AMD Athlon[™] XP Processor Benchmarking and Model Numbering Methodology

Updated for the AMD Athlon[™] XP Processor 3200+ Launch

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Defining Performance

In 1981 the first x86 PC was offered for sale. As a result of its success, succeeding generations were quickly made available based on ever-higher performing engines: the 286, 386, and 486 microprocessors. With each new generation of processor, end users reaped the benefits of both better processor architectures and higher clock frequencies. Over the past 20 years end users have come to view higher performance (which is difficult to quantify) as being synonymous with higher frequency (which is much easier to quantify).

AMD believes that what people really care about, however, is not the frequency of their processor, but the performance it delivers from their applications. Consider the definition of microprocessor performance:

Processor Performance = (Work Per Clock Cycle) x (Clock Speed)

As you can see, while processor frequency contributes to overall CPU performance, it is not the only factor.

So how did frequency come to be the sole indicator of performance to consumers? The answer is simple. The first several generations of PC microprocessors from both AMD and Intel (i.e. the 8086, 286, 386, and 486) were based on the same internal architecture and therefore performed nearly an identical amount of work per clock cycle. As a result, the only variable in the performance equation was frequency; therefore frequency really was the primary determinant of CPU performance.

Performance and Frequency

With the advent of the AMD Athlon[™] processor and the Intel Pentium[®] 4 processor, the design architectures of these two companies fundamentally diverged. This design divergence has resulted in a difference in work done per clock cycle. Thus, microprocessors operating at identical frequencies may offer dramatically different levels of performance. Consequently, frequency is

no longer the most meaningful metric for judging relative microprocessor performance. Today's end users need a better approach for comparing relative processor performance. This new approach must recognize that end users:

- Care about the performance of the applications that they use and care less about the results of synthetic tests.
- Typically use a variety of application software.
- Care about the performance of the system that they purchase.
- Need the ability to easily and simply conduct comparative shopping.

AMD is driving the True Performance Initiative (TPI)—a strategic initiative with industry leaders and consumer advocates to develop a reliable processor performance metric that PC users can trust.

Benchmarking Methodology

AMD is committed to accurately indicating the application performance of our processors, and has assembled a suite of industry standard benchmarks and applications that we believe reflect typical end user applications.

Specifically, AMD has identified three usage models which we believe best exemplify the commercial and consumer end user PC experience: Office Productivity, Digital Media, and 3DGaming. The following benchmarks and applications are used to represent these end user experiences:



Office Productivity

Business Winstone™ 2001

Microsoft[®] Office 2000 (Access, Excel, Frontpage, PowerPoint, Word), Microsoft Project 98, Lotus Notes R5, NicoMak WinZip, Norton AntiVirus, Netscape Communicator

SYSmark[™] 2001, Office Productivity

Microsoft Office 2000 (Access, Excel, Outlook, PowerPoint, Word), Netscape Communicator 6.0, Dragon Naturally Speaking Preferred v.5, WinZip 8.0, McAfee VirusScan 5.13

Digital Media

Content Creation Winstone™ 2001

Adobe[®] Photoshop[®] 5.5, Adobe Premiere 5.1, Macromedia Director 8.0, Macromedia Dreamweaver 3.0, Netscape Navigator 4.73, Sonic Foundry Sound Forge 4.5

Content Creation Winstone™ 2002

Adobe Photoshop 6.01, Adobe Premiere 6.0, Macromedia Director 8.5, Macromedia Dreamweaver UltraDev 4, Microsoft Windows Media Encoder 7.01.00.3055, Netscape Navigator 6/6.01, Sonic Foundry Sound Forge 5.0c

SYSmark2001, Internet Content Creation

Adobe Photoshop 6.0, Adobe Premiere 6.0, Macromedia Dreamweaver 4.0, Macromedia Flash 5, Microsoft Windows Media Encoder 7

3DGaming

3D WinBench[™] 2000 (Hardware T&L) 3D WinBench 2000 (D3D software) 3DMark[™] 2001 (Hardware T&L) 3DMark 2001 (D3D software)

Games

AquaMark, DroneZ, Evolva, Expendable, Half-life Smokin', MDK2, QuakeIII, Serious Sam, Serious Sam: Second Encounter, Return to Castle Wolfenstein 3D, Unreal Tournament

The results of the individual tests within a usage model are equally weighted and averaged together to create a relative performance score for that usage model. The combined scores from each of the three usage models are then averaged together to provide a single metric that is designed to relate overall system performance (see Figure 1).

