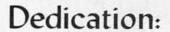


LIENMEE-EZ

CM-2 Ray Donougli 1969-1970 905 15. Broad Mansfield Tx 76063-1772







September 2, 1969

Darrell Gene Battin October 5, 1969

have died in vain.

To these men who shared moments of our lives and added their pride, laughter and sorrow to our own. They have given all that was theirs to give for the ideals of peace and freedom for all mankind. We pause to honor them for their sacrifice and pray for peace that they might not



MCB 62 Dong Ha, RVN April-December 1969







A few years from now it will seem strange to say "We were there". It will be hard to remember some of it. This book is to help us remember.

Though we'll forget a lot of the times, both good and bad, there will always be those few special memories—maybe a particular job, maybe just one Sunday afternoon or a conversation with a friend. Maybe the loss of a friend.

Yes, we'll forget a lot. But there's one thing which we must not forget—our reason for being there. Knowing that we did our share to help the proud people of a war-ravaged land gives it all a purpose.

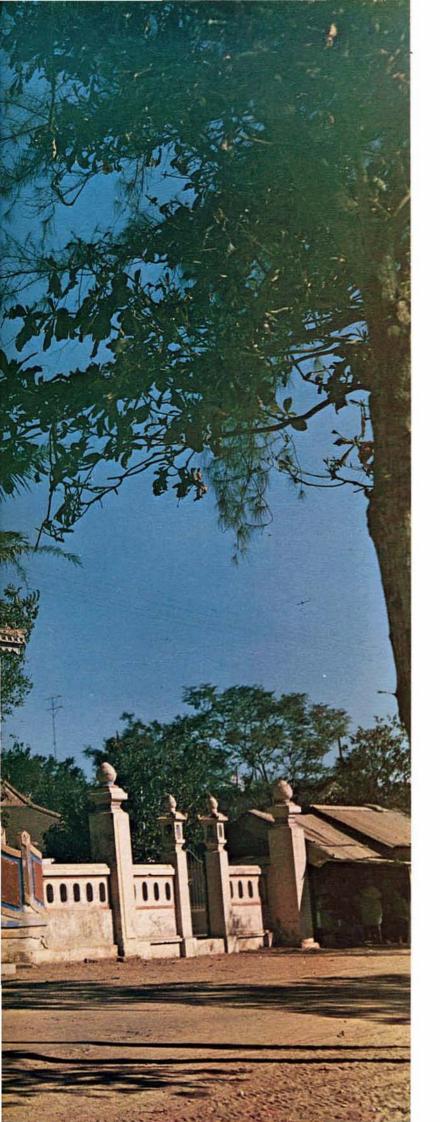
We traded a significant portion of our lives for experiences that changed each of us in some way. In exchange for our sweat, our time, our skills and often our very blood we received the gifts of knowledge, awareness, sincere thanks and a few heart-felt smiles.





Certainly, a fair enough exchange.





The Minuteman

Published by the Public Affairs Office of U.S. Naval Mobile Construction Battalion 62

Commanding Officer . . . John Paul Jones, Jr. Executive Officer . . . Charles E. Fegley, III Public Affairs Officer . . . R. R. Crowe





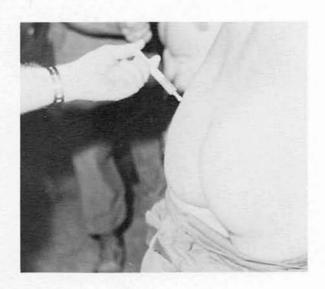




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CDR John P. Jones, Jr. Commanding Officer

Commander John Paul Jones, Jr. was born on August 7, 1932 at Brunswick, Ga. The son of a Navy Dental Corps Captain (Retired), CDR Jones was graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md. in 1954. He was then assigned as gunnery officer aboard the attack transport Calvert.

In 1957 CDR Jones received a Bachelor of Engineering degree from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in Troy, N.Y. It was then that he transferred to the Navy's Civil Engineer Corps. In 1963 the Commander earned his Master's Degree in Civil Engineering.

Before assuming command of MCB 62 in Danang, RVN in August of 1968, CDR Jones attended the Naval War College at Newport, R.I.



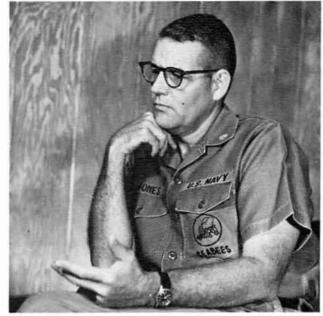
A little farther along in this book you will find a short history of NMCB SIXTY-TWO. It tells of the fine heritage and tradition of excellence that have been passed on to us. Briefly it pictures the growth of this Battalion and relates the unceasing efforts of the SEABEES to rise above the obstacles presented by any challenge.

Now our deployment to Dong Ha is a part of that history. Each of you can take pride in the fact that your personal efforts were the source of the outstanding success of our latest mission in Vietnam. Remember that what you have done in the past eight months has made a major contribution to the freedom of men everywhere. You have served your country well.

When I first took command of NMCB SIXTY-TWO I knew that it was a fine organization. Now I can say with inexpressible pride and satisfaction that it is the finest.

I commend you for a job well done.









CDR C. E. Fegley III, Executive Officer

The completion of the Dong Ha deployment marks the end of the finest in MCB SIXTY-TWO's history. Every SEABEE in the Battalion can look back with great pride on the multitude of construction projects, both large and small, which have been accomplished in just seven and a half months.

The highways, bridges, boat ramp and Civic Action work we have completed, not to mention the numerous bunkers, gunpads, towers, wells and light frame structures, will serve immeasurably the Free World Forces in their fight against Communist aggression. More than that, they will enhance the commercial, social and governmental development of the people of the Republic of Vietnam long after our departure.

The completion of this deployment also marks the end of my tour with MCB sixty-two. It has been a most rewarding tour of duty, and I extend to you my sincere appreciation for your outstanding support over the past 22 months.

I wish you continued success, both individually and collectively as the finest Mobile Construction Battalion in history. God speed and bless each one of you.







Tradition built on achievement

Just as we were taught in boot camp, Naval service has always been a unique blend of the old and the new. The most modern equipment, methods and knowledge are utilized within a structured framework of tradition and respect for time-honored principles and ideals. Thus, the design used on the cover of this book and continued throughout on section heading pages is a mixture of today and yesterday which mean a great deal

We know, of course, what the "E" stands for. We know that 62 was selected as "Best of Type" Atlantic Fleet SEABEE Battalion for 1968 - 1969. When Commander Jones stood before us at Camp Barnes on August 3, 1969 to announce "We're the best!", he was merely echoing something we all secretly believed to be true. There is something else we all know . . . something that only we know but find it hard to explain. We know from first-hand experience the work, care, "attention to detail" and just plain sweat we expended. We know what the "E" is. We worked for it and we're proud

The figure in the foreground of the "E" design is taken from yesterday. It is the Minuteman, the symbol of the proud men in our predecessor SEABEE Battalion, the Sixty-Second Naval Construction Battalion. The figure is representative of the spirit and valor which are an

innate part of the 62 tradition.

Before we relive the most recent chapter of 62's story, perhaps we should trace some of our history, starting with the Sixty-Second Minutemen NCB. NCB 62 was commissioned at Davisville, Rhode Island on December 20, 1942. After a short training period the Battalion, composed mainly of older men who had worked in construction in civilian life, left for Port Hueneme, California where they boarded ships bound for Pearl Harbor. There, as the first military construction unit to take over from civilian builders, 62 constructed repair and service facilities until September of 1944.

Finishing its work in Hawaii, the Battalion went through three months of jungle training, marine, amphibious and weapons instruction. NCB 62 was ready then

for the big job ahead-Iwo Jima.

The Battalion landed on Iwo Jima on D-Day plus seven. The island was not yet secured and living conditions were squalid, but the men were SEABEES and there was a job to be done. They started on that first day, working continuously despite mortar attacks and sniper fire. The SEABEES moved inland with other American forces and began to repair captured enemy airstrips as soon as they were taken. This was the first chapter in the gallant history of 62.

The Battalion went to Japan soon after V-J Day and was disbanded there. The Sixty-Second Minutemen returned to their homes and families leaving behind a record of valor and something new-something called "SEABEE Spirit."

Twenty-one years later, on July 2, 1966, Mobile Construction Battalion 62 was commissioned in Gulfport, Mississippi under the command of Commander William J. Richeson.

From July until September, 62's men busied themserves in technical and military training. During the last week in September the entire Battalion deployed to Camp LeJeune, North Carolina for more combat instruction. After four weeks they returned to Gulfport. Next stop-Phu Bai, South Vietnam.

Arriving at the Phu Bai Combat Base in Northern I Corps just as the monsoon season started, the Battalion assumed sector command of a 2,000 meter portion of the defensive perimeter. Construction on numerous essential combat-related projects started immediately, despite the foul weather, knee-deep mud and unstable

Finishing its first deployment to Vietnam, MCB 62 returned to the U.S. and homeport at Gulfport. After a one-month leave period, the men began preparing for a second tour in the war-torn country with a program of training similar to that they had taken prior to the first deployment.

At the end of the homeport period, the Battalion's advance party left for Vietnam on December 27, 1967. The main body followed in the middle of January. 62 was at its new home for the next eight months—Camp Haskins, Danang, South Vietnam.

The beginning of the deployment was especially harrowing as the Tet Offensive was in full swing. Battalion men manned their bunkers and lines at night and built for other military units in the area by day. Although assailed by the enemy, the approaching hot summer and many other problems, 62 established a furious work schedule. Morale was high, however, for the men who occupied one of the finest SEABEE camps in Vietnam.

The deployment saw work on ammunition supply points, living huts, mess halls, buildings, towers, tanks, road, bridges and numerous other projects. Despite the loss of four of their comrades, the incessant tropical heat and the beginning of the rainy monsoon season, MCB 62 SEABEES moved over 750,000 cubic yards of earth, poured more than 7,500 cubic yards of concrete, used 500,000 board feet of lumber and 23,000 pounds of nails in providing construction support for the combat forces in Vietnam.

On July 30 a Change of Command was held as Commander John Paul Jones Jr. assumed command of 62, relieving CDR Richeson. Work continued at its frantic pace until the Battalion began mounting out back to

With two Vietnam deployments behind them, the men of 62 returned once again to Gulfport to begin retraining and outfitting for a third. This homeport period saw about 75 per cent of the Battalion's men leave for other duty stations or civilian life. New men, many of them fresh from recruit training, stepped into the vacant places. Their abilities and promise were soon shown as they received a rating of "outstanding" during administrative inspections. Intensive military training continued as the men sharpened their weapons ability and tactical skills. Nevertheless, time was still found to work on many projects around the Gulfport area.

62's advance party left for Dong Ha in March of 1969. The main body of the Battalion arrived a month later. Immediately they began tackling jobs around their home at Camp Barnes, Dong Ha Combat Base, South Vietnam. At the beginning of August it was announced

that 62 had won the Battle Efficiency "E".

The rest of this book is a continuation of this history. It is a record of the times we shared and the work we accomplished. It writes yet another proud chapter in the story of the Sixty-Second Minutemen.

Officers--leadership to do the job

These were the men who led us. These were the men who carried the great responsibility of directing our energies and abilities toward the necessary goals.

The officers of MCB 62, mainly members of the Civil Engineer Corps, are men used to working with facts and figures. They are trained to convert theories and formulas learned in school into tangible plans. They then lead the skilled constructionmen of 62 in building from these plans.

Molding over 700 men of different backgrounds, talents and temperaments into a working unit is an awesome task, but one which these men undertook ably.





Top row: ENS Glenn M. Armstrong, Material Liaison; LT Ronald G. Bates, Alfa Co. Second row: LTJG Hazel P. Beasley, Securify; LTJG John O. Blackwell, Embarkation.

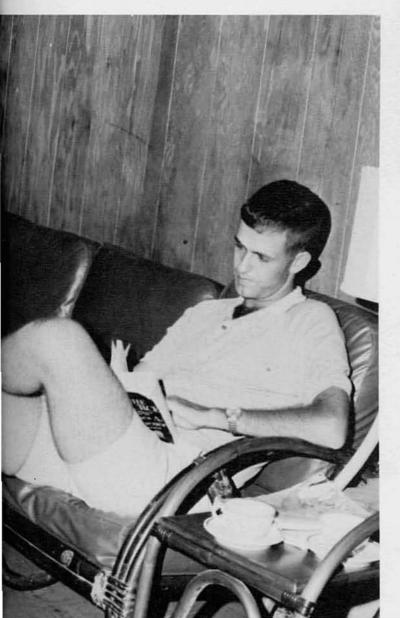


Top row: LTJG Charles J. Bruce, Bravo Co.; LCDR Robert A. Cooper, Supply; LT Richard R. Crowe, Chaplain; ENS Michael W. Delk, Engineering; LTJG John Downey, Disbursing. Second row: LTJG William A. Drummond, Engineering; LTJG David E. Dunnavant, Disbursing; LCDR David H. Gerdel, Operations; LTJG Eugene A. Graves Jr., Civic Action; LCDR William A. Heine, Operations. Third row: LTJG David B. Herrmann, Plans; LT Jeffrey E. Howard, Training; LT Bruce E. Jennings Jr., Dental; LCDR Bobby P. Keith, Supply; LTJG Kenneth W. Lovell, Material Liaison.





Top row: LTJG Richard C. Lundberg, Delta; CWO2 Norman R. Martin, Training; LTJG William R. McDowell, Training. Second row: LT William D. Nunez, Medical; LT Carl J. Orfuss, Medical; LT James M. Ramsey, Charlie.

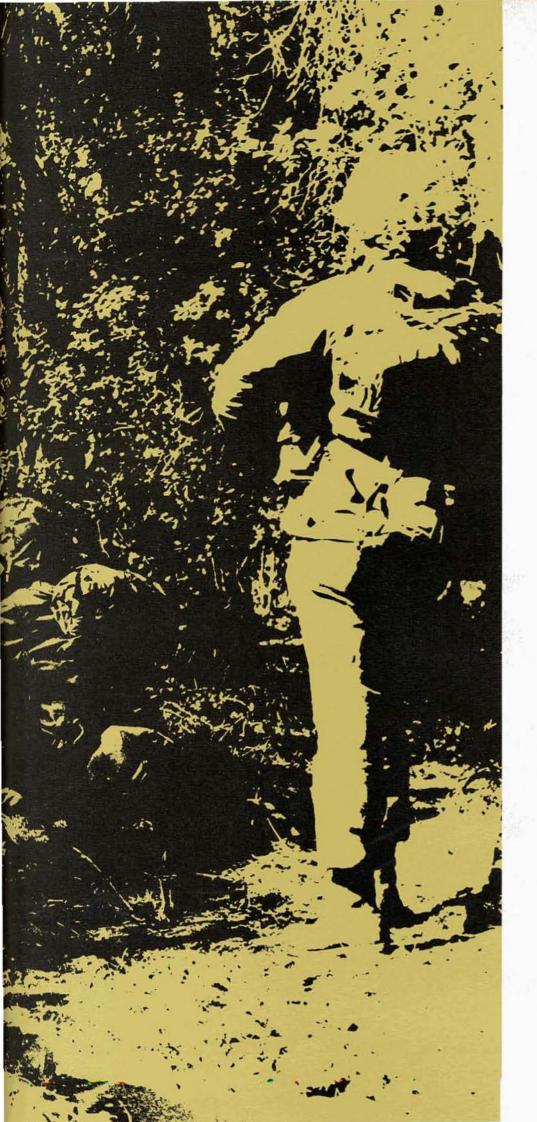






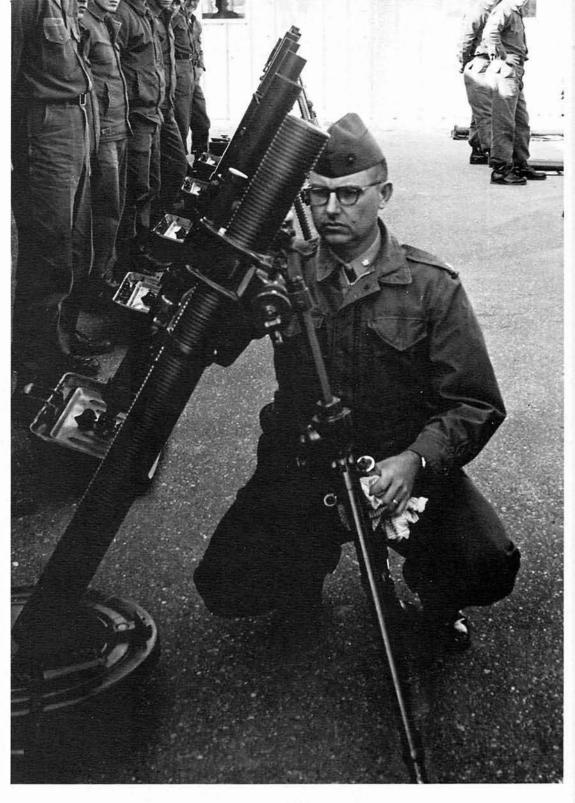
Top row: LCDR William E. Robertson Jr., Operations; LTJG Daniel T. Schultes, Alfa; LTJG Roger W. Sinnott, Special Services. Second row: LTJG David C. Sopko, Operations; ENS Lawrence J. Stupski, Administration; ENS Thomas A. Wells, Delta.





HOMEPORT





Inspections, inspections and more inspections. Everything from hats and haircuts and boots was checked and double checked. Our lockers were strange and almost frightening in their neatness. Everything looked like boot camp.

Until the seemingly endless round of inspections, we never knew that an M-16 could have so many inaccessible nooks and crannies. We had never before realized how negligent it was not to roll our socks tightly or paint the little eyelets

in our web belts.

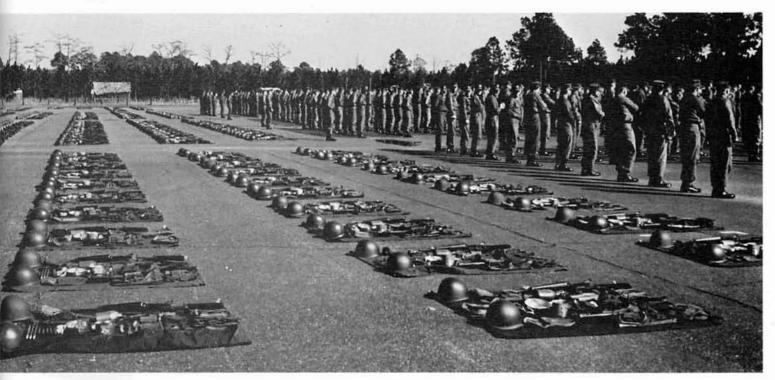
Another thing that never crossed our minds was how good we could look out on the grinder during the administrative inspection. The admin was the culmination of all our work. It was the one that really mattered, for its results were a decisive factor in the competition for the Battle Efficiency "E" . . . which we later won . . . naturally. Of course, MCB 62 SEABEES are a notoriously modest group, but let's face it—we looked good.



Administrative Inspection

Far left: Mortar teams stand by as their crew-served weapons are inspected. Left: All personal combat gear receives close scrutiny after being carefully laid out on the SEABEE Center parade field (Bottom). Below: Secretary of the Navy John H. Chafee reviews the troops during the admin.

