



State Fire Marshal News

Fall 1999 Issue

Safeguarding Ohio's future

**The Ohio
Department
of Commerce**

Fire Marshal's Office Provides Emergency Assistance

On July 15, 1999, the Roseville Volunteer Fire Department (VFD) responded to a fully involved fire at the Brush Creek Pottery Plant in Roseville, Ohio. Mutual aid was provided by 14 fire departments from Perry and Muskingum Counties. After battling the fire throughout the night, the Roseville VFD was faced with a depleted water supply and exhausted suppression personnel. One engine was out-of-service due to mechanical failure. Roseville VFD was also providing EMS coverage to their neighboring fire department in Crooksville, which had lost its EMS



State Fire Marshal dispatches Ohio Fire Academy Engine to assist in emergency situation.

unit that day because of damage caused by a traffic accident. Roseville and Crooksville together

cover six townships with fire and Emergency Medical Service.

A call went out for assistance in the form of apparatus and personnel. The State Fire Marshal, at the request of Roseville Chief Derrick Keylor, dispatched its Engine E-2 with a crew of four firefighter/EMTs to man the fire station and cover fire and EMS runs.

At 8 a.m. the next morning, engine E-2 arrived at the Roseville VFD carrying State Fire Marshal personnel Ken Johnson, Brad Beck,

Mark Lindsey and Bruce Dunbar. While on duty, they assisted local fire department and county officials with

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the unloading and dispensing of water to local residents and providing other assistance as needed.

At 3:20 p.m., the bells sounded in response to an explosion at an electrical substation. With that call, engine

E-2 responded with Roseville VFD Engine 1301. This event marked the first time that personnel and apparatus from the Office of State Fire Marshal responded off-site to a fire emergency. “We stand ready to

help,” said State Fire Marshal Robert Rielage.

At 5 p.m., engine E-2 and its crew of four successfully completed its assigned task of mutual aid to the Roseville Volunteer Fire Department.

August 8, 1999

*Ohio Department of Commerce
Division of State Fire Marshal
8895 East Main Street
Reynoldsburg OH 43068*

Director of Commerce & State Fire Marshal:

The Crooksville and Roseville Volunteer Fire Departments would like to express our sincere thanks to the Department of Commerce and the Ohio Fire Academy for your assistance provided to our communities during the emergency of the Brush Pottery Fire July 16, 1999. The Ohio Fire Academy firefighters and equipment provided a valuable assistance in allowing our volunteers to rest and repair broken equipment after a very devastating fire. The assistance prevented a breakdown of fire protection in our two communities. The Arson Bureau investigative team conducted themselves in a very professional manner and worked very hard alongside of our personnel to determine the cause and origin of the fire.

The assistance your office provided was a godsend, and we strongly recommended that you continue to provide such services to any Ohio community that has experienced a loss of equipment or manpower. If at any time our departments can be of assistance, please do not hesitate to call upon us.

*Sincerely,
FRED REDFREN,
Chief, Crooksville VFD*

*Sincerely,
DERRICK KEYLOR,
Chief, Roseville VFD*

National Firefighters Memorial



Events coincide with Fire Prevention Week

Ceremonies honoring firefighters who died over the previous year were held at the National Fire Academy on October 2-3. The events coincided with Fire Prevention Week. Activities for the families of the fallen firefighters included a seminar and a candle-lighting service. A private chapel service was held Sunday morning. Following the service, thousands of fire service personnel, family, friends and government officials joined together for the national public ceremony at the Memorial site. The ceremony featured tributes to the fallen firefighters and a message from the President of the United States. Flags flown over the United States Capitol and the Memorial were presented to the families of each firefighter honored. Sirens sounded at noon as the audience observed a moment of silence. At the conclusion of the ceremony, a plaque listing the name of each fallen firefighter was unveiled and dedicated.

