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2. 摘要

2.1 本報告的第三至第八章就長者人口作出詳盡的分析。第 2.2–2.23 段概述重要結果。為方便參考，長者的主要統計數字載列於第十二及第十三頁。

數目、結構及增長

2.2 長者的數目在過去四十年，即一九六一至二零零一年間，上升了 659 134 人，平均每年增長率為 5.5%。在二零零一年香港長者的數目有 747 052 人。

2.3 以長者佔總人口的比例而言，其百分比在過去四十年不斷上升，由一九六一年的 2.8% 上升至二零零一年的 11.1%。老年撫養比率（即六十五歲及以上人口數目與每千名十五至六十四歲人口的比例），由一九六一年的 50 上升至二零零一年的 154。

2.4 長者的性別比率（男性人口數目與每千名女性人口相對的比率）在二零零一年為 859，而整體人口的性別比率則為 960。女性長者較男性長者略多主要是由於女性的壽命一般較男性長。

人口特徵

2.5 從未結婚的長者的比例由一九九一年的 4.9% 下降至二零零一年的 4.1%，而已婚的比例則由 57.6% 上升至 59.9%。

2.6 於二零零一年大部分（78.9%）長者是來自中國大陸。在香港以外地方出生的長者數目仍佔大多數，其百分比分別是一九九一年的 86.8%，一九九六年的 82.5%，以及二零零一年的 82.7%。

2. Summary

2.1 Chapters 3-8 of this report provide a detailed analysis on the older persons. Salient findings are highlighted in paragraphs 2.2 - 2.23. For ease of quick reference, key statistics of older persons are listed on pages 12 and 13.

Size, Structure and Growth

2.2 The number of older persons increased by 659 134 or at an average annual growth rate of 5.5% over the past 40 years (i.e. from 1961 to 2001). There were 747 052 older persons in Hong Kong in 2001.

2.3 In terms of the proportion of older persons in the total population, its percentage rose continuously over the past 40 years from 2.8% in 1961 to 11.1% in 2001. The elderly dependency ratio, defined as the number of persons aged 65 and over per 1 000 persons aged between 15 and 64, increased from 50 in 1961 to 154 in 2001.

2.4 The sex ratio (i.e. number of males per 1 000 females) of the older persons in 2001 was 859, as compared with the overall sex ratio of 960. There were slightly more female older persons than male older persons, mainly because of higher life expectancy for female.

Demographic Characteristics

2.5 The proportion of older persons who had never married decreased from 4.9% in 1991 to 4.1% in 2001, while the proportion who were now married increased from 57.6% to 59.9%.

2.6 In 2001, most (78.9%) of the current cohort of older persons were born and came from the mainland of China. The number of older persons born outside Hong Kong remained very high. The percentage ranged from 86.8% in 1991, to 82.5% in 1996 and further to 82.7% in 2001.

2.7 廣州話是長者在家中最常用的語言，佔 85.7% 的長者報稱使用廣州話。能說英語及普通話的長者，在數目及百分比上，在過去十年均有所增加。在二零零一年時，長者當中有 6.3% 報稱能說英語及 12.6% 報稱能說普通話。

教育

2.8 長者中未受教育或只有幼稚園水平所佔百分比由一九九一年的 52.4% 下降至二零零一年的 42.4%，而有中學及以上教育程度的百分比由一九九一年的 15.0% 上升至二零零一年的 18.4%。

2.9 男性長者的教育程度較女性長者為高。在二零零一年香港有 15.2% 男性長者及 5.9% 女性長者有高中或以上教育程度，另外，72.8% 男性長者及 89.2% 女性長者未受教育或只有幼稚園或小學程度。其中，女性長者中有 58.9% 未受教育或只有幼稚園水平，這百分比遠較男性長者中的 23.3% 為高。

