



Bureau of Justice Statistics **Bulletin**

June 2007, NCJ 212749

Census of State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies, 2004

By Brian A. Reaves, Ph.D.

BJS Statistician

In September 2004, 17,876 State and local law enforcement agencies with the equivalent of at least 1 full-time officer were operating in the U.S. The total included:

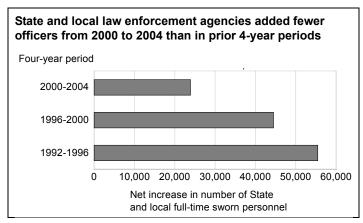
- 12,766 local police departments
- 3,067 sheriffs' offices
- 49 primary State law enforcement agencies
- 1,481 special jurisdiction agencies
- 513 other agencies, primarily county constable offices in Texas.

State and local law enforcement agencies employed nearly 1.1 million persons on a full-time basis, including 732,000 sworn personnel (defined in the census as those with general arrest powers). These agencies also employed approximately 105,000 part-time employees, including 46,000 sworn officers.

Local police departments were the largest employer of sworn officers, accounting for 61% of the total. Sheriffs' offices were next, accounting for 24%. The remainder were employed by the 49 primary State law enforcement agencies (8%) or special jurisdiction agencies (7%).

Most State and local law enforcement agencies were small, with about half employing fewer than 10 officers. These agencies accounted for 5% of all sworn personnel. Nearly two-thirds of sworn personnel were employed by the 6% of agencies that employed 100 or more officers.

From 2000 to 2004, full-time employment by State and local law enforcement agencies nationwide increased overall by 57,400 (or 5.6%). Sworn personnel increased by 23,900 (or 3.4%), and nonsworn by 33,500 (or 10.8%). The number of sworn personnel added from 2000 to 2004 was less than the increase observed from 1996 to 2000 (44,500) or from 1992 to 1996 (55,400).



The number of total full-time employees per 100,000 residents rose from 362 in 2000 to 367 in 2004; however, the number of full-time sworn officers per 100,000 residents declined from 252 to 249.

From 2000 to 2004, sworn employment rose by 1% in local police departments, 6% in sheriffs' offices, and 2% in State law enforcement agencies. Sheriffs' offices increased their number of nonsworn employees by 17% compared to 1% for local police and State law enforcement agencies.

Although local police employment was up slightly nation-wide from 2000 to 2004, 20 of the nation's 50 largest local police departments saw a decline in sworn personnel during this period, including 6 of the 7 largest. The New York City Police Department remained the nation's largest law enforcement agency in 2004, with 36,118 officers, but it employed 11% fewer officers than in 2000.

Since 1992, the first year of the census, State and local law enforcement employment increased by 230,400 (or 27%). The number of sworn personnel grew by about 123,800 (or 20%), and nonsworn personnel rose by 106,600 (or 45%). During the same period the number of violent crimes reported nationwide decreased by 29%.

Table 1. Employment by State and local law enforcement agencies, by type of agency and employee, September 2004

		Full-time employees			Part-time employees		
Type of agency	Agencies	Total	Sworn	Nonsworn	Total	Sworn	Nonsworn
Number							
Total	17,876	1,076,897	731,903	344,994	105,252	45,982	59,270
Local police	12,766	573,152	446,974	126,178	62,693	28,712	33,981
Sheriff	3,067	326,531	175,018	151,513	27,004	11,784	15,220
Primary State	49	89,265	58,190	31,075	708	31	677
Special jurisdiction	1,481	85,126	49,398	35,728	14,342	5,063	9,279
Constable/marshal	513	2,823	2,323	500	505	392	113
Percent							
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Local police	71.4	53.2	61.1	36.6	59.6	62.4	57.3
Sheriff	17.2	30.3	23.9	43.9	25.7	25.6	25.7
Primary State	0.3	8.3	8.0	9.0	0.7	0.1	1.1
Special jurisdiction	8.3	7.9	6.7	10.4	13.6	11.0	15.7
Constable/marshal	2.9	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.9	0.2

Note: Excludes agencies with less than 1 full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

More than half of State and local law enforcement personnel worked for local police departments

Local police departments were the largest employer of law enforcement personnel with about 573,000 (or 53%) of the nearly 1.1 million employees nationwide (table 1). Sheriffs' offices employed 326,531 (or 30%) of the total. The 49 primary State law enforcement agencies accounted for 8% of the total, the same percentage as special jurisdiction agencies (those that served a special geographic jurisdiction or had special enforcement or investigative responsibilities). See table 7 for types of special jurisdiction agencies.

About 447,000 (or 61%) of all sworn State and local law enforcement employees were local police officers. Sheriffs' offices accounted for about 175,000 (or 24%) of the total. The 49 primary State law enforcement agencies employed about 58,000 (or 8%) of the total, and special jurisdiction agencies about 49,000 (or 7%).

Six percent of law enforcement agencies employed 64% of sworn personnel

About 1,100 (or 6%) of State and local law enforcement agencies employed 100 or more full-time sworn personnel (table 2). This included 79 agencies with 1,000 or more officers. Agencies with 100 or more officers employed 64% of all full-time sworn personnel, and those with 1,000 or more officers employed 30%. About half of agencies employed fewer than 10 full-time officers, and nearly a third (31%) employed fewer than 5 officers. Among these smaller agencies, about 2,200 (12% of agencies overall) had just 1 full-time officer or only part-time officers.

The largest agencies rarely used part-time sworn officers, accounting for just 0.3% of all such personnel nationwide (not shown in table). About half (49%) of part-time sworn personnel were employed by agencies with fewer than 10 full-time officers, and about two-thirds (69%) worked for agencies with fewer than 25 full-time officers.

