Woolly Sedge Carex pellita

Cyperaceae—Sedge family

by Tom Reaume © 2010 Nature Manitoba

Grant:

THE WINNIPEG DUNDATION

A colonial, variable **perennial sedge** 15–90 cm tall with scaly **rhizomes** 6–25 cm long by 2–3 mm thick; in sandy pond margins, marshes, ditches, wet meadows and along riverbanks, and other disturbed calcareous sites.

- FLOWERS Green and brown, blooming April-June; inflorescence a unisexual (usually) spike, total length from bottom spike to top spike 13 (7–25) cm; male spikes terminal 1-3, often sessile and imbricate, each 1-4 cm long by 2-4 mm wide, the apical one the longest, ascending; subtending bract of lowest male spike 10 (4-36) mm long, reduced above, filliform, ascending, awnlike at tips, each usually not longer than its spike, the base wide with hyaline margins; peduncles from bottom of top female spike to base of lowest male spike is 4.6 (1.3-9) cm long and scabrous; male scales 4-6.1 mm long by c. 1.4 mm wide, widest above middle; female spikes 1-3, lateral, remote, the lowest two 5.1 (2.3-8.6) cm apart, ascending, often sessile, each 30- to 60-flowered, 1.9 (0.8-3.1) cm long by 5-7 mm wide, the lowest spike 24 (18-32) cm above the top stem leaf's collar; subtending bracts 15 (1-30) cm long by 1.7-3 mm wide, reduced above, scabrous along margins, ascending to descending, lowest one may extend past the top male spike; **peduncles** 0–10 mm long; stigmas 3; perigynia round, 6-ranked, ascending, each 2.5-5.2 mm long by 1.2-2.8 mm wide by 1.7-2 mm thick, brownish when ripe, walls thin, 15- to 20-nerved, these visible near base, obscured by hairs above; beak slightly hairy, 0.5-1.6 mm long, bidentate, teeth 0.3-0.8 mm long, ascending; **female scales** 2.5–5.3 mm long by 0.8–1.6 mm wide, sometimes ciliate, usually shorter and narrower than the perigynia, tip tapered to awnlike, midvein tan, persistent after perigynia fall; flower to fruit 6-8 weeks.
- FRUIT an achene, May-September, one per perigynium, 1-seeded, bluntly triangular, 1.5–2.1 mm long by 1.2–1.6 mm wide, walls c. 0.1 mm thick, sides concave below to convex above, filling most of the perigynium; style with a little bend at its base, c. 1 mm long.
- LEAVES erect to ascending, 3–7 per culm; blades 10–50 cm long by 2–6 mm wide, flat to slightly V-shaped, midrib obvious, sharply keeled below (dorsally), margins often revolute, glabrous to scabrous, sometimes extending past the top male spike, wilted tan blades around the base of new spring growth; sheaths closed, glabrous, apices concave with a purple or rusty line or blotch, laddering early, reddish at the base, persistent; ligules unremarkable, 2–10 mm long; vegetative plants 65–100 cm tall, with continuous growth over the summer; blades strongly V-shaped, the 5 or 6 leaves 3–4 mm wide (flattened) with arched apices.
- STEM a culm, erect to leaning, sharply triangular and scabrous above, 1.4–3 mm wide across a side at mid-height; bases brown to reddish, 3–4 mm wide, bluntly triangular.
- RANGE: (CAN) 9 provinces; (USA) 40 states, absent in the southeast; a native.



Woolly Sedge occupies mainly the watery center of this shallow ditch in Winnipeg, Manitoba



A tangle of plants with brown $\mathbf{M} \text{ale}$ spikes and yellowish green $\mathbf{F} \text{emale}$ spikes

