PRR CHRONOLOGY 1976

Jan. 5, 1976	Amtrak board authorizes purchase of Northeast Corridor from Penn Central rather than lease from Conrail.			
Jan. 5, 1976	Penn Central opens new TrailVan terminal at Newark, Del. (PR)			
Jan. 5, 1976	New Jersey Assembly defeats Gov. Byrne's plan for \$37 million supplemental budget appropriation to prevent cutbacks in rail and bus subsidy programs. (NYT)			
Jan. 6, 1976	SEPTA agrees to buy Reading's Newtown, Doylestown and Chestnut Hill Lines and Penn Central's Chestnut Hill, and West Chester Lines, which are not included in Final System Plan, plus 30th Street Station, for \$7 million; 80% to be paid by Urban Mass Transportation Administration and 20% by Pennsylvania. (NYT)			
Jan. 15, 1976	US DOT announces it is paying principal of \$50 million in Penn Central certificates falling due this day; Penn Central Trustees pay interest. (RyAge)			
Jan. 16, 1976	Amtrak assumes control of Penn Central's 12th Street coach yard and 16th Street locomotive shop at Chicago.			
Jan. 18, 1976	Amtrak assumes control of maintenance of equipment facilities at South Bay Yard and South Station, Boston.			
Jan. 1976	GE is sole bidder on 160 "Jersey Arrow II" (?) cars to reequip Erie Lackawanna commuter lines. (RyAge)			
Jan. 1976	MTA announces it will spend \$750,000 to retrofit doors on all 766 M-1 "Metropolitan MU cars. (RyAge)			
Jan. 28, 1976	Amtrak assumes operation of Penn Coach Yard and Race Street engine house at Philadelphia, plus equipment servicing facilities at Harrisburg, Detroit, Buffalo, and Rensselaer.			
Jan. 31, 1976	State of New Jersey cancels \$1 million annual contract payments to PRSL.			
Feb. 1, 1976	Penn Central has 8,478 route miles under slow orders. (RyAge)			
Feb. 1, 1976	Penn Central removes coin lockers from Grand Central Terminal.			

(Shappell)

Feb. 2, 1976	PRSL applies to abandon all passenger service. effective Feb. 7.				
Feb. 5, 1976	President Ford signs Railroad Revitalization & Regulatory Reform Act (4R Act) calling for U.S. to invest \$2.1 billion in Conrail lines as a result of refusal of Chessie System, Inc., and Southern Railway to take 2,000 miles of bankrupt lines; Conrail will thus be about 17,000 miles; includes \$1.75 billion for track, signal and electrification improvements in Northeast Corridor, including electrification to Boston; USRA is to receive Conrail Series A preferred stock in return for government investment; bankrupts are to receive Series B preferred in return for properties; USRA is to name six directors and trustees of Series B to name five, plus President and Chairman; USRA is to serve as Conrail's banker for immediate future. (USRA, PR)				
Feb. 1976	C&O withdraws commitment to assume portions of former Erie Lackawanna Railway; USRA adopts fall-back plan of single "Big Conrail". (USRA)				
Feb.? 1976	Rebuilt Rahway, N.J., station opens; new eastbound head house and rebuild westbound platform. (PCPost)				
Feb. 10, 1976	Consolidated Rail Corporation (Conrail) files incorporation papers in Pennsylvania. (Moodys)				
Feb. 11, 1976	Amtrak assumes operation of Penn Station and Sunnyside Yard.				
Feb. 11, 1976	Penn Central postpones abandonment of 390 light-traffic line segments totaling 5,000 miles from Feb. 27 to April 1.				
Feb. 12, 1976	Conrail Chairman and CEO Edward G. Jordan announces there will be a single, unified Conrail, after C&O and Southern Railway withdraw their offers for assuming certain lines totaling about 2,000 miles. (PR, Guide)				
Feb. 13, 1976	ICC grants permission for PRSL to formally abandon Wildwood Branch, unused since June 1974. (PRRFAX)				
Feb. 15, 1976	Amfleet cars permanently assigned to the <i>Minute Man, Senator, Merchants Limited</i> and <i>Bicentennial</i> (a new train No. 168, Washington-Boston) and also on the <i>Murray Hill</i> southbound and the <i>New Yorker</i> northbound; Amfleet trains make run in 3:55 vs. 3:00 for "Metroliners"; "Metroliner" service reduced from 15 to 13 round trips as cars pulled for overhaul; one <i>Turbotrain</i> trip				

