

Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature

—An Open Letter to *Nature* (Part XLVIII)

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The Hanly War (IX): Drowning in the Ocean of Scandals (I): The Plagiarism Scandal

【Abstract】

As I have stated at the beginning of this series, the Hanly War was Fang's Waterloo. However, differing from Napoleon who was defeated by his enemies in the battleground, Fang's defeat was essentially a process of self-destruction. Specifically, Fang was defeated not only by his evildoings against Han Han, which I have demonstrated before and will continue to demonstrate later, but also by the frauds and crimes he committed long before the Hanly War. In some sense and to some extent, Fang was struggling in the ocean of his own scandals in the entire duration of the Hanly War: because of the popularity of Han Han and the enthusiasm of his fans, Fang's shameful and hateful secrets became known to more and more people, which led to only one possible result – his complete credit bankruptcy. In this part of the *Open Letter to Nature*, several stories about Fang's struggling in his plagiarism scandals in the early stage of the Hanly War are told.

【Contents】

Prelude to the Climax

1. Building the Bomb and Digging the Hole
2. The Secret about Fang's Invincibility
3. Burnt by His Own Fire
4. A Suicidal Stealing

The Serial Explosions after the Spring Festival

1. The Explosion of Yi Hua Case
 - (1) The Origin of a Bomb
 - (2) The Detonation
 - (3) The Futile Rescue Effort by a Handful of Fang-lovers
2. The Explosion of Wu Han Case
3. The Big Bang

- (1) The Blast
- (2) The Response
- (3) The Source of Power

The Human Race Explosion

1. The Origin of Races
2. Migration to China
3. Third Time's a Charm

Uncle Bob Coming to Town

1. An Old Issue
2. Ms. He Nan Revived the Old Issue

- (1) The Rising Star among the Fang-haters
- (2) A Challenge Fang Won't Accept
- (3) The Newest Version of Fang's Last Strategy

4. Fang Responded, Finally and Kind of

- (1) The Unstoppable Wind
- (2) The Wavering Tree

5. Backfired

Aftermath

Appendix: Fang Zhouzi Clarifies That He Didn't Commit Plagiarism in his Works

Notes

Prelude to the Climax

As having been stated previously^[1], the Hanly War was essentially over by the end of January, 2012, because except for Fangangsters and the ardent Han-haters, almost no one else in China believed Fang's 'questioning,' "reasoning," or his so called "evidence." For example, an online survey conducted from Jan. 20 to Jan. 27, 2012, showed that Han Han was supported by the overwhelming majority of white collar workers^[2]. Another survey conducted one week later essentially confirmed the previous result^[3].

Fang Zhouzi vs. Han Han: which side do your coworkers in the office support?

参与人数

方舟子VS韩寒, 你的办公室同事支持哪一方?



观察网 的投票

15,119

该投票已于2012年01月27日 15:41结束 | 单选

+加关注

你的办公室同事们对韩寒和方舟子的争论是神马态度? 本调查主要针对写字楼里的白领, 其他群体人士请稍后。



White collar office workers support Han Han overwhelmingly

The result of an online survey initiated on Jan. 20, 2012, and ended one week later showed that most office workers in China supported Han Han before Fang even had the chance to start his disastrous “new season.” The survey was participated by 15,119 Weibo accounts.

Were Han Han's articles ghostwritten?

参与人数

韩寒的文章是否有人代笔



一毛不拔大师 的投票

40,507

该投票已于2012年02月04日 20:49结束 | 单选

+加关注



Unwavering

An online survey initiated on Jan. 28, 2012, and ended on Feb. 4, 2012, a time period when Fang was fully engaged in his “new season” campaign, showed that Han Han’s support rate was essentially unchanged. The survey was participated by 40,507 Weibo accounts.

Further, most Chinese people had already realized by then that Fang’s “fraud fighting” is not only as fraudulent as any fraud could be, but also more, much more, evil than most people could ever imagine. Also, by the end of January, Fang had essentially run out of his “scientific” ammunitions, namely, Fang had tried every tactic which he had been using against his other enemies before to topple Han Han, but his victory was still unperceivable. On the contrary, every sign showed that Fang was entering into a disaster.

However, even so, Fang’s attack on Han Han has never stopped; and before moving his battleground from weibo.com to sohu.com on August 13, 2012, Han Han was indeed Fang’s major target in his so

called “anti-fraud crusade,” a phrase Fang’s thugs^[4] and some Western media^[5] had been, and still is^[6], using to characterize Fang’s fraudulent fraud fighting.

So, how could, and how did, Fang fight his Hanly War after he had been defeated? The answers to the questions are extremely important and critical to know and understand Fang and his “phenomenon,” so in this and the following few parts of the *Open Letter to Nature*, I’ll try to tell these stories roughly based on the chronological order, so you could get a fuller picture.

1. Building the Bomb and Digging the Hole

As having been told previously, to stop other people from publicly supporting Han Han, Fang pretended that the reason he hadn’t presented any evidence to substantiate his allegation against Han Han was that he was digging up a gigantic hole to bury Han Han and his supporters^[7]. However, the fact is, while Fang was pretending to dig his hole, he actually opened up an even larger hole which was dug up by the Fang-haters long before, and Fang would be the only person standing at the bottom of the double-hole and never able to get out of it.

Since September, 2007, I have been systematically studying Fang and the social phenomenon associated with him. Briefly, before the Hanly War, I had demonstrated with indisputable evidences that Fang’s “science popularization” is nothing but scifooling^[8]; his superficial knowledge in the humanities is nothing but stealing and pretending^[9]; and more importantly, his fraud fighting is nothing but personal attacking and revenging^[10], or fulfilling his political assignments^[11]. However, it took me more than 3 years to realize that Fang’s tenderest spot is his plagiarist history: On October 16, 2010, one day after I announced that I’d report his plagiarism of Dr. Root-Bernstein to the Michigan State University and the *Science* magazine, Fang suddenly revealed my identity on his website, obviously trying to instigate his followers to launch a smearing campaign against me^[12]. Fang’s revelation showed not only his complete lack of honesty and integrity, because he had promised to the Chinese public numerous times that he would never reveal the identity of the contributors to his New Threads, it also showed what was the thing of which Fang scared the most, because for the past three years he had been trying his best to cover up Yi Ming’s identity, pretending that he didn’t know who I am, so that he could create and spread various rumors to discredit me and my writings. Therefore, from that very moment on, I vowed that I’d dig up Fang’s plagiarism history^[13], and soon I constructed “*The Database of Fang Zhouzi’s Plagiarisms*”^[14] and compiled “*Chronicle and Demonstration of Fang Zhouzi’s Plagiarism and Copyright Infringement.*”^[15]

方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱

*Chronicle and Demonstration of Fang Zhouzi's
Plagiarism and Copyright Infringement*



亦明 编著

The lethal weapon

Although the fact that Fang is a habitual plagiarist had been known to me long before October, 2010, I didn't realize the extensiveness of Fang's plagiarism until he launched a sudden attack on me on Oct. 16, 2010, right after my announcement that I was going to report one of his plagiarism cases to his alma mater. Consequently,

I began to study Fang's plagiarist history, and the result of the study is the *Database of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarisms* (upper, showing the interface) and the *Chronicle and Demonstration of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarism*

and Copyright Infringement (lower, showing the cover). The two documents would become one of the deadliest weapons against Fang in the Hanly War.

2. The Secret about Fang's Invincibility

Although the anti-Fang weapons had been prepared long before the start of the Hanly War, they were mainly known to overseas Chinese, and the majority of Chinese people living in the mainland China were still deceived by Fang's shameless self-promotion and the propaganda by the traditional news media which were, and still are, tightly controlled by the Chinese government.

Fang's deceiving mask was seriously challenged in 2011 when a few newspapers started to report Fang's, as well as his wife's, plagiarism cases, and *Guangzhou Daily* even declared that Fang's era had ended by then^[16]. However, to many people's surprise and dismay, Fang managed to survive the crises. How come?



Succumbed to the despotic power

On April 1, 2011, *Guangzhou Daily* reported the news about the *Comprehensive Investigation on the Alleged Plagiarisms Committed by Fang Zhouzi*, which was published on the previous day by *Legal Weekly*. However, apparently due to the open threat by Fang and the behind-the-scenes intervention by the upper level, the newspaper dared not to show the report on its website. The image above to the left shows that the title of the report was intentionally faded on the page image of the newspaper; and the image to the right shows that the text of the report didn't show up.

There were several reasons for Fang's unthinkable endurance.

First of all, at that time, Fang's backstage bosses, such as the Propaganda Czar [Li Changchun](#) and the Security Czar [Zhou Yongkang](#), were still in power, and they did exert their prowess to support Fang. For example, on April 8, 2011, a little more than a week after his plagiarist history was reported by *Legal Weekly*, Fang was invited jointly by the Organization Department and the Party School of Hangzhou CCP to deliver a speech to "Hangzhou's leading cadres and civil servants" on "scientific literacy."^[17] It was unheard of, and probably will never be heard again, that a vice provincially ranked CCP organization in China invited an unemployed "overseas Chinese" who was just being caught in a scandal to lecture their leading cadres. And Fang did seize the opportunity to defend his own plagiarism, and he also absolved his wife, because, according to him, sometimes, the frauds committed by students were coerced^[18].

Seven months later, not long after having been broiled in the scandal of plagiarizing Dr. Root-Bernstein, Fang, along with his buddy Sima Nan, was praised by Mr. Li Changchun for “sharing the sorrow with the Party” in front of the entire body of the Xinhua News Agency^[19]. That’s why both Fang and his wife continued to work for and get paid from Chinese government despite the scandals.

当前位置： 杭州网>>杭网原创>>原创新闻

如何辨别“伪科学” 方舟子给你支招

2011-04-08 18:14 杭州网



方舟子

最近，世界有些不太平。从日本地震、海啸、核泄漏引起全球关注，碘盐风波也刚刚过去不久。“是科学素养的问题，造成了对未知的、看不见、摸不着的东西的恐慌。”方舟子说。

今天上午，市委组织部、市科协、市委党校举办“杭州市领导干部和公务员科学素质专题报告会”，请来“打假斗士”方舟子作了个题目叫《科学时代的伪科学》讲座。那么究竟如何辨别科学和伪科学呢？方舟子现场支了很多招。

The Grand Master

While being entangled in a scandal, Fang was invited by the government of Hangzhou City to teach the city's cadres a lesson on how to identify pseudoscience.

文体

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星期四

2011年4月28

梦语琴声

后院起火,不能否定方舟子

近日,“打假斗士”方舟子后院起火——他的妻子、新华社高级记者刘菊花被网友揭露存在严重的论文抄袭剽窃问题,她当年的硕士论文答辩委员会主席陈力丹教授亦表态,如果问题属实,将通过一定程序撤销其硕士学位。消息传出,舆论大哗,认为这对方舟子的“打假”形成极大讽刺,并由此质疑方舟子“打假”的公信力和合法性。

方舟子“打假”四处出击,为什么对自己妻子的问题视而不见?这样的质疑,当然有一定的道理。事实上,这几年来,方舟子在“打假”过程中也出现了一些问题,影响了其公众形象。不过,更公平一点说,方舟子没有对妻子进行“打假”,并不一定说明他袒护妻子,更不能得出其“打假”一定缺乏诚意的结论。他妻子的论文写于10年前,而且是一篇硕士学位论文,本身关注度不高,很容易被忽略。况且,对方舟子来说,“灯下黑”的可能性比较大。再进一步说,如果方舟子是拿工资的专职“打假”公务员,那么,出现这样的问题一定不能原谅,他应该“引咎辞职”,但方舟子只是一个民间“打假斗士”,我们没有必要“上纲上线”。

“打假斗士”方舟子的妻子论文抄袭剽窃,也从一个侧面说明了学术不端问题的严重性。有人说,如今要想找到没有抄袭剽窃问题的论文,似乎不是一件容易的事情。据不完全统计,现在的论文造假产业已

达到了10亿元左右的规模,学术不端已经成为普遍的社会问题。细究起来,这涉及到学术态度、学术道德、学术体制等多个方面。令人遗憾的是,由于学术界普遍的浮躁、堕落与失范,学术不端问题层出不穷、花样百出。正是在这样的背景下,方舟子“打假”虽然左冲右突,但势单力薄,显得“孤独”而“悲壮”。

方舟子妻子论文抄袭剽窃被揭露出来之后,很多人对此进行了多方面的阐释。有人说方舟子“打假”缺乏公信力和合法性,有网友甚至建议方舟子离婚,以此表明“疾恶如仇”的决绝态度。事实上,方舟子多年“打假”,在一些具体的事件中,凭确凿的证据和坚决的态度,已经建立起了不容否认的公信力。况且,“打假”是公民的权利、义务,只要用事实说话,并且言之有理,也就拥有了合法性。至于网友“建议”方舟子离婚,如果不是戏谑之举,就显得“别有用心”了,婚姻是方舟子的私事,外人没有权利说三道四。

“打假斗士”方舟子的妻子出现论文抄袭剽窃问题,令人遗憾,但我们不能以此否认方舟子打假的实际贡献和象征意义。在如今的社会背景下,方舟子不但以个人的力量维护学术尊严,还激励着越来越多的人激浊扬清,因而,尽管不是十全十美,但他不可或缺。

原萍雨

Desperation

On April 28, 2011, one day after *Legal Weekly* published a report on the plagiarism committed by Fang's wife Liu Juhua, entitled *Fang Zhouzi's Backyard on Fire, Wife's Master's Degree Thesis alleged Plagiarism*, Nanjing-based *Xinhua Daily* published a commentary entitled *Backyard Fire Shouldn't be Used to Negate Fang Zhouzi*.

Secondly, as mentioned above, unlike the internet, on which news about Fang and his wife's plagiarism scandals was rampant like wild fires, the print media in China, except for a few, were reluctant to report any negative news about Fang, mainly because of the tight governmental control and Fang's open and repeated threats with lawsuits. Therefore, those Chinese people who relied upon traditional news media for information would continue to believe that Fang was a genuine fraud fighter, and Fang's dirty history was fabricated by the Fang-haters out of revenge.

Last but not least, Fang's vicious attack on the public intellectuals, – the Hanly War was just its continuation -, had indeed successfully diverted people's attention from Fang's own scandals.

3. Burnt by His Own Fire

However, Fang's tactic of distraction, which had been used by him frequently and repeatedly since the outbreak of his plagiarism of Dr. Root-Bernstein in October, 2010^[20], began to backfire in the middle of 2011. Namely, those public intellectuals who were attacked by Fang started fighting back with the weapons manufactured by the Fang-haters. For example, by using an image stolen by Fang for his book, Dr. Sun Haifeng essentially silenced Fang's ferocious barking at him in May 2011 (See ^[21], and below). Similarly, by reposting Dr. Root-Bernstein's open letter to Fang, denouncing his plagiarism, Professor He Weifang of Peking University successfully scared away Fang's poisonous biting of him in August, 2011^[12].



Instant result

On August 19, 2011, after having been attacked by Fang Zhouzi for more than a month, Professor He Weifang of Peking University finally picked up an arsenal made by Fang-haters to fight back, reposting on his Weibo one of Dr. Root-Bernstein's open letters on Fang's plagiarism. Fang's attack on Professor He stopped almost instantaneously.

On January 14, 2012, after a month-long exhaustive fight against Fang, Mr. Luo Yonghao, a public intellectual who had, and probably still has, a love-hate complex towards Fang, finally picked up Fang-haters' arsenal too:

“Going back to America to popularize science? Are you kidding? All of Fang Zhouzi’s science popularization writings are ‘compilation and translation’ of articles written by American, although such an activity is beneficial to Chinese whose scientific literacy is backward, what is the usefulness of his articles in their original country?”^[22]



The strike which punched Fang Zhouzi into biting Han Han

On Jan. 14, 2012, after being pestered by Fang Zhouzi for nearly a month, Mr. Luo Yonghao finally picked up the dog-beating stick manufactured by Fang-haters to fend off Fang Zhouzi, saying that all of his science popularization articles are “‘compilation and translation’ of articles written by American.” Before that time, Mr. Luo Yonghao had been refusing to denounce Fang’s plagiarism, and he had even cursed those people who exposed the plagiarism committed by Fang’s wife. Note: the screenshot was captured on Jan. 14, 2012, at that time Luo Yonghao had 1.3 million followers. As of May 7, 2015, the number is about 11.4 million.

Four days later, Fang entered into the Hanly War. That’s why I have said that Luo was responsible for Han Han’s being the victim of Fang’s malevolent biting: Luo essentially forced Fang to bite the weaker opponents^[23]. Put it in another way: Fang’s attack on Han Han was the continuation of his strategy of surviving the plagiarism crises, i.e. by continuously attacking people to pretend to be an anti-fraud hero, Fang thought the onlookers won’t believe that he could commit fraud himself. The only problem is, this time, Fang’s luck ran out: not only because Han Han has a huge fan base, but also because his fans, unlike those pretentious and hypocritical public intellectuals, are young, keen, enthusiastic, and energetic. Fang’s fraudulent fraud busting did nothing but motivate and energize the post-1980 generation.

4. A Suicidal Stealing

On Jan. 21, 2012, Fang stole a post on tianya.cn to write his first article in the “Genius Han Han” series, “*Genius Han Han’s Proficiency in Literature and History*.” As the story having been told previously^[24], Fang’s stealing was immediately caught by a female Weibo user, and the news spread further after Mr. Luo Yonghao questioned Fang directly and Fang denied the charge. In the evening of that day, I wrote my *Tealer Fang Steals Always* to demonstrate that Fang’s entire article was a plagiarism. On the next day, Mr. Wang Jiamin (web ID Marila or Maruila) made the article into an image file (“long-microblog”), and posted it on weibo.com with a comment mimicking one of Fang’s anti-Han comments:

“This article is also well written, much more talented than @Fang Zhouzi - the last sentence is intended to prod Fang The Invincible.”^[25]

Mr. Wang's post was reposted for more than 200 times, thus Fang was notified the existence of the post at least that many times also. The funny thing is, one of Fang's thugs believed the article was a slanderous rumor, so he informed Fang three times in 6 minutes by @Fang Zhouzi. Even so, the future John Maddox Prize winner would still adopted his "last strategy" strenuously, pretending to be blind or deaf or even dead. Here are a few comments by the Weibo users on Mr. Wang's post:

"This is really a textual research paper with rationality and evidence, the little things you [referring Fang] are entangling can be called speculations at most; they even cannot be called excuses. It is the holiday season, please say less cold jokes and suffer less. Your ancestors won't be happy with your tactic of digging ancestral graves. @Teacher Fang Zhouzi!"^[26]

"There is such an advanced and profound discipline like Fangology in Mainland China? Teacher Fang will for sure deny it, I don't know, I don't know."^[27]

"Eunuch Fang has been always turning his cross-eyes away from Yi Ming's articles; he even dares not to take a look at them. Liu Juhua's plagiarism was documented under Yi Ming's leadership; Eunuch Fang's own plagiarism was mainly documented by Yi Ming. Eunuch Fang has been saying that he would spare no one; however, even if he has dug out Yi Ming's real name Ge Xin and his residential address, he still dares not to respond to Yi Ming's articles, let alone suing Yi Ming. His only ability is to pretend to be a low-key."^[28]

"Actually Fang Zhouzi will be selectively blind, and he will for sure not see this one, and then he'll declare his own victory."^[29]



An explosion of Fang-hater's bomb in the Hanly War

Upper: the screenshot of the post of my article *Tealer Fang Steals Always* by Mr. Wang Jiamin on weibo.com.

In his comment, Mr. Wang informed Fang the post by putting an @ symbol in front of Fang's name (red underline). Theoretically, each reposting of the post will send the message to Fang simultaneously. By Feb.5, 2012, Mr. Wang's post had generated at least 207 reposts (red box), so Fang was informed at least that many times (red arrow line). Lower: apparently disbelieving the content of the article, a Fangangsters "Small Fish in Aries" (白羊座的小鱼儿 2) made three comments on the post in the first 15 minutes of its appearance, yelling "Rumor is coming!" "Come to spread the rumor again!" At the same time, he informed Fang the existence of the post (red underline). Please note that the image of my article was shortened by me so that the size of the screenshot is manageable.

The Serial Explosions after the Spring Festival

Jan. 23, 2012, was the Chinese New Year, or Spring Festival. On that day, Fang "gave the father and the son of Han family a Spring Festival break"^[30], and he resumed his attack on Han Han and his family right on the next day by publishing his second article in the "Genius Han Han" series, "*Genius*" *Han Han's Writing Ability*. Unfortunately for Fang, his misfortune resumed its course on that day also.

1. The Explosion of Yi Hua Case

In the evening of Jan. 24, 2012, a Weibo user with a web ID "antibitchfang," which was later changed to "狗仔" (quǎn zhōu jué, Doggy Fang Zhouzi), made another article of mine, *Demonstration that Fang Zhouzi Plagiarized Yi Hua's Ginseng Worship*^[31], into an image file, and posted it on weibo.com.

(1) The Origin of a Bomb

The article posted by that antibitchfang was originally published in the *Legal Weekly* on April 13, 2011, as the second part of its *Comprehensive Investigation on the Alleged Plagiarisms Committed by Fang Zhouzi*, entitled *Demonstration that Fang Zhouzi's History and Reality of American Ginseng is a Plagiarism*^[32]. In the article, I alleged that Fang, in his article *History and Reality of American Ginseng*, originally written and published in 2003 but published numerous times later, plagiarized an article entitled *Ginseng Worship*, published in 1998 by Dr. Yi Hua (易华), a research fellow in the Institute of Nationality Studies at Chinese Academy of Social Sciences. The ironclad evidences for Fang's plagiarism are eight mistakes Fang made in his *History and Reality of American Ginseng*, which are the same as those made by Dr. Yi Hua in his *Ginseng Worship*, therefore demonstrating that it is mathematically impossible for Fang to write his article independently. Of course Fang didn't mention Yi Hua's name or his article anywhere in his article. As a matter of fact, Fang has never mentioned Yi Hua's name or his article.

Although the plagiarism was only one of dozens of Fang's such thieveries known at that time, its significance was much bigger than the others, because that it was one of only a few cases in which Fang wrote and published an article almost entirely based on a Chinese article written by other people. And before that time, Fang's major argument used to defend himself against plagiarism allegations had almost always been that the person making such an allegations or the news media reporting such a case was fooling other people who don't know English. For example, on Feb. 16, 2011, Dr. Pan Haidong posted the following message on Weibo:

"Ge Xin who lives in Columbia in the state of South Carolina of the United States alleges that

Fang Zhouzi's article *The Misreading of IQ* is a plagiarism. One of the plagiarized objects is *The Mismeasure of Man* by Gould, the deceased professor of Harvard University and renowned scholar in history of science. The other object is *Yes, we have no neutrons*, by Dewdney, a mathematics professor at the University of Western Ontario in Canada. He questions where Fang Zhouzi got his knowledge? I didn't examine carefully, hope it is not a plagiarism."^[33]

Dr. Pan Haidong received his Ph. D. degree from the Boston University in 2004, and he founded hudong.com, a for-profit-only version of Chinese Wikipedia, in the next year. Just less than two months before he posted the above message, Pan, via his hudong.com, awarded Fang the title "Knowledge China Person of the Year 2010"^[34]. And this Pan would hire Fang as his company's Chief Scientific Adviser in July 2012^[35]. Needless to say, Pan and Fang belong to the same camp. So, how did Fang respond to his sponsor's questioning? Here it is:

"Xiao Chuanguo's gunman Yi Ming (Ge Xin) has written articles with more than a million characters to attack me, and he has already 'demonstrated' by quoting out of context that dozens of my science popularization articles are plagiarisms, and he is enjoying himself by attempting to demonstrate that all of my science popularization articles are plagiarisms. What he does is just for the purpose of fooling those people who don't know English and who confuse science popularization articles with academic papers. I and other people have already refuted [the allegations] a long time ago. Unexpectedly, even Pan Haidong is skeptical and spreading the rumor, which makes me have to respond one more time."^[36]

However, 9 days later, the very plagiarism case was reported by *Shenzhen Economic Daily*, which was the first time when a print medium in China reports Fang's dirty history, thus Fang "had to respond" for [a few] more times. Here is one of his responses:

"For many years, Yi Ming (Ge Xin) has been accusing me every day that all of my science popularization articles are plagiarisms. If I respond to every one of his accusations, how can I have time to do my proper job? There is an e-friend who did analyses before on how Yi Ming slandered me by cheating those who don't know English: see: *Yi Ming's Ignorance and Vexatiousness*, <http://t.cn/hCyROa>, and *Whether It Is Fang Zhouzi's Fault if Fang Expert Yi Ming Does Not Understand a Popular Science Article?* <http://t.cn/h4msBa>."^[37]

One month later, *Legal Weekly* published their first "*Comprehensive Investigation on the Alleged Plagiarisms Committed by Fang Zhouzi*." Here is the announcement made by Mr. Guo Guosong (郭国松), the chief executive editor of the newspaper, on his Weibo:

"Today, our newspaper is using 4 full pages to publish *The Comprehensive Investigation on the Alleged Plagiarisms Committed by Fang Zhouzi*. Before the final proof was signed, Fang Zhouzi's lawyer sent his 'Attorney's Warning Letter' to us, and he did his best to intimidate us, attempting to stop the publication. Maybe Fang Zhouzi didn't realize that I am not scared of such intimidation at all, and we have published the complete text of the 'Attorney's Warning Letter.' I am warning Fang Zhouzi here: any person who plays with fire will suffer its consequence!"^[38]

Among thousands of comments, the following one was made by a Fang-lover:

"Fuck! Attached so much English, bullying the ordinary Chinese people who don't know foreign language. Why didn't you ask a neutral translation agency to translate it, and then attach it as a comparison?"^[39]

And Fang singled out that comment from the thousands of comments to make his own comment:

“The very purpose of the tabloid is to fool you guys who don’t know English. If [they have it] translated, how could they fool other people?”^[40]

Till this day, more than four years later, the unemployed Fang, whose “proper job” in the past 17 years, since 1998, has been stealing and attacking other people on the internet on daily basis, or in the words of the John Maddox Prize organizer and sponsors, “[standing-up for science](#)” and “[root\[ing\] out the fakers](#),” has yet to find time to stand up for himself by simply translating the English back into Chinese to un-fool his foreign-language-illiterate followers.

Therefore, it was very important to smash Fang’s major, though really stupid, defensive line by demonstrating that Fang Zhouzi has plagiarized not only English articles, but also Chinese articles. And my *Demonstration that Fang Zhouzi Plagiarized Yi Hua’s Ginseng Worship* was perfect match to serve that purpose. Indeed, since the publication of the article on April 13, 2011, Fang has never defended himself, or refuted me, on that case. As a matter of fact, many people, especially Fang-lovers, had indeed asked him to do so. Here are the conversations between Fang and two Fang-lovers on April 13, 2011:

Fang-lover 1: “This is the second shot by *Legal Weekly*, and they invited Master Yi Ming as their special correspondent. It looks that Guo Guosong is going to fight you to the end. *Comprehensive Investigation on the Alleged Plagiarisms Committed by Fang Zhouzi, II. Demonstration that Fang Zhouzi’s History and Reality of American Ginseng is a Plagiarism.* These people are confounding the concepts, fooling the people who read the title only. Be sure to sue them for defamation.”^[41]

Fang: “The lawyer went to file the lawsuit last week, due to procedural issue, the process is slowed a little bit. They probably also want to invite Yi Ming to report that my poems are plagiarism also.”^[42]

Fang-lover 2: “Mr. Fang Zhouzi, have you ever defended yourself by refuting this article? I’d like to hear Fang Zhouzi’s own opinion.”^[43]

Fang: “Any person with a normal brain won’t believe what Yi Ming has written, what do I need to refute it for? By using the similar method [used by Yi Ming], you can demonstrate any science popularization article, or even any article, is a plagiarism.”^[44]

Fang-lover 2: “Mr. Fang had better make a refutation, such a language like ‘brain is abnormal’ is obviously not what you are good at. What you are good at is meticulous logical reasoning. The comment by Mr. Fang Zhouzi is actually equivalent to admitting guilt to some of the accusations by the Fangologist Yi Ming, which doesn’t mean that Fang had plagiarized, rather, it means that Fang indeed borrowed the other person’s article when he wrote his own.”^[45]

Fang discontinued the conversation. Till this day, for more than 4 years, Fang has never bothered himself to either show the world that he is able to “demonstrate any science popularization article, or even any article, is a plagiarism” by using Yi Ming’s method; or that Yi Ming’s demonstration was flawed. What he has been doing is to use his “last strategy.” And partly because of that, the article generated very limited impact before the Hanly War. Then, it exploded on weibo.com.

回复@山芋欲来香满楼:亦明的东西,脑子正常的人都不会相信,还用得着我来辩驳?用类似方法你可以证明任何一篇科普文章甚至任何一篇文章都是抄袭。//@山芋欲来香满楼:方舟子先生可曾为这篇文章辩驳过吗?我想听听方舟子本人的意见。

@方舟子V:上周删师已去立案,手续问题拖了一下。他们大概还要请亦明报道我的诗也是抄的//@dogsdad2:这法制周末的第2炮,把亦明大师请来当特约记者了,@郭国松看来是要和你死磕了。方舟子涉嫌抄袭总调查(二)——《西洋参的历史与现实》剽窃嫌疑考证,这帮人在这里混淆概念,蒙骗只看标题的人,一定要告他们诽谤 原文转发(80) | 原文评论(74)

今天 13:46 来自新浪微博 | 举报

转发(34) | 收藏 | 评论(154)

新浪认证



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16
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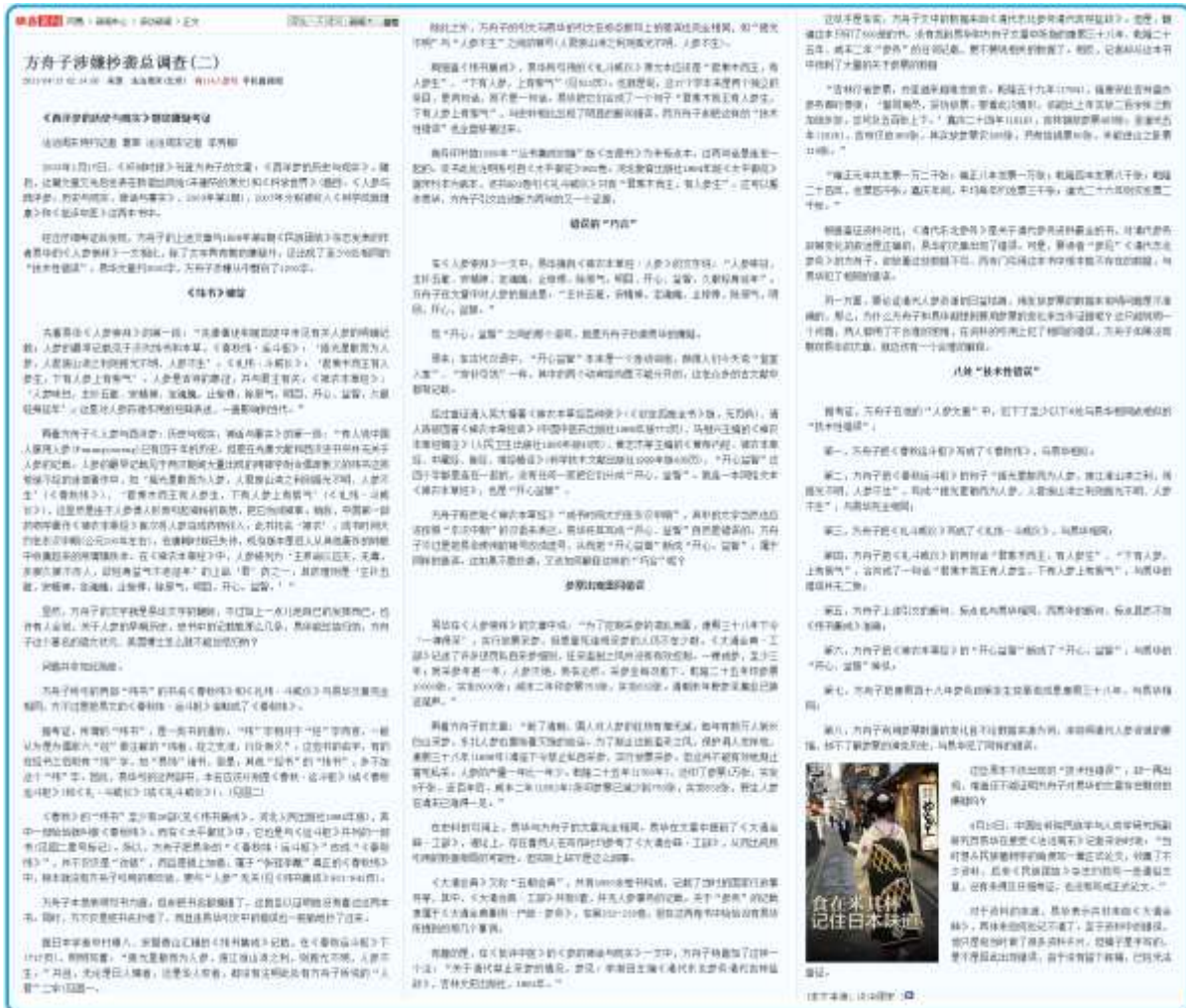
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Response and clarification in Fang's style

The screenshot shows Fang's dialog with his followers on the publication of *Comprehensive Investigation on the Alleged Plagiarisms Committed by Fang Zhouzi, II*, on April 13, 2011, translated above. Fang must have counted the dialog as one of his countless responses to and clarifications of his plagiarism allegations. Please note that the screen image was captured on the same day as the dialog was conducted. At that time, Fang had 587,398 followers in weibo.com.