When viewing these benchmark results and attempting to analyze their meaning, a normalization process is useful. This normalization process provides a much easier way to compare the data for the reader and provides a simpler method for determining the significance or insignificance of any deltas in performance. Configurations for the AMD Athlon processor and AMD Athlon XP processor systems are identical and can be seen in Appendix D.

Independent Benchmark Auditing

To ensure customer confidence in AMD benchmarking methodology, Arthur Andersen L.L.P. is independently examining the AMD Athlon XP processor 2200+ performance benchmarks. This examination includes independent observation and tests of the system configuration, benchmark procedures¹, and the recording of results. A full report detailing the results of the auditing process is available on the AMD website.

¹ Please see "Appendix A - Individual Benchmarking Test Methodology" for detailed methodology used to generate audited individual tests.



Improving Architectural Performance

As shown in the chart on the following page comparing the older AMD Athlon processor and the newer AMD Athlon XP processors, performance advances can be made through internal architecture enhancements that are not solely dependent on frequency.

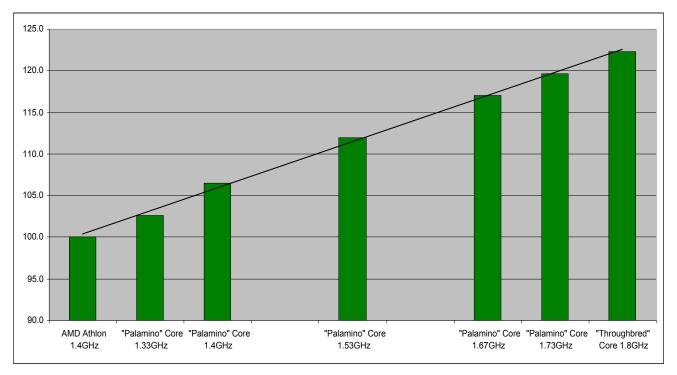
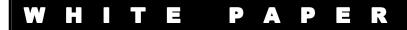


Figure 1: Desktop Overall Performance

Since frequency should no longer be the sole indicator of performance, more information must be provided to the end user to better understand a processor's performance capabilities. The most useful information is that which communicates relative real-world performance on a variety of software applications.



Model Number Approach

AMD has used model numbers to distinguish versions of the AMD Athlon XP processors. Higher numbers equate to higher performance. The first member of the AMD Athlon XP processor family, the AMD Athlon XP processor 1500+, provides better performance than the older 1.4GHz AMD Athlon processor.

The AMD Athlon XP processor models and their corresponding frequencies are shown below:

Processor and Model Number	Core Operating Frequency
AMD Athlon XP 1500+	1.33GHz
AMD Athlon XP 1600+	1.40GHz
AMD Athlon XP 1700+	1.47GHz
AMD Athlon XP 1800+	1.53GHz
AMD Athlon XP 1900+	1.60GHz
AMD Athlon XP 2000+	1.67GHz
AMD Athlon XP 2100+	1.73GHz
AMD Athlon XP 2200+	1.80GHz

The relative application performance improvement between different members of the AMD Athlon XP processor family is supported in the following benchmark graphs.



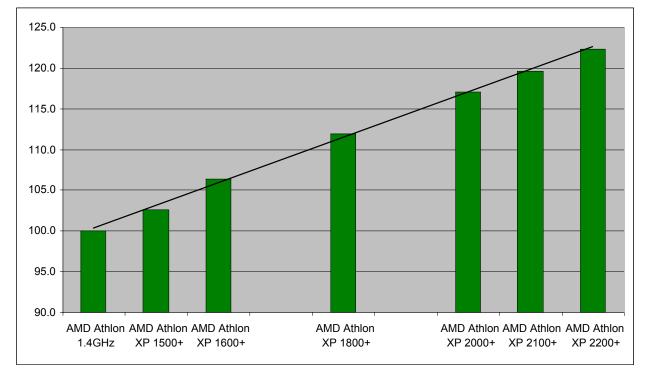


Figure 2: Overall Desktop Performance with Model Numbers

Approximately three percentage points on this normalized overall desktop performance scale represent the typical performance difference that exists between different system price bands in the market today².

