T . 1 . NI					LOON OBSERVATION FORM					
Lake Name		Observers				Address				
Phone		Email				Date Time Observed (Start/Stop) n time)				
weather (temp	p., wind, precip)	(4 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	1.11.1	1 - 1	11m	ie Observed	1 (Start/Stop)	_	
volunteer Lo	on Observer	Service Hour	rs (total drivir	ig, niking a	na observat	tion time) _				
locations, ne nesting, chick indicated in the	sting areas, c rearing, loo he lower tabl	nursery area n/human inter e.) 3. Do not	s, observations, pred record behave	on points and lators, eagle viors in lower	nd watercr es, ravens an er table if lo	raft on the noted and other was come are rea	map. 2. No atterfowl. (Lancting to yo	ote significant oon behavior ur presence (1	attached map. Locate and label loon tobservations of loon interactions, susing timed intervals may also be Record this on the Significant observe any.	
<u>Summary</u>						(brov	(brown & white adult-sized bird) (young of the year)			
		# of Singles Total Adults_			ts	# of Subadults # of Chicks/Juveniles				
# People (on sl	hore) 7	#/type of Boa	ts (in water)	Conf	irmed Nes	sting (Y/N)_	N		y young) (Small young) (Large young) Incubating) (Abandoned) (Hatched)	
Significant Observations GPS locations of nest site or other significant observations (in NAD 83) Banded Birds? Color of Bands Loon: (A1, C1) Left Leg: closest to body / closest to foot Right Leg: closest to body / closest to foot										
Loon Behavior Key: B1 Diving/feeding, self B2 Diving/feeding, chick B3 Swimming B4 Preening B5 Sleeping/loafing B6 Flying B7 Call – tremelo Time Adult 1		B8 Call – B9 Call – B10 Call – B11 Chick T1 Call – T2 Call – T3 Territo	T4 T5 T6 T7) T8 T9 T10	T4 Territorial – raised neck T5 Territorial – upright wingflap T6 Territorial - circling, bill dipping, diving T7 Territorial – penguin dance T8 Territorial – surface rush T9 Territorial – chasing/attack T10 Territorial – harrassment diving Chick 1 Chick 2 # People #/ type Eagles or Comments						
Interval	(A1)	(A2)	Other Adults	(C1)	(C2)	# People on	Boats in	Ravens in	Comments	
Start) (Stop)	of pair	of pair	(A3, A4)	(01)	(02)	Shore	Water	the area?		
(Stop)			(120,12100)			Shore	water	tile ai ea:		

12

10:15-10:25

B1, T2

N1

3 (canoe) Y (2 eagles)

EXAMPLE

BEHAVIOR DEFINITION

- **T1**) **Yodel** Territorial call given by the male loon, usually given when another male flies over the territory or in a territorial encounter.
- T3) Approach A pair approaching an intruder loon, other waterfowl or boat
- **T4)** Raised Neck A heightened alertness and is an easy clue that something is disturbing the birds.
- **T5) Upright Wing-flap** The loons to rise up out of the water and flap their wings with white breasts towards the intruder. This is a long distance signal to an intruder (loon or boat) that the territory is occupied.
- **T6)** Circling The resident pair and the intruder loon move around each other in a circle.
 - **Bill Dipping** A repeated sequence of raising the neck/head and a dipping of the face into the water. A nervous gesture, which occurs as the loons come within a close distance of the intruder.
 - Mutual Dive Jerky head movements followed by shallow dives by 1 or more loons.
- **T7) Penguin Dance** –The birds raise up vertically out of the water, treading water with their feet. Sometimes they slap the water with their wings. This is the most aggressive territorial behavior.
- **T8)** Surface Rush Usually follows Penguin Dance. The "dancing" bird falls forward into the water and continues the momentum as an underwater torpedo.
- **T9)** Chasing Occurs on the surface as the loon uses their wings in an "oaring" motion to chase off an intruder. Attack Loons will attack other birds, such as grebes.
- T10) Harassment Diving- Loons will harass waterfowl by diving and resurfacing under the offending bird.

Return form within one week of observation to:

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