A time bomb

The *Comprehensive Investigation on the Alleged Plagiarisms Committed by Fang Zhouzi, II*. Demonstration that Fang Zhouzi's History and Reality of American Ginseng is a Plagiarism generated minimal impact in the first 9

the full-length article online right after *Legal Weekly's* publication. The entire text was converted into an image file and posted on weibo.com by antibitchfang on Jan. 24, 2012.

(2) The Detonation

About 3 hours after that antibitchfang posted my article asking Fang “Is it real?” Mr. Wang Jiamin reposted it with the following comment:

“The article demonstrating Fang Zhouzi’s plagiarism is well-reasoned and well-founded, with decency and integrity, the analyses are nuanced, and the evidences are solid and convincing. To such a rigorous and objective article with clearly distinguished right and wrong, we should do our best to repost to maintain the spirit of science and to promote the advancement and progress of scholarship.”^[46]

Mr. Wang’s repost was reposted for hundreds of times before it was deleted for unknown reason. However, on the next day, Jan. 25, 2012, Mr. Wang posted another article entitled *Fang Zhouzi: The Collapse of an Anti-Fraud Hero* – obviously mimicking the title of a Fang-lover’s article, *The Collapse of an Idol*, which Fang reposted^[47] -, to popularize my article. Here is his opening paragraph:

“Among Yi Ming’s many articles exposing Fang’s plagiarisms and frauds, I have only chosen his *Demonstration That Fang Zhouzi Has Plagiarized Yi Hua’s Ginseng Worship* to exhibit the ironclad evidences for Fang’s plagiarism. Both the illustrations and the text of Yi Ming’s original article are excellent, well-reasoned and well-founded, with decency and integrity, having argumentation and verification - every piece of evidence is backed by its source -, having rigorous scientific demonstration, strict logical reasoning, and serious academic exploration. However, because of being too detailed, the article is very lengthy; because of being too academic, few people are able to read through. Therefore, such a powerful anti-fraud article has generated few responses. I hope I can use an approach comprehensible by the ordinary people to peel off Fang Zhouzi’s skin.”^[48]

Here is his conclusion:

“Fang Zhouzi is like a double-faced thief, helping police catch thieves on one hand, and stealing things at the same time on the other (using Fang Zhouzi’s ‘doing ... while doing...’ sentence pattern). And this article busting Fang Zhouzi’s fraud by Yi Ming, although being only a grain in the ocean, a hair from 9 bulls, is more than enough to make the god-like statue of the anti-fraud hero to collapse.”^[49]

Besides Mr. Wang, other “Big Vs” - certified Weibo accounts with many followers -, such as entrepreneur and angel investor [Charles Xue Biquan](#) (薛蛮子), internet movie director Hu Ge (胡戈), and the ubiquitous and omnipotent Luo Yonghao -, also reposted Mr. Wang’s article^[50]. Before July 20, 2012, the article had been reposted for 1,265 times. As expected by many people, the John Maddox Prize winner who claims that he is obsessed with moral cleanliness and truth, has been pretending to be dead all along. Here are some of the comments on Mr. Wang’s article:

“It is useless. [Fang] Zhouzi won’t respond. He is unable to see anything unfavorable to him.”^[51]

“Since discovering his stealing the article on tianya.cn, I have noticed that he likes to steal the ideas of other people’s articles, and then modify the sentences and the sequence [of the sentences]. A woman’s instinct cannot be wrong, especially a person like me whose

childhood essays were often used as models.”^[52]

“It is not necessarily plagiarism if the identical parts are correct. However, it must be plagiarism if the identical parts are mistakes. Even an elementary pupil knows such a principle. Alas, Old Fang will be busy with blocking other people.”^[53]

“Hey, Marila, Fang Zhouzi will definitely not respond to your question. Teacher Fang only reposts and responds to the messages favorable to him; all the others will be regarded as slanders and rumors created by Han-lovers, and will not be dealt with.”^[54]

“I actually finished reading the article. The article is really awesome, objective, rigorous, well-reasoned and well-founded. Teacher Fang won’t be able to defend himself no matter how strong his denial and obsessive-compulsive disorder are, and how thick his old facial skin is.”^[55]

“The news and evidence are shocking. Could they be a couple of plagiarists? Watching the fall down of the great god at the beginning of the New Year makes me feel a little sad. It is not easy to accumulate the fame in the past dozen of years, and one misstep leads to a total collapse. How could anyone withstand that?”^[56]

“At the time when someone begins to expose Fang Zhouzi’s dirty secret with solid evidence, classmate Fang is still writing his dreamy articles basing on the ridiculous logic like ‘his test scores of the language classes in elementary and middle schools are not good, therefore his literary proficiency cannot be high.’ At the beginning, the fight between the two was a little interesting, however, after Han Han announced that he would no longer respond, Fang Zhouzi’s articles became more and more illogical, approaching the level of a vixen’s squalling. Could Fang Zhouzi please respond and bring out something meaningful against Han Han?”^[57]

“How will squabbling fighter Fang explain? Let me make a guess: ‘According to the prevailing practice of writing at the time, it belongs to abnormal citation,’ ‘It is a science popularization article, not an academic paper; it’s only a tiny error in citation.’ In summary, rolling on the floor and yelling ‘I didn’t plagiarize, I didn’t plagiarize, I didn’t plagiarize at all, blah-blah.’^[58]

“The article is really beautiful. Reading books is important indeed.”^[59]

“One month ago when Fang Zhouzi and Luo Yonghao were fighting against each other, Luo Yonghao was on the defensive, therefore no matter how right he was, he would be in trouble. This time, after the appearance of this article, the offensive and defensive have switched.”^[60]

“What a joke, Fang Zhouzi’s plagiarism has been confirmed, but on the matter of Han Han, all they have is suspicion. Of course, Fang Zhouzi has already been defeated, unless he could demonstrate that Han Han indeed has ghostwriters. Even then, it is a tie. Don’t be frightened by Fang Zhouzi’s imposing manner of occupying moral height, this guy will never see his own faults, what he does is to magnify other people’s mistakes.”^[61]

@马锐拉 V

马日拉：《方舟子——一个打假英雄的坍塌》：[网页链接](#)



2012-1-25 12:39 来自 微博 weibo.com

转发 649 | 评论 430 | 1

方舟子——一个打假英雄的坍塌

马日拉 2012/1/24

亦明在众多揭露方舟子抄袭、作假的文章中，我就选取这一篇《方舟子抄袭易华“人参崇拜”一文的考证》来展示一下方舟子的抄袭铁证。亦明的原文：<http://www.2250s.com/read.php?4-8007-8007> 图文并茂，有理有据，有节有气，有论证，有查实，所有证据有出处，有严谨的科学实证，有严密的逻辑推理，有严肃的学术探讨。但是因为过于详细，难免篇幅长，因为过于学术，难免少人读完。所以，一篇如此强而有力的打假文章，居然反响平平。所以我希望，用大众看得懂的方式来剥方舟子的皮。

亦明这篇打假文章，重点并非论证方舟子的文章《人参西洋参：历史与现实，神话与事实》和易华的文章《人参崇拜》究竟有多少相似的句子，相似的段落以及相同的引用参考。因为这些严格来说都不能算是确凿的证据。亦明的聪明之处在于，他花了大量精力寻找到易华文章中的八个错误，然后告诉大家，方舟子的文章中居然也同样出现了这八个错误。这无疑就是抄袭的铁证。

上过学的同学都知道，老师是怎么分辨你的考卷是抄同桌的呢？最简单，最有力的证据就是，你和同桌做错的题都是一模一样的，这时候真是要狡辩都不好意思开口。

亦明在文章结论中清清楚楚列出了易华和方舟子实在巧合而共同犯的八个错误：

1. 方舟子把《春秋运斗枢》写成了《春秋纬》，与易华的《春秋纬·运斗枢》相似；
2. 方舟子把《春秋运斗枢》的句子，“摇光星散而为人参，废江淮山读之利，则摇光不明，人参不生”写成“摇光星散而为人参，人君废山读之利则摇光不明、人参不生”，与易华同；
3. 方舟子把《礼斗威仪》写成了《礼纬·斗威仪》，与易华同；
4. 方舟子把《礼斗威仪》的两句话，“君乘木而王，有人参生”、“下有人参，上有紫气”，合并成一句话，“君乘木而王有人参生，下有人参上有紫气”，与易华同；
5. 方舟子上述引文的断句、标点也与易华完全相同，而易华的断句、标点显然不如《纬书集成》通顺

6. 方舟子把《神农本草经》的“开心益智”断成了“开心，益智”，与易华的“开心、益智”神似；
7. 方舟子把康熙四十八年参务政策发生变革说成是康熙三十八年，与易华同；
8. 方舟子利用参票数量的变化——且不论数据来源为何——，来说明清代人参资源的萎缩，却不了解参票的演变历史，与易华同。

同时，亦明引用了方舟子自己抽自己脸的两句话：

“美国法庭，在认定抄袭时，使用一条铁证：原作有技术性错误的地方（比如引文错误、错别字等），抄袭者也一一跟着犯错。”

“在美国法庭上，抄袭者没有意识到的‘技术性错误’乃是抄袭的铁证。”

接着，亦明写道：

实际上，如果我们假设两个人独立犯一个同样错误的几率是10%，则两个人独立犯两个同样错误的几率就是各自几率的乘积（10% X 10%=1%）。依此类推，方舟子与易华各自独立犯八个完全相同错误的几率就是八个0.1的乘积，等于0.00000001，即一亿分之一。这么小的概率，在统计学上，属于根本不可能发生的事件。总之，不论是根据方舟子自己的“铁证”说，还是根据常识，我们都只能说，方舟子的“人参”文章，抄袭了易华的《人参崇拜》。

至此，如果亦明所有的论证属实，无人可以反驳其中可能存在虚假之处，那么方舟子抄袭的事实可谓“证据确凿”，如果有陪审团，相信所有人都会一致表示“法官大人，我们一致认为，丫——葛优体”！当然，以方舟子的脸皮之厚，他肯定会当庭大呼“not 葛优体！not 葛优体！”

方舟子就好像一个双面小偷，一边帮助警察抓小偷，一边自己偷东西（套用方舟子一边 一边 的句式）。而亦明这一篇打方舟子之假的文章，仅仅是沧海一粟，九牛一毛，却足以让打假英雄这座神像轰然坍塌。

最后，我们不禁要问，这一切，是真的吗？

长微博工具祝大家新春快乐 iscup.com

Fangouzi popularization

Mr. Wang Jiamin popularizes one of my Fangological articles using “an approach comprehensible by the ordinary people.”

(3) The Futile Rescue Effort by a Handful of Fang-lovers

Probably because of seeing Fang’s death-like non-responsiveness, a few Fang-lovers jumped out to try to save their master’s face. Here is one of such comments:

“If this is plagiarism, then the majority of textbooks are all plagiarism, and the teachers in elementary and middle schools are supporting plagiarism when they teach. Idiiotic Rila!”^[62]

The person who made the above comment has a web ID “The Third Sister Liu Who Wears Glasses” (戴眼镜的刘三姐) on weibo.com, and the account is indeed registered as a female. The person under the mask has been supporting Fang and attacking Fang’s enemies wholeheartedly since 2011 and till today. However, the true identity of this person was exposed in 2013, and it turns out the Sister is a man called Li Kequan (李科全), who lives in Guangxi, and works as a commercial advertisement agent^[63]. Still remember that kathoey Du Lei? (See: ^[64].) Yes, there are many kathoeyes among the Fangangsters. And by the way, that kathoey Du Lei has already become one of Fang’s newest enemies.

Another Fang-lover with a web ID “Execratory Cat” (诅咒猫) posted 8 comments, but he dared not to post any of them on his homepage. Here is his first one:

“Just as predicted by Old Fang, Han-fans and Luo-fans are collectively studying Fangologist Yi Ming’s monographs.”^[65]

And his rest 7 comments were all used to target individual critics of Fang’s. For example, a Weibo user wrote:

“Why hasn’t Hierarch Fang responded? Selective blindness again?”^[66]

The “Execratory Cat”:

“[Fang] has already responded dozens of times, and you pretend to be a blind not able to see.”^[67]

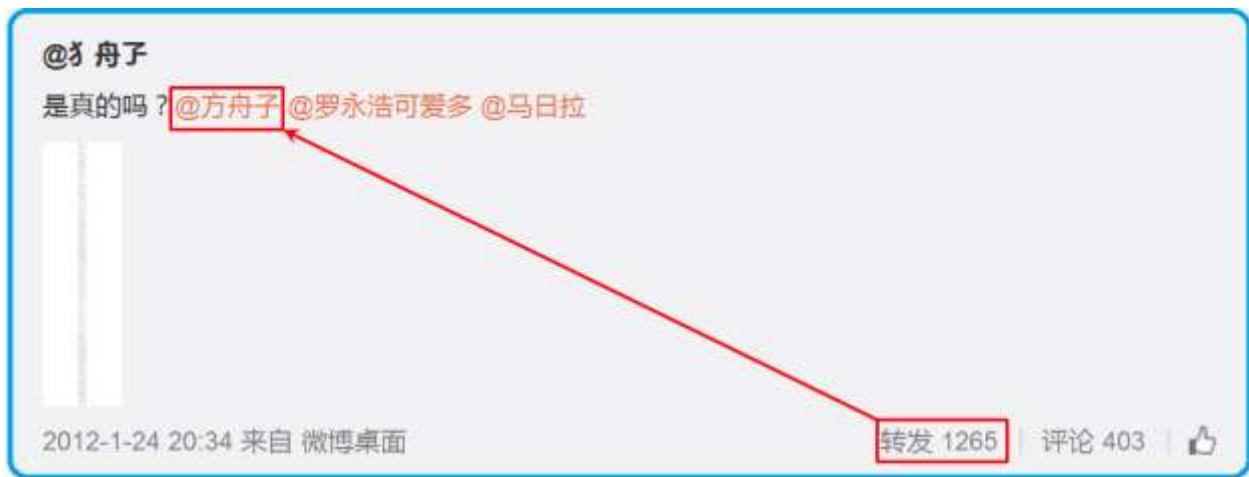
The person responded:

“It is kind of progress that even a Hierarch Fang’s follower knows that there is a word ‘blind’ in the world.”^[68]

The “Execratory Cat”:

“You blind pussy, Han’s cheap dog~”^[69]

In total, I found no more than 10 Fangangsters under antibitchfang’s post, and they posted about 2 dozens of comments in defense of Fang or Fang’s plagiarism, and none of them are better than the comments listed above.



The moral-misophobia Fang has been suffering selective blindness and deafness

When Weibo user antibitchfang posted my article demonstrating Fang's plagiarism of Dr. Yi Hua, she not only asked the question "Is it real?" but also notified Fang Zhouzi, Luo Yonghao, and Wang Jiamin about the post. Mr. Wang Jiamin reposted the post in about two hours, Mr. Luo in about 15 hours, but Fang, the person being accused, has never responded to the post in the last 3 years, despite the fact that more a thousand people have informed him the existence of the allegation. The red rectangles connected with an arrow line shows that at least 1,265 Weibo accounts had reposted the article before July 20, 2012, thus notifying Fang the post. Fang has to be mentally dead to be unaware of the allegation.



The futile attempt

Among the Weibo users who made 403 comments on antibitchfang's post, there were less than 10 users who defended Fang, with the stupidest arguments they could ever think of. The above image shows the 19 comments by 8 Fang-lovers.

2. The Explosion of Wu Han Case

When Fang posted his "Genius" *Han Han's Writing Ability* on Jan, 24, 2012, he was not only trying to topple Han Han, to cover up his previously exposed plagiarism, but also trying to show off his almightiness: the "Science Hero" is also fluent in literature and history. Yes, one of Fang's goals to topple genius Han Han was to build up the image of Genius Fang Zhouzi. Here is one of Fang's self-promoting comments on his own article:

"Thank you for giving me a chance to show off: I enrolled in high school with the top score in the whole county, and from elementary school to College Entrance Exam, my scores in composition and language had been number one in my grades all along, never been surpassed. Language was the easiest and most stable subject for me."^[70]

And immediately, Dr. Kong Qingdong, a literature professor at Peking University, an extreme leftist, an alleged plagiarist, and one the strongest critics of China's language education in the secondary schools merely ten years ago^[24], made a flattering comment:

"Fang Zhouzi's writing ability is on a par with a professor in humanities."^[71]

To which Fang replied:

"With Professor Kong's recommendation, I am no longer worried about unemployment."^[72]

In response to their shameless bragging and promotion, I posted an article on AIR-China in the evening of Jan. 24, 2012 (Beijing time), entitled *Fang Zhouzi's The Prison of the Imperial Students Was Plagiarized from Wu Han's The Biography of Zhu Yuanzhang*^[73], which was originally submitted to the *Legal Weekly* as one of its serial "Comprehensive Investigation," but the series was terminated because of upper intervention before the article could be published. In the article, I demonstrated exhaustively that Fang's article introducing the Imperial College in the Ming Dynasty, *The Prison of the Imperial Students*, which was written in 1994 and had been published numerous times since 2000, was completely based on a chapter of Mr. Wu Han's book, the second edition of *The Biography of Zhu Yuanzhang*, published in 1949. Yes, from historical materials to viewpoints, from particular vocabularies to article structure, all of them were copied from Wu Han. Fang even lifted Mr. Wu's references. The ironclad evidences for Fang's stealing were again the mistakes Fang made in his article: 20 mistakes or ambiguities in Wu's book were also found in Fang's article.

In the morning of Jan. 25, 2012, an US-based Chinese scholar (web ID [jrry86](#)) made the webpage of my article into an image file and posted it on weibo.com^[74]. Less than two hours later, the post went viral because Mr. Luo Yonghao reposted it with the following Fang-style comment:

"May I ask Fang Zhouzi: 'Is this real?'"^[75]

The question was repeated by at least 386 Weibo users, and the original post was reposted for a total of 419 times. Of course, Fang has never answered the question yet. Here are some comments on the post:

"Fang Zhouzi considered himself a mad dog, he could bite any person he wanted to bite. However, the dog-beating-stick has already been holding high, and now, it is falling on the dog's head. Let's wait and see how he will bark!"^[76]

"Such an article with facts and evidences can endure the test of time. Support! What Old Fang is scared of the most is an article of this kind!"^[77]



A timely exposure of one of Fang's oldest plagiarisms

Between 1993 and 1994, while being a graduate student at the Michigan State University, Fang posted more than 50 essays online on the history of the Ming Dynasty. Many of these essays had been demonstrated by me in 2009 to be plagiarisms^[81]. The plagiarism Fang committed in *The Prison of the Imperial Students* was discovered by me in 2011, and the discovery was made public on Jan. 24, 2012. One day later, it became a hot post on the Chinese internet. The above is the screenshot of the entire webpage of the article on AIR-CHINA.

Just as predicted and expected by many people, Fang has never uttered a word on my article. As a matter of fact, the article was even posted on the forum of the New Threads on Jan. 25, 2012, under the following subject:

“Who is Yi Ming? He has written many things, and they seem rather decent.”^[82]

The forum is widely regarded as Fang's backyard, and since 1998, Fang has been its sole webmaster. Although he had moved his battleground to weibo.com since 2009, he would watch his backyard very closely. However, Fang has yet to respond to the post yet. Fang's silence does speak louder and clearer than any of his words.



People kept asking, and Fang kept playing dumb

After Mr. Luo Yonghao asked Fang “Is it real?” about Fang alleged plagiarism of Mr. Wu Han, many people asked the same question by simply reposting Mr. Luo’s post. The above blue image shows that Mr. Luo asked question at 12:24 of Jan. 25, 2012 (the bottom of the image), and many people repeated what he said (red underlines).

亦明是谁？写了很多东西，看上去倒也像模像样的。

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送交者：不是牛人 于 2012-01-25, 23:57:24:

方舟子《国子的监狱》一文抄袭吴晗《朱元璋传》

亦明

1994年6月，方舟子在中文电子刊物《新语丝》上发表《国子的监狱》一文。这篇文章后来被方舟子收入新语丝网站的《方舟子诗文集》、搜狐星空的《方舟子在线》。2004年，福建人民出版社出版《江山无限——方舟子历史随笔》一书，《国子的监狱》是其中的一篇。

《国子的监狱》全文三千余字，主要介绍明初洪武一朝国子监的状况。在文章的末尾，有这么一段“作者注”：

“本文所引史料参见《明史》‘选举志一’、‘礼志四’、‘宋讷传’、‘钱唐传’，《明会要》卷二十五、三十七，赵翼《二十二史札记》卷三十二，以及吴晗《朱元璋传》（一九四九年版）第四章第三节等

所有跟贴：

- [这种东西应该给粉丝们仔细研究学习，有前途的。](#) - bluesea (16 bytes) 2012-01-25, 23:59:59 (643600)
- [本人对文史一窍不通，有懂的给说说，到底有没有照搬吴晗的描写（无内容）](#) - 不是牛人 (0 bytes) 2012-01-26, 00:04:33 (643604)
- [文史我还可以的，仔细一读亦明说的在道理嘛，方舟子抄袭了。抄袭了嘛。](#) - bluesea (140 bytes) 2012-01-26, 01:29:28 (643608)

Right under Fang's nose

On Jan. 25, 2012, an New Threads user posted my article *Fang Zhouzi's The Prison of the Imperial Students Was Plagiarized from Wu Han's The Biography of Zhu Yuanzhang* on the Reading forum of the New Threads, asking for comments. Only one Fang's follower with web ID "bluesea" responded by saying that Fang had indeed plagiarized. Meanwhile, that Fang-lover tried to drive the poster out of the forum, because according to him, the forum belongs to Fang^[83]. Fang has never responded to the post yet.

3. The Big Bang

(1) The Blast

4 minutes after reposting my *Fang Zhouzi's The Prison of the Imperial Students Was Plagiarized from Wu Han's The Biography of Zhu Yuanzhang*, Mr. Luo Yonghao reposted a post with the following comment:

"Oh my God, internet user broke the news saying that the plagiarisms committed by Fang Zhouzi are enough to write a chronicle. 'Are they all real?' 😊"^[84]

What Mr. Luo reposted was one of the links to my *Chronicle and Demonstration of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarism and Copyright Infringement*, which was originally posted online in March 2011, and the

link was posted by a Tinglin Chorus ([亭林镇合唱团](#)) on Jan. 25, 2012^[85]. When Tinglin Chorus posted the link to the webpage on weibo.com, the webpage had been visited for a total of 4,570 times in the past 10 months, which was rather decent and respectable among my online postings. However, Mr. Luo's involvement immediately put that number to shame: by the evening of the day, the number of visits to the webpage had been more than tripled^[86]. The funny thing is, even Ms. Li Li ([Muzi Mei](#)), one of the top female generals in Fang's anti-Han army, reposted the post^[87], which might be the earliest seed of the bloody fight between her and Fang in August.

Here are some comments on the post before Fang finally responded to his plagiarism allegations:

"Fang Zhouzi covers his eyes, and blocks his ears, saying that I don't see, I don't hear! Did God forget to remove the curtain in front of his eyes?"^[88]

"This is the most comprehensive summary so far."^[89]

"What Zhouzi good at is fabricating materials. However, from a child to a grownup, no one is completely clean. So, as long as you have a tiny mistake, he could magnify the 'mistake' to infinity, and fabricate materials further, even some typos can be used by him as evidence for your inferior language proficiency and mediocre writing ability. So, to such a person, the best way to launch a counter-attack is to write an article like this."^[90]

"Oh gosh! I think the evidence is very sufficient! What do you think, @Fang Zhouzi? Bring out your evidence to prove that they are slanderous."^[91]

"Should this one be considered Fang's drawing fire to his own body? Is this article enough to bring Fang Zhouzi down? Does Fang Zhouzi dare to respond this tough article?"^[92]

"In Fang Zhouzi's world of double-standard, he will ignore it completely."^[93]

"I think based on Fang Zhouzi's behavior, whenever someone questions him, he'll always hide his head under the shell, pretending to be deaf."^[94]

"I feel strange also, why does Fang Zhouzi always remain silent when he is questioned?"^[95]

"I used to think that Fang's problem is personality, it turns out that his problem is character."^[96]

"It is an open secret overseas that Fang Zhouzi plagiarizes! The only problem is that his believers dare not to face it, and do their best to avoid it, and pretend to be ostriches."^[97]

"Fang Zhouzi, it turns out that you have plagiarized so much! (Don't say this is a slander. In my opinion, it is less than 0.01% of the slanders you have made against other people!) @Fang Zhouzi"^[98]

(2) The Response

Obviously, Fang could not use his last strategy forever while his scandals exploded like the firecrackers in the New Year Eve. So, at 5:20 PM on Jan. 25, 2012, Fang issued the following statement:

"Han's Family Army is really obedient, as expected they are studying Yi Ming's research

works of millions of characters very hard and they want to settle the old debt of Fang Zhouzi's 'plagiarism' with me. That old debt has long been replied and clarified for numerous times by me already (those who are interested can go to my blogs or Weibo to look up), it is impossible for me to settle it again with you at the moment to shift the topic. You guys take it easy and continue to enjoy yourselves, even if you can smear Mr. Fang as black as a crow, you still won't be able to wash a tiny bit of dirt off your junior master."^[99]

Of course no one was able to find Fang's "numerous" old replies and clarifications anywhere. As a matter of fact, the main idea of Fang's above statement was fully revealed several hours earlier by a Fang-lover, who calls himself "Back to Future" (回未来) and claims he lives in Canada. In the afternoon of that day, this Canadian Chinese made 8 comments in 100 minutes on Tinglin Chorus' post showing the link to the *Chronicle of Fang's Plagiarism*, and here is his first one, apparently trying to persuading Mr. Luo:

"Putting the question about the reliability [of the Chronicle] aside, now Fang Zhouzi is pulling out all the stops to bust the big fraud rarely seen in the world, and [you] are auditing [Fang's] old account books at this moment, does it mean that since no one is clean, so let's forgive each other? Is this what an idealist supposed to do?"^[100]

If you know the fact that 6 years earlier, a Swiss merchant, Dr. Shu-kun Lin, the founder and owner of the open access publisher MDPI and Fang's patron since that time, also used the same argument to fend off his critics^[101], then you would have a rough idea who the Canadian is.

Whoever that "Back to Future" is, the Fangangsters' argument has been always the same: it doesn't matter if Fang is a fraud, it is ultimately important to fix Han Han, or any opponent of Fang, as a fraud. And that's exactly what Fang meant in his last sentence: "even if you can smear Mr. Fang as black as a crow, you still won't be able to wash a tiny bit of dirt off your junior master." Subconsciously, Fang knew that the only way he could save himself was to "demonstrate" Han Han is a faker. However, he couldn't fool any people outside of his evil cult. Here is a comment by the Tinglin Chorus, who was "dragged black" (being denied the right to making comments on Fang's posts) one day earlier^[102]:

"Some people are saying that I am a Fang-black. Yes, I am a black; however, it was Fang Zhouzi who has dragged me black! Here, let me yell to Fang Zhouzi, and you guys please forward it to Fang: Dear @Fang Zhouzi, you use 'That old debt has long been replied and clarified for numerous times by me already (those who are interested can go to my blogs or Weibo to look up), it is impossible for me to settle it again with you at the moment to shift the topic' to answer all the questions towards you. Will this be the model to answer any questionings in the future? If so, I'd suggest broadening its application!"^[103]

18 months later, Mr. Wang Mudi (王牧笛), a TV show host based in Guangzhou, summarized Fang's strategy much more concisely:

"The so called clarification by Mr. Fang Zhouzi is 'I have already clarified countless times.'"^[104]

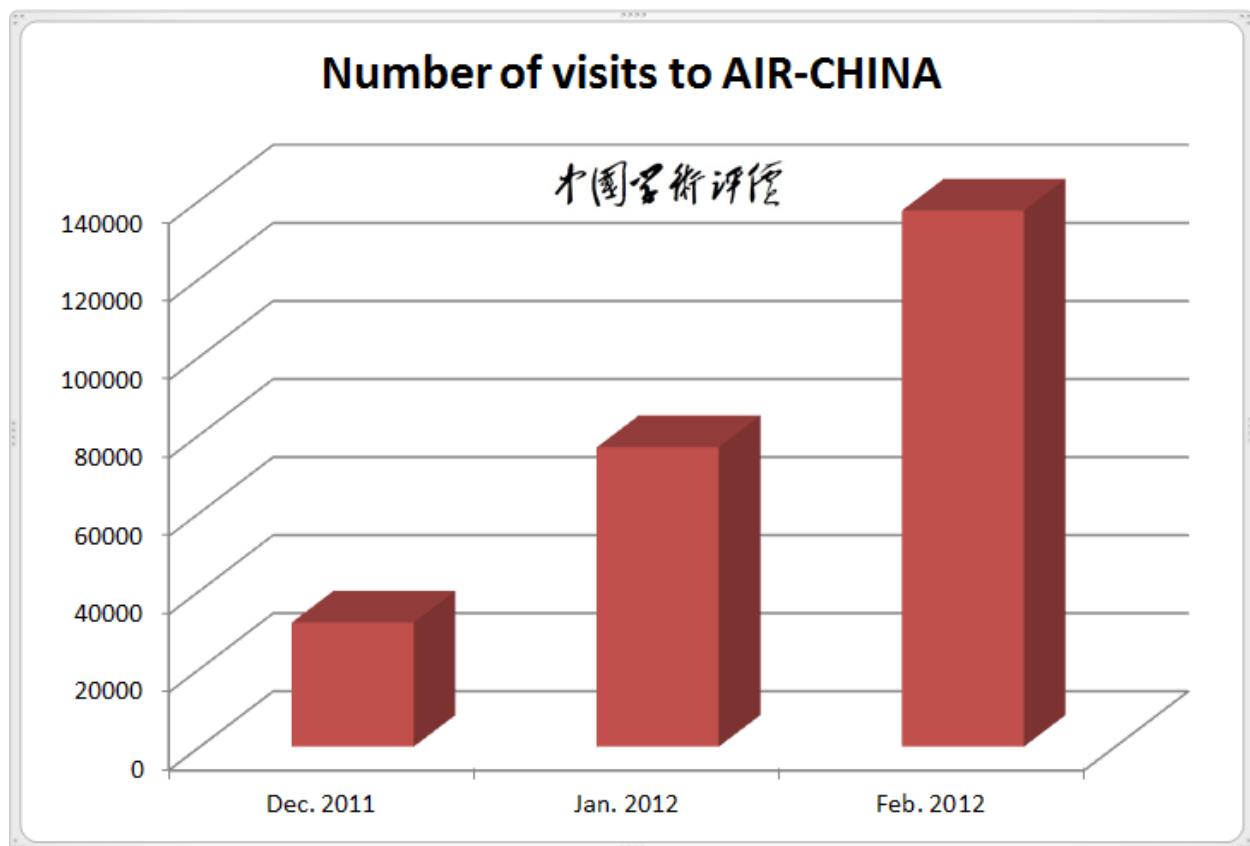
(3) The Source of Power

On Jan. 27, 2012, two days after Fang "clarified" the matter, Mr. Lu Jinbo, Han Han's publisher and personal friend, posted the link to the webpage of the *Chronicle* again on Weibo:

"I didn't use search engines at all. Masses from all walks of life have sent many materials into my private message box. It turns out that there is a 'Fangologist Yi Ming' who has compiled this lengthy article about Fang's alleged plagiarisms committed from 1988 to 2011, including 40 appendixes. [The plagiarisms] cover the areas of poetry, literature and history, chemistry, agronomy, etc. Ah Fang does know as much as Aristotle. <http://t.cn/h5IMVC>"^[105]

Fang, who had been attacking and mocking Lu constantly, didn't say a single word on the above post by Mr. Lu.

