

Deep Heat Mining Project Basel

Geological and hydraulic evaluation of the Basel 1 geothermal reservoir

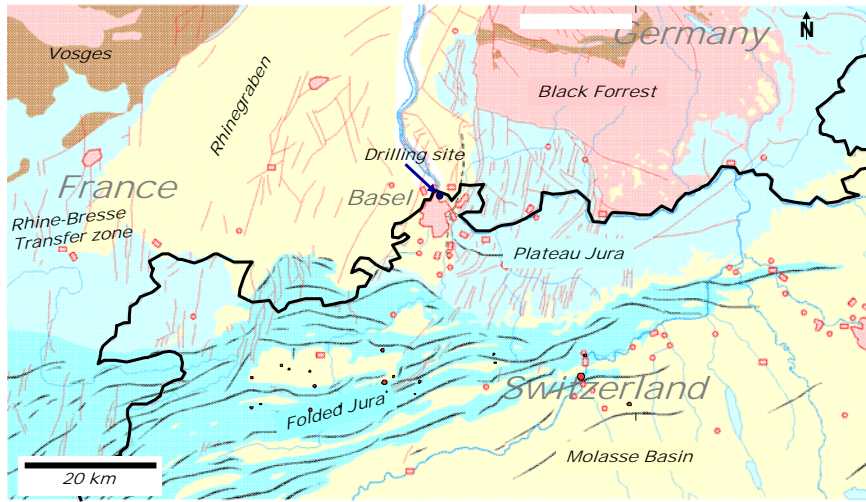
**Presentation at 5th Swiss Geoscience Meeting, Geneva 2007
16th-17th November 2007**

**Florentin Ladner / Ulrich Schanz / Markus Häring
Geothermal Explorers Ltd**

Content Part I

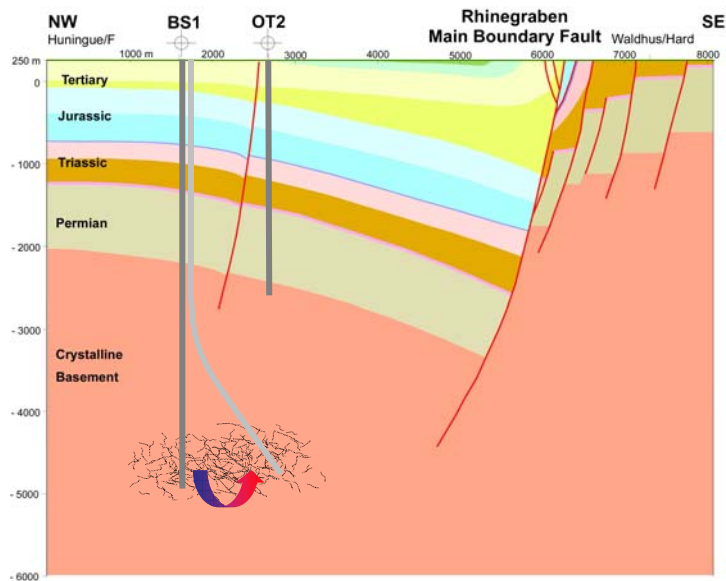
- **General overview**
- **Characterization of the undisturbed reservoir Basel 1**
- **Hydraulic stimulation in Basel 1**
- **Summary**

