

COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST FOR 2015

As a retirement plan sponsor, you know how important it is to comply with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) and the ever-changing reporting and disclosure requirements mandated by the federal government. You also know how confusing it can be.

As your provider of retirement services, we are always looking for ways we can make your job easier. That is why we are pleased to provide you with our *Compliance Checklist* for 2015, offered to Prudential Retirement[®] clients by our Total Retirement Solutions department.

The *Compliance Checklist* incorporates defined benefit (DB), defined contribution (DC) and ERISA 403(b) requirements and provides information on the materials that you will need to file, filing due dates and agencies to which the filings should be made. In addition, we've identified how Prudential Retirement can help you complete each task, so you can rest assured you have what you need to meet the latest governmental filing and disclosure requirements.

We are confident that you will find this checklist to be a valuable reference tool. If you have any questions on any of the items covered in the *Compliance Checklist*, or if you would like additional information on how Prudential Retirement can help you meet these requirements, please contact your Prudential Retirement representative.

HOW TO USE THIS CHECKLIST

We've designed this checklist as a "quick glance" resource to help you meet plan reporting and disclosure requirements for plans subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of ERISA. This easy-to-follow checklist should help you provide timely and complete information to individuals and appropriate government agencies. We suggest you keep your checklist in a convenient place so you can refer to it whenever you may need to take specific action.

For your convenience, we've divided it into four broad reporting categories:

- Participants & Beneficiaries—Pages 4 through 21;
- Internal Revenue Service (IRS)—Pages 22 through 28;
- Department of Labor (DOL)—Pages 29 through 32; and
- Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC)—Pages 33 through 40.

Each of the categories contains five sections:

- Status
- Plan
- Item
- Action/Support
- When Due

Status

This column is a convenient way to monitor the activity for each item that applies to your plan.

Plan

This column indicates whether the item applies to:



Remember, if you sponsor multiple plans, these requirements apply separately to each plan.

Item

Action/Support

This column lists what must be completed for each item and describes Prudential Retirement's role in supporting the tasks. In addition, this column indicates how these actions must be performed.

When Due

This column specifies the deadline or completion time frame for each item.

HOW TO USE THIS CHECKLIST (continued)

We suggest you start by reviewing in each section the items that apply to your type of plan(s). The mandatory annual (or more frequent) recurring items appear in **bold** within each section. You are required by law to act on these items if they apply to your plan. Next to the applicable items, place a check mark in the box provided in the "Status" column. Then look in the "When Due" column to determine your deadline and pencil it in next to "Action Date."

There are two categories of event-driven items, which require action only under certain circumstances. The first category includes items that may apply to your plan, such as a change in your plan's vesting schedule. For these, you can fill in the "Action Date."

The second category of event-driven items covers those that apply to individuals in your plan. Because these can occur frequently each year, an "Action Date" is not included, but you may find it useful to jot down notes in the "Status" column.

A separate edition of Prudential's *Compliance Checklist* addresses reporting and disclosure requirements for plans not subject to ERISA Title I, such as governmental and nonelecting church plans, non-ERISA 403(b) programs, 457(b) plans and unfunded nonqualified plans.

ERISA Title I requirements do not apply to 403(b) plans that permit only salary reduction contributions, offer employees a reasonable choice of investments, and limit the employer's role to transmitting salary reduction contributions to the issuers of the 403(b) contracts. Certain ERISA requirements apply to church plans that elect to be subject to ERISA under Code Section 410(d). Section 457(b) plans and unfunded nonqualified plans are never subject to ERISA Title I.

The information presented here reflects reporting and disclosure requirements in effect as of January 1, 2015. Since regulations are always subject to change, you should consult your tax advisor for updates.

This *Compliance Checklist* and other important compliance publications, such as Prudential's *Pension Analyst®*, may be found on Prudential's website at **prudential.com/pensionanalyst.**

PARTICIPANTS & BENEFICIARIES

Status		Pla	ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	Summary of latest Annual Report (SAR) (contains information from applicable Form 5500).	Plan sponsors must publish an SAR and distribute it to participants and beneficiaries who are receiving benefits. Prudential prepares the report for clients who elect the Signature Ready Form 5500 Service. Model reports are provided at §2520.104b-10(d). Reports must follow the model.	Nine months after the end of the plan year or, if applicable, within two months after the close of the extension period for filing the applicable Form 5500.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 1099-R to report distributions, including direct rollovers, from qualified plans or 403(b) plans.	Prudential issues Forms 1099-R to participants and beneficiaries in plans whose plan sponsors have elected to use our Benefit Payment Services.	January 31 of the year following the calendar year in which the distribution was made.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 1042-S to report distributions made to certain nonresident aliens.	Prudential issues Forms 1042-S to participants and beneficiaries in plans whose plan sponsors have elected to use our Benefit Payment Services.	March 15 of the year following the calendar year in which the distribution was made.
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	Safe Harbor Notice for traditional safe harbor plans or qualified automatic contribution arrangements (QACAs). A 403(b) plan may satisfy the safe harbor requirements to avoid Actual Contribution Percentage (ACP) testing on employer contributions.	Plan sponsors of defined contribution plans that include a safe harbor plan design must provide notices to employees. For more information on traditional safe harbor notice requirements, see Prudential's Pension Analyst titled Improved ADP and ACP Safe Harbor Plan Designs. For more information on QACAs, see Prudential's Pension Analyst titled IRS provides final guidance on automatic enrollment plan designs. Prudential Retirement offers varying levels of notice support to plan sponsors. For more information regarding annual notices, see Prudential's Compliance Bulletin titled Many defined contribution plan sponsors must annually "notice" their participants.	Annual safe harbor notices must be provided "within a reasonable period" before the beginning of each plan year. At least 30 days and no more than 90 days before the beginning of the plan year is deemed reasonable. In addition, safe harbor notices must also be provided to newly-eligible employees within "a reasonable period." The initial notice is deemed to be given within a reasonable period if it is provided no later than the date the employee becomes an eligible employee.

Status	Plan		n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date://		DC	403(b)	Safe Harbor Contingent Notice.	Plan sponsors that want to preserve the ability to adopt a 3% Qualified Non elective Contribution (QNEC) safe harbor design before the end of the plan year must provide notices to eligible employees that this action may be taken. Prudential Retirement offers varying levels of notice support to plan sponsors. For more information regarding annual notices, see Prudential's Compliance Bulletin titled Many defined contribution plan sponsors must annually "notice" their participants.	Within a reasonable time before the first day of the plan year. A reasonable safe harbor time is 30 to 90 days before the first day of the plan year.
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	Safe Harbor Supplemental Notice.	Plan sponsors that provide contingent notices and then decide to adopt the safe harbor design must provide notices to eligible employees that this action has been taken. Prudential Retirement offers varying levels of notice support to plan sponsors. For more information regarding annual notices, see Prudential's Compliance Bulletin titled Many defined contribution plan sponsors must annually "notice" their participants.	At least 30 days before the last day of the plan year in which the safe harbor design is effective. This notice may be combined with the standard or contingent safe harbor notice for the next plan year.

Status	Plan		Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DC	403(b)	Safe Harbor Supplemental Notice for Suspension of Employer Nonelective Contribution.	Plan sponsors may reduce or suspend nonelective safe harbor contributions if either the employer is operating at an economic loss or the safe harbor notice provided to participants before the start of the plan year includes certain statements regarding the possibility of mid-year suspensions or reductions. For either scenario, the plan sponsor must provide a supplemental notice to reduce or suspend safe harbor contributions mid-year. These rules apply to safe harbor nonelective contributions as of May 18, 2009, and safe harbor matching contributions as of the first plan year beginning on or after January 1, 2015. Prudential can provide sample notices to plan sponsors. For more information, see our December 2013 <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> titled <u>IRS modifies rules for reduction or suspension of employer contributions to Safe Harbor Plans.</u>	At least 30 days before the plan document is amended to reflect the change.
Action Date:	DC	403(b)	Notice of Automatic Contribution Arrangement (ACA).	Plan sponsors of defined contribution plans that include an automatic contribution arrangement must provide employees with a notice that accurately apprises them of their rights and obligations under the plan, explains the employee's right to elect not to have deferral contributions made or elect a different contribution percentage, and explains the default investment provisions. The notice must be written in a manner that can be understood by the average eligible employee and must give the employee a reasonable time after receipt of the notice and before the first contribution is made to make contribution and investment elections. Prudential Retirement offers varying levels of notice support to plan sponsors. For more information regarding annual notices, see Prudential's <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> titled Many defined contribution plan sponsors must annually "notice" their participants.	At least 30 days before the employee becomes eligible and within a reasonable period of at least 30 days before the beginning of each plan year.

