

Police Costs and Police Strengths

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Appendix A-1: Municipal Police Costs, 2003

RCMP MUNICIPAL FORCES OVER 15,000 POPULATION (IN 2001 CANADA CENSUS)

Municipality	Population	Police Strength	Police Per Capita	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden	Total Costs ⁴	Cost Per Member	Cost Per Capita
Burnaby	205,261	241	852	25,292	123	105	\$ 28,778,611	\$ 119,413	\$ 140
Campbell River	29,617	40	740	5,536	187	138	\$ 5,402,910	\$ 135,073	\$ 182
Chilliwack ¹	68,699	91	755	12,765	186	140	\$ 10,022,974	\$ 110,143	\$ 146
Coquitlam ¹	122,712	117	1,049	13,766	112	118	\$ 14,107,632	\$ 120,578	\$ 115
Courtenay	20,340	25	814	4,887	240	195	\$ 3,218,994	\$ 128,760	\$ 158
Cranbrook	19,327	24	805	2,981	154	124	\$ 3,240,662	\$ 135,028	\$ 168
Fort St. John	16,730	25	669	4,198	251	168	\$ 3,351,968	\$ 134,079	\$ 200
Kamloops	80,416	104	773	14,174	176	136	\$ 13,147,534	\$ 126,419	\$ 163
Kelowna	103,421	121	855	14,603	141	121	\$ 14,369,961	\$ 118,760	\$ 139
Langford	20,292	24	846	2,458	121	102	\$ 2,927,203	\$ 121,967	\$ 144
Langley City	24,577	41	599	5,187	211	127	\$ 5,561,391	\$ 135,644	\$ 226
Langley Township ¹	91,893	114	806	11,569	126	101	\$ 14,072,460	\$ 123,443	\$ 153
Maple Ridge ¹	71,640	72	995	8,998	126	125	\$ 9,088,245	\$ 126,226	\$ 127
Mission	32,894	46	715	5,794	176	126	\$ 5,549,575	\$ 120,643	\$ 169
Nanaimo ¹	76,991	112	687	13,085	170	117	\$ 13,441,387	\$ 120,012	\$ 175
North Cowichan	27,368	27	1,014	2,761	101	102	\$ 3,139,582	\$ 116,281	\$ 115
North Vancouver City ¹	48,493	62	782	5,241	108	85	\$ 8,178,054	\$ 131,904	\$ 169
North Vancouver District ¹	87,160	91	958	5,626	65	62	\$ 11,295,664	\$ 124,128	\$ 130
Penticton	32,519	38	856	6,058	186	159	\$ 4,855,283	\$ 127,771	\$ 149
Port Alberni	18,235	34	536	3,392	186	100	\$ 4,257,130	\$ 125,210	\$ 233
Port Coquitlam ¹	57,313	52	1,102	6,389	111	123	\$ 6,660,581	\$ 128,088	\$ 116
Prince George	75,609	121	625	15,472	205	128	\$ 14,045,560	\$ 116,079	\$ 186
Richmond	174,201	190	917	14,705	84	77	\$ 25,024,911	\$ 131,710	\$ 144
Salmon Arm ¹	16,166	16	1,010	1,685	104	105	\$ 1,766,724	\$ 110,420	\$ 109
Surrey	390,145	432	903	50,414	129	117	\$ 50,703,303	\$ 117,369	\$ 130
Vernon	35,073	43	816	6,360	181	148	\$ 4,732,333	\$ 110,054	\$ 135
White Rock	19,539	23	850	1,924	98	84	\$ 3,137,170	\$ 136,399	\$ 161
Subtotal	1,966,631	2,326	845	265,320	135	114	\$284,077,802	\$ 122,131	\$ 144

RCMP MUNICIPAL FORCES 5,000 TO 15,000 POPULATION (IN 2001 CANADA CENSUS)

Municipality	Population	Police Strength	Police Per Capita	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden	Total Costs ⁴	Cost Per Member	Cost Per Capita
Castlegar	7,168	11	652	1,036	145	94	\$ 867,814	\$ 78,892	\$ 121
Coldstream	9,685	6	1,614	476	49	79	\$ 635,087	\$ 105,848	\$ 66
Colwood	14,437	15	962	1,182	82	79	\$ 1,183,386	\$ 78,892	\$ 82
Comox	11,937	9	1,326	845	71	94	\$ 1,000,314	\$ 111,146	\$ 84
Dawson Creek	11,024	21	525	2,012	183	96	\$ 2,270,531	\$ 108,121	\$ 206
Hope	6,431	12	536	1,653	257	138	\$ 1,196,851	\$ 99,738	\$ 186
Kimberley	6,710	9	746	645	96	72	\$ 822,502	\$ 91,389	\$ 123
Kitimat	10,432	15	695	814	78	54	\$ 1,459,151	\$ 97,277	\$ 140
Ladysmith	6,972	7	996	660	95	94	\$ 612,921	\$ 87,560	\$ 88
Lake Country	9,785	8	1,223	657	67	82	\$ 773,780	\$ 96,723	\$ 79
Mackenzie	5,316	8	665	519	98	65	\$ 663,389	\$ 82,924	\$ 125
Merritt	7,318	13	563	1,355	185	104	\$ 1,163,328	\$ 89,487	\$ 159
North Saanich	10,923	9	1,214	458	42	51	\$ 923,865	\$ 102,652	\$ 85
Parksville	10,932	13	841	1,480	135	114	\$ 1,080,862	\$ 83,143	\$ 99
Pitt Meadows	16,148	18	897	1,477	91	82	\$ 1,813,457	\$ 100,748	\$ 112
Powell River	13,407	18	745	1,932	144	107	\$ 1,872,616	\$ 104,034	\$ 140
Prince Rupert	14,760	36	410	2,924	198	81	\$ 3,763,058	\$ 104,529	\$ 255
Qualicum Beach	7,294	6	1,216	541	74	90	\$ 575,758	\$ 95,960	\$ 79
Quesnel	10,198	19	537	2,649	260	139	\$ 2,490,969	\$ 131,104	\$ 244
Revelstoke	7,782	11	707	655	84	60	\$ 999,797	\$ 90,891	\$ 128
Sechelt	8,281	10	828	859	104	86	\$ 838,401	\$ 83,840	\$ 101
Sidney	11,372	13	875	617	54	47	\$ 1,161,830	\$ 89,372	\$ 102
Smithers	5,513	9	613	1,620	294	180	\$ 946,543	\$ 105,171	\$ 172
Sooke	9,305	5	1,861	985	106	197	\$ 411,669	\$ 82,334	\$ 44
Spallumcheen	5,339	3	1,780	212	40	71	\$ 285,262	\$ 95,087	\$ 53
Squamish ¹	15,142	25	606	3,313	219	133	\$ 2,594,948	\$ 103,798	\$ 171
Summerland	11,179	8	1,397	918	82	115	\$ 723,415	\$ 90,427	\$ 65
Terrace	12,373	25	495	2,355	190	94	\$ 2,336,356	\$ 93,454	\$ 189
Trail	8,167	12	681	967	118	81	\$ 1,341,777	\$ 111,815	\$ 164
View Royal	7,868	8	984	600	76	75	\$ 676,426	\$ 84,553	\$ 86
Whistler	9,480	22	431	2,306	243	105	\$ 2,427,036	\$ 110,320	\$ 256
Williams Lake	11,422	23	497	2,826	247	123	\$ 2,259,237	\$ 98,228	\$ 198
Subtotal	314,100	427	736	41,548	132	97	\$ 42,172,336	\$ 98,764	\$ 134
RCMP MUNICIPAL TOTAL	2,280,731	2,753	828	306,868	135	111	\$326,250,138	\$ 118,507	\$ 143