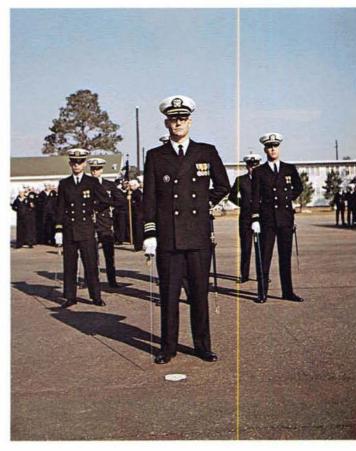




Pomp and Color

At times during homeport the routine of classes, office work and military training was interrupted as we donned our dress blues or inspection greens to take part in a parade. On December 10, the entire Battalion snapped to attention, to parade rest and back to attention as Captain James M. Hill Jr. relieved Captain Robert C. Engram as CBC Commander. New Year's Day was a colorful event for 100 62 men who carried the Stars and Stripes in pre-game ceremonies for the annual Sugar Bowl football game in New Orleans. We may have complained a bit, but when the time came, we marched with heads high, shoulders back and—whether we would admit it or not—a great deal of pride.









Construction Training

What a job!

Almost 75 per cent of the Battalion left for new duty stations or civilian life when 62 returned from Danang. These veterans were replaced with new men, many of them seeing duty with the Navy and the SEABEES for the very first time. Although a lot of these men had acquired construction skills on the outside, they weren't at all familiar with the SEABEE way of building. There's an old expression that says, "There are three ways to do something—the right way, the wrong way and the Navy way." The job was to teach these new men the Navy way—which really was the only way under conditions of combat.



We trained in all possible aspects of construction. Most of us worked in the Gulfport area, learning to build SEA (Southeast Asia) huts, bridges and other common projects similar to those we would tackle in country. A few of us traveled to various specialized civilian schools or lent a helping hand to civilian projects in the Gulfport area.

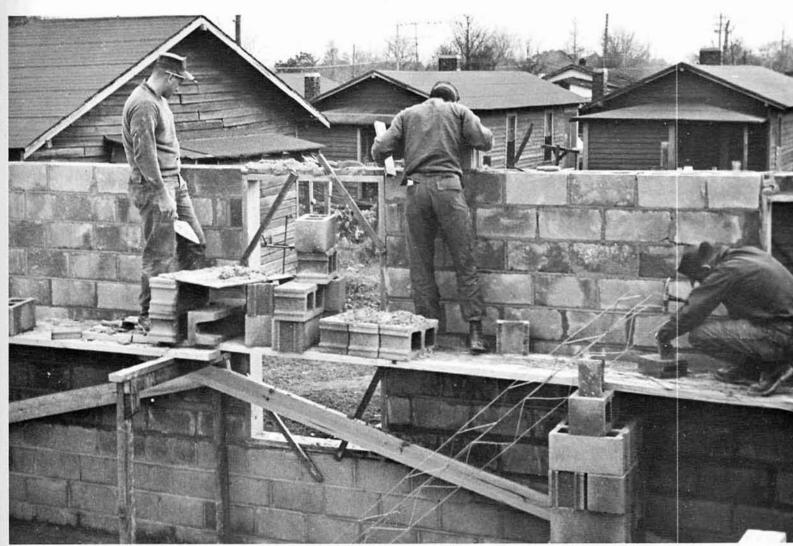
Whether we were fresh young "boots" or old veterans of previous deployments, we learned something new with each training project. We became better prepared for those big jobs ahead.













Military Training

"Bang! You're dead!"

"That's what you think. I'm a referee."

Who can ever forget military training? The days at the rifle range where we checked out a "good sitting position" and the nights spent huddled in muddy holes waiting for our aggressors are, no doubt, indelibly engraved on each of our memories.

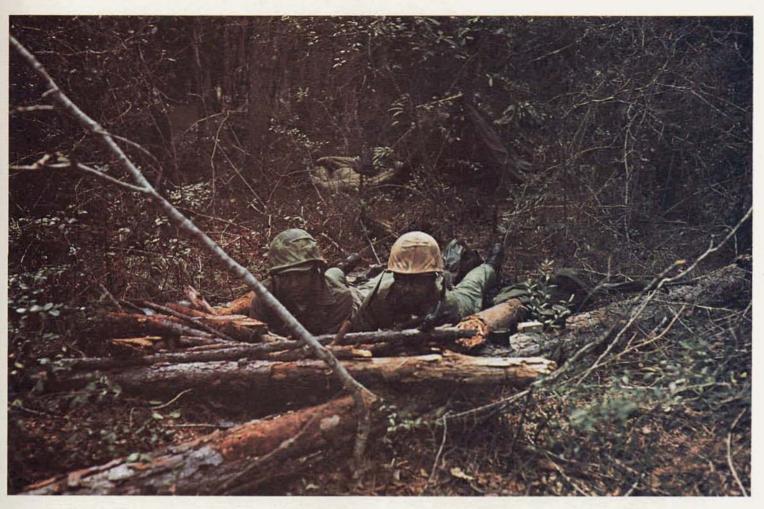
We tend to remember the funny things that happened. We also remember the discomfort—the cold, the mud and the long marches. It's easier to forget, though, that all of this served a very real and important purpose. The war games we played were an integral part of the training and conditioning we needed before deploying to a combat zone. Lying on the ground and shooting at targets, setting up defensive positions, running patrols and learning to keep our heads down were far more important than we realized.

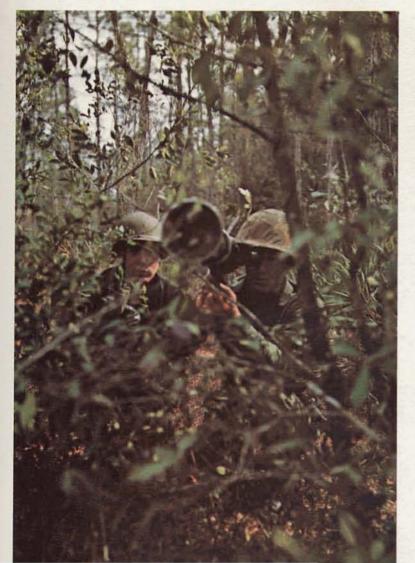
Military training wasn't much fun, even though we joked about it. It was a lot of work. It was something we had to do. We learned something from it . . . in these respects it was a lot like our job in Vietnam.





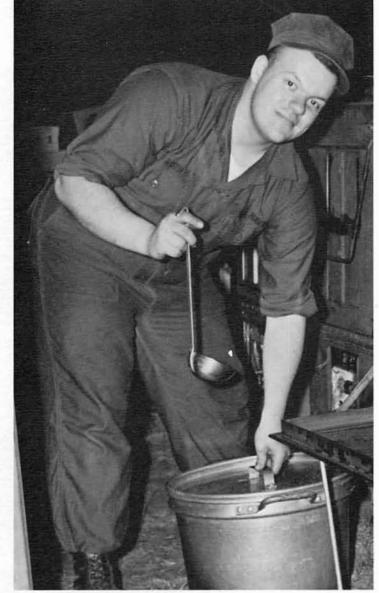














Adding to our military skills



we learned about
weapons,
tactics,
good Navy chow,
warm winter woolies

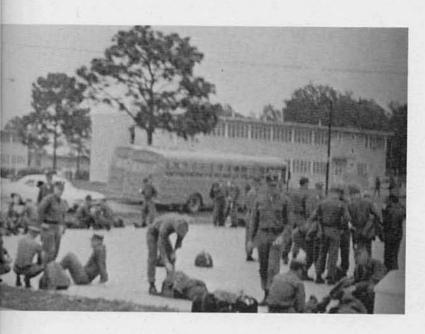












Next stop ...





Dong Ha

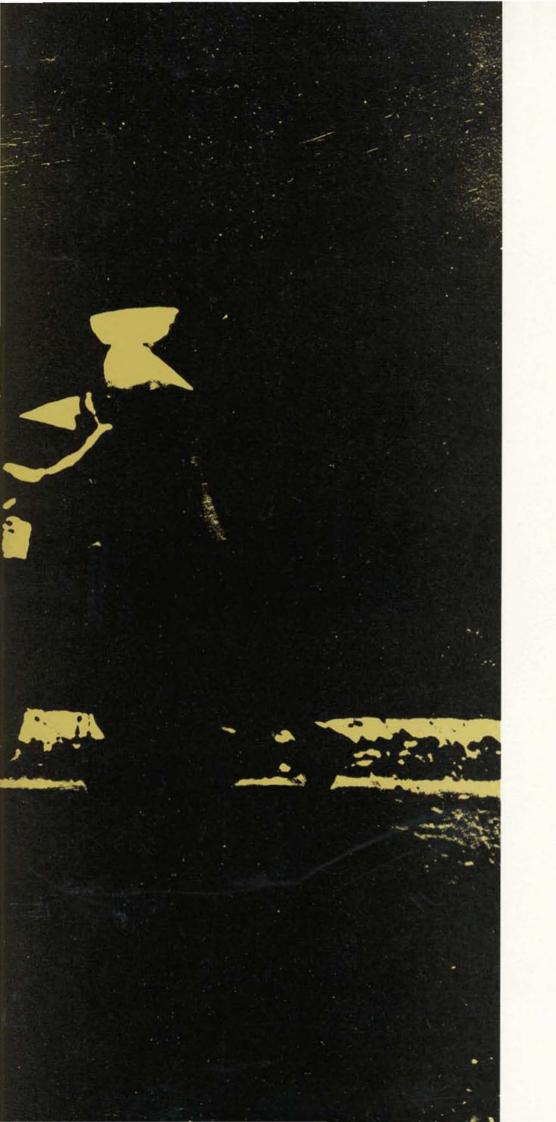
Finally, we were ready. The long months of training and inspections were behind us. We faced even longer months of . . . what?

Flights mustered on the small grinder. Gear was packed and readied. Tearful goodbys were said. After the usual waiting period that stretched on and on we boarded the buses which would take us to the airport.

Naturally, there was more waiting. The wait wasn't long, though, for the plane soon rumbled into sight to crouch on the field, ready to accept its burden.

A last kiss, salty with tears, a jaunty wave and a brave smile said all that could be said. We were on our way.





IN COUNTRY





We came to serve

Even the young boot-campers were saying "in country" long before they ever got there. When we did reach Dong Ha it all seemed so unreal. This desolate place was so strange, even to the veterans of previous deployments, that it didn't seem possible that we could ever become used to it . . . but we did.

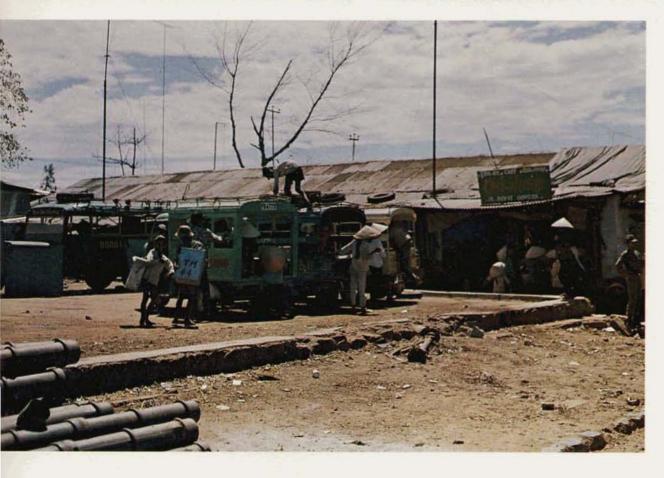
At times the disorientation, confusion and complete strangeness of the place made you feel like there was no purpose to any of this. It didn't take long, though, for the strange to become familiar, the new to become very old. We became used to the terrain, the climate, the work and the people.

When you come right down to it, the people were what it was all about. It was easy to forget that sometimes. Most days all you really had time to think about was your job, the heat or mud and maybe the letters you got from home that day. But every now and then you saw the people and realized where you were and what your job really meant.

The people, trying to make a life. That was why you were there. And knowing that you were helping them was what it was all about.



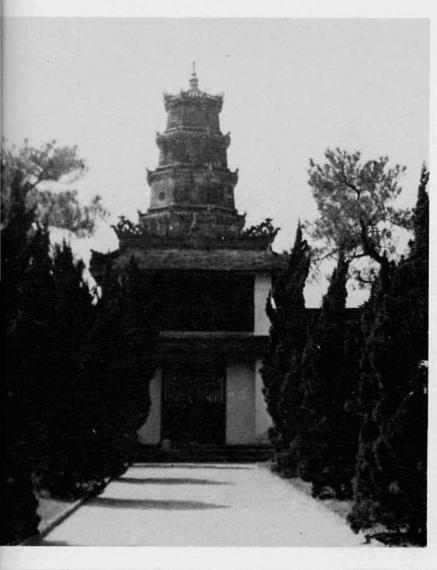




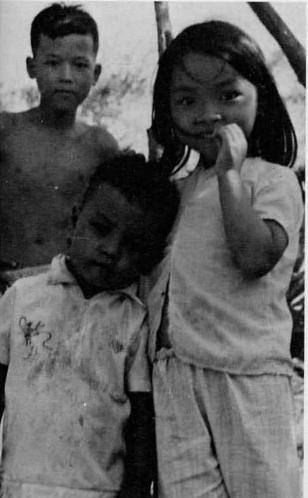
A Strange Land

















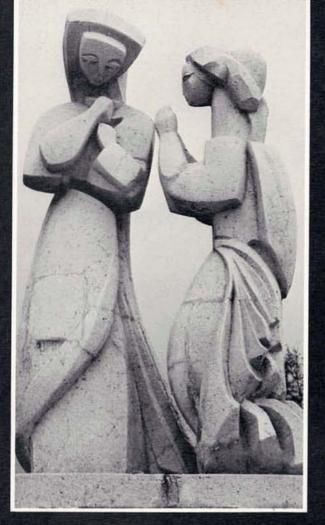


An Industrious People









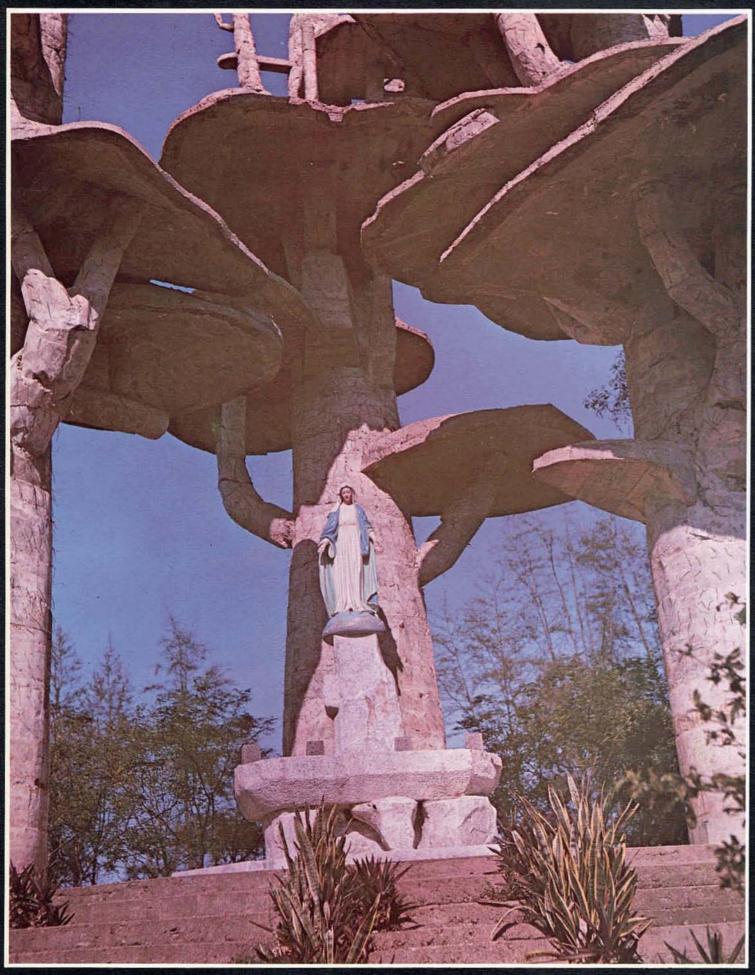
A Reverent People

It probably came as no surprise to anyone who paid attention in the homeport training classes on Vietanamese habits and customs that some of the most beautiful examples of Vietnamese art and architecture stem from Vietnam's religions. Religions of many types have been extremely significant factors in the course of events throughout Vietnamese history. The lovely and ornate temples, churches, pagodas and shrines demonstrate the people's high regard for religion and the important role it plays in their lives.

These buildings, ranging from the brightly hued Buddhist temples around Dong Ha to the less colorful but nonetheless spectacular LaVang Basilica near Quang Tri, point out the pride and reverence the Vietnamese have for their many different religious philosophies. Places of worship with designs lost in antiquity often stand side by side with modernistic sacred art work—manifestations of the timeless reverence of a proud and sensitive people.

Left: One of a collection of modern religious art pieces at the LaVang Basilica. Below: Buddhist temple in Dong Ha.





"A shrine at the LaVang Basilica erected on the spot where a vision of the Virgin Mary appeared on September 17, 1798."



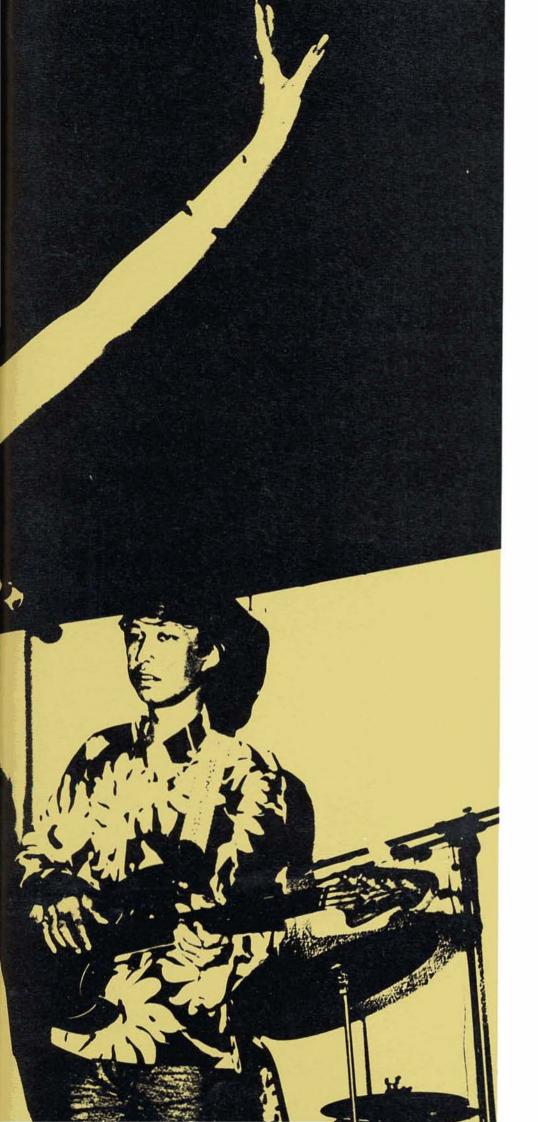


A Proud People







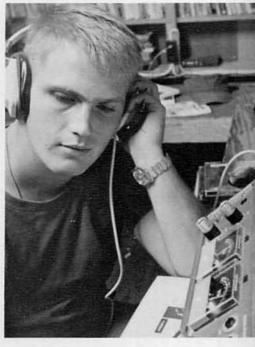


CAMP LIFE



Off-duty time--never wasted





It may have seemed like we worked all the time. Of course, we didn't . . . not even SEABEES do that. We had some free time-not much-and it was very important. During these times our minds were freed from the confines of our work and were able to go off in almost any direction. We could write those letters that provided a tenuous link with home, escape to some far off place-like the U.S.-in a book or sit at the club with friends and recall some of the glories and defeats we knew "back in the world." Except for the portion of our minds that never let us forget our place in a combat zone, we got away from it all by playing pool, cards or chess, listening to music or just thinking. Even shining boots or getting uniforms ready for inspection didn't seem like such chores. They helped pass the time.

No matter how we spent the free hours—hoarding them to ourselves or sharing them with others—they were precious and never really wasted. These moments, though often forgotten, were the best of the deployment.





