

TE RUNANGA O NGATI RUANUI

TE POU KORERO

Issue 7

August 2003

CHAIRPERSON'S REPORT

*He Po! He Po! He Ao! He Ao!
Takiri mai te ata. Korihi mai te manu.
Ka Ao! Ka Ao! Ka Awatea!
Papaki tu ana te tai ki Te Reinga.
Ka Ao! Ka Ao! Ka Awatea!
Tena tatou ano e nga whanaunga katoa o Ngati Ruanui.
E ki ana te korero, "He ahakoa tupua e te tarutaru, ka tangihia tonutia nga mate."
Na reira haere nga mate. Haere. Haere. Haere.*

It was truly a moving time for all those who attended the Apology Ceremony at Pariroa Pa. The pleasure in seeing our Tumuaki (Pat Heremaia) on his feet taking his place in the day, the joys for some, of coming home, the relief for others, who have carried the burden, the anguish of those, who felt the hurts and the tears of sorrow for those who were unable to witness this historical event.

Ngati Ruanui did themselves proud and with the rain of the day cleansing the process, may our future be a rewarding one.

Hold your heads up high Ngati Ruanui and always remember

- that Ngati Ruanui was always right in its pursuit of justice
- that we are the people that the Crown will always be beholden too; and
- that we come from a long line of credible people who have shown their long lasting commitment and their ability to do things for the betterment of the Iwi.

So when those people other than Ngati Ruanui or Maori who cant help but impose their views with regards to how best we as Ngati Ruanui can manage our business, take comfort in knowing that-

- it was not Ngati Ruanui that declared war but the Crown on us
- it was not Ngati Ruanui who enforced a scorched earth policy
- it was not Ngati Ruanui that stole the whenua from a residing people
- it was not Ngati Ruanui who imprisoned people seeing 18 die in custody for passively resisting a wrong doing
- it was not Ngati Ruanui who lied and cheated to obtain the whenua
- it was not Ngati Ruanui who killed for something that was never theirs; and
- it was not Ngati Ruanui who had to apologise

Our future is what ever we want to make it. I would like us to believe that we as Ngati Ruanui can be the best we possibly can.

Many of our kaumatua have served the interests of Ngati Ruanui for many years and have felt obligated to do the mahi on behalf of their hapu, some to their peril. Some of our kaumatua have dedicated exhaustive efforts towards this "take" and earned the right to retire to an honorable and complimentary role within the Iwi without the stress and demands of such mahi.

The need for the next generation to recognize this, put their hands up and play their part for the betterment of Ngati Ruanui will be at the first AGM and full elections for Te Runanga O Ngati Ruanui in November 2003. It is the intent of Te Runanga to hold hui a iwi to explain the election process in the same population centres as was done to explain the Deed of Settlement.

Naku iti nei, na

David JE Rogers
Deputy Tumuaki

REPORT FROM NRGML

INTRODUCTION

Tena Koutou e te whanau whanui o Ngati Ruanui

It's that time again for the next edition of Te Pou Korero and, as always, it is a pleasure and privilege to have this opportunity to provide feedback to the whanau whanui o Ngati Ruanui.

In this quarter's publication, we update you on what has been happening at the Runanga since the last edition and we signal proposed events and the priorities for the next quarter. In this edition, we also include a summary of the Settlement that we received as a result of the Ngati Ruanui Claim Settlement Act 2003.

RUNANGA UPDATE - THE SETTLEMENT

Apology Ceremony / Settlement Date - 4th June 2003

On 4th June 2003, the whanau whanui of Ngati Ruanui (some 600 people) came together at Pariroa Pa to witness the Crown deliver an Apology to them, consequential of Settlement under the Ngati Ruanui Claim Settlement Act 2003.