勞動人口

2.10 過去十年，長者勞動人口減少 14 138 人（即 20.8%），由一九九一年的 68 128 人減至二零零一年的 53 990 人。在二零零一年，男性長者勞動人口較一九九一年減少 4 317 人（即 9.0%），而女性長者勞動人口則減少 9 821 人（即 48.6%）。

2.11 在過去十年，長者的勞動人口參與率由一九九一年的 14.1% 逐漸下降至二零零一年的 7.2%。這部分是由於經濟環境轉變下越來越多長者在六十多歲時會退休。

2.7 Among older persons, Cantonese was the dialect most commonly spoken at home, with 85.7% of older persons reporting as such. The ability to speak English and Putonghua among older persons has increased over the past ten years, both in number and percentage. There were 6.3% and 12.6% of older persons who could speak English and Putonghua respectively in 2001.

Education

2.8 The proportion of older persons with no schooling or only kindergarten education decreased by 10 percentage points from 52.4% in 1991 to 42.4% in 2001, whereas those with secondary and higher education increased slightly from 15.0% in 1991 to 18.4% in 2001.

2.9 Older men have higher average levels of education than older women. In Hong Kong in 2001, 15.2% of older men and 5.9% of older women had attended upper secondary or higher education. On the other hand, 72.8% of older men and 89.2% of older women had no schooling/kindergarten or primary education level only. Among the older women, 58.9% had no schooling or kindergarten education level only, the percentage was much higher than the corresponding percentage of 23.3% for older men.

Labour Force

2.10 During the past ten years, the number of older persons in the labour force decreased by 14 138 (20.8%) from 68 128 in 1991 to 53 990 in 2001. In 2001, the number of male older persons in the labour force was 4 317 (or 9.0%) less than that in 1991, while the corresponding decrease in the number of female older persons was 9 821 (or 48.6%).

2.11 Over the past ten years, the proportion of older persons belonging to the labour force declined steadily from 14.1% in 1991 to 7.2% in 2001. This, to some extent, is attributed to the change in the general economic conditions that more and more older persons retire at their sixties.

2.12 在二零零一年的長者工作人口中，僱員佔 66.0%（全港工作人口中僱員佔 88.6%）。這與一九九一年及一九九六年長者工作人口相若。

2.13 在二零零一年，相當大比例的長者工作人口為「非技術工人」（39.5%），這百分比遠較全港工作人口的 19.5% 為高。此外，有 15.9% 長者工作人口為「經理及行政人員」，13.6% 為「服務工作及商店銷售人員」。

2.14 在二零零一年的長者工作人口中，從事「批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業」的佔 33.5%，其次是「社區、社會及個人服務業」（20.5%）和「金融、保險、地產及商用服務業」（16.9%）。

2.15 長者工作人口在二零零一年的每月主要職業收入中位數為 6,000 元，只為全港工作人口每月主要職業收入中位數 10,000 元的 60%。長者工作人口的月入中位數較全港工作人口為低可能是與他／她們從事的職業及行業薪金水平較低有關，而這又與他們較低的教育程度有關。

居住情況及住戶特徵

2.16 在二零零一年，有一名及以上長者的家庭住戶共有 534 559 戶，佔全港家庭住戶的 26.0%。有長者居住的住戶的平均住戶人數為 3.2 人，與全港家庭住戶的 3.1 人相若。

2.12 Among the working older persons in 2001, 66.0% of them were employees (as compared with 88.6% of employees in the whole working population). Similar observations were noted in 1991 and 1996.

2.13 In 2001, a large proportion of the working older persons were engaged as “Elementary occupations” (39.5%). Such a proportion was much higher than that of the whole working population at 19.5%. On the other hand, 15.9% were engaged as “Managers and administrators” and 13.6% as “Service workers and shop sales workers”.

2.14 The “Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels” sector employed 33.5% of the working older persons, followed by “Community, social and personal services” (20.5%) and “Financing, insurance, real estate and business services” (16.9%) in 2001.

