SEVENTH SCHEDULE

(Article 246) List I—Union List

- 1. Defence of India and every part thereof including preparation for defence and all such acts as may be conducive in times of war to its prosecution and after its termination to effective demobilisation.
 - 2. Naval, military and air forces; any other armed forces of the Union.
- 2A. Deployment of any armed force of the Union or any other force subject to the control of the Union or any contingent or unit thereof in any State in aid of the civil power; powers, jurisdiction, privileges and liabilities of the members of such forces while on such deployment.
- 3. Delimitation of cantonment areas, local self-government in such areas, the constitution and powers within such areas of cantonment authorities and the regulation of house accommodation (including the control of rents) in such areas.
 - 4. Naval, military and air force works.
 - 5. Arms, firearms, ammunition and explosives.
 - 6. Atomic energy and mineral resources necessary for its production.
- 7. Industries declared by Parliament by law to be necessary for the purpose of defence or for the prosecution of war.
 - 8. Central Bureau of Intelligence and Investigation.
- 9. Preventive detention for reasons connected with Defence, Foreign Affairs, or the security of India; persons subjected to such detention.
- 10. Foreign affairs; all matters which bring the Union into relation with any foreign country.
 - 11. Diplomatic, consular and trade representation.
 - 12. United Nations Organisation.
- 13. Participation in international conferences, associations and other bodies and implementing of decisions made thereat.
- 14. Entering into treaties and agreements with foreign countries and implementing of treaties, agreements and conventions with foreign countries.
 - 15. War and peace.
 - 16. Foreign jurisdiction.
 - 17. Citizenship, naturalisation and aliens.
 - 18. Extradition.
 - 19. Admission into, and emigration and expulsion from, India; passports and visas.
 - 20. Pilgrimages to places outside India.
- 21. Piracies and crimes committed on the high seas or in the air; offences against the law of nations committed on land or the high seas or in the air.
 - 22. Railways.
 - 23. Highways declared by or under law made by Parliament to be national highways.

- 24. Shipping and navigation on inland waterways, declared by Parliament by law to be national waterways, as regards mechanically propelled vessels; the rule of the road on such waterways.
- 25. Maritime shipping and navigation, including shipping and navigation on tidal waters; provision of education and training for the mercantile marine and regulation of such education and training provided by States and other agencies.
- 26. Lighthouses, including lightships, beacons and other provision for the safety of shipping and aircraft.
- 27. Ports declared by or under law made by Parliament or existing law to be major ports, including their delimitation, and the constitution and powers of port authorities therein.
- 28. Port quarantine, including hospitals connected therewith; seamen's and marine hospitals.
- 29. Airways; aircraft and air navigation; provision of aerodromes; regulation and organisation of air traffic and of aerodromes; provision for aeronautical education and training and regulation of such education and training provided by States and other agencies.
- 30. Carriage of passengers and goods by railway, sea or air, or by national waterways in mechanically propelled vessels.
- 31. Posts and telegraphs; telephones, wireless, broadcasting and other like forms of communication.
- 32. Property of the Union and the revenue therefrom, but as regards property situated in a State subject to legislation by the State, save in so far as Parliament by law otherwise provides.

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- 34. Courts of wards for the estates of Rulers of Indian States.
- 35. Public debt of the Union.
- 36. Currency, coinage and legal tender; foreign exchange.
- 37. Foreign loans.
- 38. Reserve Bank of India.
- 39. Post Office Savings Bank.
- 40. Lotteries organised by the Government of India or the Government of a State.
- 41. Trade and commerce with foreign countries; import and export across customs frontiers; definition of customs frontiers.
 - 42. Inter-State trade and commerce.
- 43. Incorporation, regulation and winding up of trading corporations, including banking, insurance and financial corporations, but not including co-operative societies.
- 44. Incorporation, regulation and winding up of corporations, whether trading or not, with objects not confined to one State, but not including universities.
 - 45. Banking.
 - 46. Bills of exchange, cheques, promissory notes and other like instruments.
 - 47. Insurance.
 - 48. Stock exchanges and futures markets.
 - 49. Patents, inventions and designs; copyright; trade-marks and merchandise marks.

- 50. Establishment of standards of weight and measure.
- 51. Establishment of standards of quality for goods to be exported out of India or transported from one State to another.
- 52. Industries, the control of which by the Union is declared by Parliament by law to be expedient in the public interest.
- 53. Regulation and development of oilfields and mineral oil resources; petroleum and petroleum products; other liquids and substances declared by Parliament by law to be dangerously inflammable.
- 54. Regulation of mines and mineral development to the extent to which such regulation and development under the control of the Union is declared by Parliament by law to be expedient in the public interest.
 - 55. Regulation of labour and safety in mines and oilfields.
- 56. Regulation and development of inter-State rivers and river valleys to the extent to which such regulation and development under the control of the Union is declared by Parliament by law to be expedient in the public interest.
 - 57. Fishing and fisheries beyond territorial waters.
- 58. Manufacture, supply and distribution of salt by Union agencies; regulation and control of manufacture, supply and distribution of salt by other agencies.
 - 59. Cultivation, manufacture, and sale for export, of opium.
 - 60. Sanctioning of cinematograph films for exhibition.
 - 61. Industrial disputes concerning Union employees.
- 62. The institutions known at the commencement of this Constitution as the National Library, the Indian Museum, the Imperial War Museum, the Victoria Memorial and the Indian War Memorial, and any other like institution financed by the Government of India wholly or in part and declared by Parliament by law to be an institution of national importance.
- 63. The institutions known at the commencement of this Constitution as the Benares Hindu University, the Aligarh Muslim University and the Delhi University; the University established in pursuance of article 371E; any other institution declared by Parliament by law to be an institution of national importance.
- 64. Institutions for scientific or technical education financed by the Government of India wholly or in part and declared by Parliament by law to be institutions of national importance.
 - 65. Union agencies and institutions for-
 - (a) professional, vocational or technical training, including the training of police officers; or
 - (b) the promotion of special studies or research; or
 - (c) scientific or technical assistance in the investigation or detection of crime
- 66. Co-ordination and determination of standards in institutions for higher education or research and scientific and technical institutions.
- 67. Ancient and historical monuments and records, and archaeological sites and remains, declared by or under law made by Parliament to be of national importance.

- 68. The Survey of India, the Geological, Botanical, Zoological and Anthropological Surveys of India; Meteorological organisations.
 - 69. Census.
 - 70. Union Public Service; All-India Services; Union Public Service Commission.
- 71. Union pensions, that is to say, pensions payable by the Government of India or out of the Consolidated Fund of India.
- 72. Elections to Parliament, to the Legislatures of States and to the offices of President and Vice-President: the Election Commission.
- 73. Salaries and allowances of members of Parliament, the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Council of States and the Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the House of the People.
- 74. Powers, privileges and immunities of each House of Parliament and of the members and the Committees of each House; enforcement of attendance of persons for giving evidence or producing documents before committees of Parliament or commissions appointed by Parliament.
- 75. Emoluments, allowances, privileges, and rights in respect of leave of absence, of the President and Governors; salaries and allowances of the Ministers for the Union; the salaries, allowances, and rights in respect of leave of absence and other conditions of service of the Comptroller and Auditor-General.
 - 76. Audit of the accounts of the Union and of the States.
- 77. Constitution, organisation, jurisdiction and powers of the Supreme Court (including contempt of such Court), and the fees taken therein; persons entitled to practise before the Supreme Court.
- 78. Constitution and organisation (including vacations) of the High Courts except provisions as to officers and servants of High Courts; persons entitled to practise before the High Courts.
- 79. Extension of the jurisdiction of a High Court to, and exclusion of the jurisdiction of a High Court from, any Union territory.
- 80. Extension of the powers and jurisdiction of members of a police force belonging to any State to any area outside that State, but not so as to enable the police of one State to exercise powers and jurisdiction in any area outside that State without the consent of the Government of the State in which such area is situated; extension of the powers and jurisdiction of members of a police force belonging to any State to railway areas outside that State.
 - 81. Inter-State migration; inter-State quarantine.
 - 82. Taxes on income other than agricultural income.
 - 83. Duties of customs including export duties.
- 84. Duties of excise on tobacco and other goods manufactured or produced in India except—
 - (a) alcoholic liquors for human consumption;
- (b) opium, Indian hemp and other narcotic drugs and narcotics, but including medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcohol or any substance included in sub-paragraph (b) of this entry.
 - 85. Corporation tax.

- 86. Taxes on the capital value of the assets, exclusive of agricultural land, of individuals and companies; taxes on the capital of companies.
 - 87. Estate duty in respect of property other than agricultural land.
 - 88. Duties in respect of succession to property other than agricultural land.
- 89. Terminal taxes on goods or passengers, carried by railway, sea or air; taxes on railway fares and freights.
 - 90. Taxes other than stamp duties on transactions in stock exchanges and futures markets.
- 91. Rates of stamp duty in respect of bills of exchange, cheques, promissory notes, bills of lading, letters of credit, policies of insurance, transfer of shares, debentures, proxies and receipts.
 - 92. Taxes on the sale or purchase of newspapers and on advertisements published therein.
- 92A. Taxes on the sale or purchase of goods other than newspapers, where such sale or purchase takes place in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.
- 92B. Taxes on the consignments of goods (whether the consignment is to the person making it or to any other person), where such consignment takes place in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.
 - 93. Offences against laws with respect to any of the matters in this List.
 - 94. Inquires, surveys and statistics for the purpose of any of the matters in this List.
- 95. Jurisdiction and powers of all courts, except the Supreme Court, with respect to any of the matters in this List; admiralty jurisdiction.
- 96. Fees in respect of any of the matters in this List, but not including fees taken in any court.
- 97. Any other matter not enumerated in List II or List III including any tax not mentioned in either of those Lists.

List II-State List

- 1. Public order (but not including the use of any naval, military or air force or any other armed force of the Union or of any other force subject to the control of the Union or of any contingent or unit thereof in aid of the civil power).
- 2. Police (including railway and village police) subject to the provisions of entry 2A of List I.
- 3. Officers and servants of the High Court; procedure in rent and revenue courts; fees taken in all courts except the Supreme Court.
- 4. Prisons, reformatories, Borstal institutions and other institutions of a like nature, and persons detained therein; arrangements with other States for the use of prisons and other institutions
- 5. Local government, that is to say, the constitution and powers of municipal corporations, improvement trusts, districts boards, mining settlement authorities and other local authorities for the purpose of local self-government or village administration.
 - 6. Public health and sanitation; hospitals and dispensaries.
 - 7. Pilgrimages, other than pilgrimages to places outside India.
- 8. Intoxicating liquors, that is to say, the production, manufacture, possession, transport, purchase and sale of intoxicating liquors.

- 9. Relief of the disabled and unemployable.
- 10. Burials and burial grounds; cremations and cremation grounds.

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- 12. Libraries, museums and other similar institutions controlled or financed by the State; ancient and historical monuments and records other than those declared by or under law made by Parliament to be of national importance.
- 13. Communications, that is to say, roads, bridges, ferries, and other means of communication not specified in List I; municipal tramways; ropeways; inland waterways and traffic thereon subject to the provisions of List I and List III with regard to such waterways; vehicles other than mechanically propelled vehicles.
- 14. Agriculture, including agricultural education and research, protection against pests and prevention of plant diseases.
- 15. Preservation, protection and improvement of stock and prevention of animal diseases; veterinary training and practice.
 - 16. Pounds and the prevention of cattle trespass.
- 17. Water, that is to say, water supplies, irrigation and canals, drainage and embankments, water storage and water power subject to the provisions of entry 56 of List I.
- 18. Land, that is to say, rights in or over land, land tenures including the relation of landlord and tenant, and the collection of rents; transfer and alienation of agricultural land; land improvement and agricultural loans; colonization.

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- 21. Fisheries.
- 22. Courts of wards subject to the provisions of entry 34 of List I; encumbered and attached estates.
- 23. Regulation of mines and mineral development subject to the provisions of List I with respect to regulation and development under the control of the Union.
 - 24. Industries subject to the provisions of entries 7 and 52 of List I.
 - 25. Gas and gas-works.
 - 26. Trade and commerce within the State subject to the provisions of entry 33 of List III.
 - 27. Production, supply and distribution of goods subject to the provisions of entry 33 of List III.
 - 28. Markets and fairs.

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- 30. Money-lending and money-lenders; relief of agricultural indebtedness.
- 31. Inns and inn-keepers.
- 32. Incorporation, regulation and winding up of corporations, other than those specified in List I, and universities; unincorporated trading, literary, scientific, religious and other societies and associations; co-operative societies.
- 33. Theatres and dramatic performances; cinemas subject to the provisions of entry 60 of List I; sports, entertainments and amusements.
 - 34. Betting and gambling.
 - 35. Works, lands and buildings vested in or in the possession of the State.

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- 37. Elections to the Legislature of the State subject to the provisions of any law made by Parliament.
- 38. Salaries and allowances of members of the Legislature of the State, of the Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly and, if there is a Legislative Council, of the Chairman and Deputy Chairman thereof.
- 39. Powers, privileges and immunities of the Legislative Assembly and of the members and the committees thereof, and, if there is a Legislative Council, of that Council and of the members and the committees thereof; enforcement of attendance of persons for giving evidence or producing documents before committees of the Legislature of the State.
 - 40. Salaries and allowances of Ministers for the State.
 - 41. State public services; State Public Service Commission.
- 42. State pensions, that is to say, pensions payable by the State or out of the Consolidated Fund of the State.
 - 43. Public debt of the State.
 - 44 Treasure trove
- 45. Land revenue, including the assessment and collection of revenue, the maintenance of land records, survey for revenue purposes and records of rights, and alienation of revenues.
 - 46. Taxes on agricultural income.
 - 47. Duties in respect of succession to agricultural land.
 - 48. Estate duty in respect of agricultural land.
 - 49. Taxes on lands and buildings.
- 50. Taxes on mineral rights subject to any limitations imposed by Parliament by law relating to mineral development.
- 51. Duties of excise on the following goods manufactured or produced in the State and countervailing duties at the same or lower rates on similar goods manufactured or produced elsewhere in India:—
 - (a) alcoholic liquors for human consumption;
- (b) opium, Indian hemp and other narcotic drugs and narcotics, but not including medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcohol or any substance included in sub-paragraph (b) of this entry.
 - 52. Taxes on the entry of goods into a local area for consumption, use or sale therein.
 - 53. Taxes on the consumption or sale of electricity.
- 54. Taxes on the sale or purchase of goods other than newspapers, subject to the provisions of entry 92A of List I.
- 55. Taxes on advertisements other than advertisements published in the newspapers and advertisements broadcast by radio or television.
 - 56. Taxes on goods and passengers carried by road or on inland waterways.
- 57. Taxes on vehicles, whether mechanically propelled or not, suitable for use on roads, including tramcars subject to the provisions of entry 35 of List III.
 - 58. Taxes on animals and boats.
 - 59. Tolls.
 - 60. Taxes on professions, trades, callings and employments.

