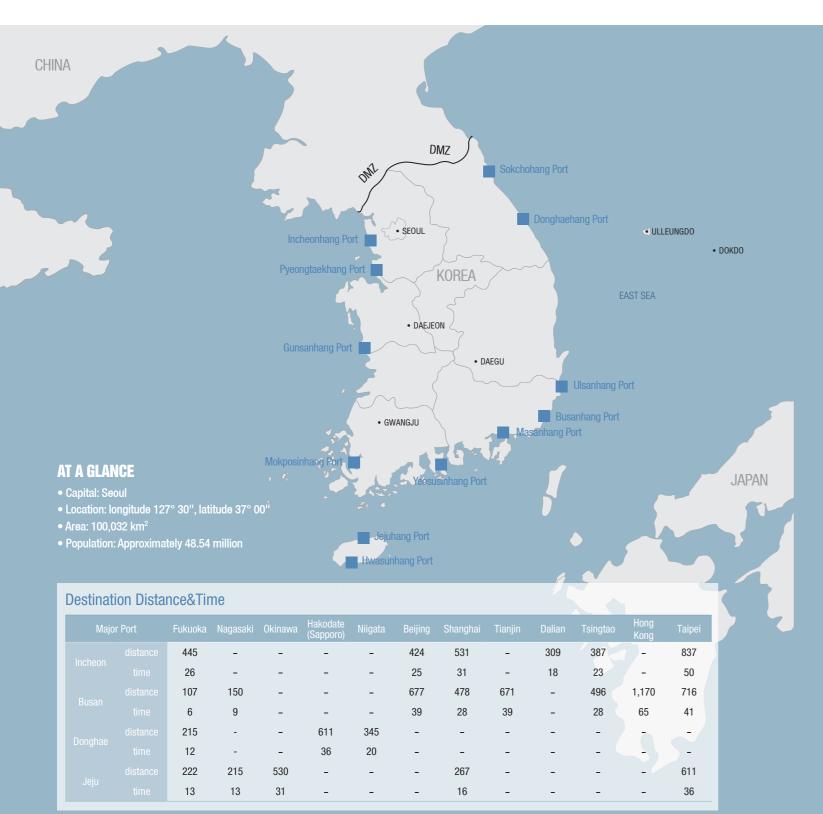






CONTENTS

Busan Area	pg. 04
Jeju Area	pg. 08
Incheon Area	pg. 10
Yeosu Area	pg. 13
Sokcho Area	pg. 16



Attractive ports of Korea emerging as Asia's new cruise destinations.

Being surrounded by water on three sides and located between China and Japan, Korea has an ideal natural environment for cruise traveling. The eleven ports located throughout the South and West seas can accommodate cruise ships and are well known for their facilities and amenities as cruise ship docks. The ports on the deeper waters of the East Sea can accommodate up to much larger ships.

Tourists are impressed by the unique culture of Korean and the co-existence of tradition and modernity found throughout the country. This is why the world's most renowned cruise companies such as Royal Caribbean and Costa Cruise have called upon Korean ports. By 2010, Seabourn Cruise, the world's most luxurious cruise ship, is expected to call in Yeosu, Mokpo, Busan, Incheon, and Jeju. Discover new charms of cruise travel in Korea, Asia's newly emerging cruise destination.



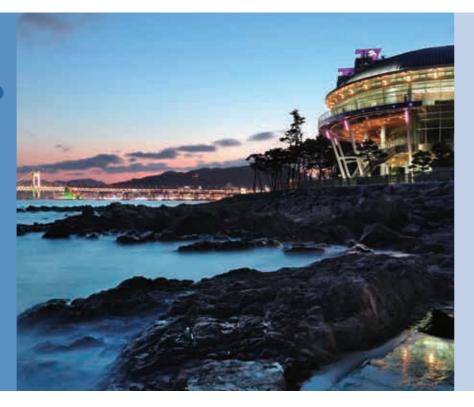
BUSAN AREA

Busanhang Port

Korea's biggest port with world-class berthing facilities

Busan is Korea's first port developed in 1876, and today, it is the second largest city and the No.1 trade port in Korea.

Over the past 100 years since its opening, Busanhang Port has constructed and upgraded its facilities to increase berthing capacity. It has become the Korea's largest port that can berth one 8,000-ton ship and 50 other small and large vessels simultaneously.





- ♠ Dongsam-dong, Yeongdo-gu, Busan
- (*) 82-51-999-3164 **\(\beta\)** 82-51-988-8003
- □ http://www.busanpa.com
- isshin@busanpa.com
 isshin@busanpa.com
- Gimhae International Airport ~ Busanhang Port: 30 minutes

 Busan Express Bus Terminal ~ Busanhang Port: 30 minutes
- Busan Station ~ Busanhang Port: 5 minutes

Busan City Map



PASSENGER TERMINAL

• PORT FACILITIES

Name	Busanhang port
Area	2,211.58 m ²
Berthing capacity	1 vessel of 80,000 tons
Wharf length	360 m
Route / Width	25.5 m
Mean depth	11.5 m
Tidal range	1.43 m
Major Facilities	Tourist Information Center, offices, passenger lounge, etc.
Surrounding amenities	Various convenience facilities in downtown Busan, which is only 30 minutes away by car

- SERVICE
- $\textcircled{1} \ \textbf{Welcome ceremony}$
- 2 Welcome plaque for newly entering cruise liners
- ③ Fam Tour
- 4 Souvenirs

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Busan is an urban and vibrant port city.

It has Haeundae Beach, the No.1 summer holiday destination in Korea, luxury hotels on the beautiful coastline, bustling shopping districts, and exciting entertainment areas. Busan is rising as one of Asia's hottest shopping destinations with Centum City, the world's biggest shopping complex. For more information,

visit http://tour.busan.go.kr



Centum City



in Busan, it has been listed on the Guinness Book of World Records as the biggest shopping

As a landmark

complex in the world. Centum City includes shopping facilities such as Shinsegae Department Store and Lotte Department Store, a hot spring, an ice rink, a large bookstore, and a golf school.