Appendix A-1: Municipal Police Costs, 2003

INDEPENDENT MUNICIPAL FORCES

Municipality	Population	Police Strength	Police Per Capita	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden	Total Costs ^{2,4}	Cost Per Member	Cost Per Capita
Abbotsford ¹	127,712	158	808	15,271	120	97	\$ 21,258,347	\$ 134,547	\$ 166
Central Saanich	16,091	21	766	737	46	35	\$ 2,796,433	\$ 133,163	\$ 174
Delta ¹	100,576	141	713	7,178	71	51	\$ 18,353,502	\$ 130,167	\$ 182
Nelson	9,630	17	566	1,561	162	92	\$ 2,196,111	\$ 129,183	\$ 228
New Westminster	59,426	106	561	9,174	154	87	\$ 14,578,189	\$ 137,530	\$ 245
Oak Bay	18,207	22	828	1,331	73	61	\$ 2,657,763	\$ 120,807	\$ 146
Port Moody	26,690	34	785	1,818	68	53	\$ 4,341,998	\$ 127,706	\$ 163
Saanich	107,964	141	766	6,269	58	44	\$ 17,931,325	\$ 127,173	\$ 166
Vancouver ¹	569,814	1,124	507	73,282	129	65	\$ 160,952,896	\$ 143,197	\$ 282
Victoria ³	93,097	211	441	18,770	202	89	\$ 28,942,810	\$ 137,170	\$ 311
West Vancouver ¹	45,212	77	587	3,379	75	44	\$ 8,932,767	\$ 116,010	\$ 198
INDEPENDENTS TOTAL	1,174,419	2,052	572	138,770	118	68	\$282,942,141	\$ 137,886	\$ 241

APPENDIX A-1 FOOTNOTES

- ¹ Population figures also include First Nations Reserve populations.
- ² Authorized p□
B.C. Police Academy, OCABC), as reported to Police Services for calendar year 2003.
- ³ The Esquimalt and Victoria police departments amalgamated on January 1, 2003.
- ⁴ Total Costs ref□
For the municipalities policed by the RCMP, Total Costs include the municipality's share of RCMP contract costs plus those costs borne 100% by the municipality which are over and above the contract costs such as support staff and accommodation. If a municipality included the costs of Bylaw enforcement or victim services programs in their actual expenditures these have been excluded from Total Costs. Total Costs also do not include □
exists between jurisdictions with respect to the cost items that are included in their policing budgets.

APPENDIX A-1 DATA QUALIFIERS

1. Canada Census occurred in 2001. The population figures for 2003 contained in this report are estimates based on 2001 Census data. The population in □
RCMP is in. One municipality, Sooke, exceeded 5,000 population in the 2001 Census and became responsible for its policing services in April 2002. One municipality, Salmon Arm, exceeded 15,000 population in the 2001 Census and moved from the 5,000 to 15,000 category to the over 15,000 population category. One municipality, Prince Rupert, moved from the over 15,000 category to the 5,000 to 15,000 category and one municipality, Port Hardy, moved below the 5,000 to 15,000 category and is no longer responsible for its policing services: it has reverted to a solely Provincial policing jurisdiction.
2. Population figures reflect the "resident" or "late night" population of a jurisdiction or municipality, rather than the number of people who spend some part of □
residents", i.e., □
3. Authorized police strength is based on the authorized police strength as of December 31, 2003. The authorized strength of the RCMP is obtained from RCMP "E" Division Headquarters. The authorized strength of the independent jurisdictions is collected annually from each department.
4. The offence data contained in this report have been recorded by the police on the Uniform Crime Reporting Survey (UCR). Offences are scored according to the UCR Scoring Rules. If a single criminal incident contains a number of violations of the law, then only the most serious one is recorded for UCR purposes. However, with the exception of robbery offences where one incident with multiple victims is scored as one offence, police record one offence for every victim of a "violent" crime, e.g. homicide, attempted murder, sexual and non-sexual assault, and abduction. Total CC Offences represents only those offences reported to, or discovered by police which, upon preliminary investigation, have been deemed □
conducted, informations sworn or convictions obtained.
5. CCC Offences include Criminal Code-Property, Person and Other offences. Criminal Code-Property offences include break and enters, motor vehicle thefts, theft over and less than \$5000, fraud, and possession of stolen property. Criminal Code-Person offences include violent crimes such as homicides, attempted murder, sexual and non sexual assaults, robbery and abduction. Criminal Code-Other offences include prostitution, gaming and betting, possession of offensive weapons, as well as arson, bail violations, disturb the peace, and mischief and property damage (vandalism). Criminal Code-Traffic offences are not included in CCC offences.