2.15 The median monthly income from main employment of the working older persons in 2001 was \$6,000, about 60% of the median (\$10,000) of the whole working population. The low median income of older working population as compared to the total working population may be due to the relatively lower wage rate for the occupations and industries they are engaged in which in turn are determined by their relatively low educational attainment.

Living Arrangement and Household Characteristics

2.16 In 2001, there were 534 559 domestic households with one or more older persons, constituting 26.0% of the total domestic households in the whole territory. The average household size of domestic households with older persons was 3.2, which was very close to that of 3.1 for all domestic households in Hong Kong.

2.17 在二零零一年 56.8% 的長者與子女同住 (32.1% 與配偶及子女同住及 24.7% 只與子女同住) , 另有 18.4% 只與配偶同住及 11.3% 獨居。

2.18 在二零零一年居於家庭住戶的長者中有 487 319 (71.8%) 與非長者共住 , 其餘的 191 778 (28.2%) 則屬純長者住戶 , 即是長者獨居或只與其他長者共住。

2.19 約 43.2% 的長者居於公營租住房屋 , 而 41.1% 則居於私人永久性房屋。在整體人口中 , 相應的比例分別為 32.7% 及 48.6%。

2.20 有長者居住的家庭住戶而住戶人數是四人以下的 , 其家庭住戶收入中位數明顯較全港住戶收入中位數為低 , 其中以一人及二人家庭更為明顯。

地區特徵

2.21 在過去十年 , 長者的分布有頗大的變動。居於新界的長者比例由 32.7% 大幅上升至 39.4%。至於香港島及九龍 , 其比例明顯減少 , 由十年前的 24.0% 及 43.2% 分別下降至二零零一年的 21.3% 及 39.3%。

2.17 In 2001, 56.8% of older persons lived with child(ren) (32.1% lived with spouse and child(ren) and 24.7% lived with child(ren) only). On the other hand, 18.4% lived with spouse only and 11.3% of older persons lived alone.

2.18 In 2001, among older persons living in domestic households, 487 319 (71.8%) were living with non-older person members, 191 778 (28.2%) were exclusively older person households i.e. older persons either living alone or with other older person members only.

2.19 Some 43.2% of older persons lived in public rental housing and 41.1% in private permanent housing. The corresponding proportions for the whole population were 32.7% and 48.6% respectively.

2.20 Compared with all domestic households, the median monthly domestic household income of domestic households with older persons and household size less than 4 persons were significantly lower especially for the 1- and 2-person households.

Geographical Characteristics

2.21 There was a substantial redistribution of the older persons during the last ten years. The proportion of older persons residing in the New Territories increased from 32.7% in 1991 to 39.4% in 2001. For Hong Kong Island and Kowloon, the proportions declined significantly from 24.0% and 43.2% ten years ago to 21.3% and 39.3% in 2001 respectively.

2.22 在十八個區議會分區當中，觀塘的長者數目最多（10.9%）。東區及黃大仙則分列第二（10.0%）及第三（9.3%）位。離島的長者數目最少（1.1%）。按長者與各區人口總數的比例而言，深水埗及黃大仙在眾區議會分區中排列首兩位（15.7%），其次是觀塘（14.5%），而屯門則排列最後（6.9%）。

2.23 長者較少作內部遷移。曾作內部遷移的長者只佔所有長者的13.8%，而整體五歲及以上人口的比例則為18.4%。在曾作內部遷移的長者中，最大比例（20.4%）是在九龍區內移居，從九龍搬往新市鎮的有19.0%，由一新市鎮移居到另一新市鎮的則有18.5%。

2.22 Among the 18 District Council districts, there was the largest number of older persons living in Kwun Tong (10.9%). The District Council districts with the second and the third largest number of older persons were Eastern (10.0%) and Wong Tai Sin (9.3%) respectively. There was the smallest number of older persons living in Islands (1.1%). As regards the proportion of older persons in a district, Sham Shui Po and Wong Tai Sin ranked top two in terms of the relative proportion of its population being older persons (15.7%), followed by Kwun Tong (14.5%), while Tuen Mun ranked last with 6.9%.