As can be seen by Figure 2, AMD Athlon XP processors exceed the performance level of older AMD Athlon processors. The AMD Athlon XP processor model number system provides an easy and clear metric indicating relative application performance of members of the AMD Athlon XP family of processors.

² See Appendix B for Raw Benchmarking Data.

Competitive Comparison

It is also important to consider how AMD Athlon XP processors perform relative to competitive PC processors. In order to provide an accurate comparison between systems based on the AMD Athlon XP processor and on the Pentium 4 processor, systems are configured similarly. The details of the system configurations utilized in this analysis are listed in Appendix D. For the purposes of this comparison, AMD has used DDR memory system configurations for both the AMD and Intel processor-based systems. DDR was chosen because it has been adopted as the mainstream memory system configuration whereas RDRAM has been relegated to high-end systems and is expected to account for less than 10 percent of the market, according to industry analysts. Appendix C includes a comparison using the RDRAM memory system configuration for the Pentium 4.

All tests were run on the Microsoft Windows XP operating system, as AMD expects it will be relevant to most purchasers of x86 PCs over the next several years. The results on the following pages were obtained when the three suites of benchmarks and applications were run following the aforementioned methodology. All results have been normalized to the AMD Athlon XP processor 1800+. Again, when viewing benchmark results and attempting to analyze their meaning, a normalization process is useful. Detailed scores and individual results for all AMD Athlon XP processors can be seen in Appendix B. The following chart summarizes these normalized results.



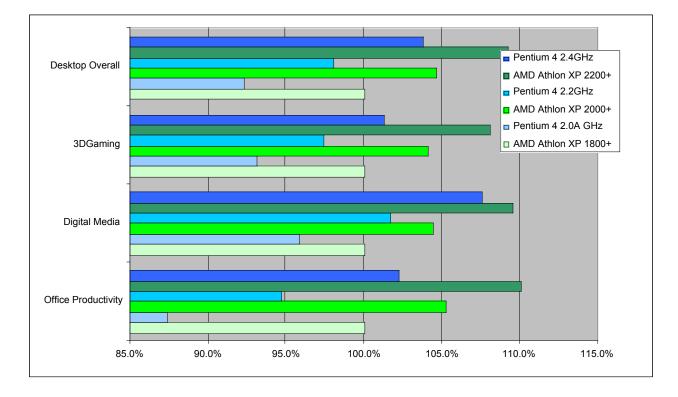


Figure 3: Normalized Competitive Benchmark Results³

The AMD Athlon XP processor clearly provides a performance advantage in the varying system price bands relative to competitive PC processors available on the market. The chart above demonstrates the different relative performance of AMD Athlon XP processors and Pentium 4 processors.

³ For a detailed breakdown of benchmark categories see pages 3 and 4.

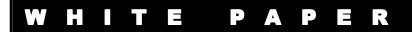
Summary

Over the past 20 years, processor frequency has been used as the proxy for comparing system performance. The use of frequency by itself to determine processor performance has become antiquated due to the fundamental architectural differences that exist between Intel and AMD processors. AMD processors benchmarked in this comparison outperform their Intel counterparts by a noticeable margin.

AMD believes that the idea of solely using a processor's frequency to compare performance between AMD and Intel processors needs to be replaced by a new approach to measure processor performance.

Appendix A – Individual Benchmarking Test Methodology

The PC is a dynamic environment, and the asynchronous nature of how PC's perform tasks leads to small inconsistencies in benchmark results. For example, every time a benchmark (or any application) is run, changes are made to the location of data on the hard drive. These changes (called fragmentation) can result in minor differences in the score of benchmarks that depend on disk performance (e.g. Business Winstone[™] 2001). With that in mind, AMD designed the following audited procedure to ensure consistency and accuracy for all of our individual benchmark results.