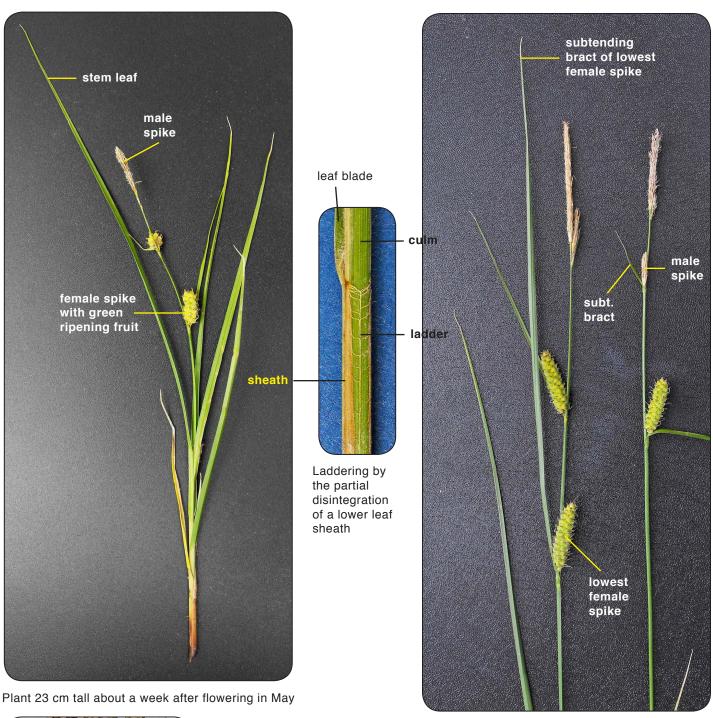


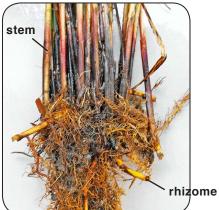
Both spikes several days after blooming



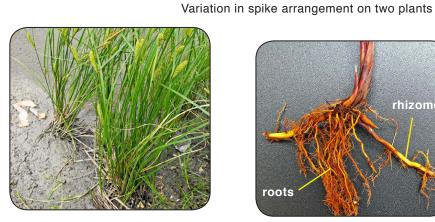
3 male spikes 5 cm long

Female spike 2 cm long

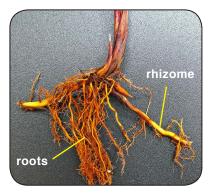




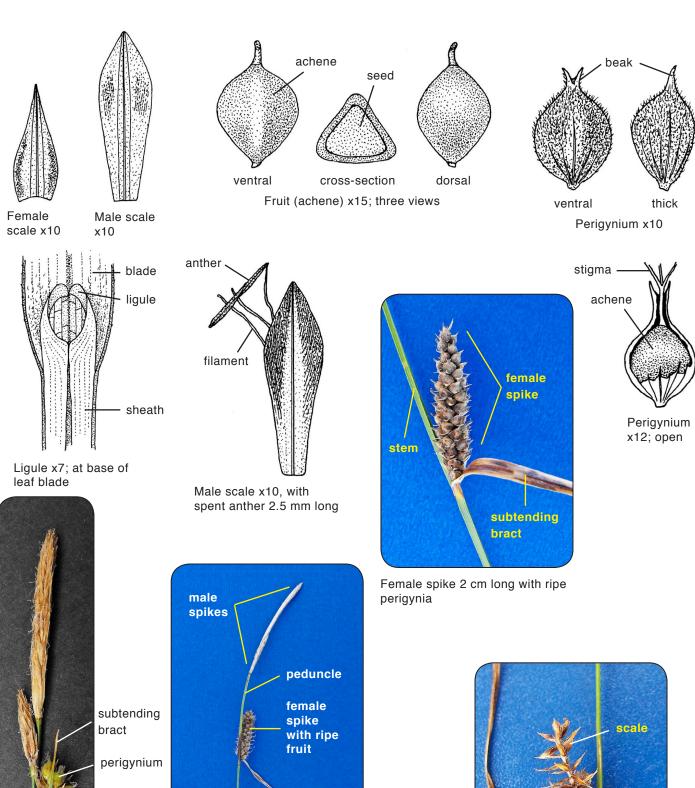
A cluster of stem bases with a tangle of roots and rhizomes

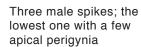


Bases of Woolly Sedge in ditch



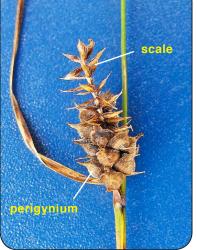
Roots and rhizomes of one plant





Upper part of Woolly Sedge with ripe fruit in July

subtending bract



Female spike 13 mm long; perigynia fall leaving the scales