2.23 The older persons was less prone to internal migration. The proportion of older persons who had internally migrated was 13.8%, as compared to 18.4% of the whole population aged 5 and over. Of those older persons who had internally migrated, the largest proportion (20.4%) moved between regions in Kowloon. Another 19.0% destined for the new towns were originated from Kowloon. Another 18.5% moved between new towns.

長者的主要統計數字

Key Statistics of Older Persons

	1991		1996		2001	
	長者 Older Persons	全港人口 Whole Population	長者 Older Persons	全港人口 Whole Population	長者 Older Persons	全港人口 Whole Population
人口特徵 Demographic Characteristics						
人口 Population	482 040	5 674 114 ⁽¹⁾	629 555	6 412 937 ⁽²⁾	747 052	6 708 389 ⁽²⁾
過去五年的平均每年增長率 (百分比) Average annual growth rate over a 5-year period (%)	3.4	0.6	5.5	1.8 ⁽³⁾	3.5	0.9 ⁽²⁾
性別比率 (每千名女性的男性人數) Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	784	1 038	816	1 000	859	960
已婚人口比例 (百分比) Proportion of now married population (%)	57.6	60.0 ⁽⁴⁾	59.9	60.6 ⁽⁴⁾	59.9	59.4 ⁽⁴⁾
教育 Education						
具小學教育程度或以下的人口比例 (百分比) Proportion of population with no or primary education (%)	85.0	37.9 ⁽⁴⁾	83.9	32.1 ⁽⁴⁾	81.6	28.9 ⁽⁴⁾
勞動人口 Labour Force						
勞動人口 Labour force						
男性 Male	47 924	1 742 271	48 136	1 925 095	43 607	1 948 976
女性 Female	20 204	1 068 731	13 252	1 257 402	10 383	1 489 016
勞動人口參與率 (百分比) Labour force participation rate (%)						
男性 Male	22.6	78.7	17.0	76.6	12.6	71.9
女性 Female	7.5	49.5	3.8	49.2	2.6	51.6
每月主要職業收入中位數 (港元) Median monthly income from main employment (HK\$)	3,000	5,170	5,100	9,500	6,000	10,000
按職業劃分的工作人口比例 (百分比) Proportion of working population by occupation (%)						
經理及行政人員 Managers and administrators	10.2	9.2	15.0	12.1	15.9	10.7
專業人員 Professionals	1.6	3.7	1.6	5.0	2.8	5.5
輔助專業人員 Associate professionals	2.0	10.3	2.8	12.1	5.1	15.3
文員 Clerks	5.9	15.9	6.6	16.8	6.6	16.3
服務工作及商業銷售人員 Service workers and shop sales workers	11.2	13.2	11.3	13.8	13.6	15.0
工藝及有關人員 Craft and related workers	7.7	14.7	7.0	12.3	8.2	9.9
機台及機器操作員及裝配員 Plant and machine operators and assemblers	5.1	13.5	4.8	8.5	7.0	7.3
非技術工人 Elementary occupations	53.4	18.5	48.2	18.6	39.5	19.5
漁農業熟練工人及不能分類的職業 Skilled agricultural and fishery workers; and occupations not classifiable	2.9	1.0	2.6	0.8	1.3	0.3

長者的主要統計數字 (續) Key Statistics of Older Persons (Cont'd)

