National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entries	—complete applicable se	ections		
1. Nam	ie			
historic	Franz Zavadil Farm	nstead (CD00-9)		
and/or common	Zavadil Farmstead			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Loca	ation			<i>,</i> '
street & number	Na			X not for publication
city, town	Menominee	_X_ vicinity of		
state	Nebraska code	031 county	Cedar	code ₀₂₇
3. Clas	sification			
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition na_ in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use X agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X_ private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
name	Mrs. Joseph Zavadi	.1, c/o Mary Ann Sc	hulte	
street & number	518 South Owen Dri	ve		
city, town	Madison	na vicinity of	state	Wisconsin
5. Loca	ation of Lega		on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Cedar	County Courthouse,	Register of Deeds	6
street & number	101 South Broadway			
city, town	Hartington		state	Nebraska
6. Repr	esentation i	n Existing	Surveys	
titl e Nebraska	Historic Buildings	Survey has this pro	perty been determined e	eligible? yes _X_ no
date	On-going	,	federal X sta	ate county loca
depository for su	rvey records Nebraska	State Historical S	,	,
city, town	Lincoln		state	Nebraska

7. Description

Condition deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one _X_ original site moved dateNa	-
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Franz Zavadil farmstead represents an outstanding example of a well-preserved early Nebraska farmstead, located in the extreme northeast portion of the state. The homestead still retains the majority of representative structures used in the farming and stock raising operations of the Zavadil families from the 1870's to the present. The farmstead includes two dwellings—the one—and—one—half story chalk—rock and glacial—rock house, and the two—story brick farmhouse. The dairy barn and horse barn are situated directly west of the dwellings; with the remaining outbuildings arranged in an extended yard effect around the farmhouses. The nomination includes 160 acres of land. The farm is still occupied and operated by the Zavadil family. Structural and historical integrity has been preserved except for minor alterations made to several farm buildings.

The Zavadil farmstead is located in precinct #2 of Cedar County, approximately one mile northwest of the town of Menominee and six miles south of Yankton, South Dakota. The site lies in a valley which is surrounded by two creeks—Antelope Creek to the south and Beaver Creek to the north. The main farm group is situated on the original homestead obtained by Franz Zavadil in 1876.

The farmstead is a relatively compact group of buildings including some 19 separate structures situated in an extended farm yard arrangement. Access to the site is directly from the county road with the main drive leading in from the south. The two dwellings and garage form the eastern boundary of the farm group with both facing the road; the blacksmith's shop, implement shed, granary, chicken shed, and corn crib make up the northern edge, and the barns and additional sheds form the western boundary. The majority of the outbuildings are arranged in a grid-like pattern leaving the southern boundary open.

The following list, according to the HABS formula, describes the significant structures included in the farmstead (see sketch site plan for items 1-19).

- 1. <u>House</u>, chalk rock and glacial-rock, rectangular, 9.33 x 10.22 meters $(30\ '7"\ x\ 33'6")$, one story with loft, cellar, gable roof, central chimney, recessed front porch, partially enclosed double hung windows with six over six and four over four pane arrangement, wooden surrounds, c. 1884-85, frame rear addition serving as entry, former kitchen wing of west facade relocated to rear facade of brick house.
- 2. <u>House</u>, brick, ell-shaped, 16.13 x 8.87 meters (52'11" x 29'1"), two stories, gable roof, double internal chimneys, segmentally arched window openings, double hung with one-over-one pane arrangement, stilted segmentally arched brick window hoods, brick lugsills, 1906, one story frame rear addition (previously attached to rock house), front and rear porches (now enclosed).
- 3. Privy, wood frame, square, 1.27 x 1.27 meters (4'2" x 4'2") shed roof, c. 1930's.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Description