dropped between Boston and Providence; Boston-Washington
round trips cut from 13 to 12; New York-Washington increased
from 18 to 20; 8 stops added at Capital Beltway because of loss of
parking spaces at Union Station to National Visitors' Center
construction. (PTJ, RyAge, Guide)

Feb. 1976	Pennsylvania Company sells 40,656 shares of Distribution International, Inc. (formerly Strick, Inc.) back to its management.				
Feb. 1976	Amtrak begins refurbishing Baltimore Station. (AmtkNews)				
Feb. 1976	Office of Northeast Corridor Development established in Federal Railroad Administration. (NAF)				
Feb. 19, 1976	At news conference, N.J. Gov. Brendan Byrne notes state may run out of transit subsidy money, resulting in cancellation of bus service and reductions in rail service. (NYT)				
Feb. 24, 1976 Feb. 27, 1976	Amtrak assumes operation of Wilmington Shops. D.T.I Enterprises, Inc. transfers its 60% interest in five surviving PRR equipment companies to Pennsylvania Company. (Compt)				
Mar. 1, 1976	Penn Central suffers 1,783 derailments in first two months of 1976; up 78% from JanFeb. 1975. (RyAge)				
Mar. 1, 1976	Amtrak makes USARail pass available to U.S. citizens.				
Mar. 1, 1976	Reading Pres. Charles E. Bertrand named Amtrak's VP & General Manager of Northeast Corridor. (RyAge)				
Mar. 3, 1976	Conrail Chairman Edward G. Jordan announces structure of top management; draws from old companies, other railroads and from outside the railroad industry; reporting to Chairman Jordan are: Senior VP-Strategic Planning Leo F. Mullin (ex-McKinsey & Co.); Chief Financial Officer, VP & Treasurer Robert V. Wadden (non-railroad); VP-Public Affairs Donald J. Martin (ex-Scott Paper); VP-Government Affairs John L. Sweeney (private consultant); and Assistant VP-Executive & Organizational Development David R. McCarthy (ex-DOT). (PR)				
Mar. 3, 1976	Conrail operating structure announced: reporting to Pres. Richard D. Spence are: Senior VP-Operations A.M. Schofield (continuing				

from PC); VP-Marketing Welborn E. Alexander (continuing from PC); VP-Operations Planning & Control Carl M. Taylor (ex-Union

Assistant VP-Integration & Consolidation Robert H. Clement (ex-

Oil Co.); VP-Sales Ralph N. Cramer (continuing from PC);

Deputy Under Secretary of DOT); Assistant VP-Systems Michael
D. Sims (continuing from PC); and Director-Purchases J.A. Smith
(continuing from PC); reporting to Senior VP-Operations
Schofield are: Chief Mechanical Officer James J. Butler (ex-
Reading); Chief Engineering Officer Benjamin J. Gordon
(continuing from PC); and VP-Transportation Richard B.
Hasselman (continuing from PC). (PR)

