



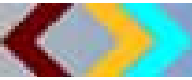
Lurgi

Designer Fuels: The Next Fuel Generation

Lurgi Press Conference, 30 November 2005, Frankfurt am Main

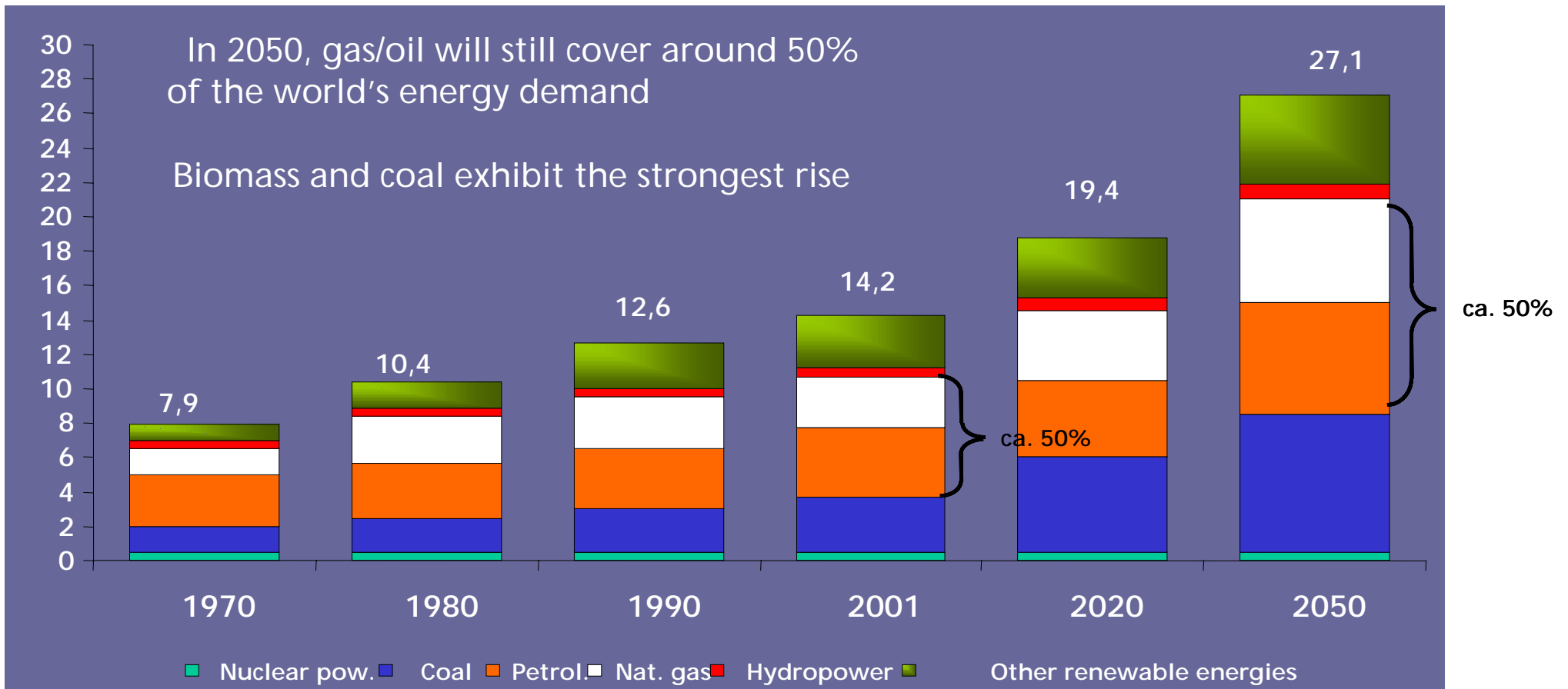
Dr. Ing. Ludolf Plass
Executive Vice President Technology - Lurgi AG