Item number

7

Page

- 4. Horse Barn, wood frame with clapboarding, rectangular shape, 16.32×12.88 meters $(53'6'' \times 42'3'')$, gable roof, shed wings, "turkey-tail" overhang over loft doors, c. 1918-19.
- 5. Dairy Barn, wood frame with clapboarding, rectangular shape, 13.50×4.90 meters (44'3" x 16'1"), gambrel roof, "turkey-tail" overhang, milk house extension, shed extension, c. 1923, partly sided with metal.
- 6. Former Milk Shop, wood frame with clapboarding, rectangular shape, 2.19 x 2.55 meters, $(7.2" \times 8'4")$, gable roof.
- 7. Water Reservoir, concrete, rectangular shape, 2.75 'x 6.15 meters, $(9' \times 20'2")$.
- 8. Feeder, wood frame, rectangular shape, gable roof, open end.
- 9. Feeder, wood frame, rectangular shape, gable roof, vertical siding.
- 10. Shed, rectangular shape, pre-fab with corragated metal sheathing.
- 11. Hog Barn, wood frame, rectangular shape, gable roof covered with metal sheathing, prior to 1900.
- 12. Shed, wood frame, rectangular-shaped, shed roof.
- 13. Corn Crib, wood frame, rectangular shape, 3.09 x 8.59 meters (10'2" x 28'2"), gable roof.
- 14. Corn Crib, wood frame, rectangular shpae, 3.09×7.35 meters (10'2" x 24'1") shed roof.
- 15. Chicken Shed, wood frame with clapboarding, rectangular shape, 3.75 x 9.90 meters ($12'4'' \times 32'6''$), shed roof, double hung windows with four-over-four pane arrangement, concrete foundation.
- 16. Granary, wood frame with clapboarding, rectangular shape, 9.20×16.60 meters (30'2" x 54'6"), gable roof, shed extensions.
- 17. Implement Shed, wood frame, rectangular shape, 5.26 x 27.35 meters $(17^{\circ}3^{\circ} \times 89^{\circ}8^{\circ})$, shed roof.
- 18. Blacksmith's Shop, wood frame with clapboarding, rectangular shape, 5.94×8.12 meters (19'6" x 26'8"), gable roof, with metal sheathing rear shed addition, windows with divided panes, front entry, c. 1918.
- 19. <u>Garage</u>, wood frame, rectangular shape, 5.38×6.29 meters (17'8" x 29'8"), gable roof, metal sheathing, modern garage door, 1923.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet Description

Item number

Page

Non-extant buildings include: the log dwelling built c. 1868; the original chalk rock and log cow barn (c. 1880's), and the original log horse barn (c. 1880's), both destroyed by the tornado in 1918; a smoke house situated adjacent to the north wall of the stone house where beef and ham were cured; and an ice house (c. 1912) east of the smoke house, but also adjacent to the north wall of the house (the cement walls of the pit still remain).

8. Significance

1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 _X 1800-1899	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic X agriculture X architecture — art — commerce nt— communications		landscape architectu law literature military	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation X other (specify)
Specific dates	1880's +	Builder Ars hites 3	Franz Zavadil	ethnic culture

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Franz Zavadil farmstead is significant to the early development of Cedar County and to the development of agriculture in the state. The farmstead remains as an excellent example of a Nebraska farm, remarkably intact, with the majority of buildings still extant. Architecturally significant, the stone dwelling stands as an excellent example of vernacular architecture, constructed by Franz Zavadil, a native of Bohemia. Trained in the old country as a stone mason, Zavadil utilized his skills in the building of the house.

Franz Zavadil was born in Bohemia in the year 1825. At the age of 24, he married Anna Kuchta, a widow with five children. From their marriage, five additional children were born. When 40 years old, Franz immigrated to America with his family and mother, arriving on May 16, 1865 and receiving his citizenship on August 23, 1869. On their trip west, the Zavadil family stopped over in Iowa for one year before continuing on to Nebraska. Arriving in Nebraska in 1867, Franz settled on a tract of land and was granted homestead rights on September 30, 1876. The family's first shelter was a dugout built c. 1868 of field stones, later used as a cellar in the construction of a log dwelling (no longer extant). The present stone house was constructed in the early 1880's out of native chalk rock and glacial rock. In the 1890's, a frame kitchen extension was added to the stone dwelling (now attached to the rear facade of the brick house see photo # 5).

In July of 1886 Franz and Anna Zavadil set up an agreement for the sale of their homestead to their son, John, who was married to Magdelena (Lena) Haberman that same month. The couple were married at the St. Boniface Church in Menominee, Nebraska (entered NRHP July 21, 1983).