APPENDIX A-1 DATA QUALIFIERS

6. Crime rate is defined as the number of Criminal Code offences (Excluding Traffic) per 1,000 population. It is based on the number of crimes occurring with:
 - "part time" residents
 - in which
7. Many municipalities exhibit what is commonly referred to as the "core city syndrome". These cities are surrounded by urban or unincorporated areas which have substantial residential populations. As a result, the crime rates would be lower for the combined populated areas than for those municipalities by themselves.
8. Criminal Code Case Burden is defined as the number of Criminal Code offences (Excluding Traffic) per authorized police strength. The total number of Criminal Code offences and the authorized police strength as of December 31, 2003 are used to calculate case burden.
9. Comparisons between the case burdens of independent municipal forces and RCMP municipal forces may be erroneous due to differences in the organizational structures of the RCMP and independent municipal forces. The RCMP municipal forces may have a relatively lower sworn strength because of the administrative support provided by "E" Division Headquarters.
10. Population force. A number of other factors, such as size, accessibility of the area to be policed, and traffic volume are also taken into consideration. Case burdens and crime rates also do not reflect the time spent by police providing general assistance to the public, or participating in crime prevention programs, or enforcing traffic laws.
11. Summary data and statistics for the independent and RCMP municipal Forces are shown as the last line of each Table. The Criminal Code case burden

Appendix A-2: Contribution to Policing by Level of Government, 2003

Type of Force	Police Strength	Population Policed	Total Police Costs Paid By:			
			Mun Govt	Prov Govt	Fed Govt	Total
11 INDEPENDENT FORCES						
Subtotal	2,052	1,174,419	\$282,942,141	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$282,942,141
RCMP MUNICIPAL FORCES						
27 Forces Over 15,000 ¹	2,326	1,966,631	\$284,077,802	\$ 0	\$ 24,147,876	\$308,225,678
32 Forces 5,000 - 15,000 ¹	427	314,100	\$ 41,760,667	\$ 411,669	\$ 13,016,714	\$ 55,189,050
Subtotal	2,753	2,280,731	\$325,838,469	\$ 411,669	\$ 37,164,590	\$363,414,728
RCMP PROVINCIAL FORCE						
84 Muns under 5,000 Population		173,951	\$ 0	\$176,201,303	\$ 77,659,297	\$253,860,600
Unincorporated Areas		514,320	\$ Partial ²	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Subtotal	1,708	688,271	\$ 0	\$176,201,303	\$ 77,659,297	\$253,860,600
FIRST NATIONS ADMINISTERED POLICE SERVICES³						
Subtotal	13	3,159	\$ 0	\$ 589,511	\$ 638,637	\$ 1,228,148
BRITISH COLUMBIA	6,526	4,146,580	\$608,780,610	\$177,202,483	\$115,462,524	\$901,445,617

APPENDIX A-2 FOOTNOTES

- ¹ Municipalities policed by the RCMP are categorized into two groups according to their population: 5,000 to 15,000 or over 15,000 population. Population figures shown are estimates based on the results of the 2001 Canada Census.
- ² The unincorporated areas of the province make no direct contribution towards their policing services. However, the rural property tax levy collected from residents serves to offset, to some degree, the cost of policing rural communities.
- ³ The three First Nations Administered Police Services — Kitasoo-Xaixais, Stl'atl'imx, and Ditidaht — were opened in 1999. Each of these police services are autonomous and independent of the RCMP. Their costs are shared jointly between the Federal (52%) and Provincial (48%) governments.

APPENDIX A-2 DATA QUALIFIERS

1. All expenditure figures shown above for the Federal and Provincial governments represent estimated costs paid in fiscal year 2003/2004. The expenditure figures for municipalities with independent and RCMP municipal forces represent estimated costs paid by them in calendar year 2003. **Federal and provincial government contributions are preliminary, pending a final reconciliation of RCMP municipal and provincial force contract costs.**
2. Expenditure figures for the 59 municipalities with RCMP municipal forces include both the contract costs, and those costs paid by the municipality which are over and above the contract costs (for example, support staff salaries and benefits, and accommodation costs). These figures exclude Bylaw enforcement and victim services program costs where municipalities have this in their policing budget. The Federal government contributions to policing include their share of municipal and provincial policing costs. These figures only represent their share of the contract costs, and exclude costs borne by the Federal government which are over and above the contract costs. These figures also exclude the costs to Canada for Federal Force members operating in B.C. **Federal government contributions are preliminary, pending a final reconciliation of RCMP municipal and provincial contract costs.**
3. Canada Census occurred in 2001. The population figures contained in this report are estimates based on these Census data. The population in the □ is in. One municipality, Sooke, exceeded 5,000 population in the 2001 Canada Census and became responsible for its policing services in 2002. Sooke received a Local Government Restructure Grant for Policing totalling \$411,669 in 2003 from the provincial government. Since this amo□ 15,000 category. One municipality, Salmon Arm, exceeded 15,000 population in the 2001 Canada Census and moved from the 5,000 to 15,000 category to the over 15,000 category. Another municipality, Prince Rupert, moved from the over 15,000 category to the 5,000 to 15,000 category as a result of Canada Census.
4. In 2003/2004, under RCMP Policing Agreements, municipalities over 15,000 population were paying 90% of their contract policing costs, and mun□ provincial policing costs. For the 3 First Nations Administered Police Services, the Province pays 48% and the Federal government pays 52% of the total policing costs.

Appendix A-3: British Columbia Police Strength, 1994–2003

Responsibility	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
RCMP DIVISION ADMINISTRATION										
TOTAL ¹	140	142	130	122	140	143	148	154	140	136
RCMP FEDERAL FORCE										
Federal Criminal Law ²	619	613	608	615	614	636	636	653	699	725
First Nations Policing Program ³	69	69	67	69	71	71	71	71	71	72
International Airports ⁴	66	65	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective Policing ⁵	78	68	65	67	63	63	57	57	105	102
TOTAL	832	815	805	751	748	770	764	781	875	899
RCMP PROVINCIAL FORCE										
Provincial Force Headquarters ⁶	183	200	238	243	255	250	250	250	251	276
District Headquarters ⁷	322	310	315	369	352	352	349	351	354	355
Provincial Detachments ^{8,10}										
General Duty & General Investigations	662	663	672	684	695	694	697	695	694	709
Specialized Functions	48	49	25	27	27	29	29	30	31	31
Subtotal	710	712	697	711	722	723	726	725	725	740
Traffic Enforcement ⁹	290	331	361	362	364	368	368	368	364	337
TOTAL ¹⁰	1,505	1,553	1,611	1,685	1,693	1,693	1,693	1,694	1,694	1,708
RCMP MUNICIPAL FORCES										
TOTAL ^{10,11}	2,306	2,371	2,441	2,538	2,594	2,628	2,669	2,677	2,714	2,753
INDEPENDENT MUNICIPAL FORCES										
TOTAL ¹¹	1,959	1,940	1,947	1,962	2,035	2,024	1,972	2,016	2,020	2,052
FIRST NATIONS ADMINISTERED POLICE										
TOTAL ¹²	9	10	15	17	18	18	13	13	14	13
BRITISH COLUMBIA	6,751	6,831	6,949	7,075	7,228	7,276	7,259	7,335	7,457	7,561