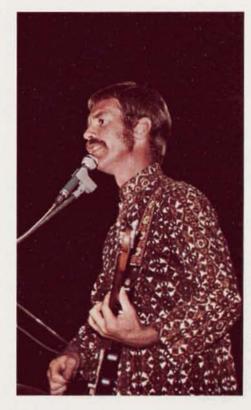


Special Services Shows

Music ...

laughter...

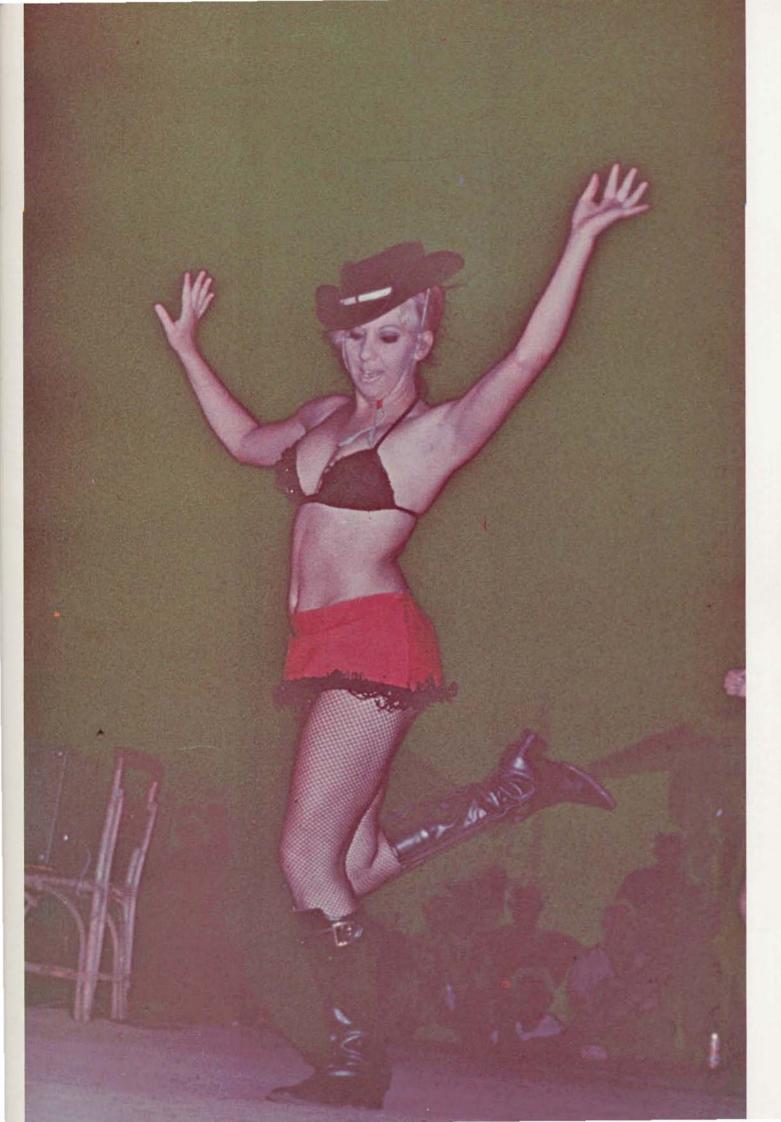
pulchritudinous femininity



















Leisure hours were short



but we stretched them









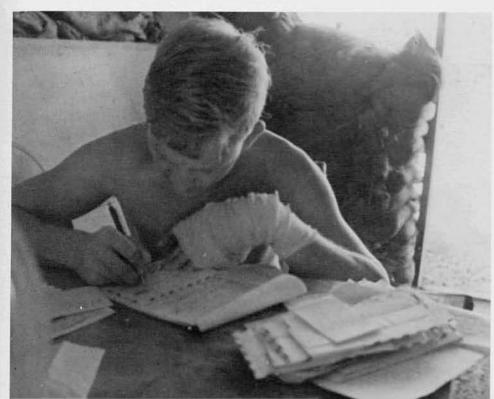
Painted at times



with color and sound

... the hours brought us closer to home

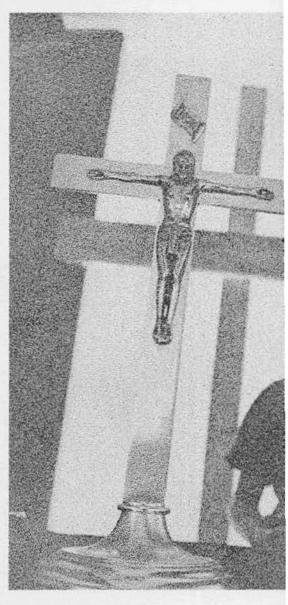




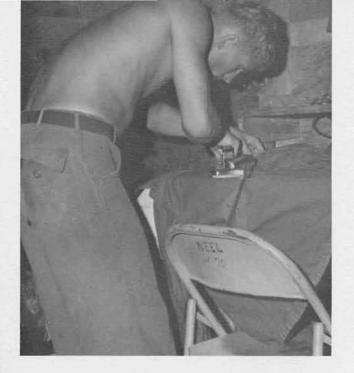
We crowded many things into the free time















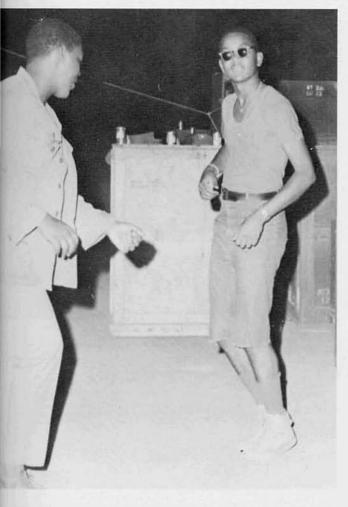


Doing our





"more better thing"















We fought loneliness with



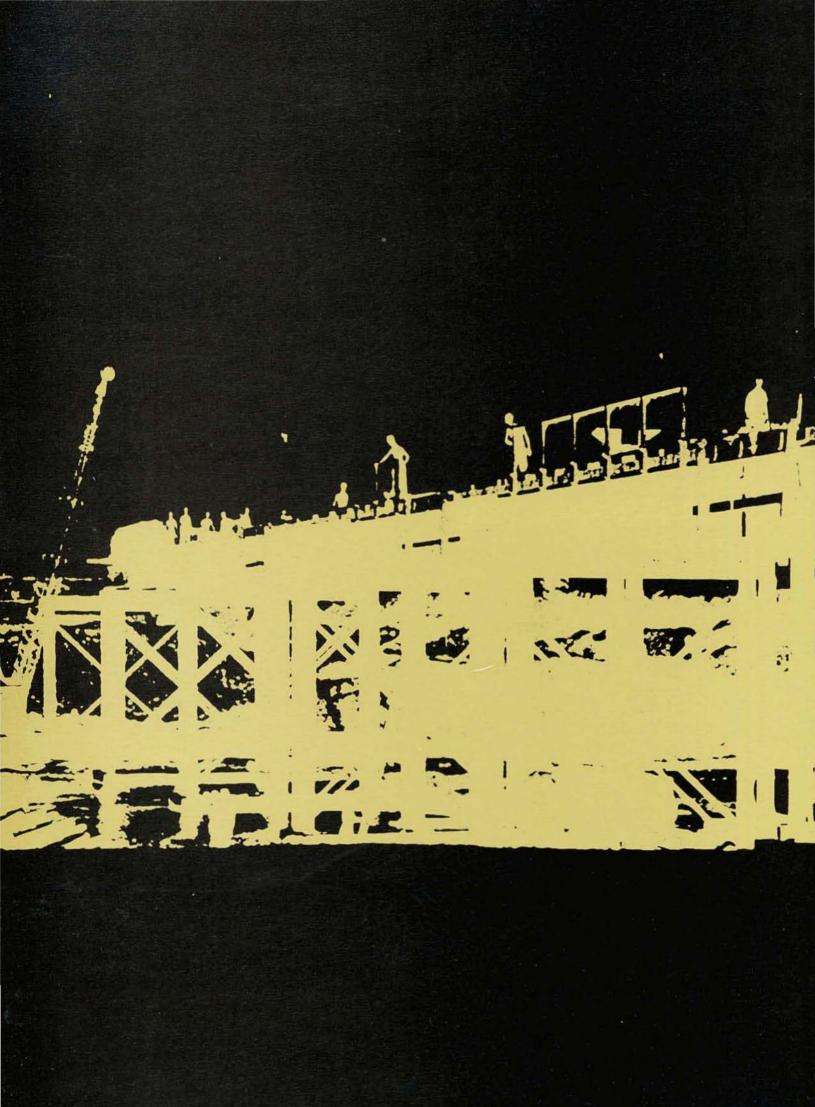


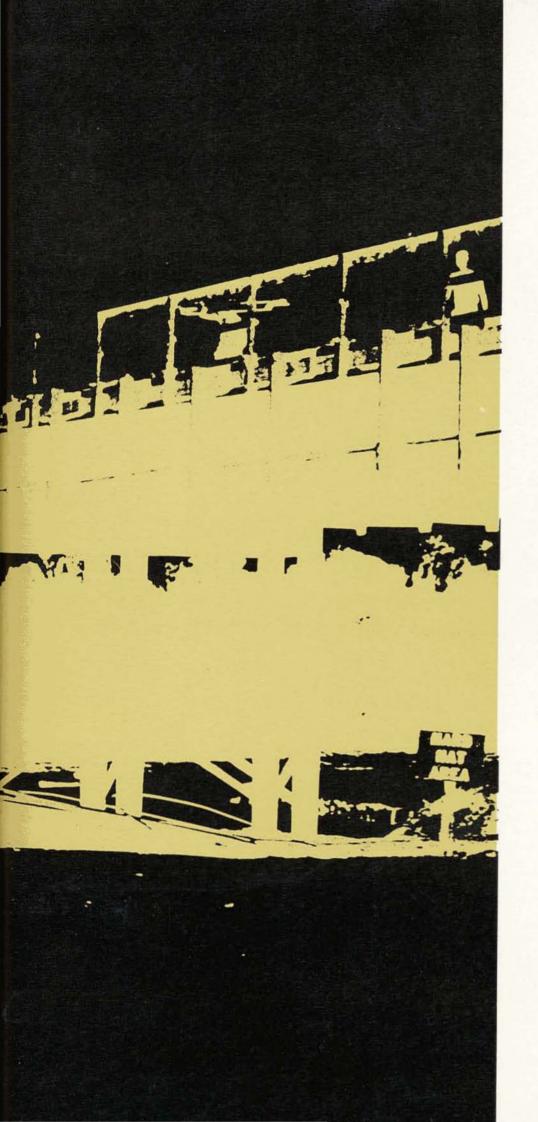
... laughter

...games

... thoughts of home







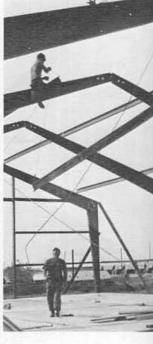
PROJECTS



Work? - - We did plenty

Far right: A tower built in Camp Barnes is airlifted to a Marine fire base. Right: A Butler building goes up for the Third Marine Division. Center: Concrete pads for artillery were among our many assignments. Bottom: The foundation is poured for an ice house behind the Camp Barnes galley. Camp improvement was part of our job. Below: A coffer dam is erected in preparation for construction of a boat landing ramp in Dong Ha.



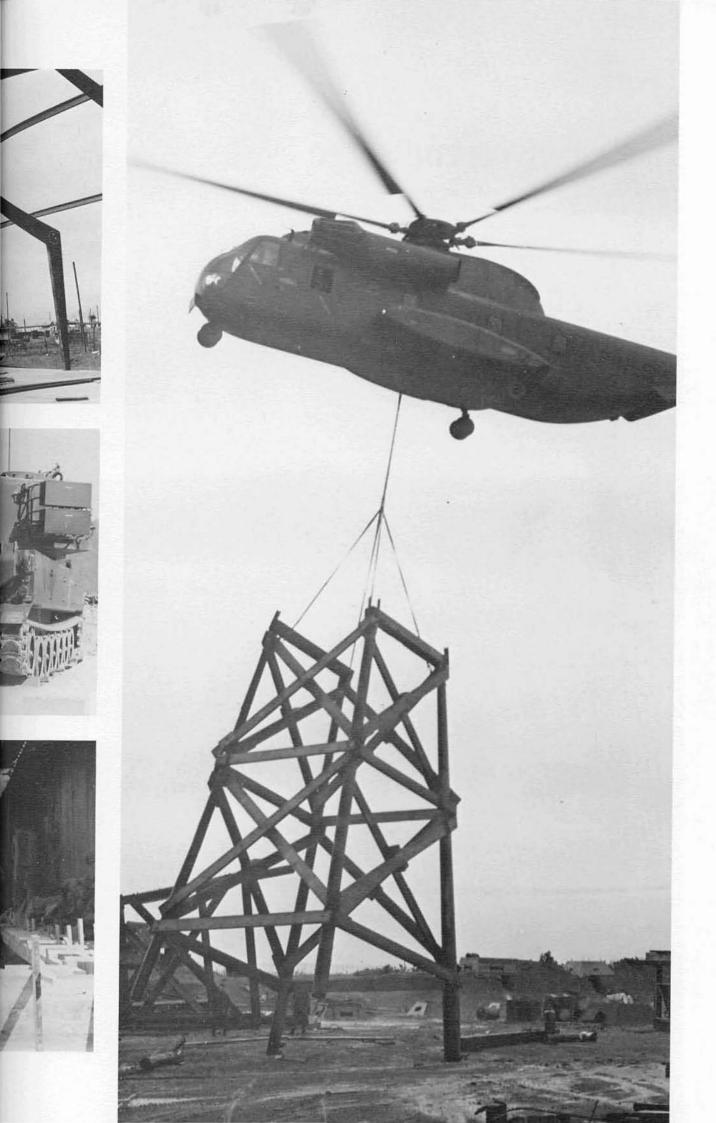




We dug ditches and moved mountains, built four-holers and constructed bridges like no one had ever seen in Vietnam. At the time we were doing all these things it was hard to really comprehend the full scope of the work our Battalion carried on. "Small cogs in a big machine" is a terrible old cliche, but most of us probably felt that way much of the time. We each had our jobs and we did them. It was that simple. As we drove a truck, twisted a bolt, hammered a nail or pounded a typewriter we didn't give much thought to the way our individual efforts added up and combined with other men's work to do the big jobs. We didn't have time to think about things like that.

Continued





Cam Lo Bridge

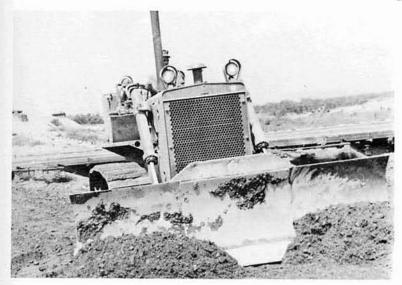
You know, it all ties in pretty well with what they call "Can Do" spirit. That phrase doesn't mean much to some of us. We have a tendency to chalk it up as another military "Esprit de Corps" slogan with little application to our work. Think about it though, and you'll see that it really did mean something to us. After all, we were professionals and completing these jobs in the best possible manner was our mission. We knew we could do it. "Can Do" pretty well sums it up.

This spirit really showed through on two of our biggest jobs during the deployment, the bridges at Cam Lo and Dong Ha. Cam Lo was our first really big project.



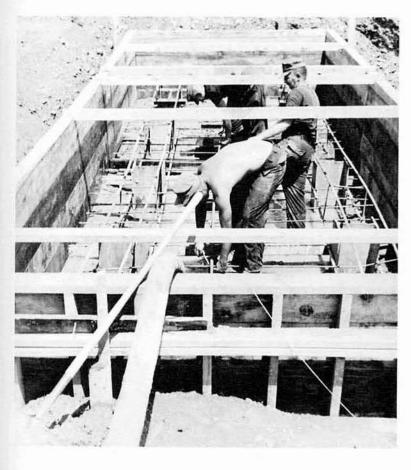


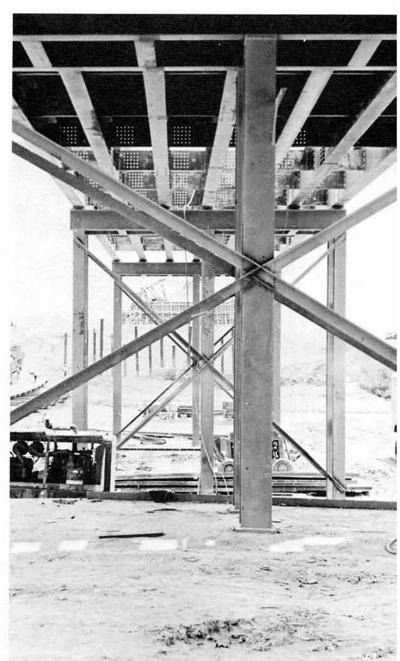
An experimental design



A "one-of-its-kind" bridge. It certainly was that. Few of us had ever seen a bridge built like this. Looking like a series of long tables set end to end, the 486-foot long structure had no diagonal braces between the upright supports. It was hard to see why the thing wouldn't collapse like a row of dominoes, but the engineers said it would work.

We started by setting the piles into the rock bed of the river. Then forms were built for the cement piers and footings. As the structure went into place, equipment operators began working on the approaches. The bridge took shape as steel beams were stretched across the water.

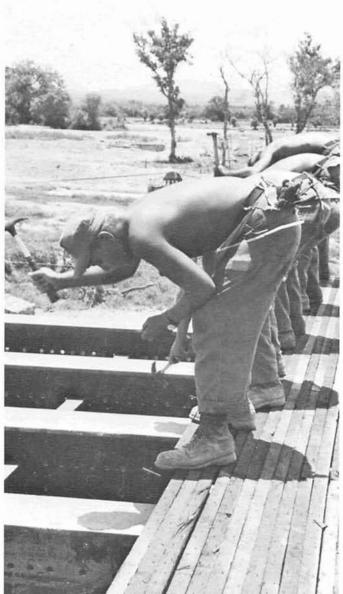




Tactically essential; commercially valuable





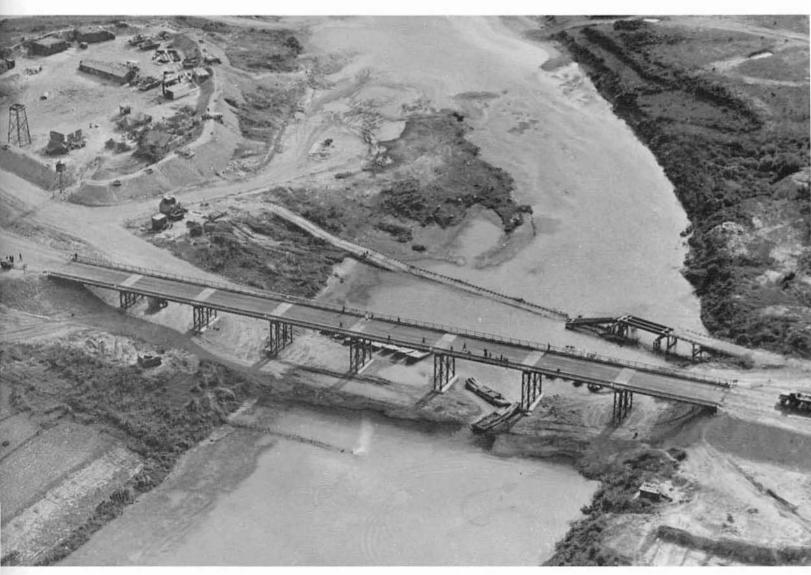




Finally, that last big I-beam was lifted into place on June 14. The backbone of the bridge was completed. All that remained was putting down the deck and completing the approaches. Vietnamese workers covered the sloping banks of the approaches with rock as builders laid the wooden roadway.