In the old country, Franz was trained as a stone mason and wood carver. These skills allowed him to play an active role in the construction of the St. Boniface Church, a chalk-rock structure erected in 1886. The church exhibits a highly decorative combination of native chalk rock and brickwork demonstrating a medieval approach to church design observed with Slavic affinities. Drawing from his training Zavadil no doubt incorporated design elements found in native Czech churches into the design of the Menominee Church. Because the Zavadil's appear to be the only Bohemians in the German-Catholic congregation, his role in the design and construction of the church becomes even more evident. As a wood carver, Franz was responsible for numerous carved and painted statues placed in religious institutions.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Significance

Item number

8

Page 2

Franz purchased school lands consisting of 160 acres in June, 1904. In November 1907 Franz, at that time a widower, deeded all lands to his son John, the agreement superceding the one written in 1886. Franz lived in the stone house until his death in July, 1909. A tornado in May of 1918, destroyed or damaged several of the buildings on the Zavadil farm. The original cow barn (c. 1880's), constructed of chalk rock and log was destroyed, as well as the horse barn (pre-1900) also constructed of log.

On March 1, 1923, John and Lena Zavadil deeded the farm to their son, Joseph. Today, the farm is still owned and operated by descendants of the Franz Zavadil family.

Architecturally significant, the Zavadil farmstead represents an excellent example of a Nebraska farm, retaining the majority of buildings used in the farming and stock raising operations of the Zavadil families. The most notable structure on the farm is the one and one half story dwelling, constructed of native chalk rock and glacial rock. The house consists of four rooms on the first level; kitchen, dining and two bedrooms, with loft space above. The recessed porch is partially enclosed and displayed decorative woodwork (now removed) surrounding the support posts. The dwelling is somewhat unique in its construction; with rubble work incorporated into the first level and chalk rock used in the loft area and corner quoins. The rubble work is executed in such a manner as to produce a round "arched" effect extending up into the loft area on the north and south facades (see photo # 3) peaking at the sill of the loft windows.

In Nebraska the house stands as an important vernacular product of ethnic architecture. A native Bohemian, Franz Zavadil erected the dwelling utilizing his own masonry skills and readily available materials; outcroppings of chalk rock located south of Menominee and timber lines probably found along Beaver and Antelope Creeks. To date, several chalkrock structures have been noted as part of the Nebraska Historic Buildings Survey in the Menominee vicinity, including: The St. Boniface Church and school in Menominee; a small barn, located north of town; a chalk rock and frame house two and one half miles west of Menominee; and the Paul Goeden House, located three and one half miles southwest of Menominee. Further research will need to be performed to provide us with information on these structures and the ethnic backgrounds of the people who constructed them. However, it appears this area was settled by Catholic Germans, extending from south of Yankton, South Dakota to and including Hartington, Fordyce, Constance and St. Helena.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

10.	Geograp	hical Data		
		rty <u>160 acres</u> Point Dam, NebrS	. Dakota	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
A 1 4 Zone	6 3 1 9 7 0 Easting	417 318 91810 Northing	B 114 Zone	6 3 1 9 18 10 4 17 3 18 1 18 10 Easting Northing
C 1 4 E G	6 3 0 7 8 0	4,7,3,8,1,6,0	D <u>1</u> 14 F <u> </u>	6 3 10 7 17 10 4 17 3 18 9 16 10
the E	of SE½ and Nw in Cedar Coun	ty, Nebraska includ	of SW4, Secti ling all orig	The nominated property consists on 35, T33N, R1W containing inal historic lands that type of farm operation.
List all s	states and counti	es for properties overla	pping state or	county boundaries
state	Na	code	county	code
state	Na	code	county	code
11.	Form Pre	epared By		
	ion Nebraska St	son, Preservation A	ety	date September, 1984
city or toy	T day = = 1	X 82554		telephone 402/471-4767 State Nebraska
	711	storic Prese		Officer Certification
The evalu	ated significance of	this property within the s	tate is:	
	national	state _	X local	
665), I her according	eby nominate this p	roperty for inclusion in the procedures set forth by the	e National Registe	toric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89- er and certify that it has been evaluated ervice.
title		ebraska State Histo	rical Society	date
	PS use only reby certify that this	property is included in the	e National Registe	r
				date
Keepe	r of the National Re	gister		
Attest				date
Chief o	of Registration			

