PAPST FANS

Alarm signal /19



- Alarm signal for speed monitoring
- Signal output via open collector
- The fan emits a low continuous signal during trouble-free operation within the permissible voltage range.
- High signal when speed limit is not reached.
- After elimination of fault, the fan returns to its desired speed; the alarm signal reverts to low.

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Alarm signal data	Alarm output voltage U _{A Low}	Condition:	Condition:	Alarm output voltage Ua High	Condition:	Condition: saurce =	Alarm operating voltage Ubamax.	Max. permissible sink current	Alarm delay time t ₂	Condition:	Speed limit n _c	Fan description
Туре	V DC		mA	V DC		mA	V DC	mA	S		min ⁻¹	Page
8314/19 H	≤0.4	n > nG	2	60	n < nG	0	≤60	20	≤15	*	1500 ± 100	30
4312/19	≤0.4	n > nG	2	60	n < nG	0	≤60	20	≤15	*	1500 ± 100	37
4212/19 M	≤0.4	n > nG	2	60	n < nG	0	≤60	20	≤15	*	1500 ± 100	40
										*		
4214/19	≤0.4	n > nG	2	60	n < nG	0	≤60	20	≤15		1500 ± 100	40
7214 N/19	≤0.4	n > nG	2	60	n < nG	0	4.5–60	10	10 ± 4	*	1800 ± 20	47
DV 6224/19	≤0.4	n > nG	2	≤28	n < nG	0	16–28	10	10 ± 4	*	1900 ± 100	50

 $\mbox{{\sc *}}$ After switching on U_B

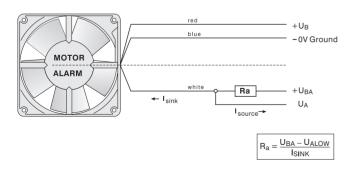
Attention

With these fan specials, deviations as regards temperature range, voltage range and power consumption are possible compared with standard fans.

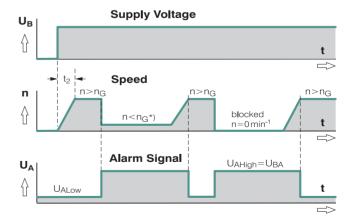
Available on request:

- With integrated signal latching for subsequent recognition of short-term faults
- Alarm circuit open collector or TTL
- Galvanically separated for max. device safety; defects in power circuit have no effect on the alarm circuit.

Electrical connection



All voltages measured to ground. External load resistance R_{a} from U_{A} to U_{BA} required.



t₂ = Alarm signal suppression during start-up

^{*} $n < Speed limit n_G$ by braking or blocking.

Alarm signal /37



- Alarm signal for speed monitoring
- Signal output for open collector
- The fan emits a high continuous signal during trouble-free operation within the permissible voltage range.
- Low signal when speed limit is not reached
- After elimination of fault, the fan returns to its desired speed; the alarm signal reverts to high.

Available on request:

Alarm circuit TTL compatible

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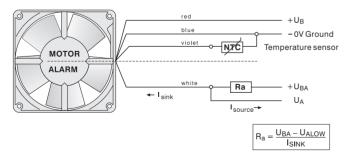
Alarm signal data	Alarm output voltage U _{A Low}	Condition:	Condition: sink =	Alarm output voltage U _{A Hgh}	Condition:	Condition: source =	Alarm operating voltage Usamas.	Max. permissible sink current I _{sink}	Alarm delay time t ₂	Condition:	Speed limit n _G	Fan description
Туре	V DC		mA	V DC		mA	V DC	mA	S		min ⁻¹	Page
612 N/37 GNV	≤0.4	$n \leq nG$	2	28	n > nG	0	≤28	10	<1	*	0	24
8412 N/37 GMLV	≤0.4	$n \leq nG$	2	28	n > nG	0	≤28	10	<1	*	0	28
3412 N/37 GMV	≤0.4	$n \leq nG$	2	28	n > nG	0	≤28	10	<1	*	0	31
3412 N/37 GV	≤0.4	$n \leq nG$	2	28	n > nG	0	≤28	10	<1	*	0	31

Attention:

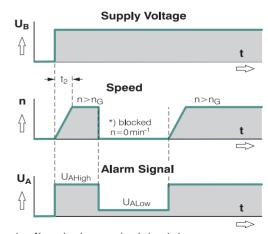
With these fan specials, deviations as regards temperature range, voltage range and power consumption are possible compared with standard fans.

* After switching on $\ensuremath{U_B}$

Electrical connection



All voltages measured to ground External load resistance R_{A} from U_{A} to U_{BA} required.



 $t_2 = \hbox{Alarm signal suppression during start-up}$

* n < Speed limit n_G by braking or blocking.

Technology

DC Axial Fans