Texts of the Day's War Communiques

German

BERLIN, Oct. 27 (P)—A com-muniqué issued today by Adolf Hitler's Headquarters:

Offensive operations in the east are making further progress, in spite of unfavorable weather con-

In the Donets Basin an attempt to retard our advance through counter-attacks was prevented by Italian troops. The enemy was thrown back with heavy and bloody losses and left several hundred prisoners in the hands of our allies

hundred prisoners in the hands of our allies.

Combat planes last night attacked an enemy convoy off the British east coast between The Wash and the mouth of the Humber. They sank an 8,000-ton freighter and so badly damaged three additional large merchant ships that their loss can be counted upon.

Additional air raids were directed against harbor areas in Eastern and Southwestern England.

German dive-bombers the night before last sank a large British warship through a bomb hit off the North African coast.

Last night the enemy dropped bombs at several places in North-

western Germany. The civilian population in Hamburg and Bre-men suffered dead and wounded. Nine British bombers were shot

Major Oesau, commander of a chaser squadron, scored his 100th air victory on Oct. 26.

Russian

MOSCOW, Oct. 27 (Distributed by Reuter)—The following com-muniqué was issued today by the Soviet Information Bureau:

During the night of Oct. 26-27 our troops waged battle in the di-rections of Kharkov, Taganrog, Mozhaisk and Maloyaroslavets.

MOSCOW, Tuesday, Oct. 28 (Distributed by The Associated Press)
—The Moscow radio broadcast the following communiqué of the Soviet Information Bureau early today:

During Oct. 27 our troops fought the enemy in the directions of Mozhaisk, Maloyaroslavets, Kharkov and Taganrog.

According to precise figures, thirty-nine German aircraft were destroyed on Oct. 25 and not twenty-seven, as previously reported. On Oct. 27 eight enemy aircraft were brought down near Moscow.

A further considerable decline

A further considerable decline in morale among soldiers of the Fascist army took place within the last twenty days. Many German soldiers taken prisoner expressed distinct disbelief in victory for the Nazi armies.

Moral and physical strength of the Fascist soldiers is on the verge of exhaustion. The general appearance of captured German soldiers sharply differs from that of soldiers taken prisoner during the first weeks of the war.

All prisoners are extremely lousy, scratching themselves incessantly and picking lice.

A majority of the prisoners are shabby and look exhausted. Many Germans are dressed in tattered Summer uniforms and have no underwear at all.

Summer uniforms and have no underwear at all.

Among Nazi soldiers taken prisoner of late there are many with serious physical defects, such as the absence of one eye since early childhood, severe cases of near-sightedness—as when a man sees absolutely nothing without glasses—lameness ag a result of repeated operations and other similar physical defects.

All men aged from 17 to 50

have been called to the German Army, not excluding persons with physical defects that formerly would have prevented them from being drafted into the army.

British

LONDON, Oct. 27 (A)-The Air Ministry issued this communiqué today:

Many squadrons of Bomber Command aircraft attacked Hamburg and other objectives in Northwest Germany last night.

After a difficult passage over the North Sea they found good visibility over Hamburg and heavily bombed the docks and other targets.

Coastal Command aircraft hombed docks and shipping at

Coastal Command aircraft bombed docks and shipping at Egersund, in South Norway, and at Nantes, in Western France.

A supply ship was hit and set on fire off Egersund.

on fire off Egersund.
Enemy airdromes in Northern
France were attacked by aircraft
of the Fighter Command.
Four aircraft of the Bomber
Command are missing from these

Another Air Ministry communiqué stated:

Our fighters have carried out a number of offensive patrols over Northern France and the Belgian coast today. In the course of these, attacks were made on enemy ships and barges and on targets on land. Two enemy float planes on the sea were destroyed. Three enemy fighters were destroyed in combat.

Blenheim aircraft of the Bomber Command with a fighter escort

er Command with a fighter escort attacked an enemy convoy off the Dutch coast. From all these operations two Blenheims and nine fighters are

missing.

Five members of the crew of one of our bombers, reported missing after last night's raid on Germany have been rescued from the sea and landed in this country. trv.

A communiqué of the Air and Home Security Ministries:

In the early part of last night a few enemy aircraft flew overland, mainly in the southwest of England. The few bombs which were dropped at a small number of points caused only slight damage.

age.
The Ministries also issued this communiquė:

This afternoon our fighters shot down two enemy bombers into the sea off the east coast of England. Apart from this, there has been nothing to report during daylight today.

CAIRO, Egypt, Oct. 27 (P)—The Royal Air Force issued the follow-ing communiqué today:

ing communiqué today:

Further raids on the harbors of Tripoli and Bengazi were carried out by R. A. F. bombers during the night of Oct. 25-26. At Tripoli a number of hits were obtained on the Karamanli Mole and searchlight positions were put out of action. At Bengazi fires on the Central and Juliana Moles followed the attack.

In daylight yesterday aircraft of the South African Air Force bombed buildings on Juliana Point in Bengazi harbor. Many bombs fell among the buildings and fires broke out in the harbor area.

bor area.
In the Guramba area of Ethiotents, huts and

In the Guramba area of Ethiopia enemy tents, huts and trenches were bombed and machine-gunned Oct. 25.

An Italian Macchi-200 fighter has been found crashed in the sea off Malta following an engagement Oct. 25, when our fighters intercepted a formation of enemy aircraft which attempted to approach the island.

From all the operations one of our aircraft is missing.

British Army Headquarters is-

sued this communiqué:

Libya—At Tobruk during the night of Oct. 25-26 there was no wholesale activity.

wholesale activity.

During the previous night a strong enemy detachment overran a small listening post outside the eastern sector of our perimeter defenses and presumably captured the British garrison of four men. Our patrols operating the following night recovered the post, which had been evacuated by the enemy. One Italian colonial soldier was captured.

In the frontier area our patrols

In the frontier area our patrols under the cover of darkness pene-149 trated to enemy forward defended localities. In this operation enemy detachments withdrew AR without offering resistance. EUROP EAN

NAIROBI, Kenya, Oct. 27 (P) 1939 British East African Headquarter BRITAIN

The South African Air Force continued operations in the Gon-RAIDS dar area [of Ethiopia] on Oct. 23-24. Trenches were bombed and a heavy anti-aircraft position silenced.

On Oct. 24 a CR-42 was shot down in flames by a South African fighter pilot. All our planes returned safely.

A second communiqué, issued jointly by military and air head-quarters, said:

Offensive patrols by our ground forces yesterday drew fire from enemy forward positions on the Gondar-Asmara road. We suf-

fered no casualties. Patriot forces Patriot forces continued to harass the enemy in the whole Gondar area and three more Kamant chiefs from inside the

Kamant chiefs from inside the Italian line have come over to our side. Others have announced their intention of joining us.

The South African Air Force continued operations against the enemy in the Gondar area Oct. 25.

Motor transports and a large concentration of tents south of Gondar were successfully bombed and machine-sunned and machine-gunned.

Italian

ROME, Oct. 27 (A)-Today's Italian High Command communi-

In North Africa, on the Tobruk front, British mechanized vehicles were hit and repelled by our artillery fire.

Off the Marmarica coast German bombers attacked an enemy nevel formetion sinking

formation, sinking

cruiser.
The British Air Force bombed The British Air Force hombed Bengazi, Tripoli and Misurata. In the latter city they hit Arab quar-ters, with several killed and in-jured among the local population. Damage at Bengazi and Tripoli was not great and no casualties

was not great and inwere reported,
A. Blenheim plane was shot
down by a German anti-aircraft
unit. The crew was captured.
In East Africa, beyond our adions, troops from the