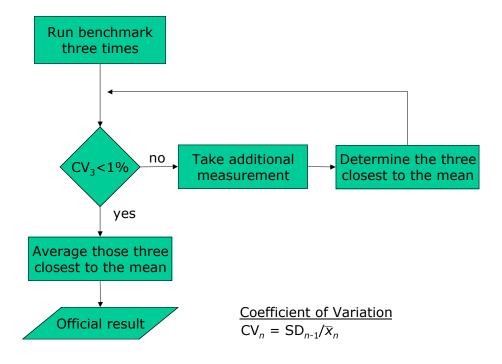


Figure 4: AMD Benchmarking Value Test Flowchart

The coefficient of variation is a measure of the relative dispersion of the data points. Designing the test to yield three data points so that their coefficient of variation is less than one percent means the data points are grouped together very tightly, thus the test is designed to reveal repeatable and accurate results.



Appendix B: Raw Benchmarking Data

Below is the actual benchmark data used for the benchmark results on the AMD website. This includes the audited benchmark results for the AMD Athlon XP processor 2200+. The next chart below contains the same benchmark data normalized to the 1.4GHz AMD Athlon processor. System configurations utilized are listed in Appendix D.

Møtric	AMD Athlon 1.4GHz	AMD Athlon 309 1500+	AMD Athlan 30P 1600+	AMD Athlon XP 1800+	AMD Athlon XP 2000+	AMD Athlon 30 ^p 2100+	AMD Athlan XP 2200+	Intel P4 2.04 GHz	Entel P4 2.26Hz	Intel P4 2.46Hz	Intel P4 2.0A GHz RDRAM	Intel P4 2.2GHz RDRAM	Initel P4 2.4GHz RDRAM
Business Winstone** 2001	61.8	59.4	62.1	65.3	68.6	69.9	70.9	50.9	56.2	60.9	54.7	57.8	60.3
SYSmark** 2001 Office Productivity	190.0	178.7	184.0	193.0	203.3	209.7	213.3	196.7	199.0	214.3	194.3	207.7	218.3
	1909	27017	20110	170.0	69912	5.0017	5.67.9	1000	17779	5.5.112	171.0	1000 0	6.0010
Content Creation Winstone** 2001	77.2	76.3	79.7	84.1	86.6	88.D	89.3	73.7	77.7	82.5	77.5	82.7	86.5
Content Creation Winstone** 2002	29.7	32.1	33.1	35.1	36.4	37.3	38.2*	33.6	35.5	37.2	35.1	37.8	40.D
SYSmark** 2001 Internet Content Creation	160.3	190.3	201.3	214.3	228.0	233.0	239.0*	220.0	235.0	250.0	227.3	242.0	257.7
3D WinBench** 2000 (D3D Software)	214.0	215.0	217.0	222.0	225.7	227.0	227.0	221.0	226.0	230.0	229.0	234.7	240.7
3D Win8ench™ 2000 (Hardware TBL)	294.0	296.0	301.D	309.7	318.3	324.0	321.0	295.0	304.3	312.0	299.3	309.7	320.0
3DMark** 2001 (D3D software)	4409.7	4552.7	4693.3	4938.7	5160.3	5269.0	5276.3	4769.3	5044.0	5289.7	4967.0	5283.3	5583.7
3DMark [™] 2001 (Hardware TBL)	9545.3	9623.7	9841.0	10076.0	10395.7	10548.3	10562.0	9803.0	10090.3	10405.0	9857.3	10239.3	10556.7
AquaMark (1024x768x32)	69.7	67.9	70.7	72.8	74.8	75.8	76.1	71.1	73.0	75.0	69.4	72.0	74.4
Dronez Generic (1024x768x32 Generic)	153.7	165.2	168.3	171.9	176.4	179.6	180.3	179.8	106.9	189.7	209.2	220.2	227.2
Evolva - Benchmark (1024x768x32)	183.6	182.7	186.5	191.7	196.5	199.0	198.9	185.0	190.5	195.5	191.4	198.3	203.2
Expendable (1024x/768x32)	123.9	125.0	130.1	137.0	143.4	148.0	150.4	113.5	121.9	128.4	119.8	127.3	136.2
Half-life Smokin' (1024k/768k/32)	74.3	74.3	77.0	83.0	89.7	91.5	92.8	72.7	78.0	82.7	75.1	80.8	86.3
MDK2 (1024x760x32)	155.4	165.0	172.7	104.4	194.6	199.4	203.0	168.3	178.0	105.0	177.1	109.9	202.2
QuakeIII Demo2 (640x480x16)	200.1	206.3	212.4	223.0	231.5	235.7	237.7	231.6	241.0	251.9	247.7	262.5	275.1
Return to Castle Wolfenstein 3D (1024x768x32)	0.00	81.2	84.2	00.5	0.19	96.6	96.9	04.1	89.6	94.4	07.6	94.5	99.6
Serious Sam (1024x768x32)	112.5	113.6	117.8	124.9	132.1	135.5	137.3	98.4	106.9	112.9	104.8	113.1	119.7
Serious Sam: Second Encounter (1024x768x32)	130.7	132.1	136.D	143.1	151.6	155.4	157.4	122.0	128.6	136.5	120.6	137.7	146.6
Unreal Tournment (1024#768#32)	71.3	71/5	73.4	76.5	78.8	80.0	78.3	65.2	66.5	68.3	72.9	75.8	77.7