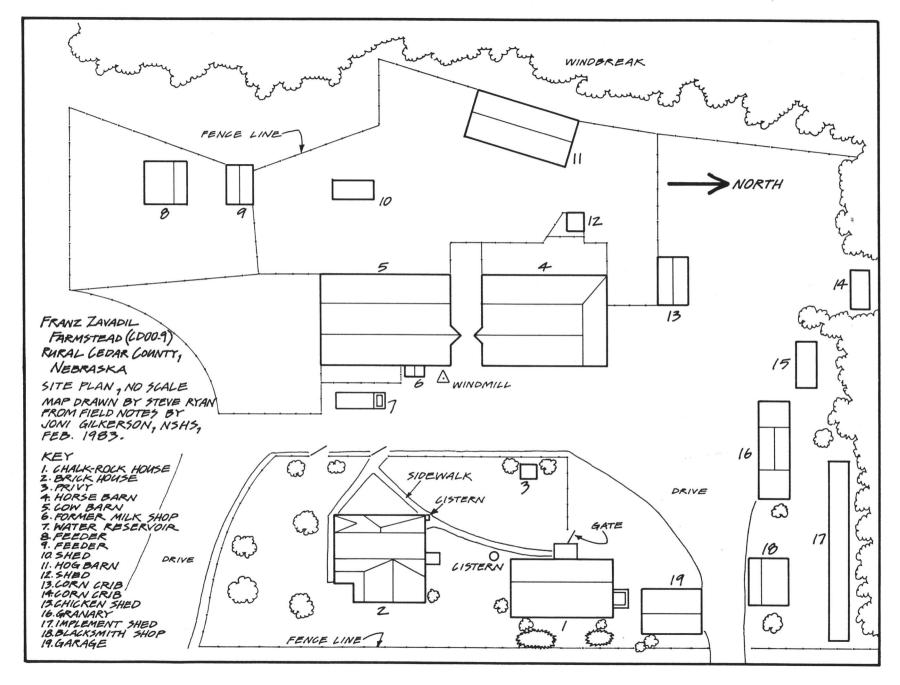
National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet Bibliography

Item number

Page 2

- 1. "John Zavadil is Called by Death," The Cedar County News, Jan. 27, 1927, Hartington, Nebraska.
- 2. Kucera, Vladimir, Czech Churches in Nebraska, 1974.
- 3. Lammers, Clara Zavadil, "Oral History on the Zavadil Family", Tape recording 1972, Nebraska State Archives (AVI), Nebraska State Historical Society.
- 4. Zavadil, Sister Roswitha, Unpublished manuscript on Zavadil Family History, Information on file Nebraska Historic Buildings Survey #CD00-9, Nebraska State Historical Society.



All photos by Joni Gilkerson, 1983, NSHS, original negatives at NeSHPO

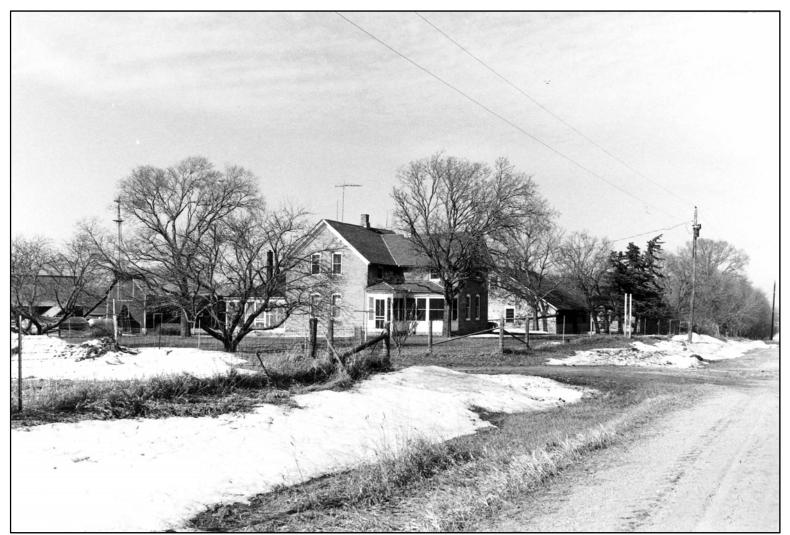


Photo 1 of 11 – general view looking northwest showing farmstead (8305/10:18)