It was truly a historical event, witnessed by many whanau who traveled home from all areas throughout Aotearoa. For some of those who returned to Pariroa that day, this was the first time they had been back for some 50 years. The actual text of the Apology can be found later in this edition of Te Pou Korero but in essence the Crown apologized to the Ngati Ruanui people for the wrongs their people had suffered at the hands of the Crown.

The Proceeds of Settlement: As part of the Settlement, Ngati Ruanui received the following: -

Cash Settlement Funds of \$43,812,995.10 made up of the following: -

Capital \$ 38,890,500.00

Interest \$ 4,922,495.10

Commercial Redress Properties:

- House Property in Hunter Street
- 35 Morrisey Street
- 151 Glover Road
- Manutahi School and House Property
- Norfolk Street Flats, Patea
- Gloucester Street Flats, Patea

Cultural redress rights and properties. Greater detail of the Redress can be found later in the Appendix of this Te Pou Korero.

Following Settlement, we have discharged all outstanding liabilities owed by the Runanga. This included legal fees owing to Bell Gully Solicitors and the overdraft at Westpac Bank that was operated by the Group Management. You will recall that Bell Gully carried the bulk of the legal costs of Settlement since 1998, though the Muru me te Raupatu Working Party made payments against the account when it could.

Fund Management Regime: After all liabilities were paid, this left a balance of \$40,050,000. \$37,200,000 was placed with Westpac for two years to fund manage, in accordance with the undertaking given by the Working Party back in 2001 when it sought the mandate to manage the Treaty Settlement. This is subject, of course, to a right of review held by the incoming Runanga that will take office in November 2002.

The remaining balance has been placed in a call account that matures at 90 day cycles. This is a contingency amount set aside to cover taxes for the forthcoming year, operating costs for the Runanga and the Group Management and establishment costs for the commercial and social subsidiary companies that are to be established in the near future.

REPLACEMENT HAPU REPRESENTATIVE FOR HAPOTIKI

In accordance with clause 7.3 (c) of the Trust Deed, an election was initiated for a Replacement Establishment Hapu Representative for Hapotiki.

Notice of the vacancy was given on 9 July 2003 in the following newspapers; The Daily News, New Zealand Herald, Dominion Post and The Press. Nominations were duly called for and notice was given of the time and venue of the election clause 2.1 of Schedule 3. Only one nomination was received and in accordance with clause 2.3 of Schedule 3 of the Trust Deed, the nominee was deemed to be the duly elected Replacement Establishment Hapu Representative for Hapotiki.

The successful Replacement Establishment Representative for Hapotiki is: -

Turangapito Sandy Parata

I am sure you will join with us and congratulate Sandy on being elected to the Runanga. With all other Establishment Hapu Representatives, Sandy will hold this position until the forthcoming election in November 2003, at which point all current positions on the Runanga will expire.

NEW STAFF APPOINTMENTS

Many of you will have seen the recent advertisements for three new executive positions within the organisation. Applicants were sought for the following positions: -

- Accountant / Commercial Assets Manager
- Solicitor
- Cultural Redress Manager

Applications closed on 18th July 2003 and those received were of an extremely high standard. Interviews are currently being held and we expect to be able to inform you of the successful appointments in the next edition of Te Pou Korero.

Key Dates Ahead

The following table sets out the Key dates ahead, including the dates of remaining for this year's Runanga meetings.

Date	Event	Venue
17 August 2003	Monthly Meeting of Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui	63 Union St, Hawera
21 September 2003	Monthly Meeting of Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui	63 Union St, Hawera
19 October 2003	Monthly Meeting of Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui	63 Union St, Hawera
1 st October 2003	Period for nominating candidates to the Runanga begins	
15 th October 2003	Period for nominating candidates to the Runanga closes	
3 rd November 2003	Voting period begins for Hapu Representatives to the Runanga	
10.00a.m, 22 November 2003	Annual General Meeting of Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui	63 Union St, Hawera
5.00p.m, 22 November 2003	Voting period closes for Hapu Representatives to the Runanga	
20 December 2003	Induction Seminar for Post-Establishment Runanga Representatives	To be advised
21 December 2003	Monthly Meeting for Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui	63 Union St, Hawera

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (A.G.M) – 22nd NOVEMBER 2003

The date for the Annual General Meeting of Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui (“the Runanga”) has been confirmed as 22nd November 2003; this accords with Clause 1.1 of Schedule 4 of the Runanga Trust Deed that prescribes that “Te Runanga will hold its first Annual General Meeting within 12 months of the Settlement Date or within 24 months of the Trust Deed Date, whichever is the earlier”.

