



Washington 25, D. C.
October 6, 1951

FELFORD TAYLOR
Born February 24, 1908,
Schenectady, New York

D. J. [Signature]

According to "Who's Who in America" Felford Taylor was born on February 24, 1908, at Schenectady, New York. His latest residence was reported as 1015 5th Avenue, New York City. Since his graduation from Harvard Law School in 1932, Taylor has had the following employ-

ment: Judge Augustus Hand, New York (as clerk); Solicitor's Office, Department of Interior (as Cultural Adjustment Administration); Senate International Relations Committee under Max Baucus (Associate Counsel); Claims Division, Department of Justice (Special Counsel to the Attorney General); Federal Communications Commission (General Counsel). He rose to the position of Brigadier General in the United States Army and in 1946, succeeded Justice Robert H. Jackson as Chief Counselor of the War Relocation Authority. In 1949 Taylor was connected with the law firm of Paul, Weiss, Warren, and Garrison at 61 Broadway, New York City. "Facts on File" dated October 28, 1951, reflects that Taylor was appointed Administrator of the Small Defense Plants Administration in Washington, D. C., on September 24, 1951.

It has been reliably reported that Felford Taylor's name appeared on the address list of the American Peace Mobilization. During the course of an investigation conducted by this Bureau in 1950 Taylor was interviewed. At this time he denied any connection with the organization but pointed out that he was a member of the National Lawyers Guild.

The American Peace Mobilization has been cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 10450.

The National Lawyers Guild was cited as a Communist front by the House Committee on Un-American Activities in its report dated March 29, 1954.

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It was reliably reported in January, 1949, that Felford Taylor, Chief Prosecutor, Eurenberg, requested Colonel Green in the War Crimes Office, War Department, to tell Richard Saucy into going to Eurenberg... Richard Saucy until July, 1950, was employed by the Federated Press in Washington, D. C. The Federated Press has been cited by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities as a Communist controlled organization financed by the American Fund for Public Service and the Robert Marshall Foundation, both principal sources of funds for Communist propaganda.

The Washington "Times Herald" of February 27, 1949, carried an article concerning Representative Sanders... Sanders is known for an investigation of the Communist activities in the American Occupation Zone in Germany as an aftermath of the Eurenberg trial... Sanders charged that the "Stars and Stripes" Army newspaper was patently pro-Soviet, pro-Communist, and propagating false material while at the same time was neglecting to disclose members of General Taylor's staff. The article reflects that great concern had been expressed over General Taylor's choice of Judge Charles F. Remondino, the presiding judge who criticized the trials when he left Germany.

It was reliably reported in September, 1949, that an attempt had been made to obtain the services of Felford Taylor in connection with the defense of Harry Bridges. However, Taylor declined due to another commitment which would occupy him for the rest of the year.

It was reliably reported in September, 1949, that Felford Taylor had been suggested as defense counsel for the "Hollywood Ten" and that Taylor had agreed with "them" to accept the fact that they went too far in the belief in stating that the Congressional Committee "couldn't do that far in getting questions." The "Hollywood Ten" had been utilized by the press and public in referring to ten motion picture personalities who were subpoenaed by the House Committee on Un-American Activities in Washington, D. C., in the fall of 1947. As a result of these hearings the ten individuals were cited and subsequently convicted of contempt and served prison sentences. All were or had been members of the Communist Party.

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According to the "State Department Loyalty Investigation," a publication of the Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee on Internal Security (McCarran Committee), Freda Wiley, former Communist, author, and journalist, testified on May 1, 1950, that she thought General Telford Taylor had Communist sympathies.

The July 29, 1951, issue of the "New York Times" reported that Telford Taylor, former Chief Prosecutor in the Nuremberg War Crimes Trials, was representing the United Nations Staff Association in connection with the hearing before the Administrative Tribunal of the United Nations with reference to the discharge of six employees, including Mrs. Mary Jane Keeney. The United Nations Staff Association acts as a labor union of the United Nations employees in New York. Mrs. Keeney was accused in a July, 1949, report of the House Un-American Activities Committee of having served as a Communist courier, a charge which she denied under oath.

This Bureau received information reflecting that in January, 1953, Harry Bridges was in New York for conferences with his attorney, Telford Taylor.

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By SW NARA Date 2/8/05



Washington 25, D.C.
October 8, 1955

TALFORD TAYLOR
Born February 24, 1908
Schenectady, New York

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According to "Who's Who in America" Talford Taylor was born on February 24, 1908, in Schenectady, New York. His latest residence was reported as 515 5th Avenue, New York City. Since his graduation from Harvard Law School in 1932, Taylor has had the following employment:

Judge Augustus Hand, New York (Clerk); Solicitor's Office, Department of Interior (Cultural Adjustment Administration); Senate International Commerce Committee under Sen. Lomenzo (Associate Counsel); Claims Division, Department of Justice (Special Assistant to the Attorney General); Federal Communications Commission (General Counsel). He rose to the position of Brigadier General in the United States Army and in 1946, succeeded Justice Robert H. Jackson as Chief Counsel for the War Relocation Authority. In 1949 he was connected with the Union Fire of Paul, Texas, Yarnall, Texas and 01 Broadway, New York City. "Facts on Taylor" dated October 6, 1951, reflects that Taylor was appointed Administrator of the Small Defense Plant Administration in Washington, D.C., on September 28, 1951.

It has been reliably reported that Talford Taylor's name appeared on the roster of the American Peace Mobilization. During an investigation conducted by this Bureau in 1951, Taylor was ruled to be an active member of the American Peace Mobilization. He is also a member of the National Lawyers Guild.

The American Peace Mobilization is cited in Attorney General's Order No. 10450.

The National Lawyers Guild, as cited in the Committee report dated March 29, 1951.

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According to the "State Department Loyalty Investigation," a publication of the Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee on Internal Security (McCarran Committee), Freda Utley, former Communist, author, and journalist, testified on May 1, 1950, that she thought General Telford Taylor had Communist sympathies.

The July 29, 1951, issue of the "New York Times" reported that Telford Taylor, former Chief Prosecutor in the Nuremberg War Crimes Trials, was representing the United Nations Staff Association in connection with the hearing before the Administrative Tribunal of the United Nations with reference to the discharge of six employees, including Mrs. Mary Jane Keeney. The United Nations Staff Association acts as a labor union of the United Nations employees in New York. Mrs. Keeney was accused in a July, 1949, report of the Senate Un-American Activities Committee of having served as a Communist courier, a charge which she denied under oath.

This Bureau received information reflecting that in January, 1955, Harry Bridges was in New York for conference with Miss Keeney, Telford Taylor.

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