A Haeundae Beach

It is one of the most popular summer holiday destinations in Korea and is listed in the Guinness Book of World Records for the most number of parasols over 10,000 on the beach every summer. Surrounding Haeundae Beach are sky-scrapers, premium hotels, shopping centers, and entertainment facilities.

Busan Aguarium



It is an underwater aquarium with the main aquarium weighing 3,500 tons; there are also themed aquariums, and an 80 m-long acrylic tunnel. It features about 35,000 deep sea fish of 280 species.

Nurimaru APEC House

The 3rd APEC Summit Meeting was held at Nurimaru, which was cited as the most beautiful venue for the summit by participants.

• Haeundae Spa

It is said that Queen Jinseong of the Silla Kingdom cured her smallpox after taking a bath in Haeundae Spa. Haeundae Spa is known for being effective on arthritis, rheumatism, skin diseases, and anemia.

Haedongyonggungsa Temple



While most Buddhist temples are located in mountains, Haedongyonggung Temple is on a cliff overlooking the sea. It has Haesugwaneumdaebul, the biggest Buddhist stone statue in Korea.

Haeundae Dalmaji-gil Road

It is an art and cultural street full of large and small art galleries, art shops, and trendy restaurants. The hill, overlooking the sea, possesses a romantic and artistic feel to it.

Jagalchi Market





Gwangalli Beach

Gwangalli Beach is a must-visit attraction at night, as it is the best place to see Gwangan Bridge, a landmark architecture of Busan. Around the beach are about 300 high-end restaurants, cafes, and sushi restaurants.

Yongdusan Park

It is a public park where the 120 m-high Busan Tower is located. As it has beautiful night scenery, the park is a popular night sightseeing destination. Also, it was the filming site for the Korean movie *Friends* starring Jang Donggun.

Shanghai Street

It has been home to the Chinese community in Korea and became a Chinese commercial street since China opened a consulate office here in 1884. Today, it is a popular tourist attraction, where tourists can see the Chinese culture and lifestyle here.

Seven Luck Casino

It is a luxurious European style casino. The casino is equipped with eight different games tables including poker and slot machines.

04 CRUISE, KOREA

ULSAN AREA

Ulsanhang Port

A port complex supporting the largest cargo traffic in Korea



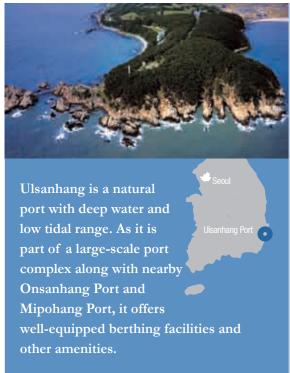
Ulsan International Airport ~ Ulsanhang Port: 15 minutes

Ulsan Express Bus Terminal ~ Ulsanhang Port: 10 minutes

Ulsan Station ~ Ulsanhang Port: 10 minutes



with 1,000 years of history



PASSENGER TERMINAL PORT FACILITIES Name Ulsanhang port 541.000 m² 4 vessels of 30.000 tons | 2 vessels of 20.000 tons Berthing capacity 1 vessel of 10,000 tons Wharf length 16.630 m Route / Width 300 ~ 500 m 9 ~13 m Mean depth Tidal range 0.6 m Major Facilities Cruise company offices Various convenience facilities in downtown Ulsan. Surrounding amenities which is only 10 minutes away by car SERVICE ① Welcome ceremony

(2) Promotion materials and Souvenirs



PASSENGER TERMINAL		
• PORT FACILITIES		
Name	Masanhang port	
Area	1 st Floor: 1,461 m ² , 2 nd Floor: 1,314 m ² , 3 rd Floor: 133 m ²	
Berthing capacity	29 vessels of 20,000 tons	
Wharf length	Two floating piers (30 m) (1 st pier: 1 berth, 2 nd pier: 2 berths)	
Route / Width	1,050 m	
Mean depth	12 m	
Tidal range	1.91 m	
Major Facilities	Passenger wating room, ticket office, payphone booths	
Surrounding amenities	Payphone booths within the port, a post office and a bank 10 minutes away on foot	

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Ulsan is an industrial city that is home to Korea's largest industrial complex.

Downtown Ulsan is located close to the sea. Once famous for whale meat, there are still some restaurants that serve whale meat. Which has twelve different flavors.

For more information, visit http://guide.ulsan.go.kr





Daewangam Park

According to a legend, the wife of King Munmu, who unified the three kingdoms in ancient Korea to build a Unified Silla, was buried on Daewangam. The park offers a breath-taking view of uniquely-shaped rocks and cliffs, and the sunrise.

Jangsaengpo Whale Museum

Jangsaengpo was the largest whale fishing base in Korea. The museum displays the history of whale fishing in Korea since pre-historic times.

Tongdosa Temple

This Buddhist temple enshrines genuine bone relics and a robe of Buddha. Tongdosa is unique in that, it does not have a statue of Buddha.

Jasujeong Cave

It is an artificial cave built in a former amethyst mine. Tourists can explore the cave on a boat and experience the benefits of amethyst stones in the Energy Experience



SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Masan is a tourist city famous for its beautiful coastlines.

It is also famous for anglerfish, which is why it became the birthplace of *agwi jjim* (Steamed Anglerfish) loved by Koreans.

For more information, visit http://www.masan.go.kr

Junam Reservoir

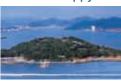


It is a natural wetland that attracts 20 species of migratory birdsin winter including white-naped cranes, swans, large wild gee-se, and mallards from Siberia and China, and Baikal teals, which are rare birds on the brink of extinction.

Jeodo Bridge

This bridge connects the Jeodo Island to Masan. This bridge is also referred to as "the Kwai River Bridge of Masan." for, it is said to look like the bridge in the film *The Bridge on the River Kwai*.

Dotseom Happy Land



It is a marine park built on an island only 10 minutes away from Masan by cruise ship. It consists of a forest a

theme park and a marine condominium.

Masan Fish Market

More than 50,000 people visit this traditional fish market every day. It is home to about 2,000 fish stores and 150 sushi restaurants.