Table 2. State and local law enforcement employees, by size of agency, September 2004

Full-time sworn		Full-time employees		
personnel	Agencies	Total	Sworn	Nonsworn
Number				
All sizes	17,876	1,076,897	731,903	344,994
1,000 or more	79	307,787	222,201	85,586
500-999	89	92,319	60,943	31,376
250-499	217	119,946	75,157	44,789
100-249	714	159,646	106,964	52,682
50-99	1,259	131,132	86,558	44,574
25-49	2,304	120,986	79,374	41,612
10-24	4,213	96,383	65,563	30,820
5-9	3,513	33,855	23,524	10,331
2-4	3,286	11,743	9,699	2,044
0-1	2,202	3,100	1,920	1,180
Percent				
All sizes	100%	100%	100%	100%
1,000 or more	0.4	28.6	30.4	24.8
500-999	0.5	8.6	8.3	9.1
250-499	1.2	11.1	10.3	13.0
100-249	4.0	14.8	14.6	15.3
50-99	7.0	12.2	11.8	12.9
25-49	12.9	11.2	10.8	12.1
10-24	23.6	9.0	9.0	8.9
5-9	19.7	3.1	3.2	3.0
2-4	18.4	1.1	1.3	0.6
0-1	12.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

Note: Excludes agencies with less than one full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

Growth in law enforcement personnel from 2000 to 2004 was less than in prior 4-year periods

From 2000 to 2004, the number of full-time State and local law enforcement employees increased about 57,400 (or 5.6%). This included an increase in sworn personnel of about 23,900 (or 3.4%). Civilian employment rose 33,500 (or 10.8%).

Fewer sworn personnel were added from 2000 to 2004 than from 1996 to 2000 (44,500), or from 1992 to 1996 (55,400) (see figure on page 1). The 33,500 nonsworn employees added from 2000 to 2004 were less than from 1996 to 2000 (53,000) but exceeded the number added from 1992 to 1996 (20,000).

From 1992 (the year of the first census) to 2004, State and local law enforcement agencies added about 230,400 fulltime employees, including 123,800 sworn officers and 106,600 nonsworn employees. During this time the number of violent crimes handled by law enforcement agencies nationwide decreased by more than 565,000 (figure 1).

Nationwide ratio of sworn State and local law enforcement personnel to population was lower in 2004 than in 2000

In September 2004 State and local law enforcement agencies had 367 full-time employees per 100,000 residents nationwide. This represented an increase of 1% since 2000 and 11% since 1992 (figure 2). There were 249 sworn personnel per 100,000 residents nationwide in 2004, a decrease of 1% from 2000, but still 5% higher than in 1992. In 2004 the 117 nonsworn personnel per 100,000 residents nationwide was 5% more than in 2000, and 26% more than in 1992. From 1992 to 2004, the number of reported UCR violent crimes per 100,000 residents dropped 39%.

From 1992 to 2004, local police departments accounted for most of the increase in sworn personnel; sheriffs' offices for most of the increase in nonsworn personnel

Employment by sheriffs' offices grew by 45% from 1992 to 2004, including a 28% increase in sworn personnel and a 71% increase in nonsworn employees (table 3). In local police departments, sworn employment rose 19% during this period, and in State law enforcement agencies, 10%. Both recorded a 21% increase in nonsworn employees.

The 72,450 local police officers added from 1992 to 2004 accounted for 59% of the growth in sworn law enforcement personnel overall. Sheriffs' offices added nearly 63,000 civilian employees during this period, accounting for 59% of the overall increase in nonsworn employment.

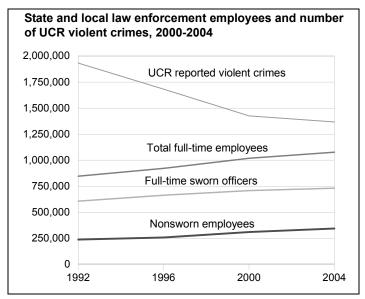


Figure 1

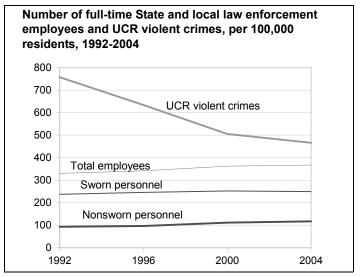


Figure 2

Table 3. Change in full-time employment by State and local law enforcement agencies, 1992-2004

_	Type of	full-time ei	mployee
	Total	Sworn	Civilian
Change in number of employees			
All agencies	230,396	123,790	106,606
Local police	94,566	72,450	22,116
Sheriff	101,127	38,426	62,701
Primary State	10,695	5,210	5,485
Other	24,008	7,704	16,304
Percent change in number of employ	/ees		
All agencies	27.2%	20.4%	44.7%
Local police	19.8	19.3	21.3
Sheriff	44.9	28.1	70.6
Primary State	13.6	9.8	21.4
Other	37.5	17.5	81.8

Nearly 13,000 local police departments operated in the U.S. during 2004

In September 2004, 12,766 local police departments were operating in the United States. Nearly all (98%) were operated by a single municipality. The remainder were operated by a county or tribal government, or served multiple jurisdictions under a regional or joint arrangement.

Type of local police	Number of	Number of full-time employees			
departments, 2004	agencies	Total	Sworn	Nonsworn	
Municipal	12,493	531,556	416,117	115,439	
County	56	36,771	27,578	9,193	
Tribal	154	3,948	2,490	1,458	
Regional/joint	63	877	789	88	

A majority of local police departments employed fewer than 10 full-time officers

Most local police departments were small, but most local police officers worked for larger agencies. Departments with fewer than 10 full-time officers comprised 55% of all agencies, but employed just 6% of all officers (table 4). About 600 (4.7%) local police departments employed 100 or more full-time sworn personnel. These agencies employed 60% of all local police officers.

An annual average of about 8,000 local police officers were added from 1992 to 2000, compared to fewer than 2,000 per year from 2000 to 2004

From 2000 to 2004, overall full-time employment by local police departments increased by about 7,200 (or 1.3%) (figure 3). The number of full-time sworn personnel increased by about 6,000 (1.4%) during this period. The number of civilian employees rose by about 1,200, or 0.9%.

Although the number of local police officers nationwide increased by more than 72,000 from 1992 to 2004, more than 90% of this increase occurred between 1992 and 2000.