	Hassennan (continuing from FC). (FK)
Mar. 9, 1976	USRA announces that D&H will be granted trackage rights from Sunbury to Potomac Yard and over ex-LV line between Pittston and Oak Island to provide competition for Conrail; also trackage rights over Erie Lackawanna line (RyAge)
Mar. 12, 1976	USRA and Conrail sign financing agreement making \$2.026 billion available for operations and improvements.
Mar. 12, 1976	Chessie System, Inc., announces it is withdrawing its offer to purchase parts of Erie Lackawanna Railway and Reading because of inability to reach satisfactory labor agreements; UTU in particular balked at signing new contracts with Chessie as could obtain more generous buyout provisions from Conrail.
Mar. 1976	Report by Ford, Bacon & Davis, engineers, recommends restoring Rail commuter service between Pittsburgh and Derry on ex-PRR main line. (RyAge)
Mar. 22, 1976	Michigan Northern Railway incorporated. (3/18, filed 3/22) (MichRRs)
Mar. 26, 1976	Pres. Ford signs legislation changing state of incorporation for Conrail from Delaware to Pennsylvania and increasing the amount of securities it can issue. (NYT)
Mar. 26, 1976	New York Stock Exchange announces it will delist 73 rail stock and bond issues, whose companies are to transfer assets to Conrail. (NYT)
Mar. 27, 1976	Penn Central abandons freight service between Wassaic and Chatham on New York & Harlem line.
Mar. 28, 1976	Last through freight operates over Bel-Del Branch, BL-6 from Wilmington to Phillipsburg; Conrail establishes alternate route via ex-Reading North Penn Branch to Bethlehem. (Lee)

Mar. 29, 1976

First section of DC Metro opens for revenue service; Red Line between Rhode Island Avenue and Farragut North provides first

efficient transit link between Union Station and business district; Red Line north of Union Station follows B&O right of way. (RyAge)

Mar. 29, 1976 All employees moved from Indianapolis Union Station to Penn Central Building at 31 East Georgia Street. (Hetherington)

Mar. 30, 1976 Canada Southern Railway pays out its \$9 million reserve fund as a special dividend to stockholders on the eve of Conrail's taking over the lease.

Mar. 30, 1976 Changeover to Conrail begins at 5:00 PM in blocking eastbound freight on UP at North Platte, Neb.

Mar. 31, 1976 During afternoon and evening, controls gradually shifted from operations centers of EL (Cleveland), LV (Bethlehem), and CNJ (Elizabethport) to Conrail center at Philadelphia.

Conrail goes into operation at 12:01 AM; Richard G. Jordan of Apr. 1, 1976 USRA is first CR Chairman and CEO; Richard D. Spence, ex-VP-Operations of Southern Pacific, is President and COO.

> Conrail Regional structure established with eight Regions, each under a General Manager: Metropolitan Region consisting of ex-NYC and NH commuter lines at New York; Northeastern Region with headquarters at New Haven consisting of ex-NH and NYC lines between Boston and Buffalo; Atlantic Region with headquarters at Newark consisting of former CNJ, LV and EL lines, plus Northeast Corridor between New York and Trenton and the ex-NYC River Line to Selkirk; Eastern Region with headquarters at Harrisburg consisting of all lines south of Sunbury, Allentown, Trenton and Winslow Jct. and east of Marysville; Central Region with headquarters at Pittsburgh consisting of ex-PRR lines between Marysville and Crestline/Dennison, Ohio, plus ex-EL from Hornell to Marion: Northern Region with headquarters at Detroit consisting of ex-NYC line from Niagara Falls to Elkhart via Detroit and remaining Michigan lines; Western Region with headquarters at Chicago and consisting of ex-NYC line between Buffalo and Chicago, plus ex-PRR lines between Crestline, Bradford and the Chicago terminal area; Southern Region with headquarters at Indianapolis consisting of all lines south and west of Crestline, Marion, Dennison and Bradford, plus the ex-NYC Columbus-Toledo line.

Conrail Divisional structure established: New England Region consists of New England Division (Boston), Mohawk-Hudson

Apr. 1, 1976

Apr. 1, 1976

Division (Utica), and Buffalo Division (Buffalo); Atlantic Region consists of: New Jersey Division (Elizabethport; ex-CNJ & LV), Hoboken Division (Hoboken; ex-EL), Lehigh Division (Allentown, ex-LV & Reading), Scranton Division (Scranton; ex-EL),; and Susquehanna Division (Hornell; ex-EL); Eastern Region consists of: Philadelphia Division (Philadelphia), Reading Division (Reading; ex-Reading), Chesapeake Division (Baltimore), and Harrisburg Division (Harrisburg); Central Region consists of: Allegheny Division (Altoona), Pittsburgh Division (Pittsburgh), Valley Division (Youngstown; ex-PC), and Mahoning Division (Youngstown; ex-EL); Northern Region consists of Region consists of: Cleveland Division (Cleveland), Fort Wayne Division (Fort Wayne), Toledo Division (Toledo), and Chicago Division (Chicago); Southern Region consists of: Columbus Division (Columbus), Cincinnati Division (Cincinnati), and Southwest Division (Indianapolis).