Night View of the Blue Planet



World Energy Consumption by Energy Sources

bn t SKE

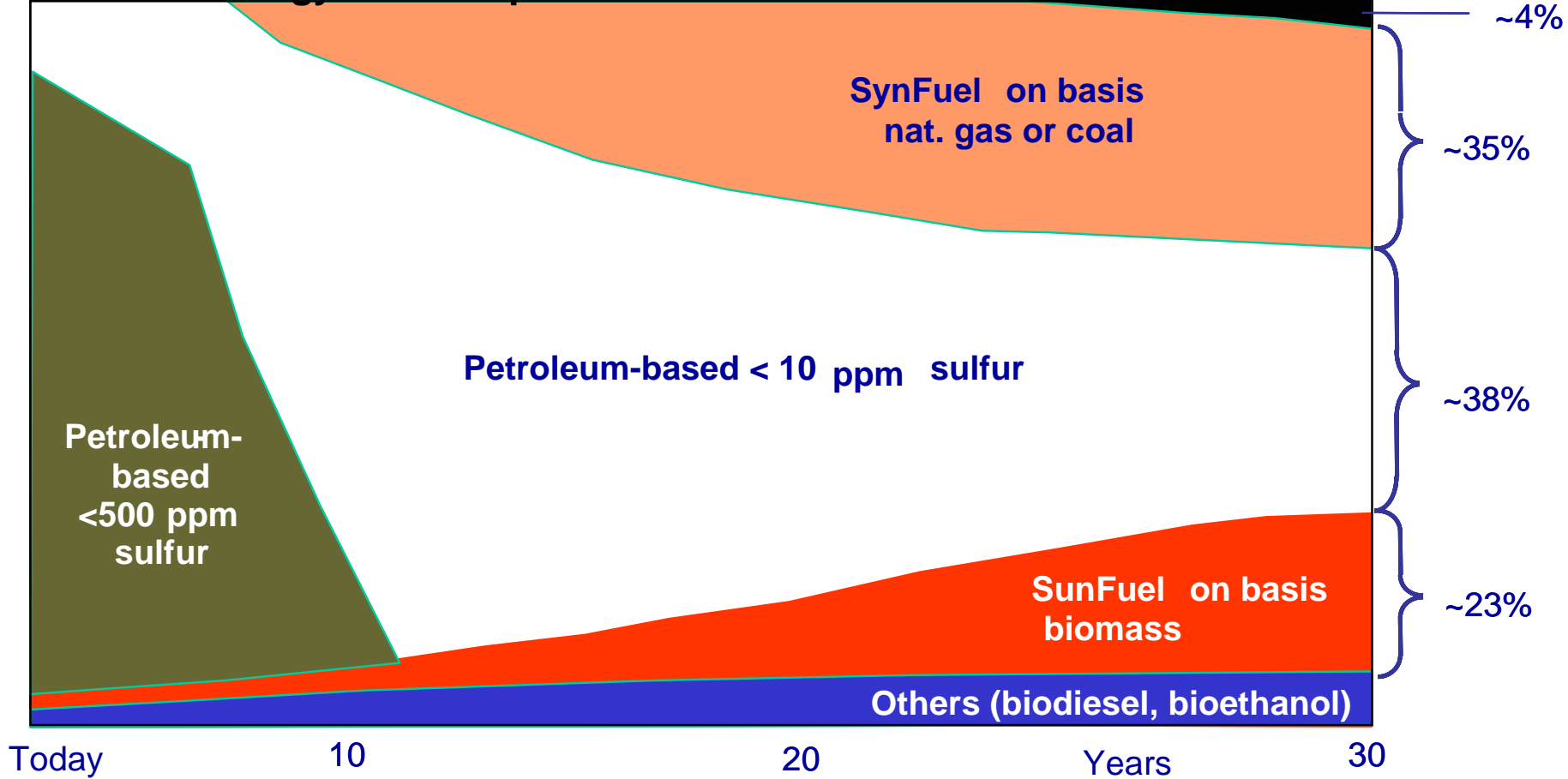


Source: BP (until 2001), World Energy Council)