By Jan. 30, 2012, the webpage of the Chronicle had been visited for more than 30,000 times^[106]; by July 27, 2012, when Han Han's father Han Renjun posted the link, plus the image file of its preface written by me, the number was approaching 60,000^[107]. By now, the webpage has been visited more than 96,000 times; it is arguably the deadliest weapon against Fang's evildoings in the past 3 or 4 years. And till today, neither Fang himself nor any of his gangsters has ever mentioned anything about the book, which contains more than 600 pages and documents more than 100 plagiarism cases committed by Fang in the past 3 decades. In other words, by shutting his mouth up Fang has been admitting loudly every day that the book is irrefutable.



The source of power

Because of Fang's fraudulent and malicious attack on Han Han, many people began to look for information about Fang's true colors. Thus China Academic Integrity Review (AIR-CHINA) became the most important source of such information since early 2012. (The data is based on website tracking records^[108].)

@jrry86

#方舟子抄袭剽窃#之十五：亦明整理总结了迄今已发现的方舟子抄袭案例82起，见亦明：《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱（2011年终版）》 [网页链接](#)，内有《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱》和《方舟子抄袭剽窃数据库》完整版下载。



2012-1-3 10:17 来自 新浪微群-打假大...

转发 1 评论 2

@孙海峰

“正义”媒体睁开眼睛看看吧 😊 //@jrry86: #方舟子抄袭剽窃#之十五：亦明整理总结了迄今已发现的方舟子抄袭案例82起，见亦明：《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱（2011年终版）》 [网页链接](#)，内有《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱》和《方舟子抄袭剽窃数据库》完整版下载 - 原文地址：[网页链接](#)



2012-1-6 10:13 来自 新浪微群-打假大...

转发 33 评论 14

@亭林镇合唱团

《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱（2011年终版）》 (4570 查看) [网页链接](#) (UC浏览器)

2012-1-25 09:55 来自 Android客户端

转发 1148 评论 280

我可没有用搜索。各界群众在我私信里送来了许多材料。原来有个“方学”专家“亦明”，整理了这份从1988-2011年方舟子涉嫌抄袭的长文，包括40个附件。涉及诗歌、文史、化学、农业等方面，阿方懂的和亚里士多德一样多噢<http://t.cn/h5IMVC>

1月27日 22:55 来自新浪微博 | 举荐

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@韩仁均叔叔

这是真的吗？——《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱（2011年终版）》——来自中国学术评价网

[网页链接](#)



2012-7-27 01:04 来自 微博 weibo.com

转发 777 评论 10

The path to the prowess

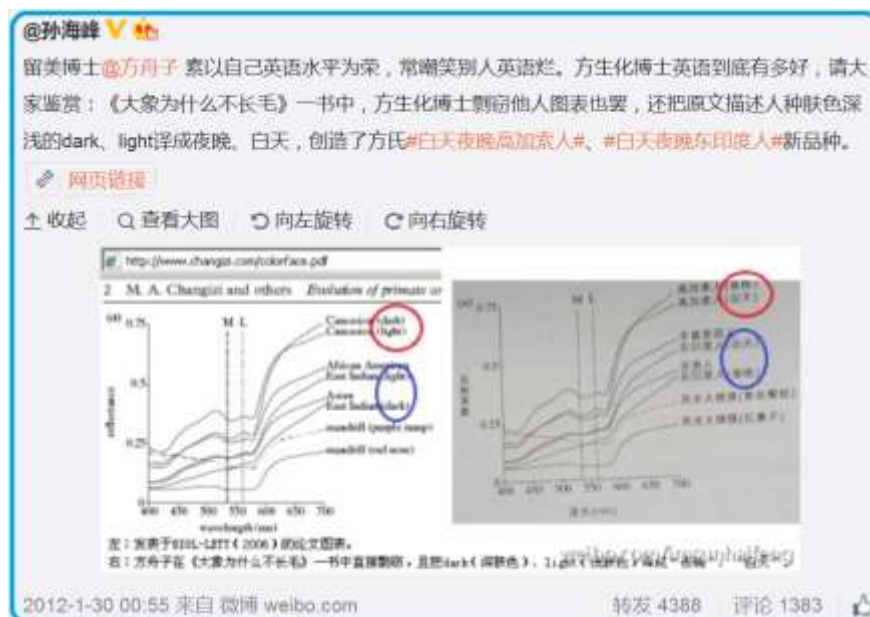
On March 3, 2011, I posted the initial edition of the *Chronicle and Demonstration of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarism and Copyright Infringement* on the forum of [China Academic Integrity Review \(AIR-CHINA\)](#), a platform for Chinese scholars to defend themselves and to fight against Fang's fraudulent and criminal activities. Although it was well-received by the visitors to the website, the book was relatively unknown to most Chinese people living in mainland China who had been deceived by China's news media about Fang Zhouzi. On Jan. 3, 2012, when Fang Zhouzi was fighting against Mr. Luo Yonghao on purely personal matters, an overseas Chinese scholar with a Weibo ID [jrry86](#) posted the link to the webpage on weibo.com (see: [2012-1-3 10:17](#)), apparently trying to arouse people's interest in the book. However, it generated only one repost (top panel). Three days later, Dr. Sun Haifeng of Shenzhen University reposted [jrry86's](#) post (see: [2012-1-6 10:13](#)), and the repost generated 33 reposts (second panel from top). On Jan. 25, 2012, one week after Fang entered into the Hanly War, a Han Han-supporter with a Weibo ID Tinglin Chorus ([亭林镇合唱团](#)) posted the link on weibo (see: [2012-1-25 09:55](#)), and mainly because of the reposting by Mr. Luo Yonghao, the post was reposted for more than a thousand times (the middle panel). On Jan. 27, Mr. Lu Jinbo posted the link to the webpage (Lu later deleted the post), and the post was reposted for at least 547 times. On July 27, 2012, 17 days before Fang led his thugs to sohu.com from weibo.com, Han Han's father posted the link to the webpage on his Weibo (see: [2012-7-27 01:04](#)), and the post was reposted 777 times. These continuous efforts made the webpage the most-visited webpage on AIR-CHINA, and made the Chronicle one of the most famous Fangological works.

The Human Race Explosion

Fang must have thought that his "clarification" on Jan. 25, 2012, was more than enough to put down the uprising of Weibo users, just like what happened before. However, the time had changed.

In the midnight of Jan. 29, 2012, Dr. Sun Haifeng posted the following message on his Weibo:

"The American Ph. D. Fang Zhouzi is always proud of his English, and he frequently laughs at other people's broken English. So, let's take a look at exactly how good the biochemistry doctor Fang's English is: in the book *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*, the biochemistry doctor Fang not only stole other people's figures, he also translated the words dark and light in the original text, which were used to describe the complexion of the different human races, into night and day, creating Fang's new races of 'Caucasian (day/night)' and 'East Indian (day/night)'. <http://t.cn/hg6hdk>."^[109]



One of the most famous anti-Fang posts on the internet

At that time and a few days after that, no one thought the post would be any more powerful than hundreds of Dr. Sun's other anti-Fang posts. However, it turned out to be the fuse of the thunderous February.

1. The Origin of Races

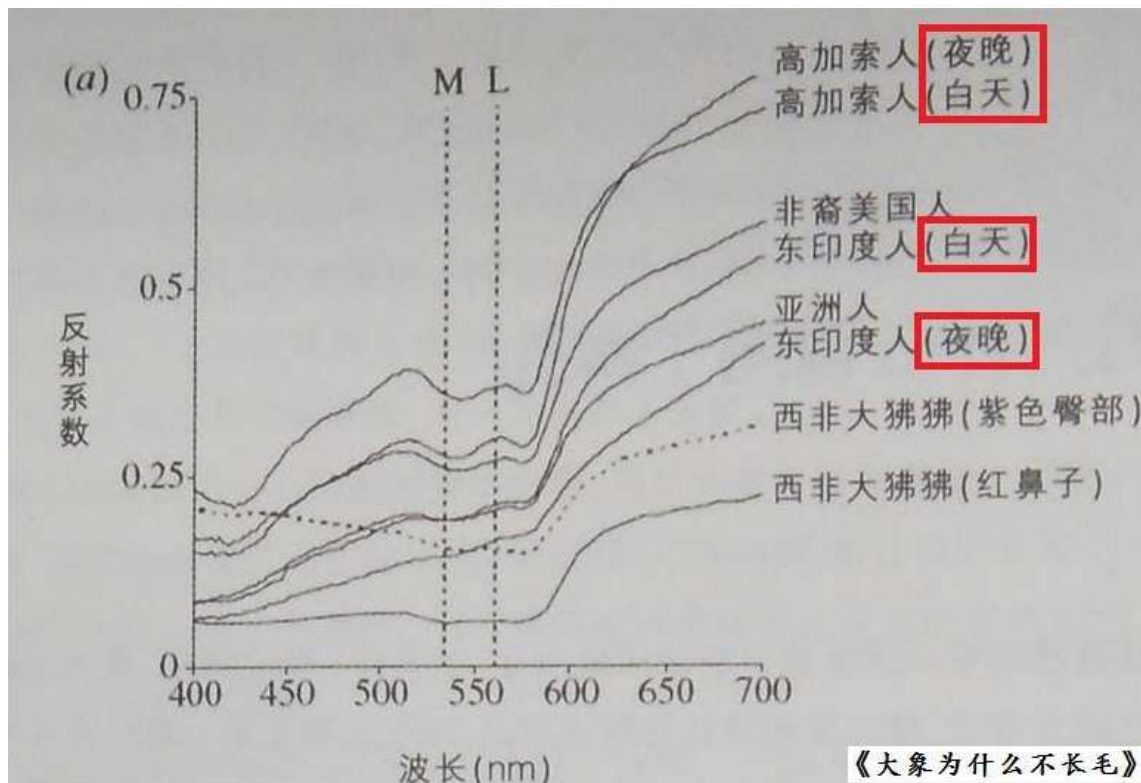
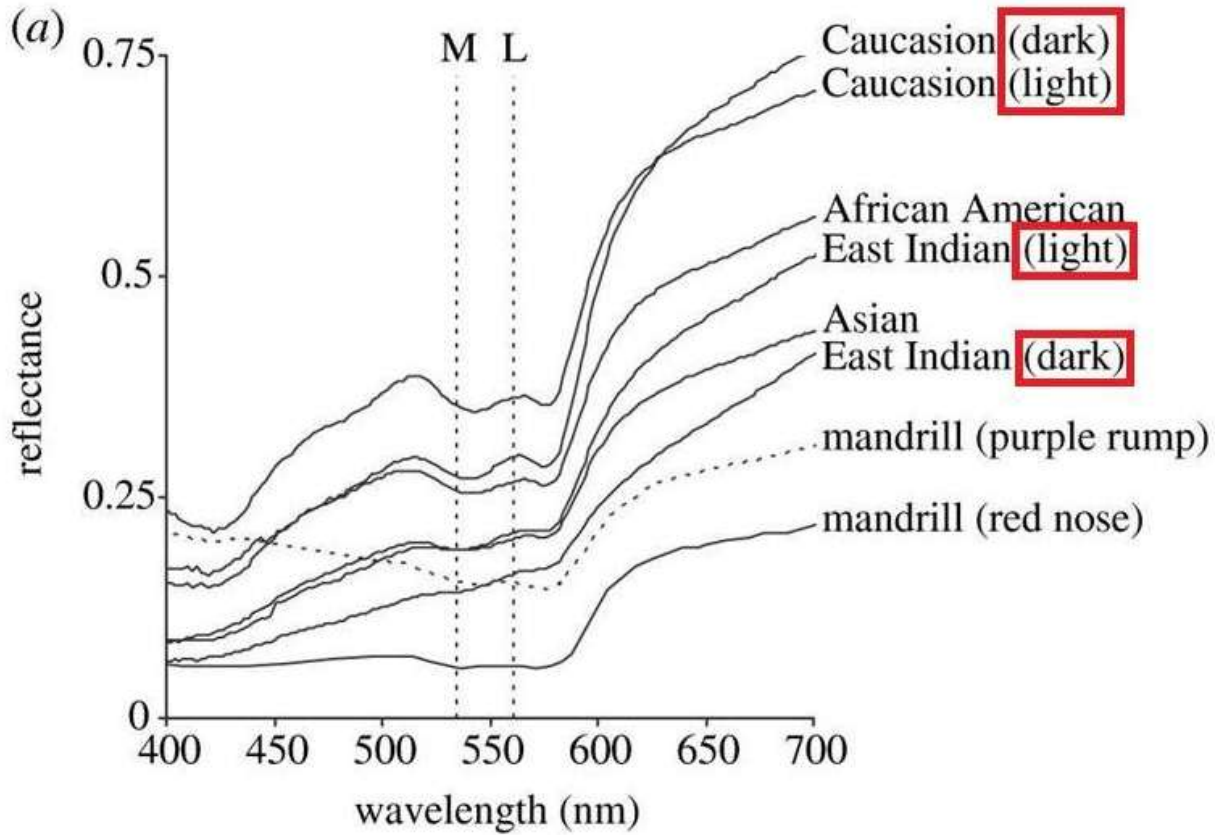
The story about Fang's creation of the new races of *Homo sapiens* actually started more than one year earlier. In January 2011, many Chinese scholars on AIR-CHINA were actively engaged in investigating Fang's fraudulent and criminal history, including his plagiarism and copyright infringement. At that time, Fang's book *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs* was just published, and like many of his other books, it contains hundreds of images. One task force was then set up to look for the sources of these images. One such image on page 25 of the book was matched to a figure in a paper published in *Biology Letters*^[110]. Then, Dr. Mark A Changizi of Caltech, the corresponding author of the paper, was contacted by Mr. Christopher Gan, a member of the task force, and Dr. Changizi confirmed that he didn't authorize Fang's using of his figure^[111].

However, what made the figure famous was Fang's translation: he translated the words "dark" and "light" in the legend of the figure, "Reflectance spectra from a variety of human skin," into "night" and "day," respectively. The mistakes were first noticed by me and then made public, along with Fang's stealing of the figures, by another U. S.-based scholar on Jan. 24, 2011^[111]. Fang, who was promoting the book on Weibo with all his strength at the time, and who habitually ignores the more severe charges by responding to the less important ones, immediately blamed his book editors for the stupid mistakes:

*"Corrigendum: on page 25 of *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*, the two 'nights' and 'days' in the legend of the figure should be 'dark complexion' and 'light complexion.' The original figure is from an English paper, when the editors translated the legend into Chinese, they made the mistakes. I didn't notice the mistakes when I did proofreading, very sorry. There are still some editorial errors, I'll issue an erratum."^[112]*

Of course Fang was lying. It was later revealed by Ms. He Nan, an agent in the publishing industry and a well-known Weibo user, that the editors of Fang's book told other people that all the images and their legends were provided by Fang Zhouzi^[113].

It is worth noting that just a half month before the outbreak of the new human race joke, Fang's book was awarded as one of the "Annual Good Books" by *Beijing News*^[114]. And just a week before the award, Fang attacked Mr. Yang Wenxuan (杨文轩), the editor-in-chief of the publisher which published Fang's award-winning book, because Mr. Yang criticized Fang's attack on "the safer targets" rather than fighting against those in power^[115]. In other words, by blaming his editors for the stupid mistakes, Fang actually killed two birds with one bullet.



The most infamous thievery Fang Zhouzi has ever committed

The upper image is the original figure in a paper by Dr. Changizi et al., published in 2006; the lower image is a figure in Fang's book *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*, published in 2010. The red boxes highlight the key translation mistakes: Fang translated the original dark and light into night and day, respectively.

方舟子的年度获奖书《大象为什么不长毛》有海量剽窃盗版。(12142 查看)

发布: zhiyan-le

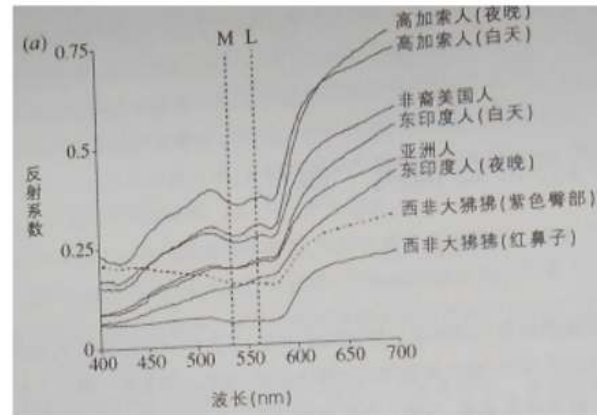
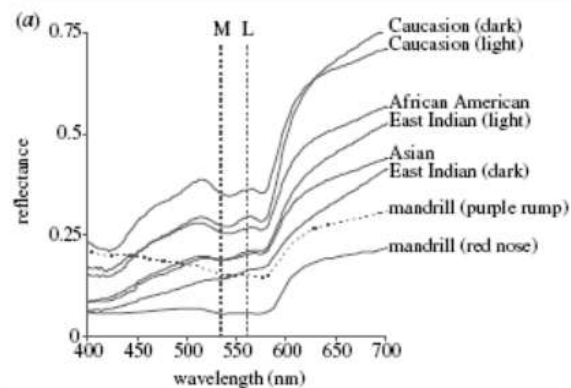
日期: January 24, 2011 11:16PM

方舟子的年度获奖书《大象为什么不长毛》有海量剽窃盗版。

直言了, 2011-01-24。

<http://www.changizi.com/colorface.pdf>

2 M. A. Changizi and others *Evolution of primate co*



左: 发表于 BIOL-LETT (2006) 的论文图表。 右: 方舟子《大象》一书使用该论文图表文字而没给来源。

署名“亦明”作者核实指出, 由于方舟子不懂装懂、结果是搞剽窃盗版也会抄错偷错。譬如, 原始图表中说明人种肤色的深浅(dark, light)的文字, 而方某偷窃后搞翻译说成是“夜晚”和“白天”。--- 那个“美国生物学博士”方舟子连起码常识都没有, 因愚蠢无知而连偷别人东西也会偷错, 却厚颜无耻地自称是“首席科学家”和“科普作家”, 哈!

The original sin

Fang's most infamous thievery was first revealed on AIR-CHINA on Jan. 24, 2011, along with his other thieveries.

2. Migration to China

Before 2012, most of Fang's scifool jokes and plagiarism scandals were known only to the overseas Chinese scholars, and the new human race joke was not an exception. But things began to change in 2011, because Fang was driven crazy, literally, by these the Fang-haters.

On May 17, 2011, when Fang was desperately trying to frame Dr. Sun as a "plagiarist also," in an attempt to silence his denouncing Liu Juhua's plagiarism, Dr. Sun finally picked up the dog-Fang-beating stick, reposted a post by a "Foreign Ministry Spokesman" (外交部发言人) showing that "according to Fang Zhouzi, human races are differentiated by day and night," and Dr. Sun made his own comment:

"Biochemistry doctor Fang's English is really first class, experienced and knowledgeable, even his plagiarism was so innovative. <http://t.cn/hg6hdk>"^[116]

Guess what? Fang stopped his attack on Dr. Sun almost instantaneously. Partly because of Fang's timid reaction, partly because of Dr. Sun's limited number of followers – he had only 22,733 followers at time, compared with Fang's more than 627,000, neither the original post by the “Foreign Ministry Spokesman” nor Dr. Sun's repost generated much impact. Fang escaped the scandal for the second time. However, the powerfulness of the joke must have impressed Dr. Sun very much.



The dog-Fang-beating stick which drove doggy Fang away

On May 17, 2011, Dr. Sun Haifeng reposted a Weibo post showing Fang's stealing and ignorance which essentially silenced Fang for nearly three months. Largely because of Fang's no-responsive reaction, Dr. Sun's repost was forwarded only 64 times.

3. Third Time's a Charm

When Dr. Sun raised the old issue again in the midnight of Jan. 29, 2012, Fang used his old and last strategy again: he pretended that nothing had happened. However, 2012 was definitely not the same as 2011: many people were hungry for such information, and Dr. Sun's post was reposted for more than one thousand times in the first 24 hours, without the help from any of these “Big Vs.” As a matter of fact, Mr. Luo Yonghao, who, like most public intellectuals who enjoy very much pretending to be a “RON” (rational, objective, and neutral, 理客中), actually tried to discredit the news a few days later:

“It is certain that in Fang Zhouzi's books there are many illustrations which were used without authorization. However, I think it is basically believable when Fang argued that it was the book editors who translated dark and light into night and day. Although Fang's English is very average (there are many mistakes in his letter to Root-Bernstein), it could not be so low as to understand the skin colors as night and day. Focusing on the matter which might not be a problem is what has been done by the academic rogues like Fang Zhouzi, so don't be like him, Mr. Sun.”^[117]

However, despite such efforts from both camps, the avalanche was unstoppable. In the midnight of Feb. 3, 2012, the entertainment channel of NetEase (www.163.com), one of the top three internet

portals in China, published an article: *Fang Zhouzi's Work Alleged Plagiarism, Translation Errors Become Joke*^[118], based on Dr. Sun's message he posted 5 days ago. Here is its abstract:

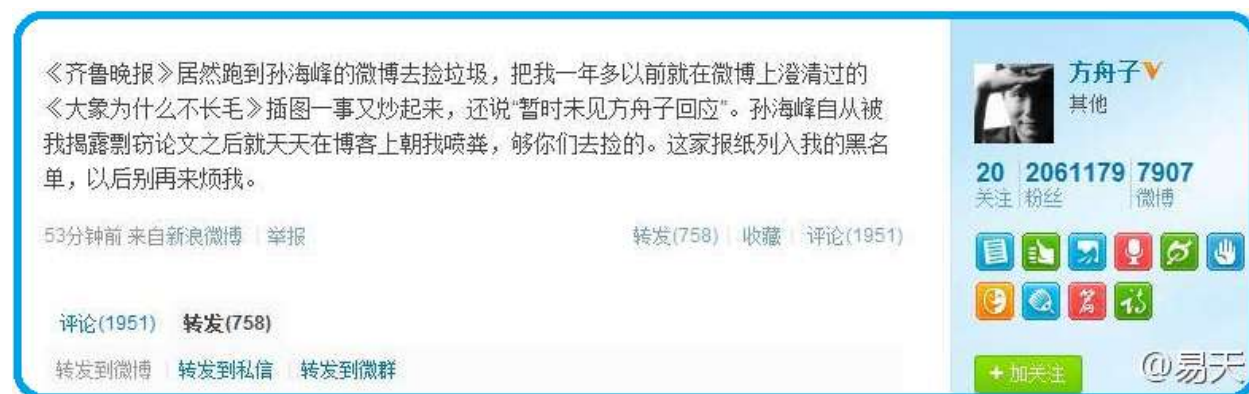
“‘Fraud fighter’ Fang Zhouzi expressed in interviews that he’d continue his fight against Han Han, ‘vowing to bust Han Han’s myth.’ However, unexpectedly, his backyard is on fire. At the time when Fang Zhouzi was heavily engaged in his fighting against Han Han, many internet users broke the news on the internet that Fang Zhouzi himself has been alleged of plagiarism, they even claim that in his hot-selling book *Why Don’t Elephants Have Hairs* there are plagiarized figures from other people’s papers, and laughable mistakes in translation.”^[119]

Minutes after NetEase’s report, Hong Kong-based Phoenix Network (www.ifeng.com), a website with strong Chinese government background which has been fabricating several rumors to Fang’s advantage, such as 90% of the internet users support Fang’s fraud fighting; more people support Fang than Han Han; and more Chinese women prefer to marry Fang than Han Han (more on these stories later), also reported the news first on its entertainment channel, then on other channels^[120].

On Feb. 5, 2012, *Qilu Evening News*, one of the top circulated newspapers in China^[121], published a short report entitled *Fang Zhouzi's Work Alleged Plagiarism*, based entirely on Dr. Sun’s post^[122]. Almost simultaneously, the scandal was all over China’s internet, even the websites belonging to China’s central government, such as people.com^[123], Xinhua Net^[124], and Guangming Net^[125], posted the news. Of course other websites won’t want to fall behind: the web portals such as sina.com^[126], sohu.com^[127], and qq.com^[128], all posted the news; even the local websites in Fujian, Fang’s hometown, republished the report from *Qilu Evening News*^[129]. The scandal was also reported by many TV stations across the nation, from North China to South China^[130].

So, how did the future John Maddox Prize winner Fang respond to the avalanche or tsunami or earthquake? Here it is:

“*Qilu Evening News* even went to Sun Haifeng’s Weibo to pick up garbage, sensationalizing again the matter about the figure in *Why Don’t Elephants Have Hairs*, which I already clarified on Weibo more than a year ago, and they also said that ‘as of now, no response from Fang Zhouzi has been observed.’ Since I exposed his plagiarism in his dissertation, Sun Haifeng has been spraying shit towards me every day on his blog, there is enough [shit] for you to pick up. This newspaper is listed on my blacklist; don’t you bother me again from now on.”^[131]



Response and clarification in Fang’s style

“I’ve responded and clarified the allegations before” has been Fang’s way of handling the allegations against his own frauds. Also, Fang believes that being banned from interviewing him and being added to the blacklist he maintains are the most frightening thing to a news medium in China. The above screenshot of Fang’s

Weibo post, scolding and threatening *Qilu Evening News*, was captured by Ms. He Nan 53 minutes after Fang's posting. At the time, Fang had 2,061,179 followers, nearly quadrupled the number he had one year earlier. Of course more than 90% of Fang's followers on Weibo were zombies.

Yes, that's Fang's second response in 10 days to the massive coverage of his own scandal, and meanwhile, Fang had been trying desperately to bust Han Han's "fraud" by forcing him to prove his own innocence. In other words, Fang not only has two sets of criteria of plagiarism, he also has two sets of laws for busting the frauds. You should also know that in the above post, Fang dared only to threaten Jinan-based *Qilu Evening News*, and he let go of people.com and Xinhua Net easily. Here is Dr. Sun's refutation of Fang's "clarification":

"Fang's so called 'clarification' is a sophistry for the purpose of shifting the blame. Not only didn't it explain the problem of stealing the image, it also unveiled the fact that the book is not an independent writing, but a translation and compilation by a team. Fang Zhouzi is the author of the book, not the editor-in-chief of the book, but he let other people translate and compile the figures, isn't it the 'ghostwriting' problem of which he is accusing Han Han?"^[132]

However, Fang's calculated move did nothing but spread the scandal further: many newspapers reported the news on the next day^[133], and the newspaper reports were posted on the internet to form the second wave, with more blasts. According to a report by *Xiaoxiang Morning News*, Fang told them the following:

"Fang Zhouzi believes that at this moment Sun Haifeng 'who continues to pull out these old stories is purely out of personal reason, with an ulterior motive.'"^[134]

To which, Dr. Sun responded:

"When he questions other people, what he does is righteous fraud busting; however, when other people question him, they must have an ulterior purpose. After I criticized the plagiarisms committed by Fang Zhouzi and Liu Juhua last year, this plagiarist racked his brain to retaliate, using an article plagiarized from mine by other people to frame me as a plagiarist, and he even wrote a letter to the leaders of my University to make a false accusation against me. He is the prototype of fraud busting in rogue style!"^[135]

According to a report published in *Southern Metropolis Daily* on Feb. 7, 2012, Fang told the reporter the following:

"*Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs* belongs to science popularization readings rather than a rigorous academic paper; it is customary that such a book uses other authors' illustrations to introduce their academic achievements without acknowledgement, it is not plagiarism at all."^[136]

To the above, Dr. Sun asked:

"Misappropriating other people's illustrations in his own books for the purpose of making money, with neither acknowledgement nor permission, how could it be 'customary'?"^[137]

"Stealing other people's things to sell, which country's custom is it? Is it Fang Zhouzi's own custom?"^[138]

As a matter of fact, the shockwave even reached outside of mainland China: the newspapers in Taiwan^[139] and Singapore^[140] reported the scandal also. There is absolutely no doubt that the fact

“Fang is not only a thief, but also a dumb and shameless thief” was known to every person who knew Fang at all by Feb. 6, 2012. However, by that time, Fang’s another scandal had already become the eye of the hurricane.





All over the internet

From Feb. 3 to Feb. 6, 2012, the story about Fang's stealing and the low level translation mistakes was reported by almost every major website in China. Fang dared only to single out *Qilu Evening News* to scold.

“打假斗士”也被打假 深大副教授质疑方舟子抄袭



孙海峰微博打假。
深圳晚报记者 温庆强 摄

孙海峰：方舟子剽窃他人图表

微博认证为深圳大学传播系副主任孙海峰的网友近日在新浪微博上爆料，称方舟子《大象为什么不长毛》一书中剽窃了他人的图表，并有明显的翻译错误，文中把描述人种肤色深浅的 dark light 译成夜晚、白天。

孙海峰在微博中写道：“留美博士方舟子素以自己英语水平为荣，常嘲笑别人英语烂。方生化博士英语到底有多好，请大家鉴赏：《大象为什么不长毛》一书中，方生化博士剽窃他人图表也罢，还把原文描述人种肤色深浅的 dark light 译成夜晚、白天，创造了方氏白天夜晚高加索人、白天夜晚东印度人新品种。”该微博发出后，引起众多网友的围观和转发，网友们对此议论纷纷，各有评析。

孙海峰：所谓打假其实是打真护假

深圳晚报讯（记者 李可心）方舟子与韩寒的纷争最近闹得沸沸扬扬，但方韩之争尚未结束，素有“打假斗士”之称的方舟子却反被他人打假。近日，深圳大学一副教授在微博上爆料，称方舟子作品剽窃他人图表，还有明显翻译错误，这引起了众多网友的围观。

记者昨天来到深大采访了深圳大学传播系副主任孙海峰副教授。孙海峰告诉记者，去年3月他曾关注过刘菊花硕士论文抄袭，结果惹恼了其大方舟子，两人就此事曾有过纷争。“我的质疑有充分的证据，但他却反过来中伤我抄袭，从那次事件后，我就认清了方舟子‘打假’的真面目，他所谓的打假其实是打真护假。”

孙海峰说，根据网友提供的线索，他陆续收集了方舟子数十篇涉嫌抄袭的资料，他在微博中公布的证据来自网友的“举报”，都经过他的核实核对。他表示，接下来他打算整理收集到的方舟子涉嫌抄袭的资料，查实后通过微博等方式公布，同时也考虑再写几篇文章，进一步剖析这种现象。希望大家能更清楚地认识方舟子所谓的打假。

方舟子：一年多前就已澄清

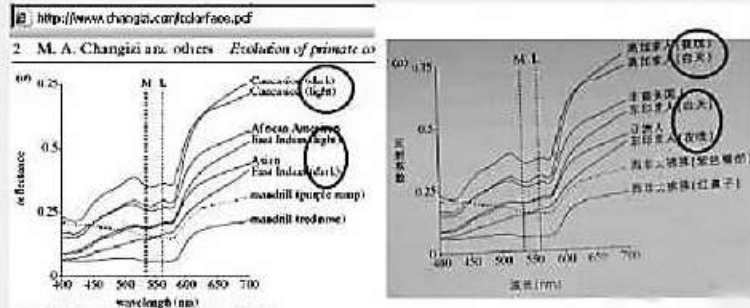
记者留意到，对于孙海峰的质疑，方舟子昨天在微博上给予了回应，称一年多前就在微博上澄清过此事。“把我一年多以前就在微博上澄清过的《大象为什么不长毛》插图一事又炒起来，还说‘暂时未见方舟子回应’……”

记者随后搜索方舟子的微博后发现，2011年1月25日，方舟子在个人微博上表示，《大象为什么不长毛》书中有勘误，“插图中的说明两处‘夜晚’、‘白天’都应该是‘深肤色’、‘浅肤色’。原图是英文论文的插图，编辑给翻译成中文时翻译错了，我校对时没有注意到。”方舟子同时在微博中写道，“（书中）还有零星一些编辑错误，我会发一个勘误表。”

不过，对于方舟子的回应，孙海峰认为只是推卸责任的狡辩，“不仅没有解释剽窃国外文章图表的问题，而且暴露了他的书不是独立创作而是团队编译。”

@孙海峰 V：留美博士@方舟子 素以自己英语水平为荣，常嘲笑别人英语烂，方生化博士英语到底有多好，请大家鉴赏：《大象为什么不长毛》一书中，方生化博士剽窃他人图表也罢，还把原文描述人种肤色深浅的 dark、light 译成夜晚、白天，创造了方氏#白天夜晚高加索人#、#白天夜晚东印度人#新品种。http://t.cn/ng6hdk

收起 查看大图 向左转 向右转



左：发表于BIOL-LIT (2006) 的论文图表。
右：方舟子在《大象为什么不长毛》一书中直接剽窃，且把dark、light译成肤色。

微博截图

“‘The Fraud buster’ is being ‘busted’ also”

Dr. Sun Haifeng’s questioning of Fang Zhouzi’s plagiarism was reported by *Shenzhen Evening News* on Feb. 6, 2012. Please note that the screenshot of Dr. Sun’s post on weibo.com was also published in the newspaper (bottom).