Upo Marsh

The Upo Marsh is Korea's largest natural marsh located in the Topyeongcheon Stream basin, a branch of the Nakdonggang River. It is designated as an ecosystem protection area and an internationally protected wetland inhabited by about 430 species of plants.

OG CRUISE KOREA

Masanhang Port 07

JEJU AREA

Jejuhang Port

A volcanic island listed on the UNESCO World Heritage Sites List

Due to the steady and simple coastlines, Jejuhang was not considered a port.

However, since the opening of coastal roads to ports inland in 1945, Jejuhang grew into an actual port. Later a passenger terminal was constructed and car ferries with a capacity of 3,000 tons began to operate under the Comprehensive Jeju Tourism Development Plan. Jejudo Island is selected as the No. 1 holiday destination by Koreans every year. It also attracts many tourists for it is a UNESCO World Heritage site.



Jejudo Island Map Jejuhang Po 15 Gass Castle Carden Gass Castle Carden

* Jeju Olle Trail 🛈 ~ 🕦

♦ 918 Geonip-dong, Jeju-si, Jeju Special Self-Governing

Province

http://jeju.mltm.go.kr

✓ yk9013@jeju.go.kr

☐ Jeju International Airport ~ Jejuhang Port: 5 minutes

Jeju Express Bus Terminal ~ Jejuhang Port: 20 minutes

PASSENGER TERMINAL

• PORT FACILITIES

Name	Jejuhang port
Area	International passenger terminal : 2,660 m ²
Berthing capacity	1 Vessel of 50,000 tons *1 Vessel of 80,000 tons (after 2011)
Wharf length	195 m * 360m (after 2011)
Route / Width	90 m
Mean depth	11 m *12m (after 2011)
Tidal range	Almost none
Major Facilities	Tourist Information Center, duty-free shops, souvenir shops, restaurants, snack bars, restrooms
Surrounding amenities	Payphone booths at the entrance of the port Convenience facilities including banks and a post office downtown which is 5 to 10 minutes away by car

* Hwasunhang Port: It can berth 50,000-ton or larger vessels. Tender boats are used.

SERVICE

1) Welcome ceremony

2 Bottled water (Samdasu) and tourism promotion materials

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Jejudo Island is a popular holiday destination, featuring Mt. Hallasan, 360 parasitic volcanoes, the vast blue ocean, and fine sand.

In particular, as a volcanic island, Jejudo displays lava areas and uniquely-shaped rock formations. It offers a very unique and magnificent landscape of palm trees and tropical fruits against the background of black volcanic rocks.

For more information, visit http://jejutour.jeju.go.kr

Jejudo Volcanic Island



Jejudo is a volcanic island created through five volcanic eruptions one million years ago. In 2007, 10% of the island including Mt.Hallasan, Seongsan Ilchulbong Peak, and Geomunoreum lava tube system are listed as UNESCO World Heritage sites.

 Hallasan National Park: Mt.Hallasan is a shield volcano located in the center of the island. It is called the "Galapagos Island of Korea," as it shows different fauna and flora according to height and is home to rare plants and animals.

- Seongsan Ilchulbong: It was created through an underwater volcanic eruption in the low sea 100,000 years ago. It is very unique in that, there is a crownshaped crater on the summit.
- Geomunoreum lava tube system: It shows white patterns created by lime that permeated into the lava cave. Gimnyeongbaemgul Cave and Manjanggul Cave are now open to the public.

Kimnyoung Maze Park



1,300 leylandii trees were made into a maze. It has a total of four different courses that represent Jejudo's symbols.

Spirited Garden

It is an outdoor bonsai park built by a farmer over three

decades. It is now well-known to the world, as highprofile figures at home and abroad have visited the park and called it "a paradise garden."

• Glass Castle

It displays large glass sculptures by famous local and international glass artists and various other glass crestions.

O'Sulloc Tea Museum

Jejudo accounts for more than 50% of the green tea production in Korea. This museum specializes in green tea andhas a gallery, a shop, a café, and an observatory for visitors.

• Park Southern Land

It was the main set the popular Korean drama *Taewang-sasingi*, starring Bae Yongjoon. It reconstructed Guknaeseong, the capital of Goguryeo Kingdom.

Jeiu Olle Trail

Olle means a very narrow alley that leads home in Jejudo dialect. This trail was introduced to promote people to walk on beautiful hidden trails scattered across the island. From 2007 to December 2009, a total of 15 Olle courses have been developed and frequented by tourists who appreciate the attractive scenery while walking.



O8 CRUISE, KOREA Jejuhang Port O9

INCHEON AREA

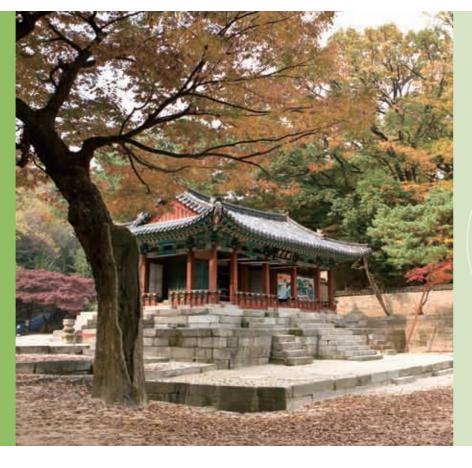
Map

Incheonhang Port (Seoul)

An international port only one hour from Seoul

Incheonhang Port opened in 1883 and has since then played an important role in bringing in western culture to Korea as well as spreading the Korean culture throughout the world. As the West Sea has a big tidal

range, it is difficult to unload cargo in Incheon. However due to the docks and lock gates, Incheonhang became an international port that can berth a 50,000-ton vessel and 30 large vessels simultaneously. Incheonhang is one hour from downtown Seoul by bus, subway, and airport railway.