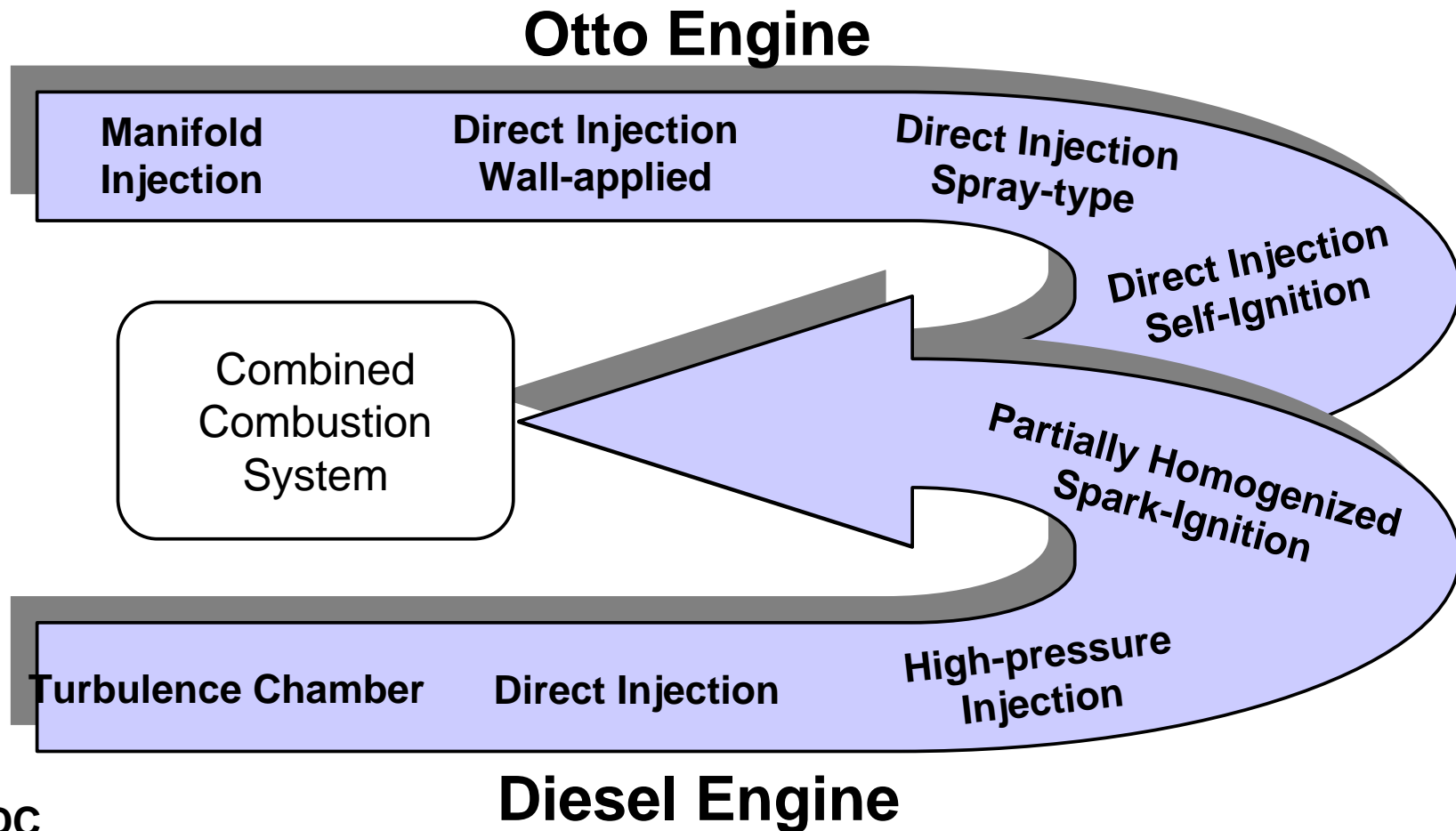
Future Quantity Scenario for Transport Fuels