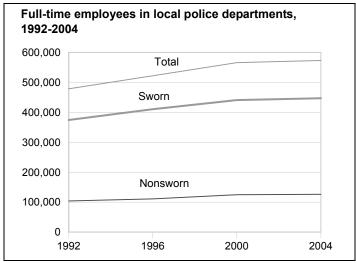


Figure 3

Table 4. Full-time local police employees, by size of agency, September 2004

Full-time sworn		Full-time Employees			
personnel	Agencies	Total	Sworn	Nonsworn	
Number					
All sizes	12,766	573,152	446,974	126,178	
1,000 or more	47	188,635	146,461	42,174	
500-999	39	35,413	27,412	8,001	
250-499	105	47,883	36,536	11,347	
100-249	406	77,936	59,346	18,590	
50-99	797	71,255	54,846	16,409	
25-49	1,504	66,295	51,932	14,363	
10-24	2,809	54,924	43,735	11,189	
5-9	2,599	20,424	17,254	3,170	
2-4	2,740	8,807	7,994	813	
0-1	1,720	1,580	1,458	122	
Percent					
All sizes	100%	100%	100%	100%	
1,000 or more	0.4%	32.9%	32.8%	33.4%	
500-999	0.3	6.2	6.1	6.3	
250-499	0.8	8.4	8.2	9.0	
100-249	3.2	13.6	13.3	14.7	
50-99	6.2	12.4	12.3	13.0	
25-49	11.8	11.6	11.6	11.4	
10-24	22.0	9.6	9.8	8.9	
5-9	20.4	3.6	3.9	2.5	
2-4	21.5	1.5	1.8	0.6	
0-1	13.5	0.3	0.3	0.1	

Note: Excludes agencies with less than one full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

Six of the seven largest local police departments employed fewer officers in 2004 than in 2000

The New York City Police Department (NYPD), with 36,118 full-time officers, is the largest police department in the U.S. (see appendix table 4 for the 50 largest local police departments). It employed 11% fewer officers in 2004 than in 2000. Despite a decrease, the NYPD still employed nearly 3 times as many officers as the next largest agency — the Chicago Police Department (13,129). Other police departments that employed 5,000 or more officers included those in Los Angeles (9,099), Philadelphia (6,832), and Houston (5,092).

Overall, 20 of the nation's 50 largest local police departments had fewer officers in 2004 than in 2000, including 6 of the 7 largest. Five of the 50 largest departments experienced a drop of more than 10% in the number of officers:

- Detroit (MI) Police (-15%)
- Nassau County (NY) Police (-15%)
- Cleveland (OH) Police (-14%)
- Newark (NJ) Police (-11%)
- New York (NY) Police (-11%)

The largest gains in sworn personnel were in police departments serving Las Vegas (NV) (23%), Austin (TX) (19%), Fairfax County (VA) (17%), Atlanta (GA) (11%), and Albuquerque (NM) (11%).

All but three States and the District of Columbia had sheriffs' offices in 2004

A total of 3,067 sheriffs' offices operated with the equivalent of at least 1 full-time officer during 2004. Nearly every county in the U.S. operated a sheriff's office. Alaska, Connecticut, the District of Columbia, and Hawaii did not have sheriffs' offices (see appendix table 5 for State-by-State data). Overall, sheriffs' offices employed 326,531 persons full time, including about 175,000 sworn personnel.

About 11% of sheriffs' offices employed at least 100 full-time sworn personnel

In September 2004, 12 sheriffs' offices employed 1,000 or more full-time sworn officers, accounting for 18% of all such personnel (table 5). The largest of these was the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department with 8,239 full-time sworn personnel (see appendix table 6 for the 50 largest sheriffs' offices).

Five largest sheriffs' offices	Full-time sworn personnel
Los Angeles County (CA)	8,239
Cook County (IL)	5,555
Broward County (FL)	3,190
Harris County (TX)	2,545
Orange County (CA)	2,119

A total of 351 (11%) sheriffs' offices employed at least 100 sworn personnel, accounting for 65% of full-time officers. More than 900 (30%) offices operated with fewer than 10 full-time sworn personnel, employing 3% of all officers.

From 2000 to 2004, employment in sheriffs' offices increased by 11%

Since June 2000, total full-time employment in sheriffs' offices was up by about 33,000, or 11.1% (figure 4). The number of sworn personnel increased by about 10,000, or 6.3%, and the number of nonsworn employees by more than 22,000, or 17%. These increases were larger than those observed for local police, a difference due in part to the broader range of functions performed by most sheriffs' offices.

Nearly all sheriffs' offices performed law enforcement and court-related functions; about 4 in 5 operated at least one jail

Ninety-six percent of sheriffs' offices were responsible for traditional law enforcement functions, such as responding to citizen requests for service, providing routine patrol services, and conducting traffic enforcement. A similar percentage performed court-related duties, such as serving process (97%) and providing court security (97%). In addi-

Table 5. Sheriffs' employees, by size of agency, September 2004						
Full-time sworn		Full-time employees				
personnel	Agencies	Total	Sworn	Nonsworn		
Number						
All sizes	3,067	326,531	175,018	151,513		
1,000 or more	12	52,222	31,114	21,108		
500-999	27	30,466	18,354	12,112		
250-499	90	59,575	31,244	28,331		
100-249	222	62,036	33,624	28,412		
50-99	326	44,098	22,402	21,696		
25-49	535	37,569	18,567	19,002		
10-24	926	29,942	14,564	15,378		
5-9	612	8,917	4,182	4,735		
2-4	292	1,663	942	721		
0-1	25	43	25	18		
Percent						
All sizes	100%	100%	100%	100%		
1,000 or more	0.4	16.0	17.8	13.9		
500-999	0.9	9.3	10.5	8.0		
250-499	2.9	18.2	17.9	18.7		
100-249	7.2	19.0	19.2	18.8		
50-99	10.6	13.5	12.8	14.3		
25-49	17.4	11.5	10.6	12.5		
10-24	30.2	9.2	8.3	10.1		
5-9	20.0	2.7	2.4	3.1		
2-4	9.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		
0-1	0.8					

Note: Excludes agencies with less than one full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

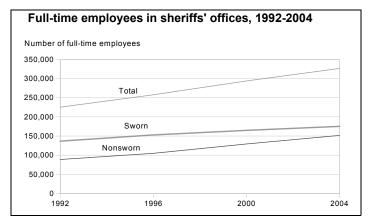


Figure 4

tion, 78% were responsible for operating at least one jail. Nationwide, sheriffs' offices had the equivalent of 59% of their full-time sworn personnel assigned to law enforcement operations, 23% to jail operations, and 12% to court operations.

From 2000 to 2004, full-time sworn personnel of the 49 primary State law enforcement agencies rose by 3.3%

In September 2004, the 49 primary State law enforcement agencies had 89,265 full-time employees (table 6). This was 2,237 (or 2.6%) more than in 2000. These agencies employed 58,190 full-time sworn personnel in 2004, an increase of 1,842 (or 3.3%) compared to 2000. Civilian employment rose by 1.3% during this period (figure 5).

Full-time		Number	of full-time	me employees	
sworn personnel	Agencies	Total	Sworn	Nonsworn	
All sizes	49	89,265	58,190	31,075	
1,000 or more	19	65,219	43,019	22,200	
500-999	18	19,128	11,868	7,260	
250-499	7	3,651	2,430	1,221	
100-249	5	1,267	873	394	

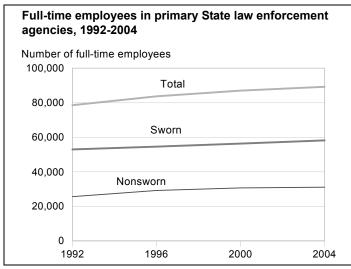


Figure 5

The California Highway Patrol was the largest State law enforcement agency

Overall, 19 of the 49 primary State law enforcement agencies employed at least 1,000 full-time officers in 2004, two more than in 2000. The largest, the California Highway Patrol, had 7,085 full-time sworn personnel, followed by the New York State Police (4,667), Pennsylvania State Police (4,200), Texas Department of Public Safety (3,437), and New Jersey State Police (2,768). The smallest agencies were the North Dakota Highway Patrol (135), South Dakota Highway Patrol (154), and Wyoming Highway Patrol (188).

In terms of full-time officers per 100,000 residents, the Delaware State Police (77), Alaska State Troopers (58), and Vermont State Police (52) had the highest ratios. The lowest ratios were for the Wisconsin State Patrol (9), Florida Highway Patrol (10), and the Georgia State Patrol (10).

Table 6. Primary State law enforcement agency employees, by State, September 2004

	Full-time	employees
lal		Sworn

-	Total Sworn personnel				
_				er 100,000	
	Per 100,000 Number residents			,	
	Number	esideriis	Number re	esideriis	
U.S. total	89,265	30	58,190	20	
Alabama	1,268	28	681	15	
Alaska	644	98	380	58	
Arizona	2,005	35	1,125	20	
Arkansas	863	31	508	18	
California	9,905	28	7,085	20	
Colorado	936	20	681	15	
Connecticut	1,652	47	1,152	33	
Delaware	847	102	642	77	
	04 <i>1</i> ~	~	042	~	
District of Columbia			4.054		
Florida	2,158	12	1,654	10	
Georgia	1,268	14	856	10	
Hawaii ^b	~	~	~	~	
Idaho	486	35	288	21	
Illinois	3,556	28	2,008	16	
Indiana	1,799	29	1,158	19	
lowa	485	16	389	13	
Kansas	840	31	541	20	
Kentucky	1,713	41	936	23	
Louisiana	1,548	34	1,063	24	
Maine	528	40	338	26	
Maryland	2,429	44	1,596	29	
Massachusetts	2,639	41	2,200	34	
Michigan	2,721	27	1,862	18	
Minnesota	821	16	544	11	
Mississippi	1,030	35	535	18	
Missouri	2,248	39	1,097	19	
Montana	2,246	30	206	22	
Nebraska	716	41	503	29	
Nevada	552 411	24 32	421 289	18 22	
New Hampshire			209		
New Jersey	4,339	50	2,768	32	
New Mexico	704	37	566	30	
New York	5,572	29	4,667	24	
North Carolina	1,729	20	1,517	18	
North Dakota	192	30	135	21	
Ohio	2,614	23	1,502	13	
Oklahoma	1,428	41	808	23	
Oregon	1,135	32	621	17	
Pennsylvania	5,870	47	4,200	34	
Rhode Island	233	22	190	18	
South Carolina	965	23	785	19	
South Dakota	229	30	154	20	
Tennessee	1,869	32	972	16	
Texas	7,611	34	3,437	15	
Utah	1,018	43	538	23	
Vermont	545	88	325	52	
Virginia	2,526	34	1,869	25	
Washington	2,320	3 4 37	1,059	25 17	
	-				
West Virginia	994	55 42	641	35	
Wisconsin	713	13	510 100	9	
Wyoming	339	67	188	37	
~Not applicable					

[~]Not applicable.

^aThe Washington (DC) Metropolitan Police Department is classified as a local police department (see appendix table 3).

^bThe Hawaii Department of Public Safety is classified as a special jurisdiction agency (see table 7). It primarily provides court-related services, security services for State facilities, and law enforcement services for the Honolulu Airport.

More than 10.000 full-time sworn personnel were employed at 4-year public universities and colleges

Nearly 1,500 State and local law enforcement agencies served a special geographic jurisdiction or had special enforcement or investigative responsibilities during 2004. These agencies employed about 85,000 persons full time, including more than 49,000 sworn personnel. More than two-thirds of special jurisdiction agencies served public buildings and facilities, employing more than 19,000 sworn personnel (table 7). Within this group, about 500 campus police departments served 4-year public institutions. These agencies employed more than 10,000 officers.

The second largest group of special jurisdiction agencies was those responsible for enforcing conservation laws and providing law enforcement services for parks and recreation areas. These 205 agencies employed more than 14,000 full-time sworn personnel.

Table 7. Special jurisdiction law enforcement agencies, by type of jurisdiction and number of full-time sworn personnel, September 2004

Type of special jurisdiction	Agencies	Full-time sworr personnel
Total	1,481	49,398
Public buildings/facilities 4-year university/college Public school district 2-year college State capitol/government buildings Medical school/campus Public housing Public hospital/health facility Courts	1,011 488 183 254 18 22 12 30 4	19,247 10,167 3,517 2,438 1,289 732 411 399 294
Natural resources/parks and recreation Fish and wildlife Parks and recreational areas Multifunction natural resources Environmental laws Waterways and boating Water resources Sanitation laws Forest resources	205 50 95 25 6 17 5	14,332 4,937 4,212 3,550 700 663 129 97 44
Transportation systems/facilities Mass transit system/railroad Airports Transportation — multiple types Port facilities Commercial vehicles Bridges, tunnels	130 18 90 5 11 2	9,073 3,094 2,900 2,200 333 285 261
Criminal investigations County/city State bureau Fire marshal Other	103 62 16 17 8	4,739 1,756 1,702 454 827
Special enforcement Alcohol enforcement Agricultural law enforcement Gaming/racing law enforcement Drug enforcement	32 17 5 6 4	2,007 1,219 340 225 223

Special police departments tasked with safeguarding transportation systems and facilities employed more than 9,000 full-time sworn personnel

A total of 130 special police departments served transportation-related jurisdictions, such as mass transit systems, airports, bridges, tunnels, and port facilities (table 7). These agencies employed about 9,100 full-time sworn officers. The largest, the Port Authority of New York and the New Jersey Police Department, employed 1,607 officers in 2004, 25% more than in 2000. The Port Authority Police served: LaGuardia, Kennedy, and Newark Airports; the Lincoln and Holland Tunnels; the George Washington and Staten Island Bridges; the PATH train system; the Port Authority Bus Terminal; and the Port Newark and Port Elizabeth Marine Terminals.

Many of the nation's largest transit systems had their own dedicated police forces. The five largest were in the New York, Washington, D.C., Atlanta, Philadelphia, and Boston metropolitan areas. Collectively, the 10 largest transit police departments employed 20% more sworn personnel in 2004 than in 2000.

Transit system law enforcement agency	Full-time sworn personnel
New York Metropolitan Transit Authority Police	646
Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority Police	365
Metro Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority Police	297
Southeastern Pennsylvania Transit Authority Police	248
Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Police	238
New Jersey Transit Police	208
Dallas Area Rapid Transit Authority Police	197
Bay Area (CA) Rapid Transit Police	189
Houston Metropolitan Transit Authority Police	175
Maryland Transit Administration Police	153

Among the 10 largest airports in the U.S., Los Angeles, Dallas-Ft. Worth, and Minneapolis-St. Paul had their own dedicated airport police department. New York's Kennedy Airport was served by the Port Authority Police. In Atlanta, Chicago, Las Vegas, Denver, Phoenix, and Houston, the airports were policed by units of their respective local police departments.

Airport law enforcement agency	Full-time sworn personnel
Los Angeles (CA) International Airport Police	354
Metropolitan Washington (DC) Airports Authority Police	185
Wayne County (MI) International Airport Police	170
Dallas-Ft. Worth (TX) Airport Police	169
Lambert-St. Louis (MO) International Airport Police	90
Palm Springs (CA) International Airport Police	88
Ontario (CA) International Airport Police	83
Kansas City (MO) International Airport Police	79
Minneapolis-St. Paul (MN) International Airport Police	77
Tampa (FL) International Airport Police	66

Table 8. Thirty largest State and local law enforcement agencies with special jurisdictions, by number of full-time sworn personnel, September 2004

Port Authority of New York-New Jersey Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Ohio Department of Natural Resources California Department of Parks and Recreation New York City Metropolitan Transit Authority Florida Department of Law Enforcement Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	,607 722 710 700 646
Ohio Department of Natural Resources California Department of Parks and Recreation New York City Metropolitan Transit Authority Florida Department of Law Enforcement	710 700
California Department of Parks and Recreation New York City Metropolitan Transit Authority Florida Department of Law Enforcement	700
New York City Metropolitan Transit Authority Florida Department of Law Enforcement	
Florida Department of Law Enforcement	646
•	
Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	531
	474
Maryland Transportation Authority	420
Washington Metropolitan (DC) Area Transit Authority	365
Los Angeles International Airport Police	354
California Department of Fish and Game	350
North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation	340
South Carolina Law Enforcement Division	340
Los Angeles Unified School District Police	332
New York State Dept. of Environmental Conservation	305
Metro Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority Police	297
Mississippi Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks	287
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services	268
Georgia Bureau of Investigation	257
Southeastern Pennsylvania Transit Authority Police	248
Hawaii Department of Public Safety	244
California Department of Motor Vehicles	240
Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority	238
Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission	236
New York State Park Police	231
Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission	230
Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Department	230
Georgia Department of Natural Resources	223
California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control	222
North Carolina State Wildlife Resources Commission	222 214

Methodology

The 2004 Census of State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies (CSLLEA) data collection form was mailed to more than 19,000 agencies potentially operating nationwide. This master list was created by compiling information from the following sources:

- The 2000 CSLLEA
- Lists provided by Peace Officer Standards and Training offices and other State agencies
- A FBI list of agencies requesting new identifiers since the 2000 CSLLEA

Responses were received through website, fax, and mail options. Responding agencies were screened for eligibility to be included in the final CSLLEA database. Agencies were excluded if any of the following conditions existed on the CSLLEA reference date of September 30, 2004.

- The agency was not operational
- The agency did not employ personnel with general arrest powers
- The agency contracted or outsourced to another agency for performance of all services
- The agency employed only part-time officers and the total combined hours worked for these officers averaged less than 35 hours per week
- · All sworn officers volunteered their time on an unpaid
- The agency was not operated with any funds from a State, local, special district, or tribal government.

The Census of State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies (CSLLEA) officers' counts were more inclusive than those from other series

The annual counts of sworn personnel in the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) and the BJS' Justice and Expenditure and Employment (E & E) series, like those from the CSLLEA, include only full-time employees with arrest powers. The CSLLEA includes all officers with arrest powers regardless of function. The UCR data collected by the FBI exclude officers not paid out of police funds. This generally excludes employees working for iails or courts.

A similar exclusion is found in the sample data from the Census Bureau's Annual Survey of Public Employment published by BJS in the E & E series. E & E categorizes justice system employees by function: police protection, judicial and legal, or corrections.

Another reason the UCR counts are lower than those from the CSLLEA is that the UCR excludes some agencies that do not have an Originating Agency Identification (ORI) number assigned by the FBI. Some agencies without an ORI are still included in the UCR employee counts (but not in the agency counts), because they report their data to another agency which in turn reports it to the FBI. The UCR data cover 95% of the U.S. population.

Generally the employment trends reported by the CSLLEA. UCR, and the E & E have been similar over time, with the main difference being the lower totals reported by the UCR and E & E.