APPENDIX A-3 FOOTNOTES

¹ In 2003 the strength of RCMP Division Administration decreased by four positions in the staffing and personnel areas. In 2002 the strength of RCMP Division Administration decreased by fourteen positions. Nineteen Firearms Registration positions ended and five positions were added in planning, staffing and other administration. In 2001 the strength of RCMP Division Administration increased by six positions. One position was added for overall administration; three positions were added in Human Resources, Health Services and Staff Relations, and two were added in Informatics. In 2000 the strength of RCMP Division Administration increased by five positions. Three positions were added for the BC Policing Study, one position was added for firearms registration and one position was added to the Informatics Field Support section. In 1999 the strength of RCMP Division Administration increased by three positions. In departmental administration three lawyers ("Appropriate Officer Representatives") were added; there was also a net increase of two positions dedicated to firearms registration. However, division administration lost two fitness and lifestyle advisory positions, cancelling out the two firearms registration positions. In 1998 the strength of RCMP Division Administration was increased by eighteen positions: sixteen firearms registration positions and three other administrative positions were added to departmental administration; one position was decreased in the staffing and personnel services area. In 1997 the strength of RCMP Division Administration was decreased by eight positions in the areas of internal affairs, staffing and departmental administration. In 1996 the strength was increased by seven positions in the areas of financial services and internal investigations.

² In 2003 a total of twenty-six positions were added to Federal Criminal Law. There were six new positions for IBET (International Border Entry Integrity), three new positions for INSET (Integrated National Security Enforcement Team), three new marine security positions, twelve new drug enforcement fraud investigation positions, three new positions for IBET (International Border Entry Integrity) and twenty-six were added to INSET (Integrated National Security Enforcement Team). In 2001 the strength of Federal Criminal Law increased by twenty-two positions. Eleven positions were added to "E" Division's criminal analysis section, three positions were added in federal protection intelligence support, five positions were added in the Vancouver criminal intelligence section, and three positions were added in the areas of drug enforcement and awareness, and proceeds of crime enforcement. In 1996 the strength was decreased by five positions in the area of immigration services. In 1994 the strength was increased by three positions assigned to the proceeds of crime section.

APPENDIX A-3 FOOTNOTES CONTINUED

- ³ In 1993 and 1994 the strength of the RCMP First Nations Policing Program increased each year by eleven positions to provide Aboriginal Community Constables (ACCP) and First Nations Community Policing Services (FNCPS). The Aboriginal Community Constables were known as Indian Special Constables before 1993. In 2001 there were thirty-two ACCP and thirty-nine FNCPS positions.
- ⁴ In 1997 the strength of International Airports was decreased by 65 positions as a result of Richmond Municipal Detachment assuming policing responsibility for Vancouver International Airport from the RCMP Federal Force. In 1994 the strength of International Airports was decreased by twelve positions — eight at Vancouver International Airport and four at Victoria International Airport. In 1993 the strength of International Airports was decreased by six positions as a result of Federal Treasury Board policy directives.
- ⁵ In 2002 the strength of Protective Policing was increased by forty-eight positions. Thirty-nine positions were added to Protective Operations, six positions in Technological Crime and three positions in other security units. In 2000 the strength of Protective Policing decreased by six positions. Three positions in Security Systems Education and six in Departmental Security were lost; these nine positions were offset by an increase of three departmental services. In 1993 the strength of Protective Policing was decreased by twelve positions as a result of Treasury Board policy directives.
- ⁶ Provincial Force smuggling unit, unsolved homicide unit, etc. In 2003 there was an increase of twenty-five positions in this category. Six positions for illegal gaming crime and criminal investigations. In 1999, there was a decrease of five positions in the Security Frauds Investigations office. In 1998, there was an increase of twelve positions: six for the auto theft task force, five in operational support and one for Substance Abuse Education. In 1997, there was a net increase of five positions. There were increases of twelve positions in Anti-Tobacco Smuggling, two Proceeds of Crime, three Criminal Intelligence and six Technical Services positions, but decreases of four Telecommunications and fourteen Operational Support positions. In 1993, four were for Liquor Act enforcement, and most of the balance were for operational support.
- ⁷ In 1997 the RCMP restructured its eight subdivisions into four districts known as Island, North, Southwest, and Southeast. Each District Headquarters There was a decrease of thirty-three positions in operational support: these were District, Section, and Co-ordinator positions. There were increases of seven investigation there was a net increase of fifty-four positions at District Headquarters. There was an increase of thirty-three positions at Communications Centres and twenty positions in operational support due to restructuring of subdivisions into districts. There was an increase of four other positions in intelligence and other support services. There was a decrease of three positions in investigation and identification services at the District level. In 1996 there was a net increase of five positions assigned to subdivision Headquarters. There were increases of four positions in telecommunications, two in identification and three in dog squads, and decreases of one position in operational support and three in marine services.
- ⁸ Provincial Force the Province. Provincial Force Detachments are usually named after a municipality; however, if a municipality is under 5,000 population the detachment population, the Provincial Force Detachment polices only the surrounding or unincorporated area. The specialized functions at Provincial Force Detachments include sworn members assigned to specialized police services at the community level, i.e. forensic identification, crime prevention, victim services, and police dogs. In 1996, as a result of changes in reporting responsibility, twenty-five positions assigned to community service (specialized) functions were transferred from Provincial Force Detachments to District Headquarters.
- ⁹ In 2003 the strength for Traffic Enforcement decreased by twenty-seven positions as photo radar positions were redeployed. In 1999 the strength for Traffic Enforcement was increased by five photo radar positions and decreased by one traffic services position at "E" Division. Therefore, there was a net increase of four positions in dedicated traffic enforcement. In 1998 the strength for Traffic Enforcement was increased by two photo radar positions. In 1997 there was a net increase in the strength for Traffic Enforcement of one position (net decrease of one Highway Patrol and increase of two Traffic NCO/Analyst positions). In 1996 the strength for Traffic enforcement was increased by forty-two Photo Radar and two Highway Patrol positions at detachments, but decreased by ten Traffic NCO and Analyst positions and four Highway Patrol positions not reportable to detachments, for a net gain of thirty positions. In 1995, Traffic enforcement strength increased by forty-one positions as a result of the Photo Radar Project.
- ¹⁰ In , and Revelstoke — exceeded 5,000 population. The 1986 Canada Census indicated that the Municipality of Colwood was also over 5,000 population. Since their populations were officially over 5,000 persons, these municipalities pursuant to the Police Act and Municipal Act became responsible for their police services. Instead of contracting for RCMP Municipal police services, it was agreed that the Provincial Force would "extend" police Provincial Force police services they received. In 1992 seven of these municipalities contracted for RCMP Municipal police services; the eight municipality, Fernie, entered into an RCMP Municipal contract in 1994. In 1997 Fernie reverted to a provincial policing jurisdiction based on the result Spallumcheen, and Whistler — exceeded 5,000 population in the 1996 Census, however, and became responsible for their policing services in 1997. Sooke results of the 2001 Canada Census.