The most scandalous and despicable person in China

On February 5 and 6, 2012, the stupid translation mistakes Fang made while stealing an image for his book became national news. The above images show the screenshots of TV programs reporting the story. According to Google search conducted in early May, 2015, there were at least the following Satellite TV stations which reported news: Shandong, Hebei, Liaoning, Guangdong, and Guizhou.



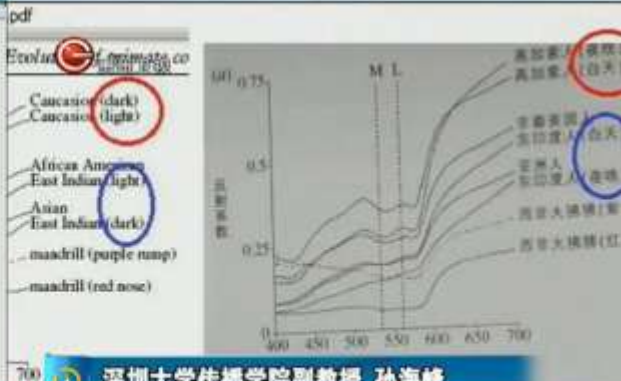
深大副教授指方舟子剽窃



深圳大学传播学院副教授 孙海峰
他就完全矢口否认他妻子是抄袭的



孙海峰质疑方舟子剽窃他人学术成果



深圳大学传播学院副教授 孙海峰
他把描述肤色深浅的light和dark



“方孙骂战” 始于去年



孙海峰质疑方舟子剽窃他人学术成果

Being abandoned and Deserted

On Feb. 6, 2012, or shortly after, Guizhou Satellite TV aired a program on Dr. Sun's plagiarism allegation against Fang. The above images are the screenshots of the program. Guizhou Satellite TV station used to be Fang's stronghold: having made and broadcasted a serial TV shows in 2011 featuring Fang Zhouzi and his despised buddy Sima Nan. The show was terminated in October 2011, coincidental with the termination of Fang's column in *China Youth Daily*, most likely because of the scandal about Fang's plagiarism of Dr. Root-Bernstein.

Uncle Bob Coming to Town

Although the human race scandal is humiliating, to Fang Zhouzi who is famous for his shamelessness, it is only a slight ailment on the skin, in Chinese, it is called “disease of fungal or scabies infection” (癬疥之疾, xuǎn jiè zhī jí). Fang knows exactly what his fatal disease, or “the disease of heart or internal organs” (心腹之患, xīn fù zhī huàn) is: his plagiarism of Dr. Root-Bernstein in 1995. And right after having suffered the recurrence of his skin disease, Fang suffered a heart attack, really, really hard attack.

1. An Old Issue

As having documented extensively^[12], in 1995, while being a graduate student at the Michigan State University, Fang Zhouzi wrote an essay entitled *What Is Science*, based completely, entirely, and solely on a paper published in 1984 by Dr. Robert Root-Bernstein, a professor at the same University. The case was exposed in October, 2010, which became the last straw breaking Fang’s spinal cord, and from that moment on, Fang began to reveal his true colors, viciousness, shamelessness, senselessness, craziness, and evilness, to the public. Because most people in mainland China didn’t know the story well or at all, they, including Han Han and Luo Yonghao, were actually bewildered by Fang’s sudden transformation.

Fang’s MSU scandal was first reported by a third party in February, 2011, by Ms. Cao Minghua, a well-known Chinese writer based in Los Angeles^[141]. One month later, it was reported again by *Legal Weekly* in its “*Comprehensive Investigation*” report. However, the turning point of the event occurred on Aug. 3, 2011, when Dr. Root-Bernstein sent his [Open Letter to Shi-Min Fang](#) to a group of people, in which Dr. Root-Bernstein formally and openly accused Fang of plagiarism. The open letter immediately ignited a month-long wildfire on China’s internet. Here is a post by Dr. Sun Haifeng made on August 6, 2011:

“ **【 Watch: The apology letter by Fang Zhouzi, the urban management officer on the internet】** Root-Bernstein, a professor at Fang’s alma mater, issued an open letter to accuse Fang of plagiarism, and demand an apology from Fang. Fang pretended to be dead on Weibo, however, he secretly sent an apology letter which looked sincere but actually quibbling. The professor didn’t accept the apology and replied immediately to continue the questioning. Please note: the professor emphasizes that what he has written is an open letter, he wants to teach people a lesson using this example, and even those people regarded by Fang as his ‘enemies’ should have the rights to voicing their opinions. The following is the screenshot of the original letter.”^[142]

Here is another post by Dr. Sun on Aug. 22, 2011:

“ **【 American Professor harshly denounces Fang Zhouzi’s plagiarism and his serving as the judge in his own plagiarism case】** You don't play by anyone's rules but your own anyway? ……Your only response to that issue so far has been to say that you are an expert on fraud and you know that you have not plagiarized me or violated my copyright. Yet you refuse to reveal the criteria you are using in making that decision,……I am far less worried about whether you have stolen some of my work than I am worried that you have set yourself as an unassailable and unregulated monitor of fraud in China.”^[143]

@孙海峰 V 🏆

【围观：网络城管方舟子的道歉信】其母校教授Root-Bernstein发公开信指责方剽窃并要求道歉，方在微博上装死，却偷偷发了一封貌似真诚实为狡辩的道歉信，对方不买帐，立即回信质问。请注意：教授强调发的是公开信，他要用这事来教育大家，即便是方认为的“敌人”也应发出声音。以下是原信截屏。



2011-8-6 16:32 来自 微博 weibo.com

转发 10275 | 评论 2261 | 6

@孙海峰 V 🏆

【美国教授再次严斥#@方舟子 剽窃#并在自身剽窃案中充当裁判】你除了自定规则是不遵守他人规则的.....你迄今回应你是打假专家，你鉴定自己没有剽窃，却拒绝提供鉴定标准.....我对你是否偷窃我作品的担心远不如我担心你把自己当成监督中国造假行为的一个不受制约亦不承担指控的角色。 [网页链接](#)



2011-8-22 14:08 来自 微博 weibo.com

转发 5267 | 评论 1648 | 83

The lethal weapon II

Dr. Root-Bernstein's open letters to Fang Zhouzi in the August of 2011 were widely and frequently cited during the Hanly War. The above images are the screenshots of two posts showing Dr. Root-Bernstein's responses to Fang's first and the second replies, posted by Dr. Sun Haifeng in August 2011, on weibo.com. Dr. Sun would start reposting them repeatedly in the early stage of the Hanly War. As of now, the first post has been reposted for more than 10 thousand times, and the second one more than 5 thousand times.

美国教授罗伯特就《科学是什么》涉嫌抄袭接受访问时表示 “我会考虑起诉方舟子”



深圳商报记者 汤 浪

昨日,有网友在微博上向本报记者爆料称,美国密歇根州立大学教授罗伯特·鲁特-伯恩斯坦宣称将有可能就方舟子抄袭一事进行起诉。为了证明这一消息的可信性,该网友还向记者提供了正式访问罗伯特·鲁特-伯恩斯坦教授的视频。

两种行为都算抄袭

在视频访问中,罗伯特教授首先否定了抄袭作品不需要原创,并可以大量引用他人作品,同时不需要加注释的观点。

他认为,原创性研究和科普工作,这两方面工作的标准其实是一样的。无论是做原创性研究,还是介绍他人的研究,都应该非常小心,注明引用的出处,告诉读者你是从那里获得的信息,给予最先提出那种观点的人以应得的荣誉。

在科普作品中引用他人观点时,必须说出在哪里读到的这篇文章,文章作者是谁,把这些信息放在醒目或相应的地方,以便读者知道是在介绍别人的思想。

同时,罗伯特在视频中透露,在美国,至少有两种行为是侵犯了版权法。第一种是直接拷贝、复制文字。第二种是使用别人文章中论据和观点,这也算抄袭。

罗伯特说,作者可以引用别人文章,但是必须使用引号,注明出处,引用他人文字一般不得超过200个字。超过这个限度,必须得到书面授权。

“如果文章大量引用别人的观点,并只在最后说明‘本观点来自某某’之类似的行为,应属抄袭。因为,即使引用别人的观点,也需要更换其中的事例。”罗伯特举例说,他曾给《科学》杂志写过一篇关于进化论可验证性的文章。之后,署名作家古尔德也为一本杂志写了一篇科普文章。他使用了相同的论证方式、顺序,但他更换了全部的事例。对于这是否是抄袭,罗伯特觉得不好界定。但是,假如有人使用了同样的论证方式、事例、顺序,则即使是使用了不同的文字,那也就是抄袭。



8月20日,网友向记者发来罗伯特教授的访谈视频。图为视频截图。

从上世纪70年代开始,罗伯特教授在普林斯顿大学先后做生物化学和科学史研究,1987年迄今在密歇根州立大学任生物化学教授。他广泛地信仰达尔文的进化论,并作为进化论阵营中的一员,参与撰写了《科学与神创论》(Science and Creationism, 牛津大学出版社,1984年出版)一书。

《神创论是科学的理论吗》是《科学与神创论》一书改写的罗伯特教授在其中一篇文章。为了证明神创论不是科学理论,罗伯特教授从逻辑、总论、社会、历史四个角度进行了一套判断科学理论的标准,用来批判科学神创论。

教授称方舟子涉嫌抄袭

当被问及是否曾给方舟子写信称“我没有能力做出判断”是否有人抄袭自己的作品时,罗伯特在视频中做了肯定的答复,不过他称那只是很早时候的一封信。

罗伯特回忆说那时有人给他写信,说有人可能抄袭了自己的作品。他当时根本不知道涉事双方都是些什么人,所以他只是给来信者写了一封回信,同时抄送当事人方舟子,说他对此起争议不了解,没有足够的文件来做判断是否是抄袭。

罗伯特认为,这只是他在无法做出判断时做出的声明。

随后,他收到两个或者三个人的译文。这些译文是不同的发送的,每份译文略有不同,中文原文则完全相同。因此,他知道,这篇文章有很多读者,如果译成英文,就是一篇与自己文章相似的文章。更为重要的是,罗伯特认为该文的论证方式、观点、例证与自己的文章完全相同。

罗伯特视频中自称,在寄送译文的人中,有一个人自称是方舟子的密友,他称自己的译文可以证明当事人没有抄袭。但实际上,罗伯特认为这篇译文与其他译文本质上是相同的。所有的译文都证明,这是

抄袭的作品,这个时候他可以确认这是抄袭。

教授表示或告方舟子

在视频的对话中,罗伯特认为起诉抄袭者的困难很大。

他认为面对抄袭自己“一般不会起诉”。因为,起诉起来非常麻烦,耗费金钱,需要大量时间,而且获得补偿的可能性非常小。

“如果我们一直我的‘天才’的13个思想工具,就会发现,有一个人实际上抄袭了我整部的书,只不过是把书中所说的‘我们’(因为那我和太太合著的),改成‘我’。”罗伯特说,该人将这书用两种形式重新发表,一是通过一系列文章,二是把整部书通过一个叫“Vanity”的出版机构重新发表。

罗伯特得知后告知出版商,但得到的回答是“无所谓”。

因为,如果为此走法律途径的话,罗伯特估计大概需要几年,付出50万元美金。如果要采取法律行动,唯一理由就是那个人赚了大笔的钱,而你赢了官司,可以得到丰厚的补偿。

据网络爆料人透露,罗伯特教授在访谈最后表示:“我会考虑起诉方舟子。”

新闻背景 《科学是什么》争议录

起因是什么?

1995年5月,方舟子将他所写的《科学是什么》一文发表在中文互联网上。长期跟踪研究方舟子的旅美华人学者“亦明”博士发现,方舟子在《科学是什么》一文中所提出的观点与罗伯特教授惊人的相似。《科学是什么》全文1600字,其中约有900字几乎原文

引自罗伯特教授的《神创论是科学的理论吗》一文,构成了《科学是什么》的主要观点。但并未注明这些观点的出处。

2010年10月14日,“亦明”在纽约科伦论坛发表了《方舟子早在1995年就抄袭MSU教授的英文文章》。两天后,“亦明”宣布将向密歇根州立大学举报方舟子的这起抄袭案。

方舟子的反击

2010年10月16日,也就是“亦明”宣布举报的当天,方舟子将“亦明”的真实姓名在新论坛上公之于众。“亦明”(真

名葛军)原是美国南卡罗莱纳大学植物系某实验室的技术员,现在做中文基础课为生,做兼职生意,专职从事“方舟子”研究。曾经在2005年、2007年两度回国,以“美国大学副教授”的身份招徕传播。

举报曾“不予调查”

同年10月17日,“亦明”向密歇根州立大学(MSU)发出举报信。一个月之后,“亦明”收到了MSU学术诚信负责人(Research Integrity Officer)吉姆

斯(M.皮瓦尼克)的回复,没有明确的证据能证明方的文章是在他在校期间写的,因此,决定对此抄袭案不予调查。

后来,“亦明”找到了这篇发表在1995年发表的证据。但MSU以“方舟子的文章与他在该校学业无关”为由,拒绝复查。

方舟子的行动

在当年10月18日“亦明”举报方舟子之前,网上只有“亦明”、“国殇”等网站的《科学是什么》的最初版本。10月19日,方舟子修改了新论坛网站的网页,加上了“根据美国学者

Root-Bernstein的归纳”的字样。10月26日,方舟子对“三联科学网”的《科学是什么》也做了同样的修改。但方早在之前的2002年,三联网站将《科学是什么》收入“三联小百科”中。并没有提到文章中的观点来自Root-Bernstein。

“时光机器”恢复真相

在查找被方舟子攻击之前的网页时,一家叫“时光机器”的网站帮了“亦明”的大忙。在“时光机器”上,

访问者可以随时全部下载某类网站,并找到不同时间的版本。在这里,“亦明”找到了这篇发表在新浪网上被篡改以前和之后的版本并作了截图。

方舟子的辩驳

2010年10月30日,他在微博解释道:“《科学是什么》是我1995年在中文网上跟别人吵得昏天暗地的帖子,其中引用的科学判断标准不是从这说就是科

学家的共识,1999年收入《方舟子在战》时则注明是根据Root-Bernstein的归纳。2007年出版的《批评中国》更注明了Root-Bernstein文章的出处。‘方舟子’拿我的截图问案,还问我什么重大发现了。”

方舟子的声明

2011年3月31日,针对《法制周末》报道《科学是什么》一事,方舟子发表博客称,《法制周末》发表一篇污蔑我抄袭的文章……但是今天罗伯特·鲁特-

伯恩斯坦教授称他答复对访问者的信件,明确指出来从来没有认定过我抄袭其文章;“我没有资格来判定方博士是否抄袭了我的作品,因为我不可能阅读中文。该抄袭案问题必须交给那些能够流利地阅读中英两种文字的人去决定。”

National News

On August 21, 2011, *Shenzhen Economic Daily* reported Dr. Root-Bernstein's allegation against Fang in its "Domestic Major News" page. Two days later, Beijing-based *Legal Evening News* also reported the news in its "Hotline" page.

In the midnight of Jan. 18, 2012, the day when Fang started attacking Han Han, a Weibo user, [HandsonYang](#), made the following comment on one of Dr. Sun's above posts:

"In fact I know this guy only because of Han Han. Obviously, this guy is a writer who lives on plagiarism only and he thinks everyone else in the world is a plagiarist, increasing his own stock by using other people's fame, measuring other people's stomach by using the yardstick of his own flunky heart, he is really the shame of all the writers, really shameless

in the extreme.”^[144]

And Dr. Sun replied, reposting the original post at the same time:

“I have never thought of these two people at the same time. Now, retrospectively, one is positive and open, the other is malicious and insidious, their direct confrontation is inevitable.”^[145]

From that time on, Dr. Sun would repost the post for at least 10 times in the next 2-3 weeks when Dr. Changizi’s light/dark figure of reflectance spectra overshadowed Dr. Root-Bernstein’s open letters.

Of course Dr. Sun was not the only person who remembered Fang’s MSU scandal. On Jan. 24, 2012, 4 minutes after posting my article on Fang’s plagiarism of Yi Hua, that antibitchfang posted Dr. Robert Root-Bernstein’s second open letter to Fang, with Chinese translation^[146]. The post generated very limited impact until Mr. Luo Yonghao, who must have known the letter since the summer of 2011, but chosen to remain silent on the matter before January 2012, reposted it on the next day, with the following Fang-style comment:

“There is an internet user from Zhangzhou, Fujian [Fang’s hometown], who revealed that Fang Zhouzi had plagiarized. ‘Is it real?’”^[147]

Here is Dr. Sun Haifeng’s comment:

“It is real, the interrogative particle ‘ma’ is unnecessary.”^[148]

Mainly because of Mr. Luo’s reposting, the original post was forwarded 480 times. However, Fang kept pretending to be a blind and deaf to the post, and in his “statement” on the day, he intentionally ignored Dr. Root-Bernstein’s open letters and put the focus on Dr. Changizi’s figure, meanwhile he accelerated his attack on Han Han.

2. Ms. He Nan Revived the Old Issue

(1) The Rising Star among the Fang-haters

The old issue was revived by a lady named He Nan (何楠, web ID [易天](#), Yi Tian), a book agent. Ms. He had been criticizing Fang Zhouzi’s fraudulence since 2011; however, it seemed that she wasn’t aware of the scholarly research on Fang until the end of January or early February 2012. Starting from Feb. 3, 2012, Ms. He Nan began to post the information she extracted from my books, and the following is one of her such posts, with the screenshot of the interface of *The Database of Fang Zhouzi’s Plagiarisms*:

“Here is the summary of the plagiarisms committed by Fang Zhouzi, the fraud fighting liar, the biggest plagiarist. It is really hard for any normal people to imagine that a person who depends on plagiarizing completely to write can live on fraud fighting confidently, what kind of indomitable shamelessness and contemptibility it is!”^[149]

The message was posted in the morning of Feb. 4, 2012, and by the midnight of the day, it had been reposted for about 1,500 times, and except for a handful of Fang-lovers, all of those who had made the comments supported Ms. He Nan, or asked Fang to respond. Here is one exemplary comment:

Absolute majority

By the midnight of Feb. 4, 2012, Ms. He Nan's post, calling Fang "the fraud fighting liar, the biggest plagiarist," had been reposted for about 1,500 times. Among those who made the reposts, about 100 were made by certified Weibo users, and among these 100 people, only four of them support Fang's continued attack on Han Han (highlighted in black boxes, the last Fang-lover reposted multiple times), one said Ms. He's post is a dog fight; one questioned the timing of the post; and the other two argued that even a thief should have the right to catching other thieves, or a hooker has the right to reporting other hookers' prostitution to police.

The fact is, Fang's dangerousness to Chinese people and his harmfulness to Chinese society had been clearly recognized by Chinese people by then. Here is another exemplary comment:

"The phenomenon of Fang Zhouzi is actually very horrible. As a scholar he does not conduct research because he knows that he won't get his fame in the academic circle even if he works hard till his next life. However, it is completely different when he covers himself with a cloak of fraud fighter. He can get all kinds of attention by randomly questioning a celebrity based on nothing, and he will end up as a victor whether he wins or loses, because he have already reached his goal of drawing attention, which will be followed by material benefits. What Fang does will set an example for those who are both ignorant and incompetent but eager to become famous."^[151]

On the next day, Ms. He Nan's post appeared in a report by China Network Television^[152], which was subsequently appeared on people.com^[153]. Here is the summary of the report:

"In recent days, Sina Weibo certified user 'Yi Tian' has posted many messages to question Fang Zhouzi's frauds. The reporter with Weibo Alliance contacted Fang Zhouzi and Yi Tian, respectively, on the matter. Fang Zhouzi said he doesn't know Yi Tian; the contents of her posts are all old stories which had been responded very long time ago. 'Yi Tian' emphasized to the reporter repeatedly that her attack on Fang Zhouzi is absolutely not for the purpose of getting famous, rather, it is for the purpose of getting rid of 'the public hazard in the society.'^[154]

中国网络电视台 > 新闻台 > 中国图文 >  央视网

出版人微博质疑方舟子抄袭 声称不为出名为“除害”

发布时间:2012年02月05日 20:51 | 进入复兴论坛 | 来源: 中国网络电视台 | 手机看视频

方舟子抄袭剽窃台鉴数据牌

序号	抄袭内容	抄袭来源	原作者	原作者姓名	原作者单位	原作者职业	原作者简介	原作者微博
1	方舟子抄袭剽窃台鉴数据牌	http://www.163.com/	易天	易天	易天	易天	易天	http://weibo.com/yitian
2	方舟子抄袭剽窃台鉴数据牌	http://www.163.com/	易天	易天	易天	易天	易天	http://weibo.com/yitian
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"易天"微博截图: 方舟子抄袭资料汇总

“易天”微博截图：方舟子抄袭资料汇总



东南快报V:【出版人微博质疑方舟子抄袭 声称不为出名为“除害”】近日出版代理人、编剧@易天 连发微博质疑方舟子造假。“易天”强调自己攻击方舟子绝非是为出名，只为除“社会公害”。她已在着手搜集关于方舟子生活来源不明的证据，以揭露他所谓的打假是通过揭发他人来出名获利。



2012-02-06 20:45 来自享拍微博通

转发(21) | 收藏 | 评论(13)

The time bomb was detonated again

On Feb. 4, 2012, Ms. He Nan posted the screenshot of *The Database of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarisms* on her Weibo. The story was reported by China Network TV and people.com on the next day. Even Fang's hometown newspaper *Southeast Express* reposted the story on its Weibo.

(2) A Challenge Fang Won't Accept

Starting from Feb. 5, 2012, Ms. He Nan began to focus on the Root-Bernstein case. In the afternoon of Feb. 5, she reposted a message showing Dr. Root-Bernstein's reply to Fang's insincere apology^[155]. In the night of the day, she asked for help in contacting Dr. Root-Bernstein^[156]. In the morning of Feb. 6, Fang posted the following message on his Weibo:

"I have already said that I would not accept the interview requests by qq.com on the matter of Han Han; however, qq.com invited Lin Chufang, a leader of those who are sitting on the fence, to be their guest reporter, so I could not refuse his interview anymore. Lin Chufang went to Shanghai first to interview Han Han, and then he interviewed me yesterday. After the interview, Lin Chufang announced that he had got down from the fence. If Liu Ge, another leader of the fence sitting people, comes to interview me too, I am confident to get

him down from the fence as well. If that's the case, the battle will be won completely."^[157]

Here is Ms. He Nan's comment on Fang's pre-victory declaration:

"Fang Zhouzi, Black & White Fang [referring black night and white day Caucasian/East Indian] has once again declared his victory unilaterally, despite being cursed all over the internet. I am wondering if the professor at his alma mater, who was plagiarized by Fang, is invited to come to China to make a [TV] show, will Black & White Fang dare to confront him face to face and prove his own innocence?! If any TV programs are interested, the cost won't be a problem. Please forward the post as widely as possible."^[158]

Ms. He Nan's "wondering" was actually induced by Fang Zhouzi. Two days earlier, Hunan Satellite TV broadcasted a report on the Hanly War, in which they aligned each and every piece of Fang's "reasoning" or "evidence" against Han Han with Han Han's corresponding replies. Fang immediately accused the TV station of partiality:

"The People in News of Hunan Satellite TV is obviously in favor of Han Han, the result of their skillful editing is that I say a sentence, then Han Han refutes it with a sentence. Also, those of my sentences they picked up to be the targets are all the unimportant ones. This is what they have hyped 'Fang-Han Confrontation.' That's why I have emphasized that the true confrontation should be face to face, and should be video-taped in its entirety or broadcasted live."^[159]

Yes, according to Fang, a news medium should not let the person being attacked by him to refute what he has said; otherwise, they will be guilty of favoritism. Apparently knowing his argument is really stupid and arbitrary, Fang proposed the solution of face to face confrontation. The funny thing is, just one day before that, Fang essentially declined such a proposal by Han Han's. Here is a post by Maitian, the initiator of the Hanly War:

"Han Han said that he is willing to talk with Fang Zhouzi face to face. Hostess: Since the beginning of the swearing war, have you and Fang Zhouzi faced each other directly? Han Han: I haven't, I think I can [face him] under any circumstances, if he is willing to, I don't think there are any problems, and everyone can be the witness. He can ask me any questions. <http://t.cn/zOhZdOK>"^[160]

And here is Fang's reply:

"I said several days ago that I am willing to confront Han Han on a suitable occasion, which means a public occasion before the presence of the news media, with the whole course video-taping, and without the help of the group of friends and relatives, rather than a private occasion."^[161]

If you know Fang very well, you'd know what Fang meant by these words was trying to make it impossible to find such an occasion so that he won't need to face Han Han directly. The tactic would be used repeatedly by Fang to avoid direct confrontations with many of his opponents during the Hanly War, including Dr. Xiao Chuanguo, Mr. Luo Yonghao, Mr. Yan Hong (more on this later), and, in 2013, with Mr. Wang Mudi^[162].

Anyway, at 6:13 PM of Feb. 6, 2012, five hours after throwing down the gauntlet, Ms. He Nan asked Fang again:

"Black & White Fang, please answer the question directly: If I invite the professor of your

alma mater who has accused you of plagiarism to come to Beijing, are you willing to confront him face to face? You must answer the question directly. Once you give an affirmative answer, I'll invite him at any cost! Fang-fans, please support, if you firmly believe that Mr. Fang is a fraud fighter!!”^[163]

In less than an hour, Mr. Yao Bo (web ID [五岳散人](#)) responded to the above post:

“Since Yi Tian has formally challenged Fang Zhouzi that as long as he agrees that he will confront the professor of his alma mater who has accused him of plagiarism, Yi Tian will invite the professor to Beijing. Here, I state solemnly: the professor’s expenses of living, eating, and transportation during his stay in Beijing will be covered by me entirely, VIP treatment, designated vehicle and driver, all included. The conference room in a five-star hotel will be provided as the confrontation location. Let this post be the evidence of my promise. Respectfully asking the internet friends to urge Fang Zhouzi to accept the challenge.”^[164]

Two hours later, Mr. Luo Yonghao pledged the air fare for Dr. Root-Bernstein’s travel^[165].



The challenge that made fighter Fang a coward

On Feb. 6, 2012, Ms. He Nan challenged Fang to confront Dr. Root-Bernstein face to face; if Fang accepts the challenge, she would invite Dr. Root-Bernstein to China at any cost. Soon, two people promised that they would cover the total cost of Dr. Root-Bernstein's trip. Till this day, more than 3 years later, pseudo-fighter Fang has yet to make a single comment on the challenge.

(3) The Newest Version of Fang's Last Strategy

Mr. Yao Bo's post was reposted for more than 3 thousand times in two hours, and 8 thousand times in 24 hours, which means that Fang had been notified the challenge and "urged" to accept the challenge for at least 8 thousand times by the end of Feb. 7, 2012. Of course by that time, many people had already known Fang's "last strategy" very well. For example, the first person who reposted Mr. Yao's post left the following comment:

"Must support.....However, the Pig Thigh will definitely be unable to see, unable to see, unable to see"^[166]

Sure enough, the future John Maddox Prize winner who would be awarded by a handful of Brits for his "[courage for sound science](#)" immediately adopted his "last strategy" to deal with Ms. He Nan's challenge and vast amount encouragements from the internet users. The only surprise to the onlookers was that the last strategy was an upgraded version.

Before the Hanly War, Fang's "last strategy" - playing dumb, pretending to be blind or deaf or dead to avoid responding to the allegations against him or challenges to him -, was mainly implemented by attacking other targets, such as the Traditional Chinese Medicine or the public intellectuals. However, on Feb. 6, 2012, Fang invented a new way to play dumb: solving lantern riddles. Specifically, from 6:51 PM of Feb. 6 to 10:44 PM of Feb. 7, 2012, Fang interacted almost exclusively with a Weibo account called "Chinese Lantern Riddle" ([中国灯谜](#)) to solve the riddles made by the latter, completely ignoring whatever happening in the outside world. The weird thing is, not only could Fang solve every one of the riddles, he was also the ultimate judge to determine the right answers to the riddles, which, more ironically, were all about eulogizing Fang or attacking his enemies. The peculiarity was almost immediately noticed by other people. Seven minutes after Fang solved his first puzzle, which was intended to attack Ms. Yao Chen who was "thumped" by Fang 10 days earlier^[7], a Weibo user commented:

"The Pig Thigh is following only 21 people, however, he is able to find the person with followers only in double digits. I think you have a team."^[167]

And indeed, it was soon found out that Fang Zhouzi was the first person to make a comment on the first riddle made by that "Chinese Lantern Riddle" in November, 2011^[168], and that riddle was made particularly for Fang to attack Mr. Song Hongbing ([宋鸿兵](#))^[169], a financial analyst, and that was the first time and the only time Fang mentioned Song's name. Why would Fang want to attack Mr. Song? Here is Mr. Song's comment made about one hour after being attacked by Fang:

"I was continuously reminded by bloggers yesterday that if I keep talking about China's agronomy and food, GMO, or America's Monsanto, a person named Fang Zhouzi will jump out for sure. At the time I didn't believe it. However, Fang Zhouzi started shouting abuse at me today as predicted. It seems that the bloggers have already known who is working for the American interest group!"^[170]

The funny thing is, after the exposure of the secretive tie between Fang and the "Chinese Lantern Riddle," the comment which revealed the secret was immediately deleted, obviously by Fang or that

“Chinese Lantern Riddle.” In other words, the “Chinese Lantern Riddle” is either registered by Fang himself, or one of his closest associates, such as his family members. Either way, Fang have the access to the account: otherwise, there would be no way for Fang to find the latter’s first riddle, and there would be no way for the latter to design his first riddle especially for being used by Fang as a springboard to attack Mr. Song.