On Friday, October 1, 1999, the flags at the Office of State Fire Marshal were lowered to half-staff and State Fire Marshal Robert Rielage placed a wreath in memory of those Ohio firefighters who made the supreme sacrifice by giving their lives in the performance of duty. Ohio's activities were centered around the Ohio Fallen Firefighters Memorial at the State Fire Academy. The memorial was dedicated in 1997.

Fire departments across Ohio and the nation were encouraged to join in a tribute on October 3rd. Activities included lowering flags to half-staff, sounding sirens at noon where appropriate and previously announced, and observing a moment of silence and reflection.

OHIO'S FALLEN FIREFIGHTERS 1998

*Stephen D. Carletti
Crooksville Fire Department
64-003*

*Robert J. O'Toole
Washington Township
57-007*

*David Paul Thiesen
Crooksville Fire Department
64-003*

From the desk of...

State Fire Marshal Robert R. Rielage



This is an exciting time at the Fire Marshal's Office, and a lot of good things are happening in support of the Ohio Fire Service.

Task Force Meeting:

The first meeting of the Ohio Task Force on Fire and Emergency Response Training was held on September 15th at our office in Reynoldsburg. The twelve-member task force and guests heard presentations from both Public Safety Services and the Fire Marshal's Office on the current types of training provided and how certification is currently handled. The task force will continue to meet on a regular basis to resolve the many issues surrounding emergency service training, testing and certification.

State Bid Equipment:

With the help of Terry Weber, Frank Conway, Greg Drew, Ken Johnson and Brad Beck, we have submitted the specifications for the State Bid Fire Engine to the Department of Administrative Services for bid. Eight manufacturers intend to bid; we hope to have the results soon. Brad Beck is also submitting specifications for SCBA, turnout gear and other equipment. We hope this will help stretch your budget and offer you an additional service from our office.

Fleet Markings:

We have begun marking our fleet of vehicles with the distinctive red and blue State Fire Marshal markings. This will make us more recognizable when providing services in your area. These markings should be displayed on all our vehicles by the end of the year.

Smoke Detector Program:

KIDDE Fire Equipment Company has agreed to be the primary sponsor of the smoke detector program in Southeast Ohio. Several other organizations have included donations to get this project up and running. In the forefront was my former department, Colerain Township Fire-Rescue, which gave 250 smoke detectors to get us started. This was followed by donations from the Southeast Ohio Fire Chiefs' Association and the Ohio Home Builders' Association. Under the direction of Coshocton's Chief Charles Turner, as well as Dan Lehman and Rollin Kerzee from our office, we are establishing a distribution network

using area fire departments and food pantries. My thanks to everyone involved in making this happen.

Firefighter Heroes:

At Fire Rescue International in Kansas City, I had the pleasure of speaking with the recipient of the 1999 Ben Franklin Award, Mark Mosely. He is the Atlanta firefighter who made the rescue of a crane operator trapped above a seven-alarm fire in a renovated warehouse while tethered from a helicopter. Mark demonstrated to the world the courage and dedication of the American fire service. His quiet demeanor and sincere words indicated that his heroic act was merely that of a firefighter doing his duty. On September 23rd, we honored Ohio's heroes at the Ohio Fire Service Hall of Fame Banquet. These acts of heroism and lifetime achievement should make all of us very proud to be part of the fire service. At a time when our children are constantly looking for role models, I believe that they can find them as close as their local fire station.

International Cooperation:

In early October, the State Fire Marshal's Office played host to Assistant Chief Fire Officer Peter Craig from the Northern Ireland Fire Brigade. Peter was with us for a week to observe the Task Force concept of fire investigation with our own investigators and those from the Columbus Division of Fire. We hope to be able to send one of our people to Northern Ireland to observe how that Fire Brigade deals with the threat of domestic terrorism.

Volunteer Firefighters:

Finally, we have become increasingly aware of a greater need for volunteers; we will soon have available an entire series of 30-second Public Service Announcements for the recruiting of firefighters. In conjunction with the Ohio State Firefighters Association, a multi-level advertisement campaign will soon be in operation using our 1-800-FIRELINE phone number.