Status		Pla	ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	Eligible Automatic Contribution Arrangement Notice (EACA).	Plan sponsors of defined contribution plans that include an eligible automatic contribution arrangement (to permit penalty-free distribution of "accidental" automatic deferrals, and/or to provide a six-month period to distribute excess contributions and excess aggregate contributions without imposition of 10% excise tax) must provide employees with a notice that describes the level of contribution that will be made if the employee does not make an affirmative election, the employee's right to elect a different percentage, and how contributions will be invested in the absence of an investment election. If applicable, the notice must also describe the ability for the employee to receive a withdrawal of accidental deferrals and the procedures to elect such a withdrawal. For more information regarding additional items that must be included in the EACA notice, please see Prudential's May 2009 Pension Analyst titled IRS provides final guidance on automatic enrollment plan designs. Prudential Retirement offers varying levels of notice support to plan sponsors. For more information regarding annual notices, see Prudential's Compliance Bulletin titled Many defined contribution plan sponsors must annually "notice" their participants.	Within a reasonable period of time before the employee becomes eligible and within a reasonable time before the beginning of each plan year. At least 30 days and no more than 90 days before the beginning of the plan year is deemed reasonable.
	DB	DC	403(b)	Plan Documents (e.g., plan documents, bargaining agreements, trust documents, contracts).	Plan sponsors must make these documents available for viewing at the plan administrator's principal office. Plan sponsors must also provide a copy of the plan documents to participants upon request. Prudential prepares plan documents for clients who elect our Plan Document Services.	Within 30 days after participant's written request. ERISA imposes a penalty of up to \$110 per day for failure to provide requested information.

Status		Pla	ın	ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Summary Plan Description (SPD) (contains descriptive information concerning plan provisions and administration).	Plan sponsors must give participants and beneficiaries who are receiving benefits an SPD. Prudential drafts the SPD for clients who have elected to use our Plan Document Services.	On or before the latest of: (a) 120 days after the plan effective date; (b) 120 days after the plan adoption date; (c) 90 days after an employee becomes a participant in the plan; or (d) 90 days after a beneficiary begins receiving benefits under the plan. Updates to existing plans: (a) once every five years from the date of the previous SPD if the plan is modified; or (b) once every 10 years from the date of the previous SPD, whether or not the plan is modified. (Due 210 days after the end of the plan year in which the five- or 10-year period ends.) Request for latest copy: within 30 days after participant's or beneficiary's written request.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Summary description of Material Modifications to plan (SMM) (contains description of plan amendment that modifies SPD).	Plan sponsors must communicate plan modifications to participants. Prudential prepares the SMM for defined contribution clients who have elected our Plan Document Services. Upon request from a defined benefit client, Prudential will prepare the SMM for a fee.	210 days after close of plan year in which modification is adopted, unless a revised SPD reflecting the modification is distributed. To new participants, within 90 days of becoming a participant.
Action Date:	DB	DC		Notice to Interested Parties of application for initial qualification or for amendment of plan under Internal Revenue Code.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to eligible employees and other employees working at the same principal place of employment. Prudential prepares a sample of this notice for clients who have elected our Plan Document Services, if applicable.	Individually designed plans, volume submitter plans and prototype plans that need to file must provide the notice no less than 10 and no more than 24 days before the application for the determination letter is mailed.

Status		Pla	ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC		Notice of significant reduction in rate of future benefit accruals, early retirement benefits, and retirement-type subsidies under: • a defined benefit plan; or • a money purchase pension plan (including a target benefit plan). (Section 204(h) Notice)	Plan sponsors must provide a written notice to each plan participant, alternate payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO), and employee organization representing participants who are affected or could potentially be affected by the change. This notice must include a description of the amendment and its effective date. Illustrative examples may be required in the notice. For more information regarding this notice, please see Prudential's <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> from January 2010 titled IRS issues final rules for ERISA Section 204(h) notices.	Within a reasonable time before the amendment effective date. A reasonable time is at least 45 days before the effective date of the amendment. For multiemployer plans and plans with fewer than 100 participants, a reasonable time is at least 15 days before the effective date of the amendment. Different timing rules apply to merger and acquisition situations.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Election to remain under prior vesting schedule.	Plan sponsors must communicate this information to participants whenever an amendment to the vesting schedule would result in a reduced vesting percentage.	A participant meeting the three-year service requirement may elect to remain under the pre-amendment vesting schedule. This election must be made during a period that begins no later than the date the plan amendment changing the schedule is adopted and ends no earlier than the latest of the following dates: (a) 60 days after the day the plan amendment is adopted; (b) 60 days after the day the plan amendment becomes effective; or (c) 60 days after the day the participant is issued written notice of the plan amendment by the employer or plan administrator.
Action Date:	DB		403(b)	Plan Terminations: (1) Notice of intent to terminate the plan.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to participants and beneficiaries.	For defined benefit plans, at least 60 days and no more than 90 days before proposed date of termination. For 403(b) plans, the IRS has not issued guidance on when these notices must be furnished.
Action Date:	DB			(2) Notice of Plan Benefits detailing the amount of participant's benefit and information used to calculate benefit under a standard termination.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to participants.	No later than when the PBGC Form 500 is filed (i.e., within 180 days after the proposed termination date).

Status	Plan		ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC		(3) Notice to Interested Parties.	If an application is made for IRS determination letter (Form 5310), the plan sponsor must provide this notice to participants.	This notice must be provided no less than 10 and no more than 24 days before the application for the determination letter is mailed.
Action Date:	DB			(4) Notice of annuity providers under standard plan termination.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to participants.	If information is not available when notice of intent to terminate the plan is filed, a supplemental notice must be sent to participants no later than 45 days before the date of distribution.
Action Date:	DB			(5) Disclosure of plan termination information.	Single-employer defined benefit plan sponsors that filed a notice of intent to terminate the plan in a distress termination, or plan sponsors that received notice from the PBGC to involuntarily terminate the plan should provide affected parties with any information provided to the PBGC in connection with the plan termination.	No later than 15 days after the plan sponsor: receives a request from the affected party; or provides new information to the PBGC relating to a previous request.
Action Date:	DB			Annual Funding Notice.	Defined benefit plan sponsors must provide an annual funding notice to participants, beneficiaries, and labor organizations representing participants. Sponsors of single-employer defined benefit plans can find more information on plan funding notices in our April 2013 Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled DOL issues guidance on MAP-21 funding notice. Sponsors of multiemployer plans can find more information on plan funding notices in our <i>Pension Analyst</i> from April 2009 titled DOL issues model PPA annual funding notice.	Generally, within 120 days of the end of the plan year to which it relates. In the case of a small plan (i.e., a plan covering fewer than 100 participants), the notice must be provided by the filing due date of the annual Form 5500.

Status	Plan		Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB		Notice of benefit restrictions.	Defined benefit plan sponsors must provide written notice to participants and beneficiaries after: • the date the plan becomes subject to a benefit restriction; • the valuation date for the plan year for which the plan's adjusted funding target attainment percentage (AFTAP) is less than 60% or, if earlier, the date the AFTAP is presumed to be less than 60%; and • such other time determined by the IRS. The notice must be provided in writing but may be provided in electronic or other form to the extent reasonably accessible to the participant. For more information, please see Prudential's <i>Pension Analysts</i> from January 2010 and September 2012 titled IRS issues benefit restriction regulations and IRS issues guidance on benefit limitation notice for defined benefit plans, respectively.	Within 30 days after the date the plan is subject to a benefit restriction. Also, within 30 days after the valuation date for the plan year for which the plan's AFTAP is less than 60%, or is presumed to be less than 60%.
Action Date:	DB		Notice of endangered or critical status plans.	Plan sponsors of multiemployer defined benefit plans that are in endangered or critical status for a plan year must provide notice of the plan's status to participants, beneficiaries and labor organizations representing participants. For more information regarding this notice, see Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled <u>Federal Agencies</u> <u>Provide Guidance Affecting Multiemployer Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> . Effective for plan years beginning after December 31, 2007.	Within 30 days of the certification that the plan is in endangered or critical status. The DOL has provided a model notice and guidance regarding the form and manner in which the notice is to be given.