刁刺透
肘子只关注了二十一人，却总能找到粉丝只有二位数的人，我质疑你有一个团队。//@方舟子:这条灯谜真应景。

@中国灯谜
【2012017】“女王”微博占鳌头（延安整风中的诡异人物一，三字）
2012-2-6 05:23 来自 Android客户端 转发 394 | 评论 370

2012-2-6 05:58 来自 华为Ascend手机

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wiresage: // @方舟子: 宋鸿兵抄抄赋赋阴谋论就成了经济学界知名发言人? (2011-11-8 20:35) 转发

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上一页 | 1 ... 7 8 9 10 11 12

观光考察团: 哎哟，方老师的留言怎么删了？@方舟子 看来吃屎之后还知道羞着呢？！！
2012-2-7 20:13 回复 | 点赞

8食堂的霸气狗: 哈哈哈哈哈，肘子也穿马甲。。。。好丢人啊
2012-2-7 19:55 回复 | 点赞

李四保: 就是这一条，这是@中国灯谜 的第一条微薄。第一个回复者就是@方舟子。可能怕被别人看出来，删除掉了，但是现存的第二条评论是转发@方舟子的。漏了痕迹。
2012-2-7 19:49 回复 | 点赞

wuhan匆匆: 看看在这里会不会也拖黑哦 笑死了 自问自答这招也用 真是奇葩
2012-2-7 19:35 回复 | 点赞

竹林静雨_Jacky: 矮油，围观马甲
2012-2-7 19:28 回复 | 点赞

哎呀乔治的嘛: 哎哟，方老师的留言怎么删了？
2012-2-7 18:30 回复 | 点赞

Solving the puzzle of Fang’s riddle-solving game

Starting from the evening of Feb. 6, 2012, Fang began to play riddle-solving game on his Weibo as his “last strategy” to avoid responding to the plagiarism allegations against him and the challenge posed by Ms. He Han to confront Dr. Root-Bernstein; however, the scheme never worked. Upper panel: 7 minutes after Fang started playing the game of solving lantern riddles, a Weibo user began to question how Fang found the riddle posted by the virtually unknown Weibo account, Chinese Lantern Riddle. Middle panel: Fang’s intimate relationship with that previously unknown Weibo account was discovered shortly after: he was the First person to make a comment on [the First post by that Chinese Lantern Riddle](#). Lower panel: Immediately after the secret was out, Fang’s comment on the first riddle was deleted, and many Weibo users laughed at Fang’s stupidity and shamelessness under the first post by the Chinese Lantern Riddle. Please note that despite the fact that almost everyone knows the secret of Fang’s riddle-solving game, Fang would continue to play it till his last days of his life on China’s internet.

The fact is, even if Fang had erased his footprint long before that day, his masturbating and stupid game could have fooled nobody except for his believers. Here is a comment by Ms. He Nan on Fang’s idiotic riddle solving game:

“Fang Zhouzi: why do I say the riddles you are solving were all made up by yourself, and you are wearing the sockpuppet of Chinese Lantern Riddle to show off your own talent?! Because this auntie is also guilty of ‘the crime of huge amount knowledge with unknown sources’ [the crime Fang accused Han Han of on Feb. 4, 2012^[171]]. I have studied how to make and solve riddles. The riddles you are solving are all made up by the person who doesn’t know how to make a riddle, the first few riddles are traditional, and your answers were completely scabbled up by yourself, besides yourself, even a god won’t be unable to solve them. About riddles: shouldn’t you at least know something about the formats such as Rolling Curtain and Getting off the Boot?”^[172]

Here are more comments by other Weibo users:

“Not only does Master Fang make and solve the riddles all by himself to show off his smartness, many of these riddles also have the themes of vilifying, ridiculing, belittling Han, and beautifying, eulogizing, and praising Fang, which are far away from the boundary of ‘questioning the ghostwriting.’ Engaging in personal attack by entertainment, the sinisterness and insidiousness of this crow is so obvious in this case.”^[173]

“Hehehehe, in fact I have already seen through the game. Not only are some of the riddles posted by that ‘Chinese Lantern Riddle’ intended to ridicule Han Han, but also there are riddles to praise Fang, therefore, it must be problematic. That account has only about 3 hundred fans, it purely for the purpose of self-enjoyment.”^[174]

Of course Fang won’t respond to any of these “questionings.”

4. Fang Responded, Finally and Kind of

The situation Fang was facing in the early February of 2012 could be described best with this ancient Chinese proverb:

“Although the tree wants to remain still, the wind keeps blowing.”^[175]

(1) The Unstoppable Wind

In the evening of Feb. 6, 2012, the entertainment channel on NetEase published an article entitled *Fang Zhouzi Alleged Again of Plagiarism, Internet User Claims He Has Plagiarized American Professors*^[176]. Here is the text of the report:

“In recent days, Fang Zhouzi, after having been alleged in a Weibo post by Sun Haifeng, the Vice Chairman of the Communications Department at Shenzhen University, of plagiarizing figures in his work *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*, is accused again of plagiarizing the paper by American Professor Root-Bernstein, and the internet user ‘Fraud Fighting Governor’ even claims that Fang Zhouzi has plagiarized the papers by the experts at home and abroad for multiple times.

“In his Weibo posts on the 6th, internet user ‘Fraud Fighting Governor’ revealed that Fang Zhouzi has plagiarized the papers by the experts at home and abroad for many times in his published articles. For example, his article *GM Corn Is Healthier*, published in *China Youth Daily* on March 24, 2010, was plagiarized from the article *Bt corn reduces serious birth defects*, by Bruce Chassy and Drew Kershen and published in *Western Farm Press* on Oct. 27, 2004; his article *Why Don't Woodpeckers Suffer from Headache*, published in *China Youth Daily* on Oct. 11, 2006, was plagiarized from *Cure for a headache*, a paper published in the *British Journal of Ophthalmology* (Br J Ophthalmol 2002;86:843), by Ivan R Schwab, a professor at the University of California in the U. S.; his article *How Have the Modern Drugs Been Developed*, published in *Economic Observer* on Dec. 11, 2006, was plagiarized from the serial article *Knowing the Drugs* by author ‘Ying He,’ published in the *Newly Arrived on the New Threads*,

“As to the case of plagiarizing American Professor Root-Bernstein, although Fang Zhouzi responded by saying that he had already explained to Professor Root-Bernstein, there are internet users who point out that Professor Root-Bernstein didn't accept Fang Zhouzi's apology. On the contrary, he denounced Fang Zhouzi in an email: ‘You don't play by anyone's rules but your own anyway? ……Your only response to that issue so far has been to say that you are an expert on fraud and you know that you have not plagiarized me or violated my copyright. Yet you refuse to reveal the criteria you are using in making that decision,……I am far less worried about whether you have stolen some of my work than I am worried that you have set yourself as an unassailable and unregulated monitor of fraud in China.’”

The text was followed by Dr. Root-Bernstein's open letter to Fang written on Aug. 21, 2011, with its Chinese translation.

13 minutes after NetEase's article, the Phoenix Network published an abridged version of the report in its entertainment channel, without the content about Dr. Root-Bernstein^[177]. And immediately, the news that Fang Zhouzi is accused of plagiarism AGAIN was all over the internet.

微博专题

方舟子作品再被曝抄袭 网友称其剽窃美

新闻中心

摘要

“打假斗士”方舟子近来“狂打”作家韩寒的“代笔争议”，如今反被人“打假”，深圳大学传播系副主任孙海峰在微博爆料，身为留美博士的方舟子2006年出版的著作涉嫌剽窃他人论文图表，还有原文中描述人种肤色深浅的dark-light翻译成夜晚、白天。随后，网友“打假出钱”再次爆料称方舟子曾多次抄袭国内外专家文章。

转发专题到微博

2012年2月8日 星期三

方舟子

作品再被曝抄袭

网友称其剽窃美国教授论文

本报讯(吴皓)日前,认为“假新闻传播系副主任”的微博博主孙海峰发帖指出,方舟子的作品《方舟子为什么不成》一书,涉嫌“剽窃”他人论文中的表格、插图,网友“打假出钱”再次爆料称方舟子曾多次抄袭国内外专家文章。据悉,相关“打假出钱”网页在

微博中爆料,在方舟子众多的文章中曾多达多次抄袭国内外专家学者的论文,指出其中2010年3月24日在《中国青年报》发表的《转基因玉米更有营养》,抄袭自 Bruce Chassy and Drew Koshen 在美国西雅图某杂志上发表的文章;2006年10月11日在《中国青年

报》发表的《方舟子为什么不成》一文,于2009年1月20日在《世界》杂志的一篇文章中,抄袭了方舟子自己的文章,方舟子

2012年2月8日 星期三

方舟子

“打假斗士”方舟子被曝造假

方舟子:造假总是翻白眼,我只愿引用而已

“代笔风波”又起波澜。近日,新浪微博认证用户“慧天”公开质疑方舟子剽窃美国州立大学教授Root的论文,要求方舟子公开打假基金账目。网友惊呼,难道“打假斗士”造假者?

新浪实名认证信息显示,慧天是一位独立图书策划人,她在微博上的个人简介为:方舟子说:“一切造谣作伪者终将曝露最后一招——造假作伪。这也是她造假的理由。”

昨天,记者电话联系了慧天,说到造假,慧天很自信,她说自己和一些网友正在联系Root,“这位教授承认,方舟子在抄袭剽窃他的文章。后来,又平添上林林总总的引号,至于到底是否剽窃中国行程,慧天表示会随时微博播报,如果对方不承认,就微博上把十年海外揭露方舟子的文章逐个转载,面对公众对于慧天造假作伪的质疑,慧天说:“方舟子不是愿意造假作伪的吗?！就不怕作伪被揭,揭穿‘打假斗士’”

面对“造假”一说,方舟子昨天接受采访时坦然表示,也是几年前的事情了,自己网站上引用了这位教授的文章,因为不是论文所以一开始并未注明出处。“他们造假和承认不一样,但是剽窃他人文章的说法早就被我校驳回了打假基金的账目,方舟子立刻表示,她不用资金用途,全部由律师打理。

本报记者 冯博

2012年2月8日 星期三

打假斗士制窃?美教授质疑

在方舟子和韩寒风波逐渐升级之时,另一场由“方舟子”掀起的“打假”风波又在网络上掀起轩然大波。据美国州立大学教授Robert Root-Berstein的实名质疑,再次质疑方舟子抄袭。在信誓旦旦的材料中,Root列举其论文图表涉嫌抄袭。

【西报综合报道】据方舟子“打假”他人图表,其文章译自慧天,7日,深圳大学传播系副主任孙海峰又在微博发布了美国州立大学教授Robert Root-Berstein的实名质疑,再次质疑方舟子抄袭。在信誓旦旦的材料中,Root列举其论文图表涉嫌抄袭。

据悉,方舟子早前曾爆料称其日前教授Root的文章,去年Root本人也曾通过电子邮件与方舟子交流。

综合广西新闻网、北京晚报9日报道,方舟子任深圳大学传播系副主任,副教授孙海峰日前在微博发布了美国州立大学教授Robert Root-Berstein的实名质疑,再次质疑方舟子抄袭。在信誓旦旦的材料中,Root列举其论文图表涉嫌抄袭。

方舟子被质疑剽窃教授论文 回应:只是引用而已

2012年2月8日 09:49 来源: 腾讯新闻

“代笔风波”又起波澜。近日,新浪微博认证用户“慧天”公开质疑方舟子剽窃美国州立大学教授Root的论文,要求方舟子公开打假基金账目。网友惊呼,难道“打假斗士”也是造假者?

新浪实名认证信息显示,慧天是一位独立图书策划人,她在微博上的个人简介为:方舟子说:“一切造谣作伪者终将曝露最后一招——造假作伪。这也是她造假的理由。”

昨天,记者电话联系了慧天,说到造假,慧天很自信,她说自己和一些网友正在联系Root,“这位教授承认,方舟子在抄袭剽窃他的文章。后来,又平添上林林总总的引号,至于到底是否剽窃中国行程,慧天表示会随时微博播报,如果对方不承认,就微博上把十年海外揭露方舟子的文章逐个转载,面对公众对于慧天造假作伪的质疑,慧天说:“方舟子不是愿意造假作伪的吗?！就不怕作伪被揭,揭穿‘打假斗士’”

面对“造假”一说,方舟子昨天接受采访时坦然表示,也是几年前的事情了,自己网站上引用了这位教授的文章,因为不是论文所以一开始并未注明出处。“他们造假和承认不一样,但是剽窃他人文章的说法早就被我校驳回了打假基金的账目,方舟子立刻表示,她不用资金用途,全部由律师打理。

方舟子:论文被指抄袭一事是炒馊饭不愿意再谈

2012年2月8日 09:49 来源: 腾讯新闻

除了韩寒这场方舟子抄袭风波,方舟子成美国时报社的打假斗士也于2月开

方舟子被质疑剽窃教授论文 回应称只是引用而已

“代笔风波”又起波澜。近日,新浪微博认证用户“慧天”公开质疑方舟子剽窃美国州立大学教授Root的论文,要求方舟子公开打假基金账目。网友惊呼,难道“打假斗士”也是造假者?

新浪实名认证信息显示,慧天是一位独立图书策划人,她在微博上的个人简介为:方舟子说:“一切造谣作伪者终将曝露最后一招——造假作伪。这也是她造假的理由。”

昨天(7日),记者电话联系了慧天,说到造假,慧天很自信,她说自己和一些网友正在联系Root,“这位教授承认,方舟子在抄袭剽窃他的文章。后来,又平添上林林总总的引号,至于到底是否剽窃中国行程,慧天表示会随时微博播报,如果对方不承认,就微博上把十年海外揭露方舟子的文章逐个转载,面对公众对于慧天造假作伪的质疑,慧天说:“方舟子不是愿意造假作伪的吗?！就不怕作伪被揭,揭穿‘打假斗士’”

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方舟子被质疑剽窃教授论文 回应称只是引用而已

2012年2月8日 09:49 来源: 腾讯新闻

与此同时,深圳大学传播系副主任孙海峰日前在微博发布了美国州立大学教授Robert Root-Berstein(下称Root)的实名质疑,再次质疑方舟子抄袭。在信誓旦旦的材料中,Root列举其论文图表涉嫌抄袭。孙海峰Root认为:“不论你是做身份性研究,还是白拍他人的研究,你总是打假小心,证据确凿,自诩清者自清从道理上讲是好的,并且属于有些先施出这种从人血而来的深害。”

Being haunted

While the scandal of Fang's stealing of Dr. Changizi's figure was lingering, the scandal of his stealing of Dr. Root-Bernstein suddenly became national news for the third time in less than a year. Starting from about 8 PM on Feb. 6, 2012, NetEase and Phoenix Network reported Fang's plagiarisms of domestic and foreign exports in the previous years, and many websites re-published these news reports. On Feb. 8, one day after Fang made his "explanation" on tudou.com, the scandal was further reported by many newspapers.

What more devastating to Fang was that in the early morning of Feb. 7, 2012, Mr. Christopher Gan posted the newest comment by Dr. Root-Bernstein on the plagiarism case:

"I have accused Dr. Fang of plagiarizing my article and of copyright infringement against Oxford University Press, which published my article. The issue is, unfortunately more complicated than your questions suggest. Dr. Fang did apologize publicly to me, but only admitted failing to CITE my paper in his own. He never admitted plagiarism or copyright infringement and has therefore not addressed my charges. I claim that he did more than just borrow some ideas from my article; I claim that he used my entire argument, my examples, and much of my wording in doing so; and by copying my arguments, examples, and language, he not only plagiarized me, but also infringed the copyright that Oxford University Press has on my work. Adding a citation to my article, as Dr. Fang had done, does not correct his fraudulent activities."^[178]

It turned out later that a Weibo user who calls himself [SexFriend](#) sent an email message to Dr. Root-Bernstein on Feb. 6, 2012, asking him two questions: whether Fang had plagiarized him and whether Fang had apologized to him^[179]. Although the message was poorly written, which the Weibo user himself admitted readily and repeatedly, and the Weibo user didn't reveal his true identity, even his true Weibo ID, Dr. Root-Bernstein replied the inquiry formally, reiterating his denouncement of Fang's plagiarism. In the evening, the SexFriend posted the screenshot of Dr. Root-Bernstein's letter to him online:

"Judging from the facts that Fang Zhouzi plagiarizes and refuses to apologize and indemnify, I am convinced that all of the motivations for Fang Zhouzi's fraud fighting activities must be dirty, rather than simply impure. Little dirty, if you have guts, please respond. Here are the reply from Professor Robert Root-Bernstein and its translation. My English really sucks, its time to consider learning English in Luo Yonghao's elementary class. Old Luo, would you accept me?"^[180]

Dear Fearless,

I have accused Dr. Fang of plagiarizing my article and of copyright infringement against Oxford University Press, which published my article. The issue is, unfortunately more complicated than your questions suggest. Dr. Fang did apologize publicly to me, but only admitted failing to CITE my paper in his own. He never admitted plagiarism or copyright infringement and has therefore not addressed my charges. I claim that he did more than just borrow some ideas from my article; I claim that he used my entire argument, my examples, and much of my wording in doing so; and by copying my arguments, examples, and language, he not only plagiarized me, but also infringed the copyright that Oxford University Press has on my work. Adding a citation to my article, as Dr. Fang had done, does not correct his fraudulent activities.

I am copying this letter to Christopher Gan, who can direct you to a Chinese language website where documentation of this and other of Dr. Fang's alleged frauds can be found.

Sincerely yours,

Bob Root-Bernstein

...

Robert Root-Bernstein, Ph. D.
Professor of Physiology
2174 Biomedical and Physical Sciences Building
Michigan State University
East Lansing, MI 48824 USA
rootbern@msu.edu
office phone: [517-884-5039](tel:517-884-5039)
webpage: <http://www.msu.edu/~rootbern>
blog page: <http://www.psychologytoday.com/blogs>

Reiteration

On Feb. 6, 2012, Dr. Root-Bernstein reiterated his condemnation of Fang's plagiarism in a letter to a Chinese internet user. The screen image of the letter was posted by Weibo user SexFriend.

(2) The Wavering Tree

It was under such a pressure that Fang broke his silence and made the following announcement on his Weibo:

"Sun Haifeng, Yi Tian, and other people are accusing me of 'paper plagiarism,' which is nothing but frying for one more time the soured rice which I already clarified several months ago or even more than a year ago. What they are doing is attempting to divert people's attention and muddy the water. I initially didn't want to respond, however, several news media came to me for information, so I made one more clarification and explanation of the matter through tudou.com, if the news media want to report the matter, they can cite the video on tudou.com directly, I will no longer accept interviews from the media on the matter: <http://t.cn/z0z67ZM>"^[181]

In the 20-minute video "clarification," Fang answered four questions presented by the video-sharing website, which was having an extraordinarily close tie with Fang at the time: From June, 2011, to July, 2012, the very period when Fang was in the middle of various scandals, the website sponsored and hosted "Fang Zhouzi's Public Courses"^[182], which appeared to be mainly intended to promote Fang as "The Guard of Science" and "The Fighter against Fraud" and provide a platform for him to attack TCM and promote GMO. Also, in February and March, 2012, tudou.com was the

only medium which followed Fang's "analyses" of Han Han's works to perform an "on site investigation," which was applauded by Fang and his thugs^[183].



Packaging and promoting

Months before being awarded by some Brits for "standing-up for science," Fang was promoted by tudou.com as The Guard of Science by letting him to lecture "Public Courses" on the website. Please note Fang's different

appearances in the beautified poster (the bigger image in blue) and his actual wrenched look in the videos (the smaller figures in the video screens).

The four questions asked by tudou.com and answered by Fang are:

1. Yi Tian revealed on her Weibo that some of your works are allegedly plagiarisms of other people's academic results, please explain.
2. Please explain what constitutes academic plagiarism. In your works, there are the occasions in which you also cited other people's opinions, do they constitute plagiarisms?
3. On his Weibo, Sun Haifeng, the Vice Chairman of the Communications Department of the Shenzhen University, accused you of plagiarizing other people's figures in your work *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*, what's your explanation of this?
4. What's the matter about Xiao Chuanguo's defamation case mentioned by Yi Tian, and the story about the reparation payment of 50 thousand yuan^[184].

Admittedly, among Fang's so called numerous "clarifications" of his scandals, the one he made on Feb. 7, 2012, on tudou.com, is probably the most comprehensive and detailed. However, unlike his habitual show-offs of his appearance in the media, especially in video and TV media, by posting the video images and links to the webpages on every one of his blogs, and reposting the message on his Weibo over and over, Fang posted the link to the webpage showing his "clarification" only on his Weibo, and only once. Yes, Fang even didn't post the message or the link on his infamous New Threads. Also, Fang has never found his courage to transcribe his oral "clarification" into a text and make the text public for the convenience of the journalists who'd "want to report the matter," let alone to translate what he said into English. Further, to my knowledge, Fang has not mentioned this particular "clarification" of his ever since, even once.

It is for the above reasons, I did the dirty job for Fang by first transcribing Fang's entire "clarification" on tudou.com, then translating it into English, and finally posting it online and attached to this article as an appendix, so that everyone in the world can appreciate Fang's astonishing shamelessness and extraordinary skills of lying, quibbling, and obfuscation - to do that, you do need to know the complete and detailed stories, which have already been told by me in both Chinese and English^[185]. Below, I'll briefly discuss Fang's reply to the first question, which he spent more than a half of his time to answer.

First of all, Fang deliberately changed the subject of the first question, which was obviously and actually about his multiple and historical plagiarisms documented in *The Database of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarisms*, on which Ms. He Nan commented on her Weibo on Feb. 4, which, in turn, was reported by Chinese news media on the next day, to his plagiarism of Dr. Root-Bernstein.

Secondly, in his "clarification" of his stealing of Dr. Root-Bernstein, Fang intentionally caused confusions by telling lies. For example, Fang kept emphasizing that what he wrote in 1995 was an "causal and informal" online post, rather than an academic paper or a formal writing, implying that the former is exempt from plagiarism scrutiny or allegation, which, of course, is a variant of his now well-known double-standard, invented and fabricated completely by himself: the criterion of plagiarism for science population writings is totally different from that for academic papers. It seems that this MSU Ph. D. doesn't know, or pretends not to know, that plagiarism is not tolerated even in a pupil's homework, in either PRC or USA.

Thirdly, in his “clarification” or “explanation,” Fang also intentionally hid the fact that the core or the backbone of his *What Is Science* was written entirely, completely, and solely based on Dr. Root-Bernstein’s paper, therefore, the latter’s argument, or charge, “[you have appropriated my entire argument and most of the examples that I use to support it](#),”^[186] was adequate and accurate. However, Fang kept saying that he had given the citation when the article was published later in his books, and completely disregarding the fact that he had stated repeatedly, when he made plagiarism accusations against other people, that a simple citation doesn’t give a person the right to misappropriating other people’s writings. Here are just two pieces of Fang’s such writings done before his “explanation,” when he was accusing other people of plagiarism:

“Even if the sources were acknowledged, such verbatim copying or copying with little modification still should be considered plagiarism.”^[187]

“Such a large quantity of direct copying, even if you had cited the source, still should be considered plagiarism.”^[188]

Further, Fang continued his insult and attack on Dr. Root-Bernstein, which actually started in the August of 2011, by saying that Dr. Root-Bernstein’s criterion of plagiarism is “unique,” “against the academic norm of the academic community,” and he practices pseudoscience, etc.

5. Backfired

Fang’s clarification on tudou.com fooled nobody except for his gangsters. Here is a comment by Ms. He Nan on Fang’s “clarification”:

“To each question and allegation, @Fang Zhouzi always says righteously and vigorously: I have already responded long ago, I have already clarified long ago – Let me revise the answer a little bit, Black & White Fang, you should have said that 【You have already denied roguishly long ago.】 I’d suggest to those people who know how to make video that you add English subtitles to the Plagiarist Fang’s video on tudou.com and send it to America.”^[189]

Here is a comment by Dr. Sun Haifeng on Fang’s “clarification”:

“Is it judged according to your standard whether it is plagiarism? You are clean once you say you have clarified?! It’s just like that a thief says that he didn’t steal, and then the victim is no longer allowed to accuse him?! You had better clarify the matter face to face when the professor of your alma mater comes to China!”^[190]

When interviewed in front a camera, Dr. Sun said even more bluntly:

“That’s not clarification, it is muddification.”^[191]

The fact is, on the next day of Fang’s “clarification,” many newspapers continued to publish reports on the scandal and completely ignored Fang’s “clarification.” For example, the title in Kunming-based *Life Daily* is: *Embarrassing! Internet User Reveals Fang Zhouzi Plagiarized American Professors in His Works*^[192]; and the title in *Harbin Daily* is: *Fang Zhouzi’s Works Alleged Plagiarism Again, Internet User Claims He Plagiarized the Papers by American Professors*^[193]. It seems that the only newspaper reported Fang’s “clarification” was *Qianjiang Evening News*, but neither the title nor the content was friendly to Fang: *Fraud Fighter” Fang Zhouzi Alleged of Fraud, Fang Zhouzi: They are Auditing the Old Account books, I was Only Citing*^[194]. On Feb. 9, 2012, the influential *Southern*

Metropolis Daily published a full-page report: *Sun Haifeng Reveals Video, Questioning Fang Zhouzi Again*^[195]. Here is its first paragraph:

“After alleging Fang Zhouzi of ‘plagiarizing other people’s figures, making mistakes in translation,’ in the evening of Feb. 7, Sun Haifeng, a vice professor at Shenzhen University, alleged Fang Zhouzi of plagiarism again with a ‘secret weapon’: the video tape of the exclusive interview of Robert Root-Bernstein, the physiology professor at Michigan State University. According to the material he provided, Robert was convinced that Fang had indeed committed plagiarism, based on the translations available to him. However, by the time of releasing this report, neither Fang Zhouzi nor Robert had responded to the case.”^[195]

So, on Feb. 10, 3 days after having declared that “I will no longer accept interviews from the media on the matter,” Fang accepted the interview by China News Network, another Fang-loving news medium which would promote Fang as one of ten “Spiritual Tycoons” in China in two months^[196], and what Fang did in the interview was nothing but “playing the same old tune,” denying his plagiarism of Dr. Root-Bernstein, though in a much abridged form. Here is Fang’s concluding remark:

“Whenever there is such a dispute, they will bring out this case to hype. For example, last time when I had a dispute with Kai-Fu Lee, Lee’s supporters brought out the matter; and this time, Han Han’s supporters brought out the matter again. Many people don’t know that the matter have long been clarified, I talked about it on Weibo, on blogs, a long time ago, [and they] continue to ask, how do you respond to the question. So it is a rather annoying matter.”^[197]

Have you noticed that Fang didn’t mention the “clarification” he just made a few days ago on tudou.com? As a matter of fact, every sentence in the above paragraph, barring the last one, is a lie: both Dr. Sun Haifeng and Ms. He Nan started their disputes with Fang long before the Hanly War, and neither of them was Han Han’s supporters at the time^[198]. Actually, even the Weibo user who voluntarily contacted Dr. Root-Bernstein on Feb. 6, 2012, SexFriend, denied that he supported Han Han:

“Fang Zhouzi’s questioning of Han Han is a matter between him and Han Han, my slapping of Fang’s face is a matter of mine own, there is not relationship between the two matters at all, how could you idiots believe Fang Zhouzi’s theory of ‘diverting the attention’? I’m even not a reader of Han Han’s. I support spiritually your effort at looking for the evidence for Han Han’s ghostwriting, not to mention that Han Han has offered material reward. What I am doing is only to expose Fang Zhouzi’s fraud under the name of science popularization and fraud fighting!”^[199]

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孙海峰 提供美国教授专访录像等多个电子文件, 将质疑范围扩大, 方回应称美教授对定义还有歧见

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孙海峰在视频中质疑方舟子关于“基因”的定义

美国生物种质库主任Robert Root-Bernstein



孙海峰在视频中质疑方舟子关于“基因”的定义

孙海峰在视频中质疑方舟子关于“基因”的定义, 提供美国教授专访录像等多个电子文件, 将质疑范围扩大, 方回应称美教授对定义还有歧见

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400 1234567

www.epicc.com.cn

weibo.com/imsunhaifeng

The secret weapon

On Feb. 9, 2012, Guangzhou-based Southern Metropolis Daily published a full-page report: Sun Haifeng Reveals Video, Questioning Fang Zhouzi Again, in which the content of the interview in July, 2011, between Dr. Root-Bernstein and a reporter affiliated with People's Daily, was partially revealed.

the Public Security Bureau was replaced. Four days later, Mr. Wang defected to the U. S. Consulate in Chengdu, Sichuan. On Feb. 9, 2012, the Chinese government finally acknowledged the fact, which had been rumored for days. The news immediately captured the attention and imagination of the whole nation, because Mr. Wang had been one of the most important aides to Mr. Bo Xilai, the CCP chief of the municipality and the *de facto* leader of China's leftists and Maoists. As Han Han put it:

“Once the big court drama is out, a folk farce like mine is immediately thrown into the shade.”^[200]

Of course Fang had a secretive tie with both Wang Lijun and Bo Xilai^[201]. Of course [Wang Lijun Incident](#) overshadowed and dwarfed Fang's plagiarism scandals.

Besides the political environment, something else was happening in the anti-Fang front also: Fang's other frauds committed in the previous years, such as fraudulent fraud fighting and money swindling, were dug up and examined by many people. Compared with them, Fang's plagiarism, which is immoral in nature, or even his copyright infringement, which is the matter under the jurisdiction of the civil law, looked so benign. On Feb. 12, 2012, Hunan Satellite TV aired a report entitled *Fang Zhouzi the Questioner Is Being Questioned on Fraud*^[202]. Here is an ad promoting the show:

“The final outcome of the fight between Fang and Han remains to be seen, the questioner @Fang Zhouzi has unexpectedly become the person being questioned. Plagiarizing? Stealing? Not disclosing the account books? The situation of offensive and defensive is changing rapidly, Fang Zhouzi has to hold spear and shield in both hands, doing the offense and defense at the same time. On one hand, it is the intense questioning by Sun Haifeng, Yi Tian, the Idler in the Five Sacred Mountains, and the others; on the other hand, it is the light and indifferent response by Fang Zhouzi. The mouth water is everywhere, is it a conspiracy or an overt reaction? The People in News will tell you the truth at 6 PM today!”^[203]

The initial focus of the report appeared to be the issues about Fang's plagiarism; however, when it was aired, the first “question” about Fang was his money-collecting funds. And Fang, who launched a massive group attack on both the TV station and its editor-in-chief merely 8 days ago, has never made a single comment on the TV report, even though it was heavily advertised on Weibo^[204], and both Dr. Sun Haifeng^[205] and Ms. He Nan^[206] reposted the advertisements. In other words, by the beginning of mid-February, the significance and importance of Fang's plagiarism had begun to fade away, even to Fang himself and his thugs.

@湖南卫视新闻当事人 V

方韩角力未见分晓，质疑者@方舟子却意外成为了被质疑的对象，抄袭？盗用？账目不公开？攻守之势瞬息万变，方舟子不得不左手持矛右手持盾，攻防兼备。一面是@孙海峰 @易天 @五岳散人等人的猛烈质问，一面@方舟子的淡然回应，只是口水满天，还是阴谋阳谋……尽在今日18点新闻当事人，为您真实呈现！

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Challenging and promoting

On Feb. 12, 2012, the official Weibo account of Hunan Satellite TV's People in News program announced that its report about Fang would be aired at 6 PM. Although the announcement was reposted by Dr. Sun Haifeng and Ms. He Nan, Fang has been pretending he doesn't know it.



Q & A

The above images are the screenshots of the TV report, *Fang Zhouzi the Questioner Is Being Questioned on Fraud*, aired on Feb. 12, 2012, on Hunan Satellite TV. Top row: three issues about Fang were discussed: 1. Fang's money-collecting funds; 2. Fang's plagiarism of Dr. Root-Bernstein; and 3. Fang's double-standard of plagiarism; Middle row: Ms. He Nan and Dr. Sun Haifeng appeared in the report to offer their opinions. A video clip showing Dr. Root-Bernstein discussing the criterion of plagiarism was also included; Bottom row: my studies on Fang Zhouzi, the certificates of plagiarism issued to Fang by AIR-CHINA; and the cover of my *Chronicle and Demonstration of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarism and Copyright Infringement* were shown in the report.

Sometime between Feb. 10 and Feb. 14, 2012, after having been notified Fang's clarification on tudou.com by Dr. Liu Shi, a research scientist with the EPA of the U. S., Dr. Root-Bernstein wrote a reply^[207]. In the letter, Dr. Root-Bernstein not only confirmed and continued his accusation against Fang, not only refuted Fang's attack on him, but also affirmed and approved the work of AIR-CHINA by repeatedly referring its webpages. Therefore, I think it is appropriate to use the letter to conclude this part of my *Open Letter to Nature*. Here it is:

Dear Shi Liu,

Thank you for writing. I am aware of Dr. Fang's attack on me. If it is any indication of the effort he puts into his attacks on the people he accuses of fraud, it is quite pitiful. He seems to be drawing all his information from a website called www.virusmyth.com, with which I have no affiliation, and which is full of misinformation. Dr. Fang seems to think that I deny that HIV causes AIDS. In fact, what my many peer-reviewed and published articles argue is that HIV is necessary but not sufficient to cause AIDS -- which happens to be the same position that Dr. Luc Montagnier has maintained since 1990. Montagnier is, of course, the

discoverer of HIV and received the Nobel Prize for his discovery. So if Fang want's to accuse me of pseudoscience for holding the same position as the man who discovered HIV, that's fine with me. I wish him good luck in making the same charge stick on Dr. Montagnier!