Please remember that we are only a resource for you when you call us. Please stop in and visit us when you are in the Columbus area. There is always something new happening here, and we are here to help!

A Century of Fire Service: Same As It Ever Was

A brief review of the first seven years of the State Fire Marshal's Office supports the adage, "The more things change, the more they stay the same." The early fire marshals needed more money, worked constantly to solve arson cases, inspected businesses, collected fire reports, and issued warnings about fireworks and Christmas decorations. Over the years, new ideas were proposed, tested and developed.

Duties Established

On April 16, 1900, the 74th General Assembly passed legislation about the investigation and reporting of fires. The following excerpt summarizes the requirements.

"... the chief of the fire department of every city or village in which a fire department is established... shall investigate the cause, origin and circumstances of every fire occurring in such city or village by which property has been destroyed or damaged and shall especially make an investigation as to whether such fire was the result of carelessness or design... the officer making the investigation of fires shall within one week of the occurrence of the fire furnish to the fire marshal a written statement of all the facts related to the cause and origin of the fire, and other such information as may be called for by the blanks furnished by the fire marshal."

During the early 1900's, the following topics were usually included in the State Fire Marshal's annual report: fire loss figures, defective flues, chimney sparks, matches, stoves and furnaces, grates and pipes, kerosene, lightning, natural gas, and arson cases (photos of the suspected arsonists were often included).

Office Expands

In 1904, State Fire Marshal Hollenbeck added "inspections" to his reporting categories. Also that year, the value of FireBoats was recognized.

In 1905, there was an increase in the income of the fire marshal's office, due to the increase in the number of insurable buildings in Ohio. It was even possible to almost double the number of detectives, attorneys and clerks, and still have an unexpended balance of over \$10,000 in the treasury at the end of the fiscal year.

In 1906, the fire marshal stressed the importance of fire ordinances. He sent letters to the mayors, city solicitors, council presidents, fire chiefs and police chiefs of towns having a population of 1,000 or more, asking that they co-operate in an effort to have ordinances passed to reduce losses by fire.

A guide to inspecting sitting rooms and cellars was included in the 1906 report to the Governor. Topics included inspecting: sitting rooms and cellars, the parlor floor, as well as the kitchen, bedrooms and attics.



Centennial Celebration

As we approach the Division of State Fire Marshal's centennial celebration, we are trying to gather memorabilia relating to the Marshal's Office or the fire service in general. If you have any historical items or information that will help us remember and understand the past 100 years of fire service in Ohio, please contact Dan Lehman at the State Fire Marshal's Office. He can be reached at (614) 752-7099.

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Planning for Y2K

SFM Contingency Plan Based on FEMA Process

by Wesley Hohl, Deputy Director

As with other government and state agencies, the question often arises, “What is the Division of State Fire Marshal (SFM) doing to minimize Y2K disruptions?” We have worked hard to make all of our operations Y2K compliant by January 1, 2000. In addition to our own internal planning, we have been tasked as the alternate site for critical services for the entire Ohio Department of Commerce (DOC). As a result, the SFM will be responsible for maintaining DOC operations in the event that the building in downtown Columbus that houses much of our department is rendered inoperational due to elevator, environmental control, phone system and other possible failures.

In recent months, the Fire Marshal’s office has gone to great lengths to make all its systems Y2K compliant so they will continue to operate through the changing year. While it has been an arduous task at times, the State Fire Marshal has taken the responsibility very seriously. We enacted a “Preparation and Consequence Management Plan” recommended by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Listed below are the actions taken at the Division of State Fire Marshal under each section of this plan.