Tectonical Setting

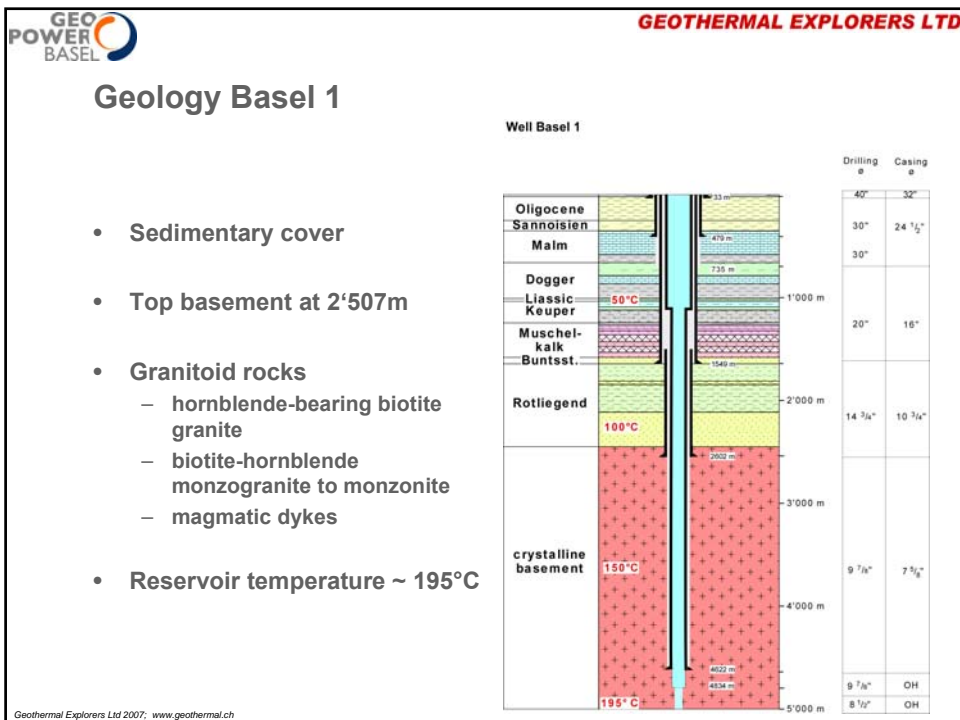
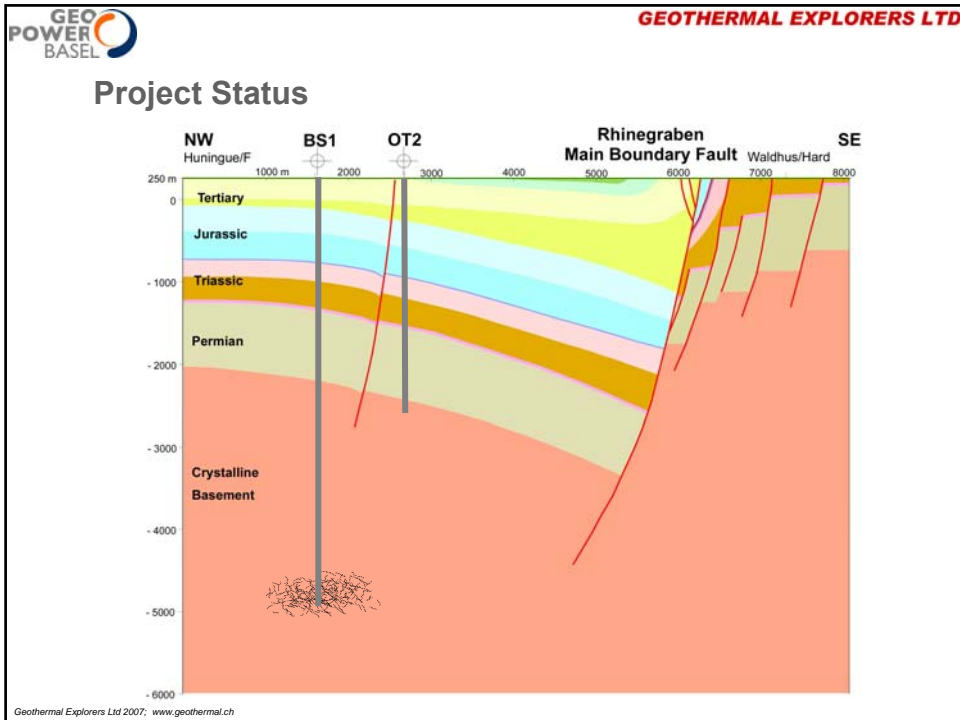