The venue for the Annual General Meeting is to confirmed. Members of the Runanga will be duly notified closer to the date; details will also be published in relevant newspapers.

This will also mark the end of the “Establishment Period” and the term of the current Hapu Representatives to the Runanga will expire.

REGISTRATION UPDATE

Na April Taula
Registration Officer

Our register has almost 4,700 registered beneficiaries to date.

If you know of whanau members who have not registered and might wish to register with us, please contact our office on: 0508 782684 (0508 RUANUI) for registration forms.

Research

We receive many inquiries about whakapapa, hapu, and landblocks. Although we hold some information, there are many reasons, some including privacy issues, that prevent us from undertaking the research for you.

We would suggest the following process as an alternative.

The first step for anyone researching these matters should be the family or the wider whanau.

Other sources for information include:

Aotea Maori Land Court records - their office is based in Whanganui

The local library may hold books, articles and korero about researching whakapapa such as:

- Tracing family history in New Zealand, 1996 by Anne Bromell
- Researching Maori Genealogy, Nov-Dec 1992 by Jane McRae

Books, Manuscripts some include:

- The origins of Nga Rauru Kiihahi, 1983 by Ruka Broughton
- Heartland of Aotea, 1992 by I. Church
- Maori life in old Taranaki, 1965 by John Houston
- Turi of the Aotea canoe, Hawera Star Print, 1933 by John Houston

Published journals - the main journals are:

- Journal of the Polynesian Society
- Transactions of the New Zealand Institute
- Transactions of the Australian Association for the Advancement of Science
- Te Ao Hou

Also, the **Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages** that has its Central Registry Office in Wellington or its District Offices in Auckland, Christchurch and Manukau or try their website: www.bdm.govt.nz. To access this source, you will require the names and relevant dates of birth and/or deaths.

Commemorative Edition of Te Pou Korero

A Commemorative Edition of Te Pou Korero is expected to be published by November 2003. It will be of recollections of events up to and including Settlement. Please bear in mind that there will be a charge for copies of the Commemorative Edition that will cover the cost of producing it.

Declaration

Hapotiki Establishment Hapu Representative Election

The Runanga published notice on 9 July 2003 that an election will be held on Saturday 9 August 2003 for a replacement Establishment Hapu Representative for the Hapotiki Hapu, in accordance with clause 7.3 of the Runanga Trust Deed.

The Secretary received only one nomination for this election and accordingly was not required to hold the election.

Therefore, in accordance with clause 2.3 of Schedule 3 of the Trust Deed, the following nominee is deemed to be duly elected to the Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui Trust as the Establishment Hapu Representative for Hapotiki:

Turangapito Sandy Parata.

THE ADMINISTRATION DESK

We extend a special welcome to the latest addition to our team, Peta King. Peta has been appointed Office Junior for Ngati Ruanui Group Management Limited. Peta comes from Hawera; her parents are Phil and Shay King (nee Kahu). Her partner is Liko Wineera-Lepaio and they have a beautiful 7 month old son, Te Kiri Hapimerika. Peta's tasks include taking care of reception and general office duties. We thank Peta for being part of the team and for the work she does which assists in our office running smoothly.