By July 5 the bridge was finished and ready for the traditional ribbon-cutting ceremony. Colonel Nguyen Am, Quang Tri Province Chief, cut the bright yellow ribbon held by Rear Admiral John G. Dillon, Commander, Third Naval Construction Brigade, and Major General William K. Jones, Commanding General of the Third Marine Division.

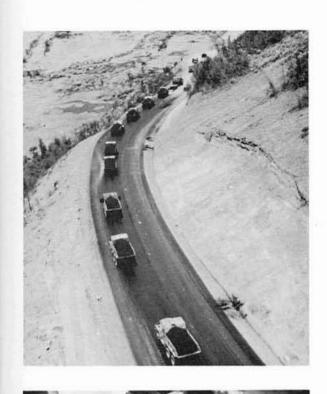
Now the bridge stands, stretching its slender length across the Cam Lo. The Cam Lo Bridge has become a familiar necessity for the drivers of heavy combat vehicles who cross it each day and local Vietnamese for whom it is now a mainline of commerce.





The big machines were our muscle









yet, they were only tools, useless without our skills



Roads are built not by machines but by ...







... men

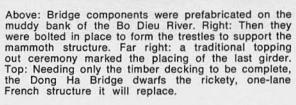
There were 35 miles of roadwork in the Lines of Communication (LOC) project; a sizeable job, but nothing we couldn't handle. Most of it was like any other road job in Vietnam, hot, dusty and hard, but routine. But that last eight-mile stretch on Route #9—that was rugged.

Men from Alfa, Charlie and Delta companies worked together along the tortuous mountain road, using almost every piece of equipment, every type of operation and all the road building knowledge they could muster. Together they blasted away the mountainsides, filled the gorges and valleys, installed huge drainage culverts, upgraded, paved and sweated in a race with time, weather and the enemy to build a highway for Marine supply convoys and, more importantly, the people of Vietnam.









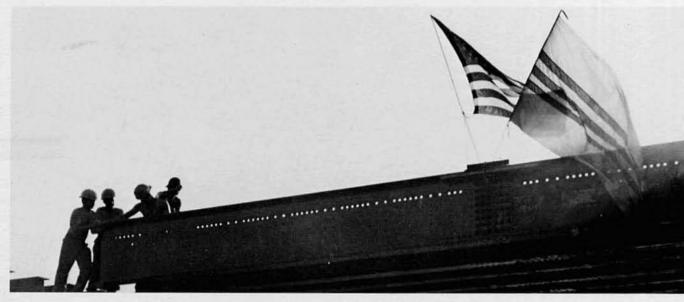




Our last big project







We called it the . . .







Dong Ha Bridge

Hurry! Rush! Urgent! "We've got to get the concrete poured before the damned monsoons start!" The monsoons. Blinding sheets of rain, vast fields of sticky mud and a constantly rising river level. This was the sword hanging over the heads of the men who worked on the Dong Ha Bridge. There was little time left, but if they worked hard enough they might just make it.

worked hard enough they might just make it. They did . . . only one day before the rains really started coming down to send the Bo Dieu River overflowing its banks. Five concrete piers, their tops hidden beneath the water, were used as stepping stones by the steel and wood giant that was to lurch across 530 feet of space. Then, with water falling down from above and looming below, the men matched their muscles with steel beams and timber decking of the bridge

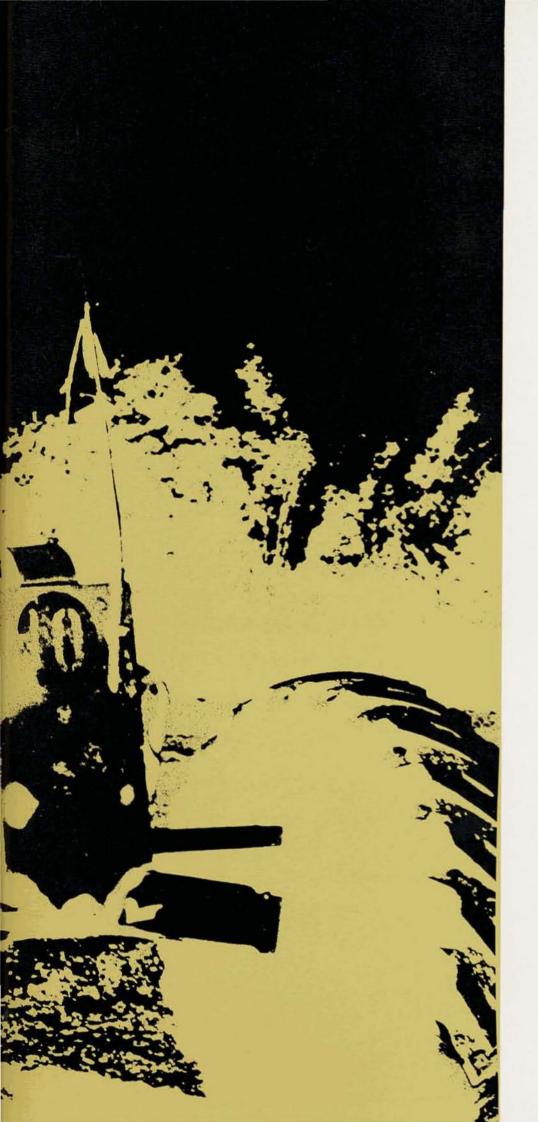
beams and timber decking of the bridge.

Now it stands, one of the longest highway bridges in Northern I Corps. Throughout the day and night tanks, jeeps and trucks pass back and forth, their drab green color broken only by the colorful clothing of local Vietnamese . . . people to whom the bridge is a highway to better markets and to a better future.









ALFA



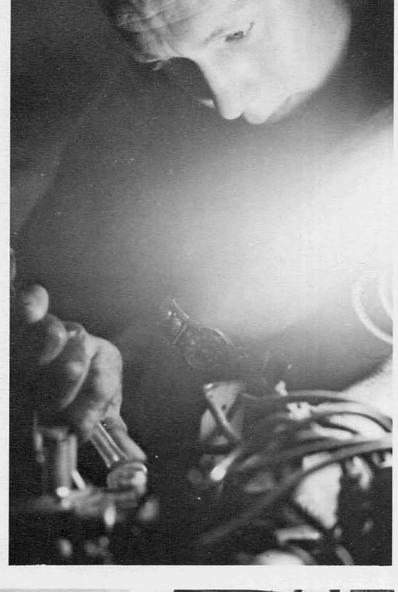
Mobility-the "M" in MCB 62

One of the favorite expressions of the SEABEES is, "We have done so much with so little for so long that we can now do almost anything with nothing." This old saw comes very close to the truth more often than not. Combine a SEABEE's muscle, skill and ingenuity with a few materials and you'll usually get the job done. Sometimes, however, even those are not enough. On really big jobs, like the ones we tackled at Dong Ha, we found ourselves faced with the need for more muscle. It was at times like these that we were grateful for the power of the big machines provided, cared for and operated by the men of 62's Alfa Company.

Almost every job we undertook depended in some part upon Alfa's trucks, bulldozers, concrete mixers, cranes, ditch diggers or other pieces of mobile equipment. In fact, these vehicles and machines were what made us a truly "mobile" construction battalion.

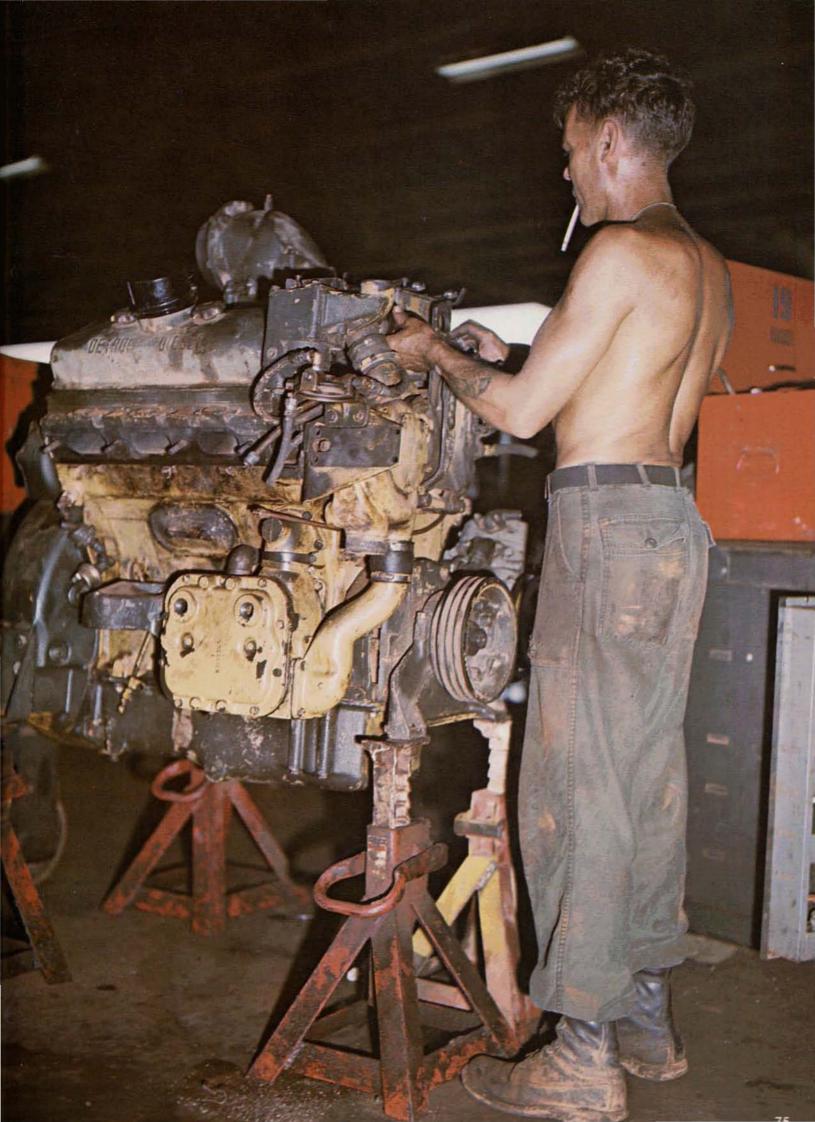
The men of Alfa Company were responsible during the deployment for keeping the Battalion's wheels rolling. They operated the transportation pool, machine shop and auto and heavy equipment maintenance shops. Construction mechanics were behind every job, tearing the huge machines down to basic parts to be cleaned, repaired and rebuilt. Equipment Operators handled the metal monsters on the jobs.

Continued









Alfa Company served as sub-contractor for site preparation, excavation, hauling, pile driving, concrete batching and numerous related projects. Their importance in this capacity was demonstrated on such jobs as the bridges we built. On these jobs the men of Alfa drove pilings, hauled in concrete for the piers, delivered materials, hoisted steel beams for the bridges' structures and built the approaches.

Of course, Alfa Company also served as prime contractor on other important projects. 62's Lines of Communication (LOC) highway improvement tasks were the best examples of this. Using up to 60 pieces of equipment at a time, the Alfa Company men upgraded, widened and sur-

faced more than 35 miles of highway.

On Vietnamese National Highway #9 from the Khe Gio Bridge to Vandegrift Combat Base, just one nine-mile stretch, the men of Alfa removed more than a half million cubic yards of dirt, enough to bury 30 football fields under ten feet of earth. More than 300,000 cubic yards of fill material had to be hauled to other sections of the highway to bring the road to its finished level. More than 64,500 tons of rock was required for the nine miles of highway, and a five-inch-thick layer of asphalt provided the finished surface.

With behemoth jobs such as this, it's easy to see the extreme importance of the mighty machines of Alfa Company. But whether the jobs were large or small, the whole Battalion depended on the men of the Company to help get

the work done.

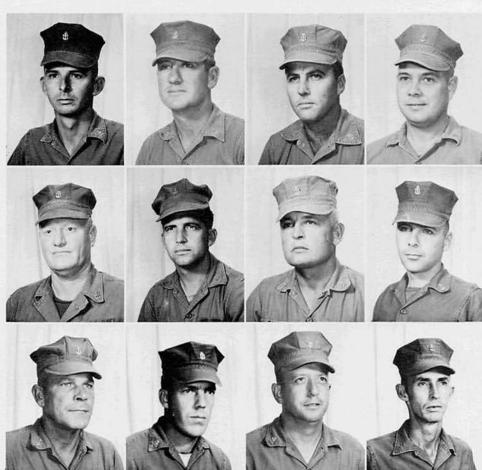
Bottom: CM2 Jim Wright changes a drill bit in the Alfa machine shop. Far right: Alfa's "Chevron island" gas station. Right: EOCN Calvin Crane cleans a truck engine.



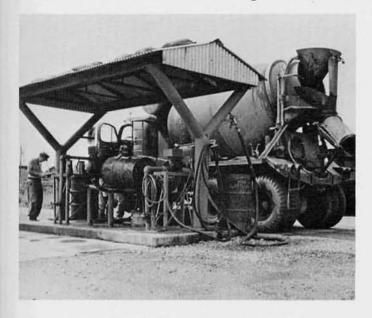
William W. Allison, CMC Jimmie D. Beard, EOC Billy G. Byrd, EQCM Donald E. Connell, EOC

Armol J. Davidson, CMCS Roy M. Emmons, CMC Richard L. Furne, EOC Kenneth D. Jackson, CMC

James M. Jacobs, EOC Clarence G. Thurman, CMC Jarvis O. Wood, EOCS William F. Yates, CMC



Alfa—one-stop car service







Frederick A. Abacherli, EOCN Curtis K. Acton Jr., EO3

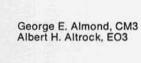


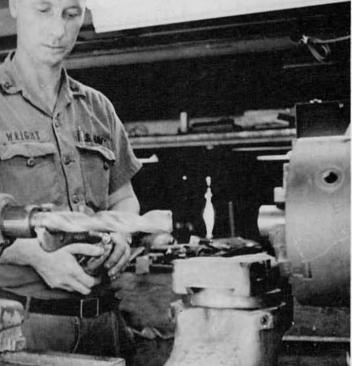


Dennis W. Alexander, CN John A. Allen, EO3













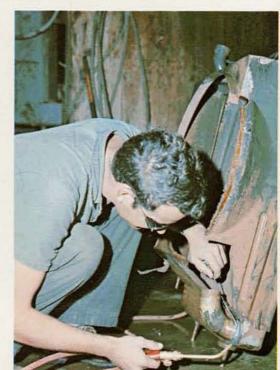




Alton L. Archer, CM2 James L. Arnold, CM3



Working together





To change the earth

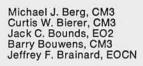




Dispatchers keep equipment busy

James D. Bailey, CM3 Dennis A. Barber, EO3 David J. Barry, CM3 Raymond W. Bartels, EO2 Hubert D. Bass, EO1

Calvin R. Beal, EOCN David P. Becker, EO1 James F. Behan, CM3 Stanley R. Bell, EO3 Joseph R. Benno, MRFN





Lannie E. Brant, CM3

Gerald M. Brown, EO3





EO2 Thomas J. Liesfeld, Alfa's heavy equipment dispatcher, maintains radio contact with work sites to send vehicles where they are needed.





Marshall J. Brown, EO3 Adriel B. Buchanan, CM3 Kenneth W. Buettner, CM3 William J. Burke Jr., CN Donald E. Burnham, EOCN

Richard C. Buschmann, CM2 Joel D. Buss, EOCA Joby B. Butler Jr. EO3 Beverly G. Carmack, CM3 Gilbert S. Carnighan, CM2

Edward N. Carroll, CM3 John B. Chamberlin, EO2 Roger D. Champine, YN3 Leslie A. Child, EO3 Raymond R. Clair, EO2

Robert G. Clark, EOCA Donald G. Cook, EO2 William M. Cooley, CM3 Denzil D. Cooper, EO3 James M. Coshatt Jr., EO3



Francis E. Costanzo, EO3 Kenneth W. H. Cottelli, EOCA Calvin Crane, EOCN Jack N. Cross, EO3 Michael S. Curran, EO2

Robert J. Dacy, EOCN Claude R. Daigneault Jr., EO2 Patrick N. Dalton, EO2 John M. Damron, CM3 Clyde A. Dann, Jr. EO2

Willis E. Darden Jr., EO3 Charles E. Davis, EO3 Charles W. Davis, EO3 Stephen M. Delaney, CM3 William H. Delaney, EO3

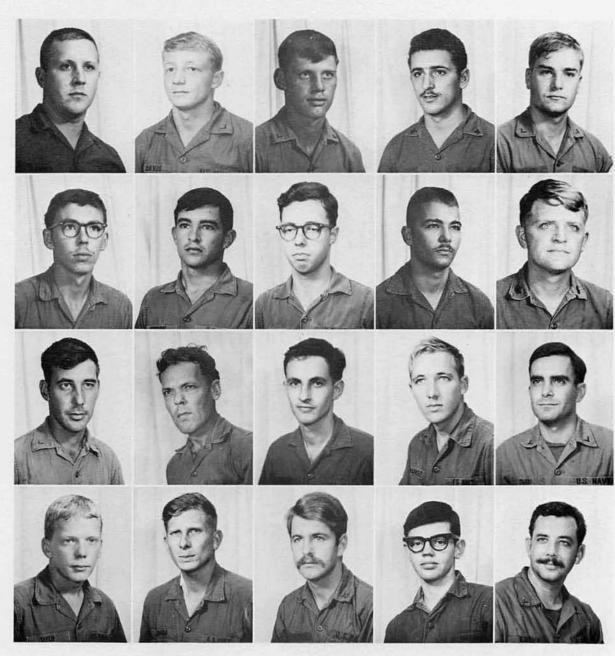
Paul R. Demaster, EO3 Raymond H. Denison, EOCA James E. Dexter, CM2 Richard A. Dial, CN Larry L. Diamond, EO2

William D. Disalvo, EO3 William R. Dorrough, CM2 Paul J. Driver, CM3 John A. Durkee, EOCN Michael J. Durki, EO2

Richard A. Dyer, EO3 Michael R. Echola, EOCA Bradley L. Edwards, EO3 Thomas P. Eells, CMCN Gerald W. Ehmke, EO3

Aldrick P. Eldridge, EO3 Clive K. Ellifritz, CM1 Martin A. Emrick, CMCR Michael H. Esslin, EO3 Dale W. Fabian, EO3

Louis J. Fedor, EO3 Lawrence B. Ferris Jr., CM3 Robert F. Follett, CM3 Rona E. Foran, EO2 James B. Foster, EO3







Robert E. Fulton, CA John W. Fyke, EO2 Stephen D. Gard, EO3 Michael J. Garvey, EO3 Edward L. Gates, EO3

Joseph Giannone, EO3 Tommy J. Giddens, EOCN Kenneth G. Gilbert, CM3 Ralph E. Gill, CM2 Maurice L. Gouin, CM3



David A. Grasman, EO3 George L. Grogan III, EO3 Hoffman J. Gurley Jr. CM3 Ronald F. Haaf, EOCA Tim T. Halbert, EO3

Courtney W. Hall, EOCA Wyne H. Hammack, CMCR Larry M. Hammer, SA Donald R. Hamrick, EOCN Terry W. Hannah, EO3

Douglas M. Hart, EOCN James H. Hartman, EO2 Gary L. Henzen, EO1 Raymond C. Herd, EO3 Kenneth L. Heumann, EO3

Paul E. Hicks, EO2 Frank E. Hight, EO3 Kenneth D. Hobson, CMCN Louis D. Hollingsworth Jr., EO2 Danny E. Horn, CM3

Roger W. Hornsby, ADJ3 James E. Howe, SW2 David E. Hughes, CM3 Vernon L. Hunt, CN Joseph J. Izworski III, CM3

Alphonso B. Jackson, EOCA Dennis C. Jamison, EO3 Jerry W. Jay, CM3 Benjamin F. Jeans Jr., EO3 Stephen W. Jenkins, CM3

Thomas L. Johnson, EO3 Irving R. Jones, CM3 Joel R. Keller, EOCN John E. Kendrick, EO2 James I. Keosky, CM2

Jeffrey B. Kiedrowski, CM3 Randal L. King, CM3 Curtis J. Kiser, CM2 Charles E. Koberlein, EO3 Fritz Kohler, CM2

Bruce W. Korando, EOCA John A. Kuenstler, EOCN Terry G. Kydd, CMCA Frederick N. Langenbach, CM2 James L. Larsen, CM2

Larry R. Lawrence, EO1 Kenneth J. Leavitt, EO3 Terry L. Lebkicher, EO2 Robert E. Lee, EO2 Bertram C. Legg, EO2

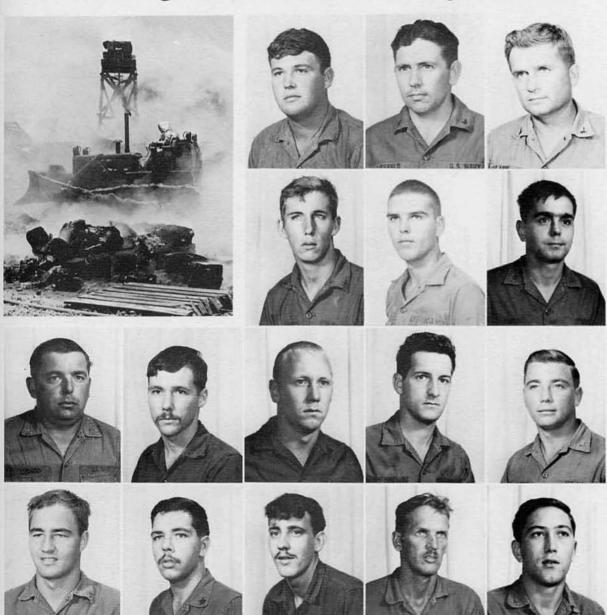






Left: Alfa's modern fire truck and well-trained crew were on call to fight fires anywhere in the Dong Ha area. Below: Equipment operators used bulldozers to contain a fire in a 62 supply yard.