Status	Plan		Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date://	DB		Multiemployer Plan Information.	Plan sponsors of multiemployer defined benefit plans must provide a copy of the following plan documents upon written request from a participant, beneficiary, an organization representing participants, or a contributing employer:	Within 30 days after the request.
				any periodic actuarial report for any plan year that has been in the plan's possession for at least 30 days;	
				any quarterly, semiannual, or annual financial report prepared for the plan by any plan investment manager, adviser or other fiduciary and which has been in the plan's possession for at least 30 days;	
				any application filed with the IRS requesting an amortization extension and the result of such application;	
				the current plan document (including any related amendments);	
				the latest summary plan description;	
				the current trust agreement including any related amendments;	
				• in the case of a request by an employer, any participation agreement;	
				• the annual report filed under ERISA section 104;	
				• the plan funding annual funding notice;	
				audited financial statements; and	
				for a plan which was in critical or endangered status, the latest funding improvement or rehabilitation plan and the contribution schedules applicable with respect to the improvement or rehabilitation plan.	
				For more information, please see Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> from May 2010 titled <u>DOL issues additional guidance for multiemployer plans.</u>	

Status		Plan	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	Notice of failure to meet minimum funding standards by: • a defined benefit plan; or • a money purchase pension plan (including a target benefit plan).	Plan sponsors must communicate this information to participants if the plan fails to meet minimum funding standards. This notice may be delivered via mail or hand delivery. It <i>may not</i> be posted in a central location. Upon request, Prudential will provide a sample of this notice to defined benefit clients who elect our Actuarial Valuation and Recordkeeping Services.	Within 60 days of the missed due date for the payment. If a waiver was requested and denied, within 60 days of the notice of denial. ERISA imposes a penalty of up to \$110 per day for failure to provide notice.
Action Date:	DB	DC	Notice of Funding Waiver Application by: • a defined benefit plan; or • a money purchase pension plan (including a target benefit plan).	Plan sponsors must communicate to participants, beneficiaries, and alternate payees when a waiver is being requested. This notice may be delivered via mail or hand delivery. It <i>may not</i> be posted in a central location.	Within 14 days before the date of application.
Action Date:	DB	DC	Required Minimum Distributions (RMD): (1) Participants age 70½ who are 5% owners (whether active or separated from service).	Plan sponsors must determine which participants must receive RMDs. For defined benefit clients, Prudential publishes a special annual issue of <i>Pension Analyst</i> , titled <u>Defined benefit plans must make required payments</u> , which contains updated information on the rules. Plan sponsors must submit the appropriate forms to initiate distributions. Prudential sends a listing of participants who are/will be age 70½ or older during the upcoming calendar year to defined contribution clients and defined benefit clients who use our Recordkeeping Services. After plan sponsors review the list and submit changes or revisions, Prudential sends information directly to affected participants to initiate the required distributions.	Must begin to receive payments by April 1 of the year following the year they reach age 70½ and by December 31 each year thereafter.

^{*}For 403(b) plans, RMD requirements described above apply only to the portion of the account balance that accrued after December 31, 1986. For the portion of the account balance that accrued before January 1, 1987, RMD requirements apply beginning in the year in which the employee turns age 75, regardless of employment status.

Status		Pla	ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)*	(2) Participants age 70½ who are non-5% owners and are still employed.	Plan sponsors must determine which participants must receive required minimum distributions. For defined benefit clients, Prudential publishes a special annual issue of <i>Pension Analyst</i> , titled <u>Defined benefit plans must make required payments</u> , which contains updated information on the rules. Plan sponsors must submit the appropriate forms to initiate distributions. Prudential sends a listing of participants who are/will be age 70½ or older during the upcoming calendar year to defined contribution clients, defined benefit clients and 403(b) clients who use our Recordkeeping Services. After plan sponsors review the list and submit changes or revisions, Prudential sends information directly to affected participants to initiate the required distributions.	In general, non-5% owners must begin to receive payments by April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the participant retires or turns age 70½, whichever comes later. However, plans may require non-5% owners to begin receiving payments by April 1 of the calendar year following the year the employee reaches age 70½. This requirement is dependent on individual Plan language, as well as prior RMD deferral/suspension elections. Special Note: A participant who signed an election before January 1, 1984 to remain under pre-Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act (TEFRA) rules can defer payments according to that election. Non-5% owners who reached age 70½ before 1/1/88 (i.e., date of birth before 7/1/17) do not have to begin receiving minimum distributions until they terminate employment.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)*	(3) Participants age 70½ who are non-5% owners separated from service and are to receive minimum distributions for the first time.	Plan sponsors must monitor participants who must receive required minimum distributions. For defined benefit clients, Prudential publishes a special annual issue of <i>Pension Analyst</i> , titled <u>Defined benefit plans must make required payments</u> , which contains updated information on the rules. Plan sponsors must submit the appropriate forms to initiate distributions. Prudential sends a listing of participants who are/will be age 70½ or older during the upcoming calendar year to defined contribution clients, defined benefit clients and 403(b) clients who use our Recordkeeping Services. After plan sponsors review the list and submit changes or revisions, Prudential sends information directly to affected participants to initiate the required distributions.	On or before April 1 of the calendar year following the year in which the employee separated from service.

^{*}For 403(b) plans, RMD requirements described above apply only to the portion of the account balance that accrued after December 31, 1986. For the portion of the account balance that accrued before January 1, 1987, RMD requirements apply beginning in the year in which the employee turns age 75, regardless of employment status.

Status	Plan		ın	ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Periodic benefit statement (ERISA §105 Notice).	Plan sponsors must provide this information within the applicable timing. For defined benefit clients who have elected our Benefit Statement Services, Prudential provides this information annually for participants. Generally, for defined contribution and 403(b) clients who have elected our Recordkeeping Services, Prudential provides this information quarterly via the Participant Financial Statements for participants and beneficiaries.	Effective for plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2007 (later, for certain collectively bargained plans), defined contribution plans must provide quarterly statements to participants and beneficiaries who have the right to direct account investments. Annual statements must be provided to defined contribution plan participants who do not have the right to direct investments. Defined benefit plans must either provide statements every three years to vested participants who are active employees, or provide an annual notice indicating how a statement may be obtained. For more information regarding pension benefit statement timing and other requirements, please see our January 2007 <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled DOL Provides Interim Guidance Regarding Pension Protection Act's Periodic Benefit Statement Requirement.
Action Date:		DC		Notice of right to divest employer securities.	Plan sponsors of defined contribution plans that hold publicly traded employer securities must provide each participant with a notice explaining their right to diversify employer security investments and the importance of diversification. For more information regarding notice of diversification rights, see our July 2010 <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled <u>IRS issues final regulations on investment diversification requirement.</u>	No less than 30 days before the individual has the right to diversify employer security investments.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Notice to terminated vested participants.	Plan sponsors must communicate required information to terminated vested participants. For defined benefit clients who have elected our Outsourcing Services, Prudential provides vested benefit statements. Upon request, Prudential can prepare individual vested benefit statements for a fee.	The last day of the seventh month following the last day of the plan year, plus extensions.

