Development of The Gauge Change Train System in Japan

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1. The present state of Japanese railway

Railway Network in Japan



The present state of the passengers

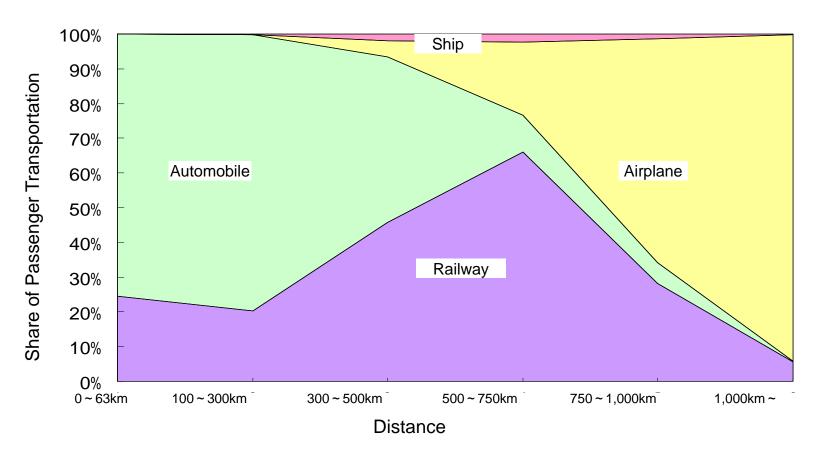
Number of Passengers and Passenger kilometer (2005)

	JR Conventional Lines	Shinkansen Lines
Number of Passengers	about 8,400 (Millions of People)	about 300 (Millions of People)
Passenger kilometer	about 170 (Billions of Passenger kilometer)	about 80 (Billions of Passenger kilometer)

(Fiscal year)

(Source: Ministry of Land Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism)

The Share of Passenger Transportation Modes According to Distances



(Source: Ministry of Land Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism)

2. The plan of Shinkansen network

Birth of the Shinkansen

Background

Economy

- High economic growth in 1950s
 →Increased movement of people and goods
- Decision to hold
 Tokyo Olympics in 1964

Railway

- Transportation demand increase Tokaido Line b/w Tokyo and Osaka
- Necessity of High speed mass transportation

Process

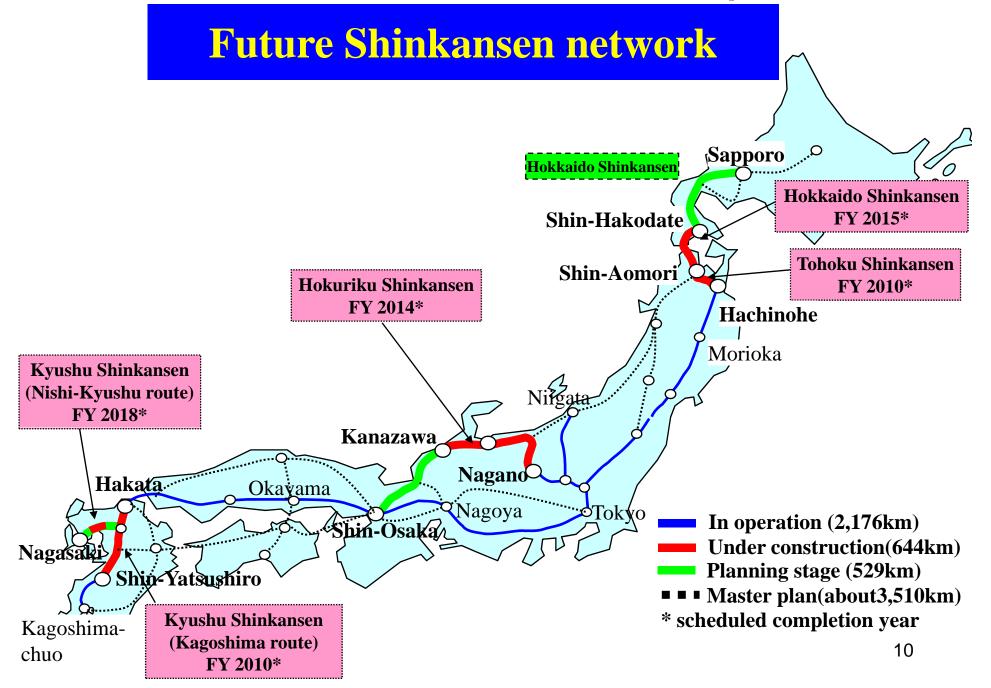
1958 Decision to construct Tokaido Shinkansen