Number of agencies reporting		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Population covered (in millions)		Officers per 100,000 population			
Year	CSLLEA	UCR	CSLLEA	UCR	CSLLEA	UCR	CSLLEA	UCR	CSLLEA	UCR
2004	17,876	14,254	1,076,897	970,588	731,903	675,734	294	278	249	243
2000	17,784	13,535	1,019,496	926,583	708,022	654,601	282	265	252	247
1996	18,229	13,025	921,978	829,858	663,535	595,170	265	249	246	239
1992	17,360	13,032	846,501	748,830	608,113	544,309	255	242	237	225

Appendix table 1. State and local law enforcement agencies

and employees, by State, September 2004 Full-time employees Total Sworn personnel Number of Per 100.000 Per 100.000 agencies Number residents Number residents U.S. total 17,876 1,076,897 367 731,903 249 Alabama 414 16,609 367 10,920 241 Alaska 64 2,278 348 1,409 215 138 21,847 380 12,659 220 Arizona Arkansas 355 9.680 352 6.333 230 California 517 120,206 335 75,622 211 Colorado 248 16,655 362 11,086 241 9,840 8,008 229 Connecticut 118 281 2.798 1,982 Delaware 49 272 239 District of Columbia 5 5,289 954 4,423 799 Florida 384 76,794 441 45,267 262 Georgia 560 34,718 393 23,499 266 Hawaii 7 4,003 317 3,002 238 Idaho 121 4,912 353 2,964 213 898 52.121 39,714 Illinois 410 312 Indiana 495 19,204 308 12,083 194 Iowa 407 7,999 271 5,424 184 Kansas 365 10,950 400 7,141 261 10,149 390 245 7,655 185 Kentucky 25.047 17,996 Louisiana 356 555 399 4,030 2,571 Maine 138 306 195 Maryland 140 21,044 379 15,144 272 Massachusetts 367 24,291 379 18,174 283 568 20,762 Michigan 28,417 281 205 14,209 9,018 Minnesota 457 279 177 11,589 341 7.013 Mississippi 399 242 Missouri 583 20,080 349 14,073 245 Montana 124 3,257 351 1,912 206 245 3,786 Nebraska 5,510 315 217 70 9,433 398 5,976 256 Nevada New Hampshire 3,706 285 2,805 215 216 **New Jersey** 546 41,748 480 31,812 366 7,203 4,894 New Mexico 144 378 257 New York 543 94,960 494 66,037 344 29,425 20,973 246 North Carolina 497 345 1,307 North Dakota 121 1,769 279 206 Ohio 823 39,366 344 25,856 226 Oklahoma 464 12,435 353 8,007 227 Oregon 180 10,318 287 6,338 176 Pennsylvania 1,149 32,485 262 26,629 215 Rhode Island 51 3,767 349 3,071 284 South Carolina 268 14,976 10,762 357 256 South Dakota 167 2,576 334 1,621 210 Tennessee 370 23,712 15,248 402 258 Texas 1,775 86,084 383 54,780 244 Utah 134 7,919 331 4,573 191 68 1.619 1.156 Vermont 261 186 Virginia 334 27,683 371 21,655 290 Washington 261 16,187 261 10,822 174 West Virginia 229 4,352 240 3,207 177

Note: Excludes agencies with less than one full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

18,614

3,034

338

599

13,072

1,662

237

328

526

87

Wisconsin

Wyoming

Appendix table 2. Fifty largest State and local law enforcement agencies, by number of full-time sworn personnel, September 2004

Agency	Full-time sworn personnel
New York (NY) Police Chicago (IL) Police Los Angeles (CA) Police Los Angeles County (CA) Sheriff California Highway Patrol Philadelphia (PA) Police Cook Co. (IL) Sheriff Houston (TX) Police New York State Police Pennsylvania State Police Washington (DC) Metropolitan Police	36,118 13,129 9,099 8,239 7,085 6,832 5,555 5,092 4,667 4,200 3,800
Detroit (MI) Police Texas Department of Public Safety Broward County (FL) Sheriff Baltimore (MD) Police Miami-Dade County (FL) Police Dallas (TX) Police Phoenix (AZ) Police New Jersey State Police Suffolk County (NY) Police	3,512 3,437 3,190 3,160 3,094 2,935 2,858 2,768 2,692
Las Vegas (NV) Metropolitan Police Nassau County (NY) Police Harris County (TX) Sheriff Massachusetts State Police San Francisco (CA) Police Orange County (CA) Sheriff San Diego (CA) Police San Antonio (TX) Police Memphis (TN) Police Illinois State Police	2,674 2,574 2,545 2,200 2,167 2,119 2,103 2,054 2,017 2,008
Boston (MA) Police Milwaukee (WI) Police Virginia State Police Michigan State Police Baltimore County (MD) Police Honolulu (HI) Police Columbus (OH) Police Florida Highway Patrol New Orleans (LA) Police Atlanta (GA) Police	1,961 1,946 1,869 1,862 1,798 1,795 1,777 1,654 1,646 1,643
Jacksonville (FL) Sheriff Port Authority of New York-New Jersey Police Maryland State Police Sacramento County (CA) Sheriff Cleveland (OH) Police San Bernardino County (CA) Sheriff North Carolina State Highway Patrol Ohio State Highway Patrol Riverside County (CA) Sheriff Charlotte-Mecklenberg (NC) Police	1,617 1,607 1,596 1,565 1,560 1,542 1,517 1,502 1,490 1,483

Appendix table 3. Local police departments and employees, by State, September 2004

by cauc, copies.		Full-time employees					
	·-	Total		Sworn personnel			
	NI:		Per		Per		
	Number of agencies	Number re	00,000 esidents	Number re	00,000 sidents		
U.S. total	12,766	573,152	195	446,974	152		
Alabama	317	9,519	210	7,140	158		
Alaska	56	1,305	199	818	125		
Arizona	96	12,448	217	8,962	156		
Arkansas	255	4,758	173	3,674	133		
California	338	53,361	149	38,264	107		
Colorado	166	8,616	187	6,375	139		
Connecticut	106	7,862	224	6,614	189		
Delaware	36	1,509	182	1,083	130		
District of Columbia Florida	1 280	4,415 30,504	798 175	3,800 21,832	687 125		
Fioliua	200	30,304	175	21,032	123		
Georgia	356	14,820	168	12,138	137		
Hawaii	4	3,559	282	2,618	207		
Idaho	74	1,791	129	1,387	100		
Illinois	726	33,539	264	27,548	217		
Indiana	376	9,309	149	7,424	119		
lowa	299	3,886	132	3,191	108		
Kansas	238	5,292	193	4,089	149		
Kentucky	252	5,860	141	4,691	113		
Louisiana	260	8,032	178	6,434	142		
Maine	113	2.053	156	1,574	119		
Maryland	81	11,840	213	9,902	178		
Massachusetts	324	15,591	249	13,330	208		
Michigan	455	15,744	156	13,126	130		
Minnesota	355	6,810	134	5,489	108		
Mississippi	225	4,932	170	3,829	132		
Missouri	440	12,536	218	9,588	167		
Montana Nebraska	59 144	1,038 2,718	112 156	811 2,160	87 124		
Nevada	37	5,811	249	3,908	167		
New Hampshire	196	2,885	222	2,240	172		
New Jersey	481	26,139	300	21,543	248		
New Mexico	90	3,963	208	2,752	145		
New York	422	72,495	377	54,039	281		
North Carolina	358	13,559	159	11,056	129		
North Dakota	59	750	118	624	98		
Ohio	688	20,401	178	16,667	145		
Oklahoma	353	6,947	197	5,253	149		
Oregon	135	4,805	134	3,647	101		
Pennsylvania	994	21,574	174	18,951	153		
Rhode Island	39	2,803	259	2,221	206		
South Carolina	192	5,965	142	4,752	113		
South Dakota	93	1,269	165	915	119		
Tennessee	254	10,905	185	8,680	147		
Texas	784	41,221	183	32,408	144		
Utah	91	3,161	132	2,446	102		
Vermont	49	786	126	616	99		
Virginia	172	13,276	178	10,302	138		
Washington	204	8,155	131	6,174	100		
West Virginia	158	1,635	90	1,399	77		
Wisconsin	430	9,660	175	7,782	141		
Wyoming	55	980	193	708	140		

