and Ext
Administrator	State of						
	Virginia	Prudential	Prudential	Prudential	Prudential	SunTrust	Prudential
Employees							
Covered	General body	General body Sheriff/ERT	Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety	Sheriff/ERT
Authority for							
Plan Provisions							
and Contributions	State Statute	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance	City Ordinance
Plan Type	Agent Multi- Employer	Single- Employer	Single- Employer	Single- Employer	Single- Employer	Single- Employer	Single- Employer
	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined	Defined
C4	Benefit	Benefit	Benefit	Contribution	Benefit	Benefit	Contribution
Stand Alone Financial Report	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
Actuarial							
Valuation Date	6/30/2008	7/1/2008	7/1/2008	6/30/2009	7/1/2008	7/1/2008	6/30/2009
MEMBERSHIP AND PLAN PROV	ISIONS						
Active Participants	2043	2141	0	106	458	458	252
Retirees & Beneficiaries	728	247	154	0	131	64	0
Terminated Vested & Non-vested	498	787	0	37	16	N/A	18
Normal Retirement Benefits:							
Age	65 50 (30Yrs)	65 50 (30Yrs)/ 50(25 Yrs)	60 50 (20Yrs)	60	55 Any Age (25Yrs)	55	60
Benefits Vested	5	5	10	5	5	5	5
Disability &	Disability	Disability	Disability	N/A	Disability	Disability	N/A
Death Benefits	Death	Death	Death	Death	Death	N/A	Death

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

# MEMBERSHIP AND PLAN PROVISIONS

As of:	6/30/08	7/01/08	7/01/08	6/30/09	7/01/08	7/01/08	6/30/09
	(1) VRS	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	City	City Supplemental Retirement	Pension For Fire and Police	Retirement Income for Fire and Police	Firefighters and Police Pension	Fire and Police Disability	Retirement Income for Sheriff and ERT
SIGNIFICANT ACTUARIAL A	SSUMPTIONS						
Investment Earnings	7.5%	7.5%	5.5%	N/A	7.5%	7.5%	N/A
Projected Salary Increases Attributable to:							
Inflation	2.5%	3.0%	N/A	N/A	3.0%	3.0%	N/A
Seniority/Merit	1.25% - 3.10%	Up to 4%	N/A	N/A	Up to 4.5%	Up to 4.5%	N/A
Projected Postretirement							
Increases	2.5%	None	3.0%	N/A	2.7%	2.7%	N/A
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	Projected Unit Credit With Zero Normal Cost	N/A	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	N/A
Amortization Method Open/Closed	Level Percentage Open	Level Percentage N/A	Level dollar Closed	N/A	Level Percentage Closed	Level Percentage Closed	N/A
Remaining Amortization Period	20	20	17	N/A	21	21	N/A
Asset Valuation Method	Modified Market	Market Value	Book Value	N/A	4-year Smoothed Market	4-year Smoothed Market	N/A
Funded Status							
Actuarial Value of assets Actuarial Accrued Liability Unfunded Actuarial	334,817,687 378,308,775	76,275,945 117,964,452	29,043,189 47,171,730	N/A N/A	133,567,658 181,469,715	14,305,285 16,804,777	N/A N/A
Accrued Liability (UAAL)	43,491,087	41,688,507	18,128,541	N/A	47,902,057	2,499,492	N/A
Funded Ratio Annual Covered Payroll UAAL as Percentage	88.5% 114,427,304	64.7% 126,492,987	61.57% N/A	N/A N/A	73.6% 33,485,674	85.1% 33,485,674	N/A N/A
of Covered Payroll	38.0%	33.0%	N/A	N/A	143.1%	7.5%	N/A

The multi-year funding progress is presented in RSI.

The Pension Plan for Fire and Police is a closed plan with no active participant.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

# FUNDING POLICY AND ANNUAL PENSION COST

116.5 mil

As of:	6/09	6	/09		6/09	6/09		6/09	6/09		6/09
PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL CONTRIBUTED	VRS City	Suppl	City emental rement		Pension for Fire and Police	Retirement Income for Fire and Police	a	irefighters and Police Pension	Fire and Police Disability	In	tirement come for iff and ERT
Employee %	5.0%		2.0%		N/A	N/A		7.4%	0.6%		N/A
Employer %	7.07%		3.64% 6.50%	\$	1.71 mil/Yr.	N/A		21.96%	4.45%		1.78%
AMOUNT CONTRIBUTED											
Employee	\$ 5,827,284 *	\$	2,547,460 *	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,402,978	\$ 168,109	\$	-
Employer	8,149,979		5,109,723	_	1,707,836	 -		7,087,325	 1,444,947		282,643
Total Amount Contributed	\$ 13,977,263	\$	7,657,183	\$	1,707,836	\$ -	\$	9,490,303	\$ 1,613,056	\$	282,643

<sup>\*</sup> The City assumed the responsibility of payment of employees' share of contributions. Administrative costs of all the pension plans are financed through investment earnings except Public Safety Retirement and Sheriff Retirement plans, where the cost is assumed by the City.

The Contribution requirements for all pension plans (except VRS) are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. VRS requirements are established and may be amended by State Statutes. No contributions were made to Firefighters and Police defined contribution component plan during FY 2009.

127.4 mil

#### COVERED PAYROLL

Dollar Amount

Legally Required Reserves	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Long Term Contribution Contracts	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
INVESTMENT CONCENTRATIONS Investments (other than those issued or guaranteed by	by the U.S. government	nt) in any one organiza	tion that represent 5 pe	rcent or more of plan as	sets.		
Prudential General Account (Long Term)	*	18%	100%	52%	7%	-	62%
Prudential Mutual Funds	*	29%	-	48%	93%	-	38%
SunTrust Mutual Funds	*	-	-	-	-	20%	-
State Street Global Russell 3000	*	53%	-	-	-	-	-
Stocks	*	-	-	-	-	51%	-
Bonds	*	-	-	_	-	7%	-

N/A

N/A

32.5 mil

32.5 mil

N/A

 $<sup>{\</sup>color{blue}*} \quad \text{Investment information not available on an individual jurisdiction basis}.$ 

Exhibit XII (Continued)

# NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

# **Calculation of Net Pension Obligation (Asset)**

	City Supplemental Retirement		Pension for Fire and Police	irefighters and Police Pension	Fire and Police Disability	
ARC	\$ 6,381,581	\$	1,679,131	\$ 7,184,309	\$	1,244,853
Interest on NPO	546,394		69,892	98,613		62,918
ARC Adjustment	(714,625)		(116,964)	(85,451)		(54,520)
Annual Pension Cost	\$ 6,213,350	\$	1,632,059	\$ 7,197,471	\$	1,253,251
Actual Deposit	(5,109,723)		(1,707,836)	(7,087,325)		(1,444,947)
Change in NPO	\$ 1,103,627	\$	(75,777)	\$ 110,146	\$	(191,696)
NPO Beginning of year	7,285,247		1,270,763	1,314,838		838,909
NPO End of Year (6/30/09)	\$ 8,388,874	\$	1,194,986	\$ 1,424,984	\$	647,213

# THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION

		Actuarial Date	ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
City Supplemental Retirement		06/30/2007	\$ 4,256,280	111.48%	\$	7,447,119	
		06/30/2008	5,247,292	103.08%		7,285,247	
		06/30/2009	6,213,350	82.24%		8,388,874	
Pension for Fire and Police		06/30/2007	\$ 1,027,555	145.98%		937,491	
		06/30/2008	1,183,272	72.00%		1,270,763	
		06/30/2009	1,632,059	104.64%		1,194,986	
Firefighter and Police Pension	*	06/30/2007	\$ 6,996,155	91.11%	\$	1,403,828	
		06/30/2008	7,132,976	101.25%		1,314,838	
		06/30/2009	7,197,471	98.47%		1,424,984	
Fire and Police Disability	*	06/30/2007	\$ 1,472,750	51.09%	\$	(320)	
		06/30/2008	1,610,274	47.88%		838,909	
		06/30/2009	1,253,251	115.30%		647,213	
Virginia Retirement System		06/30/2007	\$ 7,077,570	100.00%	\$	-	
		06/30/2008	7,490,208	100.00%		-	
		06/30/2009	8,149,979	100.00%		-	

Firefighters and Police Pension plan commenced on January 1, 2004 and Fire and Police Disability plan converted from defined contribution to defined benefit pension plan on the same date.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

#### **DESCRIPTION OF BENEFITS:**

**VRS** – **City** - Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service and at age 50 with 30 years of service. Employees who retire with a reduced benefit at age 55 with at least 5 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7 percent of their average final salary (AFS) for each year of credited service. An optional reduced retirement benefit is available as early as age 50 with 10 years of credited service. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living (COLA) increases on July 1 of the second calendar year after retirement. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established and may be amended by State statutes.

**City Supplemental Retirement Plan-** Regular City employees who retire at or after age 65 or after age 50 with 30 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to the sum of (1) and (2), increased by 50 percent, plus (3):

- (1) 1.625 percent of the participant's past service compensation up to \$100, plus 0.25 percent of the participant's past service compensation in excess of \$100, multiplied by number of years of credited service earned after July 31, 1960, but prior to August 1, 1970.
- (2) 1.625 percent of the participant's average earnings up to \$100, plus 0.25 percent of the participant's average earnings in excess of \$100, multiplied by the number of years of credited service earned after July 31, 1970, but prior to January 1, 1988.
- (3) 0.80 percent of average earnings multiplied by credited service earned after December 31, 1987.

The Sheriff's Deputies, ERT and Fire Marshals who retire at age 65 or after age 50 with 25 years of service are entitled to the sum of (1), (2) and (3):

- (1) 0.6 percent of average earnings multiplied by first five years of credited service,
- (2) 0.9 percent of average earnings multiplied by next ten years of credited service, and
- (3) 1.0 percent of average earnings multiplied by all years of credited service in excess of fifteen years.

Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance.

**Pension Plan for Fire Fighters and Police Officers (closed plan)** - Employees who retired on or after age 60 are entitled to an annual retirement defined benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 2.5 percent of final average earnings multiplied by years of credited service, up to a maximum of 30 years. The plan also provided early retirement on or after age 50 with 20 years of credited service or on or after age 56 with 10 years of credited service. This plan further provided early retirement on or after age 50 with 10 years of service with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. This plan was closed to new participants in FY 1979.

**Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan - defined contribution component (closed plan)** - The employees are entitled to contributions made on their behalf after 100 percent vesting. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. This plan was closed to new members in FY 2004 and converted to a defined benefit plan. Employees in the plan at date of conversion could leave their contributions in the defined contribution component or purchase prior service with the assets associated with their contributions.

**Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan - defined benefit component** - The plan provisions were approved by City Council in FY 2004 and provide retirement benefits for covered employees who retire at age 55 with 5 years of service or any age with 25 years of service. The retirees are entitled to 2.5 % of the participant's average monthly compensation (AMC), multiplied by the years of credited service up to 20 years; plus 3.2 % of the participant's AMC, multiplied by years of credited service in excess of 20 years. The maximum benefit is 82% of the AMC. The plan also allows for early retirement at age 50 with 20 years of service with reduced benefits.

Exhibit XII (Continued)

#### NOTE 17. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

**Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan - disability component** - The plan provisions provide disability benefits for firefighters and police officers. The benefits for service-connected total and permanent disability are 70 percent of final average earnings, 66 2/3 percent for non-service connected total and permanent disability and service-connected partial disability, and 50 percent for non-service connected partial disability. Benefits provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance. Effective January 1, 2004, this plan was merged with the Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plan. Separate actuarial calculations have been performed for the defined benefit and disability components.

**Retirement Income Plan for Deputy Sheriffs and Emergency Rescue Technicians** - This plan provides for benefits to be distributed in the case of termination, retirement, death, or disability to deputy sheriffs, fire marshals and emergency rescue technicians. Distribution options include cash distribution, annuities, or a combination of the two. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City Ordinance.

#### NOTE 18. TERMINATION BENEFITS

The City provided termination benefits to twelve employees in fiscal year 2009. The benefits consisted of three to six weeks of pay based on completed years of service. The total cost to the City was \$169,000. There were no other benefits provided.

#### NOTE 19. ACCOUNTING CHANGES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the City adopted:

GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations. This statement addresses the accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The implementation of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 34, the following information is a required part of the basic financial statements.

