

# Greece

Official name: Ellinikí Dhimokratía (Hellenic Republic). Form of government: unitary multiparty

republic with one legislative house (Hellenic Parliament [300]). Head of state: President.

Head of government: Prime Minister. Capital: Athens.

Official language: Greek.

Official religion: 1

Monetary unit: euro (€); valuation (Sept. 2, 2013) 1 U.S.\$ = €0.76; 1 £ = €1.18.

Area and population								
	area	population		area	population			
Regions <sup>2</sup>	sq km	2008 estimate	Regions <sup>2</sup>	sq km	2008 estimate			
Insular			Epirus	9,203	351,786			
Aegean Islands	9,122	506,483	Greater Athens	3,808	4,061,326			
Crete	8,336	606,274	Macedonia	34,178	2,469,322			
Ionian Islands	2,307	228,572	Peloponnese	21,379	1,114,636			
Mainland			Thessaly	14,037	736,079			
Central Greece			Thrace	8,578	366,541			
and Euboea	21,010	772,766	TOTAL	131,957 <sup>3</sup>	11,213,785			

## Demography

Population (2013): 10,893,000.

Density (2013): persons per sq mi 213.8, persons per sq km 82.6. Urban-rural (2010): urban 61.2%; rural 38.8%. Sex distribution (2009): male 49.52%; female 50.48%.

Sex distribution (2009): male 49.52%; temale 50.48%. Age breakdown (2010): under 15, 14.3%; 15–29, 17.5%; 30–44, 23.2%; 45–59, 20.2%; 60–74, 15.6%; 75–84, 7.5%; 85 and over, 1.7%. Population projection: (2020) 11,042,000; (2030) 11,091,270. Ethnic composition (2000)4: Greek 90.4%; Macedonian 1.8%; Albanian 1.5%; Turkish 1.4%; Pomak 0.9%; Rom (Gypsy) 0.9%; other 3.1%. Religious affiliation (2005)<sup>5</sup>: Orthodox c. 90%; Sunnī Muslim c. 5%; Roman Catbalic a. 2%: other a. 2%

Catholic c. 2%; other c. 3%.

Major cities (2011): Athens 655,780 (urban agglomeration 3,168,036); Thessaloníki 322,240 (urban agglomeration 806,396); Pátrai 195,265; Piraeus (Piraiévs) 163,9106; Irákleio (Iráklion) 157,452; Peristérion 138,9206.

## Vital statistics

Birth rate per 1,000 population (2010): 10.2 (world avg. 19.5); within marriage (2008) 93.5%; outside of marriage (2008) 6.5%

Death rate per 1,000 population (2010): 9.7 (world avg. 8.1).

Death rate per 1,000 population (2010): 9.7 (world avg. 8.1). Total fertility rate (avg. births per childbearing woman; 2012): 1.39. Marriage/divorce rates per 1,000 population: (2010) 5.0/(2007) 1.2. Life expectancy at birth (2012): male 77.5 years; female 82.8 years. Major causes of death per 100,000 population (2010): diseases of the circula-tory system 328.4; malignant neoplasms (cancers) 272.0; cerebrovascular dis-eases 149.3; diseases of the respiratory system 103.5; accidents, poisoning, and violone 25.5 violence 35.5.

### National economy

Budget (2010). Revenue:  $\notin$  89,900,000,000 (tax revenue 51.2%, of which VAT 31.8%, income taxes 19.4%; social contributions 33.0%; other revenue