Status	Plan		ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
	DB	DC	403(b)	Notice of denial of benefit claim.	Plan sponsors must communicate this information to participants and beneficiaries. This notice may be provided using written or electronic means.	Generally, within 90 days after claim is filed. If applicant appeals denial within 60 days of notice of denial, a review of the decision must be furnished to applicant, generally within 60 days of appeal (60-day extension allowed under special circumstances; claimant must be notified).
	DB			Suspension of Benefits Notice.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to retirees who return to work or to employees who continue to work beyond normal retirement age, if the plan provides that benefits are suspended in these situations. Prudential provides a sample notice to clients who elect our Plan Document Services. This notice may be provided via hand delivery or first-class mail.	During the first calendar month or payroll period in which the plan suspends benefit payments.
	DB	DC	403(b)	Written explanation of qualified preretirement survivor annuity (QPSA). Explanation must be provided by: • Defined benefit plans; • Money purchase pension plans (including target benefit plans); • Profit sharing plans, to participants subject to survivor annuity requirements; and • 403(b) plans, to participants subject to survivor annuity requirements.	Plan sponsors must provide this information to participants and beneficiaries. This explanation must include descriptions of optional forms of benefit available, as well as information about the relative values of the optional forms, and an explanation of the relative financial effect of an election to waive the preretirement survivor annuity. This explanation may be provided electronically if certain requirements are met. For more information on sending these notices electronically, see our January 2007 <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled <u>IRS Issues</u> <u>Electronic Media Rules</u> . This notice is not required for defined benefit plans that fully subsidize the cost of the qualified preretirement survivor annuity and do not permit participants to waive the benefit or designate another beneficiary. Prudential has published a <i>Pension Analyst</i> on Survivor Benefit Rules for Defined Benefit plans (June 1994) and for Defined Contribution plans (August 1999).	Generally, this notice is due during the period beginning with the first day of the plan year in which the participant reaches age 32 and ending with the close of the plan year preceding the plan year in which the participant reaches age 35. If the individual becomes a participant after reaching age 35, it is due within one year after he becomes a participant. If the participant terminates employment before reaching age 35, the notice must be provided within one year of his separation of service. An election to waive the preretirement survivor annuity must be made within the period beginning on the first day of the plan year in which the participant attains age 35 and ending on the date of the participant's death. Plan sponsors of defined benefit plans should refer to the plan document for specific notice requirements.

Status	Plan			Item	Action/Support	When Due
	DB	DC	403(b)	Written explanation of qualified joint and survivor annuity (QJSA). Explanation must be provided by: • Defined benefit plans; • Money purchase pension plans (including target benefit plans); • Profit sharing plans, to participants subject to survivor annuity requirements; and • 403(b) plans, to participants subject to survivor annuity requirements.	Plan sponsors must provide this information to participants. This explanation must include descriptions of optional forms of benefits available, as well as information about the relative values of the optional forms, and an explanation of the relative financial effect of an election to waive the joint and survivor annuity. This explanation may be provided electronically if certain requirements have been met. For more information on sending these notices electronically, see our January 2007 <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled IRS Issues Final Electronic Media Rules.	No less than 30 days and no more than 180 days before the annuity starting date. Participants may waive the 30-day waiting period. If a participant affirmatively elects a payment, a plan may allow the payment to be mailed or begin anytime more than seven days after the explanation is provided.
	DB	DC	403(b)	Notice of domestic relations order (DRO) pending qualification and Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO) notice following review and determination.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to participants and alternate payees. The notice should be mailed to the addresses provided in the domestic relations order.	This is due: (a) promptly upon receipt of domestic relations order; and (b) upon determination that the order is or is not qualified.
		DC	403(b)	Notice to participant to obtain consent for payments of account balances that exceed \$5,000, or any lower cash-out threshold established by the plan, for participants who are not subject to the survivor annuity requirements.	Participant consent to a distribution is not valid unless the participant has received a general description of the material features and an explanation of the relative values of the optional forms of benefit available under the plan. This notice may be provided using written or electronic means.	No less than 30 days and no more than 180 days before the date the distribution starts. Participants can waive the 30-day waiting period by electing a form of distribution provided: (a) the participant is given at least 30 days after receiving the notice to make a decision; and (b) the plan administrator clearly lets the participant know he has at least 30 days in which to consent to the distribution.

Status	Plan		ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
	DB	DC	403(b)	Notice of right to defer distribution.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice when a participant's consent to a distribution is required. These notices must describe the consequences of a participant's failing to defer receipt of a distribution. For defined benefit plans that use Prudential's Distribution Outsourcing Services and defined contribution plans that use Prudential Retirement's Retirement Security Education, Prudential will provide these notices and will make a good faith effort to comply with PPA rules until regulations are issued.	No less than 30 days and no more than 180 days before the date the distribution starts. Participants can waive the 30-day waiting period by electing a form of distribution provided: (a) the participant is given at least 30 days after receiving the notice to make a decision; and (b) the plan administrator clearly lets the participant know he has at least 30 days in which to consent to the distribution.
	DB	DC	403(b)	Special Tax Notice Regarding Plan Payments (Section 402(f) Notice).	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to participants and beneficiaries. Prudential provides this notice to participants in defined contribution plans who request distributions through Prudential's Participant Service Center, Online Retirement Center, Retirement Security Education or the Direct Service Option. For defined benefit plans that use Prudential Retirement's Outsourcing Services, Prudential provides this notice to participants.	No less than 30 days and no more than 180 days before the distribution date. Participants can waive the 30-day waiting period if: (a) the participant is given at least 30 days after receiving the notice to make a decision to directly roll over the payment; (b) the plan administrator clearly lets the participant know that he/she has at least 30 days in which to make a decision; and (c) the participant's spouse does not have to consent to the distribution.
	DB	DC	403(b)	Automatic Rollover Notice—for plans with mandatory distributions exceeding \$1,000.	For defined contribution plans that use Prudential Retirement's Distribution Options Letter, Prudential will provide this notice to participants. Also, for defined benefit plans that use Prudential Retirement's Outsourcing Services, Prudential will provide this notice to participants.	Prior to the date the mandatory distribution is made.

Status		Pla	n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
	DB	DC	403(b)	Notice of right to elect not to have federal income tax withheld from distributions other than "eligible rollover distributions."	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to participants and beneficiaries taking distributions. Prudential provides this notice to participants in defined contribution plans on the disbursement form.	Periodic payment: no earlier than six months before and no later than with the first payment. Notice must thereafter be given of the right to make or revoke an existing election once each calendar year at approximately the same time. Nonperiodic payment: no earlier than six months before the distribution but within reasonable time for payee to make decision and notify payer of election choice before distribution is made. Note: U.S. citizens living abroad with no permanent resident address in the U.S. cannot elect out of federal tax withholding. Special rules may apply to nonresident aliens.
			403(b)	Universal availability rule.	Plan sponsors must provide employees with an effective opportunity to make or change a cash or deferred election ("universal availability rule"). Prudential can provide a sample template that can be used for this purpose.	At least once during each plan year, participants must be made aware of the opportunity to make or change a cash or deferred election.
	DB			Notice of right to supply actual earnings history under plans using estimated wages to determine Social Security offset in benefit formula.	Plan sponsors must provide this notice to participants, if applicable.	This is due: (a) with Summary Plan Description, and (b) upon separation from service.
Action Date:	DB			Notice of transfer of excess pension assets to retiree health benefit account.	Plan sponsors of defined benefit plans that transfer excess assets to retiree health benefit accounts must provide notice to the IRS, DOL, plan administrator and participants. The Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21 Century Act (MAP-21) extends through December 31, 2021 the ability of plan sponsors to transfer excess assets to a retiree health account. For more information, see our August 2012 <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> titled New law impacts defined benefit multiemployer plans.	No later than 60 days before the date of the transfer. The notice must also be available for inspection in the principal office of the administrator.
	DB	DC	403(b)	Latest annual report (Form 5500).	Plan sponsors must provide this report to participants upon request. Prudential prepares this report for clients who elect the Signature Ready Form 5500 Service.	Within 30 days after participant's written request. ERISA imposes a penalty of up to \$110 per day for failure to provide requested information.