Apr. 1, 1976

Charles E. Bertrand, ex-CEO of Reading Company, becomes V.P. & General Manager of Northeast Corridor for Amtrak; Albert M. Schofield of Penn Central becomes Project Officer on Amtrak's Northeast Corridor Improvement Project.

Apr. 1, 1976

Portions of Penn Central and other northeastern railroads conveyed to Conrail; Northeast Corridor (except Boston-R.I. line and New Haven-New Rochelle), Philadelphia-Harrisburg main line, New Haven-Springfield, Kalamazoo-Michigan City, 12 miles near Albany, N.Y., and PC's 50% share of Washington Terminal Company conveyed to Amtrak; Delaware & Hudson Co. acquires former PRR line between Wilkes-Barre and Sunbury, with trackage rights to Enola Yard.

Apr. 1, 1976

P&LE becomes independent of Conrail; receives Conrail trackage rights Youngstown-Ashtabula to interchange with N&W and Youngstown-Shenango to interchange with B&LE. (McLean)

Apr. 1, 1976

Conrail begins operation with about 17,000 route miles of the Final System Plan, plus decides to keep operating about 3,000 route miles of Light Density Lines; another 3,000 miles of Light Density Lines removed from service on Apr. 1, including LV west of Waverly, N.Y., and EL west of Marion, Ohio; \$300 million in federal matching funds to be made available over five years to help states subsidize Light Density Lines.

Apr. 1, 1976

Conrail becomes largest U.S. rail commuter carrier; Baltimore-Washington, Chicago-Valparaiso, ex-Reading Philadelphia-Newark service, and Cleveland-Youngstown are not subsidized.

Apr. 1, 1976	Conrail arranges with State of Virginia to keep Cape Charles- Little Creek car float service and line from Cape Charles to Pocomoke City operating; also agrees to keep most Light Density Lines on Delmarva Peninsula operating.
Apr. 1, 1976 Apr. 1, 1976	Lines abandoned and not conveyed to Conrail include: Kings Creek-Crisfield, Md.; Clayton-Smyrna, Del.; SEPTA acquires non-Conrail lines in Philadelphia area, including Octoraro Branch, for \$4.2 million.
Apr. 1, 1976	Black River & Western tourist railroad buys 3.5 miles of Bel-Del Branch at Lambertville, N.J., from Penn Central; Flemington-Three Bridges from CNJ. (Lee)
Apr. 1, 1976	Michigan Northern Railway assumes operation of ex-PRR line between Grand Rapids and Mackinaw City, plus Traverse City Branch; one of first "spinoff" short lines.
Apr. 1, 1976	Michigan State Highway Commission assumes operation of train ferry <i>Chief Wawatam</i> under lease from Mackinac Transportation Company. (MB)
Apr. 1, 1976	Portions of Ann Arbor Railroad conveyed to State of Michigan and to Grand Trunk Western Railway.
Apr. 1, 1976	Grand Trunk Western Railway acquires former PC Bay City-Saginaw-Midland line.
Apr. 1, 1976	Toledo, Peoria & Western Railroad acquires ex-PRR line between Kenneth and Effner; Conrail retains portion between Kenneth and Logansport. (Stringham)
Apr. 1, 1976	Illinois Terminal Railroad acquires ex-PRR line between Decatur (Maroa) and Peoria (Farmdale Jct.), Ill.; Olmsted-Cairo line taken out of service.
Apr. 1, 1976	Penn Central Trustees move headquarters from 6 Penn Center, which becomes Conrail headquarters, to 1700 Market Street.
Apr. 1, 1976	DT&I begins running into Cincinnati with trackage rights over Conrail from Springfield and S. Charleston, Ohio.
Apr. 1976	Old P&E between Kane and Warren, Pa., sold to PennDOT; operated by Conrail.