APPENDIX A-3 FOOTNOTES CONTINUED

¹¹ In British Columbia a municipality under the Police Act and Municipal Act becomes responsible for its police services when the Canada Census indicates its □
fifty-nine municipalities which contracted with the RCMP for municipal police services.

¹² In 2002 there were three First Nations Administered Police Services: Stl'atl'imx Tribal Police; Kitasoo-Xaixais Public Safety Department; and Dididaht First Nation Public Safety and Policing Service. In 2000 the Tsewultun Police Service ceased operations, as a result their authorized strength is not included in this report. First Nation Policing Services are autonomous and independent of the RCMP.

APPENDIX A-3 DATA QUALIFIERS

1. The police strength of the RCMP is obtained from the PARADE/HRMIS Reports, and is based on the authorized strength as of December 31st of each calendar year. Authorized strength includes all sworn members and sworn civilian members. Police strength for the RCMP forces does not include non-sworn civilian support staff, bylaw enforcement officers, or RCMP Auxiliary Police.

2. The poli□
strength as of December 31st of each calendar year. Police strength for the Independent Forces does not include non-sworn civilian support staff, bylaw enforcement officers or reserve police officers.

Appendix A-4: Municipal and Provincial Police Strength, 1994–2003

Policing Jurisdiction	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Abbotsford Mun ¹	130	127	127	132	137	138	143	148	153	158
Agassiz Prov	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11
Alert Bay Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Alexis Creek Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Anahim Lake Prov	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Armstrong Prov	6	6	6	3	6	6	6	6	6	6
Ashcroft Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Atlin Prov	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Barriere Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Bella Bella Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	5
Bella Coola Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Boston Bar Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Boundary Prov ¹	10	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Bowen Island Prov	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Burnaby Mun	225	229	229	237	241	241	241	241	241	241
Burns Lake Prov	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Campbell River Mun	34	34	39	39	39	39	39	39	40	40
Campbell River Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Castlegar Mun	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11
Castlegar Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Central Saanich Mun	19	19	20	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Chase Prov	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Chetwynd Prov	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Chilliwack Mun	69	69	77	79	83	83	87	87	87	91
Chilliwack Prov	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Clearwater Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Clinton Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Coldstream Mun	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Columbia Valley Prov ¹	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Colwood Mun	11	12	13	14	14	15	15	15	15	15
Comox Mun	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Comox Valley Prov	15	15	15	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Coquitlam Mun	90	93	98	104	109	111	111	111	113	117
Coquitlam Prov	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Courtenay Mun	20	22	23	23	23	25	25	25	24	25
Cranbrook Mun	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Cranbrook Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Creston Prov	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	12
Dawson Creek Mun	20	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Dawson Creek Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
Dease Lake Prov	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Delta Mun	132	132	138	138	138	138	138	143	139	141
Duncan Prov	20	20	20	21	20	20	20	20	20	20
Elk Valley Prov ¹	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Enderby Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Falkland Prov	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fort Nelson Prov	9	9	9	9	10	10	12	12	12	13
Fort St. James Prov ¹	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11
Fort St. John Mun	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Fort St. John Prov	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fraser Lake Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Gabriola Island Prov	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Golden Prov ¹	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Granisle Prov	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hope Mun ¹	—	—	—	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Hope Prov	13	13	13	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Houston Prov	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Hudsons Hope Prov	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Kamloops Mun	97	99	99	99	99	101	104	104	104	104
Kaslo Prov	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Kelowna Mun	100	106	110	114	116	118	121	121	121	121
Kelowna Prov	21	22	24	26	27	27	27	27	27	28
Kimberley Mun	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9
Kimberley Prov	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Kitimat Mun	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Kitimat Prov	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ladysmith Mun ¹	—	—	—	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Ladysmith Prov	9	9	9	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Lake Country Mun ¹	—	—	—	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Lake Cowichan Prov	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8

Appendix A-4: Municipal and Provincial Police Strength, 1994–2003

Policing Jurisdiction	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Langford Mun	21	22	22	23	23	23	23	24	24	24
Langley City Mun	37	38	38	39	39	41	42	42	43	41
Langley Township Mun	69	74	80	96	101	107	110	113	114	114
Lillooet Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Lisims-Nass Valley Prov	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Logan Lake Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Lumby Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Lytton Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Mackenzie Mun	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Mackenzie Prov ¹	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Maple Ridge Mun	64	66	66	66	66	66	66	68	68	72
Masset Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6
McBride Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Merritt Mun	10	10	10	10	11	11	12	12	12	13
Merritt Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Mission Mun	38	40	42	42	43	45	45	45	45	46
Mission Prov	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
Nakusp Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Nanaimo Mun	92	101	104	107	107	107	111	111	111	112
Nanaimo Prov	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
Nelson City Mun	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Nelson Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
New Hazelton Prov	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
New Westminster Mun	104	103	101	103	105	110	111	106	106	106
Nootka Sound Prov ¹	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	5	5
North Cowichan Mun	22	23	23	25	25	26	27	27	27	27
North Saanich Mun	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9
North Vancouver City Mun	59	59	59	59	62	62	62	62	62	62
North Vancouver District Mun	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	91	91	91
North Vancouver Prov ²	—	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Oak Bay Mun	22	22	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Oceanside Prov	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	11	12
One Hundred Mile House Prov	11	11	11	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Outer Gulf Islands Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Parksville Mun	11	11	11	12	12	13	13	13	13	13
Pemberton Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Penticton Mun	35	36	36	36	36	36	38	38	38	38
Penticton Prov	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Pitt Meadows Mun	14	15	15	16	19	19	19	17	17	18
Port Alberni Mun	30	30	30	33	33	33	33	33	34	34
Port Alberni Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Port Alice Prov	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Port Coquitlam Mun	43	45	45	46	48	49	49	49	50	52
Port Hardy Prov ¹	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Port McNeill Prov	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Port Moody Mun	31	31	32	32	30	31	30	30	32	34
Powell River Mun	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Powell River Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Prince George Mun	117	117	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121
Prince George Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Prince Rupert Mun	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Prince Rupert Prov	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Princeton Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Quadra Island Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Qualicum Beach Mun	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Queen Charlotte City Prov	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Quesnel Mun	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	19
Quesnel Prov	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9
Revelstoke Mun	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Revelstoke Prov	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Richmond Mun	150	157	170	170	179	179	189	189	189	190
Ridge Meadows Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Saanich Mun	132	132	132	132	133	133	136	138	141	141
Salmo Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Salmon Arm Mun	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	16	16
Salmon Arm Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Saltspring Island Prov	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Sayward Prov	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sechelt Mun	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	10
Shawnigan Lake Prov	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Appendix A-4: Municipal and Provincial Police Strength, 1994–2003