31.8%, income taxes 19.4%; social contributions 33.0%; other revenue 15.8%). Expenditures: €101,300,000 (social benefits 46.8%; wages and salaries 26.9%; goods and services 13.1%; interest payments 12.4%). Public debt (consolidated, general; 2011): U.S.\$355,617,000,000. Production (metric tons except as noted). Agriculture, forestry, fishing (2011): olives 2,000,000, wheat 1,702,020, tomatoes 1,169,900, grapes 856,600, potatoes 757,820, oranges 740,000, peaches and nectarines 690,200, watermelons 648,000, cottonseed 490,000, sugar beets 324,400; livestock (number of live animals) 8,956,000 sheep, 4,791,000 goats, 1,340,000 beehives; roundwood (2012) 1.742,916 cu m, of which fuelwood 46%: fisheries production (2010) (2012) 1,742,916 cu m, of which fuelwood 46%; fisheries production (2010) (2012) 1,42,310 cu in, of which fletwood 60%, fishere's production (2010) 196,490 (from aquaculture 58%). Mining and quarrying (2010): bauxite 2,000,000; nickel (metal content) 13,800; marble 250,000 cu m. Manufacturing (value added in U.S.\$'000,000; 2007): food products and beverages 4,689; cement, bricks, and ceramics 1,732; refined petroleum 1,490; chemicals and chemical products 1,431; wearing apparel 823; textiles 639; basic metals 497. chemical products 1,431; wearing apparei 823; textiles 639; basic metals 497. Energy production (consumption): electricity (kW-hr; 2009) 61,365,000,000 (65,732,000,000); hard coal (metric tons; 2009) none (337,000); lignite (met-ric tons; 2009) 64,900,000 (65,200,000); crude petroleum (barrels; 2009) 574,000 (123,000,000); petroleum products (metric tons; 2009) 19,444,000 (19,101,000); natural gas (cu m; 2009) 14,000,000 (3,542,000,000). *Population economically active* (2008): total 4,974,000; activity rate of total peruletion 44.29% (nertification economical) (activity rate of total

population 44.2% (participation rates: ages 15–64, 67.7%; female [2007] 40.9%; unemployed [2011] 17.7%).

Price and earnings indexes (2005 = 100)								
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Consumer price index Monthly earnings index	103.2 102.1	106.2 105.6	110.6 108.1	111.9 113.9	117.2 110.8	121.1 104.1	122.9 	

Household income and expenditure (1998–99). Average household size (2004) 3.1; income per family Dr 6,429,0007 (U.S.\$21,390); sources of income: wages and salaries 21.8%, transfer payments 21.7%, income from agriculture, forestry, fishing 15.6%, self-employment 11.9%, other 29.0%; expenditure (2004–05): food 17.1%, transportation 12.6%, housing and energy 10.7%, café/hotel expenditures 9.6%, clothing and footwear 8.4%.

Gross national income (GNI; 2012): U.S.\$262,431,000,000 (U.S.\$23,260 per capita); purchasing power parity GNI (U.S.\$24,790 per capita).

	201	0	2009		
	in value €'000,000	% of total value	labour force	% of labour force	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing	6,297	2.8	520,000	10.5	
Mining, guarrying	746	0.3	13,500	0.3	
Manufacturing	20,012	8.8	529,000	10.7	
Construction	10,716	4.7	367,700	7.4	
Public utilities	6,290	2.8	59,300	1.2	
Transp. and commun.	24,945	11.0	293,000	5.9	
Trade, restaurants	38,820	17.1	1,116,900	22.6	
Finance, real estate	45,098	19.8	429,100	8.7	
Pub. admin., defense	18,381	8.1	372,800	7.5	
Services	29,325	12.9	784,500	15.9	
Other	26,689 <sup>8</sup>	11.78	462,300 <sup>9</sup>	9.3 <sup>9</sup>	
TOTAL	227,318 <sup>3</sup>	100.0	4,948,100	100.0	

Selected balance of payments data. Receipts from (U.S.\$'000,000): tourism (2011) 14,801; remittances (2012) 681; foreign direct investment (FDI; 2010–12 avg.) 1,473. Disbursements for (U.S.\$'000,000): tourism (2011) 3,159;

remittances (2012) 1,438; FDI (2010–12 avg.) 1,097. Land use as % of total land area (2009): in temporary crops or left fallow (2007) 19.8%, in permanent crops 8.9%, in pasture 34.9%, forest area 30.0%.