Metric	AMD Athlon 1.4GHz	AMD Athlon XP 1500+	AMD Athlon XP 1600+	AMD Athlon XP 1800+	AMD Athlon XP 2000+	AMD Athlon XP 2100+	AMD Athlon XP 2200+	Intel Pentium 4 2.0A GHz	Intel Pentium 4 2.2GHz	Intel Pentium 4 2.4GHz	Intel Pentium 4 2.0A GHz RDRAM	Intel Pentium 4 2.2GHz RDRAM	Intel Pentium 4 2.4GHz RDRAM	Weight
Business Winstone™ 2001	100.0	96.2	100.6	105.7	111.0	113.1	114.8	82.4	91.0	98.7	88.6	93.6	97.7	0.50
SYSmark™ 2001 Office Productivity	100.0	99.3	102.2	107.2	113.0	115.9	118.5	103.7	110.6	119.1	108.0	115.4	121.3	0.50
Office Productivity	100.0	97.7	101.4	106.4	112.0	114.5	116.7	93.0	100.8	108.9	98.3	104.5	109.5	1.00
Content Creation Winstone™ 2001	100.0	98.8	103.2	108.9	112.1	114.0	115.7	95.4	100.6	106.8	100.3	107.1	111.9	0.33
Content Creation Winstone™ 2002	100.0	108.0	111.4	118.0	122.3	125.4	128.6*	112.9	119.5	125.1	117.9	127.1	134.5	0.33
SYSmark™ 2001 Internet Content Creation	100.0	118.7	125.6	133.7	142.2	145.3	149.1*	137.2	146.6	155.9	141.8	150.9	160.7	0.33
Digital Media	100.0	108.5	113.4	120.2	125.5	128.3	131.1	115.2	122.2	129.3	120.0	128.4	135.7	1.00
3D WinBench™ 2000 (D3D Software)	100.0	100.5	101.4	103.7	105.5	106.1	106.1	103.3	105.6	107.5	107.0	109.7	112.5	0.07
3D WinBench™ 2000 (Hardware T&L)	100.0	100.7	102.4	105.3	108.3	110.2	109.2	100.3	103.5	106.1	101.8	105.3	108.8	0.07
3DMark™ 2001 (D3D software)	100.0	103.2	106.4	112.0	117.0	119.5	119.7	108.2	114.4	120.0	112.6	119.8	126.6	0.07
3DMark™ 2001 (Hardware T&L)	100.0	100.8	103.1	105.6	108.9	110.5	110.7	102.7	105.7	109.0	103.3	107.3	110.6	0.07
AquaMark (1024x768x32)	100.0	97.4	101.5	104.5	107.4	108.9	109.2	102.0	104.7	107.7	99.6	103.3	106.8	0.07
Dronez Generic (1024x768x32 Generic)	100.0	107.5	109.5	111.8	114.8	116.8	117.3	116.9	121.6	123.4	136.1	143.3	147.8	0.07
Evolva - Benchmark (1024x768x32)	100.0	99.5	101.5	104.4	107.0	108.4	108.3	100.8	103.8	106.5	104.2	108.0	110.6	0.07
Expendable (1024x768x32)	100.0	101.5	105.0	110.6	115.8	119.4	121.4	91.6	98.3	103.6	96.7	102.8	110.0	0.07
Half-life Smokin' (1024x768x32)	100.0	100.0	103.5	111.7	119.3	123.1	124.9	97.8	105.0	111.3	101.1	108.7	116.1	0.07
MDK2 (1024x768x32)	100.0	106.7	111.2	118.7	125.2	128.3	131.2	108.3	114.6	119.3	114.0	122.2	130.2	0.07
QuakeIII Demo2 (640x480x16)	100.0	103.1	106.1	111.5	115.7	117.8	118.8	115.8	120.5	125.9	123.8	131.2	137.5	0.07
Return to Castle Wolfenstein 3D (1024x768x32)	100.0	101.5	105.2	110.6	117.0	120.8	121.1	105.1	112.0	118.0	109.5	118.1	124.5	0.07
Serious Sam (1024x768x32)	100.0	101.0	104.8	111.1	117.5	120.5	122.1	87.5	95.1	100.4	93.2	100.5	106.4	0.07
Serious Sam: Second Encounter (1024x768x32)	100.0	101.1	104.1	109.5	116.0	118.9	120.5	94.0	98.4	104.4	98.4	105.4	112.2	0.07
Unreal Tournment (1024x768x32)	100.0	100.3	103.0	107.3	110.5	112.2	109.8	91.5	93.3	95.8	102.3	106.3	109.0	0.07
3DGaming	100.0	101.7	104.6	109.2	113.7	116.1	116.7	101.7	106.4	110.6	106.9	112.8	118.0	1.00
Desktop Overall	100.0	102.6	106.5	112.0	117.1	119.6	121.5	103.3	109.8	116.2	108.4	115.2	121.1	3.00