♠ International Passenger Terminal, 1-2 Hangdong 7-ga,

Jung-gu, Incheon

http://www.icferrv.or.kr

sws6705@ippt.co.kr
 sws6705@ippt.co.kr
 sws6705@ippt.co.kr

☐ Incheon International Airport ~ Incheonhang Port: 30 minutes
Incheon Express bus Terminal ~ Incheonhang Port: 15 minutes

PASSENGER TERMINAL

• PORT FACILITIES

Name	Inches phang part
Name	Incheonhang port
Area	Land area : 23,192.66 m 2 Building area : 8,820.10 m 2 Floor area : 10,122.12 m 2 1 st Floor : 8,134.92 m 2 2 nd Floor : 1,687.50 m 2
Berthing capacity	1 vessel of 50,000 tons 2 vessels of 35,000 tons 4 vessels of 4,500 tons 1 vessel of 3,000 tons 2 vessels of 2,000 tons A terminal exclusive for cruise ships will be completed by around 2014. It will berth up to 100,000-ton vessels.
Wharf length	184 m ~ 270 m
Route / Width	36 m
Mean depth	8.2 m ~ 11.8 m
Tidal range	Almost none (inner port)
Major Facilities	1 st Floor : Customer Information Center, a bank, a convenience store, restrooms, payphone booths, and Tourist Information Center 2 nd Floor : Immigration Office

• SERVICE

- 1) With on-board CIQ manager, allows for shorters processing time
- 2 Maps of surrounding areas (both in Korean and English) and detailed information on public transportation around port
- ③ Welcome ceremony: cross-over performance, instant photos, and hot packs in winter
- 4 Interview with the captain and cruise destination manager of cruise ships entering the port to promote berthing
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$ Foreign language guides on board and in Gate 1 and shuttle buses within the port



SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Home to Incheonhang Port and the Incheon International Airport, Incheon is the first gateway to Korea.

It is also the most frequently visited city by foreigners, as it is close to Seoul. With China Town built during the Ching Dynasty, 150 islands nearby, theme parks, and filming sites, Incheon is a popular tourist destination in Korea. For more information, visit http://www.into.or.kr

Jeondeungsa Temple



It was built in the 4th century when Buddhism first spread to Korea. The main hall, the Medicine Buddha hall, and the Buddhist temple bell are registered as treasures.

Songdo International City

It is a new international city built with the cooperation of renowned architects around the world. This city is expected to be completed by 2015, but is already bustling with people visiting the construction site.

China Town

It is a Chinese community within Incheon. There are shops that sell Chinese clothing, teas, specialties, accessories, and small items as well as restaurants that offer genuine Chinese cuisine.

4 Jayu Park

It is the first western-style park in Korea. It is located halfway up a mountain, providing a magnificent view of downtown Incheon, Incheonhang Port and Incheon Bridge day and night.

Royal Palaces

Seoul has been the capital city of the Joseon Dynasty for 500 years. Still, there are royal palaces for royal families preserved intact.

Cheongavecheon Stream

It is a 5.84 km-long stream across downtown Seoul. Since its resto-ration, it has become a relaxing resting area for people. Around the banks of the stream are trendy cafes and bars.

Myeong-dong



It is the No.1 shopping district in Korea. There are department stores including Lotte Department Store, Shinsegae Department Store, dutyfree shops, largescale shopping malls, and

road shops that are leading and creating fashion trends in Korea.

OEX

As the largest underground shopping mall in Asia, it provides not only shopping but also entertainment and cultural facilities. Also, there is an aquarium, restaurants, and the Artrium, a performing arts center.

Bukchon Hanok Village

It was a residential area, where high-ranking officials, royal families, and nobilities lived during the Joseon Dynasty. About 1,400 traditional Korean houses are preserved in the village. Tourists can learn about Korean traditions in *hanok* (traditional house).

Korea House

It is a traditional hanok where foreigners can learn about traditional Korean lifestyles and cultures.

Foreigners can personally experience and appreciate court cuisine, folk music, and traditional Korean dance.

Samcheongdong-gil Road

Modern trends are mixed with traditional elements here. Traditional hanok are re-born into cafes, wine bars, art shops, road shops, and designer shops.

N Seoul Tower

This architectural landmark of Seoul is located in Mt. Namsan. At night, it glows in different colors and patterns according to time. Inside the tower are an observatory, the Teddy Bear Museum, restaurants, and cafes.

10 CRUISE, KOREA Incheonhang Port 11

PYEONGTAEK AREA YEOSU AREA

Pyeongtaekhang Port

A hub port connecting Northeast Asia to Korea

	seung-eup, Pyeongtaek-si, Gyeonggi-do
(3) 82-31-659-4451	a 82-31-659-4459

http://www.pyeongtaek.go.kr

■ nailtow@pyeongtaek.go.kr

☐ Incheon International Airport ~ Pyeongtaekhang Port: 80 minutes Gwangmyeong Station ~ Pyeongtaekhang Port: 40 minutes

Pyeongtaek Bus Terminal ~ Pyeongtaekhang Port: 45 minutes

Yeosusinhang Port

Yeosu is a beautiful port city

surrounded by the clean

sea and over 300 islands.

The islands in front of

the port serve as natural

embankment. Also, the

water is deep and the port is

wide, providing excellent natural port conditions.

Yeosusinhang Port consists of the New Port and

the Old Port. In preparation for the Expo 2012

Yeosu, exposition halls and floating hotels are

now being constructed around the New Port.

An international maritime city with sparkling blue waters

♠ 66-13 Deokchung-dong, Yeosu-si, Jeollanam-do province

□ http://veosu.mltm.go.kr

ivk840101@korea.kr

ivk840101@korea.kr

☐ Yeosu Airport ~ Yeosusinhang Port: 5 minutes

Yeosu Express Bus Terminal ~ Yeosusinhang Port: 15 minutes



metropolitan area, the center of Korea. As it is surrounded by natural embankment, the port is protected from typhoons or tidal waves. With the opening of new routes to the U.S., Europe, and Southeast Asia as well as China and Japan, Pyeongtaekhang is reborn as a leading international port in the West Coast.