Status	Plan		n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	Sarbanes-Oxley Blackout Notice.	Plan administrators must notify participants and beneficiaries (and stock issuer, if publicly traded company stock is involved) when they will be temporarily suspended or restricted from directing investments or obtaining plan loans or distributions for a period of more than three consecutive business days. Prudential provides a sample notice, upon request.	At least 30 days but no more than 60 calendar days before the last day that participants and beneficiaries can exercise the affected rights before the blackout period.
Action Date:		DC		Sarbanes-Oxley Insider Trading Notice.	Employers must notify directors and executive officers of a blackout period that restricts direct or indirect trading of employer stock. The March 2003 issue of Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> , titled <u>DOL and SEC Adopt Final Rules on Sarbanes-Oxley Provisions</u> , discusses the final blackout period notice rules.	No later than five business days after receiving the Sarbanes-Oxley Blackout Notice or, if no Blackout Notice is received, at least 15 calendar days before the actual or expected beginning date of the blackout period.
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	ERISA 404(c) Disclosure (If Applicable).	Much of the disclosure information is in materials that are already available to you and to your participants (e.g., the SPD.) The September 2012 issue of Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> , titled Department of Labor rules for ERISA section 404(c) compliance, summarizes the DOL Section 404(c) regulations and describes the participant disclosure rules that must be satisfied to obtain 404(c) protection.	The 404(c) participant-directed investment rules are voluntary; compliance is optional. Certain disclosures must be provided before the time permitted for giving investment instructions or making voting decisions, and in sufficient time to make informed investment and voting decisions. Any subsequent material changes in the information must be furnished in sufficient time to enable participants to review before making an investment decision. Certain other disclosures must be furnished upon request.

Status	Plan		n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	ERISA 404(a) Disclosure.	Effective with plan years beginning on or after November 1, 2011, sponsors of participant-directed defined contribution plans must disclose fees, expenses, and other plan- and investment-related information to participants and beneficiaries. For more information regarding these rules, see our July 2012 <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled <u>DOL issues guidance on participant fee disclosure rules for defined contribution plans.</u> Prudential Retirement offers varying levels of ERISA 404(a) disclosure support to assist plan sponsors in complying with these rules.	Certain plan and investment-related information must be provided on or before the first date the participant or beneficiary can direct his or her investments, and annually thereafter. Administrative and individual expenses actually charged to a participant must be disclosed quarterly. In addition, other materials, such as prospectuses and financial reports, must be provided upon request.
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	Qualified Default Investment Alternative (QDIA) Notice.	Plan sponsors of defined contribution plans that allow participants to choose their investment elections and intend to comply with the DOL safe harbor rules for default investments must provide participants a notice describing the circumstances under which a participant's account will be invested in a QDIA, an explanation of the right of participants and beneficiaries to direct the investment of their account assets, a description of the QDIA, a description of the participant's right to direct investment of assets invested in the QDIA, including applicable fees and restrictions, and an explanation of where participants and beneficiaries can obtain investment information concerning other investment alternatives under the plan. For additional information on the QDIA rules, please see Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> s from November 2007 and July 2008 titled DOL Issues Long-Awaited Final Rules on Default Investments and DOL Clarifies QDIA Rules, respectively. Prudential Retirement offers varying levels of notice support to plan sponsors. For more information regarding annual notices, see Prudential's <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> titled Many defined contribution plan sponsors must annually "notice" their participants.	At least 30 days before a participant is first eligible to participate in the plan, or at least 30 days before contributions are first invested in the QDIA. However, if an Eligible Automatic Contribution Arrangement (EACA) allows participants to make a withdrawal of accidental deferrals within 90 days (as permitted by PPA), the notice may be provided on or before the date of plan eligibility. In addition, an annual notice must be provided at least 30 days before the first day of each plan year.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

Status	Plan		ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 1099-R to report distributions, including direct rollovers, from qualified plans and 403(b) plans.	Prudential files Form 1099-R with the IRS for plans whose plan sponsors have elected to use our Benefit Payment Services.	February 28 of the year following the calendar year in which the distribution was made. If filing electronically, the due date is March 31 of the year following the year in which the distribution was made. A 30-day extension to either filing deadline may be requested by filing Form 8809 by the applicable filing due date.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 945 to report income tax withheld from distributions made from qualified plans and 403(b) plans.	Prudential files Form 945 with the IRS for plans whose plan sponsors have elected to use our Benefit Payment Services.	January 31 of the year following the calendar year in which the distributions were made. This filing deadline can be extended by 10 days if tax payments were made on time and in full.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 1042-S to report distributions made to certain nonresident aliens.	Prudential files Form 1042-S with the IRS for plans whose plan sponsors have elected to use our Benefit Payment Services.	March 15 of the year following the calendar year in which the distribution was made. A 30-day extension may be requested by filing Form 8809 by this due date.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 1042 to report income tax withheld from distributions made to certain nonresident aliens.	Prudential files Form 1042 with the IRS for plans whose plan sponsors have elected to use our Benefit Payment Services.	March 15 of the year following the calendar year in which the distribution was made. The filing deadline can be extended up to 90 days by filing Form 2758. However, filing of Form 2758 does not extend the time for the payment of income tax.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 5558—Application for Extension of Time To File Certain Employee Plan Returns.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the IRS to apply for an extension of the filing deadline for Form 5500 or Form 5330. If requesting extension of Form 5330 filing deadline, estimated taxes must be paid with submission of Form 5558. Upon request, Prudential will assist plan sponsors with completing this form.	In enough time for the IRS to consider and act on it before the return's regular due date (not including extensions). Approval of the 2½-month extension for filing Form 5500 is automatic if a properly completed and signed Form 5558 is filed before the Form 5500 due date. Occasionally, automatic extensions are provided for plans affected by certain natural disasters. Form 5558 does not have to be filed by an eligible plan sponsor to obtain these extensions.

Status	Plan		ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 8955-SSA.	Plan sponsors are responsible for all appropriate filings for their plans. For filers who file at least 250 returns with the IRS during a calendar year, this form must be submitted to the IRS electronically for plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, with filing deadlines (not taking into account extensions) on or after July 31, 2015. Prudential Retirement will assist plan sponsors that use our Form 5500 Preparation services in the completion of Form 8955-SSA. For more information regarding Form 8955-SSA, see Prudential's <i>Compliance Bulletins</i> from August 2011 and July 2012 titled <u>IRS issues new Form 8955-SSA</u> and <u>IRS provides signature relief for Form 8955-SSA extension</u> , respectively. For information regarding electronic filing guidance, see Prudential's Compliance Bulletin from November 2014 titled <u>IRS and DOL provide additional electronic filing guidance</u> .	The last day of the seventh month following the last day of the plan year, plus extensions.
Action Date:	DB	DC		Application for a Waiver of the Minimum Funding Standard by: • a defined benefit plan; or • a money purchase pension plan (including a target benefit plan).	Plan sponsors who fail to meet the minimum funding requirements of the plan may request a waiver from the IRS. Multiemployer plans may request a waiver if they have incurred a substantial business hardship.	No later than the 15th day of the third month following the close of the plan year for which the waiver is requested. For multiemployer plans, no later than the close of the plan year following the plan year for which the waiver is requested.
Action Date:	DB			Notice of transfer of excess pension assets to retiree health benefit account.	Plan sponsors of defined benefit plans that transfer excess assets to retiree health benefit accounts must provide notice to the IRS, DOL, plan administrator and participants. The Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) extends through December 31, 2021, the ability of plan sponsors to transfer excess assets to a retiree health account. For more information, see our August 2012 <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled New law impacts single-employer defined benefit plans and our August 2012 <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> titled New law impacts defined benefit multiemployer plans.	No later than 60 days before the date of the transfer. The notice must also be available for inspection in the principal office of the plan administrator.

Status	Plan		ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 8822-B	Beginning January 1, 2014, plan sponsors must report a change in the identity of their responsible party on Form 8822-B, Change of Address or Responsible Party-Business to the IRS. For more information regarding this requirement, see our January 2014 <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> titled IRS issues Form 8822-B.	Within 60 days of the change.
Action Date:	DB	DC		Form 5308—Request for Change in Plan/ Trust Year.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the IRS.	On or before the last day of the close of the short period required to make the change. Note: Approval is automatic for defined benefit plans that meet all seven criteria listed on the form. Approval is automatic for money purchase plans, including target benefit plans, that meet all six criteria listed on the form. In these situations, the form need not be filed. Profit-sharing plans and certain other plans, including discretionary contribution plans, need not file a request for approval to change their plan year.
Action Date:	DB	DC		Forms 5310/6088/8717 filed for plans, other than multi-employer plans covered by PBGC insurance, to apply for a final determination letter upon plan termination.	Plan sponsors must file these forms with the IRS. Submission must be made on the original scannable form (no photocopies or black and white versions accepted).	The later of: (i) one year from the effective date of the termination; or (ii) one year from the date on which the action terminating the plan is adopted. However, in no event can the application be filed later than 12 months from the date of distribution of substantially all plan assets in connection with the termination of the plan. For a defined contribution plan, Form 6088 is only required if the plan is underfunded. Note: For defined benefit plans, we recommend filing these forms at the same time as filing Form 500 with the PBGC (i.e., within 180 days after the proposed termination date).
Action Date:	DB	DC		Form 5310-A filed for plans, other than multiemployer plans covered by PBGC insurance, to give notice of merger, consolidation, or transfer of plan assets or liabilities to another plan.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the IRS. Prudential can provide defined benefit plan sponsors with information to complete the form, for a fee.	No less than 30 days before the plan event. Filing is not necessary in certain situations defined by IRS regulations.