Note: Excludes agencies with less than one full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

Appendix table 4. Fifty largest local police departments, by number of full-time sworn personnel, September 2004

by number of fun-time sworn personner, September 2004							
	Full-time sworn personnel, 2004 Percent Per Percer						
		Percent change since	100,000 residents	Percent change			
City or county	Total	2000	served	2000			
New York (NY)	36,118	-10.7%	442	-12.3%			
Chicago (IL)	13,129	-2.5	459	-1.3			
Los Angeles (CA)	9,099	-2.6	237	-6.0			
Philadelphia (PA)	6,832	-2.7	464	0.1			
Houston (TX)	5,092	-4.7	253	-7.0			
Washington (DC)	3,800	5.2	686	8.4			
Detroit (MI)	3,512	-15.5	391	-10.9			
Baltimore (MD)	3,160	4.2	492	5.2			
Miami-Dade Co. (FL)	3,094	2.9	240	-3.4			
Dallas (TX)	2,935	2.6	243	1.0			
Phoenix (AZ)	2,858	8.8%	202	1.9%			
Suffolk Co. (NY)	2,692	5.0	183	1.4			
Las Vegas-Clark Co. (NV)	2,674	23.3	216	6.8			
Nassau Co. (NY)	2,574	-15.3	192	-15.4			
San Francisco (CA)	2,167	-2.7	292	1.7			
San Diego (CA)	2,103	4.0	166	1.0			
San Antonio (TX)	2,054	9.1	166	2.1			
Memphis (TN)	2,017	5.9	299	7.3			
Boston (MA)	1,961	-9.4	345	-5.9			
Milwaukee (WI)	1,946	-2.6	334	-0.4			
Baltimore Co. (MD)	1,798	2.5%	230	-0.8%			
Honolulu Co. (HI)	1,795	0.2	200	-2.5			
Columbus (OH)	1,777	1.9	244	-0.2			
New Orleans (LA)	1,646	-1.1	357	3.7			
Atlanta (GA)	1,643	11.5	353	-0.2			
Indianapolis-Marion Co. (IN) ^a	1,638	2.9	209	2.8			
Jacksonville-Duval Co. (FL)	1,617	5.7	208	0.3			
Cleveland (OH)	1,560	-14.4	341	-10.9			
Charlotte-Mecklenberg Co.(NC)	1,483	2.8	192	-6.7			
Denver (CO)	1,405	-5.6	253	-5.7			
St. Louis (MO)	1,400	-6.0%	399	-7.0%			
Austin (TX)	1,362	19.1	200	16.0			
Fairfax Co. (VA)	1,358	16.8	146	13.4			
Prince George's Co. (MD)	1,344	-6.1	194	-10.7			
San Jose (CA)	1,342	-4.7	149	-5.2			
Fort Worth (TX)	1,306	9.2	217	-1.5			
Newark (NJ)	1,299	-11.4	464	-13.6			
Kansas City (MO)	1,298	3.6	292	3.0			
Seattle (WA)	1,248	-1.0	218	-2.3			
Nashville-Davidson Co. (TN)	1,212	-3.0	222	-3.1			
Louisville-Jefferson Co. (KY) ^b	1,178	1.4%	212	0.7%			
El Paso (TX)	1,113	5.3	188	0.6			
Miami (FL)	1,057	-4.8	279	-8.6			
Portland (OR)	1,050	4.3	197	3.7			
Cincinnati (OH)	1,048	1.7	334	7.2			
Montgomery Co. (MD)	1,047	2.7	133	-1.0			
Oklahoma City (OK)	1,029	1.8	195	-1.9			
Tampa (FL)	961	2.3	299	-3.1			
Tucson (AZ)	961	3.6	188	-0.9			
Albuquerque (NM)	951	10.7	197	2.8			

^aTo compute the per-resident ratio, the 1,229 officers of the Indianapolis Police Department and the 409 officers of the Marion County Sheriff's Department were combined. The two agencies merged on January 1, 2007, forming the Indianapolis Metropolitan Police Department.

^bThe Louisville Division of Police and the Jefferson County Police Department merged in 2003 to form the Louisville Metro Police Department. Percent change compares the new consolidated agency with the combined total for the two former agencies.

