



**UNHCR Sub-Office JALALABAD
DISTRICT PROFILE**

DATE: 8/10/02

PROVINCE		Name: Kunar	Geo-Code: 10
DISTRICT		Name: Chawkay	Geo-Code 1013
Population in 1990:		Settled 26688 refugees in Pakistan 10898	
CURRENT ESTIMATED POPULATION (ACCORDING TO LA INFORMATION)			
Total (Ind.)	Returned IDPs (Fam.)	Recent Returnees (Fam.)	IDPs (Fam.)
34643	0	53	0
		Children Under 12	Female Households
		4002	180
ETHNIC COMPOSITION: Pashtun 100% Hazara 0% Tajik 0% Uzbek 0% Other: 0%			
CURRENT ESTIMATED RETURNEE POPULATION (ACCORDING TO UNHCR RECORDS)			
	Returned IDPs (Fam.)	Update on	Recent Returnees (Fam.)
	0	3/1/02	198
EXPECTED RETURNING POPULATION 2002			
IDPS (Fam.)	0	RETURNEES (Fam.)	0
AUTHORITY			
Head of District:	Mohammad Zahir		
Other Information:	The head of District is originally from Narang.		
GENERAL SITUATION			
Chawkay District is 75 Km away from Asad Abad. In the east, it borders Kunar River and on the west border it is surrounded by mountains. As for the North it borders Noorgal and in the South with Narang Districts.			
SECTORAL INFORMATION			
SHELTER:	Percentage and Number of Houses Destroyed:	80 %	
	Housing Situation of Returning Population :	Most of the inhabitants are living with their relatives in poor conditions.	
	Comments:		
WATER:	Type of Potable Water Sources (and distance):	River and 45 shallow wells. There are also 44 handpumps and standposts.	
	Availability of Potable water (%):	30 %	
	Sanitation and Drainage:	Local system (self built).	
	Comments:	The villagers are suffering a lot from the lack of potable water. They are carrying water from the river, which is not safe for drinking purposes. DACAAR has dug some shallow wells in the area.	
AGRICULTURE:	Main crops:	Wheat, maiz and rice.	
	Current Land Condition:	Not any good	
	Existing Irrigation schemes:	I rrigation is done by river.	
	Agri/tool Banks:	80% by Animals and 20% by Tractors.	
	Animal Husbandry	Cows, sheep, goats and donkeys.	

SECTORAL INFORMATION						
	Comments: Some of the agricultural land in Chawkay District is affected by drought and some other parts have been swept away or threatened by the river as well.					
INCOME GENERATION:	Main Sources of Income:	Agriculture and daily wage work.	% of NO income in the district	30 %		
	Comments:					
HEALTH:	Health Centre:	Types		Currently functioning	Before 1998	
		No. of Clinic:		1	1	
		No. of Mobile Clinic:		0	0	
		No. of Hospital:		0	0	
	Nurses and Mid-wives		3	4		
Comments: Due to a big number of population in Chawki District, this clinic is not enough to serve the whole community. Those living in remote areas find it difficult to access. The clinic is staffed by 2 Vaccinators, 1 laboratory worker, 1 health educator and one MD doctor.						
EDUCATION:	Education Centre:	Types		Currently functioning	Before 1998	
		No. of High School:		1	1	
		No. of Primary School:		17	5	
		No. of Home Based Sch:		1	8	
	Teacher:	Female:	2	Pupils:	Girls:	591
		Male:	159		Boys:	3661
Literacy Rate %:		8				
Comments: Some schools need renovation, as it was observed that students were studying in the open air due to the lack of proper school buildings.						
MINE/UXOs:	Existence of mines & UXOs:		Baber Kalay and Noorgal Villages.			
	Identified priority villages to clear:		All the villages have been cleared except the above two mentioned villages.			
	Comments: One mine incident took place recently in Baber Kalay (village) and none of demining teams are working in that village.					
PROTECTION						
Population Movement:	Refugees are slowly returning to the village					
Minority Issue:	All the inhabitants are ethnically pahstoon, and therefore no minority issues have arisen					
Land Ownership:	NTR					
House Occupation:	NTR					
Others:						
NGOs Working in the District						
The following NGOs are working in the area: SCA, DACAAR, MDC and MADERA.						

Other Comments (including accessibility)

The most serious problem in Chawkay District is the threat that the Kunar River is posing to agricultural land.

The population figure is taken from the statistics for 2002, prepared by the Eastern Region EPI management team for 2002 UNI Data Population of the Republic Health Department.

Data collected from the district shura and district health authorities suggested a higher figure (The some).