Alfa firefighters meet emergencies



Dayle Lewis, EOCN Thomas J. Liesfeld, EO2 Edmund L. Lish, EO2

Fred A. Livermore, SWCN Raymond C. Long, EOCA John P. Losurdo, CM2

Peter A. Losurdo, EO3 Lawrence R. Lucey, CM3 Alfred Lukus, CM3 Paul C. MacDonald, EOCN Edward J. Mainguy, EO2

Carl R. Marsh, EO3 Robert L. Martin, CM2 Steven L. Massey, CMCA Stephen Mate, EO2 Carnell A. McAlister, CM3

James E. McCarthy, EO3 Billy G. McCormick, EO3 James W. McCormick Jr., EO3 Robert C. McCue, CMCN David M. McDowell, EO2

Daniel R. McFadden, CM3 Lawrence R. Meres, EOCR Gordon S. Merrill, EO3 Neal L. Miller, CN Richard E. Miller, EO2

Darrel L. Miner, EO1 Joe G. Mitchell, EO3 David L. Monter, EO3 Robert L. Montouri, EO2 Roger L. Moore, CM3

Robert F. Morey, EO1 Michael E. Morisoli, EO3 George D. Moskoglanis, CM3 David S. Murry, EO3 Michael Myers, CM3

Thomas A. Nederhoff, EO3 Arnold Neel, MR2 Russell D. Ness, CM3 Gregory E. Nichols, EO2 Roy W. Nunn, CM3

Norman F. Obrien, EO2 Frank J. O'Connell III, EO3 Stephen D. O'Neill, CM2 Jeffrey L. Parker, CM3 John R. Parmeter, EO1





Jimmy B. Patteson, EO3 Harvey J. Petras, EO3 Andrew S. Pezzato, CN Jerry E. Phillips, CM3 Marvin H. Phillyaw, CM3

Samuel J. Picker, EO3 Joseph M. Popovich, EO3 Greg A. Powell, EOCN Daniel K. Priest, EO3 Michael C. Purello, EO3

Marvin C. Quarles. EO1 Calvin G. Rager, CM3 Marion H. Ramsey, SW3 Dionicio P. Rebujio, EO1 Charles E. Reeves, CM3

Leo L. Ricci, EO3 Buford B. Richardson, EOCA Oakley P. Richardson, CM3 David L. Roberson, EO2 Lourienzo Robinson, EOCA



Melvin L. Ross, EO3 Gary L. Russell, CN Mark E. Sabotta, EO3 Ricky C. Schlegel, CM3 Edward F. Schmidt, CM2

Mark F. Schmitz, CM3 George P. Scott Jr., EO3 William D. Seale, CM2 Richard W. Sharp, CMCN Harvey L. Sherrod, EOCN

Larry L. Shipley, CM3 James T. Sickles, EOCN Peter J. Simmons, CM3 Douglas J. Slack, CM3 John J. Slavin, EO3

David W. Smith, EO3 Donald E. Smith, EO3 Hubert R. Smith, EO3 Jack R. Smith, EOCN Malcolm W. Smith, EO3

William H. Smith, CN Karl L. Stebbins, EO3 Michael R. Steel, EO3 David L. Steenwyk, CM3 Henry G. Stewart Jr., EO2

John J. Stoltman, EO3 Lawrence A. Straw, EO3 James D. Strickland, EO2 Brian J. Sullivan, CM3 Dennis L. Sumerfelt, CM3

John E. Sutliff, EO3 Samuel J. Swank, EO2 Robert L. Taylor, CM3 Lawrence W. Tharnish, EO3 James M. Thelen, EO2

Jerry E. Thew, EO2 James J. Thiel, CM1 Gary H. Thomas, CM3 Barry H. Thompson, CM2 Norman A. Tofte, CM3







Richard W. Totten, CM1 Marcus A. Treadaway, CM3 Robert D. Treible, EO3 Mike H. Trim, CM2 Robert L. Turner, EO2

John F. Tye, EO1 Lawrence D. Vance, EO3 David W. Vernon, EO3 Kenneth S. Vodden, SW2 Wayne A. Vogel, EO2



Earl H. Wadkins, EOCN Kenneth W. Waite, EO3 Paul W. Waltman, CMCN Quinton J. Wasden, EO1 Leonard R. Webber, EO3

Dennis O. Weeks, EOCN Gary R. Welch, EO3 Roger I, Wetzel, CM3 Carl E. Wheeler, EO2 Rodney D. Williams, EO3

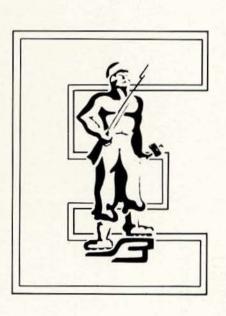
Gene R. Wilson, EO3 Thomas A. Wilson, MR2 Russell D. Winter, CM2 Gary M. Woodward, EO3 Eibert S. Woolley III, EO3

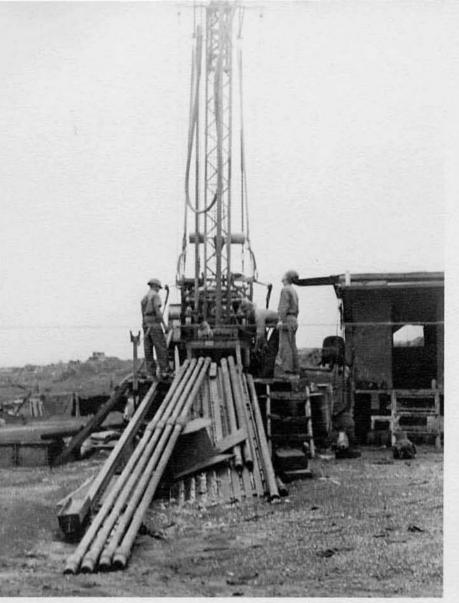
James R, Wright, CM2 Virgil P, Yablonski, EO2 Robert M, Yager, EO2 Edward J, Yost, EO3 Bruce C, Zulauf, EOCN





BRAVO





Power and water- -Bravo tasks

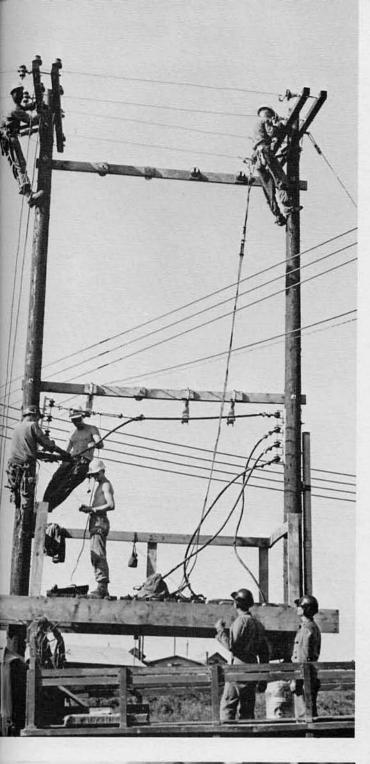


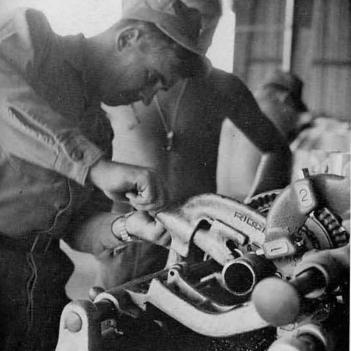
How could we have made it through some of those days without knowing that we could go to the club that night and have a cold beer or soda and see a flick? Or, if not that, maybe we just wanted to listen to some music, write a letter or read for a while after a shower.

All of these things were made possible by Bravo Company. Bravo's utilitiesmen and electricians were responsible for keeping us constantly supplied with plenty of water and electricity throughout the deployment. Dong Ha may not have been just like home, but think how unbearable it would have been had we not had these little conveniences.

Comforts and conveniences, however, were not the only things supplied by Bravo Company. Its men were also responsible for maintaining and operating the hundreds of power and communication lines in the camp, the boiler room which provided steam and water for the galley and laundry, and the ice plant.







Bravo Company also installed and serviced all the air conditioning equipment around Camp Barnes. The refrigeration equipment was used to provide storage for perishable food in the galley, as well as keeping the drinks at the club cold.

Camp maintenance was another big job for Bravo Company. Builders and steelworkers worked with the electricians and utilitiesmen to repair damaged structures or build new ones. The company also operated carpentry, steelworking and paint shops.

Bravo Company not only maintained the water and electrical systems, but they made several improvements and additions in these areas.

One extensive task that spanned much of the deployment was the installation of an electrical distribution system for the Dong Ha Combat Base. This system required 230 poles, 135 transformers and over 11 miles of high voltage wire.

Utilitiesmen also handled well drilling projects for the Battalion, providing fresh water for numerous fire support bases around the area.

We were very lucky to have the services of the Bravo Company. They kept us going with a steady flow of water and power . . . well, pretty steady.

Upper left: Bravo well drillers brought in a well at Con Thien where attempts by other units had failed. Center: "B" Company builders put up a beer and soda storage house adjacent to the EM Club. Lower left: UT3 Thomas Steiskal hoists himself to the top of a water tank the company repaired. Left: A power distribution system for the Dong Ha Combat Base was a major Bravo task. Bottom: UT2 John Harbison cuts pipe in the Company shop. Below: Bravo repaired the wreckage after typhoon Doris swept the camp.



Robert L. R. Ashley, CEC

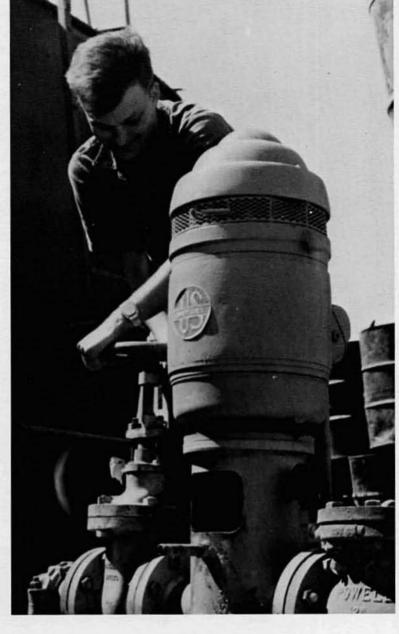








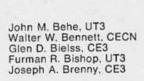




Donald E. Norman, CEC

Robert F. Richmond, BUC

Terrell W. Abernathy, SFM2 Timothy W. Anderson, UT3 Gary M. Armstrong, UT3 Robert W. Ayer, CE3 Daniel C. Barker, CE2





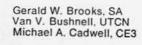


Bravo brings conveniences

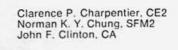
Far left: CE3 Paul Jaksich opens a valve at the Camp Barnes water plant. Left: UT2 Claude Mercer checks out a refrigerator. Below: UT3 Ray Garvey tests drinking water.













Walter L. Coen, CE3 Michael J. Coldiron, UT3 Jerry L. Cole, CE3

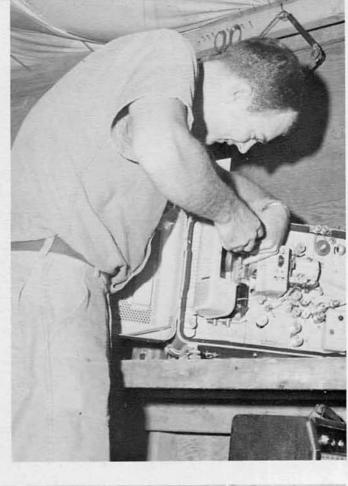
Right: ETN3 Michael Sweeney repairs a movie projector in the electronics shop. Far right: ETN3 Aubrey Savage checks out telephone circuits. Bottom: CE3 William Usry and UT3 T. L. Carmichael run switchboards in the Battalion Command Post.

Alvin P. Cook, UTCN

Dan A. Dahlquist, UT3







Edmond G. DeBerry, CE1 Claude D. Dennis, CE2 John J. Doherty, UT2 Malcolm D. Donaldson, CE2 Alan E. Dupuis, CECA







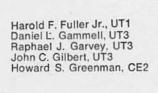
Michael B. Eckhout, CE2 Donald E. Edwards, CE2 David E. Fagan, BU3 Ricky D. Flatt, CE3 Stephen H. Floyd, UT3



















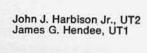


Power, communications important Bravo jobs











Paul R. Hite, UT1 Robert E. Howald Jr., CE3



Steven H. Huber, UT2 Paul F. Illemann, UT2

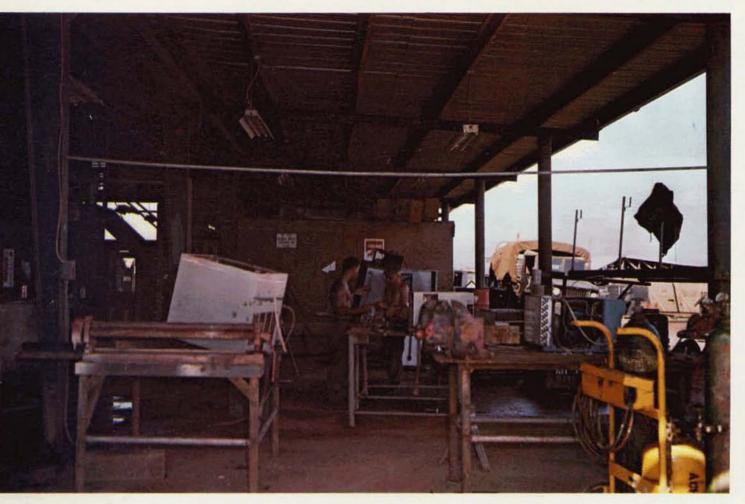




Ronald S. Jackson, UTCN Paul J. Jaksich, CE3

Philip J. Jaunet, CE2 Ferrell D. Johns, CE3

Service is our product











The MARS station, a link with home

MARS station operators Ferrell Johns, CE3, and Jerry Brooks, SA, provided emergency communications and helped us to make those occasional phone calls stateside.

John F. Kelly Jr. CE3 Alvin A. Kennedy, UT2 Donald R. Kernechel, CE3 Paul M. Kitchens, BU2 Michael F. Landes, UT3

Robert L. LaRose, CE3 Curtis K. Lott, UT2 Douglas D. Lottman, CECN Theodore S. Mathiesen, UT3 William J. McConnell, UT3

Ronald J. Mecoli, CECN Claude A. Mercer Jr., UT2 John E. Misenheimer, UT2 Stephen W. Morse, UT3 James L. Nicholson, CECN

Oliver Noel, CA Ralph E. Norman, UTCN Harold A. Olivier Jr., UT3 Ronald E. O'Loane, CE2 Thomas E. Palmer, UTCN





William C. Peacock, UT2 Daniel R. Pegram, CE3 Gary T. Piehl, CECN Michael F. Prendergast, CE3 Patrick J. Raftary, CE2

William R. Rayfield, ET1 John Rivera-Franklin, SN Richard D. Robbins, UT3 Bruce R. Russell, UT3 Rupert M. Scharoun Jr., CE3

William E. Schonemann, SW3 Charles F. Schreiber Jr., CE1 James W. Scott, CN Kenneth W. Seppanen, CE2 Dennis L. Spartz, CE3

Robert E. Spire, CECN Thomas J. Steiskal, UT3 Michael N. Sweeney, ETN3 Kenneth L. Ulander, BU3 William J. Usry, CE3

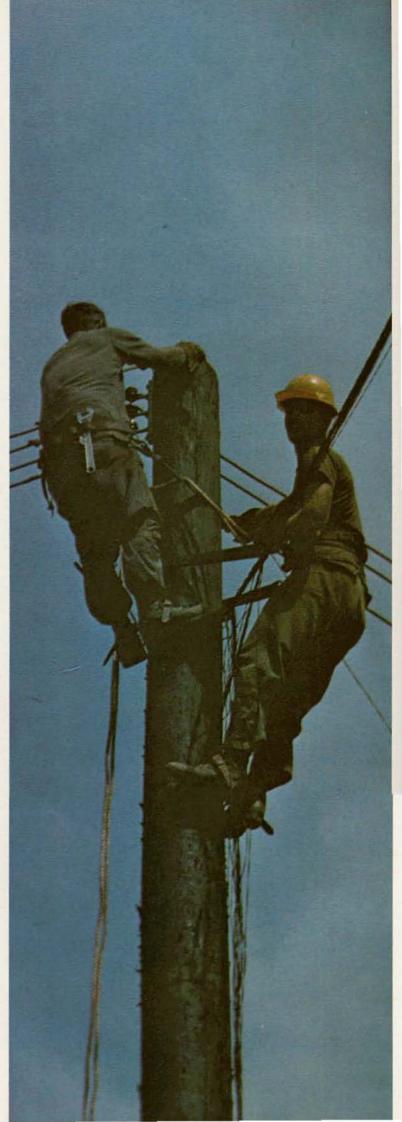


John E. Vance Jr., UTCN Warren H. Van Deusen, CECA Miles H. Wardlaw, UT3 Kenneth A. Weston, CE2 Michael L. Whiting CE3