PASSENGER TERMINAL

PORT FACILITIES

Name	Pyeongtaekhang port
Area	International Passenger Terminal : Total: 7,259 m² (Building Ga: 6,178m², Building Na: 396m², Building Sa: 685m²)
Berthing capacity	2 vessels of 26,000 tons
Wharf length	202 m
Route / Width	30 km / 0.6~1 km
Mean depth	14 m
Tidal range	9~10 m
Major Facilities	Outdoor: Tourist Information Center 1st Floor: Canteen, restaurants, offices, duty-free shops, a currency exchange office 2nd Floor: Korea Tourism Organization, offices
Surrounding amenities	Commercial banks 20 minutes walk or 5 minutes by car

• PORT FACILITIES

Name	Yeosusinhang port (Completed by around 2011)
Area	Cruise terminal : 2,000 m ²
Berthing capacity	1 vessel of 80,000 tons
Wharf length	400 m
Route / Width	At least 150 m+ α (in preparation for bad weather and passage of hybrid vessels)
Mean depth	8.8 m
Tidal range	2.0 m
Major Facilities	Offices, CIQ facilities (arrivals and departures), other service facilities, etc.
Surrounding amenities	Banks and internet cafes 10 minutes away by car

• SERVICE ① Culture and tourism guides for foreigners who want to tour downtown Yeosu

2 Souvenirs

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Pyeongtaek is on the border between Gyeonggi-do and Chungcheongnam-do Provinces.

The Seoul metropolitan area and major cities in Chungcheongnam-do are within one hour by car from Pyeongtaek. Tourists can easily visit exciting attractions such as Everland and the Korean Folk Village as well as famous hot springs in Chungcheongnam-do. For more information, visit http://www.pyeongtaek.go.kr

Korean Folk Village



The Korean Folk Village is one of the top five outdoor museums in the world. It's a reproduction of a village during the Joseon Dynasty with houses of noble families as well as a traditional market just as they were in the past.

Asan Spavis

It is a hot spring water park that operates healing bath programs using hot spring water. In the park are large indoor bade pools, family pools, an oriental medicine center, and a health promotion center.

Paradise Spa Dogo

It has high quality hot springs containing sulfur and is recognized as one of the four major hot springs in Asia. It is designed to focus on healing diseases and has advanced aqua therapy facilities.

Pyeongtaekho Lake

It is an artificial lake created after the Sapgyoho Breakwater was built in 1973. It is a popular weekend destination with the beautiful view of the West Sea and tran-



SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Yeosu is a city within the Dadohae National Marine Park that offers a breathtaking view of crystal-clear seawater.

The view of the many islands seen from the beach and the sun rising between the islands is one of Yeosu's prides. The best part of Yeosu is visiting Odongdo Island, where a beautiful camellia wood attracts visitors in early spring. For more information, visit http://www.yeosutravel.net

Hyangiram Hermitage



It is a Buddhist hermitage overlooking the Dadohae National Marine Park. It boasts a thick camellia forest and a magnificent view of the Dadohae National Marine Park. It also features one of the most beautiful sunrises in the South Coast.

Naganeupseong Folk Village

It is on the Tentative List as a potential nominee for the World Heritage List. About 100 traditional thatched houses including guest houses, vernacular houses, and markets are still very well preserved. As a filming site

for Jewel in the Palace, a megahit Korean drama, it is also a must-visit destination for Asian tourists who love the Korean pop culture.

Suncheonman Bay



the primitive natural eco system of the

It preserves

5,000 years. The S-shaped waterway of the bay is one of top 10 most beautiful sunset sites cited by Korean photographers, and it was a filming site of the popular korean drama Jewel in the Palace.

Soho Yacht Marina

It was a venue during the 1986 Asian Games. It is a popular tourist attraction with a picturesque view of the blue seas and white sails

12 CRUISE, KOREA Yeosusinhang Port 1.3 MOKPO AREA

Mokposinhang Port

A port connecting Korea, China, and Japan



Mokpo Station ~ Mokposinhang Port: 20 minutes



PASSENGER TERMINAL

PORT FACILITIES

Name	Mokposinhang port
Area	6,611.6 m ²
Berthing capacity	4 vessels of 30,000 tons 1 vessel of 5,000 tons
Wharf length	1,150 m
Route / Width	
Mean depth	12 m~15 m
Tidal range	Up to 4 m
Major Facilities	Open-air storage yard of general cargo wharf (60,000 m²), multi-purpose wharf (300,000 m²)
Surrounding amenities	Banks, internet cafes, post offices, and payphone booths are only 5 minutes away by car. Various convenient facilities downtown Mokpo, 20 to 30 minutes by car

- SERVICE
- 1) Tour guides for Mokpo and surrounding areas
- 2 Welcome ceremony (advance contact required)

Gunsanhang Port

A promising port city



♠ 1668 Soryong-dong, Gunsan-si, Jeollabuk-do province



PASSENGER TERMINAL

PORT FACILITIES

Name	Gunsanhang port
Area	1^{st} Floor : 3,914 m ² 2^{nd} Floor : 3,253 m ²
Berthing capacity	1 vessel of 15,000 tons
Wharf length	180 m
Route / Width	5 m / 5 m
Mean depth	5 m
Tidal range	7.5 m
Major Facilities	CIQ offices, passenger waiting room, arrival and departure lounges, convenient facilities (currency exchange office, canteen, and general store)
Surrounding amenities	A post office, internet cafes, banks, payphone booths, and accommodations within 10km radius
CEDVICE Accommodation subside par night	

- SERVICE
- 1 Accommodation subsidy per night
- ② Subsidy for tourist buses based in Gunsan (for group tours of 200 people or more)

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Mokpo is a city within the Dadohae National Marine Park and famous for beautiful landscape of islands and Mt. Yudalsan against the sea.

As Mokpo was in the route of trade ships, underwater relics have been frequently discovered.

For more information, visit http://www.mokpo.go.kr

Mt.Yudalsan



Also referred to as the 'Mt.Geumgangsan of the Honam region," it has high peaks and manyuniquely shaped rocks and cliffs. There is also an outdoor sculpture park that displays

44 pieces of works by renowned local and international artists.

National Research Institute of Maritime Cultural Heritage

This is an archaeological research institute that focuses on preserving, exhibiting, and studying the maritime history of Korea. It displays underwater relics, fishing village traditions, and unique boats from each region of Korea.