Contact details are as follows:

Ngati Ruanui Group Management Limited

Contact: Peta King – Office Junior

Ph: 06 278 0148

Email: Ruanui.Raupatu@xtra.co.nz

Contact: Janine Maruera – Executive Assistant

DDI: 06 278 0141

Email: janine.ruanui@clear.net.nz

Ngati Ruanui Registrations

Contact: April Taula – Registration Officer

DDI: 06 278 0149

Email: ruanui.registrations@clear.net.nz

Ngati Ruanui Fax: 06 278 1358

Ngati Ruanui Freephone: 0508 RUANUI (782 684)

Ngati Ruanui Scholarships

We have received calls from people wanting to apply for Ngati Ruanui Scholarships to assist them with their tuition fees and study costs. If you wish to apply for a scholarship for 2004 please contact: Carol Rangiwananga – Ngati Ruanui Tahua on 06 278 3169 and the relevant forms will be sent out to you around October this year.

The NMIT Janice Manson Memorial Scholarship

Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology (NMIT) in partnership with Nelson Kaupapa Maori Arts Incorporated is offering a new \$15,000 scholarship (\$5,000 a year for 3 years), the scholarship aims to promote excellence and success for Maori students studying NMIT's Bachelor of Visual Arts degree.

For further information about the NMIT Janice Manson Memorial Scholarship contact Mandy Court the Scholarship Co-ordinator on 0800 422 733 or email: mcourt@nmit.ac.nz.

SETTLEMENT



*The Honourable Margaret Wilson,
Minister in Charge of Treaty of Waitangi Negotiations,
delivering the Crown Apology
at Pariroa Pa, Kakaramea
on
Wednesday 4th June 2003.*



Office of the
**Minister in Charge of Treaty of Waitangi
Negotiations**

Te Tari o Te
**Minita Nōna te Mana Whakarite Take e pā ana ki
Te Tiriti o Waitangi**

4 June 2003

The Trustees
Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui Trust
HAWERA

Tena koutou

Today is a significant day for Ngati Ruanui and the Crown. It is with honour that I have delivered to the people of Ngati Ruanui (including Tangahoe and Pakakohi) at Pairoa Pa the Crown's acknowledgement of, and apology for, its breaches of the Treaty of Waitangi.

This day – settlement date – marks the occasion that the Deed of Settlement signed on 12 May 2001 becomes unconditional and settlement redress is transferred. Accordingly, on this historic day, the Crown has deposited into the bank account of Te Runanga o Ngati Ruanui Trust, the sum of:

\$43,812,995.10

This sum is the balance of the financial redress provided to Ngati Ruanui and the interest earned since the signing of the Deed.

The events today represent the culmination of efforts of generations of Ngati Ruanui to address historical injustices. This turning point enables the revitalisation of Ngati Ruanui and the Crown's relationship under the Treaty.

I wish Ngati Ruanui well for the future.

Nāku noa, na

Hon Margaret Wilson
Minister in Charge of Treaty of Waitangi Negotiations

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS AND APOLOGY BY THE CROWN

The Crown acknowledges ...

that the cumulative of the Crown's actions in purchasing land in Taranaki created tension that led to the outbreak of war.

Ngati Ruanui suffered loss of life and destruction of property during the Taranaki wars. The Taranaki wars constituted an injustice and were in breach of the Treaty of Waitangi and the principles of the treaty of Waitangi and it acted unfairly in labelling Ngati Ruanui as rebels.

The Crown sincerely regrets...

that Ngawaka Taurua and his people suffered a heavy punishment due to a decision of the Government of the day to make an example of them in order to deter other Maori from taking up arms against the Queen's authority. The Crown acknowledges that this punishment deprived Pakakohi of Ngati Ruanui of a significant number of their leaders and the exile of those leaders from their lands, and the death of 18 of the men imprisoned, had a severe impact on the wellbeing of Pakakohi of Ngati Ruanui.