I have, however, as you suggest, kept a copy of the video should I ever want or need to sue Dr. Fang for libel. Very sad that he feels he has to stoop to such underhanded methods.

By the way, in case you are interested, I've attached below files that provide evidence about my case against Dr. Fang and some of the other frauds he may have perpetrated.

Many thanks,

Bob Root-Bernstein

For a detailed review of this case, please visit:
<http://www.2250s.com/read.php?53-689-689>

A panel review is also available at <http://www.2250s.com/list.php?64>

Further, my open letter for Dr. Fang and its Chinese translations, please visit
<http://www.2250s.com/read.php?2-12601-12601>

Please also note that Dr. Fang not only plagiarized my work but also infringed on the publisher's (Oxford University Press) copyright. The above mentioned review focused on the plagiary aspect. The copyright infringement is a separate form of misconduct. This combination of plagiarism-with-copyright infringement is typical in when people borrow material from one language and translate it into another.

Please also note that Dr. Fang's 1995 essay was officially published by www.oursci.org as an online encyclopedia entry. This official publication in 1995 made no mention of Dr. Root-Bernstein's work. Dr. Fang altered this version in October 2010 only AFTER he was informed of being accused of plagiarism and copyright infringement. Please note that adding the reference to my original article does not mitigate either the plagiarism or the copyright infringement. For the archived version, please see
<http://web.archive.org/web/20070417032833/www.oursci.org/ency/phil/011.htm>

You may also contact Christopher Gan for further information about Dr. Fang's other forms of alleged misconduct: Christopher Gan <christopher_gan2000@yahoo.com>

Appendix: Fang Zhouzi Clarifies That He Didn't Commit Plagiarism in his Works

Background: In the early February of 2012, while Fang was desperately trying to dig up a "gigantic hole" to bury Mr. Han Han and his supporters altogether, he himself was on the verge of falling into an even larger hole dug up by the Fangologists in the previous years. Specifically, by that time, Fang's fraudulent, scandalous, shameful, and dirty personal history, mainly his stealing of other people's literary, historical, scientific, and artistic works, and his vicious, malicious, and evil revenges on his personal and political enemies in the name of fraud fighting, had been not only exposed all over the internet, but also reported by the traditional news media in China. Fang initially tried to ignore the overwhelming negative

coverage by using his “last strategy,” playing dumb and pretending to be dead. However, after realizing that the situation was getting out of control, Fang finally agreed to make a video response on tudou.com, a website which was promoting Fang at the time as The Science Guard and The Fraud Fighter in China. The website released the 20-minute video clip on Feb. 7, 2012, under the title of **【Exclusive Interview】 Fang Zhouzi Clarifies That He Didn’t Commit Plagiarism in his Works**. It is arguably the most comprehensive and the lengthiest “clarification” of his scandals by Fang so far.

However, except for posting the link to the video on his Weibo once, Fang has never mentioned, introduced, or promoted his video “clarification,” not a single time; and even in the occasions he defended himself by saying repeatedly that he had clarified these scandals many times before, he won’t mention or refer the video. Of course, Fang won’t transcribe his oral response into text and post it online or publish in a book for other people to read. As a result, Fang’s video “clarification” is relatively unknown. To make the “clarification” more available to the people who want to know the John Maddox Prize winner and the world-famous Fraudulent Fraud Fighter, especially to those people who don’t know Chinese, I take the liberty of transcribing the entire content of the video response, and translating the transcript into English. Needless to say, I am the person who is solely responsible for the accuracy of both the Chinese transcript and English translation. The video’s address is [here](#).

1. The English Translation

QUESTION 1

Yi Tian revealed on her Weibo that some of your works are allegedly plagiarisms of other people’s academic results, please explain. (0’00”)



Fang’s answer: This was actually hyped several months ago, and whenever I criticize a certain person, the supporters of that person would check the old accounting books. They say my paper plagiarized a professor at my alma mater Michigan State University, and then they say that the professor wrote an open letter to expose something about me, etc. First of

all, I have to say that it is not a paper; rather, it is an internet post I wrote in 1995 when I was debating on a Chinese network in the United States on the issues about pseudoscience, so it is a post. Because when we were debating these questions about pseudoscience, which involved the issue of how to define science, exactly what is science, therefore I wrote an internet article about what is science, in which I used the definition of science in an essay written by a professor at my alma mater, the Michigan State University in the U. S., his name is Root-Bernstein. His summary contains four points, and I felt the summary is not bad, and in fact the four points he summarized are not the professor's own unique viewpoints, rather, they are the consensus of science community. So, I cited the four points in my internet article. At that time, because it is a post on the internet, I didn't give the citation, saying only that the four points are the consensus opinion on what is science, and I posted it.

In 1999, when I was assembling some of my internet posts into a book, entitled *Fangzhou Online*, in which I used the internet post *What Is Science*. At that time, I made a modification, because it was going to be published in a book, it shouldn't be as casual as on the internet. Therefore, I added a sentence to give the citation, i. e. 'According to American scholar Root-Bernstein, the science community believes that science should meet the definition in four aspects,' etc. In other words, when the article was formally published, its source was clearly acknowledged.

Later, in 2007, I published another book entitled *Criticizing TCM*, in which I used the definition of science again, and I also used the four-point definition of science. At that time, I noted further that the definition was cited from Root-Bernstein, I even noted in which one of his articles. Those people against me were based on the citation to find the article, and then they said, see, he didn't give the citation in 1995, so he plagiarized the article by a professor at his alma mater, they even said that he was my advisor, in fact I didn't know him at all. And then, they filed complaints, all the way to the administration of the Michigan State University.

The administration of the Michigan State University, after receiving the complaints at the end of 2010, investigated the matter, and their conclusion is, first, those people who filed the complaints didn't provide solid evidence to substantiate their allegation; second, my article, *What Is Science*, was an article posted on the internet, unrelated to my coursework, and it was not a paper, therefore they decided not to accept the complaint, i. e. rejected them. The few people who filed the complaint, actually all of them are Xiao Chuanguo's supporters, appealed to the higher level of my alma mater, which has a committee, and the committee rejected them also. So, the case was actually closed like that.

At that time, there were reports on the case in China. In last March, one or two newspapers reported the case, among them was *Legal Weekly* which even created a rumor, saying that the administration of my alma mater had convicted me of plagiarism, which is purely a rumor. I am still holding the conclusion given to me by my alma mater. So, I decided to sue *Legal Weekly* at the time.

Then in August, the August of the last year, those Xiao Chuanguo's supporters somehow found Root-Bernstein, and then this Root-Bernstein wrote a letter, blaming me for using his article without attribution, and asking for an apology. And then he said what I did was plagiarism, something like that, and discussed what constitutes plagiarism with me. So I wrote a letter to him to explain, firstly, that was a causal blog article, so when citing other people's viewpoints it doesn't need to be as strict as writing a paper or a formal essay; also, I didn't say the four-point definition was invented by me myself, rather, I stated very clearly that it was the consensus of the science community. Therefore, I didn't take other people's

things as my own, hence it is not plagiarism. Secondly, when I published the article in a book, I clearly gave the citation, and also explained that what I wrote was based on the definition by you Root-Bernstein, the citation and the explanation are equivalent to acknowledging you. Thirdly, when I was writing the internet article in 1995 as a student, because I wrote it causally and informally, so I didn't attribute you, if you are unhappy about it, I'm willing to apologize for that. I basically wrote these points.

Then my real advisor, Zachary Burton, came out, he wrote a letter to this Root-Bernstein, telling him that he supported me. He thought that I had explained the matter clearly. However, this Root-Bernstein's idea about plagiarism is not the same as other people's. After reading my letter, he said that he could forgive me for not attributing him because I corrected it later, in 1999 when the article was published in a book, so he believe the problem is no longer important. However, he believes that it still constitutes plagiarism if I use his writing without his permission, even if I cited the source. This is relatively weird, because his opinion is very unique, it is a unique definition proposed by him only. Our so called plagiarism means using other people's writing without noting or proper explaining the source. So, since I have already noted the source, it does not constitute plagiarism anymore even though I used his writing. But he believes that even with a citation, permission is still required. The viewpoint is against the academic norm of the academic community, because the community traditionally believes that as long as you give the citation, you no longer need to ask for permission in advance to use and cite other people's writings, including writing papers. When writing a paper, we might cite dozens of papers, it is impossible to ask for permission individually, it is impossible, basically impossible. So, this Root-Bernstein has a definition of plagiarism which differs from the one the other people have. Even if in the case I might have cited excessively without his consent, since I have noted the source, it is not plagiarism anymore, at most it is an issue of copyright.

So, after his letter, I felt I didn't have anything to talk about with him. At the time, I responded by saying that your definition of plagiarism differs from the one used by other people and the academic community, therefore it is unnecessary to continue the discussion. After that, he wrote several more letters, and I didn't feel like to respond, because I later discovered that this person had supported pseudoscience, for example, he insists that aids virus is not the causing factor of aids disease, which is rather strong. So I thought that there was no way to continue the communication with such kind of person, and I stopped. Later, my advisor, my real advisor, Zachary Burton, stopped discussing the issue with him. In other words, the matter was hyped in August for one time already, hyped in the media for a while, and then it quieted down.

All of my communications with Root-Bernstein can be found in my blog, so what these people are doing right now is nothing but auditing the old account books, digging out the articles which I have already explained to hype the matter again, let the people who didn't following the event at the time feel confused, even misled, thinking that I am indeed a suspect of plagiarism, is exaggerated by my advisor, or even saying that my papers are plagiarism, all these things are not consistent with the facts. I actually don't want to focus my energy on this matter, because what we are facing right now is Han Han's problem, not my problem. My problems have been already explained before, what they want to do is to divert people's attention from Han Han to me by muddying the water. I initially didn't want to talk about the matter too much, since tudou.com offered me this opportunity today, I explained it in more detail.

QUESTION 2

Please explain what constitutes academic plagiarism. In your works, there are the occasions in which you also cited other people's opinions, do they constitute plagiarisms? (10'22")



Fang's answer: All the materials used by them are from the articles by two peoples, one is named Yi Ming, the other is Xun Zheng. These two people have written articles of more than several million characters, which could be converted into several thick books, to attack me.

One point they want to demonstrate is that all of my articles are plagiarisms, including my literary writings, such as poetry, which is more laughable; and also my science popularization articles. The way they want to reach this goal is like this: after I have written a science popularization article, in which a certain topic such as GM corn, etc., is involved, then they'll find one or two similar articles, then they'll say, oh, there are similar contents in your article, so your article was copied from the foreign article. This is very laughable, because what I write is science popularization articles, which are based on the viewpoints shared by the academic circle, plus other people's research. Because the contents of my articles are not my own research, therefore, as long as there are articles with similar contents or topics, you will always be able to find similar contents, and then you say they are plagiarisms, this is very weird. You cannot say they are plagiarisms based on the articles containing the identical opinions or similar contents.

The plagiarism in science popularization articles is not the same as that in academic papers. What they have been doing is actually using the same requirements for academic papers to require science popularization articles. What required for an academic paper is the originality, the contents in the paper, unless specifically noted, must be your own opinions. If you use other people's viewpoints, you have to give the citations, otherwise, they will be considered yours by other people, thus it constitutes plagiarism. However, science popularization articles are different. Everyone knows that a science popularization article introduces other people's viewpoints, introduces the research results of the academic circle. Therefore, unless you state clearly that they are your own viewpoints, other people won't consider them yours. So, it won't cause misunderstanding even if citations are not given and the sources of your viewpoints are not noted in science popularization articles, hence, of course, there won't be plagiarism.

Sure, there are plagiarisms in science popularization articles. The plagiarisms in science popularization articles refer to the plagiarism in wordings. For example, my science

popularization articles have often been plagiarized, i. e. paragraphs of my articles are copied, verbatim copying, without modification, or with little modification, or even copying an entire article, which belong to literary plagiarism. That's the definition of plagiarism in science popularization. I myself have never committed such plagiarism, I haven't translated other people's articles, or copied other people's article. There is no such a thing.

QUESTION 3

On his Weibo, Sun Haifeng, the Vice Chairman of the Communications Department of the Shenzhen University, accused you of plagiarizing other people's figures in your work *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*, what's your explanation of this? (13'32")



Fang's answer: Now, it has been reported by a newspaper, it is said reported by *Qilu Evening News*, and the new has spread on the internet rather widely, saying that in a book of mine, *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*, published in 2012, there are academic papers which plagiarized other people's figures, and the translation contained mistakes, low level mistakes. It is extremely laughable.

You have to know that *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs* is not a collection of academic papers, rather, it is a collection of science popularization articles, every article in the collection is science popularization writing. A science popularization article needs to introduce other people's research results. The article mentioned by them is an introduction to a viewpoint in other people's paper. When I was doing so, I used a figure in the paper; therefore, it was not a plagiarism. I didn't say the figure was made by me, or the result was obtained by me, because everyone knows it is a science popularization article, and what being introduced must be other people's things. According to the current custom of our publishing industry, it is not necessary to note the sources of other people's illustrations, the illustrations in other people's papers. Because everyone knows what you do is to use the figures in the other people's paper to illustrate their opinions.

Sure, when I used the figure, I didn't translate it, because I didn't have software to write on it, what I did was giving the original figure to the publisher, and after that, the editors were afraid that the readers might not understand because it contains English, so they themselves translated the English into Chinese. They then sent the proof to me, and when I did the proofreading, I found some mistakes they made in their translation, because it

involves the academic issues, with which they might not be familiar. However, there were a few particular mistakes I didn't discover at that time, including the figure in *Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*. After a reader mentioned the problem to me, I clarified the matter on my Weibo at the time, and the mistake was corrected later when the book went to reprint. However, they are now hyping the issue again, it is actually a matter which I already explained more than a year ago.

QUESTION 4

What's the matter about Xiao Chuanguo's defamation case mentioned by Yi Tian, and the story about the reparation payment of 50 thousand yuan. (15'45")



Fang's answer: The matter concerning Xiao Chuanguo is like this: in 2005, Xiao Chuanguo sued me in a court in Wuhan, saying that I had damaged his reputation, and the court sentenced me to pay 30,000 Yuan fine. The sentence generated a huge public outcry, because the judgement was purely arbitrary. For example, at the time I was criticizing Xiao Chuanguo, he said that he had won an award by the American Urological Association, and then I checked the website of the Associate, but didn't find Xiao Chuanguo's name on the list of the award winners in the past years, so I believed Xiao Chuanguo hadn't win the award. However, the judgement by the Wuhan court is: Having not found Xiao Chuanguo's name on the list of the winners in the past years doesn't equal to the fact that Xiao Chuanguo didn't win the award. So, it is extremely laughable.

When such a sentence was out, saying that I had violated Xiao Chuanguo's right of reputation, and fining me 30,000 Yuan to compensate Xiao, it immediately caused a public outcry. Many internet friends wanted to donate money to me, so I said that I don't accept donations from individuals. Later, some internet friends set up organizations something like a foundation, one in the U. S., one in China, accepting donations from the public to pay the fine for me.

At the time, I was appealing; therefore the issue of reparation didn't exist. Then the court of second instance upheld the original judgement, only because the appeal was still in Wuhan, in the Intermediate Court of Wuhan, upholding the original judgement, which meant that I had to pay the money. So I thought, I won't pay the money voluntarily, I'd wait for the court to send me a notification, only after that, I'd pay the money. I won't pay the money

voluntarily. However, that notification had never come, and that was in 2007, they didn't send the notification to me, of course I won't pay the money voluntarily.

Then, in the August of 2009, Xiao Chuanguo suddenly posted a message on the internet, saying that you Fang Zhouzi can run away one time, but you can't escape forever. I have already got the money, 40 thousand Yuan, from your wife's bank account. At the time, I thought, we thought, it was strange, how could he get money from my wife's bank account, what relationship my wife has with me, right? Then we checked the account, sure enough, 40 thousand Yuan had been withdrawn from my wife's bank account. So I asked the bank, and the bank said that the Wuhan court sent people to the bank with an executive judgement, so we had to give them the money. Also, my wife's name was added in the judgement, so the money had to be given.

We immediately challenged the decision. First of all, it was a matter between me and Xiao Chuanguo, it had nothing to do with my wife, so why did you take away my wife's money? Taking away 40 thousand Yuan; except for the 30 thousand reparation, there were interest and executive fees, etc., which added up to 40 thousand Yuan. Secondly, I and my wife had a prenuptial agreement, i. e. the money under her name is unrelated to me, and the money under my name is unrelated to her either. The agreement was actually made to prevent such a situation. In other words, the money in her bank account is not matrimonial property, it belonged to her. Also, we had never received the executive notice, it is not that we didn't want to pay the money, it is that you had never executed the judgement, never sent the executive notification to us, I had never received it.

So we raised our objection. The objection could only be raised in the original court, and the original court of course rejected the objection. The court even told a lie, saying that they had sent me an executive notification, which I have never received. So I asked them when did you send the notification, where is the evidence for sending the notification? They had absolutely nothing. They then said that the money is a matrimonial property. The problem is, we had a prenuptial agreement at the time, which already stated that her money is not a matrimonial property. However, they rejected our objection. So we appealed to the Intermediate Court, where the case has been resting since then. The Intermediate Court won't make a decision.

All in all, 40 thousand Yuan has already been taken away from us, and what has been taken away is my wife's money. Therefore, that Yi Tian on the internet is spreading rumors by saying that I have 50 thousand Yuan unpaid reparation debt. First of all, it is not 50 thousand, the judgement was 30 thousand, and then 10 thousand more was taken away; secondly, saying that I have been acting shamelessly and refusing to pay the money, in fact that the money has already been taken away.

2. The Chinese Transcript

[【独家专访】方舟子澄清自己著作并未抄袭](#)

[土豆娱乐快报](#)

2012年2月7日

Q1: 易天在微博上爆出你的一些著作涉嫌抄袭他人的学术成果，请做出解释。

方：这个实际上是好几个月前就已经炒过了，每一回，到我批评某一个人的时候，他的支持者就会把这些老账全都搬出来。他们说，我论文抄袭我母校密歇根州立大学的一个教授，然后还说这个教授还写了公开信来揭露我什么的。这个首先我要说一下，那篇不是一个论文，是1995年我在美国的一个中文网络上跟人争论关于伪科学问题的时候，贴的一个网帖，是一个帖子。因为大家在争论这些伪科学的问题，然后就涉及到你怎么样定义科学的问题，究竟什么是科学。所以我就写了一篇什么是科学这样一篇网上的文章，里面就用到了我的母校美国密歇根州立大学的一个教授，叫鲁特伯恩斯坦，他写的一篇随笔里头关于科学的定义。他归纳了有四点，我觉得这归纳得还不错，实际上他归纳出来的那四点也不是这个教授本人的独特观点，而是科学界的一些共识。所以在我那篇网文里头呢，就引用了这四点。当时，因为是网上的帖子，我也没有注明出处。只是说，这四点是在科学界对科学是什么的共识，然后就发出去了。那一直到1999年的时候，我当时要把一些网上的帖子综合起来出一本文集，叫《方舟在线》，其中引用了这篇网上的帖子，《科学是什么》。那时候我就做了修改，因为这是要收入书的嘛，就不能像在网上发表文章那样随便。所以呢，在修改的时候，我就补充了一句，就是里面加了一句出处，即‘根据美国学者路伯恩斯坦的归纳，科学界认为科学要符合四个方面的定义’，等等。所以，到正式出书的时候，已经注明了出处了。后来，到07年的时候，我出了一本书，叫做《批评中医》，这时候也用到了科学的定义，我也用了这四条，关于科学的定义这四条。这个时候，我更详细地注明了这个定义是用的路伯恩斯坦的，并且是他的哪一篇文章，都给注明了。那些反对我的人，就是根据我注明的这个出处，然后去把那篇文章找出来，然后就说，噢，我在95年那个时候没有注明出处，就剽窃了我的学校母校的一个教授，——甚至还说成是我的导师，其实我根本不认识那个教授——的文章，然后就去告，一直告到密歇根州立大学的校方去。密歇根州立大学校方在前年，就是10年，当时做了调查，在年底接到举报之后，做了调查，他们的结论就是，第一，那些举报的人，没有证据，没有提供确凿的证据，能够支持他们的观点；第二，我那篇《科学是什么》文章，是一篇贴在网上的文章，跟学业没有关系。那更不是什么论文，所以他们决定不受理这个指控，就把他们给驳回了。举报的那几个人，其实都是肖传国的支持者，他们又上诉，就到我的母校更上一层，它有一个委员会，那个委员会也把他们驳回了。所以这件事本来就这么结束了。当时国内也有报道。在去年三月份的时候，有一两家报纸也报道了这件事，其中还造谣，其中一家报纸叫《法治周末》，它造谣说，我的母校校方认定我剽窃，这纯粹就是造谣。我现在手上都有我的母校给我的结论。所以呢，我当时就决定起诉《法治周末》，这就是造谣。然后到八月份的时候，去年八月份的时候，这些肖传国的支持者，又不知道怎么样去找到了路伯恩斯坦，然后这个路伯恩斯坦就写了一封信，指责我当时用他的文章没有注明出处，然后需要我为此道歉。然后又说我是剽窃什么的，跟我讨论什么样是剽窃。所以我当时就给他写了一封信，我给他解释了一下，首先就是这是一篇随便写的博客的文章，所以呢，在引用别人观点的时候，不是像写论文或者写正规的文章那么严谨的，我也没有说对科学的这四点定义就是我本人提出来的，而已经很清楚地说这是科学界的共识。所以说，我并没有把别人的东西当成我自己的，不属于剽窃。其次，我后来在把这篇文章收入书的时候，已经清楚地注明了出处，也说明了我是根据你路伯恩斯坦的定义，给了你的出处了，已经说明了，相当于鸣谢你了。第三，我在九五年当学生的时候，写这篇网上文章的时候，因为当时写得比较随意，没有注明你的名字，如果你为此不高兴的话，我愿意为这个道歉。所以我大概说明了这几点。然后我真正的导师，夹克力波顿当时也出来，给这个路伯恩斯坦写了一封信，告诉他，他是支持我的，他认为我已经把这个问题都说清楚了。但路伯恩斯坦，他这个人，对剽窃的说法跟一般的人不符，他看到我的这封信以后，他说他可以原谅我当时没有注明他的名字，因为我后来已经改正了嘛，九九年收入文集的时候已经改正了，所以他认为这个问题就不重要了。但他认为说，我引用他的东西，即使注明了出处，但是没有经过他的同意，也算是剽窃。这个就比较奇怪。因为他这个是很独特的，对剽窃的一个独特的、他自己提出的定义。我们所谓抄袭或所谓剽窃，就是用到了别人的东西，而没有注明，恰当地说明出处。那么我既然说明了出处，虽然用到了他的东西，已经注明了出处，那就不属于剽窃了。但是他认为说，即使注明了出处，也必须经过他的同意才行。那这个跟学术界的规范，学术的规范，

是相违背的，因为学术界的惯例都是认为，你用到别人的，引用别人的东西，只要做了说明，就不需要说事先去征得对方的同意，作者的同意。包括我们写论文也是。我们写一篇论文，可能用到几十篇论文，你不可能说一地去征求对方的同意，是不可能的，基本上不可能的。所以，这个路伯因斯坦他本人对剽窃的定义就跟别人是不一样的。即使是说，我引用过度的话，没有获得他的同意，但是注明了出处，那就不叫剽窃了，最多最多是涉嫌一个版权的问题。所以，他写了那封信之后，我就觉得和他没话可说了。我当时也回了一下，说你的关于剽窃的定义跟一般的人，跟学术界的不一样的，没有继续讨论的必要。他后来还写了好几封，我就懒得跟他再回了。因为我后来发现这个人还支持过伪科学的东西，比如他坚持认为说，艾滋病病毒不是导致艾滋病的因素。这是比较奇怪的。所以我觉得跟这种人没法再继续交流了，我也不跟他说了。然后我的导师，我真正的导师，夹克力波顿，也不跟他讨论这个问题了。说八月份的时候当时就炒过一阵了，在媒体上炒过一阵，然后就平息了。我这些跟路伯因斯坦交流的这些文章，在我的博客上都找得到，所以现在这些人只不过是把这些旧账又翻出来，把我早就已经说过的这些文章又翻出来，重炒一遍。让当时没有关注这件事的人觉得很疑惑。甚至被误导，以为我真的涉嫌抄袭，被我的导师夸大了，甚至说是我的论文抄袭，这些都是与事实不符的。我本来不愿意把精力放在这一块，因为现在面临的是韩寒的问题，不是我的问题，我这些问题以前都已经说过了，他们只不过想把水搅浑，把大家的注意力从韩寒的身上转移到我的身上。我本来是不愿意过多地来谈论这件事的，那么，今天刚好有土豆网给我这么一个机会，我就多说几句。

Q2：请解释一下什么是学术抄袭，你的著作中也有引用其他人观点的地方，这样算不算抄袭？

他们所有这些材料都是根据一个叫亦明，还有一个叫寻正，这两个人的文章，这两个都已经写了好几百万字的文章，都可以弄成厚厚的好几本书了，来攻击我。他们想证明的一点就是说我所有的文章都是抄来的，都是抄袭。也针对我的文学作品，诗歌，这更好笑。还有呢，也针对我的科普文章。而他们的做法就是，我写科普文章，涉及到某一个具体问题，像转基因玉米啊什么的，他们就找到一篇或者两篇类似的文章，然后呢，噢，你这个里面有相似的地方，所以呢，你（的文章）就是从国外的文章抄来的。这本来就是非常的好笑，因为我是在写科普文章，写科普文章根据的是学术界的一些共同的想法，还有别人的研究，因为不是我自己的研究，所以，你只要说有类似内容的、类似题材的文章，你总能够找到相似的内容，然后你就说这是剽窃。这本来就是非常奇怪的。不能说，根据里面有一些观点一样，或者说内容有一些相似的地方，然后就认为说，那个是剽窃。对科普文章用的这个剽窃跟学术论文是不一样的。他们实际上是用学术论文的要求来要求科普文章，学术论文的要求是独创性，里面的内容，如果没有注明，就必须是自己的观点。如果是用到别人的观点，那么你就必须注明出处，不然别人会误以为那是你的观点，就会被认为是剽窃。但科普文章不一样。科普文章大家都知道，你这个介绍的是别人的观点，介绍的是学术界的研究的成果，所以，除非你说明说这个是我本人的观点，不然，别人都不会把它当成你的观点的。所以，科普文章不注明出处，不注明你的观点的出处，是不会说引起误会，然后，当然了，也不会有剽窃。当然科普文章也有剽窃，科普文章的剽窃是指文字上的剽窃，比如说我科普文章也经常被人剽窃，就是整段整段的把我的内容抄过去，照抄过去，改都不改，或者是只是略微修改，或者甚至把我的整篇文章都抄过去，这是属于文字的剽窃。这是科普文章的这种剽窃的定义。我本人是没有的，我没有说拿别人的一篇文章，翻译过来，或者是拿别人的文章照抄一遍，这是根本不存在这种情况。

Q3：深圳大学传播系副主任孙海峰微博爆料你的著作《大象为什么不长毛》涉嫌剽窃他人的图表，对此你的解释是？

现在也有一家报纸报道了，说是《齐鲁晚报》报道了，然后在网上还传得挺广的，说是我10年出的一本书，叫《大象为什么不长毛》，里面有论文，抄袭了别人的表格，而且还把翻译都翻译

错了，说有低级的翻译错误。这是极为可笑的。大家要知道，《大象为什么不长毛》它不是论文集，它也是一个科普文章集，里面一篇一篇都是科普文章。科普文章里面要介绍别人的成果。他们说的那篇文章，就是在介绍别人论文的某一个观点，所以这个时候，用到了这篇论文的插图。这就不属于剽窃。我没有说那个插图是我自己做的，或者是这个成果是我自己做的，因为大家都知道你科普文章嘛，介绍的就是别人的东西，按照我们现在出版行业的惯例，用到别人插图的时候，是不必要，用到别人论文插图的时候，是不必要注明出处的。因为大家知道你就是用别人论文的插图介绍他的观点的。当然我当时用这个插图的时候，我也没给它翻译，因为我也没有这个软件在那上面编了什么，就是原始的插图就给了出版方，然后编辑呢，他觉得里面有英文，怕读者说看不懂，他们自己把里面的那些英文给翻译成中文了。然后就发给我，校样里头，我在校对的时候，有一些校对出来了，就是他翻译的时候翻译错了，因为这涉及到学术的问题，他可能不熟悉，但个别的，我当时没有校对出来，包括这个《大象为什么不长毛》中的插图，就属于这种情况。所以有读者跟我说了以后，我当时在微博上已经澄清了，然后在重印的时候都已经改过来了。结果他们现在又抓住这个问题，在大做文章，这实际上是在一年多以前我自己都已经说过的事了。

Q4：易天提出的肖传国名誉侵权案件是怎么回事，以及关于 5 万赔偿金最后赔偿的情况。

肖传国的事情是这样的：肖传国在 05 年曾经在武汉法院起诉我，说损害他的名誉权，然后法院判我赔三万。当时这个判决下来以后，舆论大哗，因为那个判决纯粹就是胡判的。比如说我当时批评肖传国，他肖传国他说，曾经获得美国泌尿学会一个大奖，然后我就到美国泌尿学会的网站去查，发现历年获奖者名单里头，没有肖传国，所以我认为肖传国没有得过那个奖。结果武汉法院的判决是，在历年获奖者名单当中找不到肖传国的名字，不等于肖传国没有得奖。所以这是极为搞笑的。类似于这种判决判下来，然后就是说我侵犯了肖传国的名誉权啊，赔三万，当时就舆论大哗，很多网友都要捐款给我，我就说，我不接受个人的捐款，后来有网友就成立了类似于基金会的这种组织，在美国也成立了一个，在中国也成立了一个，接受大家的捐款，是想替我付这笔钱嘛。我当时就上诉，所以上诉就不存在付钱的问题。然后上诉二审就维持原判，就因为上诉还是在武汉嘛，到武汉中级法院，维持原判。维持原判那我就必须要付钱呐，然后我就想，我不主动交钱，等你法院给我发个通知，发执行通知的时候，我再来交钱，我不会主动去交。那这个通知就一直等不来，这个是 07 年的时候了。他们就没有给我发这个执行通知，当然了我也就不会主动去交钱。然后到 09 年八月份的时候，在网上突然看到肖传国发了一个帖子，说你方舟子跑得了和尚跑不了庙，我已经把钱，四万块钱，从你老婆的银行帐号划了，拿到了。然后我当时就觉得，我们当时就觉得，奇怪，怎么从我老婆的银行帐号去拿，我老婆跟我什么关系，对吧？然后就去查，果然，就从我妻子的银行帐号被划走了四万块钱。我就找银行去了，银行就说当时武汉法院派人过来了，拿了一个执行判决书，所以我们不得不把钱给他了。而且那个判决书里头，还把我妻子的名字也给加上了。当时就不得不给了。当时我们就提起异议了。首先这是我和肖传国的事，你跟我妻子有什么关系，你为什么把钱从我妻子划走，划了四万，它除了三万赔偿，四万什么利息呀，执行费呀什么等等吧，加起来是四万。而且我和妻子是有一个婚前协议的，就是她名下的钱跟我没有关系，我名下的钱跟她也没有关系。其实就是怕出现这种情况嘛。就是说这不是夫妻共同财产，她银行的钱是她的。然后，还有呢，我们从来没有得到这个执行通知，不是我们不想缴纳这个钱，你从来没有执行，没有给我发执行通知，我从来没收到。所以我们就提起了这个异议。提异议只能向原来的法院提，原来的法院当然就驳回，还撒了一个谎，说曾经给我发过什么执行通知，我根本就没收到。所以我就问你发执行通知你究竟那哪一天发的，证据在哪里？根本就没有。然后又说这个是夫妻共同财产。问题是，我们有一个婚协议呀，就是当时有一个婚前协议呀，都已经说这不是夫妻共同财产了。但是他们把我们驳了。我们就再上诉到中级法院。那这个就一直还停在那里。中级法院就不判。不判，所以我们是已经被划走了四万块钱了。而且是我妻子被划走的。所以网上那个易天在造谣，说我有五万块钱，首先不是五万，判的是三万，然后被多划走了一万；说什么一直赖着不交什么的，实际上早就都被划走了。