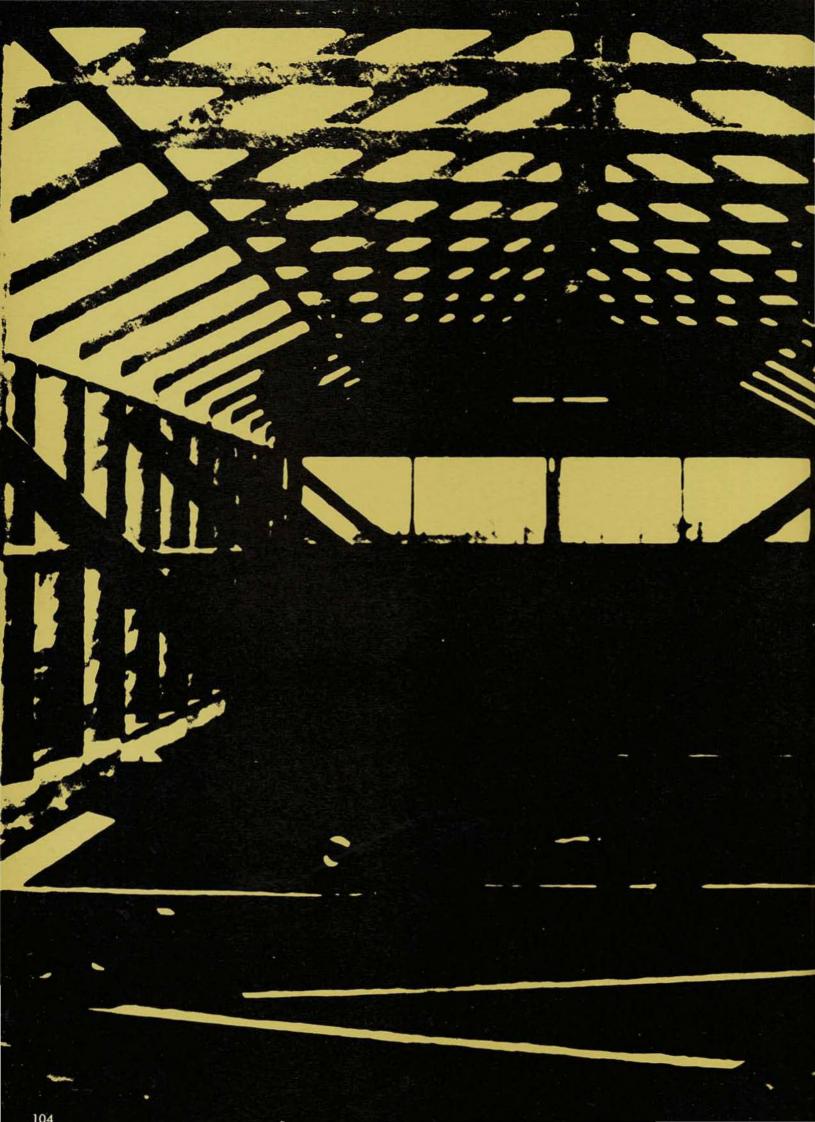
Henry R. Williams, UTCN Robert M. Wingard Jr., UT3 Frederick J. Withrow, CE3 Joseph J. Wojnarowicz Jr., CE3 Joseph H. Wyse, CECN

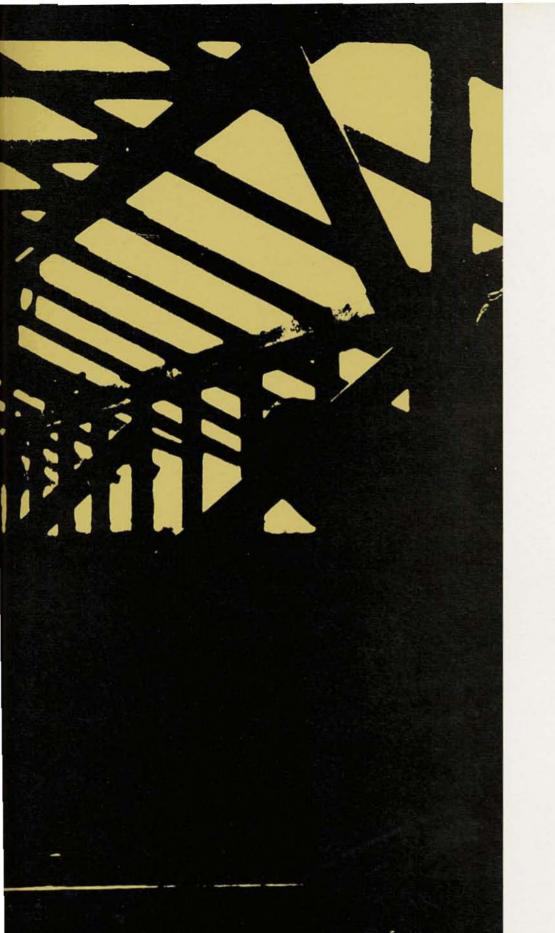
Pole sitters set records











CHARLIE



Bridges, culverts-big Charlie projects

The men of Charlie Company seemed to spend most of their time during the deployment swinging hammers, tightening bolts, cutting steel or pouring concrete. Sometimes they would climb towers or dig holes.

"C" Company is one of 62's two general construction companies. It's composed of builders and steelworkers, men who are responsible for, naturally, wood, concrete and steel

construction.

Since basic construction of these types is necessary to almost any project, Charlie's BU's and SW's could be found applying their skills to a great many Battalion jobs. They had primary responsibility for 62's first major project of the deployment, the Cam Lo Bridge. Builders and steelworkers together erected the 488-foot long steel and timber structure, handling almost all aspects of the construction. SW's prefabricated about 10,000 linear feet of steel components for the span as BU's put together forms and then poured over 500 cubic yards of concrete for piers and footings.

Charlie Company's next big job came as the Battalion tackled the Vietnamese highway system. Men from the Company again worked together to build the numerous small bridges along the highways, often replacing enemy-destroyed structures in remarkably short periods of time. One of the main problems involved with the highway work was the installation of concrete box culverts, endwalls and

culvert extensions.

Continued







Charlie SEABEES- - 62's backbone

In Dong Ha, near the site of the Battalion's bridge project there, Charlie Company Builders completed an addition to a loading ramp. The ramp, used to unload supplies brought up the river from Cua Viet, required about 500 cubic yards of concrete. The work was done in sections with each part requiring about 20 cubic yards of concrete to cover the soft riverbank.

At Cua Viet, northeast of Dong Ha, a detail of "C" Company men provided construction support for Marines. One of their jobs was the placement of 13 heavy timber bunkers and three 20-foot security towers. These were constructed in Camp Barnes and then the bunkers were trucked to Cua Viet while huge helicopters moved the towers into place.

Throughout the deployment, "C" Company was involved in literally hundreds of smaller projects. The men built SEA (Southeast Asia) huts, towers bunkers, messhalls, clubs and prefabricated steel buildings.

In Camp Barnes, Charlie's BU's were responsible for the operation of a builders' shop and a saw sharpening shop.

As we saw demonstrated again and again during the deployment, it was the Battalion's builders and steelworkers who were the backbone of the construction unit. And the Charlie Company SEABEES more than proved that they could handle any assignment.













Bridges, Bunkers, Buildings







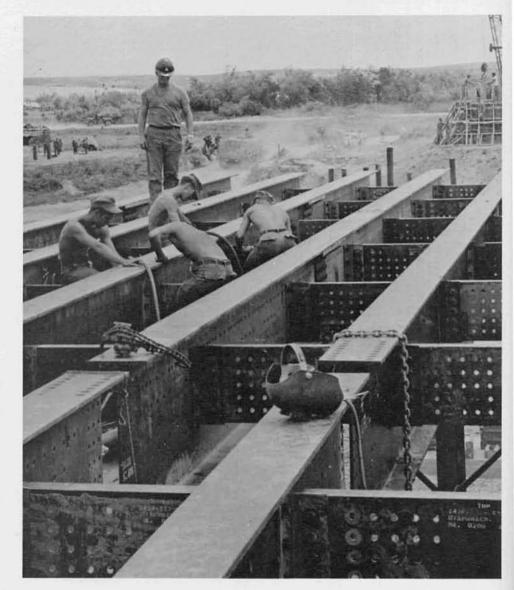




Bigger, Better

Charles M. Austin, BUC Lawrence H. Ball Jr., SWC Jesse L. Cassel, BUCS Francis Vollono, BUC

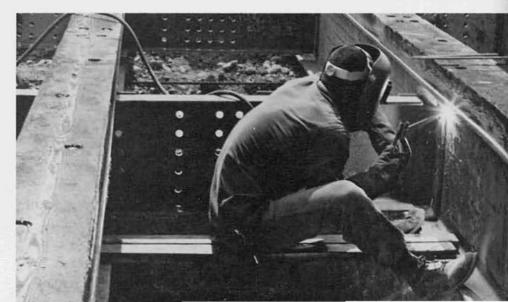




Bridging any gap

Far right: A Charlie crew assembles a steel tank at Vinh Dai for an asphalt plant to be operated by MCB 53. The plant provided asphalt for the Route #9 project. Center: BU3's James Cusato, Eldon Cox and James Cone nail decking on the Cam Lo Bridge. Right: Steelworkers bolt together the framework for the Cam Lo Bridge. Bottom: SW3 Joseph Rozgony welds at Bridge 910. Below: A prefabricated steel frame assembled in Camp Barnes is positioned at Bridge 910, destroyed by enemy.











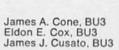
Arthur E. Anderson, SW3 Andrew J. Antczak, BU3 Lawrence A. Baird, SWCN Ruffin G. Baker, SW3

Thomas M. Bault, BU3 James W. Berry, BU3 Michael A. Bertucci, SWCN Warren D. Bessex, BU3

Douglas E. Bingham, BU3 Jay R. Blatchley, SW3 Anthony B. Blua, SW2 Raymond L. Boes, BU3



Willie G. Boggan, SW2 Robert G. Bunt, SW2 Larry D. Cargill, BU2



Dennis A. Dietrich, SWCN Charles P. Doom, BU3 Thomas E. Dunn, SW3



Far right: BU2 Duane Vance, BUCN Joseph Mazza and BU3 John Lang prepare a form for a concrete spillway at a culvert on Route #9. Center top: SN Tom Fritsch and BU3 James Cusato help swing a concrete culvert top into place on Route #9. Above: BUCN Weldon Scott, BU3 James Cusato and BU2 Joseph Lisuzzo build forms for concrete culverts at Elliott Combat Base. Right: A Charlie Company crew headed by BUC Frank Vollono prepares forms for the next pour.





Culverts protect roads from monsoon floods







Robert D. Ford, BU2 Donald J. Francis, CN Floyd A. Franklin, BU3

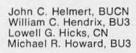
John C. Frederick, SWCN Thomas W. Fritsch, SN Willard A. Gravius, BU3

Roy P. Haley Jr., BU2 William D. Hammock, BU2 Robert L. Hanson Jr., SN Robert H. Harris, BUCN

















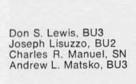
Carl J. Jenkins, BU3 Lewis M. Johnson, BU3 John Lang, BU3 Don L. Larsen, BU2









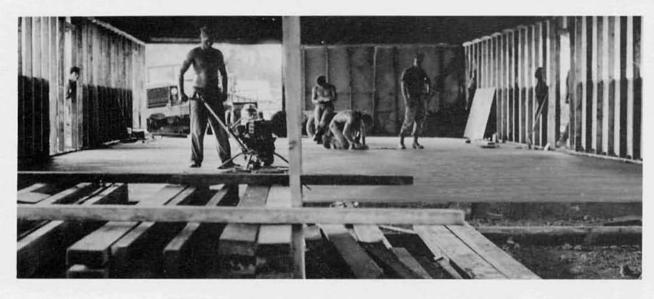












Charlie's projects widespread





Far left: Charlie builders work to finish the surface of a concrete slab poured for the MACV advisory staff quarters at Quang Tri. Left: EA3 Daniel Witmer and BUCN Fredrick Kimball work on the 3rd Marine Division Staff NCO mess facility at Dong Ha. Below left: BU3 Francis Ryncarz, BU3 James Berry, BUCN Robert "Philly" Harris and BU3 Calvin Navis construct towers in the Camp Barnes precast yard for use at Cua Viet. Below: EA3 Witmer works on the roof of the 3rd Marine Division mess facility.







Alex E. May, SW3 Joseph A. Mazza, BUCN Samuel N. McLennan, BU2 William F. Mears, BUCN

Linus M. Miller, BUCN Calvin H. Navis, BU3 James P. Neary, SW3 George M. Nesbit, BU2

Wyman E. Ogden, BU2 Ronald A. Osborne, BUCN Roger M. O'Shields, CN David F. Peterson, BU3

Charles L. Riggs, BU1 Lawrence J. Rose, BU3



Joseph W. Rozgony Jr., SW3 Michael C. Ryan, BU2



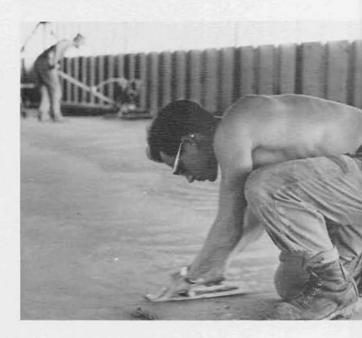
Francis Ryncarz, BU3 Raymond G. Schmidt, BU3



Joseph D. Schreckengost, BU3 Neal C. Seeman, SW3



Top left: BU3 Ronald Osborne finishes a concrete floor at the MACV advisory quarters. Top right: BU3 Raymond Boes, BU3 Andrew Antozak and BU3 John Lang nail siding at the same site. Middle left: Charlie crew installs chain link fence around a new storage yard and a section of the Dong Ha ramp. Middle right: A crew places concrete for one of the 20 sections in the ramp addition. Bottom left: BU2 Joseph Lisuzzo and BU2 Kenneth Ward pour cement into a transit mixer at Gio Linh. Bottom right: BU1 Prentice Walker, head of several Charlie Company projects including culvert building jobs along Rt. #9.









Company made concreate contribution





Kenneth D. Smith, CN Kenneth D. Stanley, SWCN





Harry J. Thomas, SW1 Guy V. Travaglio, BU3





Duane R. Vance, BU2 Prentice W. Walker, BU1







Kenneth J. Ward, BU3 Larry A. Weber, BU3

Dennis J. Wisenbaker, BU2 Jimmy L. Womack, BU3





DELTA



Four-holers to mammoth bridges









"Everything from four-holers to one of the longest highway bridges in I Corps."

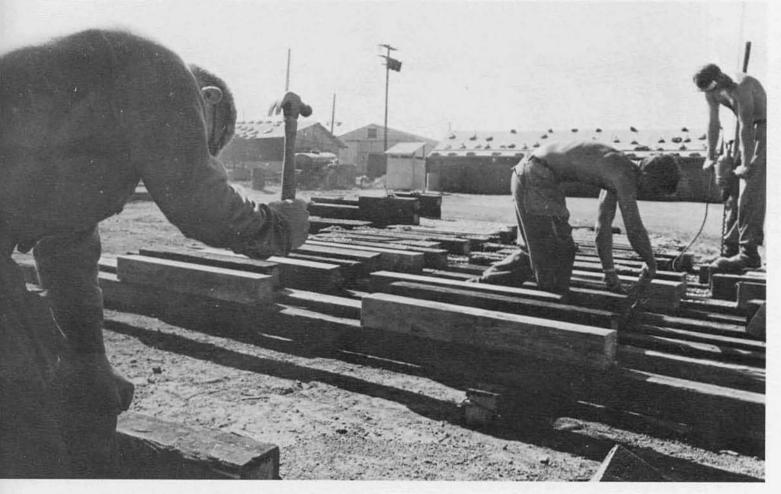
That might well have been the motto for Delta Company during the Dong Ha deployment. The company's builders and steelworkers demonstrated their versatility and construction expertise on an almost unimaginable variety of jobs. From towers to tanks, Delta's SEABEES were always there with the abilities to overcome any large or small task.

One Delta Company job which may have amused some of us was the construction of over 100 four-hole heads. Amusing or not, these all-important structures were gladly and warmly received by Marines and Army personnel stationed at many remote fire support bases around I Corps.

Of course, Delta's largest project was also one of the largest for the Battalion. This was the Dong Ha Bridge, a 560-foot-long steel, concrete and timber structure spanning the Bo Dieu River. For this job Delta's BU's and SW's "turned to", together with other Battalion men, to complete the massive bridge.

As with all of 62's construction efforts, the projects undertaken by Delta Company were completed through organization and teamwork. An average structure was begun when Delta's builders, working from plans drawn up by other Battalion men, stepped in to perform such tasks as building forms and pouring footings or foundations to form the structure's base. Then the builders began vertical construction, handling all aspects of a job from masonry to carpentry and finish.

Continued



On jobs requiring metal work, the steelworkers handled the construction. Some steelworkers concentrated on joining units and sections of steel and sheet metal, and forming, cutting, welding and riveting ducts, panels and reinforced steel. Other SW's then took these fabricated sections and raised them, positioned them and welded them together.

During the deployment Delta's constructionmen accomplished such tasks as the erection of lubrication and wash racks, storage tanks, many large and small wood frame buildings and steel ribbed structures around the Dong Ha area.

Delta also provided men for Detail Snapper, a contingent of SEABEES who worked and lived at Vandegrift Combat Base to give construction support to the Marines.

With both variety and quality, Delta Company helped us add to our reputation as the "Can Do" Battalion.











Teamwork was Delta key









Ronald C. Adkins, BU3 Jack D. Baldridge, SW2 Eugene M. Battistoni Jr., BU3





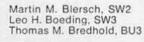


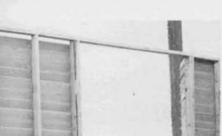
George Bello, BU1 Jack G, Bickley, BU2 Peter P. Birchmeier, BU3

















Donald W. Brown, BU3 Richard M. Burns, BUCN James C. Cannoy, SW3

Top: A Detail Barracuda crew places concrete for a culvert endwall on Rt. #9. Middle left: A concrete grease rack is poured for Force Logistics Support Group Bravo at Dong Ha. Middle right: Delta men precast endwalls in Camp Barnes' precast yard. Left: A crew pours a concrete slab for a generator shed in Camp Barnes.

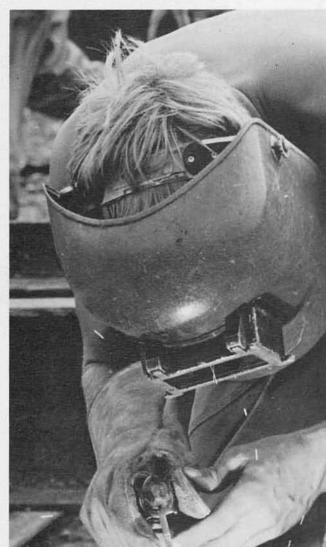
Richard S. Carney, BU2 Jeffrey G. Danko, BU3 Ronald F. Darszewski, BUCN William M. DeLancey, SW3

Paul D. Difebo, BU2 Larrimore Drown, BU1 Stephen C. DuBois, BU3 Larry S. Duff, BUCN

Ronald E. Elwell, SW3 Thor R. Eriksen, BUCN Timothy B. Filler, CN Jim R. Fisk, BU3



Above: SW3 Robert Porter and SW2 William Steffen assemble trestles for the Dong Ha Bridge. Right: SW3 Leo Boeding welds a wire cage used to enclose the bridge trestles. Opposite page, left: SW2 Steffen and CN Gary Russell tighten bolted joints on the bridge. Opposite page, right: BU2 Kenneth Struewing, BU3 Daniel Griffith and BU3 Gregory Mascio set steel plates over pile cap anchor bolts.