On-Line Resources

www.y2k.gov

The President’s Council on Year 2000 Conversion – status reports and information for consumers.

www.fema.gov

FEMA Year 2000 Issues – information on emergency service and response, preparedness and contingency planning.

www.itpolicy.gsa.gov

U.S. Government’s Office of Information Technology – provides links to Y2K directories.

www.usfa.fema.gov

The National Fire Data Center – answers frequently asked questions and lists Y2K web sites of importance to emergency managers.

www.oy2k.state.oh.us

The state of Ohio Y2K information center – provides information and resources to help Ohioans learn about and adequately prepare for Y2K.

1. ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Coordinated Y2K efforts through inter-organizational steering committee and working groups.
- Systematically identified potential SFM Bureau problems and conducted risk assessments.

- Conducted internal inventory to identify all systems and items that may contain chip technology and all services that depend on them. Then, assessed whether each product was Y2K compliant. Continually monitoring to ensure that mission-critical systems remain operational.

2. IDENTIFY & PRIORITIZE VULNERABILITIES / CONSEQUENCES

- Systematically testing all SFM operational systems such as generators and HVAC electrical circuits.
- Providing for standby, full service power generator support system, to include diesel fuel storage and manual dispensing system.
- Providing for uninterrupted power generation and distribution for DOC/SFM functions.

3. IDENTIFY ACTIONS TAKEN/ TO BE TAKEN

- Serve as an alternate site for key DOC functions by preparing space for 45 additional personnel from DOC divisions of Finance, Industrial Compliance and DOC headquarters.
- Continue to inform and assist the Fire Service.
- Supplement Ohio Emergency Operations Center staff as needed.
- Upgraded communication contingency plan with Ameritech.

4. IDENTIFY NEEDED RESPONSES

- Develop and implement Y2K Incident Consequence Management Plans as needed.
- Ensure continuous support of high level management.

5. IDENTIFY SHORTFALLS

- Established agreements with specialized contractors.
- Examine and strengthen mutual aid agreements within the community.

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P & G Joins NFPA's "Great Escape"

The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), in cooperation with KIDDE Safety and the USAA Educational Foundation, announced the addition of Proctor and Gamble to their 1999 "Great Escape" Fire Prevention Week team. This highly successful campaign originated in October 1998, and to date, nearly 250,000 people have participated.

"This exciting new partnership will allow us to expand the reach of NFPA's critical fire safety messages even more than in the first year of this successful campaign," says Julie Reynolds, NFPA's director of Public Affairs.



The program centers on elementary school children. A kit containing information, stickers, reproducible

print materials, and a free video teaching home fire escape planning to support fire safety education at the local level will be distributed to fire departments across the country.

National statistics show that home fires in America kill an average of 10 people every day and injure tens of thousands more each year. Many of these tragedies could be avoided if people had a home escape plan and were prepared to exit a fire scene quickly. Twenty-five lives have been saved as a result of the "Great Escape" program.

NFA VIP 2000 Offers Training

Since 1980, the National Fire Academy has offered the Volunteer Incentive Program (VIP), an intensive educational course designed specifically for the volunteer fire service officer. This program, which is offered year around at the Emmitsburg, Maryland campus, is considered to be one of the foremost fire officer training programs in the county.

With the ever increasing demands on the time of volunteer fire officers, the original two-week course was condensed by the Academy into six days. It was tailored to meet the special needs of the volunteer fire officer, while maintaining the content, quality and integrity of the original program.

The VIP courses will be offered over four sessions during the 1999-2000 academic year as well as additional four course offerings for the Fire Command Operations.

Fire and rescue officers within volunteer departments, or those individuals who are the only career personnel in a volunteer department are eligible to apply. Applications may be obtained from the Ohio Fire Academy at (614) 752-7207 or the National Fire Academy Admissions Office, 16825 South Seton Avenue, Emmitsburg, Maryland 21727, or at their web page at: www.usfa.fema.gov. All applications MUST be forwarded through the Ohio Fire Academy for signatory processing.