Source: Strategy VW Group

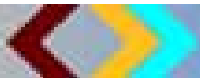
Hydrogen, regenerative



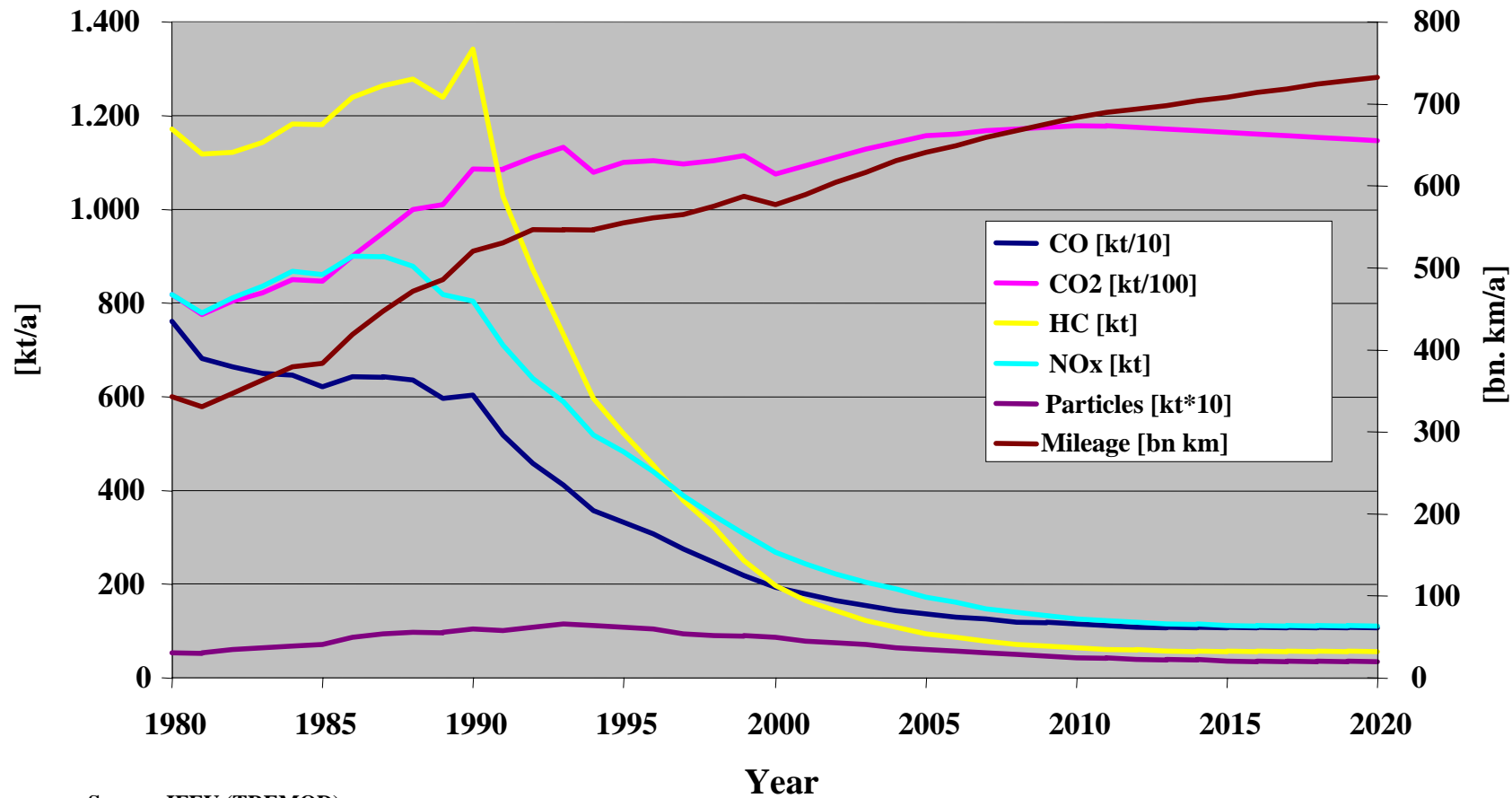
Vision 2030: Only ca. 38% petroleum-based fuels