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund June 30, 2009

# **EXHIBIT XIII**

		ginal dget	Budget as Amended	Actual		Variance from Amended Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
General Property Taxes			\$ 329,070,498	\$ 333,482,063	\$	4,411,565
Other Local Taxes.		493,000	115,905,252	112,271,370		(3,633,882)
Permits, Fees, and Licenses		157,000	6,157,000	4,827,422		(1,329,578)
Fines and Forfeitures.		755,300	4,755,300	4,116,453		(638,847)
Use of Money and Property		000,000	4,675,689	4,433,015		(242,674)
Charges for Services		473,877	11,594,877	12,404,166		809,289
Miscellaneous		788,012 616,750	52,894,012 1,399,810	53,095,127 1,065,130		201,115 (334,680)
Total Revenues		354,437	\$ 526,452,438	\$ 525,694,746	\$	(757,692)
•						
Expenditures: City Council	\$	524,157	\$ 520,780	\$ 510,035	\$	10,745
City Manager		845,208	1,769,508	1,619,040	Ψ	150,468
Office on Women.		451,485	1,389,744	1,389,743		130,400
Citizens Assistance.		773,273	757,158	716,378		40,780
Office of Management and Budget	1.	183,001	1,134,468	1,121,368		13,100
18th Circuit Court		368,046	1,361,094	1,342,075		19,019
18th General District Court		78,571	103,571	99,004		4,567
Juvenile And Domestic Relations Court		34,327	34,327	29,908		4,419
Commonwealth's Attorney	2	775,506	2,776,132	2,725,092		51,040
Sheriff	26	350,559	26,222,556	26,039,589		182,967
Clerk of Courts.	1,	637,190	1,630,261	1,599,348		30,913
Other Correctional Activities	5.	284,501	5,284,501	5,233,194		51,307
Court Services.	1,	322,775	1,321,339	1,274,887		46,452
Human Rights		648,845	643,048	620,316		22,732
Internal Audit		239,606	238,445	219,233		19,212
Information Technology Services		342,566	7,078,396	6,675,286		403,110
Office of Communications.		389,716	1,332,702	1,287,949		44,753
City Clerk and Clerk of Council		415,455	415,707	407,573		8,134
Finance.		833,109	10,116,030	9,316,826		799,204
Real Estate Assessments		635,473	1,635,473	1,573,247		62,226
Human Resources.		421,143	3,306,913	3,219,974		86,939
Planning and Zoning		345,590	10,151,807	9,866,560		285,247
City Attorney		341,753 275,383	3,287,544 1,400,383	3,015,941 1,377,827		271,603 22,556
General Services.		125,647	12,133,554	11,790,479		343,075
Transportation and Environmental Services.		242,032	28,481,370	27,206,561		1,274,809
Transit Subsidies.		680,745	8,162,250	4,595,401		3,566,849
Fire		142,446	39,628,714	39,497,216		131,498
Police		502,272	53,713,685	53,079,793		633,892
Mental Health/Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse		540,038	599,868	595,442		4,426
Health	7.	960,099	7,824,865	7,653,868		170,997
Human Services.		206,724	10,239,425	9,751,083		488,342
Human Services Contributions		324,880	2,324,880	2,304,073		20,807
Office of Historic Alexandria	2	913,392	2,915,135	2,906,634		8,501
Recreation and Cultural Activities	21	044,635	20,326,429	20,203,235		123,194
Other Educational Activities		12,004	12,004	12,004		-
Non Departmental (including debt service)		050,076	47,452,032	46,053,953		1,398,079
Total Expenditures	\$ 320	262,228	\$ 317,726,098	\$ 306,930,135	\$	10,795,963
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	e -	022.010	Ф <b>2.222.</b> 212	0 222221	•	
Operating Transfers In		023,910	\$ 2,223,910	\$ 2,223,910	\$	-
Operating Transfers Out		690,235)	(51,075,319)	(50,769,720)		305,599
Transfers Out - Component Units  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		225,884) 892,209)	(182,821,576)	(182,702,659)	•	118,917
<u> </u>			\$ (231,672,985)	\$ (231,248,469)	\$	424,516
Net Change in Fund Balance. Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	, ,	800,000) 488,041	\$ (22,946,645) 65,488,041	\$ (12,483,858) 65,488,041	\$	10,462,787
Increase/(Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory		100,071	302,808	302,808		-
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	Φ 50	688,041	\$ 42,844,204	\$ 53,306,991	\$	10,462,787
TOTAL DALATICES AT EAD OF TEAK		,	. ,,	,		.,=,

(See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Schedules)

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund June 30, 2009

# **Exhibit XIV**

		Original Budget		Budget as Amended		Actual		ariance From nended Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Use of Money and Property	\$	6,000		58,063		395,672	\$	337,609
Charges for Services		13,785,142		14,656,831		12,064,093	Ψ	(2,592,738)
Permits, Fees and Licenses.		2,342,107		2,342,107		882,686		(1,459,421)
Intergovernmental Revenues.		40,347,270		49,053,665		42,415,391		(6,638,274)
Miscellaneous		1,231,526		4,590,260		8,606,742		4,016,482
Total Revenues		57,712,045	\$	70,700,926	\$	64,364,584	\$	(6,336,342)
Other Financing Sources:								
Bond Proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,029,048	\$	(5,029,048)
Operating Transfers In		38,839,712	•	38,839,712	*	38,279,363	•	(560,349)
Total Other Financing Sources		38,839,712	\$	38,839,712	\$	43,308,411	\$	(5,589,397)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources.		96,551,757	\$	109,540,638	\$	107,672,995	\$	(11,925,739)
Expenditures:								
Office of Women	\$	433,113		588,129		587,614	\$	515
Citizens Assistance		5,498		15,463		9,504	Ψ	5,959
Commonwealth's Attorney		254,957		270,128		246,193		23,935
Sheriff		828,529		1,007,898		917,877		90,021
Clerk of Courts.		-		32,219		15,173		17,046
Law Library		163,013		163,013		162,632		381
Other Correctional and Judicial Activities		198,333		194,358		194,024		334
Court Services.		213,010		279,663		212,713		66,950
Human Rights.		42,850		41,850		26,360		15,490
Personnel		6,000		6,000		2,000		4,000
Finance		-		11,092		10,847		245
Planning		608,343		1,153,971		718,719		435,252
General Services.		142,181		145,181		144,807		374
Transportation and Environmental Services		2,857,683		3,049,308		2,591,010		458,298
Fire		2,837,593		3,278,752		1,599,053		1,679,699
Police		105,000		1,021,716		507,953		513,763
Office of Housing.		5,780,738		10,198,156		9,204,079		994,077
Mental Health/Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse		30,205,518		31,640,149		30,548,245		1,091,904
Health		-		16,462		2,711		13,751
Human Services.		43,988,074		46,829,898		44,685,080		2,144,818
Office of Historic Alexandria		411,660		469,030		465,981		3,049
Recreation and Cultural Activities		514,754		571,092		421,530		149,562
Non Departmental		1,000,000		1,152,200		182,558		969,642
Total Expenditures	\$	90,596,847	\$	102,135,728	\$	93,456,663	\$	8,679,065
Other Financing Uses:	_							
Operating Transfers Out		5,954,910	_	7,404,910	_	7,386,816	\$	18,094
Total Other Financing Uses		5,954,910	\$	7,404,910	\$	7,386,816	\$	18,094
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	96,551,757	\$	109,540,638	\$	100,843,479	\$	8,697,159
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/	<b>.</b>		•		•	2 0 <b>0</b> 0 = 1 =	<b>^</b>	
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,829,516	\$	6,829,516
			\$		\$	17,973,841	\$	17,973,841

(See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Schedules)

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2009

Exhibit XV

# (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BUDGET POLICIES

The City Council annually adopts budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund of the primary government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the departmental level for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. On June 16, 2008, the City Council approved the original adopted budget and on June 14, 2009 approved the revised budget reflected in the required supplementary information.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the required supplementary information for all funds with annual budgets, compare the revenues and expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General and Special Revenue Funds present actual expenditures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets, as amended. See Table XVII for the schedule of departments' expenditure detail by function. A reconciliation of the perspective difference for reporting Expenditures and Other Financing Uses in the General Fund relates to how transfers to component units are recorded in each statement and includes the following:

#### **General Fund**

Budget Statement Title	Bu	dgetary Statement Amount	Adjustment for Transfer to Component Unit (Footnote 10)	Exhibit IV	Exhibit IV Title
	¢				
Other Educational Activities	\$	12,004	\$ 167,953,749	\$ 167,965,753	Education
Transit Subsidies		4,595,401	7,955,042	12,550,443	Transit
Library Transfer		-	6,793,868	6,793,868	Library
Other Expenditures (not					Other Expenditures (not
listed separately)		302,322,730	-	302,322,730	listed separately)
Total Expenditures	\$	306,930,135	\$ 182,702,659	\$489,632,794	Total Expenditures
Transfers Out – Component					
Units	\$	182,702,659	\$ (182,702,659)	\$ -	None
Operating Transfers Out		50,769,720	-	50,769,720	Operating Transfers Out
Other Financing		(2,223,910)	-	(2,223,910)	Other Expenditures (not listed separately)
Total Financing (Sources) Uses	\$	231,248,469	(182,702,659)	48,545,810	Total Financing Uses

Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

#### Public Employee Retirement Systems - Primary Government Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2009

**Exhibit XVI** 

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		(1)	(2) Actuarial		(3) Unfunded	(4)		(5)	(6) UAAL as a
	Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of	Accrued Liability		AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio		Annual Covered	Percentage of Covered Payroll
	Date	Assets	(AAL)		(2)-(1)	(1/2)		Payroll	((2-1)/5)
	Duit	 1255005	 (:1:12)	_	(2) (1)	(1/2)	_	Tujion	((2 1)(0)
City Supplemental Pension (a)	06/30/2006	\$ 65,143,405	\$ 96,974,375	\$	31,830,970	67.18%	\$	116,853,571	27.24%
	06/30/2007	77,046,696	107,983,990		30,937,294	71.35%		123,522,516	25.05%
	06/30/2008	76,275,945	117,964,452		41,688,507	64.66%		126,492,987	32.96%
Pension for Fire and Police **	06/30/2003	\$ 37,406,204	\$ 43,443,748	\$	6,037,544	86.10%	\$	60,566	9968.54%
	06/30/2004	35,362,688	42,580,064		7,217,376	83.05%		61,778	11682.76%
	06/30/2005	33,410,759	43,482,216		10,071,457	76.84%		63,012	15983.40%
	06/30/2006	30,940,298	43,895,855		12,955,557	70.49%		71,935	18010.09%
	06/30/2007	30,875,740	42,511,290		11,635,550	72.63%		72,987	15941.95%
	06/30/2008	29,043,189	47,171,730		18,128,541	61.57%		N/A	N/A
Firefighters and Police Pension	01/01/2004	\$ 73,115,648	\$ 112,392,474	\$	39,276,826	65.05%	\$	27,221,546	144.29%
	07/01/2004	78,577,979	115,340,503		36,762,524	68.13%		25,268,564	145.49%
	07/01/2005	88,534,386	135,445,004		46,910,618	65.37%		29,132,558	161.02%
	07/01/2006	100,513,967	152,624,962		52,110,995	65.86%		31,961,191	163.04%
	07/01/2007	115,782,806	167,092,854		51,310,048	69.29%		32,564,077	157.57%
	07/01/2008	133,567,658	181,469,715		47,902,057	73.60%		33,485,674	143.05%
Fire and Police Disability	07/01/2003	\$ 11,936,587	\$ 10,165,275	\$	(1,771,312)	117.43%	\$	26,002,593	-6.81%
	07/01/2004	12,601,146	8,638,183		(3,962,963)	145.88%		25,268,564	-15.68%
	07/01/2005	13,337,719	8,947,524		(4,390,195)	149.07%		29,132,558	-15.07%
	07/01/2006	13,830,273	12,568,299		(1,261,974)	110.04%		31,961,191	-3.95%
	07/01/2007	14,398,259	15,638,422		1,240,163	92.07%		32,564,077	3.81%
	07/01/2008	14,305,285	16,804,777		2,499,492	85.13%		33,485,674	7.46%
Virginia Retirement System	06/30/2003	\$ 239,425,215	\$ 213,902,045	\$	(25,523,170)	111.93%	\$	78,337,719	-32.58%
	06/30/2004	244,033,928	240,500,266		(3,533,662)	101.47%		90,113,045	-3.92%
	06/30/2005	250,705,689	286,667,574		35,961,885	87.46%		93,142,752	38.61%
	06/30/2006	265,845,121	312,274,142		46,429,021	85.13%		100,219,243	46.33%
	06/30/2007	302,085,645	344,775,571		42,689,926	87.62%		108,719,495	39.27%
	06/30/2008	334,817,687	378,308,775		43,491,088	88.50%		114,427,304	38.01%

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Pension Plan for Fire and Police is a closed plan with no active participant.

Six-year historical information of City's defined benefit pension plans is presented to help users assess each plan's funding status on a going concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other public employee retirement systems.

Analysis of dollar amounts of plan net assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing plan net assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of each plan's funding status on a going concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the plan is financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan. Trends in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller the percentage, the stronger the plan.

<sup>(</sup>a) The aggregate actuarial cost method was changed to entry age cost method for City Supplemental pension plan during fiscal year 2007. Only three years of information was available. This will be expanded when information becomes available.

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Public Employee Retirement Systems - Primary Government Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2009

Exhibit XVI (Continued)

# SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

For Defined Benefit Pension Plans

	City Supplemental Retirement				Pension Plan for Fire and Police					
		Annual				Annual				
Actuarial	uarial Required Percentag		Percentage	Actuarial		Required	Percentage			
Date		Contribution	Contributed	Date	_	Contribution	Contributed			
06/30/2004	\$	3,229,768	44.83%	06/30/2004	\$	1,125,912	80.11%			
06/30/2005		3,172,787	82.70%	06/30/2005		1,547,955	58.27%			
06/30/2006		4,271,649	100.90%	06/30/2006		932,554	113.50%			
06/30/2007		4,811,560	98.61%	06/30/2007		1,187,836	126.30%			
06/30/2008		5,419,262	99.81%	06/30/2008		1,209,549	70.27%			
06/30/2009		6,381,581	80.07%	06/30/2009		1,679,131	101.71%			
Firefighters and Po	olice Pens	ion		Virginia Retirem	ent Syst	em				
06/30/2004	\$	2,633,733	60.68%	06/30/2004	\$	667,108	100.00%			
06/30/2005		4,890,046	108.30%	06/30/2005		1,386,592	100.00%			
06/30/2006		5,938,572	97.90%	06/30/2006		1,470,239	100.00%			
06/30/2007		6,985,282	91.25%	06/30/2007		7,077,570	100.00%			
06/30/2008		7,116,057	101.49%	06/30/2008		7,490,208	100.00%			
06/30/2009		7,184,309	98.65%	06/30/2009		8,149,979	100.00%			
Fire and Police Di	sability									
06/30/2004	\$	443,122	140.10%							
06/30/2005		347,672	180.90%							
06/30/2006		414,340	165.80%							
06/30/2007		1,455,223	51.71%							
06/30/2008		1,610,278	47.88%							
06/30/2009		1,244,853	116.07%							

See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2009

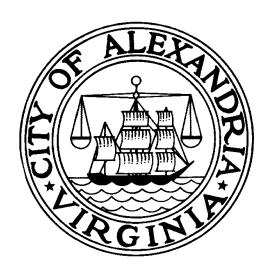
Exhibit XVI (Continued)

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROCESS

	(1)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1)	Funded Ratio (1/2)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/5)	
12/31/2007	-	\$84,545,602	\$84,545,602	0.00%	142,475,212	59.34%	
12/31/2008	4,316,727	\$89,900,789	\$85,584,062	4.80%	146,884,002	58.27%	

Only two years' information was available. This will be expanded when information becomes available.

See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report



# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# **Agency Funds**

Agency Funds are City custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the City is custodian.

*Human Services Special Welfare Account* – This fund accounts for the current payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

*Human Services Dedicated Account* – This fund accounts for back payments of supplemental security income for foster children.

*Industrial Development Authority Agency Fund* – This fund accounts for Industrial Development Authority bond issuance fees and expenses, for which the City acts in a custodial capacity.

**Potomac Yard Affordable Housing** – This fund accounts for affordable housing donations received from Potomac Yard Development LLC for the purpose of constructing affordable housing.

**Potomac Yard Open Space** – This fund accounts for the remittances received from Potomac Yard Development LLC to cover open space expenses.

# Combining Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Schedule 1

		Balance ly 1, 2008		Additions		Deductions		Balance e 30, 2009
HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL WELFARE ACCOUNT								
Assets  Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	\$	2,892	\$	34,787		30,438	\$	7,241
Liabilities:								
Other Liabilities	\$	2,892	\$	34,787		30,438	\$	7,241
Total Liabilities	\$	2,892	\$	34,787	\$	30,438	\$	7,241
HUMAN SERVICES DEDICATED ACCOUNT Assets								
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	\$	13,639	\$	10,103	\$		\$	23,742
Liabilities:								
Other Liabilities		13,639	\$	10,103	\$		\$	23,742
Total Liabilities	\$	13,639	\$	10,103	\$		\$	23,742
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Assets								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	833,020	\$	20,807		202,542	\$	651,285
Liabilities:								
Other Liabilities	\$	833,020	\$	20,807	\$	202,542	\$	651,285
Total Liabilities	\$	833,020	\$	20,807	\$	202,542	\$	651,285
POTOMAC YARD AFFORDABLE HOUSING -ASLLC Assets								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	18,577	\$	34,441,785	\$	34,430,016	\$	30,346
Liabilities:								
Other Liabilities	\$ \$	18,577 18,577	\$	34,441,785 34,441,785	\$	34,430,016 34,430,016	\$	30,346 30,346
POTOMAC YARD OPEN SPACE -ASLLC								
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	s	3,716	\$	195,667	\$	199,383	\$	_
24a.y 2004 Casa and 2004	<del>-</del>		=		Ť		<u> </u>	
Other Liabilities	\$	3,716	\$	195,667	\$	199,383	\$	
Total Liabilities	\$	3,716	\$	195,667	\$	199,383	\$	
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	855,313	\$	34,658,259	\$	34,831,941	\$	681,631
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent		16,531		44,890		30,438		30,983
Total Assets	\$	871,844	\$	34,703,149	\$	34,862,379	\$	712,614
Liabilities:								
Other Liabilities	\$	871,844	\$	34,703,149	\$	34,862,379	\$	712,614
Total Liabilities	\$	871,844	\$	34,703,149	\$	34,862,379	\$	712,614

# Statement of Cash Flows Component Unit Alexandria Transit Company As of June 30, 2009

	Schedule 2
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers.	\$ 3,405,325
Cash payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services.	(3,454,463)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services.	(8,010,470)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (8,059,608)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Payments from Primary Government	7,955,042
Cash from other non revenue receipts.	52,569
Cash received from Non Operating Grant.	279,274
Net Cash provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	\$ 8,286,885
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition/Sale of Capital Assets	\$ (144,331)
Net Cash Used for Capital Assets and Related Financing Activities	\$ (144,331)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents.	\$ 82,947
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year.	206,587
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 289,534
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss.	\$ (9,699,752)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,624,992
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	33,265
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory of Supplies	(32,763)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses	(32,703)
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Payable.	(142,435)
Decrease (Increase) in Accrued Liabilities	33,573
Decrease (Increase) in Other Liabilities.	123,512
Total Adjustments	 1,640,144
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (8,059,608)

Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities:

During Fiscal Year 2009, the City transferred capital assets totaling \$55,190 to Alexandria Transit.

# Combining Balance Sheet Special Revenue Funds As of June 30, 2009

# Schedule 3

		II		G	G	Other		Total Combined
ACCITION		Housing		Sewer	Spe	cial Revenue	Spe	cial Revenue
ASSEIS	¢.	4 (42 001	¢.	0.071.761	e	10.544.002	0	24.260.544
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,643,981	\$	9,071,761	\$	10,544,802	\$	24,260,544
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		-		-		104,489		104,489
Receivables, Net		2,673,806		878,466		26,652		3,578,924
Due From Other Governments		716,401		-		4,900,684		5,617,085
Prepaid and Other Assets		-		-		43,307		43,307
Total Assets	\$	8,034,188	\$	9,950,227	\$	15,619,934	\$	33,604,349
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	122,690		5,267	\$	2,606,582	\$	2,734,539
Accrued Wages		76,423		49,872		2,064,110		2,190,405
Unearned Revenue		-		-		3,876,048		3,876,048
Total Liabilities	\$	199,113	\$	55,139	\$	8,546,740	\$	8,800,992
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Receivable, net	\$	2,673,806	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,673,806
Encumbrances		112,731		10,613		1,725,376		1,848,720
Unreserved		5,048,538		9,884,475		5,347,818		20,280,831
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,835,075	\$	9,895,088	\$	7,073,194	\$	24,803,357
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,034,188	\$	9,950,227	\$	15,619,934	\$	33,604,349

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Special Revenue Funds As of June 30, 2009

# Schedule 4

	Housing	Sewer	Spe	Other	Total Combined cial Revenue
REVENUES					
Permits, Fees, and Licenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$	882,686	\$ 882,686
Use of Money and Property	212,059	-		183,613	395,672
Charges for Services	-	4,765,661		7,298,432	12,064,093
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,494,033			39,921,358	42,415,391
Miscellaneous	6,280,471	-		2,326,271	8,606,742
Total Revenues	\$ 8,986,563	\$ 4,765,661	\$	50,612,360	\$ 64,364,584
EXPENDITURES					
Current Operating:					
General Government	\$ -	\$ -	\$	554,342	\$ 554,342
Judicial Administration	-	-		919,747	919,747
Public Safety	-	-		2,950,578	2,950,578
Public Works	-	1,483,634		712,686	2,196,320
Health and Welfare	-	-		76,041,847	76,041,847
Culture and Recreation	=	-		43,578	43,578
Community Development	9,204,079	 		1,546,172	10,750,251
Total Expenditures	\$ 9,204,079	\$ 1,483,634	\$	82,768,950	\$ 93,456,663
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	\$ (217,516)	\$ 3,282,027	\$	(32,156,590)	\$ (29,092,079)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of Debt	\$ 5,000,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,000,000
Bond Premium	29,048	-		-	29,048
Transfers In	4,501,960	-		33,777,403	38,279,363
Transfers Out	 (5,062,330)	 (1,323,910)		(1,000,576)	(7,386,816)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources and Uses</b>	\$ 4,468,678	\$ (1,323,910)	\$	32,776,827	\$ 35,921,595
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 4,251,162	\$ 1,958,117	\$	620,237	\$ 6,829,516
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,583,913	 7,936,971		6,452,957	17,973,841
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 7,835,075	\$ 9,895,088	\$	7,073,194	\$ 24,803,357

# STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section includes detail information to assist in understating how the financial statement related to the City's overall financial well-being and includes the following categories:

**Financial trends:** These tables assist users in understanding how the City's financial position has changed over time and include the following tables:

Table I - Schedule of Changes in Net Assets

Table II - Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Table VII - Net assets

Table VIII - Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Table XXII - Five-Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditure

**Revenue Capacity:** These tables assist in understanding and assessing the City's own source revenues and include the following tables:

Table III - Tax Revenues by Source

Tables IV and V - Tax Levies and Collections

Table VI - Real and Personal Property Tax Assessments and Rates

Table IX - 2009 Tax Rates for Major Revenue Sources

Table XV and XVI - Principal Taxpayers

**Debt Capacity:** These tables present information to assist in assessing the affordability of the City's current levels of debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future and include:

Table X - Legal Debt Margin Information

Table XI - Ratio of Net General Debt to Assessed Value and Net Debt Per Capita

Table XXII - Overlapping Debt and Debt History

Table XIII - Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Net General Debt to Total General Expenditures

Table XXIII - Summary of Total General Obligation Bonds Debt Service

**Demographic and Economic Information:** These tables include demographic and economic information to assist in understanding the external factors that affect the City's financial activities and include:

Table XIV - Population and Per Capita Income

Table XVII - Alexandria City School Board Demographic Statistics

Table XVIII - Government Employees By Function

Table XIX - Principal Employers

Table XXI - Miscellaneous Statistical Data

**Operating information:** These tables include service and capital data to assist in understanding how financial information relates to the programs and activities the City performs and includes:

Table XX – Operating and Capital Indicators

#### Schedule of Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE I

# (In millions)

			,	(	110115)	•						
	200	0	2001	200	)2	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
penses												
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$ 40	0.3	\$ 40.3	\$ 4	5.1	\$ 47.4	\$ 56.5	\$ 47.7	\$ 47.5	\$ 63.6	\$ 64.6	\$ 79.5
Judicial Administration	12	2.0	11.5	1	2.5	13.0	14.0	14.6	15.6	17.7	19.3	19.3
Public Safety	68	8.0	73.6	8	3.2	88.4	94.9	96.5	106.9	112.3	114.5	120.5
Public Works	3	1.3	33.3	3	3.5	36.9	44.1	40.0	41.1	44.3	48.8	48.5
Library	3	3.8	4.2		4.8	5.1	5.5	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.9	6.8
Health and Welfare	62	2.2	61.5	6	6.8	71.9	73.9	79.4	84.3	89.4	96.2	97.3
Transit	:	5.0	7.1		6.8	11.9	9.1	10.5	12.5	14.1	14.1	12.5
Culture and Recreation	12	2.4	14.1	1	7.2	20.8	21.3	26.1	25.3	26.9	30.4	28.1
Community Development	9	9.3	8.9	1	1.9	13.5	16.2	16.1	24.4	35.0	40.6	30.4
Education	92	2.5	116.4	11	0.7	123.4	128.6	142.2	139.9	153.7	168.5	173.8
Interest on Long-term Debt		2.9	5.6		7.6	7.1	8.0	9.5	10.4	13.5	12.5	10.9
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 339	9.8	\$ 376.5	\$ 40	0.1	\$ 439.3	\$ 472.0	\$ 488.6	\$ 514.4	\$ 577.3	\$ 616.4	\$ 627.6
Subtotal Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 339	9.8	\$ 376.5	\$ 40	0.1	\$ 439.3	\$ 472.0	\$ 488.6	\$ 514.4	\$ 577.3	\$ 616.4	\$ 627.6
Business-type Activities:												
Recycling	\$ (	0.6	\$ 0.6		0.5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Subtotal Business-type Activities:	\$ (	0.6	\$ 0.6	\$	0.5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 340	0.5	\$ 377.1	\$ 40	0.6	\$ 439.3	\$ 472.0	\$ 488.6	\$ 514.4	\$ 577.3	\$ 616.4	\$ 627.6
Program Revenues												
Governmental Activities:												
Charges for Services:												
6	\$ -	_	<b>\$</b> -	\$	_	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 6.3	\$ 5.6	\$ 1.4
General Government  Judicial Administration		1.2	1.2		1.3	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6
Public Safety		8.7	8.2		8.2	6.5	7.6	8.4	10.6	11.5	10.7	15.5
Public Works			8.2		8.2		10.4		16.9	16.1		
	•	5.8			8.2	9.6		13.2			17.4	18.1
Library	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare		5.5	5.1		4.9	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.4	6.4	6.7	6.6
Transit		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		1.7	1.8		2.0	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.0	2.9
Community Development		0.1	0.1		0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	3.1	4.9	6.0	8.2
Operating Grants and Contributions	5	52.0	48.2		52.9	60.0	62.5	59.6	60.3	61.0	61.3	63.
Capital Grants and Contributions		7.8	2.3		12.4	20.0	15.0	5.1	9.9	18.2	7.6	20.
Subtotal Governmental Activities	\$ 82	2.8	\$ 75.1	\$ 9	0.0	\$ 105.0	\$ 104.5	\$ 95.4	\$ 110.5	\$ 128.9	\$ 120.2	\$ 138.0
Business-type Activities:												
Recycling	(	0.8	0.3		0.1							
	Φ	0.8	\$ 0.3	\$	0.1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Subtotal Business-type Activities:	\$ (	0.8	\$ 0.5	Ф	0.1	ъ -	э -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ	-	