VIP Curriculum

- Fire Command Operations
- Fire Service Planning Concepts for the 21st Century
- Fire Cause Determination for Company Officers
- Leadership and Administration
- Community Education Leadership
- Challenges for Local Training Officers
- Hazardous Materials Incident Management
- Emergency Response to Terrorism: Incident Management

VIP Session Dates

- | | |
|------------|---|
| Session A: | October 31-November 5, 1999
(all courses) |
| Session B: | January 30-February 4, 2000
(all courses)
February 6-11, 2000 Fire Command
(Operations only) |
| Session C: | March 5-10, 2000 (all courses)
March 12-17, 2000 Fire Command |
| Session D: | April 2-7, 2000 (all courses) |

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Fireworks An Issue of Concern

Fireworks were an important subject in 1906, also. That year, the State Fire Marshal sent the following message:

“The time for the slaughter of the innocents and burnt offering of homes, in our annual exhibition of patriotism, has almost arrived. Therefore, the Fourth of July warning is due.

“The great loss of property on the Fourth is from the small firecracker, while the great loss of life is from the toy pistol. In the five years since the office of the fire marshal was established, the average number of fires in Ohio from celebrating the Nation’s national day with noise, is 36.

“Many big fires come from crackers flying through pavement gratings or cellar windows when they explode, and there igniting rubbish.”

“The toy pistol which fires blank cartridges is a deadly thing. In 1903, a medical journal gathered reports of 466 dead from Fourth of July accidents, and of this 363 were from lockjaw, each of which came from a wound by a wad from one of these cartridges. This frightful penalty for juvenile enthusiasm led the newspapers of the country to cry out against the toy pistol, with the result that the next “Fourth” produced but 105 deaths from lockjaw.”

(Y2K, continued from page 6)

6. IDENTIFY ASSISTANCE REQUIRED – POLICY / RESOURCES

- Increased phone capacity by 12 Centrex digital, 20 measured business and four analog lines and equipment currently in use.
- Automatic switchover if service is interrupted after hours.
- Planned conversion to fiber optic main lines by 15 November 1999.
- Developed SFM emergency notification system.
- Increased security to include access systems.

7. IDENTIFY RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS - SELF SUFFICIENCY VS OUTSIDE SUPPORT

- Implemented two-way radio and wireless communication system (cell phones).
- Prestocked essential food supplies, to include storage considerations.
- Planned for increased specialized support staffing requirements (food service, security).
- Identified specific additional equipment needs.

Of the many reference publications available, two excellent guides are:

- Contingency & Consequence Management Planning for the Year 2000 Conversion
- Getting Ready for Y2K: A Workshop for Emergency Management

Both can be ordered by calling 888-USA-4-Y2K or Downloaded at: www.fema.gov/y2k/ccmp.htm.

As FEMA Director James L. Witt has said, “A little preparedness, a lot of facts, and a dose of common sense will go a long way toward reducing the risk and easing minds regarding Y2K.”

This material is a “Year 2000 Readiness Disclosure” statement containing information believed to be accurate.

Parsley Named “Firefighter of The Year”

On August 21, 1999, the Ohio State Fire Fighters’ Association honored Lea Ann Parsley as Firefighter of the Year. In nominating Parsley, Plain Township Assistant Chief Bernie Obert said, “Lea Ann has been with Plain Township as a firefighter and EMT since 1996. She is an extraordinary and accomplished person.”

Parsley grew up three blocks from the Granville, Ohio, firehouse. Her older brothers, Robert and Brian, hung out at the fire house and joined the Granville Fire Department when they were 16. After her brothers became volunteers, she was not far behind. She has been serving with the Granville Fire Department for 14 years and with the Plain Township Fire Department for five years.

Parsley was born in Logan, West Virginia. She received a basketball scholarship to attend Marshall University. While at Marshall, she made time to acquire her EMT card. Later, she attended a four-year nursing school and became a Community Health Nurse. Through this period, she never abandoned her interest in becoming a firefighter. She knew where she wanted to get her training: The Ohio Fire Academy (OFA). In 1994, she realized her dream and was one of two women in her class.