*These numbers use the software patch in Windows Media Encoder and are not audited.

Appendix C: RDRAM Competitive Comparison

The competitive comparison in the main body of this white paper compares the AMD Athlon XP processor to the Pentium 4 processor in DDR memory configurations. These comparisons represent the highest performance DDR memory configurations from AMD and Intel. In contrast, this appendix compares the AMD DDR solution to the Intel RDRAM solution to demonstrate the completeness of our modeling number system. The details of the system configurations utilized in this analysis are listed in Appendix D and the raw benchmarking data is in Appendix B. The AMD Athlon XP processor again clearly provides a performance advantage in the varying system price bands relative to competitive PC processors available on the market.

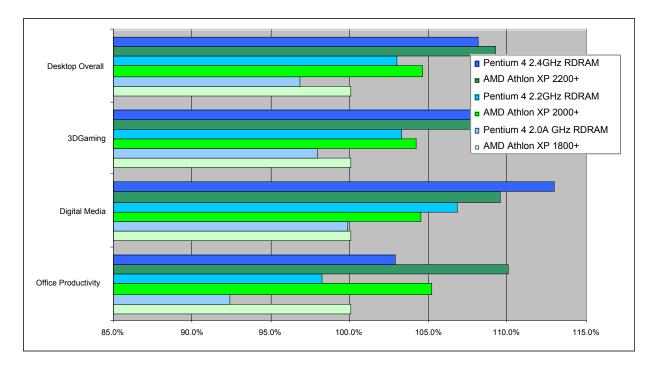


Figure 5: RDRAM Competitive Comparison

⁴ For a detailed breakdown of benchmark categories see pages 3 and 4.

Appendix D: Benchmark System Configurations

Intel Pentium[®] 4 Processor RDRAM Memory System Configuration

Operating System Name: Version: Build #: DirectX Version: Processor Hardware Motherboard: BIOS Info: Is BIOS publicly available? Chipset: Memory Manufacturer & Type: Quantity & Size: (each)/(MB) Total Memory Size: (MB) **Hard Drive** Model Name: Model Number: Hard Drive Size: Transfer Mode: Other Info: **Network Card** Name: Model Number: Sound Card Manufacturer's Name: Model Number: Video Card Graphics Adapter: Memory Size (MB) and Type: Drivers AGP Miniport EIDE Network Card Sound Card Video Card

Microsoft Windows XP Professional RTM, no service packs / updates installed 2600 DirectX 8.1 (4.08.01.0810) Pentium 4 2.2GHz, 2.4GHz

Intel D850MD MV85010A.86A.0011.P05.0111141737 Yes X No i850 Chipset

Viking Rambus 800-45 R64168Z8N2-40 G100 Qty. (2), 128MB RIMM Modules 256MB total

Western Digital Caviar WD1200 120GB UDMA 100 NTFS was used to format the hard disk:

Allied Telesyn 10/100 AT-2700TX

Creative Labs - Sound Blaster Live! CT4670

Visiontek GeForce4 Titanium 4600 128MB DDR

Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System DMA Enabled: Yes X No N/A Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System Publisher Name: NVIDIA Version: 6.13.10.2832 Date if applicable: 3/8/2002 Graphics Resolution: 1024x768 Color Depth: 32 bit Refresh Rate: 100Hz Texture Format: n/a



Intel Pentium[®] 4 Processor DDR Memory System Configuration

Operating System

Name: Version: Build #: DirectX Version: Processor Hardware Motherboard: BIOS Info: Is BIOS publicly available? Chipset: Memory Manufacturer & Type: Quantity & Size: (each)/(MB) Total Memory Size: (MB) Hard Drive Model Name: Model Number: Hard Drive Size: Transfer Mode: Other Info: **Network Card** Name: Model Number: Sound Card Manufacturer's Name: Model Number: Video Card Graphics Adapter: Memory Size (MB) and Type: Drivers AGP Miniport EIDE Network Card Sound Card Video Card

Microsoft Windows XP Professional RTM, no service packs / updates installed 2600 DirectX 8.1 (4.08.01.0810) Pentium 4 2.2GHz, 2.4GHz

Intel D845BG PT84510A.86A.0012.P01 Yes X No i845 Chipset

Corsair XMS2400 CM64SD256-2400C2 Qty (1) 256MB DIMM Module 256MB total

Western Digital Caviar WD1200 120GB UDMA 100 NTFS was used to format the hard disk:

Allied Telesyn 10/100 AT-2700TX

Creative Labs - Sound Blaster Live! CT4670

Visiontek GeForce4 Titanium 4600 128MB DDR

Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System DMA Enabled: Yes X No N/A Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System Publisher Name: NVIDIA Version: 6.13.10.2832 Date if applicable: 3/8/2002 Graphics Resolution: 1024x768 Color Depth: 32 bit Refresh Rate: 100Hz Texture Format: n/a



AMD Athlon[™] XP & AMD Athlon Processor DDR Memory System Configurations

Operating System	
Name:	Microsoft Windows XP Professional
Version:	RTM, no service packs / updates installed
Build #:	2600
DirectX Version:	DirectX 8.1 (4.08.01.0810)
Processor	AMD Athlon XP 2000+, 2100+, 2200+
Hardware	
Motherboard:	Gigabyte GA-7VRXP
BIOS Info:	7VRXP F4
Is BIOS publicly available?	Yes X No
Chipset:	Via KT333A Chipset
Memory	
Manufacturer & Type:	Twinmos PC2700 (DDR/CL2.5)
Quantity & Size: (each)/(MB)	Qty (1) 256MB DIMM Module
Total Memory Size: (MB)	256MB total
Hard Drive	
Model Name:	Western Digital Caviar
Model Number:	WD1200
Hard Drive Size:	120GB
Transfer Mode:	UDMA 100
Other Info:	NTFS was used to format the hard disk:
Network Card	
Name:	Allied Telesyn 10/100
Model Number:	AT-2700TX
Sound Card	
Manufacturer's Name:	Creative Labs - Sound Blaster Live!
Model Number:	CT4670
Video Card	
Graphics Adapter:	Visiontek GeForce4 Titanium 4600
Memory Size (MB) and Type:	128MB DDR
Drivers	
AGP Miniport	Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System
EIDE	Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System
	DMA Enabled: Yes X No N/A
Network Card	Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System
Sound Card	Publisher Name: Provided by Operating System
Video Card	Publisher Name: NVIDIA
	Version: 6.13.10.2832
	Date if applicable: 3/8/2002 Graphics Resolution: 1024x768
	Color Depth: 32 bit Refresh Rate: 100Hz
	Texture Format: n/a
Software	
Name:	Windows Media Encoder 7.0*
Other:	Updated Windows $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}}$ Media Encoder Results contain a software update
	which enables 3DNow! ^M Professional technology in version 7.0 of
	Microsoft [®] Windows Media Encoder.

*The Windows Media Encoder 7.0 software update is not used in the audited AMD Athlon 2200+ results.