Policing Jurisdiction	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Sicamous Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Sidney Mun	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Sidney Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Slocan Lake Prov	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Smithers Mun	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Smithers Prov	7	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Sooke Mun ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	5
Sooke Prov	12	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	10	9
South Okanagan Prov ¹	19	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	20	20
Spallumcheen Mun ¹	—	—	—	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Squamish Mun	21	23	24	24	25	25	25	25	25	25
Squamish Prov	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Stewart Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Summerland Mun	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
Sunshine Coast Prov ¹	15	15	15	17	18	18	18	18	18	17
Surrey Mun	324	336	348	358	368	378	382	386	416	432
Surrey Prov	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
T'Kumlups Prov	3	3	3	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Takla Landing Prov ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1
Terrace Mun	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Terrace Prov	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Texada Island Prov	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tofino Prov	3	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Trail Mun	14	14	14	13	13	12	12	12	12	12
Trail and District Prov ¹	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	10
Tsay Keh Dene Prov ¹	—	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tumbler Ridge Prov	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Ucluelet Prov	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
University Prov	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	15
Valemount Prov	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Vancouver Mun	1,089	1,084	1,084	1,084	1,149	1,130	1,066	1,096	1,096	1,124
Vanderhoof Prov	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Vernon Mun	36	36	40	39	39	39	39	39	40	43
Vernon Prov	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Victoria Mun ¹	195	198	200	206	206	207	211	218	216	211
View Royal Mun	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Wells Prov	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
West Shore Prov	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
West Vancouver Mun	76	75	75	75	77	77	77	77	77	77
Whistler Mun ¹	—	—	—	14	17	19	21	21	22	22
Whistler Prov	12	12	12	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
White Rock Mun	21	21	21	21	22	23	23	23	23	23
Williams Lake Mun	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Williams Lake Prov	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Appendix A-5: Police Case Burden, 2003

RCMP MUNICIPAL POLICING JURISDICTIONS OVER 15,000 POPULATION

Policing Jurisdiction	Population	Police Strength	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden
Burnaby Mun	205,261	241	25,292	123	105
Campbell River Mun	29,617	40	5,536	187	138
Chilliwack Mun ²	68,699	91	12,765	186	140
Coquitlam Mun ²	122,712	117	13,766	112	118
Courtenay Mun	20,340	25	4,887	240	195
Cranbrook Mun	19,327	24	2,981	154	124
Fort St. John Mun	16,730	25	4,198	251	168
Kamloops Mun	80,416	104	14,174	176	136
Kelowna Mun	103,421	121	14,603	141	121
Langford Mun	20,292	24	2,458	121	102
Langley City Mun	24,577	41	5,187	211	127
Langley Township Mun ²	91,893	114	11,569	126	101
Maple Ridge Mun ²	71,640	72	8,998	126	125
Mission Mun	32,894	46	5,794	176	126
Nanaimo Mun ²	76,991	112	13,085	170	117
North Cowichan Mun	27,368	27	2,761	101	102
North Vancouver City Mun ²	48,493	62	5,241	108	85
North Vancouver District Mun ²	87,160	91	5,626	65	62
Penticton Mun	32,519	38	6,058	186	159
Port Alberni Mun	18,235	34	3,392	186	100
Port Coquitlam Mun ²	57,313	52	6,389	111	123
Prince George Mun	75,609	121	15,472	205	128
Richmond Mun	174,201	190	14,705	84	77
Salmon Arm Mun ²	16,166	16	1,685	104	105
Surrey Mun	390,145	432	50,414	129	117
Vernon Mun	35,073	43	6,360	181	148
White Rock Mun	19,539	23	1,924	98	84
Subtotal	1,966,631	2,326	265,320	135	114

RCMP MUNICIPAL POLICING JURISDICTIONS BETWEEN 5,000 AND 15,000 POPULATION

Policing Jurisdiction	Population	Police Strength	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden
Castlegar Mun	7,168	11	1,036	145	94
Coldstream Mun	9,685	6	476	49	79
Colwood Mun	14,437	15	1,182	82	79
Comox Mun	11,937	9	845	71	94
Dawson Creek Mun	11,024	21	2,012	183	96
Hope Mun	6,431	12	1,653	257	138
Kimberley Mun	6,710	9	645	96	72
Kitimat Mun	10,432	15	814	78	54
Ladysmith Mun	6,972	7	660	95	94
Lake Country Mun	9,785	8	657	67	82
Mackenzie Mun	5,316	8	519	98	65
Merritt Mun	7,318	13	1,355	185	104
North Saanich Mun	10,923	9	458	42	51
Parksville Mun	10,932	13	1,480	135	114
Pitt Meadows Mun	16,148	18	1,477	91	82
Powell River Mun	13,407	18	1,932	144	107
Prince Rupert Mun	14,760	36	2,924	198	81
Qualicum Beach Mun	7,294	6	541	74	90
Quesnel Mun	10,198	19	2,649	260	139
Revelstoke Mun	7,782	11	655	84	60
Sechelt Mun	8,281	10	859	104	86
Sidney Mun	11,372	13	617	54	47
Smithers Mun	5,513	9	1,620	294	180
Sooke Mun	9,305	5	985	106	197
Spallumcheen Mun	5,339	3	212	40	71
Squamish Mun ²	15,142	25	3,313	219	133
Summerland Mun	11,179	8	918	82	115
Terrace Mun	12,373	25	2,355	190	94
Trail Mun	8,167	12	967	118	81
View Royal Mun	7,868	8	600	76	75
Whistler Mun	9,480	22	2,306	243	105
Williams Lake Mun	11,422	23	2,826	247	123
Subtotal	314,100	427	41,548	132	97

Appendix A-5: Police Case Burden, 2003

INDEPENDENT MUNICIPAL FORCES

Policing Jurisdiction	Population	Police Strength	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden
Abbotsford Mun	127,712	158	15,271	120	97
Central Saanich Mun	16,091	21	737	46	35
Delta Mun ²	100,576	141	7,178	71	51
Nelson City Mun	9,630	17	1,561	162	92
New Westminster Mun	59,426	106	9,174	154	87
Oak Bay Mun	18,207	22	1,331	73	61
Port Moody Mun ²	26,690	34	1,818	68	53
Saanich Mun	107,964	141	6,269	58	44
Vancouver Mun ²	569,814	1,124	73,282	129	65
Victoria Mun ¹	93,097	211	18,770	202	89
West Vancouver Mun ²	45,212	77	3,379	75	44
Subtotal	1,174,419	2,052	138,770	118	68