Brad Beck, who directs the Firefighter I and II classes at the Division of State Fire Marshal, said, “I knew she was going places. She

had the maturity and the drive to be successful. It didn’t surprise me that she was selected by her instructors as Honors Graduate and by her classmates as Class Speaker.”

When the Ohio Women Firefighters group was formed, Parsley was one of the early members. With her



Lea Ann Parsley’s intensity on the fireground is reflected in all of her activities.

background in nursing and athletics, she proved to be an excellent role model and mentor.

Lea Ann Parsley can be found working hard at something wherever she is. She also remains active in athletics by playing team handball at the national level and training to be on the USA National Skeleton team

(a head-first version of the luge). During the next two years, Parsley will spend time training in Lake Placid, New York, and Park City, Utah, for the 2002 winter game trials.

Parsley recently used her athletic talents when she took part in a creative rescue. On February 15, 1999, a fire occurred in Granville and Parsley was one of the firefighters dispatched to the scene. They had been told that a modular home was involved and that one or two people were trapped inside. Todd Allen of Newton Township made the initial entry, but requested assistance because the victim was disabled and difficult to move. Parsley, a former high jumper, decided to use a technique she had learned and proceeded to sit in the window and “bear hug” the victim as she flopped back into the waiting arms of her fellow firefighters.

Parsley then found the first victim’s mother and pulled her out from under a desk as Firefighter Dudley Wright grasped her feet. They again used the “back flop” technique to get the mother out of the house. Mother and daughter both survived the fire.

Lea Ann continues to display her commitment to helping others and saving lives. In late August of this year, she left for California to help fight wildfires. Lea Ann Parsley is clearly an outstanding choice for Firefighter of the Year!

Public Officials Who Want to “Feel the Heat” Need to Sign Up Soon. See Your Fire Chief for more information.

NEWS RELEASE

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
(INSERT DATE)

Contact: (NAME/PHONE)

HOLIDAY SEASON POSES UNIQUE FIRE RISKS

(PLACE YOUR DEPT. CHIEF'S NAME HERE) of the *(NAME OF YOUR DEPT. HERE)* is urging Ohio families to pay particular attention to fire safety this holiday season when displaying real Christmas trees and decorative lighting. Approximately 33 million real Christmas trees are sold each year in the United States, the majority of which are displayed in residences.

“Ohioans must recognize the fire safety concerns associated with displaying real Christmas trees and other decorations in their homes. The best way to reduce the risk of fire during the holiday season is to use common sense and follow a few simple fire safety tips,” said *(YOUR DEPT. CHIEF'S NAME HERE)*.

The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) estimates that between 1992 and 1996, there were approximately 500 fires annually reported to have started with Christmas trees. These fires accounted for five percent of civilian fire deaths and four percent of the reported fire loss.

State Fire Marshal Robert R. Rielage has provided the following fire safety tips for displaying a real Christmas tree and/or other decorative lighting that will help ensure a safe holiday season:

- Real Christmas trees should be as fresh as possible when purchased. Green and pliable needles indicate freshness. Trees that are browning, shedding and/or have brittle needles should be avoided.
- Make a fresh cut across the base of the tree stem before it is set up inside.
- Use a stand with an adequate water reservoir. One gallon or more is recommended. A real Christmas tree will use the maximum amount of water during its first several days indoors.
- The tree should be displayed in a sturdy stand.
- Do not place trees by heat sources.
- Avoid placing trees in or near a means of egress.
- Decorative lights should bear the label of an approved testing laboratory for indoor use such as Underwriters Laboratory.
- Use the lights according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Do not connect too many light sets together. The manufacturer's recommendations will specify how many light sets can be safely connected to prevent overheating. Avoid the use of electrical extension cords.
- Use the correct wattage replacement bulbs specified in the manufacturer's instructions.