Appendix table 5. Sheriffs' offices and employees, by State, September 2004

	-	Full-time employees Total Sworn person			sonnel	
	-		er	Per		
	Number of agencies		00,000		00,000	
U.S. total	3,067	326,531	111	175,018	60	
Alabama	67	4,881	108	2,423	53	
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	
Arizona	15	6,114	106	2,028	35	
Arkansas	75	3,252	118	1,454	53	
California	58	45,691	127	25,768	72	
Colorado	62	6,016	131	3,391	74	
Connecticut	0	0	0	0	0	
Delaware	2	30	4	15	2	
District of Columbia		0	0	0	0	
Florida	65	38,888	224	18,802	108	
Georgia	159	15,357	174	8,860	100	
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	
Idaho	44	2,498	179	1,155	83	
Illinois	102	13,315	105	8,881	70	
Indiana Iowa	92 99	7,128	114	2,735	44 51	
Kansas	104	3,131 3,758	106 137	1,516 1,975	72	
Kentucky	119	1,948	47	1,543	37	
Louisiana	65	14,271	316	9,643	214	
Maine	16	1,099	83	375	28	
Maryland	24	3,549	64	1,924	35	
Massachusetts	12	4,703	73	1,914	30	
Michigan	83	8,718	86	4,911	49	
Minnesota	87	5,521	108	2,458	48	
Mississippi	82	3,886	134	1,626	56	
Missouri	113	4,205	73	2,546	44	
Montana	55	1,523	164	679	73	
Nebraska	93	1,760	101	993	57	
Nevada	16	1,542	66	1,012	43	
New Hampshire	10	234	18	147	11	
New Jersey	21	5,230	60	3,631	42	
New Mexico	33	1,296	68	1,090	57	
New York	57 100	12,643	66	4,216	22	
North Carolina North Dakota	100 53	12,096	142 103	6,869 433	80 68	
Ohio	88	655 10,750	94	5,745	50	
Oklahoma	77	2,700	9 4 77	1,201	34	
Oregon	36	4,212	117	1,945	54	
Pennsylvania	66	1,966	16	1,578	13	
Rhode Island	4	448	41	437	40	
South Carolina	46	6,425	153	4,027	96	
South Dakota	66	841	109	387	50	
Tennessee	94	9,545	162	4,665	79	
Texas	253	26,383	117	11,836	53	
Utah	29	3,351	140	1,325	55	
Vermont	14	187	30	132	21	
Virginia	122	9,811	132	8,169	110	
Washington	39	4,941	80	2,939	47	
West Virginia	55 70	1,436	79	914	50 75	
Wisconsin	72	7,412	135	4,108	75 110	
Wyoming	23	1,185	234	597	118	

Note: Excludes agencies with less than one full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

Appendix table 6. Fifty largest sheriffs' offices, by number of full-time sworn personnel, September 2004

or run unit on our por	,	Percent of officers by primary duty are				
	Full-time sworn	Jail Law enforce-opera-		Court		
County or equivalent	personnel		tions		ns Other	
Los Angeles Co. (CA)	8,239	54%	27%	13%	6%	
Cook Co. (IL)	5,555	10	61	30	0	
Broward Co. (FL)	3,190	50	44	6	0	
Harris Co. (TX)	2,545	45 50	47	7	1	
Orange Co. (CA)	2,119	50	36	14	0	
Sacramento Co. (CA)	1,565	43%	32%	13%	12%	
San Bernardino Co. (CA)		48	32	8	12	
Riverside Co. (CA) Orange Co. (FL)	1,490	73	16	9 12	3	
San Diego Co. (CA)	1,304 1,261	48 71	0 5	19	40 4	
Palm Beach Co. (FL)	1,153	87%	0%	13%	0%	
Hillsborough Co. (FL) Alameda Co. (CA)	1,151	79	7	1 14	13	
Pinellas Co. (FL)	923 920	33 86	48 0	14	6 0	
Wayne Co. (MI)	900	23	58	19	0	
E. Baton Rouge Par. (LA)		29%	29%	29%	13%	
Oakland Co. (MI)	840 811	50 21	45 66	6 13	0 1	
Erie Co. (NY) San Francisco Co. (CA)	795	0	66	9	26	
Contra Costa Co. (CA)	759	49	34	9	7	
` ′						
Maricopa Co. (AZ)	731	84%	1%	15%	0%	
Ventura Co. (CA)	729	49 07	31	12	8	
King Co. (WA) Manatee Co. (FL)	700 687	97 52	0 38	1 5	3 5	
Passaic Co. (NJ)	667	26	58	16	0	
` '						
Jefferson Parish (LA)	662 642	85% 44	3% 40	0% 9	12% 7	
Calcasieu Parish (LA) Fulton Co. (GA)	635	31	35	31	2	
Travis Co. (TX)	617	40	46	11	3	
Milwaukee Co. (WI)	605	30	51	16	3	
Collier Co. (FL)	598	66%	0%	5%	28%	
St. Tammany Parish (LA)	588	32	35	10	20 / 0	
Lee Co. (FL)	545	82	14	5	0	
Jefferson Co. (AL)	538	46	39	10	4	
Polk Co. (FL)	529	100	0	0	0	
Hamilton Co. (OH)	517	45%	40%	14%	0%	
Fairfax Co. (VA)	516	0	76	19	5	
Kern Co. (CA)	509	52	4	17	26	
Richmond Co. (GA)	501	73	4	6	17	
Shelby Co. (TN)	482	73	0	22	5	
Dallas Co. (TX)	476	67%	0%	33%	0%	
Rapides Parish (LA)	470	49	40	1	9	
Knox Co. (TN)	468	71	18	6	5	
Fresno Co. (CA)	464	74	9	17	0	
Brevard Co. (FL)	460	50	0	50	0	
Jefferson Co. (CO)	457	40%	47%	5%	7%	
Pima Co. (AZ)	455	77	1	2	20	
Tarrant Co. (TX)	452	12	44	33	11	
Franklin Co. (OH)	449	47 75	42	11	0	
Bexar Co. (TX)	444	75	0	25	0	
Note: Detail may not add	to 1000/ k	annous of ro	undina			

Note: Detail may not add to 100% because of rounding.

U.S. Department of Justice Office of Justice Programs **Bureau of Justice Statistics**

PRESORTED STANDARD POSTAGE & FEES PAID DOJ/BJS Permit No. G-91

Washington, DC 20531

Official Business Penalty for Private Use \$300

> This report in portable document format and in ASCII and its related statistical data and tables are available at the BJS World Wide Web Internet site: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/ abstract/csllea04.htm>.

Office of Justice Programs

Innovation • Partnerships • Safer Neighborhoods http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov

The Bureau of Justice Statistics is the statistical agency of the U.S. Department of Justice. Jeffrey L. Sedgwick is director.

This Bulletin was written by Brian A. Reaves and Matthew J. Hickman verified the report, under the supervision of Steven K. Smith. Carolyn C. Williams, with assistance from Joanna Bradford, produced and edited the report, and Jayne Robinson prepared the report for final printing, under the supervision of Doris J. James.

June 2007, NCJ 212749