

Presentation at

Banc of America Securities Conference

June 1, 2004

Forward-Looking Statements

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Today's Topics

- MPS Group Overview
- Financial Performance
- Growth Strategy
- Discussion





MPS Group Overview

Timothy Payne
Chief Executive Officer

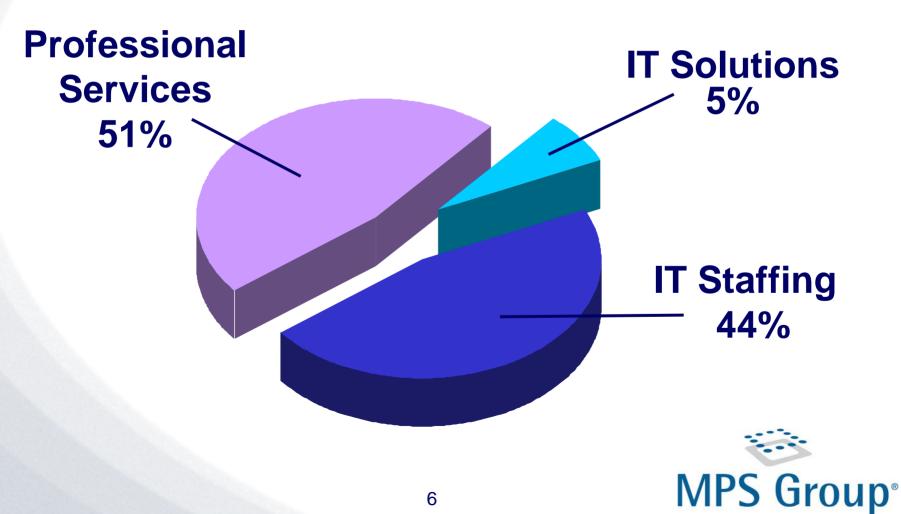
MPS Group

- NYSE:MPS
- \$1.1 billion in 2003 revenue
- Business mix:
 - Professional Staffing
 - IT Staffing and Solutions
- Specialized operating brands



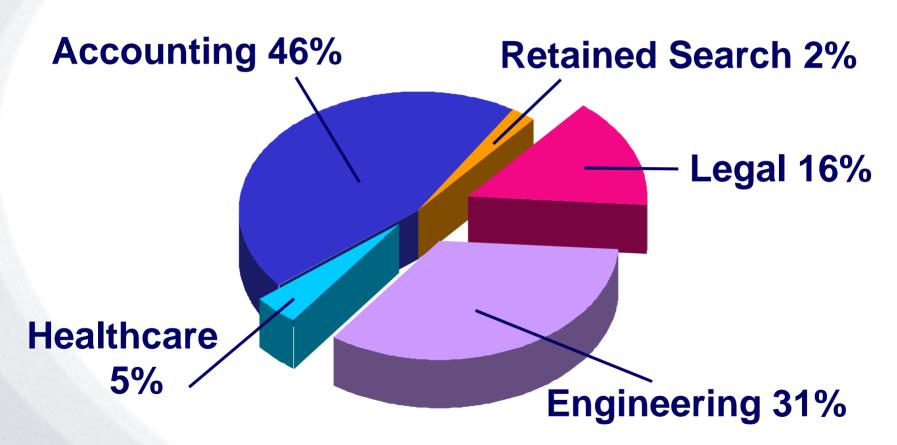
Business Divisions

1Q2004 Revenue Mix



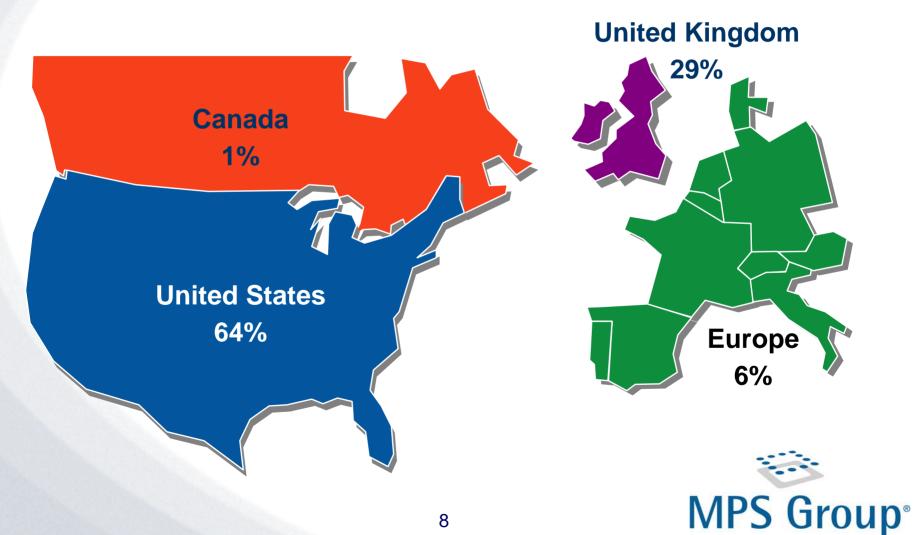
Professional Division

1Q2004 Professional Revenue Mix





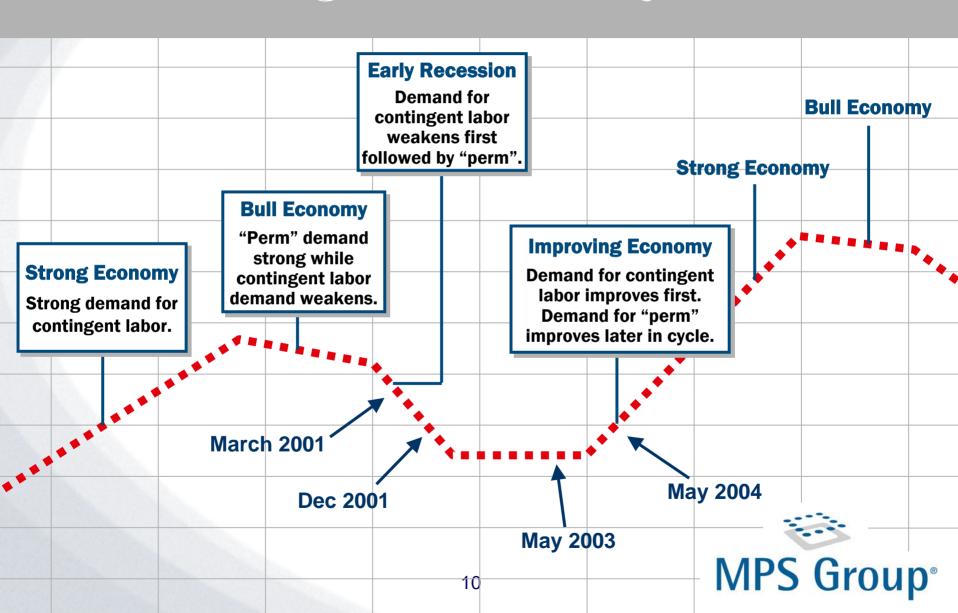
2003 Revenue By Geography



What Sets MPS Group Apart?

- Professional disciplines only—no commercial / industrial staffing
- One of the few consistently profitable public staffing companies during the 2000-2003 downturn
 - Financial discipline
 - Over \$100 million in cash reserves and untapped \$150 million credit facility
- Innovator in using technology to improve service and gain market share

The Contingent Labor Cycle





Financial Performance

Robert Crouch
Chief Financial Officer

Income Statement (Continuing Operations)

\$ in thousands, except per share amounts

	2003	2002
Revenue	\$1,096,030	\$1,119,156
GM %	26.2%	25.5%
SG&A	\$234,614	\$235,673
Restructuring and impairment charges (recapture)	\$(284)	\$25,132
EBITDA*	\$52,810	\$24,033
EBITDA %	4.8%	2.1%
Depreciation and amortization	\$17,009	\$20,256
Net income (loss) from continuing operations (charges, net of tax, decreased 2002 results by \$29 million)	\$21,835	\$(14,002)
Net loss	\$(1,235)	\$(566,304)
Diluted net income (loss) per common share from continuing operations before cumulative effect of accounting change (charges, net of tax, decreased 2002 results by \$0.29)	\$0.21	\$(0.14)

^{*}A reconciliation of EBITDA to net loss is available in the fourth quarter 2003 earnings press release located at www.MPSGroup.com

MPS Group®

Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Highlights

\$ in thousands	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Cash provided by operating activities	\$65,328	\$115,881
Cash used in investing activities	\$(14,186)	\$(13,226)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$2,689	\$(86,470)
Net increase in cash	\$57,873	\$17,726
Cash, end of year	\$124,807	\$66,934
Working Capital	\$217,748	\$171,154
Long Term Debt	\$500	\$0
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$792,790	\$781,559
Days Sales Outstanding	53 days	61 days

Quarterly Trends

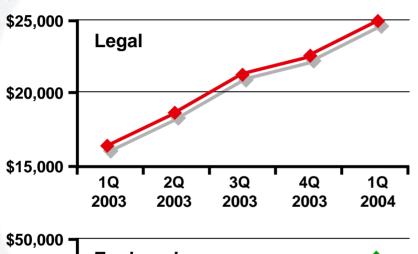
\$ in thousands, except per share amounts

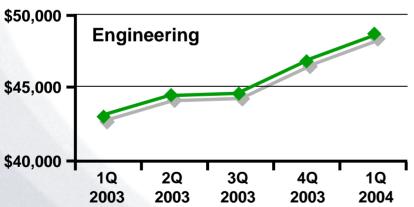
	1Q03	2Q03	3Q03	4Q03	1Q04
Revenue	\$264,263	\$273,167	\$274,669	\$283,931	\$310,481
GM%	25.4%	26.9%	26.8%	25.7%	25.2%
SG&A%	21.8%	21.4%	21.1%	21.3%	21.4%
Operating income	\$5,003	\$10,861	\$11,605	\$8,332	\$8,019
Diluted Net Income per common share from cont. ops.	\$0.03	\$0.06	\$0.07	\$0.05	\$0.05

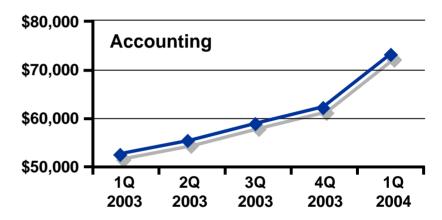
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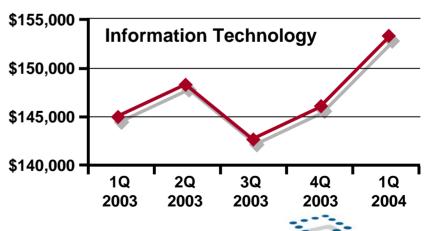
Recent Revenue per Day Trends

\$ in thousands



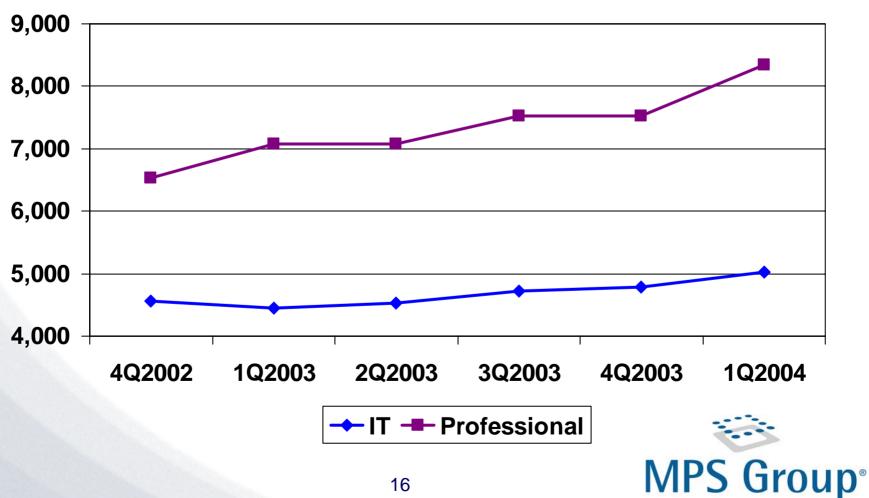








Billable Headcount Trends



Revenue Trends in Staffing Units and Consolidated

	<u>Revenue</u>	GAAP
	without currency benefits	Revenue growth
	4Q03 to 1Q04	4Q03 to 1Q04
Information Technology	2.3%	5.2%
Accounting	9.0%	16.4%
Legal	12.5%	12.5%
Engineering	3.7%	3.7%
Healthcare	70.5%*	70.5%*
Consolidated	6.4%**	9.4%**



^{*} Acquisitions contributed 61.3% of the increase in revenue.

^{**} Acquisitions contributed 1.2% of the increase in revenue.

Financial Summary

- Revenue Trends are positive best in 5 years
- Strong financial position
 - Over \$100 million in cash
 - \$150 million credit facility
- Use of Capital
 - Strategic acquisitions
 - Internal growth initiatives
 - Board continues to review stock buy back alternatives



2Q04 Guidance Given 4/21/04

- Continued to see average daily revenue increase throughout first quarter
- Revenue \$315 to \$330 million
 - Up 15% 20% year-over-year from \$273 million in 2Q2003
 - Up sequentially from \$310 million in 1Q2004
- Diluted net income per common share of \$0.07 to \$0.09
 - Up 16% 50% year-over-year versus \$0.06 in 2Q2003
 - Up sequentially from \$0.05 in 1Q2004





Growth and Diversification Strategy

Timothy Payne
Chief Executive Officer

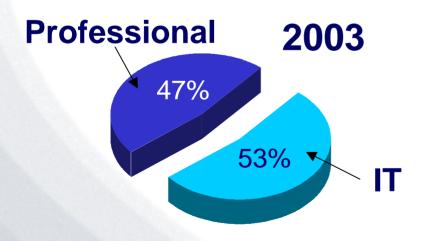
Contingent Labor Outlook

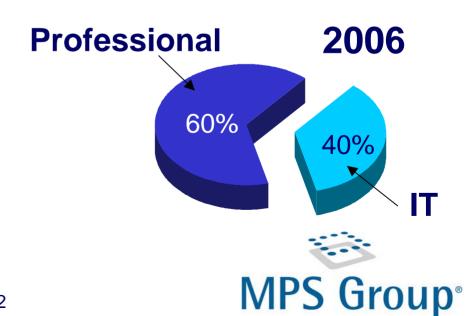
- White collar contingent labor use is increasing:
 - Runaway hiring of permanent staff during "bubble"
 - Desire for variable cost workforce
 - High cost of health insurance / benefits
 - Flexible staffing is 1.9% of total employment up from 1.6% a year ago, and approaching 2% prior peak
- Bureau of Labor Statistics expects a 68% increase in the use of white collar contingent labor over next ten years



Growth and Diversification

- Growth Strategy:
 - IT Staffing and Solutions organic growth
 - Professional Staffing organic & acquisition growth
- Three year plan to diversify business mix:





Organic IT Growth



- Corporate IT spending improving
 - Better earnings
 - Backlog of projects
- Fewer competitors
 - Dramatic cutback in provider lists
- Offshore wave is cresting



Fewer IT Competitors - Examples

	1999	1999	2003	2003
Company	Estimated "Spend"	# of Vendors	Estimated "Spend"	# of Vendors
Financial Services Company	\$427 million	260	\$150 million	25
Telecommunications Company	\$500 million	75	\$75 million	8
Insurance Company	\$38 million	32	\$22 million	14
Commercial Bank	\$30 million	33	\$18 million	10
Pharmaceutical Company	\$94 million	62	\$52 million	13

Dwindling Cost Savings

THE NEW YORK TIMES, SUNDAY, MAY 9, 2004

As a Center for Outsourcing, India Could Be Losing Its Edge

Amid a Scramble for Workers, Wages are Rising Sharply

By NOAM SCHEIBER

N early April, Infosys Technologies, an Indian outsourcing firm, had a party to celebrate reaching \$1 billion in annual revenue. It gathered nearly 10,000 employees under a tent on its Ba



- Indian Rupee has strengthened against the dollar
- Rising wages and rapid turnover among Indian IT workers
- "Overhead" costs



Organic Plus Acquisition Growth







- Growing markets
- Shortages of professional labor
- Favorable demographics
- "Strategic" acquisitions can help grow market share
 - \$10 \$25 million revenue targets
 - Immediate cost synergies



Summary

- Organic growth in IT units
 - Fewer competitive pressures
 - Improving demand
- Organic growth plus strategic acquisitions in healthcare, accounting and legal units
- Three year growth and diversification plan:
 - Larger company with greater leverage
 - 60% of revenues in professional services units





Discussion