# Schedule of Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (In millions)

TABLE I (continued)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Net (Expense) (Revenue)										
General Government	\$ (40.3)	\$ (40.3)	\$ (45.1)	\$ (47.4)	\$ (56.5)	\$ (47.7)	\$ (47.5)	\$ (57.3)	\$ (57.7)	\$ (77.6)
Judicial Administration	(10.8)	(10.3)	(11.2)	(11.3)	(12.1)	(12.6)	(13.6)	(15.7)	(13.1)	(13.7)
Public Safety	(59.3)	(65.4)	(75.0)	(81.9)	(87.3)	(88.1)	(96.3)	(100.8)	(89.6)	(91.8)
Public Works	(25.5)	(25.1)	(25.3)	(27.3)	(33.7)	(26.8)	(24.2)	(28.2)	(20.7)	(4.8)
Library	(3.8)	(4.2)	(4.8)	(5.1)	(5.5)	(6.0)	(6.4)	(6.8)	(6.9)	(6.8)
Health and Welfare	(56.7)	(56.4)	(61.9)	(66.7)	(68.7)	(74.3)	(78.9)	(83.0)	(57.2)	(54.7)
Transit	(5.0)	(7.1)	(6.8)	(11.9)	(9.1)	(10.5)	(12.5)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(12.6)
Culture and Recreation	(10.7)	(12.3)	(15.2)	(19.1)	(19.7)	(24.4)	(23.0)	(24.4)	(27.2)	(25.0)
Community Development	(9.2)	(8.8)	(11.8)	(13.2)	(15.9)	(15.8)	(21.3)	(30.1)	(28.9)	(26.0)
Education	(92.5)	(116.4)	(110.7)	(123.4)	(128.6)	(142.2)	(139.9)	(153.7)	(168.5)	(165.7)
Interest on Long-term Debt	(2.9)	(5.6)	(7.6)	(7.1)	(8.0)	(9.5)	(10.4)	(13.5)	(12.4)	(10.9)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	\$ (316.8)	\$ (351.9)	\$ (375.4)	\$ (414.3)	\$ (445.0)	\$ (457.9)	\$ (474.1)	\$ (527.6)	\$ (496.3)	\$ (489.6)
Business-type Activities:										
Recycling	\$ 0.2	\$ (0.3)	\$ (0.3)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s</u> -	\$ -	<u>s</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>
Subtotal Business-type Activities:	0.2	(0.3)	(0.3)							
Total Primary Government	\$ (316.7)	\$ (352.3)	\$ (375.8)	\$ (414.3)	\$ (445.0)	\$ (457.9)	\$ (474.1)	\$ (527.6)	\$ (496.3)	\$ (489.6)
General Revenues and Other Changes Governmental Activities: Taxes	s in Net Asse	ts								
Real Estate	\$ 141.7	\$ 153.4	\$ 163.5	\$ 189.4	\$ 211.1	\$ 234.3	\$ 255.4	\$ 275.4	\$ 289.3	\$ 296.4
Personal Property	47.6	27.0	38.5	31.1	31.3	32.0	33.1	35.3	38.6	37.9
Other	75.0	81.7	85.8	88.4	94.2	101.5	109.4	111.0	112.2	112.3
Transfer	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants and Contributions										
not restricted to other programs	19.1	26.9	28.9	29.2	30.4	29.5	31.0	32.4	31.8	32.4
Interest and Investment Earnings	7.3	8.4	7.3	3.6	1.7	4.9	9.1	6.9	6.0	1.7
Miscellaneous	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.6	1.1
Subtotal Governmental Activities	\$ 291.4	\$ 297.9	\$ 324.5	\$ 343.3	\$ 369.1	\$ 402.7	\$ 438.9	\$ 461.6	\$ 478.5	\$ 481.8
Business-type Activities:										
Payment for City	\$ 0.3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1.0)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Subtotal Business-type Activities:	\$ 0.3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1.0)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Primary Government	\$ 291.7	\$ 297.9	\$ 324.5	\$ 342.3	\$ 369.1	\$ 402.7	\$ 438.9	\$ 461.6	\$ 478.5	\$ 481.8
Change in Net Assets					<u></u>					
Governmental Activities:	\$ (25.4)	\$ (54.0)	\$ (50.9)	\$ (71.0)	\$ (75.9)	\$ (55.2)	\$ (35.2)	\$ (66.0)	\$ (17.8)	\$ (7.8)
Business-type Activities:	0.5	(0.3)	(0.3)	(1.0)	-	-	_	-		
	\$ (25.0)	\$ (54.3)	\$ (51.3)	\$ (72.0)	\$ (75.9)	\$ (55.2)	\$ (35.2)	\$ (66.0)	\$ (17.8)	\$ (7.8)

# ${\bf Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balances\ Governmental\ Funds}$

# Last Ten Fiscal Years (In millions)

						(1	11 11111110	1115)													
			2000		2001	,	2002		2003		2004		2005	,	2006		2007		2008		ABLE II
	General Property Taxes	-\$	183.3	\$	189.8	\$	205.1	-\$	218.9	\$	243.5	\$	265.3	\$	290.1	\$	310.8	-\$	324.1	\$	333.5
	Other Local Taxes	Ψ	75.0	Ψ	81.7	Ψ	84.0	Ψ	88.1	Ψ	94.0	Φ	101.5	Ψ	109.5	Φ	111.0	Ψ	112.3	Ψ	112.3
	Permits Fees and License		4.4		4.1		4.2		4.5		4.0		4.5		6.5		7.2		5.8		5.7
	Fines and Forfeitures		4.2		4.1		3.9		3.9		4.2		4.0		3.5		3.6		3.9		4.1
	Use of Money and Property		7.6		11.2		9.9		6.3		4.6		7.9		12.1		15.8		12.0		6.2
	Charges for Services		14.4		14.4		14.2		15.6		16.1		19.2		23.9		23.2		25.8		25.3
	Intergovernmental Revenue		67.3		66.3		79.1		92.9		95.4		90.1		92.1		111.5		100.7		116.0
	Sale of Surplus Property		-		-		-		-		2.8		-		0.5		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous and										2.0				0.5						
	Non Revenue Receipts		7.2		4.8		4.9		4.8		7.6		4.2		5.1		7.3		10.2		15.8
	Total Governmental Revenues	\$	363.5		376.3	\$	405.3	\$	435.1	\$	472.1	\$	496.7	\$	543.3	\$	590.4	\$	594.8	\$	618.9
	iotai Governmentai Revenues	ψ	303.3	φ	370.3	Ψ	403.3	ψ	433.1	Ψ	7/2.1	Ψ	470.7	Ψ	343.3	Ψ	370.4	ψ	374.0	Ψ	010.7
	Expenditures																				
	General Government		27.3		28.0		30.2		31.9		36.1		37.7		39.6		45.5		43.0		46.7
	Judicial Administration		11.5		11.0		12.0		12.5		13.5		14.1		15.0		17.1		18.7		18.9
<u> </u>	Public Safety		66.5		71.9		78.2		86.6		89.6		93.8		104.5		109.6		112.2		116.8
8	Public Works		27.4		27.4		27.5		29.8		30.0		30.1		32.6		35.5		36.7		36.9
	Library		3.8		4.1		4.8		5.1		5.5		6.0		6.4		6.8		6.9		6.8
	Health and Welfare		62.0		61.0		66.4		71.5		73.5		78.9		83.9		88.9		95.7		96.8
	Transit and Transit Transfer		5.0		7.1		6.8		8.5		9.1		10.5		12.5		14.1		14.1		12.5
	Culture and Recreation		11.6		12.6		15.0		17.4		18.5		20.1		21.8		23.6		24.5		23.2
	Community Development		9.3		8.1		9.5		12.1		13.3		15.1		23.3		31.3		34.4		28.5
	Education		92.5		116.4		110.1		122.9		128.0		141.7		139.4		150.7		164.2		168.0
	Capital Outlay		30.2		21.6		46.9		49.4		53.4		51.5		79.1		93.5		75.8		100.7
	Debt Service - Principal		6.1		6.9		8.6		10.4		10.9		13.2		16.5		17.7		18.2		19.1
	- Interest		2.9		5.6		7.6		7.2		7.9		9.6		10.5		13.3		12.3		12.8
	Total Governmental Expenditures	\$	356.0	\$	381.9	\$	423.5	\$	465.2	\$	489.1	\$	522.3	\$	585.1	\$	647.6	\$	656.7	\$	687.7
	Excess of Revenues	\$	7.5	\$	(5.6)	\$	(18.2)	\$	(30.1)	\$	(17.0)	\$	(25.6)	\$	(41.8)	\$	(57.2)	\$	(61.9)	\$	(68.8)
	over (under ) expenditures			_																-	
	Other Financing Sources/(Uses)																				
	Issuance of Debt	\$	55.0	\$	-	\$	54.5	\$	-	\$	67.9	\$	55.8	\$	72.7	\$	0.1	\$	-	\$	145.7
	Transfers in		41.5		45.1		40.5		48.0		45.0		54.7		59.0		49.1		67.8		58.9
	Transfers out		(41.9)		(45.1)		(40.6)		(47.6)		(46.5)		(54.7)		(59.5)		(50.0)		(67.8)		(58.2)
	Sale of Land		-		0.2		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	-		-																	
	(Uses)	\$	54.6	\$	0.2	\$	54.4	\$	0.4	\$	66.3	\$	55.8	\$	72.2	\$	(0.8)	\$		\$	146.4
	et change in Fund Balance	\$	62.1	\$	(5.4)	\$	36.2	\$	(29.7)	\$	49.3	\$	30.2	\$	30.4	\$	(58.0)	\$	(61.9)	\$	77.6
	ebt Service as percentage of general vernmental funds		2.76%		3.47%		4.30%		4.23%		4.31%		4.84%		5.34%		5.59%		5.25%		5.43%

Amounts may not add due to rounding

# City of Alexandria, Virginia **Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### TABLE III

		Fis cal Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
	General	Real Estate	\$ 142,401,311	\$ 152,560,694	\$ 164,959,409	\$ 186,431,815	\$ 210,922,789	\$ 232,528,457	\$ 255,141,063	\$ 274,477,589	\$287,344,299	\$ 295,518,893
1	Property Taxes	Personal	38,435,852	35,222,613	38,331,453	30,745,962	30,944,059	31,243,560	33,163,126	34,487,106	34,883,037	36,023,945
		Penalties and Interes	2,459,101	1,992,370	1,854,835	1,76 1,58 5	1,657,926	1,514,783	1,751,503	1,856,927	1,885,683	1,939,225
		Local Sales	\$ 19,802,533	\$ 20,730,807	\$ 20,316,345	\$ 21,216,124	\$ 22,541,886	\$ 23,812,277	\$ 25,264,689	\$ 25,440,638	\$ 24,256,803	\$ 21,679,635
		Utility	15,034,992	16,937,315	17,761,931	17,793,919	18,570,290	18,520,667	17,587,865	13,836,170	10,019,854	10,409,248
		Business License	19,022,675	20,762,586	22,233,330	23,679,889	25,601,366	27,098,032	28,381,583	30,947,412	32,026,526	30,527,956
		Cable TV Franchise Li	836,041	901,777	1,025,474	978,574	1,089,381	1,154,576	1,240,841	720,926	-	-
		Motor Vehicle Licenso	2,173,654	2,247,172	2,285,722	2,313,054	2,427,656	2,460,980	2,461,023	2,429,078	3,197,576	3,085,288
11		Bank Franchise	991,609	1,403,375	1,294,376	1,922,095	1,111,691	1,364,270	1,784,565	1,540,550	1,263,689	1,855,496
19		Tobacco	1,647,047	1,607,292	1,597,140	2,083,135	2,430,092	2,277,366	2,840,486	2,932,386	2,681,573	2,719,084
	Other Local	Recordation	1,710,477	2,028,522	2,494,425	3,262,783	4,046,517	7,244,022	7,8 18,676	6,561,330	4,947,208	3,206,705
	Taxes	Transient Lodging	5,228,467	5,827,803	5,206,418	5,241,018	6,323,906	7,183,067	7,8 11,8 8 4	7,415,060	8,506,762	10,592,806
		Restaurant Food	7,911,895	8,466,964	8,562,840	8,792,704	9,051,520	9,598,763	10,094,267	10,657,839	10,972,048	14,912,796
		Te le c o m m u n i c a t i o n	655,212	762,172	1,139,266	792,025	727,384	726,112	725,684	691,023	8 57,3 54	829,291
		Admissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,149,537	1,058,226	1,090,067	1,103,782
		Cell Phone	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,305,525	1,397,452	-	-
		Communications Sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,3 18,2 53	12,402,256	11,268,560
		Other	26,336	50,987	42,507	44,528	39,266	28,428	28,931	33,024	42,225	80,723
		Total	\$ 258,337,202	\$ 271,502,449	\$ 289,105,471	\$ 3 0 7,0 59,2 10	\$ 337,485,729	\$ 366,755,360	\$ 399,551,248	\$421,800,989	\$436,376,960	\$ 445,753,433

#### **Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Calendar Years**

Table IV

#### Real Property (Amounts in thousands)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of

			 the Lev	'y			Fotal Collect	tions to date
Calendar Year Ended December 31,	the	Levied for Calendar Year*	Amount	Percentage of Levy	ections in quent Years	A	Amount	Percentage of Levy
1999	\$	135,079	\$ 133,102	98.54%	\$ 1,958	\$	135,060	99.99%
2000		147,059	144,741	98.42%	2,299		147,040	99.99%
2001		159,186	156,748	98.47%	2,426		159,174	99.99%
2002		174,827	172,296	98.55%	2,511		174,807	99.99%
2003		199,800	196,181	98.19%	3,600		199,781	99.99%
2004		225,156	223,047	99.06%	2,084		225,131	99.99%
2005		250,188	247,166	98.79%	2,970		250,136	99.98%
2006		267,027	264,951	99.22%	1,936		266,887	99.95%
2007		282,604	279,948	99.06%	2,172		282,120	99.83%
2008		296,493	292,996	98.82%	_		292,996	98.82%

\* Levy adjusted for changes since original levy

Table V

#### **Personal Property** (Amounts in thousands)

	Taxes Levied	for the Cal	endar Year	Collec		the Fiscal Year of Levy			То	tal Collect	ions to date
Calendar Year Ended December 31,	Total		nmonwealth bursement#	Am	ount	Percentage of Levy	Sul	ections in osequent Years	A	mount	Percentage of Levy
1999	\$ 52,17	8 \$	6,887	\$	41,507	79.55%	\$	3,700	\$	45,207	86.64%
2000	56,59	1	13,268		44,711	79.01%		3,677		48,388	85.50%
2001	56,95	7 *	20,842		48,136	84.51%		11,176		59,312	104.13%
2002	58,47	8	21,122		49,216	84.16%		3,880		53,096	90.80%
2003	60,47	2	22,915		50,576	83.64%		3,711		54,287	89.77%
2004	56,05	9	21,936		48,535	86.58%		3,834		52,369	93.42%
2005	58,94	2	22,558		50,422	85.55%		4,649		55,071	93.43%
2006	62,21	3	24,193		55,284	88.86%		2,589		57,873	93.02%
2007	61,97	4	23,849		55,247	89.15%		2,322		57,569	92.89%
2008	62,74	0	23,768		56,201	89.58%		-		56,201	89.58%

<sup>\*</sup> Assessment adjusted for large sale of public service commission property to private corporation.