Apr. 1976	Penn Central sells ex-PRR line between New Castle and Cincinnati via Richmond to N&W.				
Apr. 2, 1976	Pennsylvania Company reaches settlement agreement with group of banks led by Chemical Bank of a \$45.2 million loan in default since June 1970; settled for \$8.2 million cash and \$37 million new loan due in 1981.				
Apr. 9, 1976	Amtrak places first F40PH's into service.				
Apr. 22, 1976	Union Transportation Company ceases operations in N.J.; Conrail takes over service to Fort Dix.				
Apr. 25, 1976	Empire State Express rerouted via Niagara Falls and renamed Niagara Rainbow (adding stops in Canada? or 10/31/75?); Silver Meteor and Champion combined north of Jacksonville for the summer; schedules between New Haven and Boston lengthened by 15 minutes for track rehabilitation. (Guide, PTJ)				
Apr. 29, 1976	Southwest Ohio Regional Transit Authority withdraws from plan to adapt Cincinnati Union Terminal. (CUT)				
May 1, 1976	Penn Central freight train consisting of locomotive and four cars en route from Cadillac to Traverse City, Mich., derails; thieves had stolen 120 feet of rails for scrap. (NYT)				
May 3, 1976	Conrail announces a \$454.9 million program to upgrade rolling stock; Conrail owns 5,069 locomotives or 17.9% of U.S. total; 162,035 freight cars or 9.4% of total.				
May 3, 1976	Cincinnati School Board decides against moving School for the Creative & Performing Arts into Cincinnati Union Terminal. (CUT)				
May 7, 1976	Laurence J. Farley, formerly of RCA, named Conrail Senior VP-Finance. (PR)				
May 8, 1976	Auto-Train Corporation discontinues Louisville-Sanford service.				
ca. May 1976	Amtrak sells ex-PRR "tubular" <i>Keystone</i> cars to Southeastern Michigan Transportation Authority (SEMTA) for Detroit commuter service for \$80,000. (Trains)				
May 1976	Railroad Museum of Pennsylvania acquires pioneer PRR E-7 No. 4201 (ex-5901) for \$20,000; diesel had been hidden from scrapping program at Harrisburg by certain Penn Central employees until it				

could be preserved. (RRMP)

May 15, 1976	East and West Coast sections of the <i>Floridian</i> revise to split at Jacksonville. (Guide)
May 17, 1976	Canada Southern Railway elects a Conrail Board.
May 19, 1976	Amtrak two of three "Turboliners" operating between Chicago and Detroit with Amfleet equipment; renamed <i>Wolverine</i> and <i>St. Clair</i> . (Guide)
May 20, 1976	Amtrak assumes maintenance of Northeast Corridor.
May 20, 1976	Conrail announces a nine-month, \$520 million program to upgrade track.
May 24, 1976	LIRR increases service to the Hamptons and Montauk from 3 to 6 round trips and discontinues bus service (5 round trips) between Babylon and Montauk; buses could not handle resort crowds and are replaced by across-the-platform connection to diesel trains at Babylon; doubles number of bus trips between Babylon, Riverhead and Greenport. (NYT)
May 28, 1976	Conrail elects first Board of 13 directors; five appointed by the voting trustees of the Series B stock given to the old companies; six by the USRA which holds Conrail debentures and Series A preferred stock; plus Chairman Jordan and Pres. Spence. (PR)
May 28, 1976	Amtrak's first Rohr ''Turboliner'' delivered to US DOT high-speed test track at Pueblo, Colo. (RyAge)
June 1, 1976	New York City Planning Commission approves amusement arcade in LIRR Concourse of Penn Station. (NYT)
June 2, 1976	Former New Haven commuters' club that had used club car <i>Southport</i> to New Caanan begins using a customized Greyhound bus; State has discontinued club cars in spring with replacement by M-2 "Cosmopolitan" cars; was more concerned about elitism in travel arrangements. (NYT)
June 3, 1976	Edgington Oil Company incorporated in Delaware as Pennsylvania Company subsidiary for purpose of acquiring company of same name in Long Beach, Calif. (PaCo)
June 1976	Rohr Industries, Inc., announces it is exiting carbuilding business after Amtrak orders new "Turboliners" in France. (RyAge)