The Crown acknowledges...

that the confiscations were indiscriminate in extent and application and had a devastating effect on the welfare, economy and development of Ngati Ruanui in Taranaki. The prejudice created by the confiscations was compounded by the inadequacies in the Compensation Court process, as a result of the confiscations in 1865, Ngati Ruanui were deprived of access to their waahi tapu and sites of ancestral significance, traditional sources of food, and other resources on that land. The confiscations were wrongful and in breach of the Treaty of Waitangi and the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi.

The Crown recognises...

that the lands and other resources confiscated from Ngati Ruanui have made a significant contribution to the wealth and development of New Zealand.

The Crown acknowledges...

that its conduct in acquiring Ngati Ruanui land outside the confiscation boundary was unreasonable and improper, and contributed to Ngati Ruanui being left with insufficient lands for their present and future needs. This was in breach of the Treaty of Waitangi and the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi.

The Crown acknowledges...

that its treatment of Ngati Ruanui and Taranaki Maori involved in the passive resistance campaign of 1879 – 1880 deprived them of basic human rights. It inflicted unwarranted hardships on them through imprisonment and exile and was in breach of the Treaty of Waitangi and the Principles of the Treaty of Waitangi.

The Crown acknowledges...

that the West Coast Commissions were inadequate in their scope and did not fully address the injustices perpetrated by the confiscations. The reserves created by the Commissions in the 1880s were not sufficient for the present and future needs of Ngati Ruanui. The Crown's actions with respect to the West Coast Settlement Reserves, considered cumulatively, (including the imposition of a regime of perpetually renewable leases and the sale of large quantities of land by the Public and Maori Trustee). Have ultimately deprived Ngati Ruanui of the control and ownership of most of the lands set aside for them in Taranaki and were in breach of the Treaty of Waitangi and the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi.

The Crown acknowledges...

that despite previous efforts made in the twentieth century, including those of the Sim Commission, it has failed to deal in an appropriate way with the grievances of Ngati Ruanui and the sense of grief and loss suffered by Ngati Ruanui remains today.

The Crown recognises...

the efforts and struggles of Ngati Ruanui in pursuit of their claims for redress and compensation against the Crown for over 130 years. The Crown acknowledges the legitimacy of those efforts and struggles of Ngati Ruanui also acknowledges that recognition by the Crown of the grievances of Ngati Ruanui is overdue.

APOLOGY BY THE CROWN

The Crown makes this apology to Ngati Ruanui (including Tangaahoe and Pakakohi), to their ancestors, to their descendants, to nga uri hapu o Ngati Ruanui.

The Crown profoundly regrets, and unreservedly apologises to Ngati Ruanui...

for its actions which have resulted in the loss of life during the Taranaki wars and the virtual landlessness of Ngati Ruanui in Taranaki and have caused suffering and hardship to Ngati Ruanui over the generations to the present day.

The Crown profoundly regrets, and unreservedly apologises...

for the destructive and demoralising effects of its unconscionable actions on Ngati Ruanui which, over the generations to the present day, have undermined the basis of their society and autonomy and have had a devastating impact on their economy and development.

The Crown profoundly regrets...

its failure to acknowledge the mana, manawhenua, and rangatiratanga of Ngati Ruanui.

The Crown apologises to Ngati Ruanui...

for all the breaches of the Treaty of Waitangi and its principles acknowledged by the crown in this.

ACCORDINGLY, the Crown seeks to atone for these wrongs, and to begin the process of healing, with the Settlement and looks forward to building a relationship of mutual trust and co-operation with Ngati Ruanui.

The Acknowledgements and Apology were publicly made by

The Honourable Margaret Wilson,

Minister in Charge of Treaty of Waitangi Negotiations,

at Pariroa Pa, Kakaramea

on

Wednesday 4th June 2003.