<sup>#</sup> Commonwealth reimbursement included in taxes levied and collections.

# 121

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Real and Personal Property Tax Assessments and Rates Last Ten Calendar Years

TABLE VI

		Real Proper	ty (\$000)			P	Personal Property (	\$100)	
Calendar Year	Residential	Commercial	Total	Tax Rate per \$100	Motor Vehicle and Tangibles Assessments	Tax Rate per \$100	Machine and Tools Assessment	Tax Rate per \$100	Total Assessment
1999	6,169,055	6,018,465	12,187,520	1.110	1,251,250	4.75	10,259	4.50	1,261,509
2000	6,716,942	6,578,366	13,295,308	1.110	1,359,340	4.75	13,281	4.50	1,372,621
2001	7,573,897	7,058,452	14,632,349	1.110	1,386,141	4.75	187,217	4.50	1,573,358
2002	8,889,290	7,243,699	16,132,989	1.080	1,409,955	4.75	16,351	4.50	1,426,306
2003	11,191,850	8,034,076	19,225,926	1.035	1,459,886	4.75	20,369	4.50	1,480,255
2004	13,224,543	9,532,642	22,757,185	0.995	1,391,110	4.75	17,895	4.50	1,409,005
2005	16,272,324	11,087,326	27,359,650	0.915	1,455,520	4.75	15,009	4.50	1,470,529
2006	20,205,364	14,037,667	34,243,031	0.815	1,394,947	4.75	14,906	4.50	1,409,853
2007	20,143,403	15,411,555	35,554,958	0.830	1,426,679	4.75	11,485	4.50	1,438,164
2008	19,255,906	15,123,257	34,379,163	0.845	1,354,932	4.75	17,837	4.50	1,372,769

Note: Property is assessed each year as of January 1. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore assessed values are equal to actual values. Tax rates are assessed per \$100 of assessed values.

# TABLE VII

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities	2000	2001	2002	2003 a	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 172.6	\$ 181.2	\$ 118.5	\$ 160.6	\$ 119.5	\$ 100.2	\$105.6	\$ 170.0	\$ 231.0	\$ 153.3
Restricted for:										
Affordable Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	0.3	-	-
Capital Projects	39.2	58.3	70.1	72.8	115.7	148.3	157.2	101.6	51.5	134.7
Unrestricted Net Assets	55.1	23.9	103.8	67.9	67.7	63.9	81.6	88.7	60.3	47.0
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ 266.9	\$ 263.4	\$ 292.4	\$ 301.3	\$ 302.9	\$ 312.4	\$ 347.4	\$ 360.6	\$ 342.8	\$ 335.0
Business-type Activities Net Assets										
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-		-
Unrestricted Net Assets	1.5	1.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.3	\$ 1.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Primary Government										
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	172.8	181.3	118.6	160.6	119.5	100.2	105.6	170.0	231.0	153.3
Restricted for:										
Affordable Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	0.3	-	-
Capital Projects	39.2	58.3	70.1	72.8	115.7	148.3	157.2	101.6	51.5	134.7
Unrestricted Net Assets	56.6	25.1	104.6	67.9	67.7	63.9	81.6	88.7	60.3	47.0
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$ 268.5	\$ 264.7	\$ 293.4	\$ 301.3	\$ 302.9	\$ 312.4	\$ 347.4	\$ 360.6	\$ 342.8	\$ 335.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Recycling fund transferred to the General Fund in FY 2003

Amounts may not add due to rounding

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

# TABLE VIII

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		2007	2008	2009
General Fund												
Reserved for:												
Encumbrances	\$	3,207,099	\$ 3,729,754	\$ 3,117,566	\$ 2,386,468	\$ 1,525,942	\$ 2,087,658	\$ 1,845,820	\$	2,345,051	\$ 1,579,168	\$ 1,967,201
Inventories		1,288,791	1,278,362	1,480,168	1,537,404	1,681,593	1,970,689	2,189,185		2,347,911	1,588,472	1,891,281
Notes Receivable			-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	400,000
Unreserved		53,502,641	 55,825,487	63,630,925	 54,193,856	59,589,075	58,216,836	63,343,040		67,560,766	62,320,401	 49,048,509
Subtotal General Fund	\$	57,998,531	\$ 60,833,603	\$ 68,228,659	\$ 58,117,728	\$ 62,796,610	\$ 62,275,183	\$ 67,378,045	\$	72,253,728	\$ 65,488,041	\$ 53,306,991
All Other Governmental Fu	ınds											
Reserved For												
Capital Projects	\$	51,089,259	\$ 49,528,043	\$ 61,806,602	\$ 63,968,631	\$ 105,611,068	\$ 126,848,380	\$ 141,395,119	\$	83,700,361	\$ 2,691,739	\$ 101,741,783
Notes Receivable		1,455,942	1,287,340	1,558,984	1,922,984	4,227,041	4,147,198	2,015,393		1,236,283	1,204,885	2,673,806
Encumbrances		11,908,389	8,750,823	8,321,719	8,788,237	10,042,480	21,501,270	18,055,741		19,475,849	50,019,226	34,830,199
Unreserved Special												
Revenue		10,323,792	11,301,953	12,263,486	11,761,929	11,359,179	9,831,441	26,366,419		20,909,225	15,523,030	20,280,831
_ Unreserved Capital												
Projects		10,348,516	 6,061,855	 22,031,197	 -	 -	 -	 -		-	 -	 
Subtotal All Other												
Governmental Funds	\$	85,125,898	\$ 76,930,014	\$ 105,981,988	\$ 86,441,781	\$ 131,239,768	\$ 162,328,289	\$ 187,832,672	\$ 1	25,321,718	\$ 69,438,880	\$ 159,526,619
Total Governmental Funds												
Encumbrances	\$	15,115,488	\$ 12,480,577	\$ 11,439,285	\$ 11,174,705	\$ 11,568,422	\$ 23,588,928	\$ 19,901,561	\$	21,821,900	\$ 51,598,394	\$ 36,797,400
Inventories		1,288,791	1,278,362	1,480,168	1,537,404	1,681,593	1,970,689	2,189,185		2,347,911	1,588,472	1,891,281
Capital Projects		51,089,259	49,528,043	61,806,602	63,968,631	105,611,068	126,848,380	141,395,119		83,700,361	2,691,739	101,741,783
Notes Receivable		1,455,942	1,287,340	1,558,984	1,922,984	4,227,041	4,147,198	2,015,393		1,236,283	1,204,885	3,073,806
Unreserved		74,174,949	73,189,295	97,925,608	65,955,785	70,948,254	68,048,277	89,709,459		88,469,991	77,843,431	69,329,340
Total Fund Balance	\$	143,124,429	\$ 137,763,617	\$ 174,210,647	\$ 144,559,509	\$ 194,036,378	\$ 224,603,472	\$ 255,210,717	\$ 1	97,576,446	\$ 134,926,921	\$ 212,833,610

#### CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 2009 Tax Rates for Major Revenue Sources

**TABLE IX** 

Real Estate Tax 90.3¢ per \$100 assessed value

Personal Property Tax \$4.50 per \$100 assessed value (machinery and tools)

\$4.75 per \$100 assessed value (tangible personal property)

\$3.55 per \$100 assessed value (handicap vehicles)

Utility Tax (for residential users) 15% of water service charge

\$1.12 plus \$0.012075 of each kwh (\$2.40 maximum)

\$1.28 plus \$0.124444 of each CCF gas delivered (\$2.40 maximum)

\$1.28 plus \$0.050909 of each CCF gas delivered-group meter consumers) (\$2.40

maximum per dwelling unit)

\$1.28 plus 0.023267 of each CCF gas delivered-group meter interruptible

consumers (\$2.40 maximum per dwelling unit)

Utility Tax (for commercial users) 15% of first \$150 of water service charge

\$0.97 plus \$0.004610 of each kwh delivered-commercial consumer \$0.97 plus \$0.003755 of each kwh delivered-industrial consumer

\$1.42 plus \$0.050213 each CCF gas delivered-commercial/industrial consumer \$4.50 plus \$0.003670 of each CCF gas delivered-non-residential interruptible gas

consumers

**Business and Professional Licenses** 

Alcoholic Beverages \$5 - \$1,500

First year of operation:

Gross receipts less than \$100,000 No tax due

Gross receipts of greater than \$100,000 and

less than \$2,000,000 \$50

Gross receipts of \$2,000,000 or more

Same as renewal for greater than \$100,000 below

Renewal business

Gross receipts of greater than \$10,000 and

less than \$100,000:

Any business \$50

Gross receipts of \$100,000 or more

Amusement and Entertainment \$0.36 per \$100 gross receipts \$0.58 per \$100 gross receipts Professional Renting of Residential Property \$0.50 per \$100 gross receipts Renting of Commercial Property \$0.35 per \$100 gross receipts Financial Services \$0.35 per \$100 gross receipts \$0.35 per \$100 gross receipts Personal, Business and Repair Service Retail Merchants \$0.20 per \$100 gross receipts Restaurants \$0.20 per \$100 gross receipts \$0.16 per \$100 gross receipts Contractors Wholesale Merchants \$0.05 per \$100 total purchases

**Public Utilities** 

Telephone \$0.50 per \$100 gross receipts
Telegraph \$2.00 per \$100 gross receipts

Communication Tax 2.6% of statewide communication tax

Water, heat, electric and gas companies \$0.50 per \$100 gross receipts

Admissions Tax 10% of admissions up to \$0.50 per person

Public Rights-of-Way Use Fee \$0.89 per line per month

Local Sales Tax 1% added to the rate of the state retail tax imposed

Daily Rental Tax 1% on the gross proceeds

Cigarette Tax \$0.70 on each package of twenty cigarettes
Transient Lodging Tax \$0.5% of total amount paid for room rental plus

\$1 per night lodging fee

Restaurant Meal Tax 4% on all food and drink

Recordation Tax \$0.083 per \$100 of sales price – City (State is \$0.25 per \$100)

Grantor Deed Tax \$0.50 per \$500 of sales price

SOURCE: Department of Finance, Revenue Administration

# 12

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### TABLE X

		2000	 2001	 2002	 2003	 2004
	Assessed Value of Real Property, January 1	\$ 13,295,308,000	\$ 14,632,348,200	\$ 16,132,989,000	\$ 19,225,926,000	\$ 21,580,995,000
	Debt Limit: 10 percent	1,329,530,800	1,463,324,820	1,613,298,900	1,922,592,600	2,258,099,500
	Amoutn of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	114,690,000	107,875,000	153,925,000	143,615,000	197,520,000
	Legal Debt Margin	1,214,840,800	1,355,449,820	1,459,373,900	1,778,977,600	\$ 2,060,579,500
	Debt as a Percentage of Assessed Value	0.86%	0.74%	0.95%	0.75%	0.92%
<u>.</u>		2005	 2006	 2007	2008	2009
2	Assessed Value of Real Property, January 1	<b>2005</b> \$ 27,359,649,900	\$ <b>2006</b> 32,906,720,000	\$ <b>2007</b> 34,243,031,000	\$ <b>2008</b> 35,554,958,000	\$ <b>2009</b> 34,379,163,000
200	Assessed Value of Real Property, January 1  Debt Limit: 10 percent		\$	\$	\$	\$
201		\$ 27,359,649,900	\$ 32,906,720,000	\$ 34,243,031,000	\$ 35,554,958,000	\$ 34,379,163,000
107	Debt Limit: 10 percent	\$ 27,359,649,900 2,735,964,990	\$ 32,906,720,000 3,290,672,000	\$ 34,243,031,000 3,424,303,100	\$ 35,554,958,000 3,555,495,800	\$ 34,379,163,000 3,437,916,300

Limitations on the Incurrence of General Obligation Debt:

There is no requirement in the Virginia Constition, the Virginia Statutes, or in the Charter of the City of Alexandria that the issuance of general obligation bonds of the City be subject to approval of the electors of the City at referendum

Under the City Charter the City Council has full authority to authorize and issue general obligation bonds. The authorizing procedure consists of the passage on the first reading of and ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds, followed by a notice of public hearing at a subsequent meeting and the final passage on second reading following the public hearing.

The only constitutional limitation on the issuance of general obligation bonds is contained in Article VII, Section 10 of the Virginia Constitution, which states that: "No city or town shall issue any bonds or other interest-bearing obligations which, including existing indebtedness, shall at any time exceed ten percent of the assessed valuation of real estate in the city or town subject to taxation, as shown by the last preceding assessment for taxes."