	1991		1996		2001	
	長者 Older Persons	全港人口 Whole Population	長者 Older Persons	全港人口 Whole Population	長者 Older Persons	全港人口 Whole Population
勞動人口 (續) Labour Force (Cont'd)						
按行業劃分的工作人口比例 (百分比) Proportion of working population by industry (%)						
製造業 Manufacturing	27.8	28.2	19.1	18.9	15.1	12.3
建造業 Construction	3.4	6.9	4.3	8.1	4.0	7.6
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	29.9	22.5	32.9	24.9	33.5	26.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	4.0	9.8	6.1	10.9	8.0	11.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	9.6	10.6	14.8	13.4	16.9	16.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	20.9	19.9	19.6	22.3	20.5	25.5
其他 ⁽⁵⁾ Others ⁽⁵⁾	4.3	2.1	3.2	1.5	2.1	1.0
居住情況 Living Arrangement						
按居住情況劃分的人口比例 (百分比) Proportion of population by living arrangement (%)						
居於家庭住戶 Living in domestic household						
獨居 Living alone	12.7	4.3	11.5	4.3	11.3	4.3
與配偶同住 ⁽⁶⁾ Living with spouse ⁽⁶⁾						
並與子女同住 ⁽⁶⁾ And with child(ren)	28.5	32.9	32.1	34.4	32.1	34.4
並不與子女同住 ⁽⁶⁾ And not with child(ren)	14.8	8.1	16.2	9.0	18.4	9.3
小計 Sub-total	43.2	41.0	48.3	43.4	50.5	43.7
只與子女同住 ⁽⁶⁾ Living with child(ren) only ⁽⁶⁾	28.8	5.9	28.2	5.8	24.7	5.9
其他 Others	9.2	47.3	6.5	45.2	4.4	43.6
小計 Sub-total	93.8	98.6	94.5	98.7	90.9	97.5
居於非家庭住戶 ⁽⁷⁾ Living in non-domestic household ⁽⁷⁾						
	6.2	1.4	5.5	1.3	9.1	2.5
地區特徵 Geographical Characteristics						
按地區劃分的人口數目 (佔有關人口組別的百分比) Population by Area (% in respect of the corresponding group)						
香港島 Hong Kong Island	115 784 (24.0)	1 214 253 (22.0)	141 393 (22.5)	1 312 637 (21.1)	158 915 (21.3)	1 335 469 (19.9)
九龍 Kowloon	208 052 (43.2)	1 975 265 (35.8)	256 254 (40.7)	1 987 996 (32.0)	293 439 (39.3)	2 023 979 (30.2)
新界 New Territories	157 821 (32.7)	2 321 661 (42.0)	231 549 (36.8)	2 906 733 (46.8)	294 410 (39.4)	3 343 046 (49.8)
水上 Marine	383 (0.1)	11 102 (0.2)	359 (0.1)	10 190 (0.2)	288 (0.0)	5 895 (0.1)

註釋：(1) 該數字包括在一九九一年三月進行的人口普查時暫時不在港的 151 833 名居民。

(2) 這些數字是根據「居港人口」數目編製。

(3) 這些數字是根據在人口普查 / 中期人口統計時刻在香港的居民 (包括暫時不在港的居民) 的數目編製。一九九六年中期人口統計時的人口數字以這基礎計算的為 6 217 556 人。

(4) 這些數字指十五歲及以上的全港人口。

(5) 「其他」包括「農業及漁業」、「採礦及採石業」、「電力、燃氣及水務業」等行業，及報稱的行業不能分類或描述不足。

(6) 這些數字包括與配偶及子女以外人士同住的人士。

(7) 這些數字包括居住在老人院、醫院及懲教機構等的人士。

Notes: (1) The figure includes 151 833 residents temporarily away from Hong Kong at the time of the 1991 Census conducted in March 1991.

(2) The figures are compiled based on the Hong Kong Resident Population.

(3) The figures refer to residents present in Hong Kong at the census/by-census moment, including those who were temporarily away from Hong Kong. The population figure compiled on this basis at the 1996 Population By-census was 6 217 556.

(4) The figures refer to the whole population aged 15 and over.

(5) "Others" include such industries as "Agriculture and fishing", "Mining and quarrying", "Electricity, gas and water" and industrial activities inadequately described or unclassifiable.

(6) The figures include persons living with person(s) other than spouse and child(ren).

(7) The figures include persons living in homes for the aged, hospitals and penal institutions, etc.