- 61. Capitation taxes.
- 62. Taxes on luxuries, including taxes on entertainments, amusements, betting and gambling.
- 63. Rates of stamp duty in respect of documents other than those specified in the provisions of List I with regard to rates of stamp duty.
 - 64. Offences against laws with respect to any of the matters in this List.
- 65. Jurisdiction and powers of all courts, except the Supreme Court, with respect to any of the matters in this List.
- 66. Fees in respect of any of the matters in this List, but not including fees taken in any court.

List III-Concurrent List

- 1. Criminal law, including all matters included in the Indian Penal Code at the commencement of this Constitution but excluding offences against laws with respect to any of the matters specified in List I or List II and excluding the use of naval, military or air forces or any other armed forces of the Union in aid of the civil power.
- 2. Criminal procedure, including all matters included in the Code of Criminal Procedure at the commencement of this Constitution.
- 3. Preventive detention for reasons connected with the security of a State, the maintenance of public order, or the maintenance of supplies and services essential to the community; persons subjected to such detention.
- 4. Removal from one State to another State of prisoners, accused persons and persons subjected to preventive detention for reasons specified in entry 3 of this List.
- 5. Marriage and divorce; infants and minors; adoption; wills, intestacy and succession; joint family and partition; all matters in respect of which parties in judicial proceedings were immediately before the commencement of this Constitution subject to their personal law.
 - 6. Transfer of property other than agricultural land; registration of deeds and documents.
- 7. Contracts, including partnership, agency, contracts of carriage, and other special forms of contracts, but not including contracts relating to agricultural land.
 - 8. Actionable wrongs.
 - 9. Bankruptcy and insolvency.
 - 10. Trust and Trustees.
 - 11. Administrators-general and official trustees.
- 11A. Administration of Justice; constitution and organisation of all courts, except the Supreme Court and the High Courts.
- 12. Evidence and oaths; recognition of laws, public acts and records, and judicial proceedings.
- 13. Civil procedure, including all matters included in the Code of Civil Procedure at the commencement of this Constitution, limitation and arbitration.
 - 14. Contempt of court, but not including contempt of the Supreme Court.
 - 15. Vagrancy; nomadic and migratory tribes.

- 16. Lunacy and mental deficiency, including places for the reception or treatment of lunatics and mental deficients.
 - 17. Prevention of cruelty to animals.
 - 17A. Forests.
 - 17B. Protection of wild animals and birds.
 - 18. Adulteration of foodstuffs and other goods.
- 19. Drugs and poisons, subject to the provisions of entry 59 of List I with respect to opium.
 - 20. Economic and social planning.
- 20A. Population control and family planning.
 - 21. Commercial and industrial monopolies, combines and trusts.
 - 22. Trade unions; industrial and labour disputes.
 - 23. Social security and social insurance; employment and unemployment.
- 24. Welfare of labour including conditions of work, provident funds, employers' liability, workmen's compensation, invalidity and old age pensions and maternity benefits.
- 25. Education, including technical education, medical education and universities, subject to the provisions of entries 63, 64, 65 and 66 of List I; vocational and technical training of labour.
 - 26. Legal, medical and other professions.
- 27. Relief and rehabilitation of persons displaced from their original place of residence by reason of the setting up of the Dominions of India and Pakistan.
- 28. Charities and charitable institutions, charitable and religious endowments and religious institutions.
- 29. Prevention of the extension from one State to another of infectious or contagious diseases or pests affecting men, animals or plants.
 - 30. Vital statistics including registration of births and deaths.
- 31. Ports other than those declared by or under law made by Parliament or existing law to be major ports.
- 32. Shipping and navigation on inland waterways as regards mechanically propelled vessels, and the rule of the road on such waterways, and the carriage of passengers and goods on inland waterways subject to the provisions of List I with respect to national waterways.
 - 33. Trade and commerce in, and the production, supply and distribution of,—
 - (a) the products of any industry where the control of such industry by the Union is declared by Parliament by law to be expedient in the public interest, and imported goods of the same kind as such products;
 - (b) foodstuffs, including edible oilseeds and oils;
 - (c) cattle fodder, including oilcakes and other concentrates;
 - (d) raw cotton, whether ginned or unginned, and cotton seed; and
 - (e) raw jute.
 - 33A. Weights and measures except establishment of standards.
 - 34. Price control.

- 35. Mechanically propelled vehicles including the principles on which taxes on such vehicles are to be levied.
 - 36. Factories
 - 37. Boilers.
 - 38. Electricity.
 - 39. Newspapers, books and printing presses.
- 40. Archaeological sites and remains other than those declared by or under law made by Parliament to be of national importance.
- 41. Custody, management and disposal of property (including agricultural land) declared by law to be evacuee property.
 - 42. Acquisition and requisitioning of property.
- 43. Recovery in a State of claims in respect of taxes and other public demands, including arrears of land-revenue and sums recoverable as such arrears, arising outside that State.
- 44. Stamp duties other than duties or fees collected by means of judicial stamps, but not including rates of stamp duty.
- 45. Inquiries and statistics for the purposes of any of the matters specified in List II or List III.
- 46. Jurisdiction and powers of all courts, except the Supreme Court, with respect to any of the matters in this List.
- 47. Fees in respect of any of the matters in this List, but not including fees taken in any court.

EIGHTH SCHEDULE

[Articles 344 (1) and 351]

Languages

- 1. Assamese.
- 2. Bengali.
- 3. Bodo.
- 4. Dogri.
- 5. Gujarati.
- 6. Hindi.
- 7. Kannada.
- 8. Kashmiri.
- 9. Konkani.
- 10. Maithili.
- 11. Malayalam.
- 12. Manipuri.
- 13. Marathi.
- 14. Nepali.
- 15. Oriya.
- 16. Punjabi.
- 17. Sanskrit.
- 18. Santhali.
- 19. Sindhi.
- 20. Tamil.
- 21. Telugu.
- 22. Urdu.

NINTH SCHEDULE

(Article 31B)

- 1. The Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950 (Bihar Act XXX of 1950).
- 2. The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1948 (Bombay Act LXVII of 1948).
- 3. The Bombay Maleki Tenure Abolition Act, 1949 (Bombay Act LXI of 1949).
- 4. The Bombay Talugdari Tenure Abolition Act, 1949 (Bombay Act LXII of 1949).
- 5. The Panch Mahals Mehwassi Tenure Abolition Act, 1949 (Bombay Act LXIII of 1949).
- 6. The Bombay Khoti Abolition Act, 1950 (Bombay Act VI of 1950).
- 7. The Bombay Paragana and Kulkarni Watan Abolition Act, 1950 (Bombay Act LX of 1950).
- 8. The Madhya Pradesh Abolition of Proprietary Rights (Estates, Mahals, Alienated Lands) Act, 1950 (Madhya Pradesh Act I of 1951).
- 9. The Madras Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1948 (Madras Act XXVI of 1948).
- 10. The Madras Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Amendment Act, 1950 (Madras Act I of 1950).
- 11. The Uttar Pradesh Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act, 1950 (Uttar Pradesh Act I of 1951).
 - 12. The Hyderabad (Abolition of Jagirs) Regulation, 1358F (No. LXIX of 1358, Fasli).
 - 13. The Hyderabad Jagirs (Commutation) Regulation, 1359F (No. XXV of 1359, Fasli).
- 14. The Bihar Displaced Persons Rehabilitation (Acquisition of Land) Act, 1950 (Bihar Act XXXVIII of 1950).
- 15. The United Provinces Land Acquisition (Rehabilitation of Refugees) Act, 1948 (U.P. Act XXVI of 1948).
- 16. The Resettlement of Displaced Persons (Land Acquisition) Act, 1948 (Act LX of 1948).
- 17. Sections 52A to 52G of the Insurance Act, 1938 (Act IV of 1938), as inserted by section 42 of the Insurance (Amendment) Act, 1950 (Act XLVII of 1950).
 - 18. The Railway Companies (Emergency Provisions) Act, 1951 (Act LI of 1951).
- 19. Chapter III-A of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (Act LXV of 1951), as inserted by section 13 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Amendment Act, 1953 (Act XXVI of 1953).
- 20. The West Bengal Land Development and Planning Act, 1948 (West Bengal Act XXI of 1948), as amended by West Bengal Act XXIX of 1951.
- 21. The Andhra Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings Act, 1961 (Andhra Pradesh Act X of 1961).
- 22. The Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Validation) Act, 1961 (Andhra Pradesh Act XXI of 1961).
- 23. The Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Ijara and Kowli Land Cancellation of Irregular Pattas and Abolition of Concessional Assessment Act, 1961 (Andhra Pradesh Act XXXVI of 1961).

- 24. The Assam State Acquisition of Lands belonging to Religious or Charitable Institution of Public Nature Act, 1959 (Assam Act IX of 1961).
 - 25. The Bihar Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1953 (Bihar Act XX of 1954).
- 26. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) Act, 1961 (Bihar Act XII of 1962), except section 28 of this Act.
- 27. The Bombay Taluqdari Tenure Abolition (Amendment) Act, 1954 (Bombay Act I of 1955).
- 28. The Bombay Taluqdari Tenure Abolition (Amendment) Act, 1957 (Bombay Act XVIII of 1958).
 - 29. The Bombay Inams (Kutch Area) Abolition Act, 1958 (Bombay Act XCVIII of 1958).
- 30. The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 1960 (Gujarat Act XVI of 1960).
 - 31. The Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling Act, 1960 (Gujarat Act XXVI of 1961).
- 32. The Sagbara and Mehwassi Estates (Proprietary Rights Abolition, etc.) Regulation, 1962 (Gujarat Regulation I of 1962).
- 33. The Gujarat Surviving Alienations Abolition Act, 1963 (Gujarat Act XXXIII of 1963), except in so far as this Act relates to an alienation referred to in sub-clause (d) of clause (3) of section 2 thereof.
- 34. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) Act, 1961 (Maharashtra Act XXVII of 1961).
- 35. The Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Re-enactment, Validation and Further Amendment) Act, 1961 (Maharashtra Act XLV of 1961).
- 36. The Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1950 (Hyderabad Act XXI of 1950).
 - 37. The Jenmikaram Payment (Abolition) Act, 1960 (Kerala Act III of 1961).
 - 38. The Kerala Land Tax Act, 1961 (Kerala Act XIII of 1961).
 - 39. The Kerala Land Reforms Act, 1963 (Kerala Act I of 1964).
 - 40. The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code, 1959 (Madhya Pradesh Act XX of 1959).
- 41. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings Act, 1960 (Madhya Pradesh Act XX of 1960).
 - 42. The Madras Cultivating Tenants Protection Act, 1955 (Madras Act XXV of 1955).
- The Madras Cultivating Tenants (Payment of Fair Rent) Act, 1956 (Madras Act XXIV of 1956).
- 44. The Madras Occupants of Kudiyiruppu (Protection from Eviction) Act, 1961 (Madras Act XXXVIII of 1961).
- 45. The Madras Public Trusts (Regulation of Administration of Agricultural Lands) Act, 1961 (Madras Act LVII of 1961).
- 46. The Madras Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Act, 1961 (Madras Act LVIII of 1961).
 - 47. The Mysore Tenancy Act, 1952 (Mysore Act XIII of 1952).
 - 48. The Coorg Tenants Act, 1957 (Mysore Act XIV of 1957).
 - 49. The Mysore Village Offices Abolition Act, 1961 (Mysore Act XIV of 1961).

- 50. The Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Validation) Act, 1961 (Mysore Act XXXVI of 1961).
 - 51. The Mysore Land Reforms Act, 1961 (Mysore Act X of 1962).
 - 52. The Orissa Land Reforms Act, 1960 (Orissa Act XVI of 1960).
- 53. The Orissa Merged Territories (Village Offices Abolition) Act, 1963 (Orissa Act X of 1963).
 - 54. The Punjab Security of Land Tenures Act, 1953 (Punjab Act X of 1953).
 - 55. The Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955 (Rajasthan Act III of 1955).
- 56. The Rajasthan Zamindari and Biswedari Abolition Act, 1959 (Rajasthan Act VIII of 1959).
- 57. The Kumaun and Uttarakhand Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act, 1960 (Uttar Pradesh Act XVII of 1960).
- 58. The Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1960 (Uttar Pradesh Act I of 1961).
 - 59. The West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act, 1953 (West Bengal Act I of 1954).
 - 60. The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955 (West Bengal Act X of 1956).
 - 61. The Delhi Land Reforms Act, 1954 (Delhi Act VIII of 1954).
 - 62. The Delhi Land Holdings (Ceiling) Act, 1960 (Central Act 24 of 1960).
 - 63. The Manipur Land Revenue and Land Reforms Act, 1960 (Central Act 33 of 1960).
 - 64. The Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms Act, 1960 (Central Act 43 of 1960).
 - 65. The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969 (Kerala Act 35 of 1969).
 - 66. The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1971 (Kerala Act 25 of 1971).
- 67. The Andhra Pradesh Land Reforms (Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings) Act, 1973 (Andhra Pradesh Act 1 of 1973).
- 68. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Bihar Act 1 of 1973).
- 69. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) (Amendment) Act, 1973 (Bihar Act IX of 1973).
 - 70. The Bihar Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Bihar Act V of 1972).
- 71. The Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Gujarat Act 2 of 1974).
 - 72. The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1972 (Haryana Act 26 of 1972).
- The Himachal Pradesh Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1972 (Himachal Pradesh Act 19 of 1973).
 - 74. The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Kerala Act 17 of 1972).
- 75. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Madhya Pradesh Act 12 of 1974).
- 76. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Second Amendment) Act, 1972 (Madhya Pradesh Act 13 of 1974).
 - 77. The Mysore Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1973 (Karnataka Act 1 of 1974).
 - 78. The Punjab Land Reforms Act, 1972 (Punjab Act 10 of 1973).

- 79. The Rajasthan Imposition of Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings Act, 1973 (Rajasthan Act 11 of 1973).
- 80. The Gudalur Janmam Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1969 (Tamil Nadu Act 24 of 1969).
- 81. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Bengal Act XII of 1972).
- 82. The West Bengal Estates Acquisition (Amendment) Act, 1964 (West Bengal Act XXII of 1964).
- 83. The West Bengal Estates Acquisition (Second Amendment) Act, 1973 (West Bengal Act XXXIII of 1973).
- 84. The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 1972 (Gujarat Act 5 of 1973).
 - 85. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (Orissa Act 9 of 1974).
- 86. The Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act,1974 (Tripura Act 7 of 1974).
 - * * * * *
 - 88. The Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (Central Act 65 of 1951).
- 89. The Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952 (Central Act 30 of 1952).
- 90. The Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957 (Central Act 67 of 1957).
 - 91. The Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, 1969 (Central Act 54 of 1969).

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- 93. The Coking Coal Mines (Emergency Provisions) Act, 1971 (Central Act 64 of 1971). 94. The Coking Coal Mines (Nationalisation) Act, 1972 (Central Act 36 of 1972).
- 95. The General Insurance Business (Nationalisation) Act, 1972 (Central Act 57 of 1972).
- 96. The Indian Copper Corporation (Acquisition of Undertaking) Act, 1972 (Central Act 58 of 1972).
- 97. The Sick Textile Undertakings (Taking Over of Management) Act, 1972 (Central Act 72 of 1972).
 - 98. The Coal Mines (Taking Over of Management) Act, 1973 (Central Act 15 of 1973).
 - 99. The Coal Mines (Nationalisation) Act, 1973 (Central Act 26 of 1973).
 - 100. The Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1973 (Central Act 46 of 1973).
- 101. The Alcock Ashdown Company Limited (Acquisition of Undertakings) Act, 1973 (Central Act 56 of 1973).
- 102. The Coal Mines (Conservation and Development) Act, 1974 (Central Act 28 of 1974).
- 103. The Additional Emoluments (Compulsory Deposit) Act, 1974 (Central Act 37 of 1974).
- 104. The Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974 (Central Act 52 of 1974).
 - 105. The Sick Textile Undertakings (Nationalisation) Act, 1974 (Central Act 57 of 1974).

- 106. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1964 (Maharashtra Act XVI of 1965).
- 107. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1965 (Maharashtra Act XXXII of 1965).
- 108. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1968 (Maharashtra Act XVI of 1968).
- 109. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Second Amendment) Act, 1968 (Maharashtra Act XXXIII of 1968).
- 110. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1969 (Maharashtra Act XXXVII of 1969).
- 111. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Second Amendment) Act, 1969 (Maharashtra Act XXXVIII of 1969).
- 112. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1970 (Maharashtra Act XXVII of 1970).
- 113. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Maharashtra Act XIII of 1972).
- 114. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1973 (Maharashtra Act L of 1973).
 - 115. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (Orissa Act 13 of 1965).
 - 116. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1966 (Orissa Act 8 of 1967).
 - 117. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1967 (Orissa Act 13 of 1967).
 - 118. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969 (Orissa Act 13 of 1969).
 - 119. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1970 (Orissa Act 18 of 1970).
- 120. The Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Uttar Pradesh Act 18 of 1973).
- 121. The Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1974 (Uttar Pradesh Act 2 of 1975).
- 122. The Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1975 (Tripura Act 3 of 1975).
 - 123. The Dadra and Nagar Haveli Land Reforms Regulation, 1971 (3 of 1971).
- 124. The Dadra and Nagar Haveli Land Reforms (Amendment) Regulation, 1973 (5 of 1973).
- 125. Section 66A and Chapter IVA of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939* (Central Act 4 of 1939).
 - 126. The Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (Central Act 10 of 1955).
- 127. The Smugglers and Foreign Exchange Manipulators (Forfeiture of Property) Act, 1976 (Central Act 13 of 1976).
 - 128. The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act, 1976 (Central Act 19 of 1976).
- 129. The Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Central Act 20 of 1976).
 - 131. The Levy Sugar Price Equalisation Fund Act, 1976 (Central Act 31 of 1976).
- * See now the relevant provisions of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988).

- 132. The Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976 (Central Act 33 of 1976).
- 133. The Departmentalisation of Union Accounts (Transfer of Personnel) Act, 1976 (Central Act 59 of 1976).
 - 134. The Assam Fixation of Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1956 (Assam Act 1 of 1957).
- 135. The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Vidarbha Region) Act, 1958 (Bombay Act XCIX of 1958).
 - 136. The Guiarat Private Forests (Acquisition) Act. 1972 (Guiarat Act 14 of 1973).
- 137. The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Haryana Act 17 of 1976).
- 138. The Himachal Pradesh Tenancy and Land Reforms Act, 1972 (Himachal Pradesh Act 8 of 1974).
- 139. The Himachal Pradesh Village Common Lands Vesting and Utilization Act, 1974 (Himachal Pradesh Act 18 of 1974).
- 140. The Karnataka Land Reforms (Second Amendment and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1974 (Karnataka Act 31 of 1974).
- 141. The Karnataka Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1976 (Karnataka Act 27 of 1976).
 - 142. The Kerala Prevention of Eviction Act, 1966 (Kerala Act 12 of 1966).
 - 143. The Thiruppuvaram Payment (Abolition) Act, 1969 (Kerala Act 19 of 1969).
 - 144. The Sreepadam Lands Enfranchisement Act, 1969 (Kerala Act 20 of 1969).
- 145. The Sree Pandaravaka Lands (Vesting and Enfranchisement) Act, 1971 (Kerala Act 20 of 1971).
- 146. The Kerala Private Forests (Vesting and Assignment) Act, 1971 (Kerala Act 26 of 1971).
 - 147. The Kerala Agricultural Workers Act, 1974 (Kerala Act 18 of 1974).
 - 148. The Kerala Cashew Factories (Acquisition) Act, 1974 (Kerala Act 29 of 1974).
 - 149. The Kerala Chitties Act, 1975 (Kerala Act 23 of 1975).
- 150. The Kerala Scheduled Tribes (Restriction on Transfer of Lands and Restoration of Alienated Lands) Act, 1975 (Kerala Act 31 of 1975).
 - 151. The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Kerala Act 15 of 1976).
 - 152. The Kanam Tenancy Abolition Act, 1976 (Kerala Act 16 of 1976).
- 153. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1974 (Madhya Pradesh Act 20 of 1974).
- 154. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1975 (Madhya Pradesh Act 2 of 1976).
- 155. The West Khandesh Mehwassi Estates (Proprietary Rights Abolition, etc.) Regulation, 1961 (Maharashtra Regulation 1 of 1962).
- 156. The Maharashtra Restoration of Lands to Scheduled Tribes Act, 1974 (Maharashtra Act XIV of 1975).
- 157. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Lowering of Ceiling on Holdings) and (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Maharashtra Act XXI of 1975).

- 158. The Maharashtra Private Forest (Acquisition) Act, 1975 (Maharashtra Act XXIX of 1975).
- 159. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Lowering of Ceiling on Holdings) and (Amendment) Amendment Act, 1975 (Maharashtra Act XLVII of 1975).
- 160. The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act, 1975 (Maharashtra Act II of 1976).
 - 161. The Orissa Estates Abolition Act, 1951 (Orissa Act I of 1952).
 - 162. The Rajasthan Colonisation Act, 1954 (Rajasthan Act XXVII of 1954).
- 163. The Rajasthan Land Reforms and Acquisition of Landowners' Estates Act, 1963 (Rajasthan Act 11 of 1964).
- 164. The Rajasthan Imposition of Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Rajasthan Act 8 of 1976).
 - 165. The Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Rajasthan Act 12 of 1976).
- 166. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Reduction of Ceiling on Land) Act, 1970 (Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1970).
- 167. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1971 (Tamil Nadu Act 41 of 1971).
- 168. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1972 (Tamil Nadu Act 10 of 1972).
- 169. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act, 1972 (Tamil Nadu Act 20 of 1972).
- 170. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Third Amendment Act, 1972 (Tamil Nadu Act 37 of 1972).
- 171. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Fourth Amendment Act, 1972 (Tamil Nadu Act 39 of 1972).
- 172. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Sixth Amendment Act, 1972 (Tamil Nadu Act 7 of 1974).
- 173. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Fifth Amendment Act, 1972 (Tamil Nadu Act 10 of 1974).
- 174. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1974 (Tamil Nadu Act 15 of 1974).
- 175. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Third Amendment Act, 1974 (Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1974).
- 176. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act, 1974 (Tamil Nadu Act 32 of 1974).
- 177. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1975 (Tamil Nadu Act 11 of 1975).
- 178. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act, 1975 (Tamil Nadu Act 21 of 1975).
- 179. Amendments made to the Uttar Pradesh Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act, 1950 (Uttar Pradesh Act I of 1951) by the Uttar Pradesh Land Laws (Amendment) Act, 1971 (Uttar Pradesh Act 21 of 1971) and the Uttar Pradesh Land Laws (Amendment) Act, 1974 (Uttar Pradesh Act 34 of 1974).

- 180. The Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Uttar Pradesh Act 20 of 1976).
- 181. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1972 (West Bengal Act XXVIII of 1972).
- 182. The West Bengal Restoration of Alienated Land Act, 1973 (West Bengal Act XXIII of 1973).
- 183. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 (West Bengal Act XXXIII of 1974).
- 184. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1975 (West Bengal Act XXIII of 1975).
- 185. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1976 (West Bengal Act XII of 1976).
 - 186. The Delhi Land Holdings (Ceiling) Amendment Act, 1976 (Central Act 15 of 1976).
- 187. The Goa, Daman and Diu Mundkars (Protection from Eviction) Act, 1975 (Goa, Daman and Diu Act 1 of 1976).
- 188. The Pondicherry Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Act, 1973 (Pondicherry Act 9 of 1974).
- 189. The Assam (Temporarily Settled Areas) Tenancy Act, 1971 (Assam Act XXIII of 1971).
- 190. The Assam (Temporarily Settled Areas) Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1974 (Assam Act XVIII of 1974).
- 191. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) (Amendment) Amending Act, 1974 (Bihar Act 13 of 1975).
- 192. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Bihar Act 22 of 1976).
- 193. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) (Amendment) Act, 1978 (Bihar Act VII of 1978).

- 194. The Land Acquisition (Bihar Amendment) Act, 1979 (Bihar Act 2 of 1980).
- 195. The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1977 (Haryana Act 14 of 1977).
- 196. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1978 (Tamil Nadu Act 25 of 1978).
- 197. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1979 (Tamil Nadu Act 11 of 1979).
- 198. The Uttar Pradesh Zamindari Abolition Laws (Amendment) Act, 1978 (Uttar Pradesh Act 15 of 1978).
- 199. The West Bengal Restoration of Alienated Land (Amendment) Act, 1978 (West Bengal Act XXIV of 1978).
- 200. The West Bengal Restoration of Alienated Land (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Bengal Act LVI of 1980).
- 201. The Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964 (Goa, Daman and Diu Act 7 of 1964).
- 202. The Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy (Fifth Amendment) Act, 1976 (Goa, Daman and Diu Act 17 of 1976).
- 203. The Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Land Transfer Regulation, 1959 (Andhra Pradesh Regulation 1 of 1959).
- 204. The Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Laws (Extension and Amendment) Regulation, 1963 (Andhra Pradesh Regulation 2 of 1963).
- 205. The Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Land Transfer (Amendment) Regulation, 1970 (Andhra Pradesh Regulation 1 of 1970).
- $206.\ The\ Andhra\ Pradesh\ Scheduled\ Areas\ Land\ Transfer\ (Amendment)\ Regulation,\ 1971\ (Andhra\ Pradesh\ Regulation\ 1\ of\ 1971).$
- 207. The Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Land Transfer (Amendment) Regulation, 1978 (Andhra Pradesh Regulation 1 of 1978).
 - 208. The Bihar Tenancy Act, 1885 (Bihar Act 8 of 1885).
- 209. The Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act, 1908 (Bengal Act 6 of 1908) (Chapter VIII—sections 46, 47, 48, 48A and 49; Chapter X—sections 71, 71A and 71B; and Chapter XVIII—sections 240, 241 and 242).
- 210. The Santhal Parganas Tenancy (Supplementary Provisions) Act, 1949 (Bihar Act 14 of 1949) except section 53.
 - 211. The Bihar Scheduled Areas Regulation, 1969 (Bihar Regulation 1 of 1969).
- 212. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) (Amendment) Act, 1982 (Bihar Act 55 of 1982).
 - 213. The Gujarat Devasthan Inams Abolition Act, 1969 (Gujarat Act 16 of 1969).

- 214. The Gujarat Tenancy Laws (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Gujarat Act 37 of 1976).
- 215. The Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling (Amendment) Act, 1976 (President's Act 43 of 1976).
- 216. The Gujarat Devasthan Inams Abolition (Amendment) Act, 1977 (Gujarat Act 27 of 1977).
 - 217. The Gujarat Tenancy Laws (Amendment) Act, 1977 (Gujarat Act 30 of 1977).
- 218. The Bombay Land Revenue (Gujarat Second Amendment) Act, 1980 (Gujarat Act 37 of 1980).
- 219. The Bombay Land Revenue Code and Land Tenure Abolition Laws (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 1982 (Gujarat Act 8 of 1982).
- 220. The Himachal Pradesh Transfer of Land (Regulation) Act, 1968 (Himachal Pradesh Act 15 of 1969).
- 221. The Himchal Pradesh Transfer of Land (Regulation) (Amendment) Act, 1986 (Himachal Pradesh Act 16 of 1986).
- 222. The Karnataka Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prohibition of Transfer of Certain Lands) Act, 1978 (Karnataka Act 2 of 1979).
 - 223. The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1978 (Kerala Act 13 of 1978).
 - 224. The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (Kerala Act 19 of 1981).
- 225. The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code (Third Amendment) Act, 1976 (Madhya Pradesh Act 61 of 1976).
- 226. The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code (Amendment) Act, 1980 (Madhya Pradesh Act 15 of 1980).
- 227. The Madhya Pradesh Akrishik Jot Uchchatam Seema Adhiniyam, 1981 (Madhya Pradesh Act 11 of 1981).
- 228. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Second Amendment) Act, 1976 (Madhya Pradesh Act 1 of 1984).
- 229. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1984 (Madhya Pradesh Act 14 of 1984).
- 230. The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1989 (Madhya Pradesh Act 8 of 1989).
- 231. The Maharashtra Land Revenue Code, 1966 (Maharashtra Act 41 of 1966), sections 36. 36A and 36B.
- 232. The Maharashtra Land Revenue Code and the Maharashtra Restoration of Lands to Scheduled Tribes (Second Amendment) Act, 1976 (Maharashtra Act 30 of 1977).
- 233. The Maharashtra Abolition of Subsisting Proprietary Rights to Mines and Minerals in certain Lands Act, 1985 (Maharashtra Act 16 of 1985).
- 234. The Orissa Scheduled Areas Transfer of Immovable Property (by Scheduled Tribes) Regulation, 1956 (Orissa Regulation 2 of 1956).
 - 235. The Orissa Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1975 (Orissa Act 29 of 1976).
 - 236. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1976 (Orissa Act 30 of 1976).
 - 237. The Orissa Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1976 (Orissa Act 44 of 1976).

- 238. The Rajasthan Colonisation (Amendment) Act, 1984 (Rajasthan Act 12 of 1984).
- 239. The Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1984 (Rajasthan Act 13 of 1984).
- 240. The Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1987 (Rajasthan Act 21 of 1987).
- 241. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act, 1979 (Tamil Nadu Act 8 of 1980).
- 242. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1980 (Tamil Nadu Act 21 of 1980).
- 243. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1981 (Tamil Nadu Act 59 of 1981).
- 244. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act, 1983 (Tamil Nadu Act 2 of 1984).
- 245. The Uttar Pradesh Land Laws (Amendment) Act, 1982 (Uttar Pradesh Act 20 of 1982).
- 246. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 (West Bengal Act 18 of 1965).
- 247. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1966 (West Bengal Act 11 of 1966).
- 248. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1969 (West Bengal Act 23 of 1969).
- 249. The West Bengal Estate Acquisition (Amendment) Act, 1977 (West Bengal Act 36 of 1977).
 - 250. The West Bengal Land Holding Revenue Act, 1979 (West Bengal Act 44 of 1979).
- 251. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (West Bengal Act 41 of 1980).
- 252. The West Bengal Land Holding Revenue (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Bengal Act 33 of 1981).
- 253. The Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulation) Act, 1981 (West Bengal Act 37 of 1981).
- 254. The West Bengal Land Holding Revenue (Amendment) Act, 1982 (West Bengal Act 23 of 1982).
- 255. The Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulation) (Amendment) Act, 1984 (West Bengal Act 41 of 1984).
 - 256. The Mahe Land Reforms Act, 1968 (Pondicherry Act 1 of 1968).
 - 257. The Mahe Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1980 (Pondicherry Act 1 of 1981).
- 257A. The Tamil Nadu Backward Classes, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Reservation of Seats in Educational Institutions and of appointments or posts in the Services under the State) Act, 1993 (Tamil Nadu Act 45 of 1994).
- 258. The Bihar Privileged Persons Homestead Tenancy Act, 1947 (Bihar Act 4 of 1948).
- 259. The Bihar Consolidation of Holdings and Prevention of Fragmentation Act, 1956 (Bihar Act 22 of 1956).

- 260. The Bihar Consolidation of Holdings and Prevention of Fragmentation (Amendment) Act, 1970 (Bihar Act 7 of 1970).
- 261. The Bihar Privileged Persons Homestead Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1970 (Bihar Act 9 of 1970).
- 262. The Bihar Consolidation of Holdings and Prevention of Fragmentation (Amendment) Act, 1973 (Bihar Act 27 of 1975).
- 263. The Bihar Consolidation of Holdings and Prevention of Fragmentation (Amendment) Act, 1981 (Bihar Act 35 of 1982).
- 264. The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) (Amendment) Act, 1987 (Bihar Act 21 of 1987).
- 265. The Bihar Privileged Persons Homestead Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1989 (Bihar Act 11 of 1989).
 - 266. The Bihar Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1989 (Bihar Act 11 of 1990).
- 267. The Karnataka Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prohibition of Transfer of Certain Lands) (Amendment) Act, 1984 (Karnataka Act 3 of 1984).
 - 268. The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1989 (Kerala Act 16 of 1989).
 - 269. The Kerala Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1989 (Kerala Act 2 of 1990).
 - 270. The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1989 (Orissa Act 9 of 1990).
 - 271. The Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1979 (Rajasthan Act 16 of 1979).
 - 272. The Rajasthan Colonisation (Amendment) Act, 1987 (Rajasthan Act 2 of 1987).
 - 273. The Rajasthan Colonisation (Amendment) Act, 1989 (Rajasthan Act 12 of 1989).
- 274. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1983 (Tamil Nadu Act 3 of 1984).
- 275. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1986 (Tamil Nadu Act 57 of 1986).
- 276. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act, 1987 (Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 1988).
- 277. The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment (Amendment) Act, 1989 (Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1989).
- 278. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981 (West Bengal Act 50 of 1981).
- 279. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Bengal Act 5 of 1986).
- 280. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Bengal Act 19 of 1986).
- 281. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act, 1986 (West Bengal Act 35 of 1986).
- 282. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1989 (West Bengal Act 23 of 1989)
- 283. The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1990 (West Bengal Act 24 of 1990).

284. The West Bengal Land Reforms Tribunal Act, 1991 (West Bengal Act 12 of 1991).

Explanation.—Any acquisition made under the Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955 (Rajasthan Act III of 1955), in contravention of the second proviso to clause (1) of article 31A shall, to the extent of the contravention, be void.

TENTH SCHEDULE

[Articles 102(2) and 191(2)]

Provisions as to disqualification on ground of defection

- 1. Interpretation.—In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires,—
- (a) "House" means either House of Parliament or the Legislative Assembly or, as the case may be, either House of the Legislature of a State:
- (b) "legislature party", in relation to a member of a House belonging to any political party in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2 or paragraph 4, means the group consisting of all the members of that House for the time being belonging to that political party in accordance with the said provisions;
- (c) "original political party", in relation to a member of a House, means the political party to which he belongs for the purposes of subparagraph (1) of paragraph 2;
 - (d) "paragraph" means a paragraph of this Schedule.
- 2. **Disqualification on ground of defection.—**(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 4 and 5, a member of a House belonging to any political party shall be disqualified for being a member of the House—
 - (a) if he has voluntarily given up his membership of such political party; or
 - (b) if he votes or abstains from voting in such House contrary to any direction issued by the political party to which he belongs or by any person or authority authorised by it in this behalf, without obtaining, in either case, the prior permission of such political party, person or authority and such voting or abstention has not been condoned by such political party, person or authority within fifteen days from the date of such voting or abstention.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-paragraph,—

- (a) an elected member of a House shall be deemed to belong to the political party, if any, by which he was set up as a candidate for election as such member;
 - (b) a nominated member of a House shall.—
 - (i) where he is a member of any political party on the date of his nomination as such member, be deemed to belong to such political party;
 - (ii) in any other case, be deemed to belong to the political party of which he becomes, or, as the case may be, first becomes, a member before the expiry of six months from the date on which he takes his seat after complying with the requirements of article 99 or, as the case may be, article 188.
- (2) An elected member of a House who has been elected as such otherwise than as a candidate set up by any political party shall be disqualified for being a member of the House if he joins any political party after such election.

- (3) A nominated member of a House shall be disqualified for being a member of the House if he joins any political party after the expiry of six months from the date on which he takes his seat after complying with the requirements of article 99 or, as the case may be, article 188.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, a person who, on the commencement of the Constitution (Fifty-second Amendment) Act, 1985, is a member of a House (whether elected or nominated as such) shall.—
 - (i) where he was a member of political party immediately before such commencement, be deemed, for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, to have been elected as a member of such House as a candidate set up by such political party;
 - (ii) in any other case, be deemed to be an elected member of the House who has been elected as such otherwise than as a candidate set up by any political party for the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph or, as the case may be, be deemed to be a nominated member of the House for the purposes of sub-paragraph (3) of this paragraph.
- 4. **Disqualification on ground of defection not to apply in case of merger.**—(1) A member of a House shall not be disqualified under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 2 where his original political party merges with another political party and he claims that he and any other members of his original political party—
 - (a) have become members of such other political party or, as the case may be, of a new political party formed by such merger; or
 - (b) have not accepted the merger and opted to function as a separate group,
- and from the time of such merger, such other political party or new political party or group, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the political party to which he belongs for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 2 and to be his original political party for the purposes of this sub-paragraph.
- (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, the merger of the original political party of a member of a House shall be deemed to have taken place if, and only if, not less than two-thirds of the members of the legislature party concerned have agreed to such merger.
- 5. Exemption,—Notwithstanding anything contained in this Schedule, a person who has been elected to the office of the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker of the House of the People or the Deputy Chairman of the Council of States or the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council of a State or the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of a State, shall not be disqualified under this Schedule,—
 - (a) if he, by reason of his election to such office, voluntarily gives up the membership of the political party to which he belonged immediately before such election and does not, so long as he continues

to hold such office thereafter, rejoin that political party or become a member of another political party; or

- (b) if he, having given up by reason of his election to such office his membership of the political party to which he belonged immediately before such election, rejoins such political party after he ceases to hold such office.
- 6. Decision on questions as to disqualification on ground of defection.—(1) If any question arises as to whether a member of a House has become subject to disqualification under this Schedule, the question shall be referred for the decision of the Chairman or, as the case may be, the Speaker of such House and his decision shall be final:

Provided that where the question which has arisen is as to whether the Chairman or the Speaker of a House has become subject to such disqualification, the question shall be referred for the decision of such member of the House as the House may elect in this behalf and his decision shall be final.

- (2) All proceedings under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph in relation to any question as to disqualification of a member of a House under this Schedule shall be deemed to be proceedings in Parliament within the meaning of article 122 or, as the case may be, proceedings in the Legislature of a State within the meaning of article 212.
- *7. **Bar of jurisdiction of courts.—**Notwithstanding anything in this Constitution, no court shall have any jurisdiction in respect of any matter connected with the disqualification of a member of a House under this Schedule.
- 8. **Rules.**—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph, the Chairman or the Speaker of a House may make rules for giving effect to the provisions of this Schedule, and in particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, such rules may provide for—
 - (a) the maintenance of registers or other records as to the political parties, if any, to which different members of the House belong;
 - (b) the report which the leader of a legislature party in relation to a member of a House shall furnish with regard to any condonation of the nature referred to in clause (b) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 2 in respect of such member, the time within which and the authority to whom such report shall be furnished;
 - (c) the reports which a political party shall furnish with regard to admission to such political party of any members of the House and the officer of the House to whom such reports shall be furnished; and
 - (d) the procedure for deciding any question referred to in subparagraph (1) of paragraph 6 including the procedure for any inquiry which may be made for the purpose of deciding such question.
- (2) The rules made by the Chairman or the Speaker of a House under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall be laid as soon as may be after they are made before the House for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions and shall take effect upon the expiry of the said period of thirty days unless they are sooner approved with or without modifications or disapproved by the House and where they

^{*} Paragraph 7 declared invalid for want of ratification in accordance with the proviso to clause (2) of article 368 as per majority opinion in *Kihoto Hollohon Vs. Zachilhu and others* (1992) 1 S.C.C. 309.

are so approved, they shall take effect on such approval in the form in which they were laid or in such modified form, as the case may be, and where they are so disapproved, they shall be of no effect.

(3) The Chairman or the Speaker of a House may, without prejudice to the provisions of article 105 or, as the case may be, article 194, and to any other power which he may have under this Constitution direct that any wilful contravention by any person of the rules made under this paragraph may be dealt with in the same manner as a breach of privilege of the House.

ELEVENTH SCHEDULE

(Article 243G)

- 1. Agriculture, including agricultural extension.
- Land improvement, implementation of land reforms, land consolidation and soil conservation.
- 3. Minor irrigation, water management and watershed development.
- 4. Animal husbandry, dairying and poultry.
- Fisheries.
- 6. Social forestry and farm forestry.
- 7. Minor forest produce.
- 8. Small scale industries, including food processing industries.
- 9. Khadi, village and cottage industries.
- 10. Rural housing.
- 11. Drinking water.
- Fuel and fodder.
- Roads, culverts, bridges, ferries, waterways and other means of communication.
- 14. Rural electrification, including distribution of electricity.
- 15. Non-conventional energy sources.
- 16. Poverty alleviation programme.
- 17. Education, including primary and secondary schools.
- 18. Technical training and vocational education.
- 19. Adult and non-formal education.
- Libraries.
- 21. Cultural activities.
- 22. Markets and fairs.
- Health and sanitation, including hospitals, primary health centres and dispensaries.
- 24. Family welfare.
- 25. Women and child development.
- 26. Social welfare, including welfare of the handicapped and mentally retarded.
- Welfare of the weaker sections, and in particular, of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.
- 28. Public distribution system.
- 29. Maintenance of community assets.

TWELFTH SCHEDULE

(Article 243W)

- 1. Urban planning including town planning.
- 2. Regulation of land-use and construction of buildings.
- 3. Planning for economic and social development.
- 4. Roads and bridges.
- 5. Water supply for domestic, industrial and commercial purposes.
- 6. Public health, sanitation conservancy and solid waste management.
- Fire services.
- 8. Urban forestry, protection of the environment and promotion of ecological aspects.
- Safeguarding the interests of weaker sections of society, including the handicapped and mentally retarded.
- 10. Slum improvement and upgradation.
- 11. Urban poverty alleviation.
- Provision of urban amenities and facilities such as parks, gardens, playgrounds.
- 13. Promotion of cultural, educational and aesthetic aspects.
- Burials and burial grounds; cremations, cremation grounds; and electric crematoriums.
- 15. Cattle pounds; prevention of cruelty to animals.
- 16. Vital statistics including registration of births and deaths.
- Public amenities including street lighting, parking lots, bus stops and public conveniences.
- 18. Regulation of slaughter houses and tanneries.

APPENDIX I

THE CONSTITUTION (APPLICATION TO JAMMU AND KASHMIR) ORDER, 1954

C.O. 48

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 370 of the Constitution, the President, with the concurrence of the Government of the State of Jammu and Kashmir, is pleased to make the following Order:—

- 1. (1) This Order may be called the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order. 1954.
- (2) It shall come into force on the fourteenth day of May, 1954, and shall thereupon supersede the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1950.
- 2. The provisions of the Constitution as in force on the 20th day of June, 1964 and as amended by the Constitution (Nineteenth Amendment) Act, 1966, the Constitution (Twenty-first Amendment) Act, 1967, section 5 of the Constitution (Twenty-third Amendment) Act, 1969, the Constitution (Twenty-fourth Amendment) Act, 1971, section 2 of the Constitution (Twenty-fifth Amendment) Act, 1971, the Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, the Constitution (Thirty-first Amendment) Act, 1972, section 2 of the Constitution (Thirty-first Amendment) Act, 1973, section 2 of the Constitution (Thirty-third Amendment) Act, 1974, sections 2, 5, 6 and 7 of the Constitution (Thirty-eighth Amendment) Act, 1975, the Constitution (Thirty-ninth Amendment) Act, 1975, the Constitution (Fortieth Amendment) Act, 1976, sections 2, 3 and 6 of the Constitution (Fifty-second Amendment) Act, 1985 and the Constitution (Sixty-first Amendment) Act, 1988 which, in addition to article 1 and article 370, shall apply in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir and the exceptions and modifications subject to which they shall so apply shall be as follows:—
 - (1) THE PREAMBLE.
 - (2) PART I.

To article 3, there shall be added the following further proviso, namely:—

"Provided further that no Bill providing for increasing or diminishing the area of the State of Jammu and Kashmir or altering the name or boundary of that State shall be introduced in Parliament without the consent of the Legislature of that State.".

(3) PART II.

(a) This Part shall be deemed to have been applicable in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir as from the 26th day of January, 1950.

(b) To article 7, there shall be added the following further proviso, namely:—

"Provided further that nothing in this article shall apply to a permanent resident of the State of Jammu and Kashmir, who, after having so migrated to the territory now included in Pakistan, returns to the territory of that State under a permit for resettlement in that State or permanent return issued by or under the authority of any law made by the Legislature of that State, and every such person shall be deemed to be a citizen of India."

(4) PART III.

- (a) In article 13, references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of this Order
- * * * * *
- (c) In clause (3) of article 16, the reference to the State shall be construed as not including a reference to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (d) In article 19, for a period of twenty-five years from the commencement of this Order:—
 - (i) in clauses (3) and (4), after the words "in the interests of", the words "the security of the State or" shall be inserted;
 - (ii) in clause (5), for the words "or for the protection of the interests of any Scheduled Tribes", the words "or in the interests of the security of the State" shall be substituted; and
 - (iii) the following new clause shall be added, namely:-
 - '(7) The words "reasonable restrictions" occurring in clauses (2), (3), (4) and (5) shall be construed as meaning such restrictions as the appropriate Legislature deems reasonable.'.
- (e) In clauses (4) and (7) of article 22, for the word "Parliament", the words "the Legislature of the State" shall be substituted.
- (f) In article 31, clauses (3), (4) and (6) shall be omitted; and for clause (5), there shall be substituted the following clause, namely:—
 - "(5) Nothing in clause (2) shall affect—
 - (a) the provisions of any existing law; or
 - (b) the provisions of any law which the State may hereafter make—
 - (i) for the purpose of imposing or levying any tax or penalty; or
 - (ii) for the promotion of public health or the prevention of danger to life or property; or
 - (iii) with respect to property declared by law to be evacuee property.".
- (g) In article 31A, the proviso to clause (1) shall be omitted; and for sub-clause (a) of clause (2), the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - '(a) "estate" shall mean land which is occupied or has been let for agricultural purposes or for purposes subservient to agriculture, or for pasture, and includes—
 - (i) sites of buildings and other structures on such land;
 - (ii) trees standing on such land;
 - (iii) forest land and wooded waste;
 - (iv) area covered by or fields floating over water;
 - (v) sites of *jandars* and *gharats*;

- (vi) any jagir, inam, muafi or mukarrari or other similar grant, but does not include—
 - (i) the site of any building in any town, or town area or village *abadi* or any land appurtenant to any such building or site;
 - (ii) any land which is occupied as the site of a town or village; or
 - (iii) any land reserved for building purposes in a municipality or notified area or cantonment or town area or any area for which a town planning scheme is sanctioned.'.
- (h) In article 32, clause (3) shall be omitted.
 - (i) In article 35—
- (i) references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of this Order;
- (ii) in clause (a) (i), the words, brackets and figures "clause (3) of article 16, clause (3) of article 32" shall be omitted; and
 - (iii) after clause (b), the following clause shall be added, namely:-
 - "(c) no law with respect to preventive detention made by the Legislature of the State of Jammu and Kashmir, whether before or after the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954, shall be void on the ground that it is inconsistent with any of the provisions of this part, but any such law shall, to the extent of such inconsistency, cease to have effect on the expiration of twenty-five years from the commencement of the said Order, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before the expiration thereof."
- (j) After article 35, the following new article shall be added, namely:—
 - "35A. Saving of laws with respect to permanent residents and their rights.—
 Notwithstanding anything contained in this Constitution, no existing law in force in
 the State of Jammu and Kashmir, and no law hereafter enacted by the Legislature of
 the State,—
 - (a) defining the classes of persons who are, or shall be, permanent residents of the State of Jammu and Kashmir; or
 - (b) conferring on such permanent residents any special rights and privileges or imposing upon other persons any restrictions as respects—
 - (i) employment under the State Government;
 - (ii) acquisition of immovable property in the State;
 - (iii) settlement in the State; or
 - (iv) right to scholarships and such other forms of aid as the State Government may provide,

shall be void on the ground that it is inconsistent with or takes away or abridges any rights conferred on the other citizens of India by any provision of this Part.".

- (5) PART V.
- (a) For the purposes of article 55, the population of the State of Jammu and Kashmir shall be deemed to be sixty-three lakhs.
- (b) In article 81, for clauses (2) and (3), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(2) For the purposes of sub-clause (a) of clause (1),—
 - (a) there shall be allotted to the State six seats in the House of the People;
 - (b) the State shall be divided into single member territorial constituencies by the Delimitation Commission constituted under the Delimitation Act, 1972, in accordance with such procedure as the Commission may deem fit;
 - (c) the constituencies shall, as far as practicable, be geographically compact areas, and in delimiting them regard shall be had to physical features, existing boundaries of administrative units, facilities of communication and public convenience; and
 - (d) the constituencies into which the State is divided shall not comprise the area under the occupation of Pakistan.
 - (3) Nothing in clause (2) shall affect the representation of the State in the House of the People until the dissolution of the House existing on the date of publication in the Gazette of India of the final order or orders of the Delimitation Commission relating to the delimitation of parliamentary constituencies under the Delimitation Act, 1972.
 - (4) (a) The Delimitation Commission shall associate with itself for the purpose of assisting it in its duties in respect of the State, five persons who shall be members of the House of the People representing the State.
 - (b) The persons to be so associated from the State shall be nominated by the Speaker of the House of the People having due regard to the composition of the House
 - (c) The first nominations to be made under sub-clause (b) shall be made by the Speaker of the House of the People within two months from the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Second Amendment Order, 1974.
 - (d) None of the associate members shall have a right to vote or to sign any decision of the Delimitation Commission.
 - (e) If owing to death or resignation, the office of an associate member falls vacant, it shall be filled as soon as may be practicable by the Speaker of the House of the People and in accordance with the provisions of sub-clauses (a) and (b).".
- (c) In article 133, after clause (1), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
 - '(1A) The provisions of section 3 of the Constitution (Thirtieth Amendment) Act, 1972, shall apply in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir subject to the modification that references therein to "this Act", "the commencement of this Act", "this Act had not been passed" and "as amended by this Act" shall be construed respectively as references to "the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir)

Second Amendment Order, 1974", "the commencement of the said Order", "the said Order had not been made" and "as it stands after the commencement of the said Order".".

- (d) In article 134, clause (2), after the words "Parliament may", the words "on the request of the Legislature of the State" shall be inserted.
 - (e) Articles 135 and 139 shall be omitted.

* * *

(5A) PART VI.

- (a) Articles 153 to 217, article 219, article 221, articles 223, 224, 224A and 225 and articles 227 to 237 shall be omitted.
- (b) In article 220, references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Amendment Order, 1960.
- (c) In article 222, after clause (1), the following new clause shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(1A) Every such transfer from the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir or to that High Court shall be made after consultation with the Governor."

(6) PART XI.

- (a) In article 246, for the words, brackets and figures "clauses (2) and (3)" occurring in clause (1), the word, brackets and figure "clause (2)" shall be substituted, and the words, brackets and figure "Notwithstanding anything in clause (3)," occurring in clause (2) and the whole of clauses (3) and (4) shall be omitted.
- - "248. Residuary powers of legislation. —Parliament has exclusive power to make any law with respect to—
 - (a) prevention of activities involving terrorist acts directed towards overawing the Government as by law established or striking terror in the people or any section of the people or alienating any section of the people or adversely affecting the harmony amongst different sections of the people;
 - (aa) prevention of other activities directed towards disclaiming, questioning or disrupting the sovereignty and territorial integrity of India or bringing about cession of a part of the territory of India or secession of a part of the territory of India from the Union or causing insult to the Indian National Flag, the Indian National Anthem and this Constitution; and
 - (b) taxes on-
 - (i) foreign travel by sea or air;
 - (ii) inland air travel;
 - (iii) postal articles, including money orders, phonograms and telegrams.".

Explanation.—In this article, "terrorist act" means any act or thing by using bombs, dynamite or other explosive substances or inflammable substances or firearms or other lethal weapons or poisons or noxious gases or other chemicals or any other substances (whether biological or otherwise) of a hazardous nature.

- (bb) In article 249, in clause (1), for the words "any matter enumerated in the State List specified in the resolution", the words "any matter specified in the resolution, being a matter which is not enumerated in the Union List or in the Concurrent List" shall be substituted.
- (c) In article 250, for the words "to any of the matters enumerated in the State List", the words "also to matters not enumerated in the Union List" shall be substituted.

* * * * *

(e) To article 253, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that after the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954, no decision affecting the disposition of the State of Jammu and Kashmir shall be made by the Government of India without the consent of the Government of that State."

* * * * *

- (f) Article 255 shall be omitted.
- (g) Article 256 shall be re-numbered as clause (1) of that article, and the following new clause shall be added thereto, namely:—
 - "(2) The State of Jammu and Kashmir shall so execise its executive power as to facilitate the discharge by the Union of its duties and responsibilities under the Constitution in relation to that State; and in particular, the said State shall, if so required by the Union, acquire or requisition property on behalf and at the expense of the Union, or if the property belongs to the State, transfer it to the Union on such terms as may be agreed, or in default of agreement, as may be determined by an arbitrator appointed by the Chief Justice of India."

* * * * *

- (h) In clause (2) of article 261, the words "made by Parliament" shall be omitted.
- (7) PART XII.

* * * * *

- (a) Clause (2) of article 267, article 273, clause (2) of article 283 and article 290 shall be omitted.
- (b) In articles 266, 282, 284, 298, 299 and 300, references to the State or States shall be construed as not including references to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (c) In articles 277 and 295, references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of this order.

(8) PART XIII.

In clause (1) of article 303, the words "by virtue of any entry relating to trade and commerce in any of the Lists in the Seventh Schedule" shall be omitted.

* * * * *

(9) PART XIV.

In article 312, after the words "the States", the brackets and words "(including the State of Jammu and Kashmir)" shall be inserted.

(10) PART XV.

- (a) In clause (1) of article 324, the reference to the Constitution shall, in relation to elections to either House of the Legislature of Jammu and Kashmir, be construed as a reference to the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (b) In articles 325, 326, 327 and 329, the reference to a State shall be construed as not including a reference to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
 - (c) Article 328 shall be omitted.
- (d) In article 329, the words and figures "or article 328" shall be omitted.
 - (e) In article 329A, clauses (4) and (5) shall be omitted.

(11) PART XVI.

* * *

- (a) Articles 331, 332, 333, 336 and 337 shall be omitted.
- (b) In articles 334 and 335, references to the State or the States shall be construed as not including references to the State of Jammu and Kashmir
- (c) In clause (1) of article 339, the words "the administration of the Scheduled Areas and" shall be omitted.

(12) PART XVII.

The provisions of the Part shall apply only in so far as they relate to-

- (i) the official language of the Union:
- (ii) the official language for communication between one State and another, or between a State and the Union; and
 - (iii) the language of the proceedings in the Supreme Court.

(13) PART XVIII.

- (a) To article 352, the following new clause shall be added, namely:—
 - "(6) No Proclamation of Emergency made on grounds only of internal disturbance or imminent danger thereof shall have effect in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir (except as respects article 354) unless—

- (a) it is made at the request or with the concurrence of the Government of that State, or
- (b) where it has not been so made, it is applied subsequently by the President to that State at the request or with the concurrence of the Government of that State ".
- (b) In clause (1) of article 356, references to provisions or provision of this Constitution shall, in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, be construed as including references to provisions or provision of the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (bb) In clause (4) of the article 356, after the second proviso, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided also that in the case of the Proclamation issued under clause (1) on the 18th day of July, 1990 with respect to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, the reference in the first proviso to this clause to "three years" shall be construed as a reference to "seven years".

(c) Article 360 shall be omitted.

(14) PART XIX.

* * * * *

- (a) Article 365 shall be omitted.
- * * * *
- (b) To article 367, there shall be added the following clause, namely:—
 - "(4) For the purposes of this Constitution as it applies in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir—
 - (a) references to this Constitution or to the provisions thereof shall be construed as references to the Constitution or the provisions thereof as applied in relation to the said State;
 - (aa) references to the person for the time being recognised by the President on the recommendation of the Legislative Assembly of the State as the Sadar-i-Riyasat of Jammu and Kashmir, acting on the advice of the Council of Ministers of the State for the time being in office, shall be construed as references to the Governor of Jammu and Kashmir;
 - (b) references to the Government of the said State shall be construed as including references to the Governor of Jammu and Kashmir acting on the advice of his Council of Ministers:

Provided that in respect of any period prior to the 10th day of April, 1965, such references shall be construed as including references to the Sadar-i-Riyasat acting on the advice of his Council of Ministers;

(c) references to a High Court shall include references to the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir;

* * * * *

- (d) references to the permanent residents of the said State shall be construed as meaning persons who, before the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954 were recognised as State subjects under the laws in force in the State or who are recognised by any law made by the Legislature of the State as permanent residents of the State; and
- (e) references to a Governor shall include references to the Governor of Jammu and Kashmir:

Provided that in respect of any period prior to the 10th day of April, 1965, such references shall be construed as references to the person recognised by the President as the Sadar-i-Riyasat of Jammu and Kashmir and as including references to any person recognised by the President as being competent to exercise the powers of the Sadar-i-Riyasat.".

(15) PART XX.

(a) To clause (2) of article 368, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided further that no such amendment shall have effect in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir unless applied by order of the President under clause (1) of article 370.".

- (b) After clause (3) of article 368, the following clause shall be added, namely:—
 - "(4) No law made by the Legislature of the State of Jammu and Kashmir seeking to make any change in or in the effect of any provision of the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir relating to—
 - (a) appointment, powers, functions, duties, emoluments, allowances, privileges or immunities of the Governor; or
 - (b) superintendence, direction and control of elections by the Election Commission of India, eligibility for inclusion in the electoral rolls without discrimination, adult suffrage and composition of the Legislative Council, being matters specified in sections 138, 139, 140 and 50 of the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir.

shall have any effect unless such law has, after having been reserved for the consideration of the President, received his assent.".

(16) PART XXI.

- (a) Articles 369, 371, 371A, 372A, 373, clauses (1), (2), (3) and (5) of article 374 and articles 376 to 378A and 392 shall be omitted.
 - (b) In article 372—
 - (i) clauses (2) and (3) shall be omitted;
 - (ii) references to the laws in force in the territory of India shall include references to hidayats, ailans, ishtihars, circulars, robkars, irshads, yadashts, State Council Resolutions, Resolutions of the Constituent Assembly, and other instruments having the force of law in the territory of the State of Jammu and Kashmir; and

- (iii) references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of this Order.
- (c) In clause (4) of article 374, the reference to the authority functioning as the Privy Council of a State shall be construed as a reference to the Advisory Board constituted under the Jammu and Kashmir Constitution Act, 1996 and references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of this Order.
- (17) PART XXII.

Articles 394 and 395 shall be omitted.

- (18) FIRST SCHEDULE.
- (19) SECOND SCHEDULE.

* * * *

(20) THIRD SCHEDULE.

Forms V, VI, VII and VIII shall be omitted.

- (21) FOURTH SCHEDULE.
- (22) SEVENTH SCHEDULE.
 - (a) In the Union List-
 - (i) for entry 3, the entry "3. Administration of cantonments." shall be substituted:
 - (ii) entries 8, 9 and 34, entry 79, and the words "Inter-State migration" in entry 81 shall be omitted;

* * * * *

- (iii) in entry 72, the reference to the States shall be construed.—
- (a) in relation to appeals to the Supreme Court from any decision or order of the High Court of the State of Jammu and Kashmir made in an election petition whereby an election to either House of the Legislature of that State has been called in question, as including a reference to the State of Jammu and Kashmir:
- (b) in relation to other matters, as not including a reference to that State: and
- (iv) for entry 97, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "97. Prevention of activities-
 - (a) involving terrorist acts directed towards overawing the Government as by law established or striking terror in the people or any section of the people or alienating any section of the people or adversely affecting the harmony amongst different sections of the people;
 - (b) directed towards disclaiming, questioning or disrupting the sovereignty and territorial integrity of India or bringing about cession of a part of the territory of India or secession of a part of the territory of India from the Union or causing insult to the

Indian National Flag, the Indian National Anthem and this Constitution:

taxes on foreign travel by sea or air, on inland air travel and on postal articles, including money orders, phonograms and telegrams.

Explanation.—In this entry, "terrorist act" has the same meaning as in the Explanation to article 248.".

- (b) The State List shall be omitted.
- (c) In the Concurrent List-
 - (i) for entry 1, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "1. Criminal law (excluding offences against laws with respect to any of the matters specified in List I and excluding the use of naval, military or air forces or any other armed forces of the Union in aid of the civil power) in so far as such criminal law relates to offences against laws with respect to any of the matters specified in this List.":
 - (ia) for entry 2, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:-
 - "2. Criminal procedure (including prevention of offences and constitution and organisation of criminal courts, except the Supreme Court and the High Court) in so far as it relates to,—
 - (i) offences against laws with respect to any matters being matters with respect to which Parliament has power to make laws; and
 - (ii) administration of oaths and taking of affidavits by diplomatic and consular officers in any foreign country.";
 - (ib) for entry 12, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "12. Evidence and oaths in so far as they relate to,—
 - (i) administration of oaths and taking of affidavits by diplomatic and consular officers in any foreign country; and
 - (ii) any other matters being matters with respect to which Parliament has power to make laws.";
 - (ic) for entry 13, the entry "13. Civil procedure in so far as it relates to administration of oaths and taking of affidavits by diplomatic and consular officers in any foreign country." shall be substituted;

(ii) for entry 30, the entry "30. Vital statistics in so far as they relate to births and deaths including registration of births and deaths." shall be substituted;

(iii) entry 3, entries 5 to 10 (both inclusive), entries 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 27, 28,

- 29, 31, 32, 37, 38, 41 and 44 shall be omitted;
- (iiia) for entry 42, the entry "42. Acquisition and requisitioning of property, so far as regards acquisition of any property covered by entry 67 of List I or entry 40 of List III or of any human work of art which has artistic or aesthetic value." shall be substituted; and

(iv) in entry 45, for the words and figures "List II or List III", the words "this List" shall be substituted.

(23) EIGHTH SCHEDULE.

(24) NINTH SCHEDULE.

- (a) After entry 64, the following entries shall be added, namely:—
 - 64A. The Jammu and Kashmir State Kuth Act (No. I of Svt. 1978).
 - 64B. The Jammu and Kashmir Tenancy Act (No. II of Svt. 1980).
 - $64C.\ The\ Jammu\ and\ Kashmir\ Alienation\ of\ Land\ Act\ (No.\ V\ of\ Svt.\ 1995).$
- 64D. The Jammu and Kashmir Big Landed Estates Abolition Act (No. XVII of Syt. 2007).
- 64E. Order No. 6-H of 1951, dated the 10th March, 1951, regarding Resumption of Jagirs and other assignments of land revenue, etc.
- 64F. The Jammu and Kashmir Restitution of Mortgaged Properties Act, 1976 (Act XIV of 1976).
 - 64G. The Jammu and Kashmir Debtors' Relief Act, 1976 (Act XV of 1976).
- (b) Entries 87 to 124, inserted by the Constitution (Thirty-ninth Amendment) Act, 1975, shall be renumbered as entries 65 to 102 respectively.
- (c) Entries 125 to 188 shall be renumbered as entries 103 to 166 respectively.

(25) TENTH SCHEDULE.

- (a) for the brackets, words and figures "Articles 102(2) and 191(2)", the brackets, word and figures "[Article 102(2)]" shall be substituted:
- (b) in clause (a) of paragraph 1, the words "or the Legislative Assembly or, as the case may be, either House of the Legislature of a State" shall be omitted:
 - (c) in paragraph 2,—
 - (i) in sub-paragraph (1), in sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) of the *Explanation*, the words and figures "or, as the case may be, article 188" shall be omitted;
 - (ii) in sub-paragraph (3), the words and figures "or, as the case may be, article 188" shall be omitted:
 - (iii) in sub-paragraph (4), the reference to the commencement of the Constitution (Fifty-second Amendment) Act, 1985 shall be construed as a reference to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Amendment Order, 1989:
- (d) in paragraph 5, the words "or the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council of a State or the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of a State" shall be omitted:

- (e) in sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 6, the words and figures "or, as the case may be, proceedings in the Legislature of a State within the meaning of article 212' shall be omitted;
- (f) in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 8, the words and figures "or, as the case may be, article 194," shall be omitted.

APPENDIX II

RE-STATEMENT, WITH REFERENCE TO THE PRESENT TEXT OF THE CONSTITUTION, OF THE EXCEPTIONS AND MODIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO WHICH THE CONSTITUTION APPLIES TO THE STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR

[Note.— The exceptions and modifications subject to which the Constitution applies to the `State of Jammu and Kashmir are either those provided in the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954 or those consequential to the non-application to the State of Jammu and Kashmir of certain amendments to the Constitution. All the exceptions and modifications which have a practical significance are included in the re-statement which is only for facility of quick reference. For ascertaining the exact position, reference will have to be made to the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954 and to the text of the Constitution on the 20th June, 1964, as amended by the subsequent amendments to the Constitution mentioned in clause 2 of the said Order.]

- (1) THE PREAMBLE.
 - (a) In the first paragraph, omit "SOCIALIST SECULAR";
 - (b) in the penultimate paragraph, omit "and integrity".
- (2) PART I.

Article 3.—

(a) Add the following further proviso, namely:-

"Provided further that no Bill providing for increasing or diminishing the area of the State of Jammu and Kashmir or altering the name or boundary of that State shall be introduced in Parliament without the consent of the Legislature of that State.":

- (b) omit Explanation I and Explanation II.
- (3) PART II.
- (a) This Part shall be deemed to have been applicable in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir as from the 26th day of January, 1950.
 - (b) Article 7.— Add the following further proviso, namely:—

"Provided further that nothing in this article shall apply to a permanent resident of the State of Jammu and Kashmir who, after having so migrated to the territory now included in Pakistan, returns to that territory of that State under a permit for resettlement in that State or permanent return issued by or under the authority of any law made by the Legislature of that State, and every such person shall be deemed to be a citizen of India."

(4) PART III.

(a) Article 13.—References to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of

the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954 (C.O. 48), i.e., the 14th day of May, 1954.

* * * * *

- (c) Article 16.— In clause (3), reference to the State shall be construed as not including a reference to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
 - (d) Article 19.—
 - (A) In clause (1),—
 - (i) in sub-clause (e), omit "and" at the end;
 - (ii) after sub-clause (e), insert the following clause, namely:—

"(f) to acquire, hold and dispose of property; and";

- (B) in clause (5), for "sub-clauses (d) and (e)", substitute "sub-clauses (d), (e) and (f)".
- (e) Article 22.— In clauses (4) and (7), for "Parliament", substitute "the Legislature of the State".
 - (f) Article 30.—Omit clause (1A).
 - (g) After article 30, insert the following, namely:—

"Right to Property

- 31. Compulsory acquisition of property.—(1) No person shall be deprived of his property save by authority of law.
- (2) No property shall be compulsorily acquired or requisitioned save for a public purpose and save by authority of a law which provides for acquisition or requisitioning of the property for an amount which may be fixed by such law or which may be determined in accordance with such principles and given in such manner as may be specified in such law; and no such law shall be called in question in any court on the ground that the amount so fixed or determined is not adequate or that the whole or any part of such amount is to be given otherwise than in cash:

Provided that in making any law providing for the compulsory acquisition of any property of an educational institution established and administered by a minority, referred to in clause (1) of article 30, the State shall ensure that the amount fixed by or determined under such law for the acquisition of such property is such as would not restrict or abrogate the right guaranteed under that clause.

- (2A) Where a law does not provide for the transfer of the ownership or right to possession of any property to the State or to a Corporation owned or controlled by the State, it shall not be deemed to provide for the compulsory acquisition or requisitioning of property, notwithstanding that it deprives any person of his property.
- (2B) Nothing in sub-clause (f) of clause (1) of article 19 shall affect any such law as is referred to in clause (2).

* * * * *

- (5) Nothing in clause 2 shall affect—
 - (a) the provisions of any existing law; or
 - (b) the provisions of any law which the State may hereafter make—
 - (i) for the purpose of imposing or levying any tax or penalty; or
 - (ii) for the promotion of public health or the prevention of danger to life or property; or
 - (iii) with respect to property declared by law to be evacuee property.".

* * * *

- (h) After article 31, omit the following sub-heading, namely:—
 "Saving of Certain Laws"
- (i) Article 31A.—
 - (A) In clause (1),—
 - (i) for "article 14 or article 19", substitute "article 14, article 19 or article 31";
 - (ii) omit the first proviso to clause (1);
 - (iii) in the second proviso omit "further":
 - (B) in clause (2), for sub-clause (a), substitute the following sub-clause, namely:—
 - '(a) "estate" shall mean land which is occupied or has been let for agricultural purposes or for purposes subservient to agriculture, or for pasture, and includes—
 - (i) sites of buildings and other structures on such land;
 - (ii) trees standing on such land;
 - (iii) forest land and wooded waste;
 - (iv) area covered by or fields floating over water;
 - (v) sites of jandars and gharats;
 - (vi) any jagir, inam, muafi or mukarrari or other similar grant,

but does not include-

- (i) the site of any building in any town, or town area or village *abadi* or any land appurtenant to any such building or site;
 - (ii) any land which is occupied as the site of a town or village; or
- (iii) any land reserved for building purposes in a municipality or notified area or cantonment or town area or any area for which a town planning scheme is sanctioned;'.
- (j) Article 31C.— This article is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
 - (k) Article 32.— Omit clause (3).
 - (l) Article 35.—
 - (A) References to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954 (C.O. 48), *i.e.*, the 14th day of May, 1954;
 - (B) in clause (a) (i), omit "clause (3) of article 16, clause (3) of article 32";

- (C) after clause (), add the following clause, namely:—
 - "(c) no law with respect to preventive detention made by the Legislature of the State of Jammu and Kashmir, whether before or after the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954, shall be void on the ground that it is inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Part, but any such law shall, to the extent of such inconsistency, cease to have effect on the expiration of twenty-five years from the commencement of the said Order, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before the expiration thereof."
- (m) After article 35, add the following article, namely:—
- "35A. Saving of laws with respect to permanent residents and their rights.— Notwithstanding anything contained in this Constitution, no existing law in force in the State of Jammu and Kashmir, and no law hereafter enacted by the Legislature of the State.—
 - (a) defining the classes of persons who are, or shall be, permanent residents of the State of Jammu and Kashmir: or
 - (b) conferring on such permanent residents any special rights and privileges or imposing upon other persons any restrictions as respects—
 - (i) employment under the State Government;
 - (ii) acquisition of immovable property in the State;
 - (iii) settlement in the State; or
 - (iv) right to scholarships and such other forms of aid as the State Government may provide,

shall be void on the ground that it is inconsistent with or takes away or abridges any rights conferred on the other citizens of India by any provision of this Part.".

- (5) PART IV.—This part is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (6) PART IVA.—This part is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (7) PART V.—
 - (a) Article 55.—
 - (A) For the purposes of this article, the population of the State of Jammu and Kashmir shall be deemed to be sixty-three lakhs;
 - (B) in the Explanation omit the proviso.
- (b) Article 81.—For clauses (2) and (3), substitute the following clauses, namely:—
 - "(2) For the purposes of sub-clause (a) of clause (1),—
 - (a) there shall be allotted to the State six seats in the House of the People;
 - (b) the State shall be divided into single-member territorial constituencies by the Delimitation Commission constituted under the Delimitation Act, 1972, in accordance with such procedure as the Commission may deem fit;
 - (c) the constituencies shall, as far as practicable, be geographically compact areas, and in delimiting them regard shall be had to physical features, existing boundaries of administrative units, facilities of communication and public convenience; and

- (d) the constituencies into which the State is divided shall not comprise the area under the occupation of Pakistan.
- (3) Nothing in clause (2) shall affect the representation of the State in the House of the People until the dissolution of the House existing on the date of publication in the Gazette of India of the final order or orders of the Delimitation Commission relating to the delimitation of parliamentary constituencies under the Delimitation Act. 1972.
- (4) (a) The Delimitation Commission shall associate with itself for the purpose of assisting it in its duties in respect of the State, five persons who shall be members of the House of the People representing the State.
- (b) The persons to be so associated from the State shall be nominated by the Speaker of the House of the People having due regard to the composition of the House.
- (c) The first nominations to be made under sub-clause (b) shall be made by the Speaker of the House of the People within two months from the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Second Amendment Order, 1974.
- (d) None of the associate members shall have a right to vote or to sign any decision of the Delimitation Commission.
- (e) If owing to death or resignation, the office of an associate member falls vacant, it shall be filled as soon as may be practicable by the Speaker of the House of the People and in accordance with the provisions of sub-clauses (a) and (b)."
- (c) Article 82.— Omit the second and third provisos.
- (d) Article 105.— In clause (3), for "shall be those of that House and of its members and committees immediately before the coming into force of section 15 of the Constitution (Forty-fourth Amendment) Act, 1978" substitute "shall be those of the House of Commons of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, and of its members and committees, at the commencement of this Constitution".
 - (e) For article 132, substitute the following article, namely:—
 - '132. Appellate jurisdiction of Supreme Court in appeals from High Courts in certain cases.—(1) An appeal shall lie to the Supreme Court from any judgment, decree or final order of a High Court in the territory of India, whether in a civil, criminal or other proceeding, if the High Court certifies that the case involves a substantial question of law as to the interpretation of this Constitution.
 - (2) Where the High Court has refused to give such a certificate, the Supreme Court may, if it is satisfied that the case involves a substantial question of law as to the interpretation of this Constitution, grant special leave to appeal from such judgment, decree or final order.
 - (3) Where such a certificate is given, or such leave is granted, any party in the case may appeal to the Supreme Court on the ground that any such question as aforesaid has been wrongly decided and, with the leave of the Supreme Court, on any other ground.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this article, the expression "final order" includes an order deciding an issue which, if decided in favour of the appellant, would be sufficient for the final disposal of the case.'.

- (f) Article 133.—
 - (A) In clause (1), omit "under article 134A";
 - (B) after clause (1), insert the following clause, namely:—
 - '(1A) The provisions of section 3 of the Constitution (Thirtieth Amendment) Act, 1972, shall apply in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir subject to the modification that references therein to "this Act", "the commencement of this Act", "this Act had not been passed" and "as amended by this Act" shall be construed respectively as references to "the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Second Amendment Order, 1974", "the commencement of the said Order", "the said Order had not been made" and "as it stands after the commencement of the said Order".'
- (g) Article 134.—
 - (A) In clause (1), in sub-clause (c), omit "under article 134A";
- (B) in clause (2), after "Parliament may" insert "on the request of the Legislature of the State".
- (h) Articles 134A, 135, 139 and 139A.— These articles are not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
 - (i) Article 145.— In clause (1), omit sub-clause (cc).
- (j) Article 150.— For "as the President may, on the advice of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India, prescribe" substitute "as the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India may, with the approval of the President prescribe".
- (8) PART VI.
- (a) Omit articles 153 to 217, article 219, article 221, articles 223, 224, 224A and 225, articles 227 to 233, article 233A and articles 234 to 237.
- (b) Article 220.— References to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Amendment Order, 1960, i.e., the 26th January, 1960.
- (c) Article 222.— After clause (1), insert the following clause, namely:—
 - "(1A) Every such transfer from the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir or to that High Court shall be made after consultation with the Governor.".
 - (d) Article 226.—
 - (A) Renumber clause (2) as clause (1A);
 - (B) omit clause (3);

- (C) renumber clause (4) as clause (2); and in clause (2) as so renumbered, for "this article" substitute "clause (1) or clause (1A)".
- (9) PART VIII.— This part is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (10) PART X.— This part is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (11) PART XI.
 - (a) Article 246.—
 - (A) in clause (1), for "clauses (2) and (3)" substitute "clause (2)";
 - (B) in clause (2), omit "Notwithstanding anything in clause (3),";
 - (C) omit clauses (3) and (4).
 - (b) For article 248, substitute the following article, namely:—
 - '248. Residuary powers of legislation.—Parliament has exclusive power to make any law with respect to—

(a) prevention of activities involving terrorist acts directed towards overawing the Government as by law established or striking terror in the people or any section of the people or alienating any section of the people or adversely affecting the harmony amongst different sections of the people;

- (aa) prevention of other activities directed towards disclaiming, questioning or disrupting the sovereignty and territorial integrity of India or bringing about cession of a part of the territory of India or secession of a part of the territory of India from the Union or causing insult to the Indian National Flag, the Indian National Anthem and this Constitution; and
 - (b) taxes on—
 - (i) foreign travel by sea or air:
 - (ii) inland air travel;
 - (iii) postal articles, including money orders, phonograms and telegrams.

Explanation.— In this article, "terrorist act" means any act or thing by using bombs, dynamite or other explosive substances or inflammable substances or firearms or other lethal weapons or poisons or noxious gases or other chemicals or any other substances (whether biological or otherwise) of a hazardous nature.'.

- (bb) Article 249, in clause (1), for "any matter enumerated in the State List specified in the resolution", substitute "any matter specified in the resolution, being a matter which is not enumerated in the Union List or in the Concurrent List".
- (c) Article 250.— For "to any of the matters enumerated in the State List" substitute "also to matters not enumerated in the Union List".
 - (d) Omit clause (d).
 - (e) Article 253.— Add the following proviso, namely:—

"Provided that after the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954, no decision affecting the disposition of the State of Jammu and Kashmir shall be made by the Government of India without the consent of the Government of that State.".

- (f) Omit article 255.
- (g) Article 256.—Renumber this article as clause (1) thereof, and add the following new clause thereto, namely:—
 - "(2) The State of Jammu and Kashmir shall so exercise its executive power as to facilitate the discharge by the Union of its duties and responsibilities under the Constitution in relation to that State; and in particular, the said State shall, if so required by the Union, acquire or requisition property on behalf and at the expense of the Union, or if the property belongs to the State, transfer it to the Union on such terms as may be agreed, or in default of agreement, as may be determined by an arbitrator appointed by the Chief Justice of India."
 - (h) Article 261.—In clause (2), omit "made by Parliament".

(12) PART XII.

- (a) Articles 266, 282, 284, 298, 299 and 300. —In these articles references to the State or States shall be construed as not including references to the State of Jammu and Kashmir:
- (b) omit clause (2) of article 267, article 273, clause (2) of article 283 and article 290:
- (c) Articles 277 and 295.—In these articles references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954, i.e., the 14th day of May, 1954.
- (\emph{d}) Omit the sub-heading "Chapter IV.— RIGHT to Property" and article 300A.

(13) PART XIII.

In article 303, in clause (1), omit "by virtue of any entry relating to trade and commerce in any of the Lists in the Seventh Schedule".

(14) PART XIV.

Except in article 312, reference to "State" in this Part does not include the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(15) PART XIVA.

This Part is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(16) PART XV.—

- (a) Article 324.— In clause (1), the reference to the Constitution shall, in relation to elections to either House of the Legislature of Jammu and Kashmir, be construed as a reference to the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (b) Articles 325, 326 and 327.— In these articles the references to a State shall be construed as not including a reference to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
 - (c) Omit article 328.
 - (d) Article 329.—

- (A) Reference to a State shall be construed as not including a reference to the State of Jammu and Kashmir:
 - (B) omit "or article 328".

(17) PART XVI. —

Original clause (a) omitted and clauses (b) and (c) relettered as clauses (a) and (b).

- (a) Omit articles 331, 332, 333, 336 and 337.
- (b) Articles 334 and 335.—References to the State or the States shall be construed as not including references to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
 - (c) Article 339, in clause (1), omit "the administration of the Scheduled Areas and".
- (18) PART XVII. The provisions of this Part shall apply to the State of Jammu and Kashmir only in so far as they relate to—
 - (i) The official language of the Union;
 - (ii) the official language for communication between one State and another, or between a State and the Union; and
 - (iii) The language of the proceedings in the Supreme Court.

(19) PART XVIII.

- (a) For article 352, substitute the following article, namely:—
- "352. Proclamation of Emergency.—(1) If the President is satisfied that a grave emergency exists whereby the security of India or of any part of the territory thereof is threatened, whether by war or external aggression or internal disturbance, he may, by Proclamation, make a declaration to that effect.
 - (2) A proclamation issued under clause (1)—
 - (a) may be revoked by a subsequent Proclamation;
 - (b) shall be laid before each House of Parliament;
 - (c) shall cease to operate at the expiration of two months unless before the expiration of that period it has been approved by resolutions of both Houses of

Provided that if any such Proclamation is issued at a time when the House of the People has been dissolved or the dissolution of the House of the People takes place during the period of two months referred to in sub-clause (c), and if a resolution approving the Proclamation has been passed by the Council of States but no resolution with respect to such Proclamation has been passed by the House of the People before the expiration of that period, the Proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of thirty days from the date on which the House of the People first sits after its reconstitution unless before the expiration of the said period of thirty days a resolution approving the Proclamation has been also passed by the House of the people.

- (3) A Proclamation of Emergency declaring that the security of India or of any part of the territory thereof is threatened by war or by external aggression or by internal disturbance may be made before the actual occurrence of war or of any such aggression or disturbance if the President is satisfied that there is imminent danger thereof.
- (4) The power conferred on the President by this article shall include the power to issue different Proclamations on different grounds, being war or external aggression or

internal disturbance or imminent danger of war or external aggression or internal disturbance, whether or not there is a Proclamation already issued by the President under clause (1) and such Proclamation is in operation.

- (5) Notwithstanding anything in the Constitution,—
- (a) the satisfaction of the President mentioned in clause (1) and clause (3) shall be final and conclusive and shall not be questioned in any court on any ground;
- (b) subject to the provisions of clause (2), neither the Supreme Court nor any other Court shall have jurisdiction to entertain any question, on any ground, regarding the validity of
 - (i) a declaration made by Proclamation by the President to the effect stated in clause (1); or
 - (ii) the continued operation of such Proclamation.
- (6) No Proclamation of Emergency made on grounds only of internal disturbance or imminent danger thereof shall have effect in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir (except as respects article 354) unless—
 - (a) it is made at the request or with the concurrence of the Government of that State: or
 - (b) where it has not been so made, it is applied subsequently by the President to that State at the request or with the concurrence of the Government of that State."
- (b) Article 353.— Omit the proviso.
- (c) Article 356.—
 - (A) In clause (1), reference to provisions or provisions of this Constitution shall, in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, be construed as including references to provisions or provision of the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir;
 - (B) in clause (4),—
 - (i) for the opening portion, substitute the following, namely:—
 - "A Proclamation so approved shall, unless revoked, cease to operate on the expiration of a period of six months from the date of the passing of the second of the resolutions approving the Proclamation under clause (3)";
 - (ii) after the second proviso, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—
 - 'Provided also that in the case of the Proclamation issued under clause (1) on the 18th day of July, 1990 with respect to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, the reference in the fist proviso to this clause to "three years" shall be construed as a reference to "seven years.'
 - (C) for clause (5), substitute the following clause, namely:—
 - "(5) Notwithstanding anything in this Constitution, the satisfaction of the President mentioned in clause (1) shall be final and conclusive and shall not be questioned in any court on any ground.".
- (d) Article 357.— For clause (2), substitute the following clause, namely:—

- "(2) Any law made in exercise of the power of the Legislature of the State by Parliament or the President or other authority referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause (1) which Parliament or the President or such other authority would not, but for the issue of a Proclamation under article 356, have been competent to make shall, to the extent of the incompetency, cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of one year after the Proclamation has ceased to operate except as respects things done or omitted to be done before the expiration of the said period, unless the provisions which shall so cease to have effect are sooner repealed or re-enacted with or without modification by Act of the appropriate Legislature."
- (e) For article 358, substitute the following article, namely:—
 - "358. Suspension of provisions of article 19 during emergencies.— While a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation, nothing in article 19 shall restrict the power of the State as defined in Part III to make any law or to take any executive action which the State would but for the provisions contained in that Part be competent to make or to take, but any law so made shall, to the extent of the incompetency, cease to have effect as soon as the Proclamation ceases to operate, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before the law so ceases to have effect."
- (f) Article 359,
 - (A) in clause (1) omit "(except articles 20 and 21)";
 - (B) in clause (1A),—
 - (i) omit "(except articles 20 and 21)";
 - (ii) omit the proviso;
 - (C) omit clause (1B);
 - (D) in clause (2), omit the proviso.
 - (g) omit article 360.

(20) PART XIX.

- (a) Article 361A.— This article is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
 - (b) Omit article 365.
 - (c) Article 367.— After clause (3), add the following clause, namely:—
 - "(4) For the purposes of this Constitution as it applies in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir
 - (a) references to this Constitution or to the provisions thereof shall be construed as references to the Constitution or the provisions thereof as applied in relation to the said State:
 - (aa) references to the person for the time being recognised by the President on the recommendation of the Legislative Assembly of the State as the Sadar-i-Riyasat of Jammu and Kashmir, acting on the advice of the Council of Ministers of the State for the time being in office, shall be construed as references to the Governor of Jammu and Kashmir:

(b) references to the Government of the said State shall be construed as including references to the Governor of Jammu and Kashmir acting on the advice of his Council of Ministers:

Provided that in respect of any period prior to the 10th day of April, 1965, such references shall be construed as including references to the Sadar-i-Riyasat acting on the advice of his Council of Ministers;

- (c) references to a High Court shall include references to the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir;
- (d) references to the permanent residents of the said State shall be construed as meaning persons who, before the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954, were recognised as State subjects under the laws in force in the State or who are recognised by any law made by the Legislature of the State as permanent residents of the State: and
- (e) references to a Governor shall include references to the Governor of Jammu and Kashmir:

Provided that in respect of any period prior to the 10th day of April, 1965, such references shall be construed as references to the person recognised by the President as the Sadar-i-Riyasat of Jammu and Kashmir and as including references to any person recognised by the President as being competent to exercise the powers of the Sadar-I-Riyasat.

(21) PART XX.

Article 368.—

(a) in clause (2), add the following further proviso, namely:—

"Provided further that no such amendment shall have effect in relation to the State of Jammu and Kashmir unless applied by order of the President under clause (1) of article 370.":

- (b) omit clauses (4) and (5) and after clause (3) add the following clause, namely:—
 - "(4) No law made by the Legislature of the State of Jammu and Kashmir seeking to make any change in or in the effect of any provision of the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir relating to:—
 - (a) appointment, powers, functions, duties, emoluments, allowances, privileges or immunities of the Governor; or
 - (b) superintendence, direction and control of elections by the Election Commission of India, eligibility for inclusion in the electoral rolls without discrimination, adult suffrage and composition of the Legislative Council, being matters specified in sections 138, 139, 140 and 50 of the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir.

shall have any effect unless such law has, after having been reserved for the consideration of the President, received his assent.".

(22) PART XXI.—

- (a) Omit articles 369, 371, 371A, 372A, 373 and articles 376 to 378A and 392.
- (b) Article 372.—
 - (A) Omit clauses (2) and (3);
- (B) references to the laws in force in the territory of India shall include references to hidayats, ailans, ishtihars, circulars, robkars, irshads, yadashts, State Council Resolutions, Resolutions of the Constituent Assembly, and other instruments having the force of law in the territory of the State of Jammu and Kashmir:
- (C) references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954 (C.O.48), i.e., the 14th day of May, 1954.
- (c) Article 374.
 - (A) Omit clauses (1), (2), (3) and (5);
 - (B) in clause (4), the reference to the authority functioning as the Privy Council of a State shall be construed as a reference to the Advisory Board constituted under the Jammu and Kashmir Constitution Act, Svt. 1996, and references to the commencement of the Constitution shall be construed as references to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954, i.e., the 14th day of May, 1954.
- (23) PART XXII.—Omit articles 394 and 395.
- (24) THIRD SCHEDULE.—Omit forms V.VI,VII and VIII.
- (25) FIFTH SCHEDULE.—This Schedule is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (26) SIXTH SCHEDULE.—This Schedule is not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir
 - (27) SEVENTH SCHEDULE.—
 - (a) List I Union List: -
 - (A) Omit entry 2A;
 - (B) for entry 3, substitute the following entry, namely:—
 - "3. Administration of cantonments.":
 - (C) omit entries 8, 9, 34 and 79;
 - (D) in entry 72, the reference to the States shall be construed.—
 - (i) in relation to appeals to the Supreme Court from any decision or order of the High Court of the State of Jammu and Kashmir made in an election petition whereby an election to either House of the Legislature of that State has been called in question, as including a reference to the State of Jammu and Kashmir:
 - (ii) in relation to other matters, as not including a reference to that State;
 - (E) in entry 81, omit "Inter-State migration";

- (F) for entry 97, substitute the following entry, namely:—
 - '97. Prevention of activities-
 - (a) involving terrorist acts directed towards overawing the Government as by law established or striking terror in the people or any section of the people or alienating any section of the people or adversely affecting the harmony amongst different sections of the people;
 - (b) directed towards disclaiming, questioning or disrupting the sovereignty and territorial integrity of India or bringing about cession of a part of the territory of India or secession of a part of the territory of India from the Union or causing insult to the Indian National flag, the Indian National Anthem and this Constitution:

taxes on foreign travel by sea or air, on inland air travel and on postal articles, including money orders, phonograms and telegrams.

Explanation.— In this entry, "terrorist act" has the same meaning as in the Explanation to article 248.'.

- (b) Omit List II—State List.
- (c) List III— Concurrent List.—
 - (A) For entry 1, substitute the following entry, namely:—
 - "1. Criminal law (excluding offences against laws with respect to any of the matters specified in List I and excluding the use of naval, military or air forces or any other armed forces of the Union in aid of the civil power) in so far as such criminal law relates to offences against laws with respect to any of the matters specified in this List.";
 - (B) for entry 2, substitute the following entry, namely:—
 - "2. Criminal procedure (including prevention of offences and constitution and organisation of criminal courts, except the Supreme Court and the High Court) in so far as it relates to.—
 - (i) offences against laws with respect to any matters being matters with respect to which Parliament has power to make laws; and
 - (ii) administration of oaths and taking of affidavits by diplomatic and consular officers in any foreign country.";
 - (C) omit entry 3, entries 5 to 10 (both inclusive), entries 14, 15, 17, 20, 24, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 37, 38, 41 and 44;
 - (D) entries 11A, 17A, 17B, 20A and 33A are not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir;
 - (E) for entry 12, substitute the following entry, namely:—
 - "12. Evidence and oaths in so far as they relate to,—
 - (i) administration of oaths and taking of affidavits by diplomatic and consular officers in any foreign country; and
 - (ii) any other matter being matters with respect to which Parliament has power to make laws.";
 - (F) for entry 13, substitute the following entry, namely:—

- "13. Civil procedure in so far as it relates to administration of oaths and taking of affidavits by diplomatic and consular officers in any foreign country.":
- (G) for entry 25, substitute the following entry, namely:—
 - "25. Vocational and technical training of labour.";
- (H) for entry 30, substitute the following entry, namely:—
 - "30. Vital statistics in so far as they relate to births and deaths including registration of births and deaths.";
- (I) for entry 42, substitute the following entry, namely:—
- "42 Acquisition and requisitioning of property, so far as regards acquisition of any property covered by entry 67 of List I or entry 40 of List III or of any human work of art which has artistic or aesthetic value.";
- (J) in entry 45, for "List II or List III" substitute "this List".

(28) NINTH SCHEDULE.—

- (a) After entry 64, add the following entries, namely:—
 - "64A. The Jammu and Kashmir State Kuth Act (No. 1 of Svt.1978).
 - 64B. The Jammu and Kashmir Tenancy Act (No. II of Svt. 1980).
 - 64C. The Jammu and Kashmir Alienation of Land Act (No. V of Svt. 1995). 64D. The Jammu and Kashmir Big Landed Estates Abolition Act (No. XVII of Svt. 2007).
 - 64E. Order No. 6-H of 1951, dated the 10th March, 1951, regarding Resumption of Jagirs and other assignments of land revenue, etc.
 - 64F. The Jammu and Kashmir Restitution of Mortgaged Properties Act, 1976 (Act XIV of 1976).
 - 64G. The Jammu and Kashmir Debtors' Relief Act, 1976 (Act XV of 1976).".
- (b) entries 65 to 86 are not applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir;
- (c) after entry 86, insert the following entry, namely:—
 - "87. The Representation of the People Act, 1951 (Central Act 43 of 1951), the Representation of the People (Amendment) Act, 1974 (Central Act 58 of 1974) and the Election Laws (Amendment) Act, 1975 (Central Act 40 of 1975).";
- (d) after entry 91, insert the following entry, namely:—
 - "92. The maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971 (Central Act 26 of 1971).";
- (e) after entry 129, insert the following entry, namely:—
 - "130. The Prevention of Publication of Objectionable Matter Act, 1976 (Central Act 27 of 1976).";
- (f) after insertion of the entries 87, 92 and 130 as indicated above, renumber entries 87 to 188 as entries 65 to 166 respectively.
- (29) TENTH SCHEDULE.—
 - (a) for the brackets, words and figures "[Articles 102(2) and 191(2)]", the brackets, word and figures "[Article 102(2)]" shall be substituted;

- (b) in clause (a) of paragraph 1, the words "or the Legislative Assembly or, as the case may be, either House of the Legislature of a State" shall be omitted;
 - (c) in paragraph 2,—
 - (i) in sub-paragraph (1), in sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) of the Explanation, the words and figures "or, as the case may be, article 188" shall be omitted;
 - (ii) in sub-paragraph (3), the words and figures "or, as the case may be, article 188" shall be omitted:
 - (iii) in sub-paragraph (4), the reference to the commencement of the Constitution (Fifty-second Amendment) Act, 1985 shall be construed as a reference to the commencement of the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Amendment Order, 1989:
- (d) in paragraph 5, the words "or the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council of a State or the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of a State" shall be omitted;
- (e) in sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 6, the words and figures "or, as the case may be, proceedings in the Legislature of a State within the meaning of article 212" shall be omitted:
- (f) in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 8, the words and figures "or, as the case may be, article 194," shall be omitted.

APPENDIX-III

EXTRACTS FROM THE CONSTITUTION (FORTY-FOURTH

AMENDMENT) ACT, 1978

* * * * * * *

1. Short title and commencement.— (1) * * *

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint and different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act.

* * * * * *

3. Amendment of article 22.— In article 22 of the Constitution.—

- (a) for clause (4), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - '(4) No law providing for preventive detention shall authorise the detention of a person for a longer period than two months unless an Advisory Board constituted in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief Justice of the appropriate High Court has reported before the expiration of the said period of two months that there is in its opinion sufficient cause for such detention:

Provided that an Advisory Board shall consist of a Chairman and not less than two other members, and the Chairman shall be a serving Judge of the appropriate High Court and the other members shall be serving or retired Judges of any High Court:

Provided further that nothing in this clause shall authorise the detention of any person beyond the maximum period prescribed by any law made by Parliament under sub-clause (a) of clause (7).

Explanation. - In this clause, "appropriate High Court" means,-

- (i) in the case of the detention of a person in pursuance of an order of detention made by the Government of India or an officer or authority subordinate to that Government, the High Court for the Union territory of Delhi;
- (ii) in the case of the detention of a person in pursuance of an order of detention made by the Government of any State (other than a Union territory), the High Court for that State; and
- (iii) in the case of the detention of a person in pursuance of an order of detention made by the administrator of a Union territory or an officer or authority subordinate to such administrator, such High Court as may be specified by or under any law made by Parliament in this behalf.';

(b) in clause (7),—

- (i) sub-clause (a) shall be omitted;
- (ii) sub-clause (b) shall be re-lettered as sub-clause (a); and
- (iii) sub-clause (c) shall be re-lettered as sub-clause (b) and in the sub-clause as so relettered, for the words, brackets, letter and figure "sub-clause (a) of clause (4)", the word, brackets and figure "clause (4)" shall be substituted.

* * * *

APPENDIX-IV

THE CONSTITUTION (EIGHTY-SIXTH AMENDMENT) ACT, 2002

[12th December, 2002]

An Act further to amend the Constitution of India.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-third year of the Republic of India as follows:-

- **1. Short title and commencement.**—(*I*) This Act may be called the Constitution (Eighty-sixth Amendment) Act, 2002.
 - (2) It shall come into force on such date* as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
- **2. Insertion of new article 21A.**—After article 21 of the Constitution, the following article shall be inserted, namely:--
- "21A. **Right to education.**—The State shall provide free and compulsory education to all children of the age of six to fourteen years in such manner as the State may, by law, determine.".
- **3. Substitution of new article for article 45.**—For article 45 of the Constitution, the following article shall be substituted, namely:--
 - "45. Provision for early childhood care and education to children below the age of six years.—The State shall endeavour to provide early childhood care and education for all children until they complete the age of six years.".
 - **4. Amendment of article 51A.**—In article 51A of the Constitution, after clause (j), the following clause shall be added, namely:—
- "(k) who is a parent or guardian to provide opportunities for education to his child or, as the case may be, ward between the ago of six and fourteen years.".

*Date yet to be notified.

APPENDIX-V

THE CONSTITUTION (EIGHTY-EIGHTH AMENDMENT) ACT, 2003

[15th January, 2004.]

An Act further to amend the Constitution of India.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:--

- **1. Short title and Commencement.—**(1) This Act may be called the Constitution (Eighty-eighth Amendment) Act, 2003.
- (2) It shall come into force on such date* as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
- **2. Insertion of new article 268A.**—After article 268 of the Constitution, the following article shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "268A. Service tax levied by Union and collected and appropriated by the Union and the States.—(1) Taxes on services shall be levied by the Government of India and such tax shall be collected and appropriated by the Government of India and the States in the manner provided in clause (2).
 - (2) The proceeds in any financial year of any such tax levied in accordance with the provisions of clause (1) shall be—
 - (a) collected by the Government of India and the States;
 - (b) appropriated by the Government of India and the States,

in accordance with such principles of collection and appropriation as may be formulated by Parliament by law.".

- **3.** Amendment of article 270.—In article 270 of the Constitution, in clause (1), for the words and figures "articles 268 and 269", the words, figures and letter "articles 268, 268A and 269" shall be substituted.
- **4. Amendment of Seventh Schedule.**—In the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution, in **List I–Union List,** after entry 92B, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:--

"92C. Taxes on services.".

^{*}Date yet to be notified.