Source VW, DC



Development Car Emissions

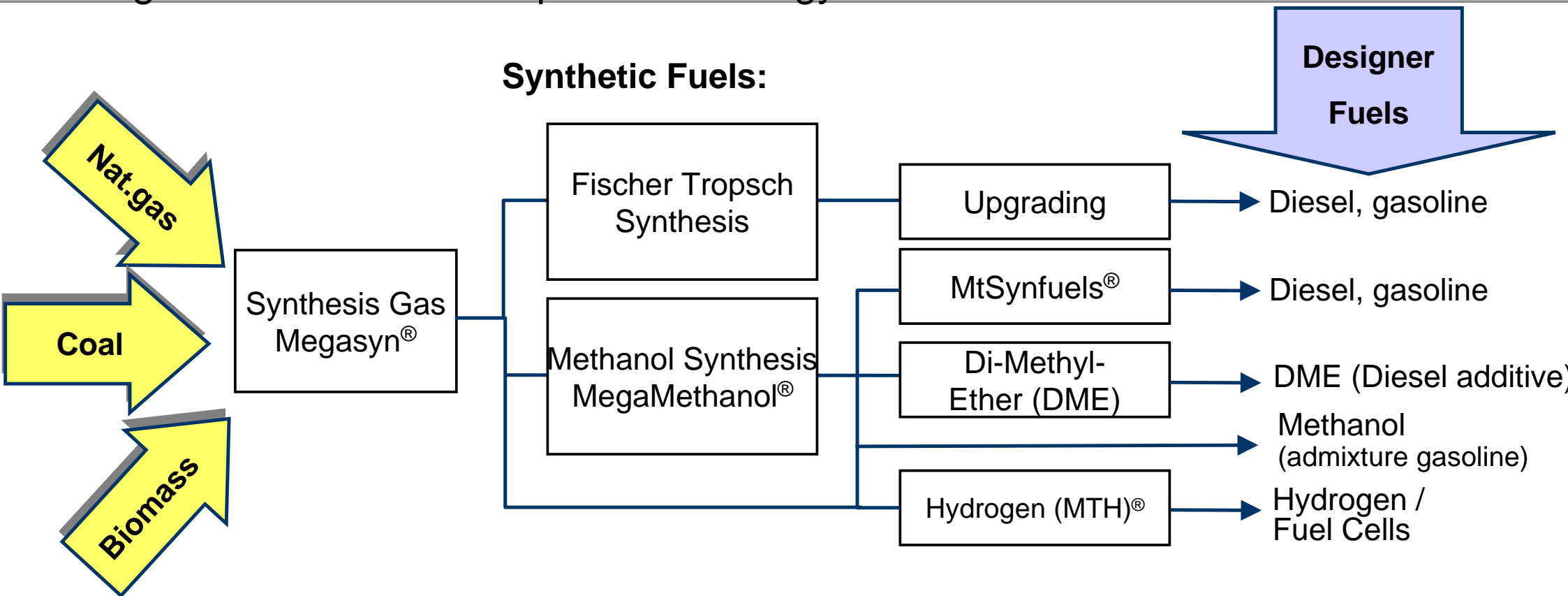


Source: IFEU (TREMODO)



From Energy Feedstock to Synthetic Fuels –

Lurgi commands the complete technology chain



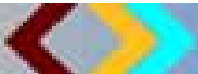
"Designer Fuels" Based on Fischer-Tropsch (FT) Technology

GEA Group *Lurgi*

300,000 tpa Synth. Diesel
Mossel Bay, South Africa



FT Demonstration Plant
Mossel Bay, South Africa



"Designer Fuels" Based on "Methanol-to-Synfuels" (MtSynfuels)

