



World Health Organization

Mortality Country Fact Sheet 2006

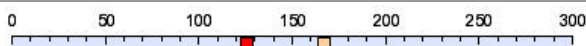
United Republic of Tanzania



Summary	Year	Males	Females	Both sexes
Population (millions)	2005	19.1	19.3	38.3
Life expectancy (years)	2004	47	49	48
Under-5 mortality (per 1 000 live births)	2004	134	117	126
Adult mortality (per 1 000)	2004	551	524	
Maternal mortality (per 100 000 live births)	2000		1500	

Source: World Health Statistics 2006

Under-5 mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) United Republic of Tanzania, 2004

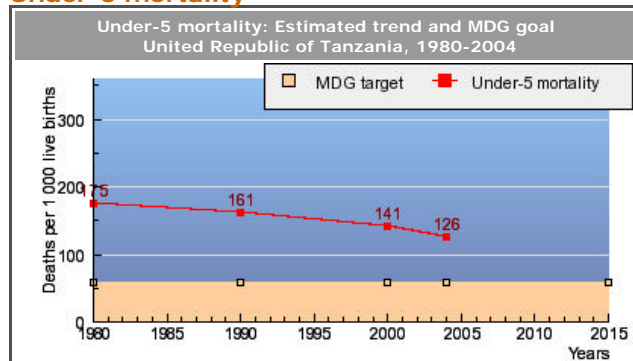


Legend:

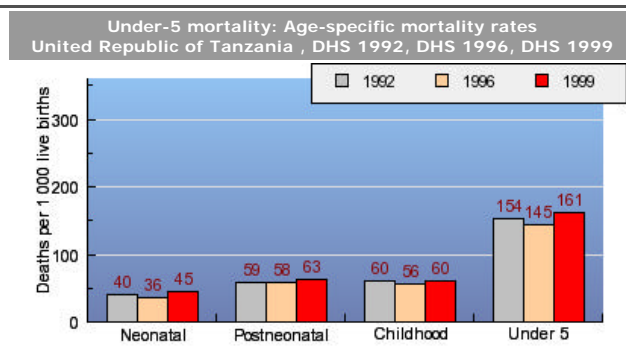
- WHO African Region
- United Republic of Tanzania

Source: World Health Statistics 2006

Under-5 mortality



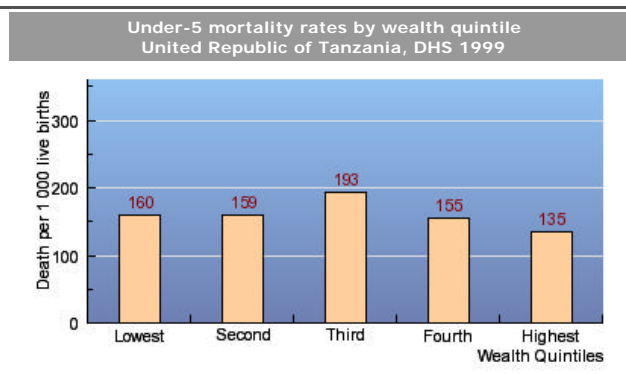
Source: i) WHO mortality database ii) World Health Statistics 2006



Note: rate for 5 years preceding the survey
Source: DHS 1992, DHS 1996, DHS 1999

Category	Lowest	Highest	Ratio
Wealth/assets quintiles	160	135	1.2
Sex	Males	Females	Ratio
	172	150	1.1
Urban/Rural	Rural	Urban	Ratio
	166	142	1.2
Mother's education quintiles	None	Higher	Ratio
	165	63	2.6

Note: rate per 1 000 live births for 10-year period preceding the survey
Source: DHS 1999



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Source: DHS 1999



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Causes of death in children under-5

Distribution of causes of death among children under 5 years of age United Republic of Tanzania, 2000-2003			Annual estimated proportions of death by cause for neonates United Republic of Tanzania, 2000		
Causes	Deaths ^b (%)	Regional average (%)	Causes	Deaths ^c (%)	Regional average ^c (%)
Total neonatal deaths	100	100	Total neonatal deaths	100	100
Neonatal causes ^a	27	26	Neonatal tetanus	3	9
HIV/AIDS	9	7	Severe infection ^a	29	27
Diarrhoeal diseases	17	17	Birth asphyxia	27	24
Measles	1	4	Diarrhoeal diseases	3	3
Malaria	23	17	Congenital anomalies	7	6
Pneumonia	21	21	Preterm birth ^b	23	23
Injuries	2	2	Others	8	7
Others	0	6			

a. Includes diarrhoea during neonatal period
b. Sum of individual proportions may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

a. Includes deaths from pneumonia, meningitis, sepsis/septicaemia and other infections during the neonatal period.
b. Includes only deaths directly attributed to prematurity and to specific complications of preterm birth such as surfactant deficiency, but not all deaths in preterm infants.
c. Sum of individual proportions may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Causes of Death

Top ten causes of death, all ages United Republic of Tanzania, 2002			
Causes	Deaths		Years of Life Lost (%)
	(000)	(%)	
All causes	583	100	100
HIV/AIDS	166	29	29
Lower respiratory infections	67	12	13
Malaria	56	10	12
Diarrhoeal diseases	31	6	6
Perinatal conditions	24	4	5
Tuberculosis	18	3	3
Cerebrovascular disease	16	3	1
Ischaemic heart disease	14	3	1
Syphilis	11	2	2
Road traffic accidents	10	2	2

Source: [Death and DALY estimates by cause, 2002](#)

<http://www.who.int/entity/healthinfo/statistics/bodgbddeathdalyestimates.xls>