SUMMARY OF THE REDRESS UNDER THE NGATI RUANUI CLAIMS SETTLEMENT ACT 2003 ('THE ACT')

The following is a Summary of the redress that Ngati Ruanui received under the Ngati Ruanui Claims Settlement Act 2003 ("the Act")

Redress under the Act can be categorized into three categories. These are as follows: -

- 1. Acknowledgements and Crown Apology**
- 2. Financial and Commercial Redress; and**
- 3. Cultural Redress**

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL REDRESS:

The Crown and Ngati Ruanui agreed that the Crown would provide Financial and Commercial Redress with an aggregate value of \$41 million, comprising: -

- A Cash Settlement Amount of \$40,390,500;
- Commercial Redress Properties (with Aggregate Transfer Values of \$609,500); and
- A Right of First Refusal to Crown Surplus Properties

RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL

This Deed provides Ngati Ruanui with a Right of First Refusal over any purchase of Crown Surplus property within the Ngati Ruanui region.

This right will exist for 50 years from the Settlement Date, i.e. 4 June 2003.

CULTURAL REDRESS

As part of the Settlement, the Crown and Ngati Ruanui agreed that the Crown would provide the following Cultural Redress: -

PROTOCOLS

Protocols were issued with the respect to the following Government Departments: -

- **DOC Protocol**
with the Department of Conservation
- **Fisheries Protocol**
with the Ministry of Fisheries
- **Economic Development Protocol**
with the Ministry of Social and Economic Development
- **Antiquities Protocol**
with the Ministry of Culture and Heritage

Each protocol has specific provisions and these can be found in Schedules to the Act. In essence Protocols set out how the relevant Government Department and/or Ministry will, on a continuing basis, interact with the Runanga on matters specified in the protocol and provides for Ngati Ruanui's input into certain processes.

ADVISORY COMMITTEES TO THE MINISTER

The Runanga has been appointed as an advisory committee under the following statutes: -

- Conservation Act 1987;
- Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries (Restructuring) Act 1995

This requires the relevant Ministry, amongst other things, to consult with the Runanga and consider the advice on certain matters under the legislation.

MONITORING THE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ACT 1991

This Settlement obligation requires the Crown:

- i) To give the Runanga an opportunity to express the views of Ngati Ruanui on how the Treaty of Waitangi provisions and other relevant provisions of the Resource Management Act 1991 are being addressed in the rohe of Ngati Ruanui; and
- ii) To monitor the performance of local government in implementing the Treaty of Waitangi provisions and other provisions of the Resource Management Act 1991.

PROTOCOLS WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND OTHER AGENCIES

Under this provision of the Act, various local Government and other agencies will be encouraged to enter into protocols with the Runanga. Those agencies are as follows: -

- Taranaki Regional Council
- South Taranaki District Council
- Stratford District Council
- Taranaki/Wanganui Conservation Board
- Taranaki Fish and Game Council

CULTURAL REDRESS PROPERTIES

The fee simple of the following cultural redress properties has vested in the Runanga: -

- Turuturu Mokai
- Pukemoko Pa
- Whakaahurangi Marae
- Kaikura site
- Maben Site
- Tarere

Provision has been made for the legislation currently governing the respective sites will cease to operate in certain respects.

With respect to Turuturu Mokai, this interest requires an easement being granted to the South Taranaki District Council that enables access to the Cairn on the property.

It also envisages that the Runanga will at a later date, transfer Turuturu Mokai to an approved Tupaia entity.

CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF MAKINO RESERVE

Under the Act, provision was made for the Runanga to be treated as an administering body for the purposes of the Reserves Act 1977. Makino Scenic Reserve vests in the Runanga to hold and administer as a scenic reserve under section 26 of the Reserves Act 1977.

TE REHU VILLAGE CONSERVATION SITE

The Crown is required to include provision within the Nga Rauru settlement legislation for the transfer of the Te Rehu Village Conservation site to a joint Nga Rauru/Ngati Ruanui approved entity.

This provision is dependant on the Nga Rauru settlement becoming unconditional within 5 years of the Ngati Ruanui Deed becoming unconditional. It will also require an easement being granted that will enable access under certain conditions to Taranaki Generation Limited.