Muan White Lotus Pond

It is the largest natural habitat for white lotus in Asia. For about three months starting July, white lotuses flowers literally cover the pond. White lotus has big flowers and strong scent.

Uhang-ri Dinosaur Museum



Uhang-ri is a worldfamous fossil site, where the biggest dinosaur footprints and largest number of dinosaur footprints have been found.

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Gunsan is a well-known habitat for migratory birds at the mouth of the Geumgang River.

It was a prosperous port city during the Joseon Dynasty.

Today, it is a popular stopover for tourists traveling the southern parts of Korea, and it is close to Jeonju, which represents the long history and tradition of Korea. For more information, visit http://www.gunsan.go.kr

Jeonju Hanok Village



It is the largest *hanok* (traditional Korean house) village in Korea. The village was built around 1930 and now consists of about 700 *hanok* including those built 100 years ago. There are also tile-roofed houses made of Japanese bricks.

Byeonsan PeninsulaNational Marine Park

This is an ecological tourist attraction where the natural ecosystem is well preserved, and where rare plants and ani-

mals inhabit. It offers a magnificent view of mountains and coastal cliffs such as Chaeseokgang and Jeokbyeokgang.

Saemangeur



Saemangeum is the place where the world's longest embankment and the world's largest reclaimed land are

being constructed. Many people visit to see the mud flats and the sea being transformed into land.

Geumgang Migratory Bird Observatory

The Geumgang River is a winter habitat for tens of thousands of Baikal teals, which are rare migratory birds. The observatory offers a beautiful view of migratory birds flocking into the Geumgang River.

1.4 CRUISE, KOREA Gunsanhang Port 1.5

SOKCHO AREA **DONGHAE AREA**

Sokchohang Port

A Port City where a lake serves as the inner port

- ♠ Dongmyeong-dong, Sokcho-si, Gangwon-do
- □ http://sokcho.gangwon.kr
- granada111@korea.kr

 dranada111@korea.kr
- ☐ Yangyang International Airport ~ Sokchohang Port: 40 minutes Sokcho Express Bus Terminal ~ Sokchohang Port: 15 minutes

Donghaehang Port

A port of trade and tourism

★ 1147 Songjeong-dong, Donghae-si, Gangwon-do

(s) 82-33-520-6173 **a** 82-33-520-6160

☐ http://donghae.mltm.go.kr/index.do

kih100@korea.kr

☐ Yangyang International Airport ~ Donghaehang Port: 80 minutes Donghae Express Bus Terminal ~ Donghaehang Port: 15 minutes

Donghae Station ~ Donghaehang Port: 5 minutes



Sokchohang has grown into a major port in Gangwondo since coastal routes were developed in 1905. In the port is Cheongchoho Lake,

as the inner port. As the lake

is used as the inner port, outside impacts are minimized, supporting stable berthing.

PASSENGER TERMINAL

PORT FACILITIES

Area	541,000 m ²
Berthing capacity	1 vessel of 30,000 tons 1 vessel of 20,000 tons
Wharf length	270 m
Route / Width	100 m
Mean depth	9~13 m
Tidal range	19.5 cm
Major Facilities	Tourist Information Center, Canteen, restaurants, offices, CIQ facilities (arrivals and departures), Banks
Surrounding amenities	All facilities such as banks, a post office, payphone booths, internet cafes ets. are located close to the port in the downtown area, which is very close to the port

- SERVICE
- 1 Welcome ceremony (advance contact required)
- 2 Welcome plague for newly entering cruise liners
- ③ With on-board CIQ manager, allows for shorters processing time
- 4 Commemorative plaque granted

Constructed in 1979, Donghaehang was aimed at marketing the abundant natural resources of Gangwon-do Province. Unlike other ports in

Korea, the Donghaehang Port offers a variety of incentive programs to customers.

PASSENGER TERMINAL

• PORT FACILITIES

Area	876,755.8 m ²
Berthing capacity	1 vessel of 50,000 tons 1 vessel of 20,000 tons 1 vessel of 10,000 tons
Wharf length	1,190 m
Route / Width	260 m
Mean depth	9~12 m (front of the northern wharf)
Tidal range	30 m
Major Facilities	Tourist Information center, Canteen, restaurants, payphone booths
Surrounding amenities	Payphone booths in front of the port Convenient facilities including banks and a post office in downtown, 5 to 10 minutes away by car

- SERVICE ① Chinese, Russian, and Japanese speaking tour guides are available at the Tourist Information Center
 - 2 150,000 won subsidy given to tourist who take bus to Donghae
 - 3 Incentive to attract shipping companies, shippers, and forwarders

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

Sokcho is a tourist city, where Mt. Seoraksan, the most famous mountain in Korea, is located.

Visitors can enjoy both mountains and the sea. With famous hot springs and spa resorts, Sokcho attracts tourists who wish to feel the energy of sports as well as rest and relax.

For more information. visit http://www.sokchotour.com

Seoraksan National Park



The beautiful and grand Mt. Seoraksan is most-loved by Koreans. Visitors can appreciate different aspects of the mountain according to the various hiking courses

Seorak Waterpia

This hot spring water park has swimming facilities and outdoor spas. It uses natural hot spring water at temperatures of 49 °C.

Seorak Aquaworld

This spa resort uses natural bedrock water gushing from 450 m underground. The water contains mild alkaline sodium carbonate, offering various health benefits.

Seorak Cinerama



This open drama set features 100 architectural structures such as Tang style buildings, and palaces and offices of the Goguryeo and Balhae times.

SIGHTSEEING SPOTS

With over 30% of the city designated as a Special Tourist Zone, there is a lot to see and enjoy in Donghae.

