

Bahrain

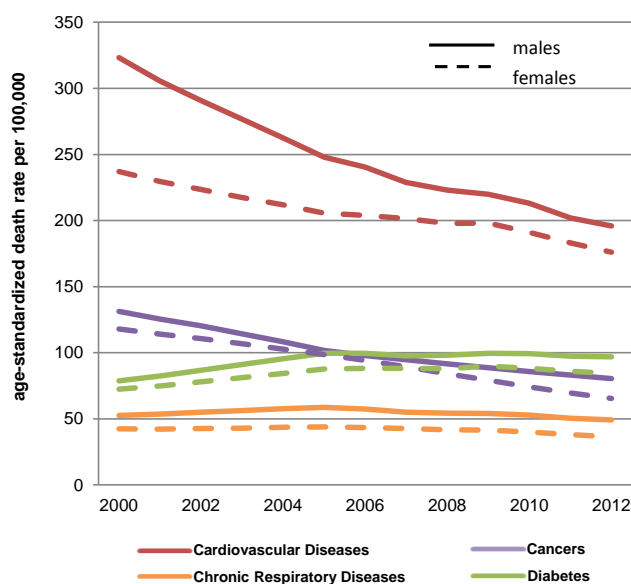
Total population: 1 318 000

Income Group: High

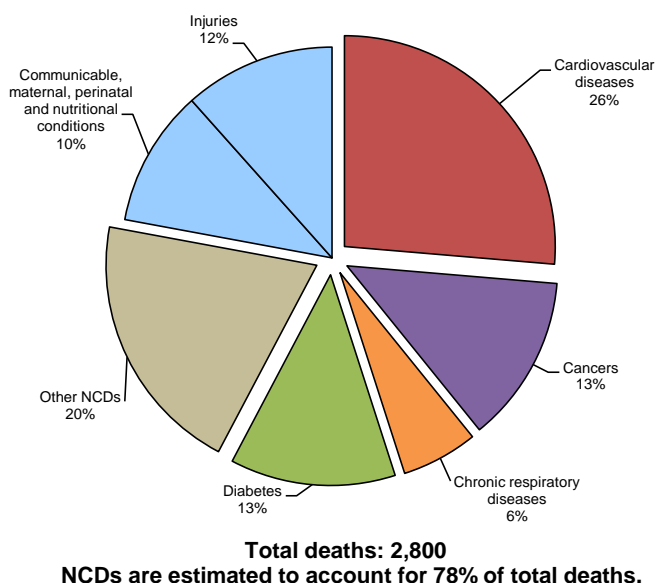
Percentage of population living in urban areas: 88.7%

Population proportion between ages 30 and 70 years: 49.1%

Age-standardized death rates*

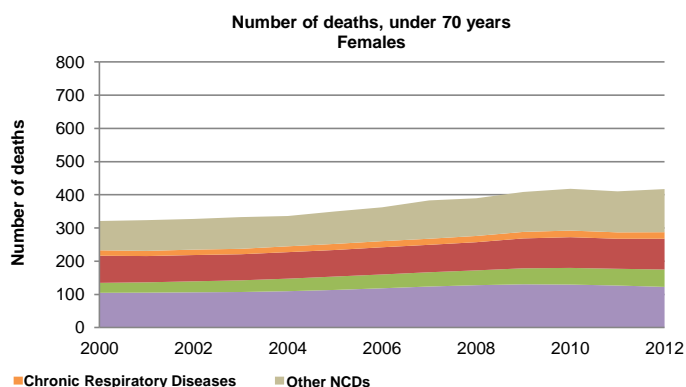
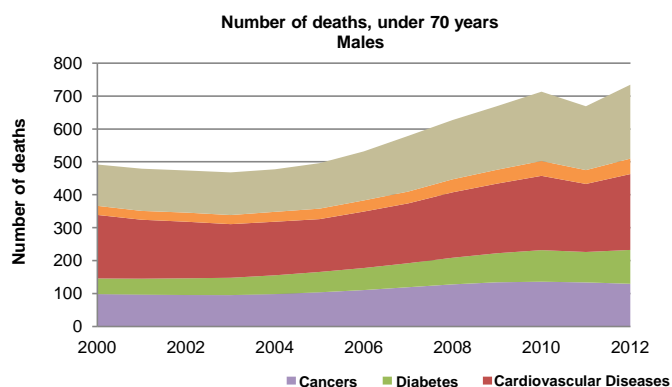


Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages, both sexes)*



Premature mortality due to NCDs*

The probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 years from the 4 main NCDs is 13%.



Adult risk factors

| | males | females | total |
|--|-------|---------|-------|
| Current tobacco smoking (2011) | 35% | 8% | 25% |
| Total alcohol per capita consumption, in litres of pure alcohol (2010) | 2.7 | 1.0 | 2.1 |
| Raised blood pressure (2008) | 29.1% | 26.6% | 28.1% |
| Obesity (2008) | 29.5% | 38.0% | 32.9% |

National systems response to NCDs

| | |
|--|-----|
| Has an operational NCD unit/branch or department within the Ministry of Health, or equivalent | Yes |
| Has an operational multisectoral national policy, strategy or action plan that integrates several NCDs and shared risk factors | Yes |
| Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the harmful use of alcohol | Yes |
| Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce physical inactivity and/or promote physical activity | Yes |
| Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the burden of tobacco use | Yes |
| Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce unhealthy diet and/or promote healthy diets | Yes |
| Has evidence-based national guidelines/protocols/standards for the management of major NCDs through a primary care approach | Yes |
| Has an NCD surveillance and monitoring system in place to enable reporting against the nine global NCD targets | No |
| Has a national, population-based cancer registry | No |

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes).