

Population Density 2004 (2) and Households 2005 (3)

	No. Ward	No. Borough	No. England and Wales
Area (hectares)	204	18180.1	
Population density 2004 (residents per hectare)	53.9	10.7	3.5
Households 2005	4,505	80,593	

2) Registrar General mid year estimates 2004, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

3) Warrington Borough Council, Council Tax records – occupied properties estimate March 2005.

Ethnicity 2001 (4)

% Resident population (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Persons	10,949	100	100	100
White	10,782	98.5	97.9	91.3
Mixed	50	0.5	0.6	1.3
Black or Black British	16	0.1	0.2	2.2
Asian or Asian British	73	0.7	0.8	4.4
Chinese or Other	28	0.3	0.5	0.9
Non White	167	1.5	2.1	8.7
Non White British	153	1.4	1.7	3.8

4) 2001 Census, Table UV09, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Lifestyle Area Profile 2005 (5)

% Postcodes (2005)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% UK
Postcodes	249	100	100	100
Wealthy area	0	0.0	32.9	26.6
Urban prosperous area	0	0.0	2.5	10.7
Comfortably off area	80	32.1	31.9	26.6
Moderate means area	61	24.5	13.5	14.5
Hard - pressed area	108	43.4	18.4	22.4
Unclassified	0	0.0	0.8	0

5) ACORN Lifestyle Classification 2005, CACI Ltd.

Community Safety

Reported Crimes February 2005 to January 2006 (6)

Rate per thousand resident population (mid year 2004)	No. Ward	Ward rate	Borough rate
Total crime	1,209	109.8	104.1
Burglary in a dwelling*	108	24.0	12.7
Vehicle crime	108	9.8	12.6
Robbery	4	0.4	0.5
Violent	168	15.3	14.5
Criminal damage	454	41.2	26.3
Other crime	367	33.3	44.5
Total public disorder**	622	56.5	57.1

6) Cheshire Constabulary, Warrington Division.

* Per 1,000 households (2005).

** April 2005 to January 2006

Note: Totals may not sum exactly within tables and may differ slightly between tables due to rounding and adjustment.



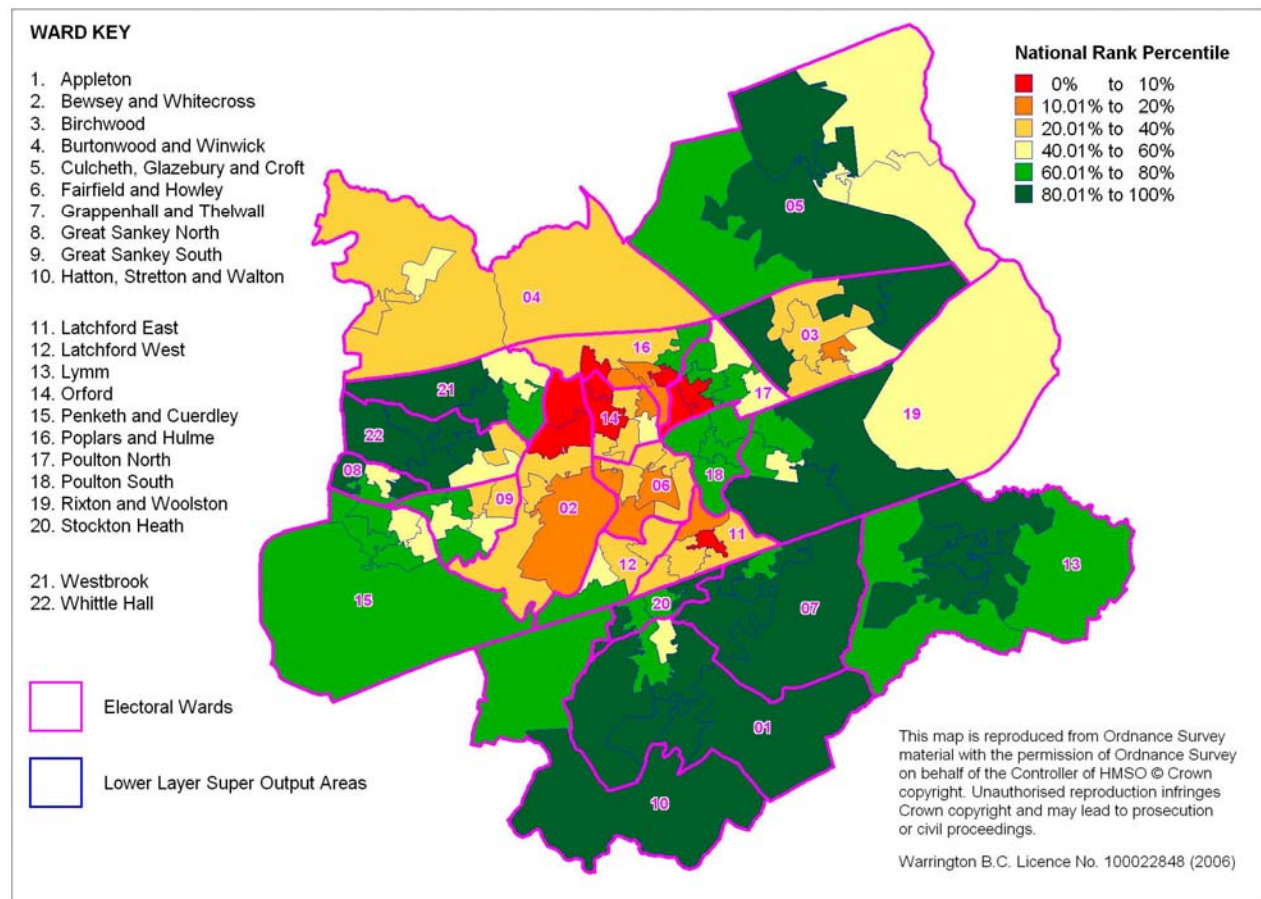
Economic Wellbeing

Economic Activity 2001 (7)

% Resident population 16 to 74 (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Persons 16 to 74	7,742	100	100	100
Economically active	5,090	65.7	68.9	66.5
Employee	4,220	54.5	57.0	52.3
Self employed	357	4.6	6.6	8.3
Unemployed	344	4.4	2.9	3.4
Full time student	169	2.2	2.3	2.6
Economically inactive	2,652	34.3	31.1	33.5
Retired	956	12.3	13.5	13.6
Student	219	2.8	3.0	4.7
Looking after family / home	529	6.8	5.5	6.5
Permanently sick / disabled	676	8.7	6.2	5.5
Other	272	3.5	2.9	3.1

7) 2001 Census, Table UV028, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Index of Multiple Deprivation 2004 (8)



8) Indices of Deprivation 2004, Office for Deputy Prime Minister.

Lower Layer Super Output Area (SOA) boundaries: Office for National Statistics. Crown copyright reserved.

Note: National Rank Percentile is calculated by dividing Warrington Lower Layer SOA deprivation rank out of 32,482 English SOAs and multiplying by 100.

Note: Totals may not sum exactly within tables and may differ slightly between tables due to rounding and adjustment.

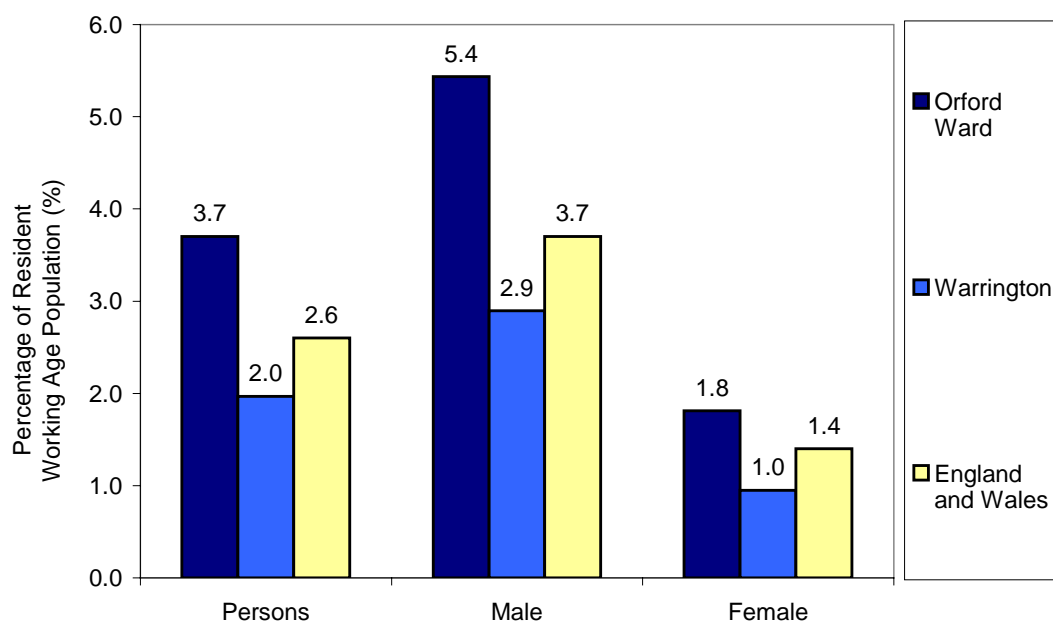


Income Support Claimant Rate August 2004 (9)

% Resident population aged 16 to 59 (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Claimants	590	9.2	4.9	6.3

9) Department for Work and Pensions, Information Directorate, Crown copyright reserved.

Unemployment Claimant Count Rate March 2006 (10)



10) Claimant Count, National Statistics via <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk> Crown copyright reserved.

Ward working age population estimates 2004, Cheshire County Council Research and Intelligence based upon National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Education and Lifelong Learning

Highest Qualifications Attained 2001 (11)

% Resident population 16 to 74 (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Persons 16 to 74	7,742	100	100.0	100.0
No qualifications	2,982	38.5	26.9	29.1
Lower level qualifications	3,527	45.6	46.4	44.2
Higher level qualifications	646	8.3	19.7	19.8
Level unknown / other	587	7.6	7.0	6.9

11) 2001 Census Table UV24, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Note: Totals may not sum exactly within tables and may differ slightly between tables due to rounding and adjustment.



Health and Social Wellbeing

General Health and Limiting Long Term Illness 2001 (12)

% Resident population (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Persons	10,950	100	100	100.0
Limiting long term illness	2,193	20.0	17.9	18.2
Good or fairly good health	9,764	89.2	90.9	90.8
Not good health	1,186	10.8	9.1	9.2

12) 2001 Census, Tables UV20 UV22, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Incapacity Benefit / Severe Disablement Allowance Combined Claimant Rate August 2004 (13)

% Resident population aged 16 to 64 (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Claimants	770	11.1	7.5	7.3

13) Department for Work & Pensions, Information Directorate, Crown copyright reserved.

Disability Living Allowance Claimant Rate August 2004 (14)

% Resident population (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Claimants	735	6.7	5.1	4.5

14) Department for Work & Pensions, Information Directorate, Crown copyright reserved.

Transport and Access

Car Ownership 2001 (15)

% Households (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Households	4,417	100	100	100
Households with no car or van	1,431	32.4	20.9	26.8
Households with one or more cars or vans	2,086	47.2	43.4	43.8
Households with two or more cars or vans	900	20.4	35.7	29.4

15) 2001 Census, Table UV62, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Note: Totals may not sum exactly within tables and may differ slightly between tables due to rounding and adjustment.



Distance Travelled to Work 2001 (16)

% Resident population 16 to 74 in employment (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Persons 16 to 74 in employment	4,721	100	100	100
Work mainly from home	260	5.5	8.3	9.2
Less than 5km	3,111	65.9	44.1	40.0
5km to less than 10km	426	9.0	16.3	18.2
Over 10km	754	16.0	28.0	27.8
No fixed place / outside UK	170	3.6	3.3	4.7

16) 2001 Census, Table UV35, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

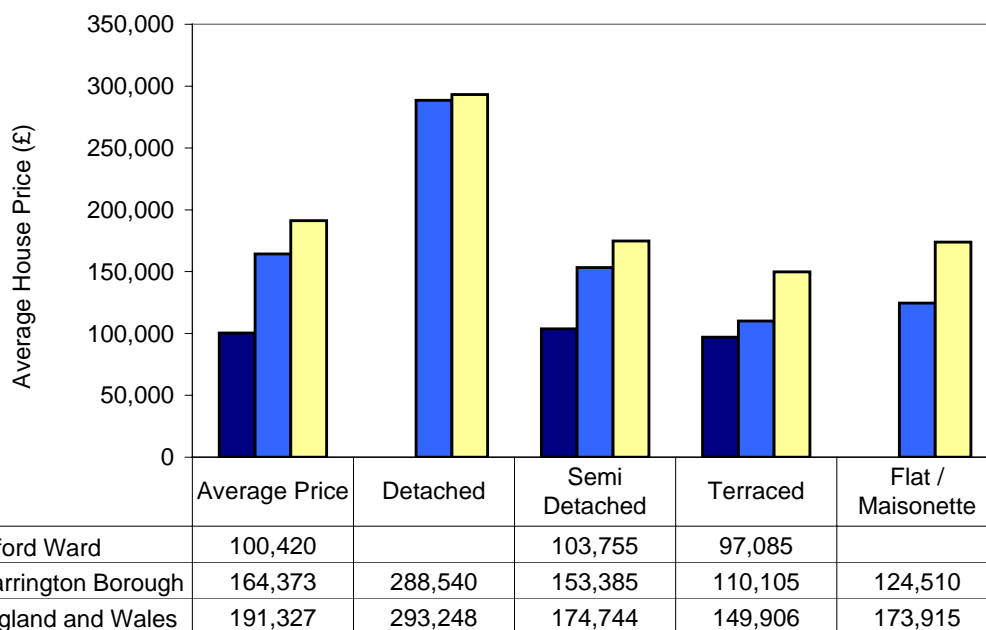
Method of Transport to Work 2001 (17)

% Resident population 16 to 74 in employment (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Persons 16 to 74 in employment	4,718	100	100	100
Work mainly from home	260	5.5	8.3	9.2
Public transport	408	8.6	6.6	14.5
Car or van	3,207	68.0	73.2	62.0
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	75	1.6	1.1	1.1
Bicycle or on foot	749	15.9	10.4	12.8
Other	19	0.4	0.4	0.5

17) 2001 Census, Table UV39, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Housing

Average House Price of Residential Property Sales Completed October to December 2005 (18)



18) Produced by Land Registry. © Crown copyright material reproduced with the permission of Land Registry.

This material was last updated March 2006. It covers the period from October to December 2005.

Note: Average house price is only based upon sales completed within the time period stated.

Note: Totals may not sum exactly within tables and may differ slightly between tables due to rounding and adjustment.



Household Occupancy (19)

% Households (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Households	4,419	100	100	100
Overcrowded households	288	6.5	4.3	7.0

19) 2001 Census, Table UV59, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Household Composition 2001 (20)

% Households (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Households	4,419	100	100	100
One resident: pensioner	582	13.2	12.9	14.4
One resident: other	633	14.3	14.6	15.6
Lone parent with dependent children	399	9.0	6.1	6.5

20) 2001 Census, Table UV46, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Household Tenure (21)

% Households (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Households	4,418	100	100	100
Owner Occupied	2,883	65.3	76.0	68.9
Social Rented	1,215	27.5	17.6	19.2
Private Rented	207	4.7	4.8	9.9
Living Rent Free	113	2.6	1.6	2.1

21) 2001 Census, Table UV63, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Accommodation of Dwellings (22)

% Household spaces (2001)	No. Ward	% Ward	% Borough	% England and Wales
Household spaces	4,536	100	100	100
Detached house	274	6.0	24.3	22.8
Semi-detached house	2,187	48.2	42.7	31.6
Terraced house	1,748	38.5	24.4	26.0
Flat, maisonette or apartment	327	7.2	8.4	19.2
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	0	0.0	0.2	0.4

22) 2001 Census, Table UV56, National Statistics, Crown copyright reserved.

Note: Totals may not sum exactly within tables and may differ slightly between tables due to rounding and adjustment.



Definitions

Accommodation (2001 Census): Accommodation type describes the type of accommodation occupied by an individual household, or if unoccupied, available for an individual household, for example the whole of a terraced house or a flat in a purpose-built block of flats.

Car Ownership (2001 Census): The number of cars or vans owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. It includes company cars and vans available for private use.

Crime (Reported): *Total Crime* includes all recorded types of crime. *Burglary Dwelling* includes domestic burglaries. *Vehicle Crime* includes 'Theft of' and 'Theft From' vehicle and 'Aggravated vehicle taking'. *Robbery* includes 'Robbery of Personal Property' (but not Robbery of Business property). *Violent Crime* includes 'Common Assault' and 'Other Wounding' offences only. *Criminal Damage* includes all types of 'Criminal Damage' combined (dwelling, building, vehicle and other). *Other Crimes* includes total crime figure minus above categories.

Dependent Child (2001 Census): A dependent child is a person aged 0-15 in a household (whether or not in a family) or aged 16-18 in full-time education and living in a family with his or her parent(s).

Disability Living Allowance (DLA): Disability Living Allowance is payable to people who are disabled and need help with personal care, getting around or both, who became disabled before the age of 65. Claim rates are calculated using the total (all ages) populations from the 2001 Census. Please visit: <http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd1/neighbourhood/neighbourhood.asp>

Distance travelled to work (2001 Census): The distance in kilometres of a straight line between the postcode of residence and the postcode of workplace. Not calculated for people working mainly at or from home, people with no fixed workplace, people working on an offshore installation or people working outside the UK.

Economic activity (2001 Census): The Economic Activity questions apply only to people aged 16 to 74. They relate to whether or not a person was working or looking for work in the week before Census. All people who were working in the week before the Census are described as *economically active*. In addition, the category includes people who were not working but were looking for work and were available to start work within two weeks. A person who is looking for work but is not available to start work within two weeks is counted as *economically inactive*. Students are distinguished between those who are economically active full time students, and economically inactive students who may not necessarily be in full time education.

Ethnicity (2001 Census): The Ethnic Group question records each person's perceived ethnic group and cultural background. Ethnic minority groups includes persons categorised as 'Non White British'. White ethnic groups includes all persons categorised as either 'White Irish' or 'White Other'. Non white ethnic groups includes all persons categorised as 'Mixed', 'Black or Black British', 'Asian or Asian British', 'Chinese or Other Ethnic Groups'.

General health (2001 Census): self-assessment of a person's general health over the 12 months before the Census.

Household: A household for the purpose of this profile is defined as a property on the Council Tax Valuation List deemed to be occupied with residents. This is calculated as all properties minus those exempt from Council Tax due to being vacant.

Household space (2001 Census): A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

House prices: Average house price data provided at postcode level by HM Land Registry and aggregated to wards.

Incapacity Benefit (IB) / Severe Disablement Allowance (SDA) Combined: IB is paid to people who are assessed as being incapable of work and who meet the appropriate contribution conditions. SDA is paid to people who are incapable of work and do not satisfy the contribution conditions for Incapacity Benefit (IB). Please visit: <http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd1/neighbourhood/neighbourhood.asp>

Income Support Benefit (IS): IS can be paid to a person who is in Great Britain, is aged 16 or over, is not working 16 hours or more a week and has less money coming in than the law says they need to live on. In general Income Support is now only available to people who are not required to be available for work such as carers, lone parents and sick and disabled people. Claim rates are calculated using the aged 16-59 populations from the 2001 Census. Please visit: <http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd1/neighbourhood/neighbourhood.asp>

Index of Multiple Deprivation 2004: 37 deprivation indicators measured at Lower Layer Super Output Area (LSOA) level across seven 'domains' of deprivation, combined into an overall Index of Multiple Deprivation. Each LSOA within Warrington is scored and ranked nationally out of 32,482 LSOAs. A 'National Rank Percentile' is calculated by dividing Warrington Lower Layer SOA deprivation rank out of 32,482 English SOAs and multiplying by 100. Please visit: <http://www.odpm.gov.uk/index.asp?id=1128440> or the Warrington Borough Council website: <http://www.warrington.gov.uk/council/facts/default.asp>



Definitions

Lifestyle Area Profile: 'ACORN' is postcode level classifications based upon demographic, socio-economic and market research information. It can be used to identify typical residents and their characteristics living in households within a specific postcode or group of postcodes. It is licensed to Warrington borough Council by CACI Ltd. Please visit: <http://www.caci.co.uk/acorn/>

Limiting long - term illness (2001 Census): A self assessment of whether or not a person has a limiting long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits their daily activities or the work they can do, including problems that are due to old age.

Lone parent household (2001 Census): In most tables, the term 'lone parent household' is used to describe a household that comprises a lone parent family and no other person.

Means of travel to work (2001 Census): The means of travel used for the longest part, by distance, of the usual journey to work.

Overcrowded households (2001 Census): This provides a measure of under occupancy and over crowding. It relates the actual number of rooms to the number of rooms 'required' by the members of the household. That is a one-person household is assumed to require three rooms (two common rooms and a bedroom): where there are two or more residents it is assumed that they require a minimum of two common rooms plus one bedroom.

Pensioner (2001 Census): This term is used in some tables as a shorthand for 'person of pensionable age'. Pensionable age is 65 and over for males and 60 and over for females.

Population density: Average number of residents mid year 2004 per hectare.

Resident Population: Registrar General's mid year population estimates by age of the resident population. Please visit National Statistics <http://www.statistics.gov.uk> or the Warrington Borough Council website: <http://www.warrington.gov.uk/council/facts/default.asp>

Qualifications (2001 Census):

Lower qualifications (Levels 1,2 and 3): 1+ 'O' level passes, 1+ CSE/GCSE any grades, NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ
5+ 'O' level passes, 5+ CSEs (grade 1). 5+ GCSEs (grades A-C), School Certificate, 1+'A' levels/ AS levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ, 2+ 'A' levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ.

Higher qualifications (Level 4 and 5): First degree, Higher degree, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HNC, HND, Qualified Teacher status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor.

Tenure (2001 Census): The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and, if rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.

Unemployment Claimant Count i.e. Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA): JSA which is payable to people under pensionable age who are available for, and actively seeking, work of at least 40 hours a week. In addition, to be entitled to JSA the person must be in Great Britain, be capable of work, not be in relevant education, be working less than 16 hours a week on average. Claim rates are calculated monthly as a percentage of the resident working age population (males 16 to 64, females 16 to 59). Please visit: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/CCI/nscl.asp?ID=6682> or <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

For more information on all the facts and figures including the 2001 Census please visit:

National Statistics: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk>

Warrington Borough Council website: <http://www.warrington.gov.uk/council/facts/default.asp>

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