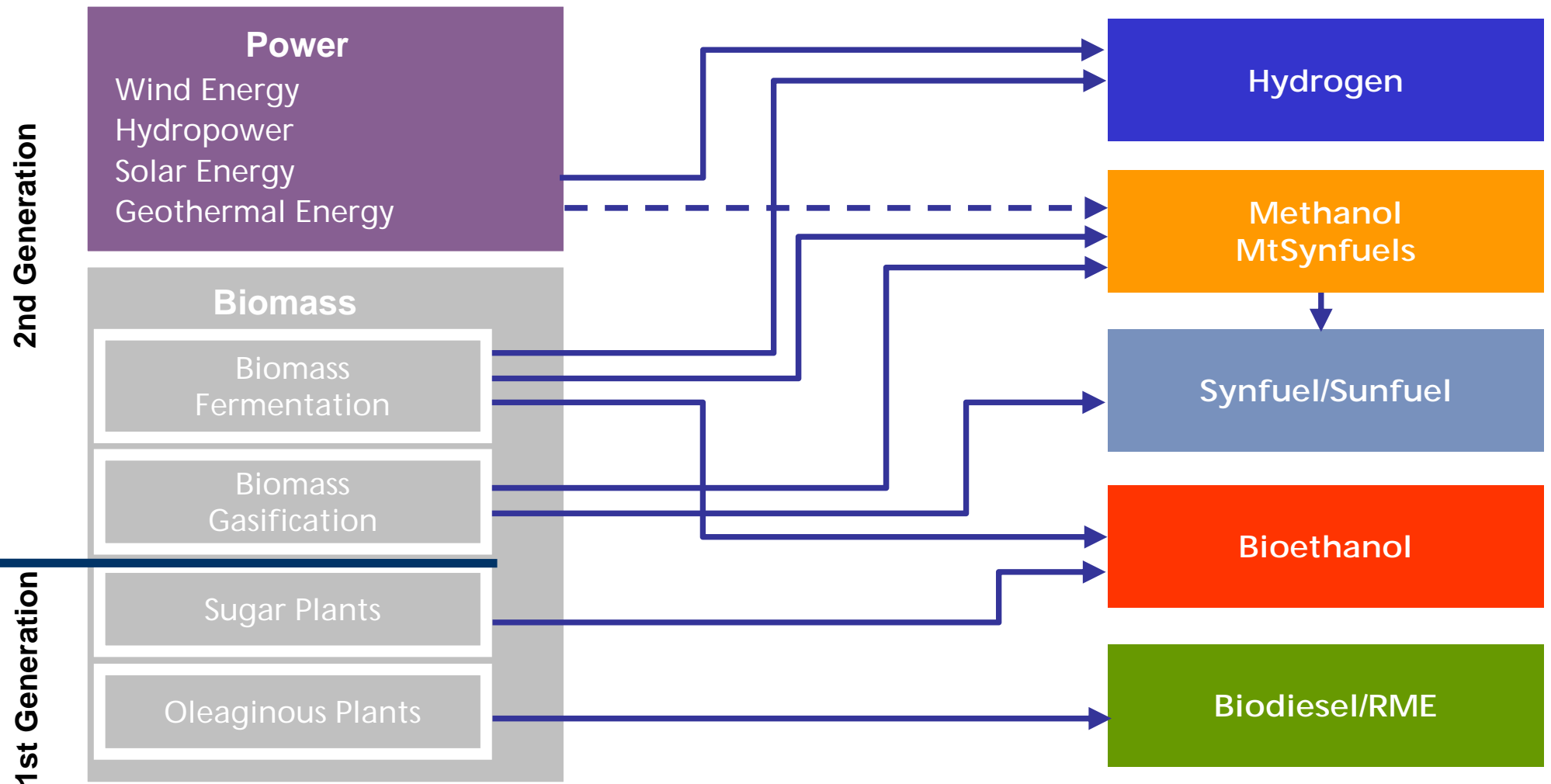
MegaMethanol Plant Atlas 5,000 tpd MeOH



MtSynfuels Pilot Plant at Lurgi's R&D Center



Fuels From Renewable Resources



Important Biofuels – Raw Materials

1st Generation Biofuels

- Oleaginous plants (biodiesel)
 - Rapeseed/Soybean/Palm/Sunflower Seed Oil, etc. (food)
 - Animal Oils and Fats (non-food)
 - Jatropha/Cotton/Pongamia Oil (non-food)
- Starch-containing plants (bioethanol)
 - Grain, Sugar Beet, Sugar Cane, Potato, etc. (food)
 - Spoilt Grain (non-food)