Status	Plan		n	ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC		Form 5310-A filed to give notice of Qualified Separate Lines of Business (QSLOB).	Plan sponsors must file this form with the IRS. Plan sponsors must provide information about the Qualified Separate Lines of Business (QSLOB), the employer's plan and employees assigned to the QSLOB.	Plan sponsors must file on or before the later of: a) October 15 of the year following the calendar testing year; or b) the 15th day of the tenth month after the end of the plan year of the plan of the employer that begins earliest in the calendar testing year.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Form 5330 to report excise taxes related to employee benefit plans.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the IRS.	Generally within seven months after the end of the tax year, but due date varies depending on specific excise tax incurred (e.g., the last day of the 15th month after the close of the plan year to which excess contributions or excess aggregate contributions relate). Form 5558 may be filed to request an extension of up to six months.
Action Date:	DB	DC		Advance Determinations: Receipt of an advance determination letter allows an employer to make contributions to the retirement plan with the knowledge that its deductions for those contributions will most likely be allowed if the IRS audits its tax returns. (1) Form 5300 filed to request a determination letter for qualification of an individually designed plan and the exempt status of any related trust.	Plan sponsors who seek advance determination must file this form with the IRS. Prudential prepares a completed form for defined benefit clients who elect our Plan Document Service. If applicable, Prudential provides either a completed form or an instructional package for defined contribution clients who elect our Plan Document Service. Plan sponsors must complete and file Form 5300 with the IRS to obtain a determination on a partial plan termination.	Before the end of the plan's regular, five-year remedial amendment cycle, generally determined by the last digit of the employer's Employer Identification Number (EIN). For plans where the last digit of the employer's EIN ends in a 5 or 0, the next remedial amendment cycle ends on January 31, 2016. For more information on remedial amendment cycles, see the IRS's Determinations web page at http://www.irs.gov/Retirement-Plans/Determination,-Opinion-and-Advisory-Letters . Sponsors of defined contribution plans can also see <i>Prudential's Pension Analyst</i> from July 2013 titled Next round of qualified defined contribution plan restatements is just around the corner for many plan sponsors.

Status	Plan		n	ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date://	DB	DC		(2) Form 5307 filed by an adopter of a modified volume submitter plan to request a determination letter.	Same as (1) on previous page.	The last remedial amendment cycle for defined benefit volume submitter plans began on February 1, 2013, with sponsors of those documents submitting restated documents for advisory letters.
						The second remedial amendment cycle for defined contribution volume submitter plans began on February 1, 2011, with sponsors of those documents submitting restated documents for advisory letters.
						Note: Adopters of a volume submitter plan may not be required to file this form if certain requirements are met. These plans may be able to rely on the advisory letter issued to the sponsor of the volume submitter plan. The August 2001 issue of Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> , titled IRS Issues Guidance on GUST, EGTRRA and MRD Amendments, contains details of this process.
Action Date:	DB	DC		(3) Form 8905—Certification of Intent to Adopt Pre-approved Plan.	Same as (1) on previous page.	Before the end of the applicable five-year cycle.
Action Date://	DB	DC		(4) Form 8717 (User Fee to be attached to determination letter filing).	Plan sponsors must file this form, along with the appropriate Form 5300 series form, with the IRS.	Same as (1) and (2) above.
Action Date:		DC	403(b)*	Correction of Excesses: (1) Elective Deferral Limit • For 2014: \$17,500 • For 2015: \$18,000	Plan sponsors must monitor the deferral limit. Plan sponsors must provide Prudential with direction to distribute excess deferrals. If permitted by the plan, catch-up eligible participants may have excess deferrals reclassified as catch-up contributions up to the limit for the specified year. (The age 50 catch-up limit is \$5,500 for 2014 and \$6,000 for 2015.)	Calendar-year test period—must distribute no later than April 15 of calendar year following the year in which excess deferrals occurred.

Status	Plan	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DC	(2) Excess Contribution (401(k) ADP).	Plan sponsors must test participants' contributions (excluding catch-up contributions) and make the appropriate corrections for all excess contributions. For plan sponsors who use Prudential's Compliance Testing Services, Prudential can perform the tests, and will provide plan sponsors with information regarding the correction process. Plan sponsors who do not use Prudential's Compliance Testing Services must direct Prudential to take corrective action. The actual deferral percentage (ADP) test and corrective action do not apply to plans that satisfy the requirements of a traditional safe harbor or QACA plan design.	Plan-year test period—distribution must occur within one year following the end of a plan year. A plan may correct these excess contributions by making corrective distributions of the excess contributions and related earnings. If this is done within 2½ months after the end of the plan year (within six months after the end of the plan year for certain EACA plans), the plan sponsor will avoid paying a 10% excise tax to the IRS on the amount of the excess contributions. Corrective distributions of excess contributions are taxable in the year distributed. Note that excess contributions can be recharacterized as after-tax contributions only during the period 2½ months following the end of the given plan year (or during the six months following the end of the plan year for certain EACA plans). Plan sponsors may make Qualified Nonelective Contributions (QNECs) or Qualified Matching Contributions (QMACs). However, it is virtually impossible to use these corrective contributions when the prior year non-highly compensated employee (NHCE) ADP is used. Note: Plans that allow for catch-up contributions must reclassify portions of the excess as catch-up contributions for eligible employees.

Status	Plan		n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	(3) Excess Aggregate Contributions (401(m) ACP).	Plan sponsors must test employer matching and participants' after-tax contributions and make the appropriate corrections for all excess contributions. For plan sponsors who use Compliance Testing Services, Prudential can perform the tests, and will provide plan sponsors with information regarding the correction process. Plan sponsors that do not use Compliance Testing Services must direct Prudential to take corrective action. The ACP test and corrective action do not apply to plans that satisfy the requirements of a traditional safe harbor or QACA plan design.	Plan-year test period—distribution (forfeiture of nonvested matching contributions) must occur within one year following end of plan year. A plan may correct these excess aggregate contributions by making corrective distributions of the excess amounts and related earnings. If this is done within 2½ months after the end of the plan year (within six months after the end of the plan year for certain EACA plans), the plan sponsor will avoid paying a 10% excise tax to the IRS on the amount of the excess aggregate contributions. Corrective distributions of excess aggregate contributions are taxable in the year distributed. Plan sponsors may make QNECs or QMACs. However, it is virtually impossible to use these corrective contributions when the prior year NHCE ACP is used.
Action Date:		DC	403(b)	(4) Excess Annual Additions (For 2015: the lesser of 100% of compensation or \$53,000).	Plan sponsors must monitor Code Section 415 Limits. Plan sponsors must provide Prudential with direction to distribute or otherwise correct excess annual additions.	Limitation-year test period. Correction methods may include refunding to participants, or removing from participants' accounts and using as contribution credit. Corrections should be completed as soon as possible.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Status		Pla	ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Annual Return/Report* (1) Form 5500 is filed for plans with more than one participant and some one-participant plans.	Plan sponsors are responsible for all appropriate filings for their plans. Submission must be made electronically. Prudential provides certain plan sponsors with information to assist them with the completion of the forms, attachments and schedules. Prudential provides other sponsors with a Signature-ready Form 5500 Service, which includes a completed Form 5500 and the required attachments, along with associated schedules.	Last day of the seventh month after the end of the plan year. A 2½-month extension may be requested by filing Form 5558 with the IRS before date the Form 5500 is due. This extension is automatic for all properly completed and signed Forms 5558 filed before the due date for Form 5500. If a sponsor has a single-employer plan, the above due date is automatically extended if: (a) the plan year is the same as the sponsor's tax year; and (b) the extension granted for tax return purposes covers a period beyond the due date of the annual report.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	(2) Short Form 5500 (Form 5500-SF) for certain small pension plans with secure and easy-to-value portfolios.	Same as (1) above.	Same as (1) above.
Action Date://	DB	DC	403(b)	(3) Form 5500-EZ is filed for one- participant pension benefit plans. It may also be used by certain partnership plans.	Same as (1) above.	Same as (1) above.
Action Date:/	DB	DC	403(b)	(4) Schedule A—Insurance Information.	Same as (1) above.	Same as (1) above.
Action Date:	DB			(5) Schedule SB (Single-Employer Defined Benefit Plan Actuarial Information).	Same as (1) above. Enrolled Actuary must sign Schedule SB. Prudential provides Schedule SB information for clients who have elected the Actuarial Valuation Service.	Same as (1) above.