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Ratio of Net General Debt <sup>(1)</sup> to Assessed Value and Net Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XI

**Debt Per** 

	Assessed Value (\$000) (2)					Outstandin Percentage o	8			Capita As A Percentage		
Year	Population <sup>(3)</sup>	Real Property	Personal Property	Total	Outstanding Debt	Real Property	Total Property	Personal Income (\$100)	Debt Per Capita	of Per Capita Income <sup>(4)</sup>		
2000	129,147	13,295,308	1,372,621	14,667,929	114,690,000	0.86	0.78	6,211,938	888	1.8		
2001	130,403	14,632,349	1,573,358	16,205,707	107,875,000	0.74	0.67	6,931,579	827	1.6		
2002	129,938	16,132,989	1,426,306	17,559,295	153,925,000	0.95	0.88	7,009,871	1,185	2.2		
2003	135,000	19,225,926	1,459,886	20,685,812	143,615,000	0.75	0.69	7,165,859	1,064	2.0		
2004	134,000	22,580,995	1,309,443	23,890,438	197,520,000	0.87	0.82	7,435,257	1,474	2.7		
2005	135,000	27,359,650	1,359,782	28,719,432	241,890,000	0.88	0.84	7,776,966	1,792	3.1		
2006	138,000	32,906,270	1,409,852	34,316,122	296,540,000	0.90	0.86	8,835,057	2,148	3.4		
2007	139,000	34,243,031	1,411,599	35,654,630	278,525,000	0.81	0.78	9,507,531	2,004	2.9		
2008	140,879	35,554,958	1,426,679	36,981,637	260,350,000	0.73	0.70	10,204,006	1,848	2.6		
2009	144,100	34,379,163	1,354,932	35,734,095	383,950,000	1.12	1.07	10,178,071	2,664	3.7		

<sup>(1)</sup> Net General Debt includes general obligation bonds and term notes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes real and personal property as adjusted for changes to levy.

<sup>(3)</sup> SOURCE: Alexandria Department of Planning and Zoning and the United States Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>(4)</sup> Personal Income and per capita income represents data from the United States Bureau of Economic Analysis, as revised, that is generally two years old. The two most recent years are estimated based on City estimates of per capita trends.

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Overlapping Debt and Debt History June 30, 2009

**TABLE XII** 

The City of Alexandria is autonomous from any county, town, or other political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia. There is no overlapping general obligation debt or taxing powers. The water system and the sewage treatment plant within the City are operated by a private company and an independent authority, respectively, for which the City has no debt obligations.

The City has never defaulted in the payment of any part of either principal or interest on any debt.

# Credit RatingsMoody's Investors ServiceAaaStandard & Poor's CorporationAAA

#### **Paying Agents**

The City's coupon bonds and interest coupons are payable at the Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., New York, New York, or SunTrust Bank in Richmond, Virginia. Registered bonds and interest are payable at the principal corporate trust office of the Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., New York, New York, or Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, which are the Registrars for bonds of the City of Alexandria.

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Net General Debt <sup>(1)</sup> to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XIII

Year	Principal	Interest and Other Costs	Total Debt Service	General Expenditures (2)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2000 \$	6,020,000	\$ 2,846,071	\$ 8,866,071 \$	393,588,056	2.25 %
2001	6,815,000	5,567,314	12,382,314	401,555,221	3.08
2002	8,450,000	7,565,996	16,015,996	452,671,072	3.54
2003	10,310,000	7,173,024	17,483,024	488,044,085	3.59
2004	10,795,000	7,887,768	18,682,768	516,275,303	3.62
2005	13,115,000	9,567,247	22,682,247	545,688,442	4.16
2006	16,350,000	10,502,282	26,852,282	623,774,871	4.30
2007	17,670,000	13,306,096	30,976,096	689,280,260	4.49
2008	18,175,000	12,344,320	30,519,320	688,844,141	4.43
2009	19,100,000	12,800,634	31,900,634	720,924,777	4.42

<sup>(1)</sup> Net General Debt includes general obligation bonds

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes expenditures for School Board and Library component units

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Demographic Statistics June 30, 2009

**TABLE XIV** 

#### **Population**

Calendar Year	<b>Population</b>	<u>Calendar Year</u>	<b>Population</b>
1940		1980	103,217
1950	61,787	1990	111,183
1960	91,023	2000	128,283
1970	110,938	2008	140,024
		2009	144,100

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Census, "General Population Characteristics"

# POPULATION INDICATORS PER CAPITA INCOME\*

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007_
Alexandria	\$44,031	\$45,956	\$48,106	\$52,125	\$52,344	\$53,711	\$58,365	\$61,147	\$65,141	\$70,632
Arlington	\$43,554	\$45,703	\$49,555	\$52,673	\$53,860	\$54,207	\$58,893	\$59,389	\$63,827	\$68,270
Fairfax (includes	\$43,193	\$47,306	\$50,035	\$51,931	\$52,494	\$53,981	\$57,169	\$60,289	\$64,698	\$67,909
Fairfax City and										
Falls Church)										
Washington MSA	\$33,824	\$35,848	\$37,777	\$40,672	\$42,404	\$43,693	\$46,311	\$48,697	\$57,746	\$62,484

<sup>\*</sup>The BEA has revised these numbers.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)

#### CITY OF ALEXANDRIA UNEMPLOYMENT RATE LAST TEN YEARS

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009_
Unemployment Rate	1.9%	2.5%	3.8%	2.9%	3.2%	3.1%	2.6%	2.2%	2.9%	2.8%

SOURCE: Virginia Employment Commission

# Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

# **Private Property**

TABLE XV

				Percentage of
		20	009 Assessed	Total
			Value (In	Assessed
Owner's Name	Property		millions)	Valuation
1. LCOR Alexandria, L.L.C.	Office Buildings	\$	1,077.4	3.13%
2. AIMCO Foxchase L.P.	Foxchase Apartments		293.7	0.85%
3. Washington Real Estate Investment Trust	Portfolio		272.9	0.79%
4. Southern Towers L.L.C.	Southern Towers Apartments		238.1	0.69%
5. Hoffman Buildings LP	Hoffman Office Buildings		230.5	0.67%
6. Lafayette Buildings LLC	Mark Center Office Buildings		225.9	0.66%
7. T C Duke Street L.L.C.	Office Buildings		192.4	0.56%
8. CPYR Inc.	Potomac Yard Retail		176.1	0.51%
9. Canal Center L.P.	Canal Center		173.0	0.50%
10. Tishman Speyer Archstone Smith Newport	Newport Village Apartments		166.8	0.49%

SOURCE: City of Alexandria Real Estate Department

			Percentage of
		2000 Assessed	Total
		Value (In	Assessed
Owner's Name	Property	millions)	Valuation
<ol> <li>Carlyle Development Corporation</li> </ol>	Vacant Land/Office Building	137.3	1.03%
2. AIMCO Foxchase L.P.	Foxchase Apartments	118.0	0.89%
3. Potomac Yard Retail, Inc.	Potomac Yard Retail Center	106.0	0.79%
4. Winkler. Harold, et al	Southern Towers Apartments	105.2	0.79%
5. Landmark Mall, LLC	Landmark Mall	96.7	0.73%
6. SAP II-III/Stellar Housing Partnership	Oakwood Apartments	93.4	0.70%
7. Commonwealth Atlanta Land, Inc.	Vacant Land/Warehouses	79.8	0.60%
8. Hoffman Buildings LP	Office Building	64.0	0.48%
9. Laszlo N. Tauber & Associates L.P.	Office Building	63.7	0.48%
10. Avalon Properties, Inc.	Avalon Apartments	59.5	0.45%

SOURCE: City of Alexandria Real Estate Department

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

TABLE XV (Continued)

# **Public Service Companies**

			]	Percentage of
		2009	Assessed	Total
		$\mathbf{V}_{i}$	alue (In	Assessed
Owner's Name	Property	m	illions)	Valuation
1. Mirant Potomac River, LLC		\$	271.3	30.7%
2. Virginia Electric & Power Company		\$	164.8	18.7%
3. Covanta Alexandria/Arlington, Inc.		\$	87.7	9.9%
4. Norfolk Southern Railway Company		\$	72.6	8.2%
5. Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac	Railway Co	\$	68.9	7.8%
4. Verizon Virginia Inc.		\$	61.7	7.0%
5. Virginia-American Water Co.		\$	48.9	5.5%
6. Potomac Electric Power Company		\$	36.1	4.1%
7. Washington Gas Light Company		\$	32.6	3.7%
8. APC PCS a/ka/ American Personal Co	mmunications Inc.	\$	6.1	0.7%

SOURCE: Virginia State Corporation Commission

#### Percentage

		•••		Percentage of Total	
		_000	2000 Assessed Value (In		
Owner's Name	Property		llions)	Assessed Valuation	
Potomac Electric Power Company	-	\$	234.0	1.76%	
2. Virginia Electric Power Company		\$	117.6	0.89%	
3. Bell Atlantic Virginia, Inc.		\$	90.9	0.68%	
4. Norfolk Southern Railway Company		\$	52.8	0.40%	
5. Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Raily	vay Co	\$	42.3	0.32%	
6. Virginia American Water Company		\$	32.0	0.24%	
7. Washington Gas Light Company		\$	28.2	0.21%	
8. Jones Telecommunications of Virginia, Inc		\$	21.6	0.16%	
9. Washington DC SMSA Limited Partnershi	p	\$	7.0	0.05%	
10 American Telephone & Telegraph Co of		\$	3.1	0.02%	
Virginia, Inc.					

SOURCE: Virginia State Corporation Commission

# Alexandria City School Board Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XVI

		Number			Number in	Number in
		Receiving	Number in	Number	<b>Elementary</b>	<b>Middle</b> (6-8)
		Free or	English as	Receiving	School Gifted	<b>School Gifted</b>
Fiscal	Total	Reduced	Second	Special	and Talented	and Talented
Year	<b>Enrollment</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Meals	Language	Education	Programs	Programs
2000	11,245	5,763	1,395	1,918	773	823
2001	11,345	5,567	1,611	1,927	574	447
2002	11,274	5,593	1,809	1,958	547	461
2003	10,979	5,243	2,090	1,949	644	455
2004	11,104	5,525	2,412	1,999	543	470
2005	10,667	5,449	2,628	1,979	493	453
2006	10,284	5,169	2,379	1,900	436	442
2007	10,057	4,961	2,223	1,802	436	442
2008	10,557	5,012	2,083	1,786	451	435
2009	11,225	5,866	2,909	1,830	333	395

SOURCE: City of Alexandria Public School System

# **General Fund**

# City Departments' Expenditures Detail by Function For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

# TABLE XVII

		General	Judicial	Public	Public Works	Health and	Recreation	Community	Edmontina	Transit	Debt	T-4-1
Evne	nditures:	Government	dministration	Safety	WORKS	Welfare	& Culture	Develop ment	Education	Subsidies	Service	Total
Блрсі	City Council	\$ 510,035	\$ -	\$ -	s -	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	510,035
	City Manager	1,619,040	-	· -	_	<u>-</u>	_	· -	_	<u>-</u>	-	1,619,040
	Office On Women	1,389,743	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,389,743
	Citizens Assistance	348,250	_	368,128	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	716,378
	Office of Management and Budget	1,121,368	_	300,120	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,12 1,3 68
	18th Circuit Court		1,342,075	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,342,075
	18th General District Court	_	99,004	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	99,004
	Juvenile and Domestic Relations Courts.		29,908	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	29,908
	Commonwealth's Attorney	_	2,725,092	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,725,092
	Sheriff	_	6,718,393	19,321,196								26,039,589
	Clerk of Courts		1,599,348	17,321,170								1,599,348
	Other Correctional Activities	-	4,170,075	1,063,119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,233,194
	Court Services	-	1,274,887	1,003,119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,274,887
	Human Rights	620,316	1,2/4,00/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	620,316
	Internal Audit	219,233	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	219,233
	Information Technology Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	-	6,675,286
	Office of Communications	6,675,286	-	-	-	-	-	1 207 040	-	-	-	1,287,949
		407.572	-	-	-	-	-	1,287,949	-	-	-	
	City Clerk and Clerk of Council	407,573	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407,573
	Finance	9,316,826	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,316,826
	Real Estate Assessments	1,573,247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,573,247
	Human Resources	3,219,974	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,219,974
	Planning and Zoning	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,866,560	-	-	-	9,866,560
	City Attorney	3,015,941	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,015,941
	Registrar	1,377,827	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,377,827
	General Services	2,614,289	-	-	9,176,190	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,790,479
	Transportation and Environmental	-			-	-		-				
	Services	-	=	-	25,034,967	-	-	2,171,594	-	-	-	27,206,561
	Transit Subsidies	\	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,595,401	-	4,595,401
	Fire	-	-	39,497,216	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,497,216
	Police	-	-	53,079,793	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,079,793
	Mental Health/Mental Retardation and							_				
	Substance Abuse	-	-	-	_	595,442	_	_	_	_	_	595,442
	Health	-	-	-	_	7,375,109	_	278,759	_	_	_	7,653,868
	Human Services	-	-	-	_	9,751,083	_	-	_	_	-	9,751,083
	Human Services Contributions	-	-	-	_	2,304,073	_	_	_	_	-	2,304,073
	Office of Historic Alexandria	-	-	-	_	-	2,906,634	_	_	_	-	2,906,634
	Recreation and Cultural Activities	-	-	-	_	_	20,203,235	_	_	_	-	20,203,235
	Other Educational Activities	-	-	-	_	_	-,,	_	12,004	_	-	12,004
	Miscellaneous	12,108,148	-	567,416	544,492	697,956	_	235,306	-	_	31,900,635	46,053,953
	Total Expenditures	46.137.096	\$ 17,958,782		\$ 34,755,649	\$ 20,723,663	\$ 23.109.869	\$ 13.840.168	\$ 12.004	\$ 4,595,401	\$ 31,900,635 \$	306,930,135

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA Government Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XVIII

