Speed and Velocity

Read from Lesson 1 of the Circular and Satellite Motion chapter at The Physics Classroom:

http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/circles/u6l1a.html

MOP Connection: Circular Motion and Gravitation: sublevel 1

Review:

- A quantity that is fully described by magnitude alone is a ______ quantity. A quantity that is fully described by both magnitude and direction, is a ______ quantity.
 a. scalar, vector
 b. vector, scalar
- Speed is a _____ quantity. Velocity is a _____ quantity.
 a. scalar, vector b. vector, scalar c. scalar, scalar d. vector, vector
- 3. State the equation for calculating the average speed of an object:

Circular Motion:

4. An object that moves uniformly in a circle can have a constant ______ but a changing

a. speed, velocity b. velocity, speed

- 5. The direction of a velocity vector is always _____. Circle all that apply.
 - a. in the same direction as the net force that acts upon it
 - b. in the opposite direction as the net force that acts upon it
 - c. in the same direction as the object is moving
 - d. in the opposite direction as the object is moving
 - e. ... none of these!
- 6. True or False:

The direction of the velocity vector of an object at a given instant in time depends on whether the object is speeding up or slowing down.

- 7. For an object moving in uniform circular motion, the velocity vector is directed _____.
 - a. radially inwards towards the center of the circle
 - b. radially outwards away from the center of the circle
 - c. in the direction of the tangent line drawn to the circle at the object's location
- 8. Use your average speed equation to determine the speed of (Given: Circumference = 2•PI•R) a. ... a rider on a carousel ride that makes a complete revolution around the circle (diameter = 21.2meter) in 17.3 seconds. **PSYW**

b. ... your clothes that are plastered to the wall of the washing machine during the *spin* cycle. The clothes make a complete revolution around a 61.9-cm diameter circle in 0.285 seconds. **PSYW**

9. A roller coaster car is traveling over the crest of a hill and is at the location shown. A side view is shown at the right. Draw an arrow on the diagram to indicate the direction of the velocity vector.