2nd Generation Biofuels

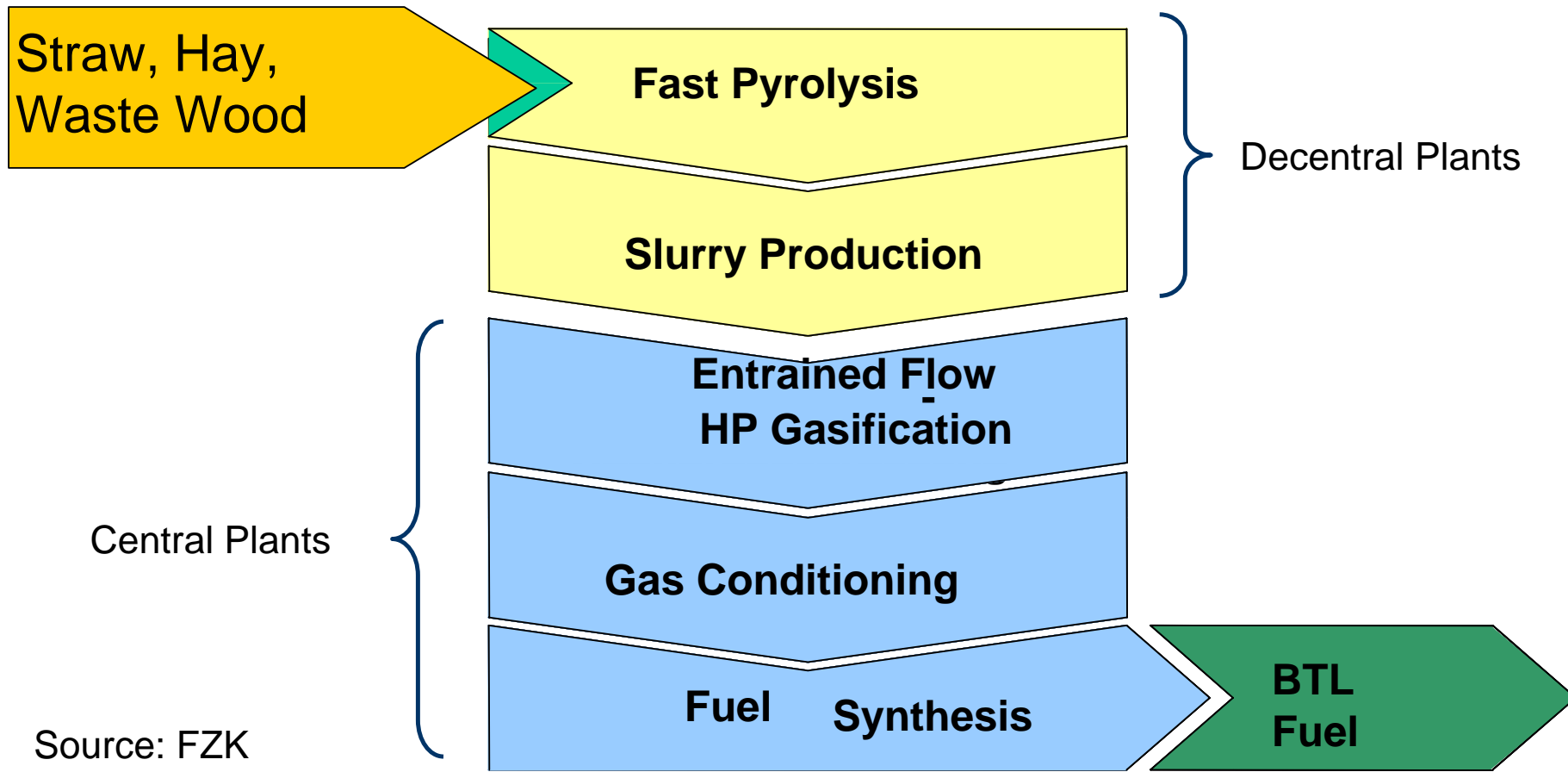
- Utilization of the complete plant (spec. yields up by a factor of 10 and more)



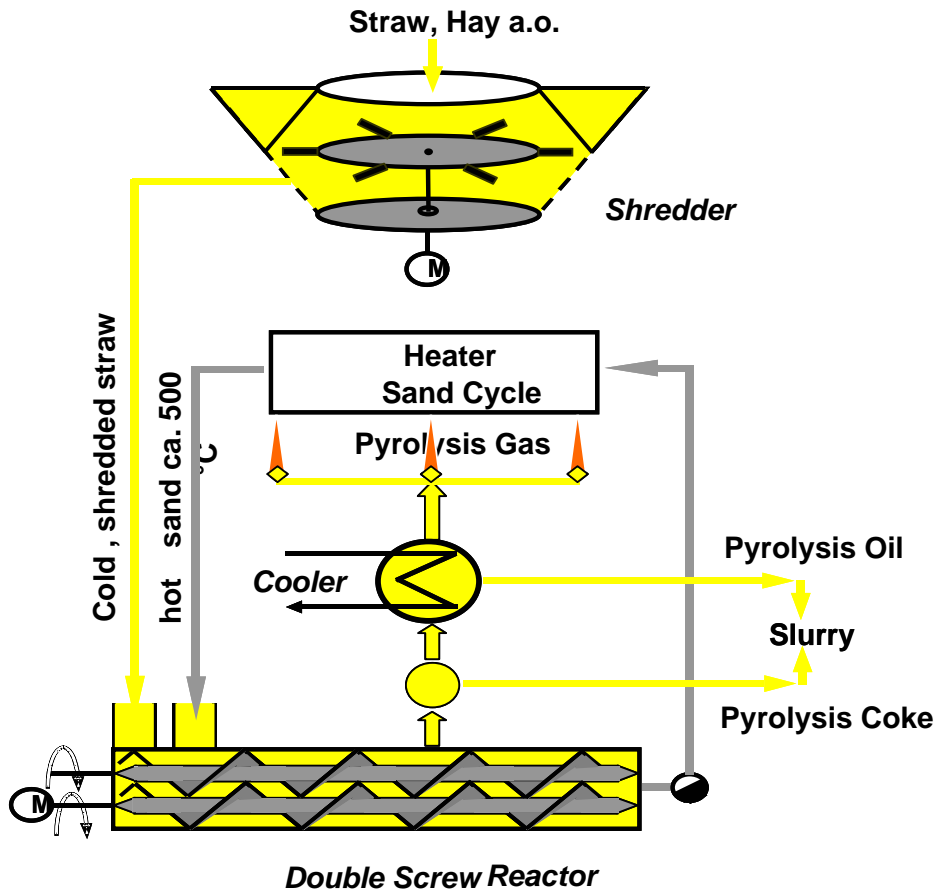
Production of Synthetic Fuels: Designer Fuels