1964 Opening of Tokaido Shinkansen



Shinkansen Network

Line	Section opened(year)	Distance (km)	
Tokaido	Tokyo ~ Shin-Osaka(1964)	515	
Sanvo	Shin-Osaka ~ Okayama(1972)	554	
	Okayama ~ Hakata(1975)	554	
Tohoku Tokyo	Omiya ~ Morioka(1982)		Sapporo S
	Ueno ~ Omiya(1985)	593	
	Tokyo ~ Ueno(1991)	593	Shin-Hakodate
	Morioka ~ Hachinohe(2002)		1 47
Joetsu	Omiya ~ Niigata(1982)	270	Shin-Aomori
Hokuriku	Takasaki ~ Nagano(1997)	117	Hachinohe
Kyushu	Shin-Yatsushiro ~ Kagoshima-Chuo(2004)	127	Morjoka
Total		2,176	Joetsu
2 3 3 5 5	Sanyo Shinkansen Hiroshima Okayama Kumasaoto Shin-Yatsushiro		Tohoku Shinkansen Nagano Takasaki Omiya Tokyo J R East J R Centr
\cup	goshima-Chuo <mark>Kyushu</mark>	Shin	J R Kyus



3. The concept of the Gauge Change Train in Japan

A 1994 report by the Council for Transport Technology

"What technology development in railways should be with the 21st century in perspective"

It is important to develop a gauge change train that can accommodate both standard and narrow gauge tracks. This would eliminate the need for passengers to change trains between the two types of gauge and improve the convenience of railway network

: Success21Plan

Starts a basic research (Railway Technical Research Institute)

December, 1996 Government and the ruling parties agreement

- About the handling of bullet train projects -

"Technological development etc. of a gauge changing train to benefit the effect of speed-up of the Shinkansen railway to other regions" is promoted.



The subsidy from the national government has been summed up since 1997 fiscal year.

Development scheme in gauge change train

JRTT is promoting this project under the direction of the MLIT.

Technology Research Association of Gauge Change Train is in charge of the development of technology





•MLIT:The Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism Government of Japan



direction



JRTT

*JRTT: The Japan Railway Construction, Transport and Technology Agency



consignment



Technology Research Association of Gauge Changing Train

member

- ·Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Ltd
- ·Kyushu Railway Company
- ·Shikoku Railway Company
- ·Sumitomo Metal Industries , Ltd.
- ·Tetsudo Kiki Kaisha, Ltd
- ·Railway Technical Research Institute
- ·Toshiba corporation
- ·Totetsu Kogyo co.Ltd
- · Nabtesco Corporation
- ·West Japan Railway Company
- ·Nippon syaryo ,Ltd
- · Hitachi .Ltd

4. The development of the Gauge Change Train System in Japan

Technical development of Gauge Change Train

Development and test run of The 1_{st} trial EMU train

October, 1998 : the 1st trial EMU train is completed.

April,1999 : Test run etc. at high speed are executed in the United States Pueblo railway

- January, 2001 examination line.

October, 2001 : Test run etc. are executed in domestic narrow gauge. Between August : Test run is executed with domestic standard gauge.

and October, 2004



Test run in Pueblo



Test run in domestic narrow gauge truck.



Test run in domestic standard gauge truck

The driving performance at 130 km/h is confirmed in the narrow gauge trucks.

The driving performance at about 200 km/h is confirmed in the standard gauge trucks.

Development and test run of new model

2005 fiscal year : The train production of The 2nd trial EMU train

March,2007 : New completion of the train and test run in the factory,

etc. are executed

December,2007 : Test run in domestic narrow gauge truck is begun.

Between June : The execution of the improvement of the new train set.

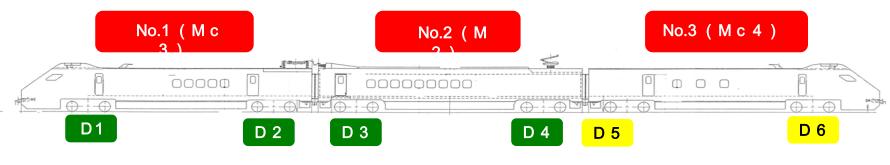
and December, 2008

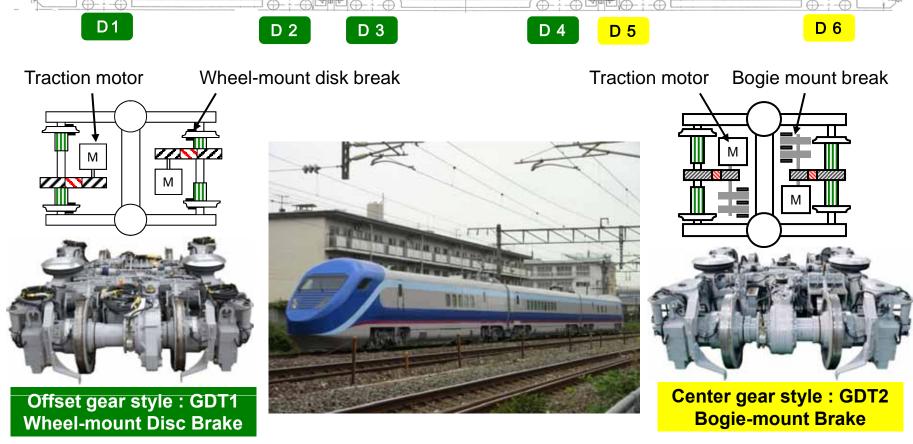
January, 2009 : Test run in domestic narrow gauge is begun.