^{*} The Form 5500 series Return/Report include information required by the IRS, DOL, and PBGC but is filed only with the DOL.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (continued)

Status		Pla	ın	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC		(6) Schedule MB (Multi-employer Defined Benefit Plan and Certain Money Purchase Plan Actuarial Information).	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report. Enrolled Actuary must sign Schedule MB for defined benefit plans. Prudential provides Schedule MB information for clients who have elected the Actuarial Valuation Service.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	(7) Schedule C—Service Provider Information.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	(8) Schedule D—Direct Filing Entity (DFE)/ Participating Plan Information (contains pooled investment arrangement information).	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report. Prudential provides the pooled separate account information necessary to complete Schedule D for clients who do not use Prudential's Signature Ready Form 5500 Service.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.
Action Date://	DB	DC	403(b)	(9) Schedule G—Financial Transaction Schedules.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	(10) Schedule H—Large Plan Financial Information. A Large Plan is a plan covering 100 or more participants, as determined at the beginning of the plan year. If the plan had 80-120 participants at the beginning of the plan year, it may be classified the same (i.e., Small or Large) as the previous year.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.	See item (1) under Annual Return/Report.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (continued)

Status	Plan		n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	(11) Schedule I—Small Plan Financial Information.	Same as (1) on page 29.	Same as (1) on page 29.
				A Small Plan is a plan covering fewer than 100 participants, as determined at the beginning of the plan year.		
				If the plan had 80-120 participants at the beginning of the plan year, it may be classified the same (i.e., Small or Large) as the previous year.		
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	(12) Schedule R—Retirement Plan Information (contains distribution, funding, coverage, and certain amendment information).	Same as (1) on page 29.	Same as (1) on page 29.
				Schedule R is filed by all defined benefit plans and by all money purchase pension plans, including target benefit plans.		
				It is also filed by all other defined contribution plans and 403(b) plans that have distributed benefits during the plan year.		
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Summary Plan Description (SPD) or booklet filing.	Within 30 days of request by the Department of Labor, plan sponsors must file the SPD with the Department of Labor. Please refer to the SPD item under "Participants and Beneficiaries" for more information.	Upon request.
					Note: Penalty imposed if not provided timely.	
Action Date:	DB	DC	403(b)	Summary description of Material Modifications (SMM) to plan filing.	Within 30 days of request by the Department of Labor, plan sponsors must file the SMM with the Department of Labor. Please refer to the SMM item under "Participants and Beneficiaries" for more information.	Upon request.
					Note: Penalty imposed if not provided timely.	

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (continued)

Status	Plan		Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB		Notice of transfer of excess pension assets to retiree health benefit account.	Plan sponsors of defined benefit plans that transfer excess assets to retiree health benefit accounts must provide notice to the IRS, DOL, plan administrator, and participants.	No later than 60 days before the date of the transfer. The notice must also be available for inspection in the principal office of the administrator.
Action Date:	DB		Notice of endangered or critical status plans.	Plan sponsors of multiemployer defined benefit plans that are in endangered or critical status for a plan year must provide notice of the plan's status to the Department of Labor. For more information regarding this notice, see Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> from June 2008 titled <u>Federal Agencies Provide Guidance Affecting Multiemployer Defined Benefit Pension Plans.</u>	Within 30 days of the certification that the plan is in endangered or critical status. The DOL has provided a model notice and guidance regarding the form and manner in which the notice is to be given.

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION

Status	Plan		1	ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB			Premium Filings (1) PBGC Form 1—Annual Premium Payment	Plan sponsors must prepare and file this form electronically with the PBGC. Prudential can provide fee-based consulting assistance upon request. For more information on the electronic premium filing rules, see our August 2006 Compliance Bulletin titled PBGC Finalizes Electronic Premium Filing Rules.	By 15th day of the ninth full calendar month following the month in which the plan year began (e.g., October 15, 2014, for plan year beginning January 1, 2014). For more information on the deadline, see Prudential's Pension Analyst from April 2014 titled PBGC issues final rules on premium payments.
Action Date:	DB			(2) Schedule A—Single- Employer Plan Variable Rate Portion of Premium.	Plan sponsors must review and file Schedule A electronically with the PBGC. Prudential prepares this schedule for clients who elect the Actuarial Valuation Service. For more information on the electronic premium filing rules, see our August 2006 <i>Compliance Bulletin</i> titled <u>PBGC Finalizes</u> <u>Electronic Premium Filing Rules</u> .	Same as PBGC Form 1.
Action Date:	DB			(3) PBGC Form 1-EZ (flat-rate premiums for plans that are exempt from the variable-rate premium).	Plan sponsors must prepare and file this form electronically with the PBGC. Prudential can provide fee-based consulting assistance upon request. For more information on the electronic premium filing rules, see our August 2006 Compliance Bulletin titled PBGC Finalizes Electronic Premium Filing Rules.	Same as PBGC Form 1.
Action Date:	DB			PBGC Form 10-Post-Event Notice of Reportable Events: (1) Reduction in number of active participants to less than 80% of number of active participants at beginning of plan year or 75% of number of active participants at beginning of prior plan year.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the PBGC. Submission may be made by mail, commercial delivery service, hand delivery or electronic transmission.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event, if present value of unfunded vested benefits equals or exceeds \$1 million. Note: These rules apply only to single-employer plans. Reporting may be waived or reporting deadline may be extended in certain situations.

Status		Plan	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB		(2) Failure to make required minimum funding payment by due date.	Same as (1) on previous page.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting is waived if the required minimum funding payment is made by the 30th day after its due date. If a Form 200 has been filed with respect to the same missed payment, the Form 200 filing satisfies this reporting requirement. Special rules apply to small plans.
Action Date:	DB		(3) Inability of plan to pay benefits when due.	Same as (1) on previous page.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting may be waived in certain situations.
Action Date:	DB		(4) Distribution of \$10,000 or more to a substantial owner, causing plan to have unfunded vested benefits.	Same as (1) on previous page.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting may be waived if total distributions made to the owner during a 12-month period do not exceed the applicable §415 limit. Other reporting waivers may apply. Reporting deadline may be extended.
Action Date:	DB		(5) Transfer, during a 12-month period, of 3% or more of total benefit liabilities from the plan or any other plan maintained by a member of the plan sponsor's controlled group to a person or plan maintained by a person that is not a member of the transferor's controlled group.	Same as (1) on previous page. Only the administrator and contributing sponsor of the transferor plan are required to file a reportable event notice.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting may be waived in certain situations.