Biomass-to-Liquids (BTL) - Concept

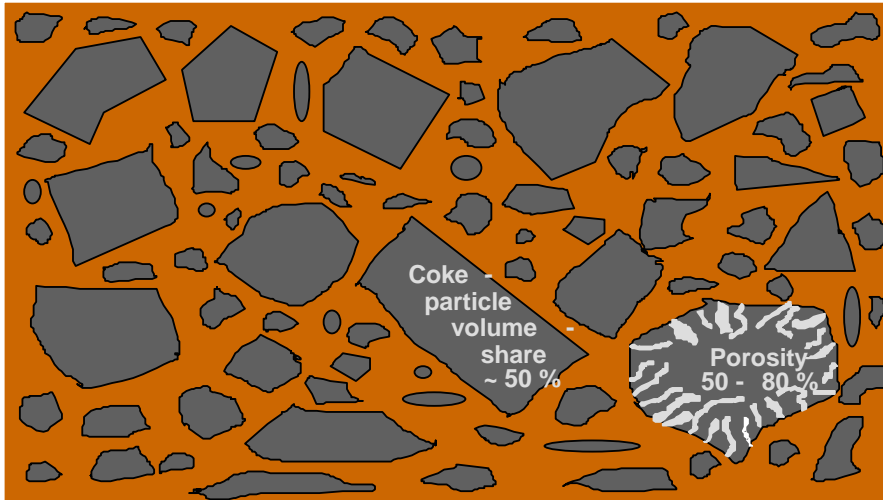


Fast Pyrolysis

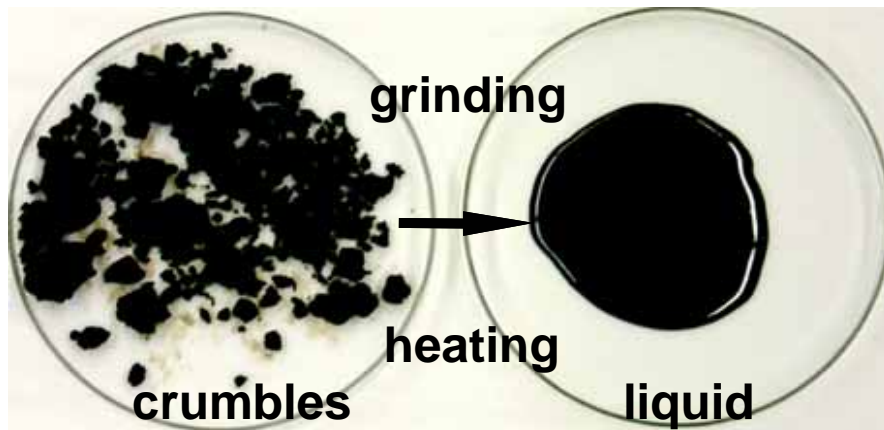


Source: FZK

Slurry with Pyrolysis Coke



- Joint grinding of pyrolysis oil and coke gives pumpable/storable slurry
- Energy concentration from biomass to slurry by factor 13
- ca. 80% of the energy content of the biomass is contained in the slurry



"Designer Fuels" required for

- Optimization in engine development
- Reduction of traffic emissions (including CO₂, particulates, hydrocarbons)

Economic effects of "Designer Fuels"

- Natural gas (GTL), coal (CTL) and biomass (BTL) are utilized
- No change in the distribution networks for fuel transport
- Reduced dependency on oil/gas imports
- Additional value added in agriculture

Conclusion:



Lurgi commands all technologies from energy feedstock to synthetic fuel (designer fuel)