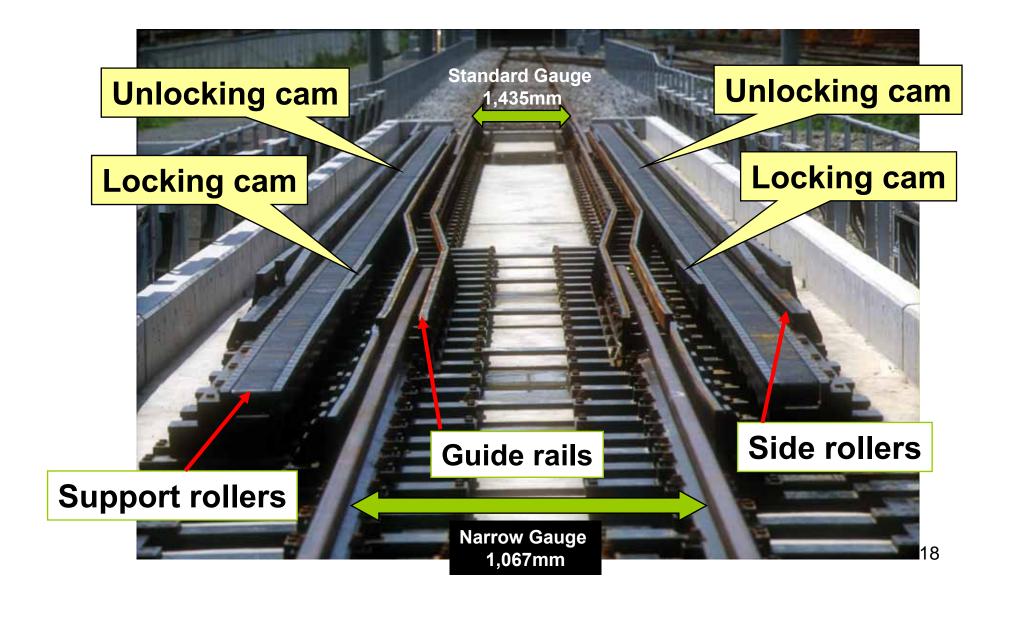
New train in test run

The 2nd Trial Gauge Change Train Set

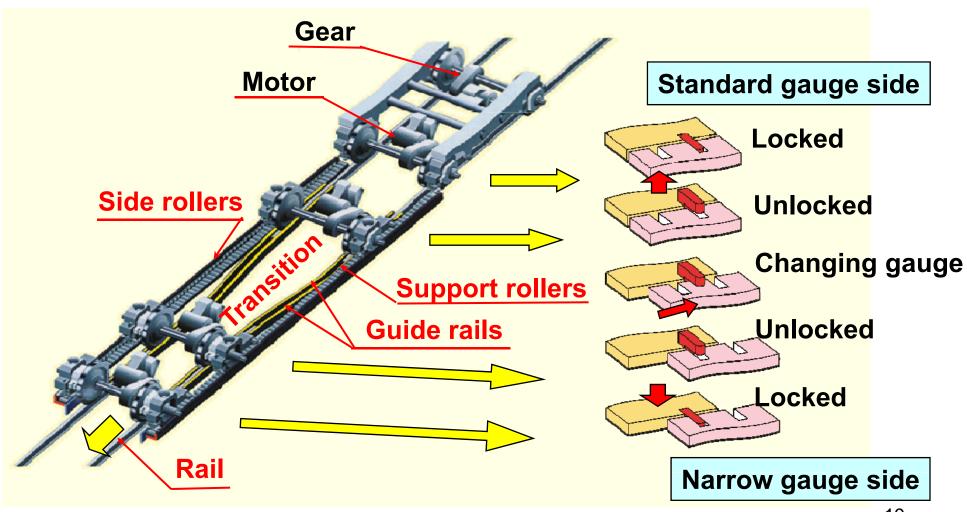




Gauge Change Equipment



Gauge Change Mechanism



The 2nd Trial Gauge Change Train is under Test Running



<Next Schedule>
High-speed Running Test on Kyushu-Shinkansen Line
(July-December 2009)