Addendum: Changes to the AMD Performance Suite

AMD maintains a comprehensive benchmarking suite comprised of industry standard benchmarks and popular applications. AMD works closely with the benchmarking industry and continually reviews the latest benchmarks, applications, and our benchmarking practices. The AMD benchmark suite is updated periodically to maintain its relevance to a broad range of end users. This document covers the updates effective with the launch of the AMD Athlon XP processor 3200+.

AMD believes that application benchmarks representing end-user applications continue to provide the best measurement of expected system performance. AMD has not changed the method by which overall performance scores are determined. Each benchmark result is normalized and the average is taken in each category. The categories are then equally weighed to determine the overall score.

AMD updates focus on including the latest application benchmarks and are intended to reflect trends in end user computer usage. AMD has added Futuremark's 3DMark[®] 03 to its suite to provide a forward-looking view of graphics performance, and Multimedia Content Creation Winstone[®] 2003 to capture the performance of more advanced gaming capabilities and productivity applications. In addition, AMD varied the mix in the gaming suite to better reflect today's games. See Table 1 for a complete list of benchmarks now used in the benchmarking suite.

AMD continues to use a third-party firm to audit the benchmarks to ensure customer confidence in our testing methodology. Beginning with the launch of model 3000+, AMD has contracted with PricewaterhouseCoopers for auditing services.

AMD plans to continue to make additional changes to the benchmarking suite as computer usage evolves. Please visit <u>www.amd.com</u> to see benchmarking results for AMD processor releases.

Office	eTesting Labs Inc. Business Winstone™ 2001, v1.0.2
Productivity	eresting Labs Inc. Dusiness Winstone 2001, VI.0.2
Productivity	eTesting Labs Inc. Business Winstone 2002, v1.0
	BAPCO [™] SYSmark [™] 2001 Office Productivity* (Mod as
	needed)
	needed)
Digital Media	eTesting Labs Inc. Content Creation Winstone [™] 2002, v1.0.1*
Digital Ficula	Multimedia Content Creation Winstone [®] 2003 (WME 8.2
	upgrade installed)
	BAPCO [™] SYSmark [™] 2001 Internet Content Creation [*] (Mod as
	needed)
3D Gaming	3DMark [®] 2001 SE (D3D Hardware T&L)
-	3DMark 2001 SE (D3D Software T&L)
	3DMark 03 Hardware Vertex
	3DMark 03 Software Vertex
	AquaMark (1024x768)
	Comanche 4 Demo (1024x768x32)
	Half-life Smokin' (1024x768x32)
	Jedi Knights II Demo (1024x768x32)
	MDK2 (1024x768x32) Avg.
	QuakeIII Demo2 (1024x768x32)
	Return to Castle Wolfenstein 3D (1024x768x32)
	Serious Sam: Karnak: Peaceful Night Coup Demo
	(1024x768x32)
	Serious Sam: Second Encounter-Demo Version: Little Trouble
	Demo (1024x768x32)
	Unreal Tournament (1024x768x32)
	Unreal Tournament 2003 Demo Flyby (1024x768x32)
	Unreal Tournament 2003 Demo Botmatch (1024x768x32)

* Updated Windows Media Encoder Results contain a software update that enables already present 3DNow!™ Professional technology in version 7.0 of Microsoft Windows Media Encoder. This software update is not publicly available. All subsequent versions of Microsoft Windows Media Encoder properly recognize 3DNow! Professional technology.

Table 1: Updated Benchmark Suite (new or updated tests in italics)

The following benchmarks were eliminated from the performance measurement suite effective with the launch of the AMD Athlon XP processor 3200+: Content Creation Winstone[™] 2001, 3D WinBench[™] 2000 (Hardware T&L, D3D software), DroneZ, Evolva, and Expendable. Additionally, AMD has moved to the second edition of 3DMark 2001 since the last update of the Benchmarking and Model Numbering Methodology white paper.

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About AMD

Founded in 1969 and based in Sunnyvale, California, AMD (NYSE: AMD) is a global supplier of integrated circuits for the personal and networked computer and communications markets with manufacturing facilities in the United States, Europe, Japan, and Asia. AMD, a Standard & Poor's 500 company, produces microprocessors, Flash memory devices, and silicon-based solutions for communications and networking applications.

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