FLIGHT TESTS FOR GROUND-BASED MIDCOURSE MISSILE DEFENSE'S BOOST VEHICLE

** The matrix below is a summary of the major flight tests of the booster rocket being developed for the Missile Defense Agency's ground-based midcourse missile defense system.**

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Flight Test Number	Date	Intercept?	Notes
Boost Verification	April 28,	N/A	This was a "pathfinder" ground test to check all
(BV)-1	2001		the procedures that lead up to an actual flight
			test and included booster ground handling,
			safety and flight termination system checks, and
			all launch and safety steps. The missile was not
			intended to be launched.
BV-2	Aug. 31, 2001	N/A	The flight test was 18 months behind schedule.
			The three-stage Boeing rocket tested with a
			mass-simulated kill vehicle payload, did not
			attempt a missile intercept. It appears there was
			an anomaly in vehicle roll control in first-stage
			operation beginning at about 33 sec. into the
			mission and that could affect kill vehicle
			performance in an operational scenario. The
			second- and third-stage motors performed
			normally.
BV-3	Dec. 13, 2001	N/A	Failure. The BV veered off course 30 seconds
			after launching and was ordered to self-destruct.
			It landed in the Pacific Ocean off of
			Vandenberg AFB, CA.
BV-4	Unknown	N/A	This test has apparently been cancelled.
BV-6	Aug. 16, 2003	N/A	This was a test of OBV, Orbital's alternate
			boost vehicle. Because the boost vehicle
			program had undergone so many problems,
			Orbital was awarded a contract in March 2002
			to develop a new alternate boost vehicle. The
			MDA claims it will continue to follow a dual-
			booster program, but for now, it plans to use
			Orbital's rocket for the 10 interceptors of the
			October 2004 initial deployment and for four
			flight tests. Orbital's rocket is based on its
			commercial boost vehicles, the Pegasus and the

			Taurus. BV-6 was not a designated intercept
			test and did not demonstrate functionality
			between the payload and the booster. The
			three-stage rocket was launched out of
			Vandenberg Air Force Base at 11:01 AM, flew
			for about 25 minutes, reached an altitude of
			about 1,165 miles, and ranged about 3,300
			miles. BV-6 was first supposed to be held on
			Aug. 15 but had to be delayed 24 hours when a
			software anomaly arose during preflight
			preparation, necessitating the system's reboot.
BV-5	Jan. 9, 2004	N/A	Lockheed Martin is developing the BV-Plus, a
			modified version of the three-stage commercial
			off-the-shelf boost vehicle being developed by
			Boeing. BV-5 was not a designated intercept
			test and did not demonstrate functionality
			between the payload and the booster. In the
			test, Lockheed Martin's three-stage booster was
			launched from Vandenberg AFB over the
			Pacific Ocean. Diagnostics are being held to
			determine whether it was a success. This test
			was originally scheduled to be held in August
			2003. However, technical problems kept
			pushing the test back. The latest slip occurred
			in December 2003. BV-5 was supposed to have
			been held Dec. 15, but pre-testing found what
			MDA officials termed an "extremely minor"
			electronic glitch in one of the third-stage rocket
			motor's circuit boards. The board had to be
			replaced before BV-5 could be held. None of
			the interceptors to be deployed by October 2004
			are expected to use the Lockheed Martin
			booster. This decision came out of an
			investigation of two manufacturing accidents at
			the Pratt and Whitney facility which mixes
			propellant for the Lockheed Martin booster. On
			Aug. 7, 2003, an ignition which occurred during
			propellant mixing set off a fire that overtook 36
			or 37 acres. No one was seriously injured,
			unlike during the second accident. On Sept. 12,
			James Franklin Spotts was killed when an
			explosion occurred while he was adjusting a
			propellant mixer.

Sources:

BV-1: "BMDO conducts first verification test of new missile defense booster," *Defense Daily*, May 2, 2001

BV-2: "Anti-missile concepts jockey for position," *Aviation Week & Space Technology*, Sept. 10, 2001 BV-3: "A setback for missile shield as booster rocket fails test," New York Times, Dec. 14, 2001

BV-6: "Pentagon signs Orbital to build defense rocket," The Washington Times, March 5, 2002; "Boeing finalizes development, test plan for new missile defense boosters," *Defense Daily*, July 10, 2002; *MDA RDT&E, Defense-Wide Budget Documentation, FY 2004 Budget Request*; "MDA Reports Tight Schedule For New Booster Development and Test," *Defense Daily*, May 19, 2003; "Midcourse Missile Defenses Advance On Interceptor Fronts," *Aerospace Daily*, Aug. 19, 2003; "MDA Test Flies Orbital Sciences Booster For GMD Program," *Defense Daily*, Aug. 19, 2003

BV-5: "Martin developing advanced booster for missile defense," *Aerospace Daily*, Aug. 8, 2002; MDA RDT&E, Defense-Wide Budget Documentation, FY 2004 Budget Request; "MDA Reports Tight Schedule For New Booster Development and Test," *Defense Daily*, May 19, 2003; "MDA's Dual-Booster Strategy Pays Off, Official Says," *Aerospace Daily*, Nov. 11, 2003; "Lockheed GMD Booster On Track For December Flight," *Defense Daily*, Nov. 19, 2003; "GMD Booster Test Delayed; Arrow Intercept Successful," *Aerospace Daily*, Dec. 17, 2003

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