Visitors can visit limestone caves. valleys, beaches and much more. Donghae is a popular destination for fans of the Korean pop culture, because a number of Korean dramas and movies were filmed in Donghae and other nearby areas. For more information, visit http://www.dhtour.go.kr

Cheongok Cave



This imestone cave is presumed to have been created 400 to 500 million years ago. It is also called underground palace,"

served rare stones including stalactites, stalactite waterfalls, stalagmites, and stalactite columns within the cave. As the cave is located in downtown Donghae, touri-sts can visit both the cave and downtown attractions. Port and medicinal herbs and wild greens picked in nearby mountains line the market streets. There are also many local restaurants that serve traditional Gangwon-do

Mureung Valley

In the popular Korean drama Hwang Jini, the main character, played by Ha Jiwon, takes a bath in a little valley, and this is where that scene was shot. Since the drama was exported overseas, Mureung Valley has become a popular tourist destination among foreign fans. It is also a popular trekking course with clear waters flowing along the valley.

Bukpyeong Five-day Marke



It is one of the top three traditional markets in Korea and the largest traditional market in Gangwon-do Province. Over 800 street vendors selling fresh seafood caught in Mukhohang Port and medicinal herbs and wild greens picked in nearby mountains line the market streets. There are also many local restaurants that serve traditional Gangwon-do cuisine.

Donghaehang Port 17 16 CRUISE, KOREA

rea at a Glance

Major cities and international airports

The Korean Peninsula is located in the eastern tip of the Asian Continent. It's total area is 221.135 km2: South Korea has 99.461 km²(41% of the land). It consists of one special city (Seoul), six metropolitan cities (Busan, Daejeon, Daegu, Incheon, Gwangju, and Ulsan), and nine provinces (Gyeonggi-do, Gangwondo, Jeollabuk-do, Jeollanam-do, Chungcheongbukdo, Chungcheongnam-do, Gyeongsangbuk-do, Gyeongsangnam-do, and Jeju Special Self-Governing Province).

Map of Korea





10 Incheon

1 Gwangju

Muan

📵 Jeju

International Airport

International Airport

International Airport

International Airport

Gunsan Airport

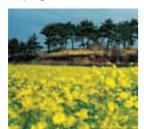
Yeosu Airport

- Yangyang International Airport Wonju Airport
- 3 Cheongju
- International Airport O Daegu International
- Airport 9 Pohang Airport
- **6** Ulsan Airport
- Gimhae International Airport
- Sacheon Airport Gimpo
- International Airport

Climate

With four very distinct season, Korean lies in the temperate zone.

Spring



From late March to May, the average temperatures are between 15-19°C. Winter's cold breeze, which in Korean is called kkotsaemchuwi (lit. winter jea-

lous of the flowering spring) still remains until late March. With migratory anticyclone developing, it is mostly clear and dry in spring.

Summer

From June to early September, due to hot and humid Northern Pacific high pressure, it is hot and humid with average temperatures between 23~ 27℃. With the seasonal



rain front moving up from the south in late June, the monsoon season lasts for about 30 days.



Autumn

rom September to November, although relatively warm,the difference between daily highs and lows is big. Days are usually

clear, but due to typhoons developing in the Pacific, there are occasional heavy rainfalls.

Winter



From December to mid-March, due to the cold and dry continental anticyclone, it is cold and dry with an average tempera-

ture of -6~7°C. Most precipi-tation is in the form of snow in winter. In particular, eastern mountainous regions have an average of 250 cm of snowfall per year, and therefore, many ski resorts are located on the eastern regions

Average Monthly Temperatures

Category	Average temperature (°C)	Precipitation (mm)
Jan.	-2.5	21.6
Feb.	-0.3	23.6
Mar.	5.2	45.8
Apr.	12.1	77.0
May	17.4	102.2
Jun.	21.9	133.3
Jul.	24.9	327.9
Aug.	25.4	348.0
Sept.	20.8	137.6
Oct.	14.4	49.3
Nov.	6.9	53.0
Dec.	0.2	24.9

History

Prehistoric times (700,000 years ago~2,000 B.C.) Three Kingdom Era (108 B.C.~676 A.D.) United Silla (676~935) Goryeo Dynasty (918~1392) Joseon Dynasty (1392~1910) Japanese Colonial Rule (1910~1945) Korea (1945~ present)

Prehistoric times began on the Korean Peninsula about 700.000 years ago when people started to settle on the Korean Peninsula. In 2,000 B.C., the Bronze Age culture was introduced to the peninsula, leading to the establishment of Gojoseon, the first nation in Korean history. Since the end of 14th century, the Joseon Dynasty had ruled the Korean Peninsula. However, Joseon was forcefully opened to the outside world by the Japanese in 1876 and colonized by Japan with the Japan-Korea Annexation Treaty in 1910. After liberalization in 1945, the Republic of Korea was founded, However, the Korean Peninsula was divided into South and North Koreas with the Korean War in 1950. Today, the two Koreas are engaged in various exchange programs to prepare for unification.

KOREA TOURISM ORGANIZATION OFFICES

HEAD OFFICE

★ 40 Cheonggyecheon-ro, Jung-gu, Seoul 100-180, South Korea

☎ 82-2-729-9600 **♣** 82-2-757-5997

OVERSEAS OFFICES

AMERICA

Toll free: (800) 868-7567 (North America)

- ↑ 737 North Michigan Ave. Suite 910Chicago, IL 60611, U.S.A.
- **1**-312-981-1717-9 **1**-312-981-1721
- chicago@kntoamerica.com

LOS ANGELES

- ↑ 5509 Wilshire Blvd. Suite 201 Los Angeles, CA 90036, U.S.A.
- **☎** 1-323-634-0280 **♣** 1-323-634-0281
- ▼ la@kntoamerica.com

- ↑ Two Executive Drive Suite 750 Fort Lee, NJ 07024, U.S.A.
- **☎** 1-201-585-0909 **♣** 1-201-585-9041

- ↑ 700 Bay Street, Suite 1903 Toronto, Ontario, M5G 1Z6,
- **☎** 1-416-348-9056/7 **▶** 1-416-348-9058
- ▼ toronto@knto.ca

OCEANIA

SYDNFY

♠ Level 18 (Suite 1807), Australia Square Tower, 264 George St., Sydney NSW 2000, Australia

- **2** 61-2-9252-4147/8 **2** 61-2-9251-2104
- visitkorea@knto.org.au

• EUROPE

FRANKFURT

♠ Baseler Str 35-37, 60329 Frankfurt am Main, Germany **49-69-233226 49-69-253519**