UKAIPO ENTITLEMENTS

Ukaipo entitlements have been created by the Crown over certain Ukaipo Sites. These are: -

Tarere Ukaipo Sites 1 and 2

This allows for temporary exclusive occupation of each Ukaipo site for up to 210 days in any calendar year (excluding 1 May to 15 August inclusive). Certain other rights are available and the Runanga is required to comply with set obligations in order to exercise these rights.

There is provision for the Ukaipo entitlement to terminate if, during the term of the Ukaipo entitlement, the Crown alienates the Ukaipo site.

TAKI POIPOIIA O NGATI RUANUI; ASSOCIATION WITH CERTAIN AREAS

The Settlement legislation has provided for certain areas to be declared as Taki Poipoiia o Ngati Ruanui. This describes and acknowledges Ngati Ruanui values in relation to the Taki Poipoiia o Ngati Ruanui and requires the Crown to agree and publicise specific Protection Principles of conservation.

As a consequence, certain government agencies will be required to have regard to those principles.

STATUTORY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND DEEDS OF RECOGNITION

In the legislation, the Crown has made Statutory Acknowledgements relating to certain areas set out below and these are to be acknowledged by the following entities: -

- Consent Authorities
- Commissioner of Crown Lands
- Environment Court
- NZ Historic Places Trust
- Local Authorities

for

- Otoki Gorge Scenic Reserve
- Te Moananui a Kupe o Ngati Ruanui Coastal Area
- Tangahoe River
- Whenuakura River
- Patea River

Certain additional responsibilities are placed on the entities to notify or provide further information to the Runanga, for example, in the case of the consent authorities, they are required to forward summaries of Resource Consent applications to the Runanga.

DEEDS OF RECOGNITION

In accordance with the legislation, the Crown has entered into Deeds of Recognition with respect to the following sites: -

- **Otoki Gorge Scenic Reserve**
- **Tangahoe River**
- **Whenuakura River**
- **Patea River**

This requires, amongst other things, that the Runanga be consulted and regard had to its views on certain matters affecting those sites. Copies of the Deeds are available at the Runanga office for inspection.

PLACE NAMES, NAMING AND CONSULTATION

This provision provides for the amendment of Mangimangi Stream to Mangemange Stream. It also provides for the following names to be allocated to certain specified areas:-

- Whitikau
- Maraeroa
- Te Ramanui

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS OF ASSOCIATION

Under the Settlement, the legislation has acknowledged the cultural, spiritual historic and/or traditional association of Ngati Ruanui with

- Nga Taonga a Tane raua ko Tangaroa
 - Indigenous species
 - fish and other aquatic species
- Purangi

It also acknowledges that Ngati Ruanui has a customary non-commercial interest in the Paua Fishery in the Fisheries Protocol area.

MANAGEMENT OF FISHERIES WITHIN THE FISHERIES PROTOCOL AREA

The legislation has imposed a prohibition on the taking of the following species as target species for commercial purposes: -

- Blue Mussel (kuku)
- Greenlipped mussel (kuku)
- Lamprey (pihirau)
- Pipi
- Mud snail (waikaka)
- Catseye (pupu)
- Sea urchin (kina) and
- Fresh water crayfish (waikoura)

Certain processes are required to be followed by the Minister of Fisheries if there is any move to allow for commercial taking of any of those species and that includes consultation with the Runanga.

RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL OVER SHELL FISH QUOTA

The Crown has issued a deed granting a right of first refusal to the Runanga over Shellfish Quota in the Shellfish Quota Area. This is effective for 50 years from 4th June 2003.

COASTAL TENDERING

This provision provides the Runanga with a limited, but preferential right to purchase authorizations in respect of tendering in any part of the Specified Coastal Area. A procedure is prescribed to be followed by both the Crown and the Runanga where it is intended to make and/or exercise the offer/option.