## Foreign trade<sup>10</sup>

Balance of trade (current prices)								
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
U.S.\$'000,000 % of total	-42,796 50.5%	-52,595 52.8%	-63,792 55.6%	-47,140 54.0%	-41,761 49.2%	-29,121 31.5%		

Imports (2010): U.S.\$63,321,000,000 (machinery and apparatus 24.2%; mineral fuels 23.5%; food 10.2%; medicine and pharmaceuticals 7.5%; ships and tankers 6.2%; road vehicles/parts 4.3%). *Major import sources*: Germany 10.5%; Italy 9.9%; Russia 9.8%; China 6.0%; Netherlands 5.3%. *Exports* (2010): U.S.\$21,560,000,000 (food 18.8%, of which vegetables and fruit

9.1%; machinery and apparatus 12.0%; refined petroleum 9.9%; medicine 6.1%; apparel 4.9%; aluminum 4.6%; iron and steel 4.0%). *Major export des*tinations: Germany 10.9%; Italy 10.8%; Cyprus 7.1%; Bulgaria 6.5%; Turkey 5.3%.

### Transport and communications

Transport. Railroads (2008): route length 1,583 mi, 2,548 km; passenger-km (2009) 1,414,000,000; metric ton-km cargo (2009) 537,000,000. Roads (2005): total length 34,863 km (paved 93%); passenger-km (2006) 111,800,000,000; metric ton-km cargo (2009) 28,585,000,000. Vehicles (2010): passenger cars 5,216,873; trucks and buses 1,346,079. Air transport (2009)<sup>11</sup>: passenger-km 7,543,000,000; metric ton-km cargo 764,000,000.

Communi	cations	number	units per 1,000			number	units per 1,000
Medium	date	in '000s	persons	Medium	date	in '000s	persons
Televisions Telephones	2003	6,152	558	PCs Dailies	2007 2011	1,058 985 <sup>12</sup>	94 91 <sup>12</sup>
Cellular Landline	2012 2012	13,354 <sup>13</sup> 5,461	1,169 <sup>13</sup> 478	Internet users Broadband	2009 2012	4,971 2,685 <sup>13</sup>	445 235 <sup>13</sup>

# Education and health

Educational attainment (2010). Percentage of population age 25 and over having: no formal schooling/unknown 2.9%; primary education age 25 and over law sec-ondary 9.5%; upper secondary/vocational 33.6%; higher 20.0%. *Literacy* (2010): total population age 15 and over literate 97.2%; males 98.3%; females **96.1%** 

Education (2006–07)	teachers	students	student/ teacher ratio	enrollment rate (%)
Primary (age 6-11)	62,114	639,083	10.3	98
Secondary/Voc. (age 12-17)	86,513	682,012	7.9	90
Tertiary	28,998	602,858	20.8	89 (age 18-22)

*Health* (2009): physicians 22,462<sup>14</sup> (1 per 502 persons); hospital beds 54,704<sup>14</sup> (1 per 206 persons); infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births 3.4; undernourished population (2006–08) less than 5.0% of total population.

### Militarv

*Total active duty personnel* (November 2012): 144,350 (army 60.0%, navy 13.7%, air force 18.3%, joint staff 8.0%); reserve 216,650; Greek troops in Cyprus (2012) 1,150; U.S. troops in Greece (2012) 380. *Military expenditure as percentage of GDP* (2010): 2.6%<sup>15</sup>; per capita expenditure U.S.\$731<sup>15</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>The autocephalous Greek Orthodox Church has special recognition per the constitu-tion. <sup>2</sup>Traditional regions; local administration is based on 13 administrative regions and 1 autonomous self-governing monastic region (Mount Athos). <sup>3</sup>Detail does not add to total given because of rounding. <sup>4</sup>Unofficial source; government states there are no eth-nic divisions in Greece. <sup>5</sup>Including noncitizen residents. <sup>6</sup>Within Athens urban agglom-eration. <sup>7</sup>The drachma (Dr) was the former monetary unit; on Jan. 1, 2002, Dr 340.75 = €1. <sup>8</sup>Taxes less subsidies. <sup>9</sup>Unemployed. <sup>10</sup>Imports ci.f.; exports f.o.b. <sup>11</sup>Scheduled ser-vice only. <sup>12</sup>Circulation. <sup>13</sup>Subscribers. <sup>14</sup>Public health institutions only. <sup>15</sup>Excludes mili-tary pensions.

Internet resources for further information:

Bank of Greece www.bankofgreece.gr/Pages/en

· Hellenic Statistical Authority www.statistics.gr