↑ Tour Maine Montparnasse, 33 Avenue du Maine, B.P. 169, 75755 Paris Cedex 15, France **☆** 33-1-4538-7123 **♣** 33-1-4538-7471

ontc@club-internet.fr

LONDON

- ★ 3rd Fl. New Zealand House, Haymarket, London, SW1Y 4TE, U.K.
- **44-20-7321-2535 44-20-7321-0876**
- ✓ london@mail.knto.or.kr

MOSCOW

- ★ 4th Fl. Business Center "Mosalarko Plaza", 16, Marksistskaya Str., Moscow, 109147, Russia
- **7**-495-735-4240 **7**-495-735-4246 kntomc@visitkorea.or.kr

VLADIVOSTOK

- ♠ Vladivostok Business Center "Hyundai" Office 501, 29 Semyonovskaya Str., Vladivostok, 690091, Russia **☎** 7-4232-49-1163 **♣** 7-4232-49-1176
- knto_vl@mail.ru

ASIA BANGKOK

- ♠ Esplanade Ground Fl., G02A 99 Rachadapisek Rd. Dindaeng, Bangkok 10400, Thailand **a** 66-2-354-2080/2 **a** 66-2-354-2083

- ↑ 19th Fl., Dubai World Trade Center, P.O. Box 9488, Dubai, UAE
- **2** 971-4-331-2288 **2** 971-4-331-0999
- knto@eim.ae

ΚΙΙΔΙ Δ Ι ΙΙΜΡΙΙΒ

- Ramlee, 50250
- **☎** 60-3-2143-9000 **♣** 60-3-2142-2515
- info@knto.com.my

 info@kn

NEW DEHLL

- ★ GR-03, Multiplex Bldg., Select City Walk, Saket District Center, New Delhi-110017, India
- **2** 91-11-4609-5707 **2** 91-11-4501-2481
- india@knto or kr

 india

 i

- ♠ Samsung Hub, 3 Church Street #01-02, Singapore
- **65**-6533-0441/2 **65**-6534-3427

- ★ Korea Center Building 3 Fl., Guanghua Xili Chaoyang Beijing 100020. China
- **286-10-6585-8213/4 286-10-6585-8147**
- beijing@visitkorea.or.kr

GUANG7HOU

- ★ KTO Guangzhou Office, Room 109C, 1F, Fortune Plaza, No.114-118, Tiyudong Road, 510620 Guangzhou, P.R. China **86-20-3893-1639 86-20-3893-1221**
- kntogz@126.com

HONG KONG

- ↑ Unit 2202-2203, 22F. World Trade Centre, 280 Gloucester Road, CAUSEWAY BAY, Hong Kong
- **2** 852-2523-8065 **3** 852-2845-0765 ■ general@knto.com.hk

OINGDAO

- ↑ Room 18-D Wangjiao Building, 73 HK Rd.(M) Qingdao
- **2** 86-532-8587-5692 **3** 86-532-8587-5992
- gdknto@yahoo.com.cn

SHANGHAL

- ↑ Room 502, Huizhi Building, No.396 Caoxi Rd. (N), Shanghai, China
- **2** 86-21-5169-7933 **2** 86-21-3368-8612
- ssanghai@mail.knto.or.kr

SHENYANG

- ♠ Room 703, Tower C, President Building, 69 North Heping Street, Heping District, Shenyang, China
- **2** 86-24-2281-4155/4255 **3** 86-24-2281-5155
- xto_sy@126.com

 xiting
 xi

- ↑ Room 2213 Int'l Trade Center Bldg., 333 Keelung Rd. Sec. 1. 10548 Taipei, P.R. China
- **☎** 886-2-2720-8281 **≜** 886-2-2757-6514

FUKUOKA

- ↑ Asahi Bldg. 5 Fl., 1-1 2-chome, Hakata-ekimae, Hakataku, Fukuoka, 812-0011, Japan
- **2** 81-92-471-7174/5 **2** 81-92-474-8015

- ♠ Korea Tourism Organization, Nagoya Office, SMBC Nagoya Bldg. 1Fl., 2-18-19 Nishiki, Naka-ku, Nagoya 460-0003,
- **☎** 81-52-223-3211/2 **♣** 81-52-223-3213
- nagoya@visitkorea.or.kr

- ★ KAL Bldg. 8 Fl., 1-9 3-chome, Hon-machi, Chuo-ku Osaka, 541-0053 Janan
- **2** 81-6-6266-0847 **2** 81-6-6266-0803
- osaka@visitkorea.or.kr

- ↑ Mituisumitomokaijo Sendai B/D 1, 2 Fl., 5-27 Ichibancho. 2-chome, Aoba-ku, Sendai-shi, Miyagi, Japan
- **81-22-711-5991 81-22-711-5993** sendai@visitkorea.or.kr / ktosendai@hotmail.com

TOKYO

- ↑ 1-1-7 Uchisaiwai-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 100-0011, Japan **☎** 81-3-3597-1717 **♣** 81-3-3591-4601

WORLD TOURISM ORGANIZATION (WTO) DISPATCH

- ↑ Calle Capitán Haya 42, 28020 Madrid, Spain
- **3**4-91-5679-306 **3**4-91-5713-733

KOREA TOURISM ORGANIZATION

Korea Tourism Organization (KTO) was established in 1962 as a government-funded organization to introduce Korea's attractiveness to the overseas tourism market and promote tourism within Korea. For more information on cruise programs and tourism in Korea, please contact us at the following address and feel free to ask any questions you may have: +82-2-7299-526





This printed matter has used the paper certified by an international environment preservation organization.



Bride's welcoming, Kim June Gun, 19th Century



Bibimbap: A spicy mixed rice and vegetable dish. A harmonious balance between freshness and flavours.

Communal dining. The more the merrier.

Koreans are generous by nature. They understand the meaning of togetherness. When it's time to eat, the whole community gathers together to share in the bounty of nature. And at every Korean table, there's always room for one more special guest. You.