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Project DHM, Basel

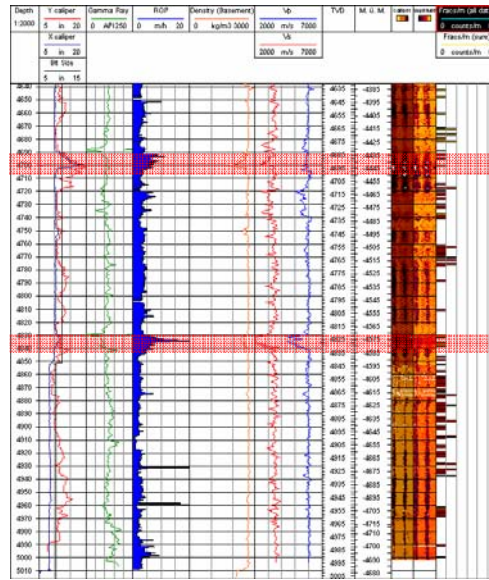


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Reservoir Geology

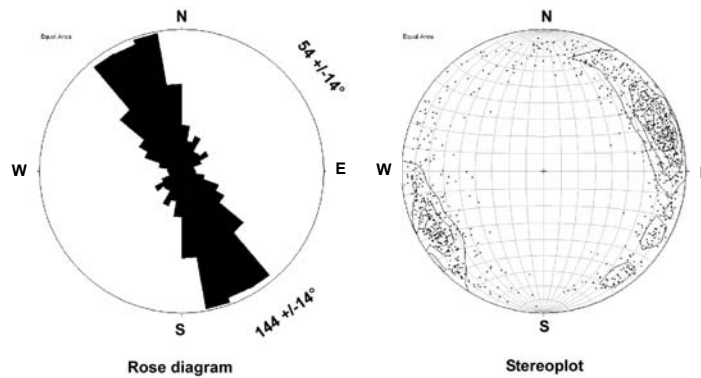
- Fracture density
 - 0.3 per Meter
- Cataclastic fracture zones
 - argillic alteration
 - anhydrite bearing



Composite log of the open hole section (4'629 - 5'000 m below Surface)
Major fracture zones are indicated by red colours.

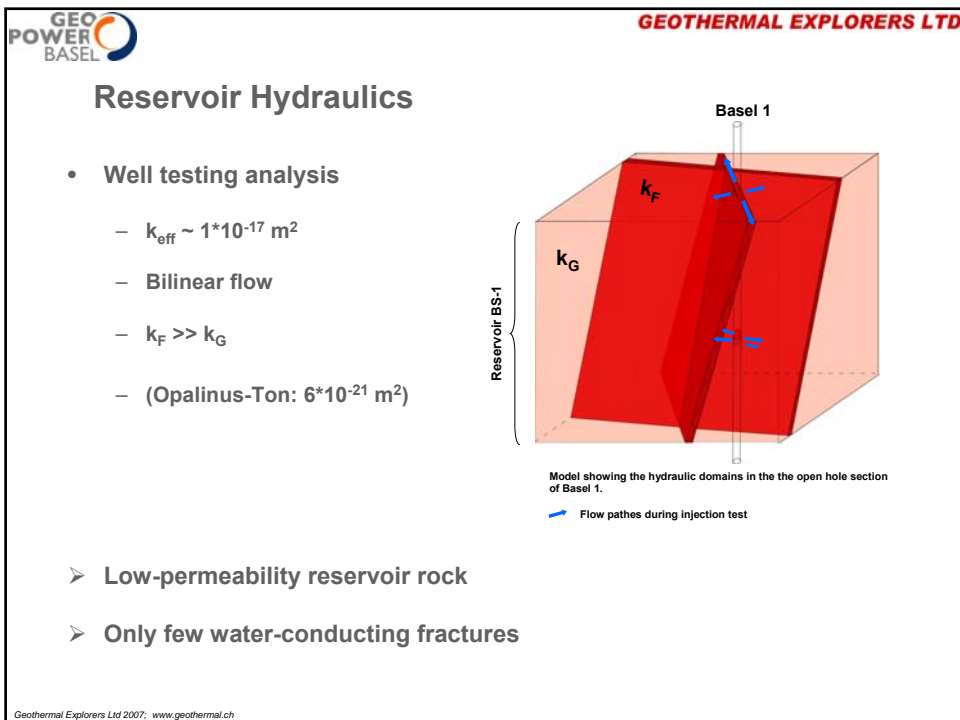
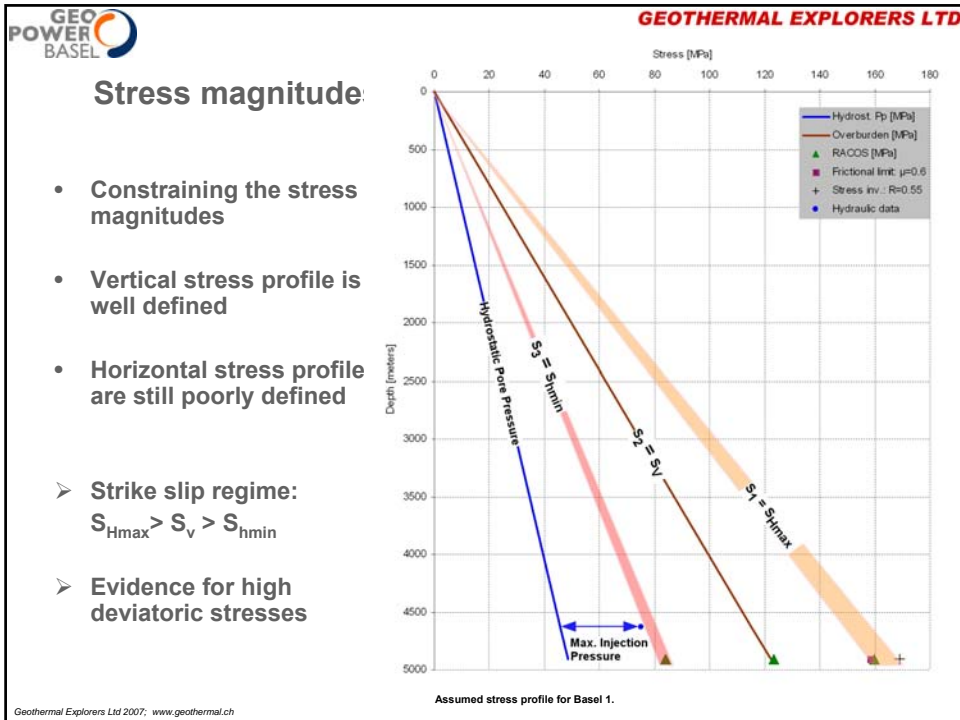
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Orientations of stress and discontinuities