June 7, 1976	Conrail transfers 1,800 maintenance-of-way employees to Amtrak for work on Northeast Corridor and other lines.
June 7, 1976	Amtrak breaks ground for new "Turboliner" maintenance facility in Rensselaer, N.Y. (AmtkNews)
June 7, 1976	Pennsylvania Company acquires the remaining 41% of Arvida Corporation for \$30.5 million. (AR)
June 8, 1976	Amtrak announces it will test a French Alsthom-Francorail-MTE Class 21,000 C-C electric locomotive as possible replacement for GG1's; is used in 125 MPH service on <i>Trans-Europ Expresses</i> ; test to begin in Jan. 1977. (RyAge)
June 10, 1976	Fire breaks out in engine compartment of United Aircraft "TurboTrain" No. 51 at Waterford, Conn.; passengers delayed three hours, and train is withdrawn from service, leaving two trainsets operating. (Trains, PTJ)
June 13, 1976	Amtrak holds inaugural ceremony for <i>The Colonial</i> , new through train between New York and Newport News, Va., via Richmond with Amfleet equipment; revenue service begins June 14; No. 450-451 discontinued between Charlottesville and Newport News, ending passenger service on old C&O line between Gordonsville and Richmond (AmtkNews, Guide)
June 14, 1976	Conrail announces adoption of blue livery for locomotives with "wheel-on-rail" logo; drops internal capital ("ConRail") used by USRA in planning documents. (PR)
June 14, 1976	Amtrak equips 2 of 3 Chicago-Detroit trains with Amfleet cars, and through trip between Detroit and Milwaukee discontinued. (Guide say 5/18-19)
June 15, 1976	Amtrak increases coach fares by 5%. (Guide)
June 15, 1976	Amtrak inaugurates <i>The Palmetto</i> No. 89-90, New York-Savannah, with Amfleet equipment. (AmtkNews)
June 17, 1976	GE gas turbine-electric dual-service MU cars make first revenue run from Oyster Bay to Penn Station, eliminating the traditional "change at Jamaica"; break through a large banner stretched across the track as pass from non-electrified to electrified zone at East Williston; cars, along with second set built by, are to be tested for a year on LIRR, Hudson, Harlem and Port Jervis lines.

(Trains, RyAge)

June 27, 1976	Conrail establishes shuttle service over ex-Reading line between Philadelphia and Valley Forge for Bicentennial; runs through Sep. 11. (Shappell)				
June 28, 1976	Philadelphia Chapter of Pennsylvania Railroad Technical & Historical Society formed. (PRRTHS)				
July 4, 1976	U.S. celebrates Bicentennial; Conrail operates extra service to New York for spectators at "Operation Sail," a parade of the world's tall ships. (NYT, Shappell)				
July 4, 1976	National Visitors Center opens in Washington Union Station; new Amtrak waiting rooms created behind concourse.				
July 6, 1976	American Freedom Train, a traveling Bicentennial exhibit patterned on the earlier Freedom Train by railfan Ross Rowland, passes over Horseshoe Curve en route to Pittsburgh, powered by ex-Reading 4-8-4 No. 2102; stops opposite K4s No. 1361 and can't get started on grade; train is rescued by two Conrail diesels. (Trains)				
July 6, 1976	Robert K. Pattison, 54, named Pres. & General Manager of LIRR, replacing Walter Schlager, Jr., resigned for health. (NYT)				
July 1976	Swedish ASEA Class Rc4a B-B electric leased to Amtrak as X995 arrives at Port Elizabeth, N.J. (Trains)				
July 19, 1976	Test run of combined <i>Floridian/Auto-Train</i> leaves St. Petersburg for Chicago; train is too long to keep on schedule.				
July 29, 1976	Amtrak dedicates renovation of H.H. Richardson's New London, Conn., station after preservation battle; exterior is preserved but interior modernized. (Guide, AmtkNews)				
Aug. 1, 1976	International Eucharistic Council held in Philadelphia; Amtrak operates special trains to JFK Stadium on Aug. 8. (Shappell)				
Aug. 3, 1976	Former PRR Chairman James Miller Symes (1897-1976) dies at age 79 at nursing home in Feasterville, Pa. (RyAge)				
Aug. 4, 1976	Former LIRR Pres. Walter F. Schlager, Jr. (-1977) dies at Manhasset at age 58. (RyAge)				
Aug. 7, 1976	Conrail operates New York-Monmouth Park race train on				