Spanning the Bo Dieu River









Martin G. Flynn, BU2 James D. Gilbert, BUCN Daniel E. Griffith, BU3

William E. Hall, BU1 Edward B. Harris, CN Carlos F. Hernandez, BUCN

James A. Hollatz, BU3 Benjamin L. Howell, BU2 Roy A. Jones, BUCN





Albert B. Kennedy, BUCN Joseph E. Kuhaneck, BU3 Kerry D. Luttrell, SW3 Olin T. Lynn, BU3 Alan G. Marshall, BU2

Harry G. Marshall, BU3 Steven B. Marshall, BU3 Robert G. Martinez, SWCA Gregory A. Mascio, BU3 Herman R. McKay, CN

Billy C. McPike, BU2 Eugene M. Mishler, SW2 Donald D. Morris, CN Jean K. Murray, CA Jose E. M. Negron, BUCN



Delta projects--the bigger, the better



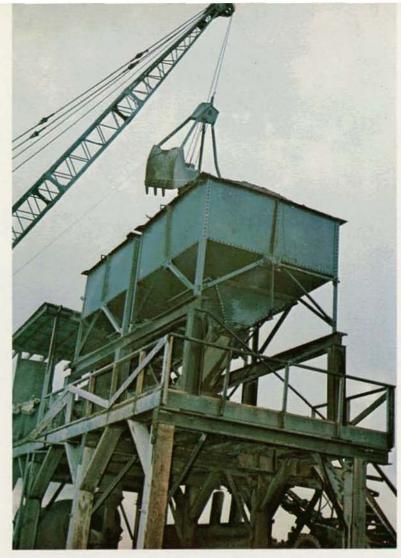
James W. Nicholson, BU2 Duane W. Ott, BUCA Ted S. Owens, BU3 Stanley R. Park, BU3 Frank W. Parker III, CA

Stanley Patrakis, SWCN Billy C. Pike, CN Robert W. Porter, SW3 James L. Prawitz, SWCN Gary A. Prince, BU2





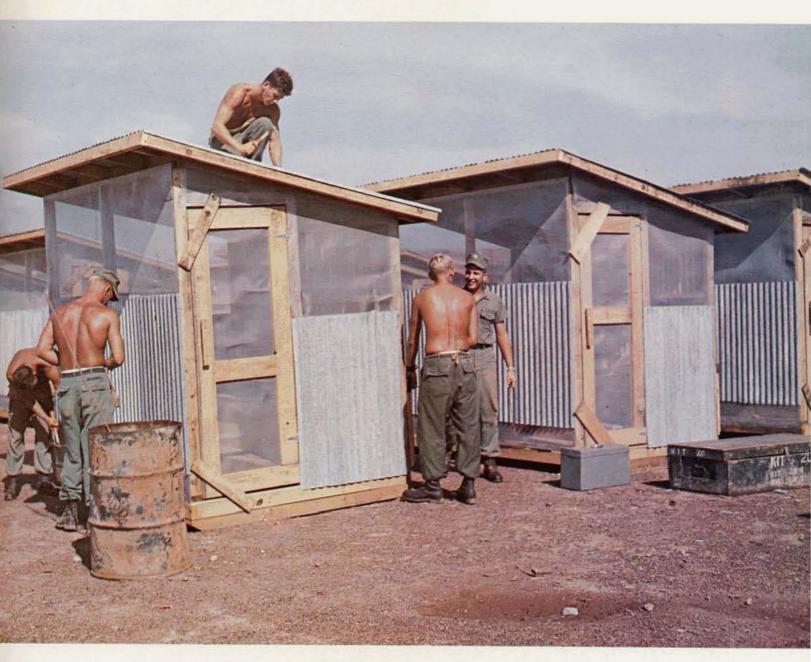
Far left: BU3 Tom Bredhold and BU3 Steve Marshall work on one of the many bunkers built by the company. Middle top: BU1 Otto Pursifull and BU3 Peter Birchmeier haul in a line on a barge at the Dong Ha Bridge. Left: BU3 Perry Marshall and BU2 Gary Prince build forms for pile caps at the bridge. Above: An entire crew works to build the pile cap forms

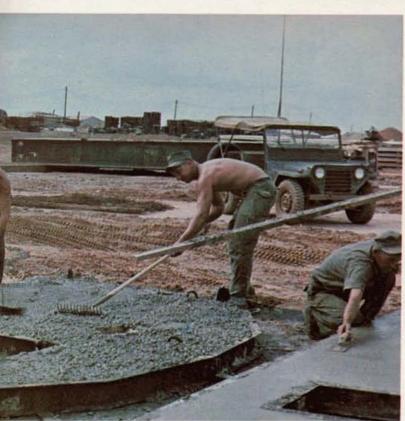


Versatility









Know-how

Otto M. Pursifull, BU1 Robert L. Rodgers, BU3 Peter M. Schmidt, BU3 Anthony M. Skrypek, BU2 Arthur R. Smith, BU1



Jimmy J. Smith, SW2 Will A. Stanbaugh, BU3 William H. Steffen, SW2 Kenneth L. Struewing, BU2 Arthur Sullivan, SW3





Above: Delta builders construct a grease rack at FLSG-B at Dong Ha. Right: Formwork is built for a catch basin on Rt. #1. Opposite page, left: BU2 Anthony Skrypek and CN Herman McKay assist Vietnamese builders at the Quang Tri Children's Hospital. Opposite page, right: BU2 James Nicholson, BU1 William Hall and BU2 Robert Mauney build four-holers in the Delta Company yard at Camp Barnes.





"D" Company- - hammer jockeys



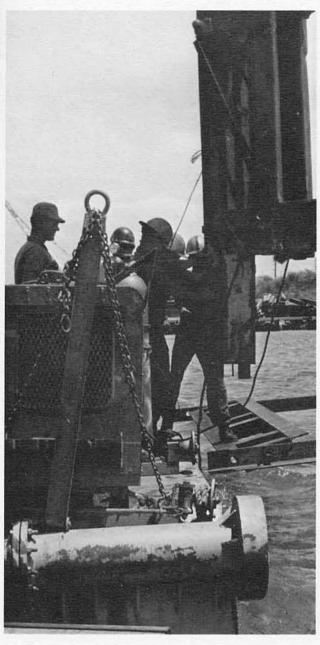




Jens A. Thoresen, BU3 Philip L. Thornbery, SW3 Charles L. Wade, BUCN Jeff D. Warr, SW1

Donald D. Wilson, BU3 Terrill L. Woolsey, CN Dana A. Young, BU3 Frederick W. Zinn, BUCN





Delta worked till the last day

Left: Men work from a barge while driving piles for the supports of the Dong Ha Bridge. Below: BUCA Dan Ott takes a break during work at the precast yard. Bottom: A Delta crew installs culvert along Rt. #1.

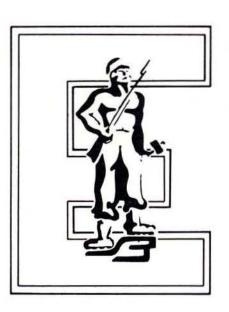




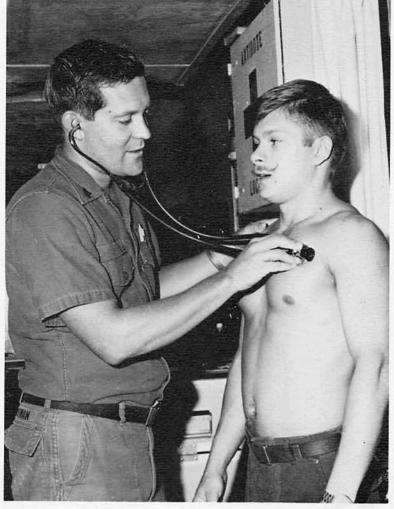




HEADQUARTERS









Top: GMG3 Jerry Oglesby and SN "Tommy T" Turner clean a machine gun in the Battalion armory. Above: HM3 John Hoffman checks a patient during sick call. Center: SH3 John Mott, MCB 62's head barber. Right: SK3 Wally Dahl runs the Camp Barnes exchange. Far right: CS3 Ronald Roth cooks something closely resembling fried eggs.





Fleet-BEES-essential support nucleus



Headquarters Company fleet sailors, or fleet-BEES as they were called, felt more comfortable in blues or whites than greens and were more concerned with work involving pen and paper than hammers or bulldozers. Nevertheless, they were an integral part of the SEABEE building-fighting force.

Except for the SEABEE engineering aides of the Second Platoon, not many H Company men did much building. The important administrative work they did, though, made it possible for the rest of us to carry on

our building projects.

We came into contact with them every day. Every time we went to chow, to sick bay, the laundry, the post office, a warehouse or any office we had to deal with a

member of H Company.

Maybe most of them sat behind a desk all day, but they put in a lot of hours and did a lot of work. They went through many of the same things we did, too, like military training. They received the same weapons and combat technique instruction as the rest of us. In fact, members of the company made up the only operational

mortar crew in Dong Ha Combat Base.

Luckily for all of us, fighting was not a part of a normal day's working routine. The work H Company men

did do, though, was extremely essential.

Medical care is, of course, of utmost importance to any military organization. Throughout the deployment the Battalion's hospital corpsmen and dental technicians saw to it that the men of 62 received the finest health services available. Daily sick calls, periodic innoculations and a close scrutiny of Camp Barnes' sanitary conditions were among the services which H Company's medical men provided.

Being fed, paid and supplied rank high on any SEABEE's list of important things. These functions were taken care of by, respectively, the commissarymen, disbursing clerks and storekeepers in the company.

Personnelmen and yeomen worked together in the main administrative building to handle the huge volumes of paperwork which frequently threatened to inundate the Battalion.

Personnelmen were responsible for the job of keeping all service records up to date as well as keeping track of advancements, processing performance evaluations, issuing medals and many other tasks.

Battalion yeomen took care o typing and filing all Battalion correspondence and instructions as well as

caring for all classified material.

Mail call, everyone's favorite time in Vietnam, was taken care of by the postal clerks. These men also sold stamps and insured packages.

Boatswain's mates were responsible for camp cleanliness and internal security. Their main job was the enforcement of rules and regulations.

Gunners mates provided services extremely important in the combat zone. They issued and repaired

weapons and distributed ammunition.

Journalists and photographers mates worked together to keep the rest of the world informed of 62's activities with thousands of words and hundreds of

Ships servicemen operated 62's laundry and barber

shop and helped to run the camp exchange.

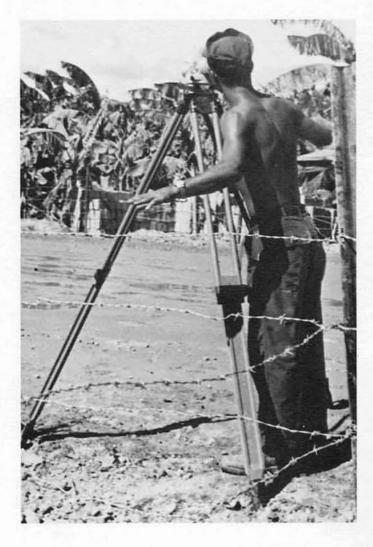
Stewards prepared meals and attended living spaces

for the Battalion's officers.
The SEABEE engineering aides planned jobs, estimated material, drafted blueprints and surveyed job

These men were Headquarters Company, the administrative support nucleus which kept MCB 62 running smoothly.

Operations-behind every job

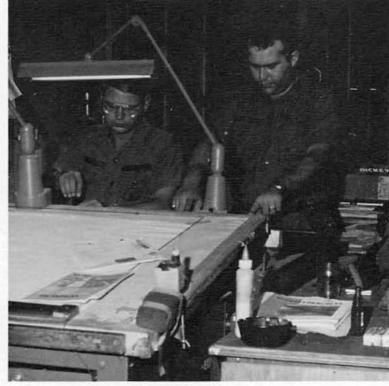
Engineering Aides are the backbone of the Operations Department. Right: EA3 Bill Skoglund tests soil samples. Below: EA3 Larry Siebold helps survey a portion of Route #1. Below right: EA3's Tim Day and Danny DeSantis work on project blueprints.





CUCM Melvin A. Bell, Battalion Chief





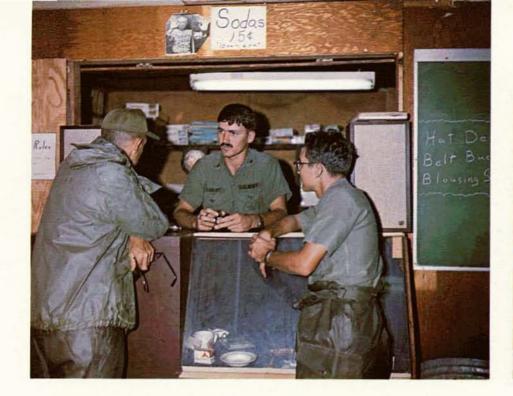
Administrative Offices—mountains of papers







Top: PN3 C. B. Paquio makes a diary entry at the front desk of the Personnel Office. The Administration Office is at the rear. Left: CE2 Billy Smallwood charts enemy activity in the Intelligence Office. Above: YN2 Dave Swindell makes minor adjustments to an electric typewriter in the Administrative Office.











Pen and paper SEABEES handle Battalion's supply and administration



Supply Department- - all you need is the stock number

Lenton W. Copeland, BUC Jerry M. Felts, SKCS



Charles L. Ferguson, CECS Arthur F. Hotopp, BUC



Donald E. Iddings, CSC Edward J. Juchartz, EAC



Whitney Meyers, EOC Freddie J. Peele, BMC



Willie E. Tucker, UTC Arland L. Williams, CSC







Lower left: CE3 Jeff Fritz unpacks tools in a supply warehouse. Upper left: DK3 "Ditty Bop" Bynum, LTJG D. E. Dunnavant and DK3 Raymond MacDonald hold pay day in the galley. Below: EOCN Robert Clark assists in the laundry. Right: SK3 F. P. Kelly surveys old uniforms in greens issue.







Raymond W. Abbey, CM3 James L. Anderson, PN1 Donald E. Bandman, SK3 Leonardo R. Bautista, SD3 Dennis G. Bloomingdale, HM3

Edward L. Boullion, BU3 Alvin A. Breaux Jr. PN3 Gary L. Brown, SK2 David S. Bryant, PH3 Boyd C. Burnett, BU3

Bruce A. Burton, SN Donald A. Burton, SN Lee H. Bynum Jr., DK3 Andrew P. Byrtus, BU2



Conrado D. Cajulis, EA1 Frank C. Cataldo, EA3 Thomas R. Chupek, CS3 Donald S. Colunga, HM2







Thomas A. Cooper, BU3 Wallace J. Dahl, SK3 Joseph A. D'Amico, BU1 Timothy R. Day, EA3











Serving on the Battalion Master at Arms force, boatswain's mates enforced camp regulations. They also had occasional chances to demonstrate their seamanship. For example, BM3 Roger Tudor (above) operated a water taxi for crews working on the Dong Ha Bridge. BM1 "Mitch" Mitchell protected MCB 62 SEABEES from formidable Special Services show performers.





Second platoon mans mortars

EA2 Carl Hix, EA3 Richard Holmes and EA2 Bobby Jones prepare to fire one of the 81 mm mortars on the Camp Barnes perimeter. MCB 62 provided the primary mortar support for all units in the Dong Ha Combat Base.



Donato A. DeSantis, EA3 James C. Dickey, EA2 Leonard T. Dill, DK1 Joseph C. Dixie, PN3 Dennis E. Doherty, SN

David R. Donel, EA3 Jerry D. Donley, PC3 Delmer D. Dunning, CS3 Jay F. Eberhard, HM2 James E. Evans, EO3

Ernesto C. Fabay, TN Bruce H. Fiene, BU2 Dennis E. Fink, EA3 Harold J. Forshey, CE3 Paul R. Francisco, CS3

James R. French, YN3 Jeffrey A. Fritz, CE3 Romeo R. Gameng, TN Richard Gatz, SH3 Otto F. Ghrist, HM1

John J. Golwacki, HM3 Paul L. Gobeil, CS2 Harry B. Goforth, EA2 Keith A. Goodwin, SN Clarence E. Gorham, YN1

Donald M. Grubb, YN3 Francisco Gutierrez, EA3 Fred A. Hammond, EO3 Dannie T. Hawes, EA3 Willie L. Hawkins, SD2





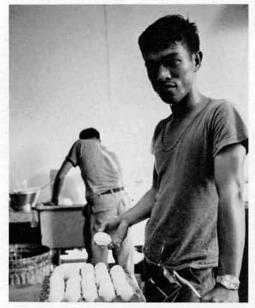


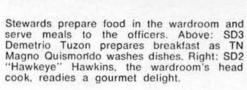
Carl W. Hix, EA2 Travis G. Hobson, UT3 Richard H. Hochrein, EA3 John R. Hoffman, HM3 Dennis J. Holder, JO2





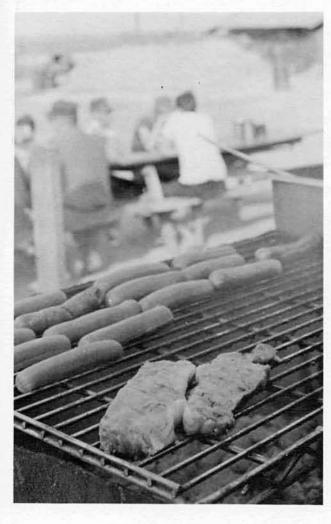








H Company known for hard work



... Well, most of the time





Richard F. Holmes, EA3 David P. Hosken, YN2 Stephen L. Howell, DT2 John E. Ingram, SK1 Bobby E. Jones, EA2

Daniel L. Joyce, HM2 Peter G. Kamishlian, PH1 Francis P. Kelly, SK3 William J. Kirkes II, SH2 Jimmy S. Lamm, SK2

Servillano R. Lazarte, SD1 Joseph J. Leeds, CE2 Alberto D. Leyson, SD2 John J. L'Heureux, PH3 Billy W. Long, GMG1

Henry A. Lounders Jr., DK3 Leonard R. Lowder, CM1 Raymond P. MacDonald, DK3 Charles E. Marken, SK3 James C. Massey, BM1



Robert E. Mauney, BU2 Frank D. McCoy, EA3 Michael W. Mercer, HM3 Eric C. Metzler, SK3 Arthur L. Mitchell, BM1

Jack L. Moore, SK2 John A. Mott, SH3 Guy F. Nadeau, SH2 Terry D. Neal, CM3 Charles D. Noel, PC1

George E. Nye, SK3 Jerry R. Oglesby, GMG3 Carlos B. Paguio, PN3 David C. Parker, CE2 Magno L. Quismondo, TN

Stephen D. Rabak, DT3 George D. Raub, UT2 Jesus Rivera Jr., CA Jack G. Roberts, CS2 Ronald J. Roth, CS3





Raymond R. Ruiz, PN2 Lawrence J. Siebold, EA3 Angelo P. Silvestro, EA3 William L. Skoglund, EA3 Billy G. Smallwood, CE2

Jerry W. Smith, SN Roland D. Standish, HM3 David L. Stelly, EA3 Robert G. Stovall, CM3 Edgar H. Sugg, EA3

Glen E. Sullivan, CS3 David R. Swindell, YN2 Raymond Temprano, SK3 Charles E. Thibodeaux, EA3 Raymond C. Truesdale Jr., GMG2

Roger L. Tudor, BM3 Algie L. Turner, SN Demetrio C. Tuzon Jr., SD3 Tom VanZwol, EA3 Larry G. Voight, BU3



Bruce E. Walpole, BU3 John J. Watkins, SK3 Jimmy L. Whitaker, EO1 Kent D. Willard, EO1 John H. Wilson, CS1

Warren E. Wilson, EA3 James C. Wiora, BU1 Paul E. Wollenhaupt, EA3 Michael W. Woolley, JO3 Larry L. Young, HM1

The guys on the Civic Action Team really seemed to enjoy their work. Maybe this was because most of the time their tasks didn't really seem much like work. They did their share of physical labor, but as they worked with the Vietnamese people—helping them to help themselves, as they say—it was less like a job and more like giving a helping hand to a friend.