Photo 2 of 11 - view looking northwest showing chalk rock house site plan building #1 (here referred to as SPB #1), privy (SPB #3), horse barn (SPB #4) and corn crib (SPB #13) (8305/10:16)



Photo 3 of 11 – view looking north showing chalk rock house (SPB #1) and garage (SPB #19) (8302/6:8)



Photo 4 of 11 - view looking west showing brick house (SPB #2), horse barn (SPB #4) and feeder (SPB #8) (8305/10:15)



Photo 5 of $11 - \text{view looking northeast showing brick house (SPB #2), privy (SPB#3), granary (SPB #16) and implement shed (SPB #17) (8302/4:21)$

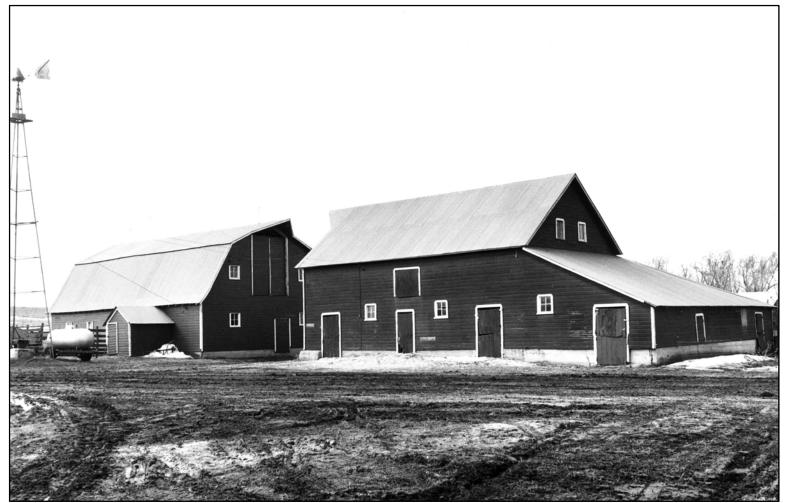


Photo 6 of $11 - \text{view looking southwest showing horse barn (SPB #4), cow barn (SPB #5), former milk shop (SPB #6), water reservoir (SPB #7) and hog barn (SPB #11) (8302/4:36)$



Photo 7 of 11 – view looking southeast showing chalk rock house (SPB #1), cow barn (SPB #5) and shed (SPB #12) (8305/10:7)



Photo 8 of 11 – view looking southwest showing feeder (SPB #8), feeder (SPB #9) and shed (SPB #10) (8302/4:27)



Photo 9 of 11 – view looking northeast showing corn crib (SPB #14), chicken shed (SPB #15) and implement shed (SPB #17) (8305/10:5)

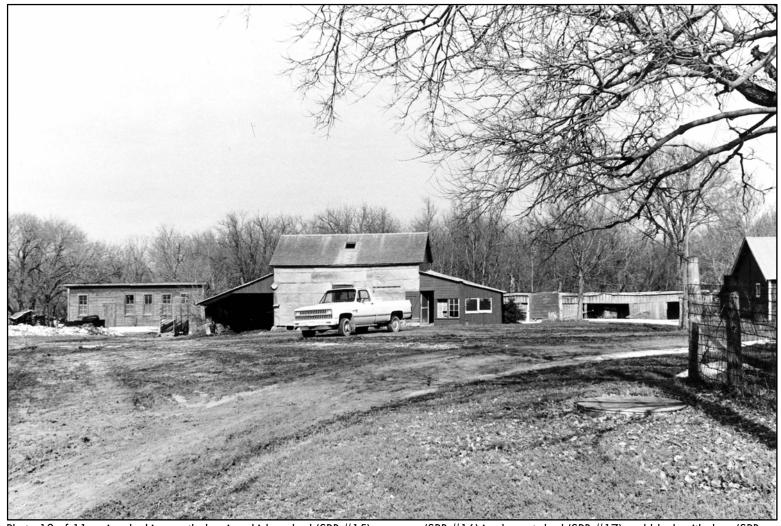


Photo 10 of 11 – view looking north showing chicken shed (SPB #15), granary (SPB #16) implement shed (SPB #17) and blacksmith shop (SPB #18) (8305/10:8)



Photo 11 of 11 – view looking northwest showing granary (SPB #16), implement shed (SPB #17), blacksmith shop (SPB #18) and garage (SPB #19) (8302/6:31)