Saturdays	through	Sen. 1	11. ((Shannell)
Datul uays	unvugn	DCP.		(Dilappell)

Aug. 1976	Budd Company unveils its SPV-2000 railcar as a successor to the RDC using "Metroliner"-type body shell. (RyAge - note none actually built at this point)
Aug. 25, 1976	NJ DOT, Port Authority and FRA reach tentative agreement on \$10 million facelift for Penn Station, Newark. (NYT)
Aug. 29, 1976	Southern Railway excursion headed by ex-SP Daylight No. 4449 arrives in Alexandria after overnight run from Atlanta; locomotive is being ferried to haul last leg of American Freedom Train from Alexandria to Miami. (Trains)
Aug. 30, 1976	American Freedom Train begins three-day stop at Trenton, N.J. (NYT)
Aug. 31, 1976	Amtrak agrees with Auto-Train Corporation to combine the <i>Floridian</i> with the Louisville Auto-Train beginning Oct. 31. (RyAge)
Aug. 31, 1976	Amtrak breaks ground for new station at Cleveland. (RyAge)
Sep. 1, 1976	Amtrak assumes Northeast Corridor dispatching from Conrail; all Boston South Side commuter operations to Providence, Needham, Franklin and Stoughton transferred for operating purposes to Amtrak's Northeast Corridor Region. (Humphrey)
Sep. 5, 1976	Conrail runs Philadelphia-Harrisburg excursion behind GG1 No. 4800 "Old Rivets" in bicentennial paint scheme for NRHS national convention. (Trains)
Sep. 8, 1976	Last two Amtrak United Aircraft "TurboTrain" sets make last revenue run New York-Boston because of mechanical problems. (PTJ)
Sep. 9, 1976	Amtrak introduces the Clamdigger, New Haven-Providence local.
Sep. 17, 1976	Pittsburgh Chapter of Pennsylvania Railroad Technical & Historical Society formed. (PRRTHS)
Sep. 18, 1976	Rohr Industries's American-built version of French Turboliners begin two days of public displays at Empire Service cities.
Sep. 19, 1976	Conrail freight derails in B&P Tunnel at Baltimore, blocking Northeast Corridor; some trains detoured via B&O line from Bay

View. (NYT)

Sep. 20, 1976	Rohr <i>Turboliners</i> placed in service on Empire Service route between New York and Buffalo. (Trains)
Sep. 20, 1976	Democratic candidates Jimmy Carter and Walter Mondale leave New York on 13-car <i>Democratic Whistlestop</i> for Chicago; Carter leaves the train at Pittsburgh, but Mondale and Rosalynn Carter continue to Chicago on Sep. 21. (Withers)
Sep. 24, 1976	Pennsylvania Company purchases 80% of Edgington Oil Company, Inc., operator of an independent refinery and oil distribution system in Long Beach, Calif. for \$50 million. (AR, Moodys)
Oct. 1, 1976	Amtrak assumes full operation of 30th Street Station. (AmtkNews)
Oct. 5, 1976	Amtrak begins first revenue road test of Swedish ASEA Rc4a electric locomotive on No. 174 <i>The Statesman</i> ; later in month is assigned to No. 108-117, first time a locomotive-hauled train replaces original MU's on a "Metroliner" schedule. (Guide, PTJ)
Oct. 8, 1976	Former PRR VP and General Counsel John Butler Prizer (1909-1976) dies at age 67. (WwasW)
Oct. 15?, 1976	LIRR Director of Special Services Walter McNamara retires after 33 years of service; was responsible for developing East End parlor car service from 2 cars when joined in 1955 to 21 cars in 1976. (NYT)
Oct. 1976	Urban Mass Transportation Administration awards \$400 million over five years to New Jersey for three projects: \$110 million to extend electrification of NY&LB, \$133 million to reequip and change voltage of Erie Lackawanna suburban electrification, and \$157 million for either PATH extension to Plainfield or upgrade of existing CNJ commuter service, the choice to be at discretion of local officials. (RyAge)
Oct. 22, 1976	Demolition of Columbus Union Station Arcade begins at 6:00 PM on a Friday night, despite its being on the National Register of Historic Places. (Darbee)
Oct. 23, 1976	Ohio Historical Society secures injunction against demolition of Columbus Union Station Arcade, but by this time only the north pavilion is left standing. (Darbee)