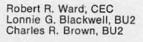
The word friend is an important one in the concept of Civic Action. Working in a capacity similar to the Battalion's SEABEE Team, the men of the Civic Action Team set out to win friends among the Vietnamese. They worked neither for nor over, but rather, with the people. Civic Action provided skills, material and a desire to help. The Vietnamese provided labor, a willingness to learn and a great appreciation for the Americans working in their midst.

The Team had one of the most diversified project lists in the Battalion. They constructed dispensaries, public buildings, sewage systems, an irrigation pumping station and an underwater wall. They also coordinated the efforts of other men in the Battalion who wished to help the Vietnamese by distributing vegetable seeds to farmers or candy to children.

One of the goals of the Battalion as a whole and of each man, that of doing something to help the Vietnamese people, was realized, in large part, through the work of the men of the Civic Action Team.













Civic Action- Dialogue of progress







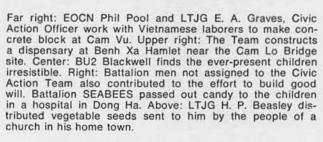
Willis W. Hopkins, BU1 William B. J. Nelms, BU2 Philip D. Pool, EOCN James E. Thomas, BU2





One of the bigger projects the Civic Action Team tackled was the construction of a children's hospital in Quang Tri. Top: BU2 Nelms talks with one of the Vietnamese laborers at the job site. Far left: Delta Company men, augmenting the Team for the hospital work, assist Vietnamese workers putting up roof supports. Bottom: The Vietnamese teach SEABEES some of their construction methods. Left: BU2 Thomas and EA3 Paul Wollenhaupt, who joined the Team late in the deployment, work as masons.









Civic Action meant getting involved







SEABEE Team 6202

As most of us toiled in Dong Ha near the DMZ, 13 of our men journeyed to the Go Cong Province south of Saigon on a mission of aid and instruction for the Vietnamese. The 13 members of SEABEE Team 6202 set forth with the common goal to help the people of Go Cong improve their standard of living. One officer, four builders, one steelworker, one electrician, two equipment operators, two construction mechanics, one utilitiesman and a hospital corpsman-those were the men whose job it was to help shape a new future for some of these people.

Training was the key word as team members tackled numerous jobs. The men worked as teachers and supervisors for crews of Vietnamese. The trainees labored on projects of great importance to their people. As they worked they learned new skills which would enable them to continue such projects long after

6202 would leave.

Roads and medical treatments, buildings and village gates, bridges and a new hull for a ferry boat. All this plus new knowledge and skills were left behind by the men of 6202.



LTJG John T. Bouey, Officer in Charge

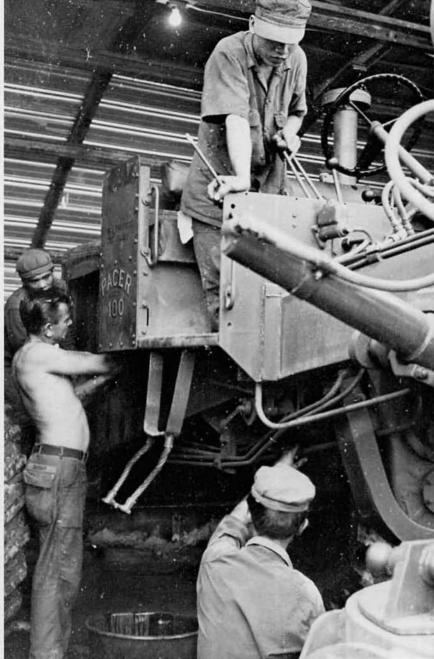






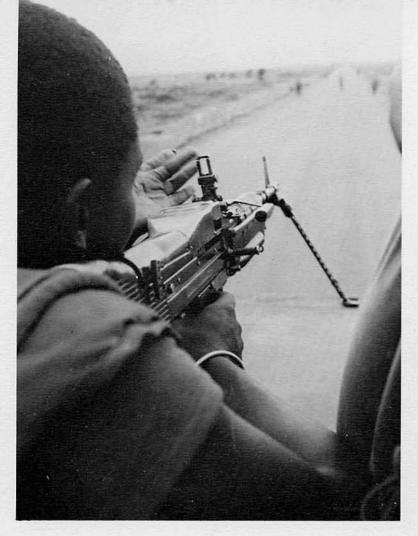
CE2 Harold F. Jessmore (not pictured below) installs wiring to bring electricity to 75 rural homes. BU2 Samuel R.-Behimer and SW2 Douglas L. Riley construct a bridge linking an isolated village to nearby markets. BU1 Herman E. Chadbourne instructs a Vietnamese laborer working on a living complex for the National Police Field Force. CM2 Robert C. Crosby helps trainees repair a road grader.







Top row: John P. Dauria, BUC, Assistant Officer in Charge; Samuel R. Behimer, BU2; Kenneth E. Brown, CE3; Horace F. Brundridge, UT2; Herman E. Chadbourne, BU1; Robert C. Crosby, CM2. Lower row: William K. Cupp, EO2; Theodore R. Day, BU2; Howard Farley, CM3; Roger W. Parks, HM1; Douglas L. Riley, SW2; William G. Tankovich Jr., EO3.







Security--serious business



Security was a serious business for some of us. Although we might have joked about playing "John Wayne", there was little joking and no playing out there on the lines. Starting about six every night the lines were manned. As twilight crept up and pushed the sun below the horizon, all eyes strained to reach past the concertina wire to catch a flicker of movement, a lightanything that shouldn't be there.

Rainy nights were the worst. Clouds shrouded the moon and the sky dropped a drenching curtain, impenetrable to even the sharpest eyes. Nights like this made us realize that all the military training back in Gulfport really had some purpose. We watched and listened very closely, knowing that if someone sneaked up on us he wouldn't just say "Bang!"

The days weren't bad, though. Except for a few strategic positions, the lines were secured in the morning. After chow there were musters and a little work-nothing too bad, usually. Mostly we worked on our bunkers or strung concertina wire. Some days we had a patrol. They weren't too bad either except, well, we did get tired sometimes—and that "uptight" feeling inside was none too pleasant.

After working for a while it was time to hit the rack and catch some sleep. It was hard sleeping in the heat, but we managed. We had to. We had an important job

to do that night out on the lines.



Base defense—a joint effort

GYSGT Charles Schlader (Military Advisor)

Ozro T. Mills, BU1 Floyd McKamey, BU2 Billy L. Sandifer, BU2 Wilbur Garrett, CN (All members of permanent Security force)





Above: A watch in one of the Security bunkers. Right: BU1 Mills, BU2 McKamey, Security Officer LTJG Beasley and BU2 Sandifer check the perimeter. Top center: Headquarters Company EA's provide mortar support for the base. Lower center: A helicopter gunship fires just outside Camp Barnes. Far right: Bunker watches settle in for the long night ahead.



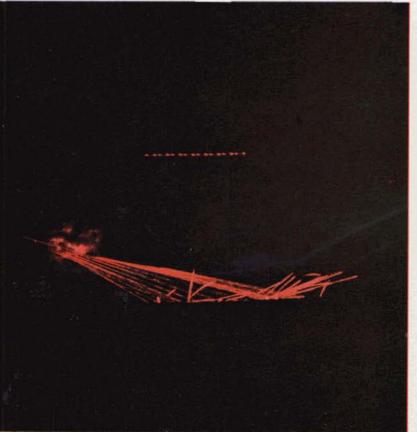


Security Company men weren't the only ones who looked out for us at night. We also had mortar teams. We all know about the mortar teams. They're the guys who used to make all the noise at night. At the beginning of the deployment, how many times did you almost run through a wall when one of those blasted things came roaring out of the tube? The mortar men did more than merely keep us up at night. They also gave us all that pretty illumination to look at while sitting out on our bunkers.

Seriously, our mortars were extremely important, not only to us but to all the units of Dong Ha Combat Base. They provided illumination and explosive ordnance fire for Dong Ha's entire perimeter. This was a big job and one that they handled well. The Marines were constantly amazed that "those damned SEABEES" laid down more accurate fire than their own mortars.

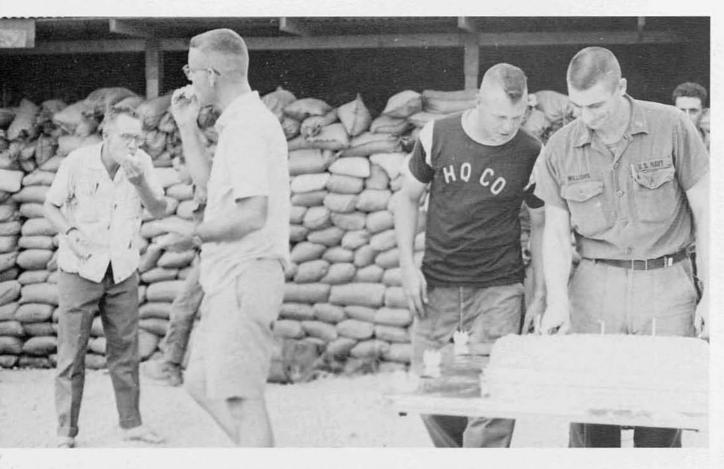
The men on security and the engineering aides of "H" Company's Second Platoon who manned the mortars gave us one of the best defensive set ups on the base.

Not bad for a bunch of SEABEES, huh, Marines?



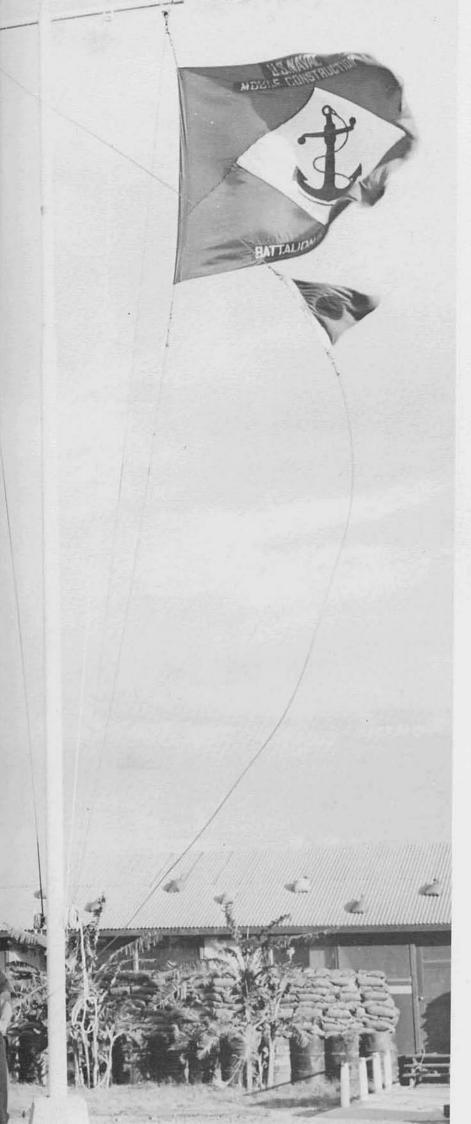


And we remember ...



Above: CUCM Melvin A. Bell, CDR Jones, LCDR Fegley and CSC Arland L. Williams' sample the cake at 62's third anniversary celebration. Right: CDR Jones holds personnel and weapons inspection prior to the Battalion's return to homeport. Opposite Page: CUCM Bell and LCDR Fegley display the "Meatball" Battle Efficiency "E" pennant before the Camp Barnes administrative offices.





As the deployment wore on each day seemed more and more like the last. The days, weeks and even months blended into each other, usually marked by little more than the completion of one job and the beginning of another.

There were, however, a few events of particular significance. These were times that each of us marked down as definite steps toward that day when we would return home. Events of great importance to us in this respect were the Battalion's third anniversary (the celebration of which also marked the half-way point of the deployment), the winning of the coveted Battle Efficiency "E" as Best of Type Atlantic Fleet SEABEE Battalion and the final pre-return inspections.

The Battalion birthday was the third time in as many years that 62 had marked off another year while deployed to Vietnam. The atmosphere was one of celebration and relaxation as Battalion men played games, consumed huge amounts of free beverages, were entertained by a Special Services show and were treated to a special barbecue-style evening meal.

The winning of the "E" was, of course, a high point for all of us. The news that we were "the best" was our reward for the many long hours of inspections and preparation while in homeport, as well as recognition for the work we were doing. Needless to say, we were all proud.

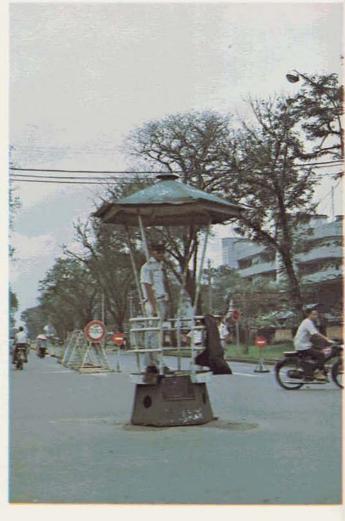
The deployment-end inspections were probably the first inspections that any of us were glad to stand. They were a heartening sign that our long, hard tour was almost over.

We all had our individual important memories, but these are the ones which meant an especially great deal to us as members of 62.

Looking back helps us put things in their proper perspective. Yet, we can't really see the full scope of our mission in Vietnam without looking ahead to the future. The guiding purpose behind all our construction was the building of a brighter future for the people of Vietnam.

Vietnam--moving into the modern age

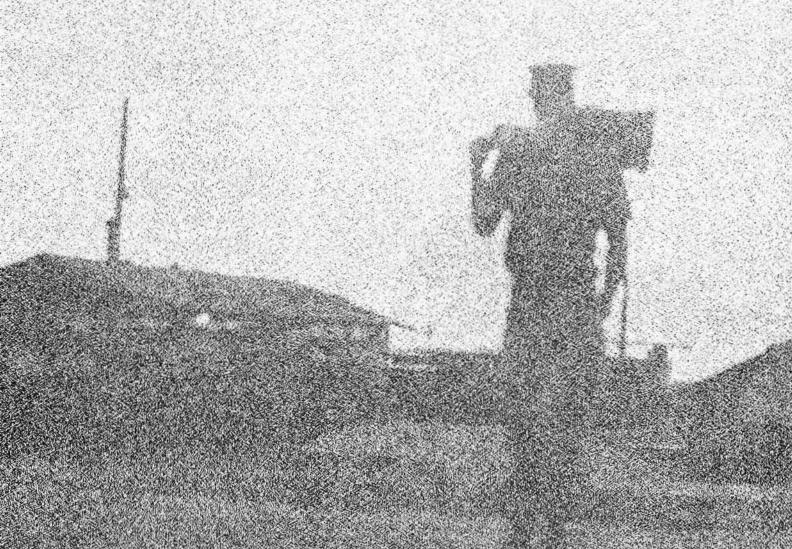


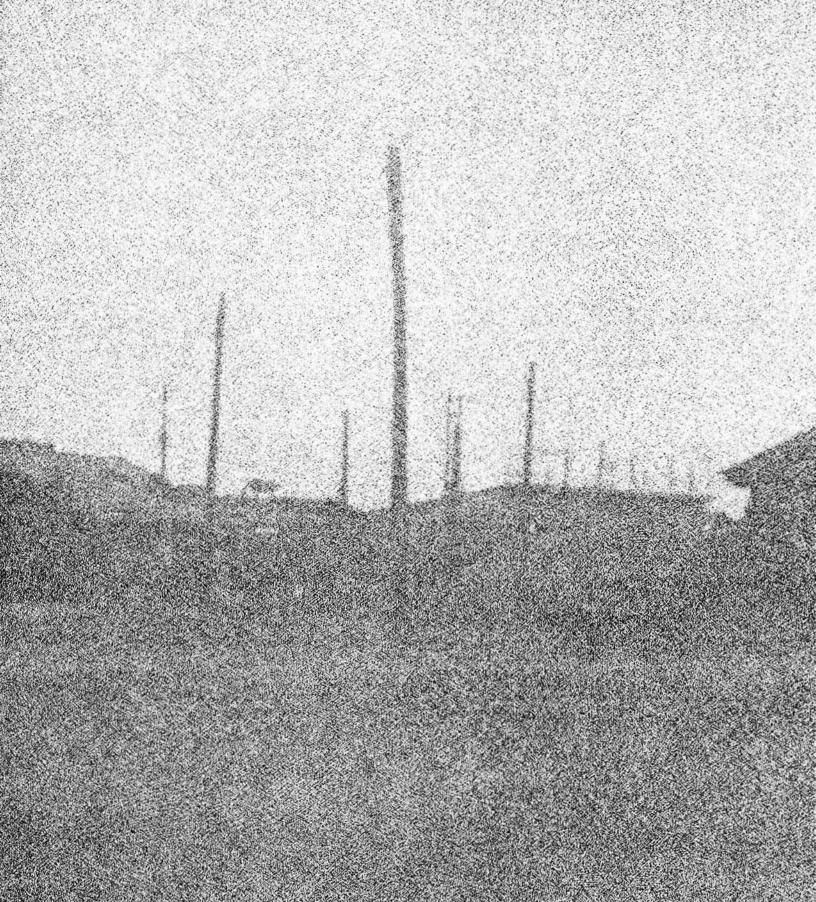


Top right: A member of the Republic of Vietnam's National Police Force directs traffic at a Saigon intersection. Above: One of many sedate parks in bustling downtown Saigon. Right: The palace of the President of the Republic of Vietnam, located in central Saigon. Opposite: The old meets the new as MCB 62 erects a concrete and steel bridge in the city of Dong Ha.









At last ...





...lt's over







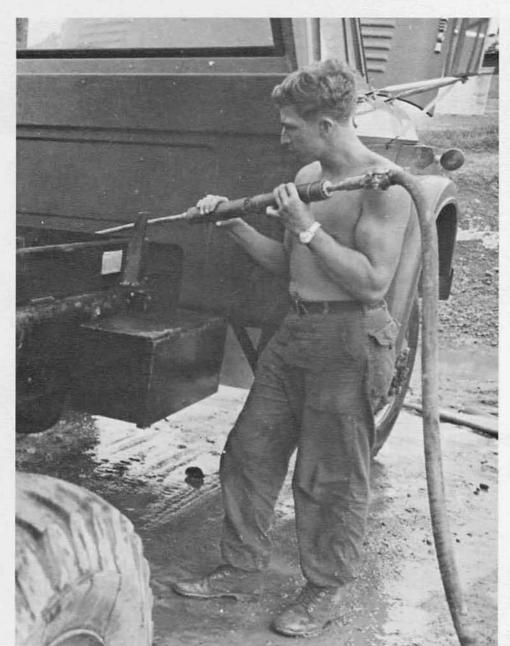




Mount Out

Frantic activity was a familiar and expected part of our lives in Vietnam. Never before, however, had we worked so hard and so willingly as those last days of preparation for going home. Camp Barnes was stripped to its bare essentials. Equipment of all types was cleaned, inventoried and packed up. Dozens of gallons of olive-drab paint covered mount-out boxes as we prepared to return to that magic place—home.





Homecoming















Finally

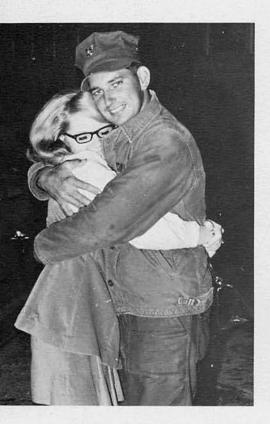
The last few hours of waiting were the longest and most frustrating. The months of the deployment, seemingly endless as they occurred, now seemed like an illusion that never really was. The only reality was the time remaining between us and our loved ones.

"Back in the world" our families and friends also waited, looking forward to the end of so many lonely months.

Somehow the hours passed. Tension grew until, finally, the plane touched down.

We were home.















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