Notes

- [1] Ge Xin. [*Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature—An Open Letter to Nature, Part XLVI: The Hanly War \(VII\): The Pseudoscholar*](#). *China Academic Integrity Review*, Jan. 28, 2015.
- [2] See: the official Weibo account of [guancha.cn](#): *Fang Zhouzi vs. Han Han: which side do your coworkers in the office support?* The survey was opened on Jan. 20, 2012, and closed on Jan. 27, 2012. ([观察者网](#): 《[方舟子 VS 韩寒, 你的办公室同事支持哪一方?](#)》, 发起于 2012-1-20 15:38, 于 2012 年 01 月 27 日 15:41 结束。)
- [3] See: The Stingy Master: *Were Han Han's articles ghostwritten?* The survey was opened on Jan. 28, 2012, and closed on Feb. 4, 2012. ([一毛不拔大师](#): 《[韩寒的文章是否有人代笔](#)》发起于 2012-1-28 20:49, 于 2012 年 02 月 04 日 20:49 结束。)
- [4] See: [China's Scientific & Academic Integrity Watch](#). Please note the blog is maintained by Dr. Eddie Cheng, one of Fang's top aides in the U. S.
- [5] Hao Xin. [*Assailants Attack China's Science Watchdog*](#). *ScienceInsider*, 30 August 2010.
- [6] Hunwick, RF. [*The Chinese president's favorite blogger hates America*](#). *GlobalPost*, Oct. 30, 2014. For a refutation of the report, see: Ge Xin. [*Comment on the GlobalPost Report "The Chinese president's favorite blogger hates America."*](#) *China Academic Integrity Review*, Oct. 30, 2014.
- [7] Ge Xin. [*Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature—An Open Letter to Nature, Part XLV: The Hanly War \(VI\): The Intimidator*](#). *China Academic Integrity Review*, Jan. 11, 2015.
- [8] Yi Ming. *Scifool Writer Fang Zhouzi*. pp.256. (亦明: 《[科唬作家方舟子](#)》, 共 256 页。)
- [9] Yi Ming. *Fang Zhouzi: A Deformed Talent in Literature and History*. pp.267. (亦明: 《[文史畸才方舟子](#)》, 共 267 页。)
- [10] Yi Ming. *The Feud between Drs. Fang Zhouzi and Xiao Chuanguo*. pp.450. (亦明: 《[方舟子陷害肖传国始末](#)》, 共 450 页。)
- [11] Yi Ming. *The Termination of the Evil Alliance between Fang Zhouzi and China Youth Daily*. Started posting on AIR-CHINA on Oct. 5, 2011. (亦明: 《[方舟子与〈中国青年报〉邪恶同盟的终结](#)》, 中国学术评价网。)
- [12] For detail, see: Ge Xin. [*Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature—An Open Letter to Nature, Part XXV: Fang's Plagiarism History: The Michigan State University Case*](#). *China Academic Integrity Review*, May 19, 2013.
- [13] Yi Ming. *A Letter to the Internet Friends*. Rainbow Science and Education forum, Nov, 22, 2010. (亦明: 《[敬告网友](#)》, 虹桥科技论坛, 2010 年 11 月 22 日。) Yi Ming. *Preface to Fangzhou Onlie*. AIR-CHINA, December 18, 2010. (亦明: 《[〈方舟在骗〉序](#)》, 中国学术评价网, 2010 年 12 月 18 日。)
- [14] Yi Ming. *The Database of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarism*. First posted online on Dec. 23, 2010. (亦明: 《[方舟子抄袭剽窃数据库](#)》, 中国学术评价网, 2010 年 12 月 23 日首发。)
- [15] Yi Ming. *Chronicle and Demonstration of Fang Zhouzi's Plagiarism and Copyright Infringement*. First uploaded online on March 3, 2011. (亦明: 《[方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱](#)》, 中国学术评价网, 2011 年 3 月 3 日首发。)
- [16] Original Chinese: “方舟子被质疑抄袭, 昭示学术打假个人时代的结束” “但愿告别方舟子之后学术打假进入‘后方舟子时代’。” (See: Lian Hongxiang. *Fang Zhouzi Encounters Questioning, but Academic Fraud Fighting*

Shouldn't be Slackened. Guangzhou Daily, April 1, 2011. 练洪洋: 《[方舟子遭质疑, 学术打假不能松](#)》, 《广州日报》2011年4月1日。

[17] Lin Yao. *Fang Zhouzi Teaches You How to Recognize Pseudoscience.* Hangzhou Net, April 8, 2011. (林尧: 《[如何辨别“伪科学” 方舟子给你支招](#)》, [杭州网](#) 2011-04-08 18:14。)

[18] Yuan Chunyu. *Fraud Fighter Fang Zhouzi Came to the University in Our Province Yesterday to Answer 'Plagiarism Gate' and "Hammer Attack Gate," Keen Words Hidden Everywher, Undergraduate Students Unnecessary to Write Original Theses.* Qianjiang Evening News, April 9, 2011. (袁春宇: 《[打假斗士方舟子走进我省高校回应“抄袭门”、“遇袭门”, 处处话藏机锋 本科生没必要写原创论文](#)》, 《钱江晚报》2011年4月9日。) Please note that Fang changed the title of the news report to “*Fang Zhouzi Gave Speech in Hangzhou: Sometimes the Frauds Committed by Students Are Coerced*” when he posted the report on his New Threads. (《[方舟子杭州演讲: 学生造假有时候是被逼出来的](#)》, XYS20110409。)

[19] Professor Zhang Ming's original Chinese: “大领导出面, 表扬和批评几个微博人物, 被表扬的有司马南和方舟子, 说他们为党分忧。被批评的就暂时不提了吧。” (See: [2011-11-7 20:25](#).)

[20] See: Yi Ming. *Why did Fang Zhouzi madly Attack Zhu Xueqin?* [China Academic Integrity Review](#), April 25, 2012 07:44PM. (亦明: 《[方舟子为什么狂咬朱学勤?](#)》, 中国学术评价网, 2012年4月25日。)

[21] Ge Xin. *Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature—An Open Letter to Nature, Part XIV: A 24K Pure Evil.* [China Academic Integrity Review](#), February 17, 2013.

[22] Luo's original Chinese: “黑白道都有人? 那怎么会被一个吃新华社普通女记者软饭的笨蛋方舟子纠缠骚扰成这样? 显然, 要么就是没人, 要么就是没用关系欺负人嘛。回美国科普? 别骂人了, 方舟子的科普都是“编译”美国人的文章, 这种行为虽然对科学素养落后的中国人很有好处, 但他到这些文章的原产国能科什么普呢? 🤖” (See: [2012-1-14 11:15](#).)

[23] Yi Ming. *Why did Fang Zhouzi Madly Attack Han Han?* [China Academic Integrity Review](#), Jan. 29, 2012. (方舟子: 《[方舟子为什么狂咬韩寒?](#)》, 中国学术评价网, 2012年1月29日。)

[24] Ge Xin. *Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature—An Open Letter to Nature, Part XLIV: The Hanly War (V): The Incriminator.* [China Academic Integrity Review](#), Nov. 19, 2014.

[25] Wang's original Chinese: “这篇文章也写得不错, 比@方舟子有才多了——这最后一句是刺激咚! 方不败的。” (See: [2012-1-22 11:47](#).) Note: Fang's original Chinese was: “这篇文章也写得不错, 比韩寒有才多了——这最后一句是刺激韩家军的。” (Posted at [2012-1-22 10:21](#).)

[26] Original Chinese by [vivi 种小鱼](#): “这才是有理有据的考证, 你纠结的那些小九九顶多叫猜测, 连个理由都不算。过大年了, 少说点冷笑话少受点罪吧, 刨祖坟的上三流路线祖宗会不高兴的。@方舟子 老师!” (See: [2012-1-22 12:25](#).)

[27] Original Chinese by [incoming](#): “🤖国内还有‘方学’这门高深的学科? 方老师肯定一口咬死, 我不知, 我不知。🤖” (See: [2012-1-22 14:11](#).)

[28] Original Chinese by [jrry86](#): “亦明的文章, 方太监从来都是把斗鸡眼转过去, 看也不敢看的。刘菊花抄袭剽窃, 就是亦明牵头整出来的, 方太监自己的抄袭剽窃, 也主要是亦明整理出来的, 方太监口口声声一个不放过, 可惜即使他已经挖出了亦明的真名葛莘和所在地, 也不敢回应亦明的文章, 更不敢去告亦明, 唯一的能耐就是装孙子了。” (See: [2012-1-23 01:45](#).)

[29] Original Chinese by [北方斯芬克斯](#): “其实@方舟子 是会选择性失明滴, 这个肯定看不, 然后宣称自己胜利” (See: [2012-1-23 20:51](#).)

[30] Fang's original Chinese: “按‘咱们这儿’的习俗，给韩家父子放一天春节假，明天或后天我再上新文章，敬请关注，不要散了。” (See: [2012-1-23 11:51](#).)

[31] Original Chinese title: 亦明: 《[方舟子抄袭易华〈人参崇拜〉一文的考证](#)》，中国学术评价网，2011年4月12日。

[32] Chinese title: 葛莘、李秀卿: 《[方舟子涉嫌抄袭总调查\(二\)——〈西洋参的历史与现实〉剽窃嫌疑考证](#)》，《法治周末》，2011年4月13日。

[33] Pan's original Chinese: “旅居美国南卡罗来纳州哥伦比亚市的葛莘质疑@方舟子的文章《‘智商’的误区》是抄袭的。抄袭对象一是已故哈佛大学教授、著名科学史学者古尔德写的《误测人类》。另一个是加拿大西安大略大学数学教授道尼写的《对，我们没有中子》。他质疑方舟子的知识从哪里来的？我没有仔细看，希望不是抄袭的。” (See: [2011-2-16 00:18](#).)

[34] Original Chinese message: “【2010 知识中国年度人物】他刚刚入选英国《自然》医学子刊年度人物，被称作‘最不可能退缩的中国博客写手’，一位执着的学术打假斗士。在他看来，‘科学是黑夜中的灯火，道义是夜空中的星光。’他揭露了多起科学界、教育界、新闻界等领域的腐败现象。他勇于捍卫真知，是知识传播的典范：他是@方舟子。” (See: [2010-12-18 15:37](#).)

[35] Original Chinese message: “【#方舟子入驻互动百科任首席科学顾问#】知名科普作家、学者、反伪打假人士方舟子现正式入驻互动百科担任首席科学顾问！微博上有人爱约架，而@方舟子擅长约“假”，约您一起打假求真知！在互动百科这个新媒体知识平台他将如何动作？我们拭目以待！” (See: [2012-7-11 11:05](#).)

[36] Fang's original Chinese: “肖传国的枪手亦明（葛莘）写了上百万字文章攻击我，已断章取义地‘证明’我的几十篇科普文章都是抄的，并自得其乐地要证明我的所有科普文章都是抄的。这本来只是骗骗不懂英文以及混淆科普文章与学术论文的人，以前我和别人都早就驳斥过，没想到@潘海东也将信将疑传播谣言，让人不能不再理一次。” (See: [2011-2-16 14:22](#).)

[37] Fang's original Chinese: “亦明（葛莘）多年来天天在网上指控我科普文章都是抄的，我要是都去回应，还干不干正事了？他为污蔑我抄袭是如何蒙骗读不懂英文原文的人的，以前已有网友分析过：见《亦明的无知和无理取闹》<http://t.cn/hCyROa> 和《“方学家”亦明读不懂科普文章是否该算作方舟子的错》<http://t.cn/h4msBa>。” (See: [2011-2-25 02:01](#).)

[38] Guo's original Chinese: “今天，本报用四个整版发表《方舟子涉嫌抄袭总调查》，在大样签发前，方舟子的律师发来‘律师警告函’，极尽恐吓之能事，试图阻止报道。或许@方舟子 没想到，我对这种恐吓完全不屑，并且把‘律师警告函’全文登出。在此正告方舟子，任何玩火行为必自食其果！” Note: the message was originally posted on weibo.com on March 30, 2011, but was deleted later. It is still available on the internet, for example, see: [April 16, 2011 03:45PM](#) and [XYS20110412](#).

[39] Original Chinese by @快乐阡陌: “妈的！附上那么多英文，欺负中国老百姓不懂外语，为什么不叫个中立翻译机构翻译后，再附上对比” (See: [2011-3-30 23:15](#).)

[40] Fang's original Chinese: “小报就是蒙你们这些不懂英文的，翻译出来了，还怎么骗人呢？” (See: [2011-3-31 14:22](#).)

[41] The original Chinese by [dogsdad2](#): “这法制周末的第2炮，把亦明大师请来当特约记者了，@郭国松看来是要和你死磕了。方舟子涉嫌抄袭总调查(二) --- 《西洋参的历史与现实》剽窃嫌疑考证，这帮人在这混淆概念，蒙骗只看标题的人，一定要告他们诽谤”(See: [2011-4-13 09:33](#).)

[42] Fang's original Chinese: “上周律师已去立案，手续问题拖了一下。他们大概还要请亦明报道我的诗也是抄的” (See: [2011-4-13 09:33](#).)

[43] Original Chinese by [山芋欲来香满楼](#): “方舟子先生可曾为这篇文章辩驳过吗？我想听听方舟子本人的意见。” (See: [2011-4-13 13:46](#).)

[44] Fang's original Chinese: “亦明的东西，脑子正常的人都不会相信，还用得着我来辩驳？用类似方法你可以证明任何一篇科普文章甚至任何一篇文章都是抄袭。” (See: [2011-4-13 13:46](#).)

[45] Original Chinese by [山芋欲来香满楼](#): “方先生还是反驳一下吧，这类“脑子不正常的”语言显然不是你的强项，你的强项是慎密的逻辑。方舟子先生的这个评论实际上是承认了方学家亦明的部分指责，不是指方舟子抄袭，而是指方舟子在写这篇文章时确实借鉴了人家的文章。” (Please note that the Weibo user has disappeared on weibo.com, so the original post is lost. The content of the post is preserved here: [2011-04-13 19:25:52](#).)

[46] Wang's original Chinese: “这篇论述 [@方舟子](#) 抄袭的文章有理有据，有节有气，细致入微，证据确凿。对于这样是非分明，严谨客观的文章，大家应该努力转发，以维护科学之精神，学术之昌明。” Note: the original post was deleted, but the content is preserved in many reposts. See the commentary or repost sections of the post [2012-1-24 20:34](#)).

[47] Fang's original Chinese message: “对韩寒的成名、包装过程了解得比我深入。如果柿油党不内讧，这次应该出来挺韩了。
[@虚逐子](#)：《一个偶像的坍塌》：韩寒最后成为公共知识分子、意见领袖、青年偶像，是有意识包装塑造的结果。[http://t.cn/z0kmRjy](#) 抄送@方舟子@韩仁均叔叔@路金波@马日拉
[http://ww2.sinaimg.cn/large/6639ca6d91dpan4e1b1hj.jpg](#)” (See: [2012-1-22 13:56](#).)

[48] Wang's original Chinese: “亦明在众多揭露方舟子抄袭、作假的文章中，我就选取这一篇《方舟子抄袭易华‘人崇拜’一文的考证》来展示一下方舟子的抄袭铁证。亦明的原文：
[http://www.2250s.com/read.php?4-8007-8007](#) 图文并茂，有理有据，有节有气，有论证，有查实，所有证据有出处，有严谨的科学实证，有严密的逻辑推理，有严肃的学术探讨。但是因为过于详细，难免篇幅长，因为过于学术，难免少人读完。所以，一篇如此强而有力的打假文章，居然反响平平。所以我希望，用大众看得懂的方式来剥方舟子的皮。” (See: [2012-1-25 12:39](#). Also see: 《[方舟子——一个打假英雄的坍塌](#)》，[马锐拉的博客](#)，2012-01-25 11:53:07.)

[49] Wang's original Chinese: “方舟子就好像一个双面小偷，一边帮助警察抓小偷，一边自己偷东西(套用方舟子一边……一边……的句式)。而亦明这一篇打方舟子之假的文章，仅仅是沧海一粟，九牛一毛，却足以让打假英雄这座神像轰然坍塌。” (See: [48].)

[50] See: [2012-1-25 09:09](#), [2012-1-25 11:49](#). Mr. Hu Ge's original repost was lost.

[51] Original Chinese by [rala 的新家](#): “没有用的，舟子不会回应的。所有对他不利的质疑他都看不见。” (See: [2012-1-25 01:07](#).)

[52] Original Chinese by [X 曼妙游离 X](#): “自从发现天涯那篇文章开始，就觉得他喜欢抄别人文章的思想，自己修改修改句子和顺序，女人的直觉是不会错的，特别是我这个小时候经常被拿来当范文的人，哈哈哈哈哈” (See: [2012-1-25 00:30](#).)

[53] Original Chinese by [Sun 様](#): “对的地方一样，不一定是抄袭。错的地方都一样，则肯定有问题。这道理小学生都懂吧，哎，方老又要忙着拉黑了”(See: [2012-1-25 01:40](#).)

[54] Original Chinese by [Uncle Tan](#): “[@马日拉](#) 哎，[@方舟子](#) 肯定不会回应你这个问题的，方老师只转发和回应对自己有利的言论，其余一概视为韩粉的污蔑造谣，不予回应” (See: [2012-1-25 01:40](#).)

[55] Original Chinese by [小原子有颗玻璃心](#): “我居然看完了。。。此文太厉害了，客观，严谨，有理有据，方老师再嘴硬再强迫症再老脸皮厚也无法辩解了。。。”(See: [2012-1-25 02:46](#).)

[56] Original Chinese by [gzsums](#): “这个消息和证据很有冲击性。难道他们是‘抄袭夫妻店’? 新年伊始, 看着一尊大神倒下, 反令人有几分伤感。十数载名声堆积不易, 一朝不慎土崩瓦解; 真是情何以堪?” (See: [2012-1-25 03:00](#).)

[57] Original Chinese by [一席之地](#): “当有人开始拿出翔实的证据来揭方舟子老底时, 方同学还在围绕‘中小学语文成绩不好所以文学水平必然不高’这样搞笑的逻辑来写梦游文。刚开始看双方的文战还有点意思, 到韩寒宣布不再回应后, 方舟子的文章越来越没有逻辑, 近于泼妇骂街的水准。麻烦[@方舟子](#)能回应并针对韩寒拿点干货出来么?” (See: [2012-1-25 10:00](#).)

[58] Original Chinese by [YINXIAOBAN](#): “打架方斗士会如何辩解呢, 让我猜一下, ‘按照当时的写作惯例, 这属于引用不规范’, ‘这是一般性的科普文章而非学术论文, 只是引用有瑕疵而已’, 总而言之, 满地打滚状, ‘我没抄没抄就是没抄, 啦啦啦!’” (See: [2012-1-25 10:55](#).)

[59] Original Chinese by [黑衫老姚_2011](#): “这篇文章真心太帅了, 读书真心很重要啊。” (See: [2012-1-25 13:48](#).)

[60] Original Chinese by [maowy](#): “一个月前方舟子和罗永浩论战的时候, 罗永浩处于守势, 所以再怎么有理也会被揪出问题来。这次这篇文章一出, 攻守之势易也” (See: [2012-1-25 14:21](#).)

[61] Original Chinese by [非莫不言](#): “真的扯淡, 方舟子的抄袭已经被证实, 韩寒的只是他们怀疑, 当然是方舟子已经完败, 除非证明韩寒的确有代笔, 那最多也是打平, 你别被方舟子好像占据道德制高点的气势吓倒, 这货自己的错误永远看不到, 只放大别人的错误!” (See: [2012-1-25 23:20](#).)

[62] Original Chinese: “如果这也算抄袭, 那么广大课本都算抄袭, 中小学老师上课就是支持抄袭。日拉蠢货!” (See: [2012-1-25 00:46](#).)

[63] Original Chinese message: “#人妖# @戴眼镜的刘三姐 真身: 李科全, 男, 广西南宁快乐广告有限公司, 策划推广人。” (See: [November 09, 2013 at 09:30PM](#).)

[64] Ge Xin. *Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature — An Open Letter to Nature, Part XLI: The Hanly War (II): Fang's Water Army (I): Introduction. China Academic Integrity Review*, October 5, 2014.

[65] Original Chinese by [诨咒猫](#): “果然如老方所料, 韩粉罗粉集体学习方学家亦明的专著去了😂” (Posted at 2012-1-25 03:16 as a comment on post [2012-1-24 20:34](#).)

[66] Original Chinese by [燕山游民](#): “方教主为何没有回应呢? 又选择性失明了?” (See: [2012-1-26 00:40](#).)

[67] Original Chinese by [诨咒猫](#): “回应几十次了, 你装瞎看不到。” (Posted at 2012-1-26 13:47 as a comment on post [2012-1-24 20:34](#).)

[68] Original Chinese by [燕山游民](#): “方教主的信徒, 也知道世界上还有‘瞎’这个字, 也算是进步了。” (See: [2012-1-26 23:33](#).)

[69] Original Chinese by [诨咒猫](#): “你个瞎 B, 韩贱狗~” (Posted at 2012-1-27 00:00 as a comment on post [2012-1-24 20:34](#).)

[70] Fang's original Chinese: “谢谢你给我一个显摆的机会: 我以全县中考第一名的成绩考上高中, 应试作文从小学写到高考, 每一次作文成绩以及语文成绩都是全年段第一名, 没有第二过。语文是我学得最轻松也是最稳定的一门课程。//[@猪满天飞](#): 傻逼, 你上过高中么 你写过应试作文么” (See: [2012-1-24 14:33](#).)

[71] Kong's original Chinese: “方舟子的文字能力, 是文科教授水平的。” (See: [2012-1-24 14:46](#).)

[72] Fang's original Chinese: “有孔教授推荐, 我不怕失业了。” (See: [2012-1-24 16:53](#).)

[73] Original Chinese title: 亦明: 《[方舟子〈国子的监狱〉一文抄袭吴晗〈朱元璋传〉](#)》, posted online on January 24, 2012.

[74] Original Chinese message: “亦明: 方舟子《国子的监狱》一文抄袭吴晗《朱元璋传》 原文地址: [O 网页链接 @马日拉 @罗永浩可爱多 @方舟子](#)” (See: [2012-1-25 10:37](#).)

[75] Luo's original Chinese: “请问方舟子, ‘这是真的吗?’ ” (See: [2012-1-25 12:24](#).)

[76] Original Chinese by [园林设计任平生](#): “方舟子自以为疯狗一条, 可以乱咬一起, 殊不知打狗棒已经高高举起, 哈哈, 现在落在狗头上了, 且看如何乱吠!” (See: [2012-1-25 13:01](#).)

[77] Original Chinese by [开光过了](#): “这种有事实论据的文章是经的起时间的考验的!顶! 老方就怕这种!” (See: [2012-1-25 13:11](#).)

[78] Original Chinese by [陈志文 999](#): “按照他的标准, 不理就是不敢, 装聋做假, 掩盖证据, 他太熟悉这一套了。” (See: [2012-1-25 14:40](#).)


[79] Original Chinese by [寻找盛夏之门](#): 我操! (唯这两字可以表达我的惊讶! 原来抓小偷的警察就是小偷的幕后老大, 跟现实咋这么像!)
[2012-1-25 20:39](#)

[80] [春华秋实-Steven](#): “这个技术贴太有含量了, 看来方舟子抄袭的本领也很一般啊照抄了人家多处的考证错误那是铁证。不过舟子会选择性目盲, 一律归为方黑, 不会回应的。” (See: [2012-1-26 23:27](#).)

[81] See: 亦明: 《[我和方舟子分手、决裂的前前后后 \(长篇连载\)](#)》, 《[历史学家方舟子](#)》, 2009-04-21 21:40:30。

[82] Original Chinese by 不是牛人: “亦明是谁? 写了很多东西, 看上去倒也像模像样的。” (See: The New Threads Reading Forum, [2012-01-25, 23:57:24](#).)

[83] Original Chinese by bluesea: “文史我还可以的, 仔细一读亦明说的有道理的, 方舟子抄袭了。抄袭了啊。亦明的为人也算本分, 建议你多和他沟通沟通。方舟子为人不本分, 喜欢抄袭, 这里是他的论坛, 建议你不要来了免得被污染了。要多和亦明沟通, 向他学习。” (See: [2012-01-26, 01:29:26](#).)

[84] Luo's original Chinese: “天啊, 网友爆料说方舟子抄袭、剽窃都足以支撑一个年谱了? 这都‘是真的吗?’
” (See: [2012-1-25 12:28](#).)

[85] Original Chinese message: “《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱 (2011 年终版)》 (4570 查看) [O 网页链接](#)” (See: [2012-1-25 09:55](#).)

[86] Original Chinese message: “现在是 15770 查看了~” (See: [2012-1-25 18:30](#).)

[87] Original Chinese by [不加 V](#): “团队出击了.....” (See: [2012-1-25 14:08](#).)

[88] Original Chinese by [張小禽, Elwins](#): “方舟子捂上眼睛, 堵上耳朵, 说我看不到我听不到, 这些东西的理由! 是不是上帝在他眼前遮住了帘忘了掀开!?” (See: [2012-1-25 12:43](#).)

[89] Original Chinese by [携隐](#): “这篇写的更全, 目前最全的总结。” (See: [2012-1-25 12:46](#).)

[90] Original Chinese by [Myheart 必须 go on](#): “舟子拿手的是整材料, 但是, 从小到大没谁是干干净净的, 只要有一点不对, 哪怕是写几个错别字就可以被认定为语文不好, 文章烂, 然后无限放大这个‘错误’, 再整材料, 对于这样的人, 你反击的手段就是写出这么一篇文章啦” (See: [2012-1-25 12:51](#).)

[91] Original Chinese by [陈家二大爷](#): “哦哟喂, 我觉得证据很充分呀! 你觉得呢? [@方舟子](#) 来, 拿出你的证据证明他们污蔑你哟。” (See: [2012-1-25 12:55](#).)

[92] Original Chinese by [米罗城 CEIBS](#): “方舟子这算是引火烧身吗? 这篇文章足够方舟子身败名裂了吗? 方舟子敢回应此篇强文吗? 🤔” (See: [2012-1-25 13:16](#).)

[93] Original Chinese by [逃离疯狂世界](#): “在方舟子的双重标准里, 他会统统忽略的。” (See: [2012-1-25 14:45](#).)

[94] Original Chinese by [大卫杜不夫](#): “我觉得以方舟子的为人, 当有人质疑他的时候, 他从来都是把脑袋躲到壳里面, 装作听不见。” (See: [2012-1-25 15:52](#).)

[95] Original Chinese by [张忆眸](#): “我也感到奇怪, 方舟子为何对自己的质疑总保持沉默。” (See: [2012-1-25 15:50](#).)

[96] Original Chinese by [唐礴](#): “本以为方是性格有问题, 其实是人品有问题 🤔” (See: [2012-1-25 16:04](#).)

[97] Original Chinese by [醉听松涛](#): “方舟子抄袭在海外是公开的秘密! 只是他的信徒们不敢面对、竭力回避、做鸵鸟而已。” (See: [2012-1-25 16:13](#).)

[96] Original Chinese by [Lin---one](#): “方舟子, 原来你抄了这么多! (别说这是诽谤, 在我看来, 这不及你诽谤他人的万分之一!) [@方舟子](#)” (See: [2012-1-25 16:37](#).)

[99] Fang's original Chinese: “韩家军真听话, 果然在刻苦攻读‘方学家’亦明的几百万字研究著作, 要跟我算方舟子‘抄袭’的老账。这笔老账我早就多次回应、澄清过(感兴趣的可以到我博客或微博上找找), 不可能在这个时候转移目标再来跟你们算。你们慢慢折腾去吧, 即使能把方某抹得和乌鸦一样黑, 也不能帮你们的少主洗下一丁点的污垢” (See: [2012-1-25 17:20](#).)

[100] Original Chinese: “真不真暂且不说, [@方舟子](#) 现在正在全力打世所罕见的大假。这个时候翻旧账是不是意思就是说, 大家都不干净, 大家你好我好就算了? 这是理想主义者的作为么?” (See: [2012-1-25 13:02](#).)

[101] Ge Xin. [Shamelessness Shouldn't Be Anyone's Nature—An Open Letter to Nature, Part XXXIII: The Fangsters \(III\): Shu-Kun Lin and His Predatory MDPI Journals. China Academic Integrity Review](#), Jan. 19, 2014.

[102] Original Chinese message by [亭林镇合唱团](#): “舟子, 亲, 不厚道, 对我来这手!” (See: [2012-1-24 17:59](#).)

[103] Original Chinese by [亭林镇合唱团](#): “有几个说我是方黑, 黑是黑了, 但是他[@方舟子](#)把我拉黑了! 在此向方喊喊话, 请设法转达: [@方舟子](#)亲, 你用【这笔老账我早就多次回应、澄清过(感兴趣的可以到我博客或微博上找找), 不可能在这个时候转移目标再来跟你们算。】答复对你的所有质疑, 不知这能否成为将来应对质疑的典范, 如可以, 建议推广!” (See: [2012-1-25 18:09](#).)

[104] Wang's original Chinese: “方舟子先生所谓的澄清, 就是‘我已经澄清过无数次了’。”(见: [2013-7-19 14:32](#))。

[105] Lu's original Chinese: “我可没有用搜索。各界群众在我私信里送来了许多材料。原来有个‘方学’专家‘亦明’整理了这份从1988-2011年方舟子涉嫌抄袭的长文, 包括40个附件。涉及诗歌、文史、化学、农业等方面, 阿方懂的和亚里士多德一样多噢 <http://t.cn/h5lMVC>” (Original link: [2012-1-27 22:55](#).)

[106] Original Chinese message: “路金波和罗永浩都已经转发过方狗抄袭剽窃年谱。点击已超3万。” (See: [2012-01-30 10:53:03](#).)

[107] Han's original Chinese: “这是真的吗? ——《方舟子抄袭剽窃年谱(2011 年终版)》——来自中国学术评价网 [O 网页链接](#)” (See: [2012-7-27 01:04](#).)

[108] The website traffic numbers were obtained from the following webpages: 《[学评网访问量](#)》, January 31, 2012 08:35PM; 《[学评网 2 月份访问统计](#)》, March 01, 2012 07:34PM.

[109] Sun's original Chinese: “留美博士@方舟子素以自己英语水平为荣, 常嘲笑别人英语烂。方生化博士英语到底有多好, 请大家鉴赏: 《大象为什么不长毛》一书中, 方生化博士剽窃他人图表也罢, 还把原文描述人种肤色深浅的 dark、light 译成夜晚、白天, 创造了方氏#白天夜晚高加索人#、#白天夜晚东印度人#新品种。 [O 网页链接](#)” (See: [2012-1-30 00:55](#).)

[110] Changizi, M. et al. 2006. [Bare skin, blood and the evolution of primate colour vision](#). *Biology Lett.* 2(2): 217–221.

[111] Zhiyan-le: *There Are Massive Plagiarism and Piracy in Fang Zhouzi's Award Winning Book Why Don't Elephants Have Hairs*. AIR-CHINA, January 24, 2011 11:16PM. (直言了: 《[方舟子的年度获奖书〈大象为什么不长毛〉有海量剽窃盗版](#)》, 中国学术评价网, 2011 年 1 月 24 日。)

[112] Fang's original Chinese: “《大象为什么不长毛》勘误: 第 25 页, 插图中的说明两处‘夜晚’、‘白天’都应该是‘深肤色’、‘浅肤色’。原图是英文论文的插图, 编辑给翻译成中文时翻译错了, 我校对时没有注意到, 非常抱歉。还有零星一些编辑错误, 我会发一个勘误表。” (See: [2011-1-25 21:59](#).)

[113] He's original Chinese: “方黑白博士说, 那是编辑翻译的, 但是有关编辑放话说, 全部图文都是方黑白提供的!” (See: [2012-2-4 22:44](#).)