Oct. 31, 1976	Amtrak reroutes the <i>Adirondack</i> between Ballston Spa and Albany, N.Y., from via Mechanicsville to via Schenectady; number of <i>Metroliners</i> cut from 15 round trips to 14. (possibly 10/30/77 for Metro cut - check tt?)
Oct. 31, 1976	Auto-Train Corporation resumes daily service between Louisville and Sanford by running nine cars on Amtrak's <i>Floridian</i> : Amtrak returns <i>Floridian</i> to one-night-out schedule and abandons Louisville Union Station for Auto-Train station. (Guide, PTJ)
Nov. 1, 1976	Amtrak begins using Auto-Train facility six miles south of town and vacates Louisville Union Station. (Trains)
Nov. 1976	Howard Serig, founder of "Friends of the GG1" publicizes his campaign to repaint at GG1 in original Raymond Loewy livery in the "Turntable" column of <i>Trains</i> magazine. (Trains)
Nov. 1976	Southern Crescent now operates in two sections: one with standard equipment and through cars between New York and Washington, and one with Amfleet equipment between Boston and Washington. (Guide)
Nov. 1976	Amtrak places Amfleet equipment on five New York-Philadelphia "Clockers." (Guide)
Nov. 27, 1976	Amtrak operates 5 special trains to Army-Navy Game at JFK
Nov. 27, 1976	Stadium. (Shappell) Southern Railway's <i>Piedmont</i> No. 5-6 makes last run between Washington and Charlotte; ICC permitted discontinuance effective Nov. 24, but Southern continued through Thanksgiving weekend. (Trains, PTJ)
Dec. 9, 1976	Illustrious PRR alumnus and railroad reformer John W. Barriger III (1899-1976) dies at St. Louis at age 77. (Trains)
Dec. 1976	Unemployment still at 7.8%.
Dec. 15, 1976	Silver Meteor and Champion restored as separate trains for the winter season; Champion rerouted from ex-ACL to ex-SAL route.
Dec. 17, 1976	Penn Central Trustees file reorganization plan with U.S. District Court, under which holdings of Pennsylvania Company are to be core of reorganized Penn Central.
Dec. 24, 1976	Conrail freight derails on Long Bridge, severing north-south connection. (PTJ)

Dec. 26, 1976	GG1 No. 913 and all five cars of No. 441, Washington section of Broadway Limited derail near Downingtown; 36 injured. (Trains)
1976	Conrail posts operating loss of \$205 million. (CR)
1976	Amtrak issues first five-year plan.
1976	Louisville Auto-Train and Floridian combined.
1976	Amtrak orders two Canadian LRC lightweight trainsets. (see 2/77)
1976	Mackinac Transportation Company discontinues Mackinaw City- St. Ignace car ferry; operation assumed by Straits Transit, Inc., which operated ferries to Mackinaw Island.
1976	Fidel Goetz dies; at his death, the German financier was still holding Penn Central's \$4 million and Penn Central had attached \$6 million worth of his American assets; SEC later brokers a settlement with Goetz's heirs by which \$1.125 million is returned to Penn Central. (Salsbury)
1976	John Stevens locomotive replica transferred from William Penn Memorial Museum in Harrisburg to Railroad Museum of Pennsylvania. (KB)