Status		Plan	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB		(6) Transaction resulting in one or more entities ceasing to be members of the plan sponsor's controlled group (e.g., controlled group breakup, change in contributing plan sponsor, merger or consolidation within the controlled group).	Same as (1) on page 33.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting may be waived in certain situations. Reporting deadline may be extended.
Action Date:	DB		(7) Liquidation or dissolution of any member of plan sponsor's controlled group, under federal bankruptcy laws or any similar federal, state or local law.	Same as (1) on page 33.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting may be waived in certain situations. Reporting deadline may be extended.
Action Date:	DB		(8) Declaration of extraordinary dividend or stock redemption by any member of the plan sponsor's controlled group.	Same as (1) on page 33.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting may be waived in certain situations. Reporting deadline may be extended.
Action Date:	DB		(9) Application for minimum funding waiver is submitted for the plan.	Same as (1) on page 33.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event.
Action Date:	DB		(10) Default on loan with an outstanding balance of \$10 million or more by any member of plan sponsor's controlled group.	Same as (1) on page 33.	Generally, within 30 days after the person required to report knows or has reason to know of the default. Note: Reporting is waived if payment is made within 30 days after the due date. Other reporting waivers may apply. Reporting deadline may be extended.

Status	Plan		n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB			(11) Bankruptcy or insolvency of plan sponsor or any member of its controlled group.	Same as (1) on page 33.	Generally, within 30 days after knowledge of the event. Note: Reporting is waived if affected controlled group member is a foreign entity other than a foreign parent. Reporting deadline may be extended until 30 days after a person required to notify PBGC has actual knowledge of the reportable event, if the controlled group member is not a contributing sponsor.
Action Date:	DB			PBGC Form 10-Advance—Advance Notice of Reportable Events: (1) Transaction resulting in one or more entities ceasing to be members of the plan sponsor's controlled group (e.g., controlled group breakup, change in contributing plan sponsor, merger or consolidation within the controlled group).	Plan sponsors must file this form with the PBGC. Submission may be made by mail, commercial delivery service, hand delivery, or electronic transmission.	Generally, no later than 30 days before the effective date of the event. Note: Reporting may be waived in certain situations.
Action Date:	DB			(2) Liquidation or dissolution of any member of plan sponsor's controlled group, under federal bankruptcy laws or any similar federal, state, or local law.	Same as (1) above.	Same as (1) above.
Action Date:	DB			(3) Declaration of extraordinary dividend or stock redemption by any member of the plan sponsor's controlled group.	Same as (1) above.	Same as (1) above.
Action Date:	DB			(4) Transfer, during a 12-month period, of 3% or more of total benefit liabilities from the plan or any other plan maintained by a member of the plan sponsor's controlled group to a person or plan maintained by a person that is not a member of the transferor's controlled group.	Same as (1) above.	Generally, no later than 30 days before the effective date of the event. Note: Reporting is waived for complete plan transfers and transfers involving fully funded plans. Reporting may be waived in certain other situations.

Status		Pla	1	ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date://	DB			(5) Application for minimum funding waiver is submitted for the plan.	Same as (1) on previous page.	Within 10 days after the reportable event has occurred.
Action Date:	DB			(6) Default on loan with an outstanding balance of \$10 million or more by any member of plan sponsor's controlled group.	Same as (1) on previous page.	This reporting deadline is extended to the later of: (a) 10 days after the default occurs; or (b) one day after: • the applicable cure period provided in the loan agreement;
						• the date the loan was accelerated; or
						 the date the debtor receives written notice of the default.
						Reporting is waived if the default is cured or waived by the lender within 10 days.
Action Date://	DB			(7) Bankruptcy or insolvency of plan sponsor or any member of its controlled group.	Same as (1) on previous page.	Within 10 days after the reportable event has occurred.
Action Date:	DB			Report of withdrawal of substantial employer from single-employer plan with at least two contributing sponsors that are not members of the same controlled group (contains a request for determining withdrawing employer's liability).	Plan sponsors are responsible for reporting this information to the PBGC.	Within 60 days after event.
Action Date:	DB			Report of facility shutdown or cessation of operations causing a permanent end of operations at one facility and more than a 15 percent reduction in the total number of employees eligible to participate in any of the employer's retirement plans.	Plan sponsors are responsible for reporting this information to the PBGC.	Within 60 days after event.

Status		Plan	ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB		Annual Financial and Actuarial Information Reporting.	Actuarial and financial information for controlled groups must be submitted if any plan within a controlled group has a funding target attainment percentage at the end of the preceding plan year that is less than 80%. For more information, please see Prudential's Compliance Advisory from June 2009 titled PBGC issues final regulations on reporting by underfunded plans.	No later than 105 days after the close of the filer's information year. An extension is possible for certain required actuarial information until 15 days after the Form 5500 filing deadline.
Action Date:	DB		Notice of endangered or critical status plans.	Plan sponsors of multiemployer defined benefit plans that are in endangered or critical status for a plan year must provide notice of the plan's status to the PBGC. For more information regarding this notice, see Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled from June 2008 Federal Agencies Provide Guidance Affecting Multiemployer Defined Benefit Pension Plans.	Within 30 days of the certification that the plan is in endangered or critical status. The DOL has provided a model notice and guidance regarding the form and manner in which the notice is to be given.
Action Date:	DB		Annual Funding Notice.	Plan sponsors of single-employer and multiemployer defined benefit plans must provide an annual funding notice to the PBGC. Sponsors of single-employer defined benefit plans can find more information on plan funding notices in our April 2013 Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> titled <u>DOL issues guidance on MAP-21 funding notice</u> , and sponsors of multiemployer plans can find more information on plan funding notices in our Prudential's <i>Pension Analyst</i> from April 2009 titled <u>DOL issues model PPA annual funding notice</u> . Additional information may be found in Prudential's Pension Analyst from August 2014 titled <u>Highway and Transportation Funding Act of 2014 extends MAP-21 interest rates</u> .	Generally, within 120 days of the end of the plan year to which it relates. In the case of a small plan (i.e., a plan covering fewer than 100 participants), the notice must be provided by the filing due date of the annual Form 5500.
Action Date:	DB		Notice of intent to terminate plan—Standard termination: (1) Form 500—Standard Termination Notice, Schedule EA-S Certification of Sufficiency and Schedule REP-S Designation of Representative (if applicable).	Plan sponsors must file this form with the PBGC.	Within 180 days after proposed termination date. Note: To qualify for an extended distribution deadline, Form 500 should be filed with the PBGC at the same time or after the plan administrator submits a request to the IRS for a determination letter.

Status		Pla	n	Item	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB			(2) Form 501 & Schedule MP— Post-Distribution Certification for Standard Terminations and Missing Participant (MP) Information.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the PBGC.	Within 30 days of completion of all distributions. However, there is no penalty for late filing if the certification is filed within 90 days after the distribution.
Action Date:	DB			(3) List of annuity providers.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the PBGC.	If information is not available when notice of intent to terminate plan is filed, a supplemental notice must be sent no later than 45 days before date of distribution. Plan administrators must also inform participants about state guarantees on their benefits if the annuity provider had financial problems.
Action Date:	DB			Distress Termination: (1) Form 600—Distress Termination Notice of Intent to Terminate and Schedule REP-D Designation of Representative (if applicable).	Plan sponsors must file Form 601 and Schedule EA-D with the PBGC.	At least 60 days, but not more than 90 days before proposed termination date. This form may not be filed before the notice of intent to terminate is issued to affected participants.
Action Date:	DB			(2) Notice of Request to Bankruptcy Court to Approve Termination.	Plan sponsors must notify the PBGC of requests made to Bankruptcy Court to approve plan termination based on reorganization test.	At the same time the request is submitted to the Bankruptcy Court.
Action Date:	DB			(3) Form 601—Distress Termination Notice and Schedule EA-D Distress Termination Enrolled Actuary Certification.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the PBGC.	Within 120 days after proposed termination date.
Action Date:	DB			(4) Form 602 & Schedule MP— Post-Distribution Certification and Missing Participant Information.	Plan sponsors must complete this form and file it with the PBGC.	Within 30 days after distribution of assets is completed. The PBGC may assess a penalty of up to \$1,100 per day for failure to provide this information. However, there is no penalty for late filing if the certification is filed within 90 days after all plan benefits are distributed.

Status		Plan		ltem	Action/Support	When Due
Action Date:	DB			Form 200—Notification of failure to make contribution to a single-employer plan covered by ERISA when unpaid pension payments, including interest, exceed \$1 million.	Plan sponsors must file this form with the PBGC. Submission may be made by mail, commercial delivery service, hand delivery, or electronic transmission.	Within 10 days of missed payment.

NOTES



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