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
General Government	288	290	300	303	305	304	300	300	297	273
Judicial Administration	106	109	118	119	117	120	121	120	120	120
Public Safety	861	868	887	900	910	926	929	933	936	937
Public Works	221	225	224	227	229	231	232	225	228	231
Library	49	53	52	52	54	55	55	55	55	56
Health and Welfare	479	491	492	497	511	502	509	514	515	511
Culture and Recreation	139	143	145	145	150	155	154	157	158	155
Community Development	58	64	66	67	57	57	57	55	55	59
Education	2,010	2,091	2,098	2,079	2,082	2,120	2,125	2,119	2,058	2,015
TOTAL	4,211	4,334	4,382	4,389	4,415	4,470	4,482	4,478	4,422	4,357

# Principal Employers Current Year (as of July 1, 2009 and Nine Years Ago)

TABLE XIX

		Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Current Year	<b>Employees</b>	Employment	Nine Years Ago	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>
LARGEST PUBLIC EMPLOYERS			LARGEST PUBLIC EMPLOYERS		
U.S. Patent Trademark Offices	9,000	8.88%	U.S. Department of Defense	7,545	8.7%
U.S. Department of Defense	7,500	7.4%	City of Alexandria	2,132	2.4%
City of Alexandria	2,500	2.5%	Alexandria Public Schools	1,837	2.1%
Alexandria Public Schools	1,900	1.9%	WMATA (Metro)	1,369	1.6%
WMATA	1,400	1.4%	U.S. Postal Services	794	1.1%
Northern Virginia Community College	800	0.8%	U.S. Department of Agrculture	605	0.1%
U.S. Postal Service	400	0.4%	Northern Virginia Community Colleg	534	0.6%
Total	23,500	23.2%	Total	14,816	16.6%
LARGEST PRIVATE EMPLOYERS			LA RGEST PRIVATE EMPLOYERS		
INOVA Alexandria Hospital	1,800	1.8%	Alexandria Hospital	1,589	1.8%
American Building Maintenane Co	1,000	1.0%	Institute for Defense Analysis	792	0.9%
Institute of Defense Analysis	900	0.9%	Boat Owners Assoc. of the U.S.	550	0.6%
Center for Naval Analysis	700	0.7%	Pentagon Federal Credit Union	538	0.6%
Gali Services Corporation	750	0.7%	C		
Grant Thornton LLP	750	0.7%			
United Postal Services (UPS)	750	0.7%			
Oblon Spivak McClelland	750	0.7%	Total	3,469	3.9%
Total	7,400	7.2%			

SOURCE: City of Alexandria Approved Budget

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XX

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Judicial Administration										
Civil and criminal cases processed by										
Clerk of Courts	4,747	5,342	49,998	4,785	5,346	5,780	5,255	5,657	5,730	5,700
Real estate documents processed	25,011	32,754	43,105	43,805	50,522	43,900	44,844	31,009	29,396	29,000
Public Safety										
Fire calls requiring emergency response	5,669	5,930	5,939	5,586	6,256	5,666	6,001	5,956	5,990	6,050
Police calls for emergency service	3,000	2,504	3,192	2,401	2,379	2,148	2,100	2,458	2,500	2,500
EMS incidents responded to	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11,583
Public Works										
Sq y ds of concrete sidewalks replaced	*	8,831	7,515	10,575	7,846	7,448	7,012	10,099	8,000	8,000
Cubic yards of leaves collected	28,644	29,500	26,750	26,750	21,075	22,650	31,000	33,600	33,000	33,000
T.11	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	ŕ	,	,
Library Circulation	668,046	874,815	987,450	1,044,868	1,032,147	972,494	1,002,881	1,145,490	1,234,726	1,302,633
Patron visits	619,327	668,457	755,281	833,835	893,427	813,704	823,496	**	**	**
Number of reference questions answered	*	*	*	*	*	*	376,532	591,864	592,345	592,855
Health and Welfare							,	ŕ	,	,
Adolescent patient visits	3,535	3,366	3,380	3,049	3,211	2,961	3,005	**	**	**
Average monthly food stamp cases	1,387	1,022	1,100	1,206	1,530	1,658	1,637	1,675	1,675	3,294
Number of home based services	*	*	*	*	*	*	7,117	7,025	6,800	**
Adult clients served	*	*	*	*	*	*	3,631	3,631	3,230	3,230
Transit							,	ŕ	,	,
Annual Ridership	2,521,925	2,640,420	2,739,719	2,986,631	3,131,284	3,323,021	3,556,486	3,743,499	3,800,000	4,006,825
Operating cost per mile	\$ 3.97	\$ 4.30	\$ 4.51	\$ 4.80	\$ 5.13	\$ 5.72	**	**	**	**
Miles of service	*	*	*	*	*	*	1,396,590	1,462,464	1,505,000	1,534,900
Culture and Recreation							, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Number of staff directed programs at										
City Recreation Centers and Play grounds	*	15,900	17,365	20,437	19,128	19,154	20,500	**	**	**
Average cost per park facility maintained		*	*	*	*	*	*	\$ 25,246	\$ 23,018	\$ 24,512
Community Development									,	,
Average Home rehabilitation loan	\$ 27,068	\$ 45,452	\$ 54,272	\$ 68,529	\$ 59,757	\$ 73,036	74,693	**	**	**
Average Home rehabilitation loan cost	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	\$ 68,479	\$ 69,484	\$ 32,379
Education										
Cost per pupil	*	*	\$ 10,862	\$ 11,914	\$ 12,918	\$ 13,670	\$ 15,871	\$ 18,232	\$ 19,341	\$ 19,078
Enrollment	11,017	11,167	11,104	10,979	10,752	10,677	10,284	10,332	10,557	11,225
	,,	,	,	,- / /	,	,-//	,	,	,	,

<sup>\* -</sup> New indicator - Additional information will be provided as it becomes available. In FY 2007, the City reviewed and changed many operating indicators.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Indicator no longer maintained

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA Capital Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XX (cont)

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Ju	dicial Administration										
	Number of beds at Sheltercare	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	**	**	**
	Number of foster care homes	*	*	*	*	*	*	125	123	135	91
Pu	blic Safety										
	Rescue apparatus	*	*	*	*	98	98	108	**	**	**
	Fire vehicles	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	132	136	130
Pu	blic Works										
	Paved streets	506	508	511	513	514	514	514	514	521	514
	Sidewalks	319	320	320	321	321	321	321	321	321	321
Lil	prary										
	Full service branches and central library	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Не	alth and Welfare										
_	Preventative health care sites	*	*	*	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
S Tr	ansit										
	DASH transit buses	42	49	49	49	49	57	57	57	57	62
Cu	lture and Recreation										
	Play grounds	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	46	46
	Athletic fields available for games	*	*	*	*	*	*	48	48	50	50
	Acreage of park and open space	944	944	964	964	964	949	964	964	964	964
	Total number of faciliteis mainiatained	*	*	*	*	*	*	217	217	206	235
Co	mmunity Development										
	Public housing and public housing replacement units	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150
Ed	ucation										
	Public schools	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17

<sup>\* -</sup> New indicator - Additional information will be provided as it becomes available. In FY 2007, the City reviewed and changed many operating indicators.

SOURCE: City of Alexandria Approved Budget

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Indicator no longer maintained

# **Miscellaneous Statistical Data** As of June 30, 2009

**TABLE XXI** 

Date of Incorporation	1779	Population	
Date of City Charter	1922	2009 Resident Population	144,100
Form of Government	Council-Manager	Number of Households – 2008 Estimate	71,722
Number of Full-Time City Positions	_	Household Size (2000 U.S. Census)2.04 Pe	ersons Per Unit
(Other than Schools)		2008 Population by Race (2008 U.S. Census Burea	u Estimate):
Number of Full-Time Equivalent School Position	ons2,015	White	58.2%
		Black	20.7%
Land Area		Native American	0.2%
15.75 Square Miles		Asian and Pacific Islanders	5.9%
		Multi-Racial	1.5%
Elevation		Hispanic (All Races)	13.5%
30 Feet Above Sea Level			
Location		2008 Population by Age (2008 U.S. Census Bureau	Estimate):
38.8210 N		(1-17)	20.8%
77.0861 W		(18-24)	5.8%
		(25-64)	62.3%
Climate		(65 +)	11.1%
Average January Temperature 34.9°			
Average July Temperature 79.2°		Registered Voters	
		June 2009	98,547
Transportation		Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	
Major Highways:		(Cases) - Monthly Average, 2009	476
Capital Beltway (I-95)		Food Stamps (Cases) - Monthly Average, 2009	3,294
I-395 (Shirley Highway)		Medicaid (Cases) - Monthly Average, 2009	6,995
U.S. Route 1			
George Washington Memorial Parkway		Economy	
Rail:		Employed Residents, June 2009	89,047
The City is served by the north-south routes of	of Amtrak The Virginia Railway	Unemployed Residents, June 2009	4,585
Express provides commuter service between		Unemployed Rate, June 2009	2.8%
Fredericksburg, and Manassas, Virginia. Fr		Washington PMSA Inflation Rate, based	
Contail CSV Transportation and Norfalls Sout		on Consumer Price Index, for FY 2009	0.9%

Conrail, CSX Transportation, and Norfolk Southern Company.

Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) provides light transit to the Washington Metro area. Four of the systems stations are located in Alexandria.

#### Air:

Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport is only minutes away from any location within the City.

Dulles International Airport provides international and longer domestic travel.

#### Ground:

The City is served by local bus service provided by the Alexandria Transit Company.

The City is served by the local and express buses of the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (METRO) and the Fairfax Connector.

Individualized service is available through privately owned taxicab fleets.

#### Port Facilities:

The port of Alexandria has two docks for ocean-going freighters and two major public docks. The 24-foot deep Potomac River channel runs the length of the Alexandria waterfront.

# **Miscellaneous Statistical Data**

# As of June 30, 2009

TABLE XXI

				IABLE
				(Continu
			Medical Facilities	Beds
Housing	2009	2008	Hospital:	Deus
	2002		INOVA Alexandria Hospital	318
Total Housing Units	74,774	74,333	Nursing Homes:	
Type of Single-Family Housing		, in the second	Goodwin House	80
Detached	9,115	9,122	Hermitage Retirement Community	
Semi-Detached	5,601	5,465	Woodbine Rehabilitation & Healthcare Center	307
Rowhouse	6,207	6,342	Washington House	
Condo Townhouse		943	Integrated Health Services of Northern Virginia	111
Total Single-Family		21,870	integrated fredth gervices of restricting in virginia	
Condominium Units	18,247	18,274	Libraries	Number
Rental Apartments		31,066	Central Library	1
Public Housing and Public Housing	,	,	Full service branches	3
Replacement Units	1,150	1,150	(Books and other materials for home use as well as ele	ctronic and print
Average Assessed Value of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	reference service)	•
Single Family Homes	\$637,154	\$656,984	Local History – Special Collections I	1
Average Assessed Value of		· · · · · · · ·	Talking book service.	1
Condominiums	\$301.718	\$326,026		
Average Market Rents		4,	Education	
Efficiency	\$1.012	\$966	Public Schools:	Number
1 Bedroom Apartment	\$1.284	\$1,249	Elementary	
2 Bedroom Apartment	\$1,700	\$1,604	Middle	
3 Bedroom Apartment	\$1.844	\$1,738	Ninth Grade Center	
2 2 di com i i pui inicit		Ψ1,130	High School	
Communica	ations		Secondary Training Educational Program	1
Television:	ations		Parochial and Private Schools	11
All major networks plus cable				
Local Newspapers:			Higher Education:	
Alexandria Gazette Packet (weekly)			Located within the City are the Alexandria campus of	Northern Virginia-
Alexandra Gazette Lacket (weekly)			Community College, Regent University, and the Episc	
Regional Newspapers:				
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post			Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason,	George Washington
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times			Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer	George Washington
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner			Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason,	George Washington
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio:			Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions	George Washington sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner	metropolitan a	rea	Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in	-		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in Miles of Streets, Sidev	-		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions Hotels and Motels	George Washingto sities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets:	walks and Alle	eys	Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	walks and Alle	eys514	Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions Commercial Banks Credit Unions  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel. Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn. Bragg Towers	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks Credit Unions  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel. Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn. Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks. Credit Unions.  Hotels and Motels  Alexandria Towne Motel. Alexandria Travelodge. Best Western Old Colony Inn. Bragg Towers. Alexandria Comfort Inn Courtyard by Marriott. Alexandria Days Inn. Embassy Suites.	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles	walks and Alle		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas	es		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas Water  Virg	es		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas Water Virg Sewer	es  Dominic  Jinia - America  Alexandria Sa		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water  Washington Post Washington	es  Dominic  Jinia - America  Alexandria Sa		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water Gas. Water Cable	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water Water Cable  Public Recr	es Dominical Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas Water Gas Water Cable  Public Recr Acreage	es Dominical Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks Credit Unions  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel. Alexandria Travelodge Best Western Old Colony Inn. Bragg Towers Alexandria Comfort Inn Courtyard by Marriott Alexandria Days Inn. Embassy Suites Extended Stay America Hampton Inn. Hawthorn Suites Hotel Hilton Alexandria Mark Center Hilton Alexandria Old Town Holiday Inn Eisenhower Hotel Monaco	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas Water Sewer Cable  Public Recr Acreage Facilities:	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks Credit Unions  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas Water Sewer Cable  Public Recr Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks Credit Unions  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas Water Sewer Cable  Public Recr Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks. Credit Unions.  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water Cable  Public Recr Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks. Credit Unions.  Hotels and Motels Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virg Sewer Cable  Public Recr Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor)	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks. Credit Unions.  Hotels and Motels  Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water Cable  Public Recr Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools. Gymnasiums. Basketball Courts (outdoor). Tennis Courts	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks. Credit Unions.  Hotels and Motels  Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water Virg Sewer Cable  Public Recr Acreage Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor)	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks. Credit Unions.  Hotels and Motels  Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
Regional Newspapers: Washington Post Washington Times Washington Examiner Radio: 50 major and minor radio stations in  Miles of Streets, Sidev Streets: Paved - Lane Miles Unpaved Sidewalks Alleys, Paved  Utilitie Telephone Electric Gas. Water Cable  Public Recr Acreage. Facilities: Playground Areas Swimming Pools. Gymnasiums Basketball Courts (outdoor). Tennis Courts	es Dominicinia - America Alexandria Sa Comcas		Seminary. Nearby institutions include George Mason, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard Univer Financial Institutions  Commercial Banks. Credit Unions.  Hotels and Motels  Alexandria Towne Motel	George Washingto sities.
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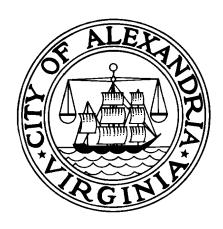
# Five-Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures

Table XXII

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Revenues:					
General Property Taxes	\$ 265,286,800	\$ 290,055,692	\$ 310,821,622	\$ 324,113,019	\$ 333,482,063
Other Local Taxes	101,468,560	109,495,556	110,979,367	112,263,941	112,271,370
Permits, Fees, and Licenses	4,439,701	5,372,138	5,944,363	4,764,924	4,827,422
Fines and Forfeitures	4,035,693	3,536,342	3,628,938	3,903,807	4,116,453
Use of Money and Property	5,790,327	8,190,426	9,712,862	9,044,947	4,433,015
Charges for Services	10,352,947	10,837,058	10,286,955	11,302,195	12,404,166
Intergovernmental Revenues	47,054,318	50,232,988	53,608,403	54,447,311	53,095,127
Miscellaneous	521,372	842,030	590,351	618,907	1,065,130
Total Revenues	\$ 438,949,718	\$ 478,562,230	\$ 505,572,861	\$ 520,459,051	\$ 525,694,746
Other Financing Sources:					
Operating Transfers In	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,063,895	\$ 1,311,109	\$ 2,223,910
Refunding Bonds	32,465,000	-	22,815,000	-	-
Premium	1,222,931	-	1,448,072	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 33,687,931	\$ -	\$ 25,326,967	\$ 1,311,109	\$ 2,223,910
Total Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources	472,637,649	478,562,230	530,899,828	521,770,160	527,918,656
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	\$ 37,233,747	\$ 39,252,972	\$ 44,983,189	\$ 42,536,812	\$ 46,137,096
Judicial Administration	13,060,768	13,904,977	16,024,123	17,028,954	17,958,782
Public Safety	90,347,799	97,853,993	105,381,228	108,941,895	113,896,868
Public Works	29,920,883	30,378,866	33,072,866	34,206,948	34,755,649
Health and Welfare	18,164,634	19,350,745	20,889,031	21,058,544	20,723,663
Culture and Recreation	19,507,018	21,260,550	22,855,258	23,822,427	23,109,869
Community Development	8,538,375	8,758,008	9,219,603	13,009,454	13,840,168
Education	13,299	12,990	12,548	12,399	12,004
Transit	4,761,857	6,110,373	6,755,289	6,644,738	4,595,401
Debt Services:					
Principal Retired	13,220,854	16,461,681	17,729,329	18,175,000	19,100,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,583,716	10,502,282	13,307,530	12,344,320	12,800,635
Total Expenditures	\$ 244,352,950	\$ 263,847,437	\$ 290,229,994	\$ 297,781,491	\$ 306,930,135
Other Financing Uses:					
Payment to Refunded Bonds					
Escrow Agent	\$ 33,385,875	\$ -	\$ 24,104,018	\$ -	\$ -
Operating Transfers Out	53,883,761	58,296,860	47,816,337	55,343,575	50,769,720
Transers Out- Component Units	141,825,586	151,533,567	164,032,522	174,651,343	182,702,659
Total Other Financing Uses	\$ 229,095,222	\$ 209,830,427	\$ 235,952,877	\$ 229,994,918	\$ 233,472,379
Total Expenditures and Other					
Financing Uses	\$ 473,448,172	\$ 473,677,864	\$ 526,182,871	\$ 527,776,409	\$ 540,402,514
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over/(Under) Expendiures and Other					
Financing Uses	\$ (810,523)	\$ 4,884,366	\$ 4,716,957	\$ (6,006,249)	\$ (12,483,858)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	62,796,610	62,275,183	67,378,045	72,253,728	65,488,041
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventor		218,496	158,726	(759,438)	302,808
FUND BALANCES					
AT END OF YEAR	\$ 62,275,183	\$ 67,378,045	\$ 72,253,728	\$ 65,488,041	\$ 53,306,991

# Summary of Total General Obligation Bonds Debt Service As of June 30, 2009

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	19,465,000	15,123,464	34,588,464
2011	21,065,000	15,955,556	37,020,556
2012	22,725,000	15,024,768	37,749,768
2013	24,285,000	14,011,650	38,296,650
2014	25,195,000	12,973,544	38,168,544
2015	25,130,000	12,026,143	37,156,143
2016	25,085,000	11,020,463	36,105,463
2017	25,050,000	9,919,738	34,969,738
2018	24,995,000	8,828,426	33,823,426
2019	24,960,000	7,734,176	32,694,176
2020	22,925,000	6,652,706	29,577,706
2021	19,985,000	5,643,056	25,628,056
2022	17,155,000	4,733,356	21,888,356
2023	17,155,000	3,948,956	21,103,956
2024	13,855,000	3,154,719	17,009,719
2025	13,855,000	2,508,294	16,363,294
2026	11,815,000	1,894,906	13,709,906
2027	8,150,000	1,315,400	9,465,400
2028	8,150,000	902,475	9,052,475
2029	8,150,000	484,013	8,634,013
2030	4,800,000	136,800	4,936,800
Total	\$383,950,000	\$153,992,609	\$537,942,609



# SINGLE AUDIT



KPMG LLP 2001 M Street, NW Washington, DC 20036

# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alexandria, Virginia:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns (the Specifications), issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Page 2 of 2

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Also, the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia requires us to test the City's compliance with certain matters specified in the Code of Virginia, including budget and appropriation laws; cash and investments; conflict of interest; debt provisions, procurement; local retirement systems; unclaimed property; the Personal Property Tax Relief Act, intragovernmental revenue and agreements; state agency requirements of education; Comprehensive Services Act funds; and social services. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards or the Specifications.



November 2, 2009



KPMG LLP 2001 M Street, NW Washington, DC 20036

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alexandria, Virginia:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Alexandria, Virginia (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement (Compliance Supplement) that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to in the first paragraph above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.



Page 2 of 2

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the entity's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2009. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City's management, City Council, the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



November 2, 2009

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Federal Catalog		
Federal Grantor/Recipient State Agency/Program Title	Number	Grant Year	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (301 535-06):	40.555		***
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$	
Commodity Food Distribution	10.555		155,513
State Administrative Matching for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance program	10.561		1,731,387
Department of Education (197 457-07)			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		713,067
School Lunch Program	10.555		2,464,676
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		105,941
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	<del>-</del>	113,727
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		\$	5,536,409
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Direct Payments:			
Administration for Children, Youth and Families			
Special Programs for the Aging Title VII, Chapter 3	93.041	\$	1,700
Head Start	93.600	•	1,680,881
Total Direct Payments		\$	
Pass Through Payments:		<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Department of Health:			
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	\$	100,926
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention_ Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283		2,711
Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation			
Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services	93.958		541,430
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness	93.150		93,660
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services	93.243		10,606
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		1,239,381
Block Grant for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959		1,200,040
Public Health & Soc Serv Emergency Fund	93.003		800
Drug Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276		42,306
Department for the Aging:	02.044		100.503
Special Programs for the Aging_Title III Part B Supportive Svces and Senior Programs	93.044		189,593
Special Programs for the Aging Title III Part D_Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	93.043		1,955
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIC - Nutritional Services (163-457-03)	93.045		187,431
Department of Social Services:	93.556		74,082
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (765-460-03)	93.558		1,402,499
Social Services Block Grant (765-490-04)	93.667		1,192,505
Child Welfare Services State Grant	93.645		9,870
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State Administered Programs	93.566		192,442
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568		48,922
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Childcare and Development Fund	93.596		1,981,648
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (765-453-01)	93.599		11,309
Foster Care Title IV - E (765-460-03)	93.658		2,253,830
Adoption Assistance (765-453-03)	93.659		842,846
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		45,787
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		111,803
Medical Assistance Program (765-460-03)	93.778		1,220,898
Sub total		\$	12,999,280
ARRA-Foster Care Title IV - E (765-460-03)	93.658		148,652
ARRA_Adoption Assistance (765-453-03)	93.659		89,932
ARRA - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.713		26,562
Total ARRA funds		_	265,146
Total Pass Through Payments		\$	13,264,426
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		\$	14,947,007
		<u> </u>	- 1,2 17,007

146 Continued

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2009

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Direct Payments:			
Community Development Block Grant Program, Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$	1,727,849
Total Direct Payments		\$	1,727,849
Pass Through Payments:	44005		00.450
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	\$	98,150
Emergency Shelter Grants Program Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.231 14.239		43,699 882,850
Total Pass Through Payments	14.239	\$	1,024,699
· ·			<u> </u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT		\$	2,752,548
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
Direct Payments:			
Assistance to Firefighters Grants	97.044	2009 \$	80,000
Total Direct Payments			80,000
Pass Through Payments (127-722-09):	97.008	2005 \$	316,533
Urban Areas Security Initative State Homeland Security Program	97.008 97.073	2009	104,286
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	2006	682,424
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program (LETPP)	97.074	2009	3,491
Community Emergency Response Teams	97.054	2009	14,029
Rail and Transit Security Grant Program	97.075	2009	106,680
Total Pass Through Payments		\$	1,227,443
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY		\$	1,307,443
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Direct Payments:			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	\$	89,043
Total Direct Payments		\$	89,043
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Criminal Justice Services (140-390-01)			
Asset Forfeiture Report	16.000	\$	199,221
State Criminal Alien Assistance	16.606		197,909
Juvenile Accountability Block Grant	16.523		15,813
Gang-Free Schools and Communities_Community Based Gang Intervention	16.544		31,993
Crime Witness Assistance	16.575		138,758
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant	16.579		9,610
Violence Against Women Formula Grants Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies and Enforcement of Protection Orders	16.588 16.590		40,881 30,155
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		57,212
Total Pass Through Payments		\$	721,552
		_	
ARRA- State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF)- Government Services, Recovery Act	84.397	\$	1,189,051
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		\$	1,999,646
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
Pass Through Payments:			
WIA Pilots, Demonstrations, and Research Projects	17.261	\$	18,215
Adult Program	17.251	3	89,148
Youth Activities	17.259		46,185
Dislocated Workers	17.260		211,722
Distocated workers	17.200		211,/22
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR		\$	365,270

147 Continued

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2009

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Transportation (501-605-07):			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$	180,914
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		21,738
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		\$	202,652
U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION			
Direct Payments:			
Employment Discrimination_State and Local Fair Employment Practices Agency Contracts	30.002	\$	23,949
TOTAL U.S EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION		\$	23,949
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (197 171-01)	84.010	\$	3,229,052
Special Education Grants to States (197-171-02)	84.027		2,294,193
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048		242,288
Special Education Preschool Grants (197-171-02)	84.173		98,834
Special Education Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities (720-445-07)	84.181		113,241
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186		60,236
Hurricane Education Recovery (197-171-02)	84.938		12,841
Innovative Education Program Strategies (197-171-01)	84.298		8,597
Education Technology State Grants (197-175-18)	84.318		21,817
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365		321,389
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (201-199-28)	84.367		533,761
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		\$	6,936,249
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for			
Establishment, Expansion, Realignment, or Closure of a Military Installation	12.607	\$	155,403
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			155,403
OTHER FEDERAL AID			
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Assessment/Evaluation	99.997		10,860
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area	98.473	\$	185,317
	20.173	Ψ	
TOTAL OTHER FEDERAL		\$	196,177
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		\$	34,422,753

### CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2009

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes all federal grant activity of the City of Alexandria, Virginia and its component units during FY 2009. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the City's Basic Financial Statements. Federal awards are received directly, as well as passed through other governmental agencies.

This schedule has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

# RECONCILIATION OF NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

The City receives and expends federal revenues that are non-grant related and therefore not reportable under the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. A reconciliation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Note 12 in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Intergovernmental Revenues, is provided below.

Total Federal Expenditures per Schedule	\$ 34,422,753
Non-Reportable Federal Revenue	7,633,602
Commodities Distribution	 (155,513)
Total Federal Revenue per Note 12	\$ 41,900,842

#### FEDERAL COGNIZANT AGENCY

The Federal Cognizant Agency for the City of Alexandria, Virginia is the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

#### **SUBGRANTEES**

The City provided the following amounts to subrecipients during FY 2009:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Establishment, Expansion, Realignment, or Closure of a Military Installation	12.607	\$ 155,403
Headstart	93.600	1,680,881

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **Summary of Auditors' Results:**

Financial Statements

The type of report issued on the financial statements: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting

- Material weaknesses identified: None
- Significant Deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted: None

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

- Material weaknesses identified: None
- Significant Deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: No

#### Major programs:

- Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (CFDA 93.667)
- Foster Care/Title IV-E (CFDA 93.658)
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (CFDA 93.558)
- Child Care Block Grant (CFDA 93.575, CFDA 93.596, and CFDA 93.713)
- Adoption Assistance (CFDA 93.659)
- State Stabilization Fund (CFDA 84.397)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$1,032,683

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under section 530 of OMB Circular A-133: Yes

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Findings relating to the Financial Statement	Reported in	Accordance	with (	Government .	Auditing :	Standards:
None						

Findings and Questioned Costs relating to Federal Awards:

None

# CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

No findings reported in the prior year.



City of Alexandria, Virginia Finance Department P.O. Box 178 Alexandria, Virginia 22313 alexandriava.gov/finance