[114] See: 《[本报年度好书致敬 6 作者](#)》《新京报》, 2011 年 1 月 9 日。

[115] The original Chinese messages: “@方舟子:你又揭露了哪个邪恶权势之人? 作为《大象为什么不长毛》出版方的总编辑, 居然出来攻击、威胁(见另一微博)作者, 真够专业的。//@文轩微博:寻找安全的对象进行攻击, 搜罗道德瑕疵予以抨击。真的算不上是勇敢, 更不谈正义。世间有那么多邪恶权势之人, 有那么多违反人性和道德底线之事, 却视而不见。” (See: [2011-1-16 22:50](#).) “@方舟子:这不就是威胁吗? 我倒想看看不让不软弱的柿油主义是什么样子, 别又是拿锤子过来的吧。//@文轩微博:这次方舟子有点过了! 不要拿忍让当成软弱。//@方舟子:朱教授据说是柿油主义精神领袖, 追随者们如果有点羞耻心不继续歌功颂德就不错了, 不能期望太高, 真把它们当成客观公正的媒体。” (See: [2011-1-17 13:57](#).)

[116] Sun's original Chinese: “方生化博士果然英文一流、见多识广, 抄也抄得这么有创意。 <http://t.cn/hg6hdk>”. (See: [2011-5-17 21:40](#).)

[117] Luo's original Chinese: “方舟子书里的很多插图未经授权使用是肯定的, 但 dark、light 译作夜晚、白天一事, 方辩称是图书编辑翻译的, 我觉得基本上可信, 方的英文虽然很一般(给鲁伯斯坦的英文信里好多错误), 但不至于把肤色深浅理解成夜晚、白天。盯住这种可能不是问题的事猛打, 是方舟子这样的学术流氓干的, 孙先生不要学他。” (See: [2012-2-5 15:37](#).)

[118] Original Chinese title: 《[方舟子著作被指涉嫌剽窃 翻译出错闹笑话](#)》, [网易娱乐](#), 2012-02-03 23:37:50。

[119] Original Chinese: “‘打假斗士’方舟子在接受采访时表示将继续与韩寒论战, ‘誓要打破韩寒神话’。不料后院起火, 在方舟子打假韩寒正酣之时, 有不少网友在网上爆料方舟子本人也曾涉嫌抄袭, 更称其热销著作《大象为什么不长毛》一书中, 曾涉嫌剽窃他人论文中的图表并闹出翻译笑话。” (See: [118].)

[120] Original Chinese titles:

《[方舟子作品〈大象为什么不长毛〉被指剽窃](#)》, [凤凰网娱乐](#), 2012 年 02 月 04 日 00:10;

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英文翻译中现低级错误](#)》, [凤凰网教育](#), 2012 年 02 月 05 日 09:18;

《[深圳大学副教授质疑方舟子剽窃他人图表\(图\)](#)》, [凤凰网资讯](#), 2012 年 02 月 06 日 05:57;

《[深圳大学副教授质疑方舟子抄袭 方称早已回应](#)》, [凤凰网财经](#), 2012 年 02 月 06 日 15:27;

《[深圳大学副教授质疑方舟子抄袭](#)》，[凤凰网科技](#)，2012年02月06日18:53。

[121] Zhu Zhe. [Innovation stands out in newspaper rankings](#). China Daily, August 7, 2006. Also see: zh.wikipedia.org: [齐鲁晚报](#).

[122] Original Chinese title: 《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭](#)》，《齐鲁晚报》2012年2月5日。

[123] Original Chinese titles:

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭他人论文](#)》，[人民网](#)>>[社会](#)，2012年02月05日05:43；

《[方舟子作品被质疑剽窃 英文翻译中出现低级错误](#)》，[人民网](#)>>[传媒](#)>>[网络](#)，2012年02月05日07:41；

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英文翻译出现低级错误](#)》，[人民网江苏视窗](#)，2012-02-05 09:03。

[124] Original Chinese titles:

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英文翻译中出现低级错误](#)》，[新华时政](#)，2012年02月05日07:25:34；

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英文翻译中出现低级错误](#)》，[新华法治](#)，2012年02月05日07:25:34；

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英文翻译中出现低级错误](#)》，[新华社会](#)，2012年02月05日07:25:34；

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英文翻译中出现低级错误](#)》，[新华网新疆频道](#)，2012年02月05日。

[125] Original Chinese titles:

《[方舟子作品被质疑剽窃他人图表 英译中现低级错误](#)》，[光明网](#)>[法治频道](#)，2012-02-05 09:37:21；

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英文翻译中出现低级错误](#)》，[光明网](#)>[人才频道](#)，2012-02-05 10:15:11。

[126] Original Chinese titles:

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英译中出现低级错误](#)》，[新浪新闻中心](#)，2012年02月05日06:08；

《[方舟子作品被质疑剽窃 英译中现低级错误](#)》，[新浪四川](#)，2012年02月05日11:35。

[127] Original Chinese title: 《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭](#)》，[搜狐滚动新闻](#)，2012年02月05日02:43。

[128] Original Chinese title: 《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英译中出现低级错误](#)》，[腾讯新闻](#)>[社会新闻](#)>[社会万象](#)，2012年02月05日05:19。

[129] Original Chinese titles:

《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英译中出现低级错误](#)》，[闽南网](#)，2012-02-05 13:33；

《[方舟子书籍被质疑剽窃他人图表 有明显翻译错误](#)》，[福州新闻网](#)，2012-02-05 07:57:59；

《[方舟子书籍被质疑剽窃他人图表 有明显翻译错误](#)》，[泉州网新闻中心](#)，2012-02-05 08:45。

[130] See:

Shandong Satellite TV: 《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英译中出现低级错误](#)》；

Liaoning Satellite TV: 《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英译中出现低级错误](#)》；

Hebei Satellite TV: 《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英译中出现低级错误](#)》；

Guangdong Satellite TV: 《[方舟子作品被质疑抄袭](#)》；

Guizhou Satellite TV: 《[深大副教授指方舟子剽窃](#)》。

[131] Fang's original Chinese: “《齐鲁晚报》居然跑到孙海峰的微博去捡垃圾，把我一年多以前就在微博上澄清过的《大象为什么不长毛》插图一事又炒起来，还说‘暂时未见方舟子回应’。孙海峰自从被我揭露剽窃论文之后就天天在博客上朝我喷粪，够你们去捡的。这家报纸列入我的黑名单，以后别再来烦我。” (See: [2012-2-5 13:02](#).)

[132] Sun's original Chinese: “方的所谓‘澄清’是推卸责任的狡辩，不仅没解释剽窃图表的问题，还暴露了不是独立创作而是团队编译。署名为方舟子著（而非主编）的书让人编译图表，这不正是他质疑韩寒时所指控的‘代笔’么？退一步说，找人代译也罢了，他校对时怎么连这种低级错误都没发现？可见是粗制滥造的拼贴之作。” (See: [2012-2-5 19:39](#).)

[133] See, for example:

SHENZHEN EVENING NEWS: 《[“打假斗士”也被打假 深大副教授质疑方舟子抄袭](#)》，《深圳晚报》2012年2月6日；
NEW EXPRESS DAILY: 《[方舟子被质疑抄袭他人论文](#)》，《新快报》2012年2月6日；
CITY NEWS REPORT: 《方舟子作品被质疑抄袭 英译中出现低级错误》，《都市资讯报》2012年2月6日；
WUHAN EVENING NEWS: 《[方舟子否认剽窃](#)》，《武汉晚报》2012年2月6日；
YANGZI EVENING NEWS: 《[方舟子：这是有人报复](#)》，《扬子晚报》2012年2月6日；
XIAOXIANG MORNING NEWS: 《[方舟子也陷抄袭门？](#)》，《潇湘晨报》2012年2月6日。
WEST CHINA METROPOLIS DAILY: 《[被曝“剽窃”他人论文表格方舟子：“一年前澄清过”](#)》，《华西都市报》2012年2月6日。

[134] Original Chinese: “方舟子认为孙海峰在这个时候“继续翻出这种陈年旧事，纯粹是出于私人恩怨，是别有用心。” (See: 胡维: 《[方舟子也陷抄袭门？](#)》，《潇湘晨报》2012年2月6日。)

[135] Sun's original Chinese: “【方舟子回应剽窃质疑 称孙海峰“别有用心”】[O 网页链接](#) 围观#方黑白#的惯伎：他质疑别人就是正义打假，别人质疑他就是别有用心。去年我批评#方舟子剽窃#和#刘菊花并抄袭#之后，该剽客便绞尽脑汁打击报复，将我被某人抄袭的文章构陷成我抄袭，并向我学校领导写信诬告。[#流氓式打假#](#)的范本！” (See: [2012-2-6 12:39](#).)

[136] Original Chinese: “《大象为什么不长毛》一书属于科普读物，不是严格的学术论文，在书中介绍别人的学术成果时引用其图表但没有标明，这符合惯例，根本不算剽窃。” (See: 庄树雄: 《[打假“斗士”遭遇打假 深大副教授指方舟子剽窃](#)》，《南方都市报》，2012年2月7日。)

[137] Sun's original Chinese: “盗用别人的图来出书卖钱，没有注明也没有获得许可，怎么可能是‘惯例’？” (See: [2012-2-7 12:17](#).)

[138] Sun's original Chinese: “偷别人的东西来卖钱，这是哪国的‘惯例’？是方舟子自己的惯例吧？” (See: [2012-2-7 13:03](#).)

[139] Original Chinese message: “据台湾《旺报》报导，日前，深圳大学传播系副主任孙海峰指出，方舟子的畅销著作《大象为什么不长毛》中的一个图表，涉嫌剽窃，且在翻译上闹出大笑话。” (See: 《[不为出名为除害 方舟子被出版人微博“打假”](#)》，新唐人2012年2月6日讯。)

[140] Original Chinese title: 《[“打假斗士”反被打假 方舟子被曝搞剽窃](#)》，《联合早报》，2012年2月6日。

[141] Cao Minghua. *Interviewing Yi Ming*. AIR-CHINA, February 15, 2011 06:23AM. (曹明华: 《[访亦明](#)》，中国学术批评网，2011年2月15日。)

[142] Sun's original Chinese: “【围观：网络城管方舟子的道歉信】其母校教授 Root-Bernstein 发公开信指责方剽窃并要求道歉，方在微博上装死，却偷偷发了一封貌似真诚为狡辩的道歉信，对方不买帐，立即回信质问。请注意：教授强调的是公开信，他要用这事来教育大家，即便是方认为的‘敌人’也应发出声音。以下是原信截屏。” (See: [2011-8-6 16:32](#).)

[143] Sun's original Chinese: “【美国教授再次严斥#@方舟子剽窃#并在自身剽窃案中充当裁判】你除了自定规则是不遵守他人规则的.....你迄今回应你是打假专家，你鉴定自己没有剽窃，却拒绝提供鉴定标准.....我对你是否偷窃我作品的担心远不如我担心你把自己当成监督中国造假行为的一个不受制约亦不承担指控的角色。[O 网页链接](#)” (See: [2011-8-6 16:32](#).)

[144] Original Chinese: “其实也是因为韩寒的关系才知道有这么一个人，很明显，一个只懂抄袭的写字人便以为全天下都是抄袭之人，借他人之树找自身的风，以小人之心度他人之腹，实在是写字人之耻辱，真乃无耻之至。” (See: [2012-1-18 23:51](#).)

[145] Sun's original Chinese: “之前我还真没把这两个往一块想。现在回头看，一个阳光一个阴鸷，正面交锋也是必然。” (See: [2012-1-19 00:39](#).)

[146] Original Chinese: “是真的吗？ [@方舟子 @罗永浩可爱多](#)” (See: [2012-1-24 20:38](#).)

[147] Luo's original Chinese: “有福建漳州网友爆料说方舟子抄袭，‘是真的吗？’” (See: [2012-1-25 11:53](#).)

[148] Sun's original Chinese: “这个是真的，不用‘吗’。” (See: [2012-1-25 12:04](#).)

[149] He's original Chinese: “打假骗子，最大文抄公， [@方舟子](#) 抄袭资料汇总。任何一个正常人都难以想象，完全靠抄袭维持写作的人，能理直气壮的以打假为业，那是怎样的一种大无畏的无耻和卑鄙！” (See: [2012-2-4 08:40](#).)

[150] Original Chinese: “[@方舟子](#) 能不能逐条回应一下，或者出来对质。人家的证据比你质疑韩寒的硬多了！” (See: [2012-2-4 14:01](#).)

[151] Original Chinese by [小小薄荷地盘](#): “其实方舟子现象很可怕，作为学者不做研究，因为他知道在学术界，他努力到下辈子也不可能出名，但是披着打假卫士的外衣就不一样了，随便无理取闹的质疑一个名人，他就被各界关注了，无论最后输赢，他都是胜利者，因为吸引人眼球的目的达到了，利益也就跟着来了。这会给不学无术又要出名的人做榜样的” (A comment made at 2012-2-4 14:23 on He Nan's post at [2012-2-4 08:40](#).)

[152] Original Chinese title: 唐样样: 《[出版人微博质疑方舟子抄袭 声称不为出名为“除害”](#)》，[中国网络电视台](#)，2012年02月05日20:51。

[153] Original Chinese title: 《[出版人质疑方舟子抄袭：不为出名为“除害”](#)》，[人民网江苏视窗](#)，2012-02-05 22:29。

[154] Original Chinese: “近期，新浪微博认证用户‘易天’接连发帖质疑方舟子造假。微博联播记者就此事分别联系了方舟子和‘易天’。方舟子表示并不认识‘易天’，而‘易天’所质疑的内容均为旧闻，很早以前就已回应过了。‘易天’则再三向记者强调，自己攻击方舟子绝非是为出名，只为除‘社会公害’。” (See: ^[134] and ^[135].)

[155] Original Chinese message: “炮哥都看不下去了~~” (See: [2012-2-5 15:38](#).)

[156] He's original Chinese: “[@方舟子](#) 说他不骂脏话。确实脏话都让马甲骂了。唉，像我这样的老实人，吃亏啊。方黑白说，这场战斗还没结束，灰常同意。亦明联系方式我已经有了，哪位海外学子帮忙联系一下：被方黑白饽饽抄袭的教授，据说是黑加白母校的，还有教授群发邮件的收件者。最好能询问一下收件者如何看待此事。多谢了。” (See: [2012-2-5 21:28](#).)

[157] Fang's original Chinese: “我已说过不接受腾讯关于韩寒事件的采访，但是腾讯请了骑墙派领袖[@林楚方](#)客串记者，我就不好不接受他的采访了。林楚方先是去了上海采访韩寒，然后昨天采访了我。采访完之后林楚方宣布从墙上下来了。如果骑墙派的另一领袖[@刘戈](#)也来采访我，我也有信心让他从墙上下来，这样这场战斗就取得了完全的胜利。” (See: [2012-2-6 10:54](#).)

[158] He's original Chinese: “[@方舟子](#) 方黑白再次单方面宣布他胜利了，哪怕网络一片骂声。我在想，如果把他母校被他抄袭的教授请到中国来做节目，方黑白饽饽会当面对质，自证清白么？！如果有电视栏目肯邀请，费用不成问题。请大家广为转发。” (See: [2012-2-6 13:03](#).)

[159] Fang's original Chinese: “湖南卫视的《新闻当事人》明显是偏袒韩寒的，巧妙剪辑的结果成了我说一句，韩寒反驳一句，而且从我的话里挑出来当靶子的，都是比较不那么重要的。这就是他们事先大做广告的‘方韩对质’。这就是为什么我强调，真正的对质应该是当面的，而且是全程录像或直播的。” (See: [2012-2-4 18:40](#).)

[160] Maitian's original Chinese message: “韩寒提出愿意与@方舟子 面对面对话。主持人: 那么在这次骂战以来, 你和方舟子有没有直接面对过吗? 韩寒: 我没有啊, 我觉得可以有任何的场合, 如果他愿意的话, 我觉得没有问题, 所有人都可以见证, 他可以对我提出所有的疑问。http://t.cn/zOhZdOK” (See: [2012-2-2 22:46](#).)

[161] Fang's original Chinese: “很多天前我就说过, 我愿意在合适的场合和韩寒对质, 这指的是有媒体在场、有全程录像、没有亲友团助阵的公开场合, 而不是私下场合。” (See: [2012-2-2 23:34](#).)

[162] Original Chinese: 亦明: 《[方舟子 2013 年十大要闻·六、牧笛狂吹, 方舟折帆](#)》, 中国学术评价网, December 31, 2013.

[163] He's original Chinese: “不得已转发, 请方黑白正面回答: 如果我邀请您母校指控您抄袭的教授来北京, 您愿当面对质么? ! 您必须正面回答, 只要您答应, 我无论如何也要去请! 请方粉支持, 如果你们坚信方先生是打假斗士的话!!” (See: [2012-2-6 18:13](#).)

[164] Yao's original Chinese: “既然@易天 对@方舟子 下了战书, 只要方舟子答应面对面与他母校指控他抄袭的教授对质, 易天就把这位教授请来北京。我这里郑重声明: 这位教授在京期间吃住行我全包了, VIP 待遇, 专车、司机全有, 包五星级酒店会议室作为面对面对质场所。立此为证, 敬请网友敦促方舟子接招。” (See: [2012-2-6 19:01](#).)

[165] Luo's original Chinese messages: “哎呀, 才发现眼神不好的罗永浩看错了, 五岳提到了‘在京期间’的‘住’, 向五岳郑重道歉 (做人不能方舟子)! 机票还是可以我来出。//@罗永浩可爱多: 哎呀, 才发现五岳散人这个鸡贼的家伙没提更重要的机票钱和酒店钱.....好吧, 如果 Root-Bernstein 教授愿意来北京跟方舟子当面对质, 我来出这部分费用。” (See: [2012-2-6 21:17](#).)

[166] Original Chinese: “必须顶...不过肘子肯定会看不见看不见看不见” (See: [2012-2-6 19:01](#).)

[167] Original Chinese: “肘子只关注了二十一人, 却总能找到粉丝只有二位数的人, 我质疑你有一个团队。//@方舟子: 这条灯谜真应景。” (See: [2012-2-6 05:58](#).)

[168] Original Chinese title: 《[【原创: 大爆料】方舟子微博建马甲自问自答, 报私仇恶意攻击前仇敌——方舟子, 你还要不要脸!!!!](#)》, 萌新闻的日志. Also see: [2012-2-7 20:30](#).

[169] Original Chinese messages: “宋鸿兵抄抄贩贩阴谋论就成了经济学界知名发言人? // @中国灯谜: 及时雨偏逢鸟丘八 (经济学界知名发言人一)” (See: [2011-11-8 20:33](#).)

[170] Song's original Chinese: “昨天就不断有博主提醒我, 如果再说中国农业食品、转基因或美国孟山都公司的事情, 有一个叫方舟子的人一定会跳出来, 我当时还不信。结果今天方舟子果然开始 破口大骂。看来谁为美国利益集团效力, 博友们早就心知肚明!” (See: [2011-11-8 21:41](#).)

[171] Fang's original Chinese: “韩寒犯了‘巨额知识来源不明罪’。” (See: [2012-2-4 21:04](#).)

[172] He's original Chinese: “@方舟子 我为什么说你自己出谜自己猜, 自己弄个中国灯谜马甲卖弄才学? ! 偏偏本大妈也有“巨额知识来源不明罪”, 对制谜猜谜也琢磨过, 你那些谜语完全不懂谜语的人出的, 前面几条是传统成谜。你回答的那几条完全是自己瞎凑, 除了你自己, 神都猜不出来。关于谜语, 起码你要知道啥叫卷帘格啥叫脱靴格吧?” (See: [2012-2-7 00:33](#).)

[173] Original Chinese: “方大师不仅自己出题自己猜, 卖弄聪明, 而且不少谜面、谜底, 有丑韩讽韩贬韩与美方赞方褒方的主题, 远逾‘质疑代笔’界限, 借娱乐搞人身攻击, 这乌鸦之险恶之阴毒, 由此可见。” (See: [2012-2-7 02:45](#).)

[174] Original Chinese: “嘿嘿嘿嘿, 其实我也早就看出来了, 那个“中国灯谜”号出的题目不但有讽刺韩寒的, 还有夸方本人的, 肯定有问题, 那号的粉才三百多而已, 纯属自娱自乐” (See: [2012-2-7 00:46](#).)

[175] Original Chinese: “树欲静而风不止。”

[176] Original Chinese title: 小易: 《[方舟子再被曝抄袭 网友称其剽窃美国教授](#)》, [网易娱乐](#), 2012-02-06 19:57:28。

[177] Original Chinese title: 《[方舟子作品再被曝抄袭 网友称其剽窃美国教授论文](#)》, [凤凰网娱乐](#), 2012 年 02 月 06 日 20:11。

[178] See: 圆排骨: 《[最近大陆有不少人给 Root-Bernstein 教授](#)》, AIR-China, February 06, 2012 07:25PM。

[179] Original Chinese message: “我的英文确实很烂, 但是我能说清楚问题并付诸实践, 这是真正的草尼马才能有的执行力。Robert Root-Bernstein 教授给我的回信, 用你们那过 250 级的英文水平去翻译芭! [@方舟子](#) 诈术贱人!” (See: [2012-2-7 18:41](#).)

[180] Original Chinese: “从 [@方舟子](#) 抄袭并且拒不道歉亦不赔偿来看, 我断定方舟子的一切打假行为动机肮脏, 而不是简单的不纯洁。小肮脏, 有种给爷乐一个。Robert Root-Bernstein 教授给我的回信及译文。老子英文太差, 是得考虑得去 [@罗永浩可爱多](#) 的 0 基班学学, 老罗我收吗?” (See: [2012-2-7 19:11](#).)

[181] Fang's original Chinese: “孙海峰、易天等人指责我‘论文抄袭’, 其实不过是把几个月前甚至一年多以前我早就澄清过的馊饭又给炒了一遍, 试图转移视线把水搞混。我本来是不想理睬的, 但有几家媒体都来问, 我就通过土豆网对此再做一次澄清、说明, 媒体想报, 直接引用土豆网视频即可, 我不再就此接受媒体采访: <http://t.cn/zOz67ZM>” (See: [2012-2-7 19:20](#).)

[182] The links to Fang's Public Courses on tudou.com are here:

Serial No.	Title	Time Posted
1	方舟子土豆公开课第二集: 转基因大米你敢吃吗	12/03/2011
2	方舟子土豆公开课第一集: 世界末日马上要来了吗	12/03/2011
3	方舟子土豆公开课第三集: 你还敢喝牛奶吗?	12/09/2011
4	方舟子土豆公开课第四集: 星座到底是不是迷信?	12/11/2011
5	视频: 方舟子土豆公开课: 中医究竟是不是科学?	06/14/2012
6	视频: “方舟子土豆公开课”: 中医到底有没有效?	06/18/2012
7	视频: “方舟子土豆公开课”: 中药有没有副作用?	06/18/2012
8	视频: “方舟子土豆公开课”: 经络是怎么回事?	06/18/2012
9	视频: “方舟子土豆公开课”: 中医是不是科学?	06/23/2012
10	视频: 方舟子土豆公开课奥运特别节目有没有运动基因?	07/28/2012
11	视频: 方舟子土豆公开课奥运特别节目《兴奋剂是怎么回事?》	07/31/2012

[183] Original Chinese messages: “[@彭晓芸](#): 全国媒体都死光了? 靠一个视频网站去做调查记者做的功夫。这不需要华丽词藻, 不需要油腔滑调, 只要认真二字。南方周末、南风窗、中国新闻周刊、时代周报, 还有韩寒老友供职的那什么时尚杂志, 众多或死挺韩或对此新闻装睡的媒体正规军, 你们羞不羞? 说这是中国媒体的大挫败一点不为过。” (See: [2012-3-17 02:12](#).) “为土豆网喝彩。土豆网历时两月独家深入调查, 今天流传出来的只是一个初期版本。//[@为书一生](#): 不仅不敢调查, 反而因为私谊和仇方去支持和赞美一个骗子。[@伯林 2011](#): 连一个韩寒的真相都不敢调查。媒体还在沉睡或装睡, 我改下温总的话, 改革其实是需要媒体的觉醒和支持。” (See: [2012-3-17 06:30](#).)

[184] Original Chinese: “Q1: 易天在微博上爆出你的一些著作涉嫌抄袭他人的学术成果, 请做出解释。Q2: 请解释一下什么是学术抄袭, 你的著作中也有引用其他人观点的地方, 这样算不算是抄袭? Q3: 深圳大学传播系主任孙海峰微博爆料你的著作《大象为什么不长毛》涉嫌剽窃他人的图表, 对此你的解释是? Q4:

易天提出的肖传国名誉侵权案件是怎么回事，以及关于 5 万赔偿金最后赔偿的情况。” (See: 《[【独家专访】方舟子澄清自己著作并未抄袭](#)》，[土豆娱乐快报](#)，2012 年 2 月 7 日。)

[185] My writings on Fang in Chinese can be found here: 《[亦明剥壳](#)》，in English can be found here: [China Academic Integrity Review](#). The best way to find the information you want is to search the website with key words.

[186] See: [Dr. Root-Bernstein's Response to Fang's Apology](#), August 6, 2011.

[187] Fang's original Chinese: “即使注明了出处，但是原文照抄或仅有少许改动，同样是剽窃。” (See: Fang Zhouzi. *Comment on "Who Should Be Responsible for Constitutional Scholar's Plagiarism?"* XYS20051130. 方舟子: 《[谁该为宪法学家“剽窃”负责?](#)》，XYS20051130).

[188] Fang's original Chinese: “如此大面积的照抄照搬，即使注明了出处也有剽窃之嫌。” (See: Fang Zhouzi. *The Plagiarism Committed by Professor Sun Liping at Tsinghua University*. XYS20080219. 方舟子: 《[清华大学教授孙立平之剽窃](#)》，XYS20080219).

[189] He's original Chinese: “面对所有质疑和指控，[@方舟子](#) 都理直气壮的说，我早就回应过了，我早就澄清过了——我给修改一下答案，方黑白，你应该说，[【你早就抵赖过了】](#)~~[挖鼻屎] 我建议哪位会做视频的先生，把方黑白，方抄抄的土豆视频配上英文，发到美国去。[@SexFriend](#) 你会么？” (See: [2012-2-7 22:07](#).)

[190] Sun's original Chinese: “抄袭与否是以你的规则为标准么？你说澄清你就干净了？！正如小偷说自己没偷，被偷窃的就不能指控你？！你母校的教授到中国来，你最好当面澄清！” (See: [2012-2-7 19:29](#).)

[191] Sun's original Chinese: “他那不叫澄清，他那叫搅浑。我可以给他换一个说法，他应该说我一年前已经抵赖过了。” (See: 湖南卫视: 《[质疑者方舟子被质疑造假](#)》，湖南卫视 新闻当事人 20120212。)

[192] Original Chinese title: 《[囧啊！网友曝方舟子作品剽窃美国教授论文](#)》，《生活新报》，2012 年 2 月 8 日。

[193] Original Chinese title: 吴铭: 《[方舟子作品再被曝抄袭 网友称其剽窃美国教授论文](#)》，《哈尔滨日报》，2012 年 2 月 8 日。

[194] Original Chinese title: 冯潇颖: 《[“打假斗士”方舟子被曝造假 方舟子：他们这是翻旧账，我只是引用而已](#)》，《钱江晚报》2012 年 2 月 9 日。

[195] Original Chinese: “继质疑方舟子‘剽窃他人图表、英文翻译出错’后，2 月 7 日晚，深圳大学副教授孙海峰再抛‘秘密武器’——美国密歇根州立大学生理学教授 Robert Root- Bernstein 的专访录像，质疑方舟子抄袭。在他提供的材料中，Robert 据相关译文确信方涉嫌抄袭。但截至发稿时为止，方舟子和 Robert 均未回应此事。” (See: 庄树雄: 《[孙海峰发视频再质疑方舟子](#)》，《南方都市报》，2012 年 2 月 9 日。)

[196] See the poll: *Fang Zhouzi is listed as a Spiritual Tycoon, do you agree?* 《[对于方舟子荣登心灵富豪榜，你认同吗?](#)》 (See: [2012-4-24 21:01](#).)

[197] Fang's original Chinese: “每次有这种争论，他们就拿这件事来说，比如说上回我跟李开复的争论的时候，李开复那些支持者又把这件事翻出来说，在这里，韩寒的支持者又把这件事翻出来说。大家很多人不知道这事早就说清楚了，我在微博上，在博客上早就都说过了，不停地在问，你怎么回应这个问题，所以这也是挺烦的一件事。” (See: 金美辰、赵安源: 《[方舟子：被指抄袭一事已多次澄清 不愿旧事重提](#)》，2012 年 2 月 11 日中国新闻网。)

[198] He's original Chinese messages: “方舟子极端不负责任，质疑他就是搅混水，就是韩粉，请看，我质疑你已经一年多了！” (See: [2012-2-9 10:25](#).) “首先我质疑方舟子已经很久，只是没持续，各位可以搜索我微博。其次，我不是韩粉，关于方韩之争我的观点是，不会有结果。一方说：你代笔，我推论的。一方说：

我没有，我有手稿。然后你代笔，我没有，你代笔，我没有.....而最容易澄清和做到的却被回避：方舟子到底有没有抄袭？打假基金到底用在哪里？！”(See: [2012-2-12 19:30](#).)

Sun's original Chinese messages: “我只打方舟子的假，从不关心韩寒是否代笔这种无聊问题。”(See: [2012-2-2 20:27](#).) “在人说我打方舟子的假乃为韩寒解围、转移视线。此说法无视事实、颠倒黑白，纯属放屁！我打方已近一年，而方质疑韩不过一月，难道我要矫情到因为方质疑韩就停止打方，以免落下‘为韩寒解围’的话柄？照此脑残逻辑，方岂不是天然享有豁免特权？他咬完韩寒接着有‘韩冰’，届时又要有‘为韩冰解围’一说？”(See: [2012-2-7 23:49](#).)

[199] Original Chinese: “@方舟子质疑韩寒那是他何韩寒的事，我揭丫嘴脸那是我的事，屁关系没有，你们一帮弱智怎么就非信方舟子说的所谓‘转移视线’呢？我他妈都不是韩的读者，你们找代笔证据我精神上支持，何况人家还有物质悬赏。我仅针对@方舟子假科普、打假之名，行欺世之实做揭露举动！”(See: [2012-2-7 19:59](#).)

[200] Han's original Chinese: “宫廷大戏一出，我这样的民间闹剧就相形见绌。”(See: 韩寒: 《[重庆美剧](#)》，韩寒的新浪博客，2012-02-10 03:58:35。)

[201] See: 亦明: 《[方舟子 2014 年十大要闻:二、溷兮龟来，螃蟹蛤蟆](#)》，中国学术评价网，December 30, 2014。

[202] See: 湖南卫视: 《[质疑者方舟子被质疑造假](#)》，湖南卫视 新闻当事人 20120212。

[203] Original Chinese message: “方韩角力未见分晓，质疑者@方舟子 却意外成为了被质疑的对象，抄袭？盗用？账目不公开？攻守之势瞬息万变，方舟子不得不左手持矛右手持盾，攻防兼备。一面是@孙海峰 @易天 @五岳散人 等人的猛烈质问，一面@方舟子 的淡然回应，只是口水满天，还是阴谋阳谋.....尽在今日 18 点新闻当事人，为您真实呈现！”(See: [2012-2-12 12:50](#).)

[204] Another ad by the host of the show [学生孙璞](#): “明日惊奇预告，打假斗士@方舟子 也被打假？听@孙海峰 @易天 如何向质疑者提出质疑，看锱铢必较的方舟子会否认真回应？阵地交错的口水战烽烟再起.....这么劲爆🤔别说是我透露的🤔”(See: [2012-2-11 21:56](#).)

[205] See Sun's Weibo: [2012-2-11 23:46](#), [2012-2-12 13:21](#), [2012-2-12 15:25](#), [2012-2-14 10:33](#).

[206] See He's Weibo: [2012-2-12 15:10](#).

[207] See: 寻正: 《[方舟子造谣成性，美教授无可奈何](#)》，[寻正治学](#)，2012-2-14 11:04；刘实: 《[方舟子美国母校教授三答刘实，已作好起诉剽窃诽谤者的准备](#)》，[求真留实的博客](#)，2012-02-14 14:20:49。