JURISDICTIONS POLICED BY THE RCMP PROVINCIAL FORCE

Policing Jurisdiction	Population	Police Strength	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden
Agassiz Prov	8,594	11	1,330	155	121
Alert Bay Prov	1,599	3	200	125	67
Alexis Creek Prov	1,957	4	300	153	75
Anahim Lake Prov	1,066	4	428	402	107
Armstrong Prov	5,028	6	440	88	73
Ashcroft Prov	4,048	5	482	119	96
Atlin Prov	596	3	67	112	22
Barriere Prov	4,029	3	221	55	74
Bella Bella Prov	1,471	5	979	666	196
Bella Coola Prov	2,378	3	384	161	128
Boston Bar Prov	864	3	171	198	57
Boundary Prov ¹	12,401	12	851	69	71
Bowen Island Prov	3,260	2	130	40	65
Burns Lake Prov	7,116	8	1,186	167	148
Campbell River Prov	5,116	7	563	110	80
Castlegar Prov	6,803	4	272	40	68
Chase Prov	8,774	8	886	101	111
Chetwynd Prov	5,549	9	824	148	92
Chilliwack Prov	4,726	7	745	158	106
Clearwater Prov	5,499	5	428	78	86
Clinton Prov	2,244	4	228	102	57
Columbia Valley Prov	9,479	10	1,075	113	108
Comox Valley Prov	26,244	17	2,098	80	123
Coquitlam Prov	2,227	3	122	55	41
Cranbrook Prov	6,728	4	347	52	87
Creston Prov	13,614	12	1,398	103	117
Dawson Creek Prov	7,737	3	281	36	94
Dease Lake Prov	1,385	6	359	259	60
Duncan Prov	13,215	20	2,538	192	127
Elk Valley Prov ¹	14,596	18	1,405	96	78
Enderby Prov	7,034	7	770	109	110
Falkland Prov	3,245	3	208	64	69
Fort Nelson Prov	6,066	13	1,159	191	89
Fort St. James Prov	4,781	11	1,211	253	110
Fort St. John Prov	12,478	8	753	60	94
Fraser Lake Prov	3,467	5	249	72	50
Gabriola Island Prov	3,789	3	154	41	51
Golden Prov	7,573	8	947	125	118
Granisle Prov	528	2	111	210	56
Hope Prov	1,312	3	259	197	86
Houston Prov	4,588	6	384	84	64
Hudsons Hope Prov	1,508	3	114	76	38
Kaslo Prov	2,205	3	180	82	60
Kelowna Prov	44,616	28	3,625	81	129
Kimberley Prov	2,493	2	131	53	66
Kitimat Prov	546	2	62	114	31
Ladysmith Prov	5,819	5	451	78	90
Lake Cowichan Prov	6,037	8	763	126	95
Lillooet Prov	3,671	7	569	155	81
Lisims-Nass Valley Prov	1,822	4	496	272	124
Logan Lake Prov	2,816	3	243	86	81
Lumby Prov	4,964	5	452	91	90

Appendix A-5: Police Case Burden, 2003

JURISDICTIONS POLICED BY THE RCMP PROVINCIAL FORCE

Policing Jurisdiction	Population	Police Strength	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden
Lytton Prov	2,175	4	253	116	63
Mackenzie Prov	232	2	88	379	44
Masset Prov	2,361	6	649	275	108
McBride Prov	2,165	3	140	65	47
Merritt Prov	3,675	4	294	80	74
Mission Prov	5,033	5	597	119	119
Nakusp Prov	3,909	4	292	75	73
Nanaimo Prov	13,355	5	925	69	185
Nelson Prov	11,179	7	523	47	75
New Hazelton Prov	6,332	10	1,283	203	128
Nootka Sound Prov	2,330	5	332	142	66
North Vancouver Prov ⁴	5	2	258	—	129
Oceanside Prov	22,502	12	1,675	74	140
One Hundred Mile House Prov	13,414	13	1,168	87	90
Outer Gulf Islands Prov	4,456	4	217	49	54
Pemberton Prov	3,620	5	352	97	70
Penticton Prov	10,931	6	778	71	130
Port Alberni Prov	8,315	7	592	71	85
Port Alice Prov	1,152	2	98	85	49
Port Hardy Prov	5,956	12	991	166	83
Port McNeill Prov	5,020	6	491	98	82
Powell River Prov	5,536	4	533	96	133
Prince George Prov	14,009	7	554	40	79
Prince Rupert Prov	2,164	4	307	142	77
Princeton Prov	5,097	7	601	118	86
Quadra Island Prov	3,708	4	155	42	39
Queen Charlotte City Prov	2,726	5	366	134	73
Quesnel Prov	14,482	9	1,015	70	113
Revelstoke Prov	704	2	73	104	37
Ridge Meadows Prov ⁴	10	3	98	—	33
Salmo Prov	2,563	4	220	86	55
Salmon Arm Prov	7,462	5	311	42	62
Saltspring Island Prov	9,849	7	517	52	74
Sayward Prov	884	3	106	120	35
Shawnigan Lake Prov	15,953	10	856	54	86
Sicamous Prov	4,380	5	553	126	111
Sidney Prov	2,997	3	215	72	72
Slocan Lake Prov	3,243	3	100	31	33
Smithers Prov	8,059	6	661	82	110
Sooke Prov	4,165	9	345	83	38
South Okanagan Prov ¹	20,489	20	2,155	105	108
Squamish Prov	2,084	3	331	159	110
Stewart Prov	787	3	58	74	19
Sunshine Coast Prov ¹	18,770	17	1,403	75	83
Surrey Prov	800	1	122	153	122
T'Kumlups Prov	6,605	6	752	114	125
Takla Landing Prov	198	1	191	965	191
Terrace Prov	8,269	7	607	73	87
Texada Island Prov	1,180	2	93	79	47
Tofino Prov	2,664	5	562	211	112
Trail and District Prov	11,595	10	696	60	70
Tsay Keh Dene Prov	407	2	259	636	130
Tumbler Ridge Prov	2,459	4	344	140	86
Ucluelet Prov	2,234	4	308	138	77
University Prov	8,218	15	1,521	185	101
Valemount Prov	1,914	3	308	161	103
Vanderhoof Prov	8,506	9	944	111	105
Vernon Prov	10,868	8	795	73	99
Wells Prov	425	2	30	71	15
West Shore Prov	9,108	5	496	54	99
Whistler Prov	296	1	74	250	74
Williams Lake Prov	14,586	9	595	41	66
Subtotal	688,271	709	66,255	96	93