#



By Michael G. Kraft, Chief, CODE ENFORCEMENT BUREAU

Discontinuance of Non-Required Fire Protection Equipment

Code Question:

Does the code provide for the removal of the standpipe fire hoses intended for use by the building's occupants?

Answer:

YES. *The Ohio Fire Code provides for the discontinuance of non-required fire protection systems. However, the code also requires that all fire protection systems which were installed in compliance with any law, ordinance or order be maintained in an operative condition. Therefore, the determination that a fire protection system is indeed a "non-required" system, could be a collaborative process with the building official having jurisdiction. This may provide the opportunity to consider any construction tradeoffs, stipulations, or conditions associated with the original approval of the installation.*

Code References:

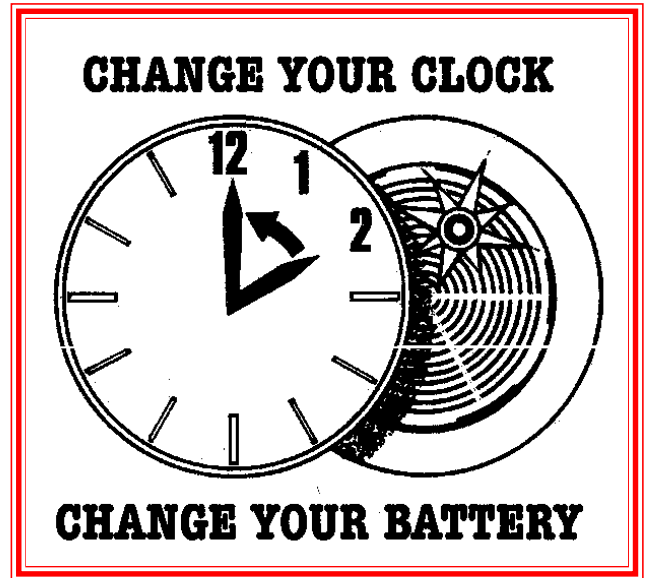
OAC 1301:7-7-05 (E)(1), OFC F-504.1 provides in pertinent part, "**All fire protection systems which were installed in compliance with any law, ordinance or order, shall be maintained in an operative condition at all times. An owner or occupant shall not reduce the effectiveness of the protection so required.** This requirement shall not prohibit the owner or occupant from temporarily reducing or discontinuing the protection where necessary to make tests, repairs, alterations or additions." {Emphasis added.}

OAC 1301:7-7-05 (E)(4)(a) OFC F-504.4.1 provides, "All nonrequired fire protection systems shall be arranged and maintained in a manner consistent with the requirements at the time of installation unless the discontinuation of the equipment is approved. All discontinued equipment and devices, such as pull stations, nozzles, detectors, sprinklers, sensors, panels and hose connections, shall be removed so (as) not to give a false indication that the structure, area or space is protected."

1999 BOCA National Fire Prevention Code Commentary F-504.4.1 provides, "Fire equipment required to protect a hazard that no longer exists, or for which no code requirement exists, must be continued in use and maintained in accordance with the requirements in effect at the time of original installation, unless its removal is approved by the code official. All discontinued, nonrequired fire equipment must be dismantled and removed so as not to create a false impression of protection."

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
State Fire Marshal's Office
8895 East Main Street
Reynoldsburg OH 43068

ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED



STATE FIRE MARSHAL PHONE LIST

ADMINISTRATION
614-752-8200

ACADEMY
1-888-726-7731 (TOLL FREE)

INVESTIGATIONS BUREAU
1-800-589-2728 (TOLL FREE)

CODE ENFORCEMENT
1-888-276-0303

FIRE PREVENTION BUREAU
1-888-243-0305 (TOLL FREE)

FORENSIC LABORATORY
1-888-801-2752 (TOLL FREE)

LICENSING & CERTIFICATION
614-752-7926

BUSTR
1-800-686-2878

VISIT THE STATE FIRE MARSHAL WEB
SITE AT:

www.com.state.oh.us/fire