Appendix A-5: Police Case Burden, 2003

JURISDICTIONS POLICED BY FIRST NATIONS ADMINISTERED POLICE SERVICES⁵

Policing Jurisdiction	Population	Police Strength	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden
Ditidaht FNAPS	194	1	38	196	38
Kitasoo-Xai'xais FNAPS	310	3	82	265	27
Stl'atl'imx FNAPS	2,655	9	521	196	58
Subtotal	3,159	13	641	203	49

POLICING JURISDICTION SUMMARY	Population	Police Strength	CCC Offences	Crime Rate	Case Burden
RCMP MUNICIPAL FORCES					
Over 15,000 Population	1,966,631	2,326	265,320	135	114
Between 5,000 and 15,000 Population	314,100	427	41,548	132	97
Subtotal	2,280,731	2,753	306,868	135	111
INDEPENDENT MUNICIPAL FORCES					
Subtotal	1,174,419	2,052	138,770	118	68
JURISDICTIONS POLICED BY THE RCMP PROVINCIAL FORCE					
Subtotal	688,271	709	66,255	96	93
FIRST NATIONS ADMINISTERED POLICE SERVICES⁵					
Subtotal	3,159	13	641	203	49
POLICING JURISDICTIONS TOTAL⁶	4,146,580	5,527	512,534	124	93

APPENDIX A-4 AND A-5 FOOTNOTES

¹ The following □
Canada Census results. Where jurisdictions have been amalgamated or restructured, the data shown reflect the total reporting for both the present jurisdiction □

In 1995, the Abbotsford Municipal RCMP detachment and the Matsqui Police Department were amalgamated into an Independent Municipal Force called the Abbotsford Police Department.

In 1996, as a result of Mackenzie RCMP Provincial detachment being restructured, Tsay Keh Dene RCMP Provincial detachment was opened.

In 1997, Field RCMP Provincial detachment was closed with Golden RCMP Provincial detachment assuming policing responsibilities for the area. In addition, five RCMP Municipal detachments were opened as a result of the 1996 Canada Census which showed their populations to be more than 5,000 persons: these municipalities were Spallumcheen, Lake Country, Hope, Whistler and Ladysmith.

In 1999, Radium Hot Springs RCMP Provincial detachment was closed with Columbia Valley RCMP Provincial detachment assuming policing responsibilities for the area. In 2000, as a result of Fort St. James RCMP Provincial detachment being restructured, Takla Landing RCMP Provincial detachment was opened.

In 2002, two amalgamations occurred: Rossland, Fruitvale and Trail RCMP Provincial detachments were amalgamated as Trail and Greater District RCMP Provincial detachment; and Tahsis and Gold River RCMP Provincial detachments were amalgamated as Nootka Sound RCMP Provincial detachment. In addition, one RCMP Municipal detachment was opened and one was closed as a result of the 2001 Canada Census: Sooke RCMP Municipal detachment with a population of more than 5,000 persons was opened while Port Hardy RCMP Municipal with a population of less than 5,000 persons was closed.

In 2003, one restructure and four amalgamations occurred: Fernie, Sparwood and Elkford RCMP Provincial detachments were restructured as Elk Valley RCMP Provincial detachment; Sechelt and Gibsons RCMP Provincial detachments were amalgamated as Sunshine Coast RCMP Provincial detachment; Grand Forks and Midway RCMP Provincial detachments were amalgamated as Boundary RCMP Provincial detachment; Keremeos, Oliver and Osoyoos RCMP Provincial detachments were amalgamated as South Okanagan RCMP Provincial detachment; and the Esquimalt Police Department (Independent Municipal Force) was amalgamated into the Victoria Police Department.

² Prior to 1995, data for North Vancouver provincial detachment is included in Bowen Island provincial detachment.

³ Population figures also include First Nations Reserve populations.

⁴ Provincial parks are located within the policing jurisdictions of North Vancouver Prov and Ridge Meadows Prov. The crime rates for both of these policing jurisdictions are inflated due to small residential populations and the relatively large amount of property crimes occurring within the parks. As a result, crime rates for these jurisdictions have not been calculated.

APPENDIX A-4 AND A-5 FOOTNOTES

- ⁵ The three First Nations Administered Police Services — Kitsoo-Xaixais, St'atl'imx, and Ditidaht — were opened in 1999. Each of these police services are autonomous and independent of the RCMP.
- ⁶ The Policing Jurisdictions CCC Offences Total does not include reporting by Canadian Pacific Railway Police, Canadian National Railway Police and other specialized units.

APPENDIX A-4 AND A-5 DATA QUALIFIERS

1. The Provincial Force
If a municipal
surrounding
2. The police department but does not include civilian members, support staff and bylaw enforcement officers. The police strength for provincial force jurisdictions assigned to specialized functions such as highway patrol or forensic identification.
3. The offence data contained in Appendix A5 have been recorded by the police according to the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Survey crime scoring rules (see rules).
4. The crime rate is defined as the number of Criminal Code offences (excluding traffic offences) per 1,000 population. Population figures are estimates based on the results of the 2001 Canada Census. These figures reflect the "resident" population of a jurisdiction and exclude commuters, students, tourists and other part-time residents. Municipal crime rates do not necessarily reflect the relative safety of one municipality over another usually surrounding and entertainment centres for many people who reside outside, as well as inside, the municipality. Core cities may also have a large "part-time" population relative to the resident population. Part-time residents include tourists, cottage or chalet owner, students and seasonal staff. If core cities expand considerably lower than the municipality itself. Similarly, if tourist destinations included part-time residents in their population base, their crime rates would be substantially lower.
5. The case burden is defined as the number of Criminal Code offences (excluding traffic offences) per authorized police strength. Because it represents the workload per officer in each policing jurisdiction, the case burden is a better indicator of the demand for police services than either population or crime rate. In Appendix A5, the total number of Criminal Code offences in 2003, and the authorized police strength as of 2003 and RCMP municipal forces may be erroneous due to differences in the organizational structures of the RCMP and independent municipal forces. The RCMP municipal forces may have a relatively lower sworn strength because of the administrative support provided by "E" Division Headquarters.
6. Case burden, also A number of other factors, such as size, accessibility of the area to be policed and traffic volume are also taken into consideration. Case burden and crime rate also do not reflect the amount of time spent by police providing general assistance to the public, participating in crime prevention programs, or enforcing traffic laws.