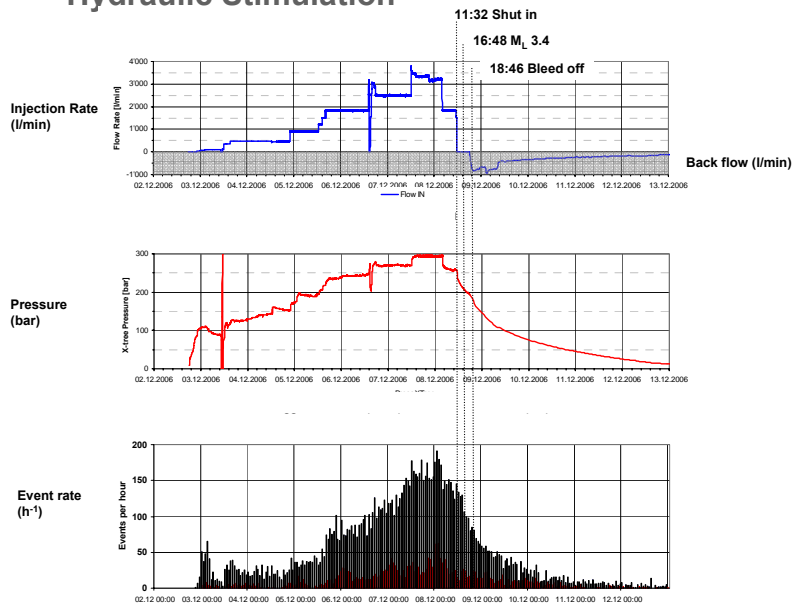


- Strike direction of natural discontinuities
- - - Azimuth of $S_1 = S_{Hmax}$ for borehole breakouts and drilling induced tension fractures
- - - Azimuth of $S_3 = S_{Hmin}$ for borehole breakouts and drilling induced tension fractures

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Hydraulic Stimulation



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Hydraulic stimulation

- Analysis of the hydraulic stimulation data
 - Increase of fracture transmissibility by a factor 400.
 - Fracture transmissibility at the end was irreversible indicating that shearing was a dominant process.
 - Post-stimulation tests are still outstanding because the project was suspended.
 - Non-conclusive assessment of the reservoir

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Shear failure analysis (I)

- Effective stress concept:

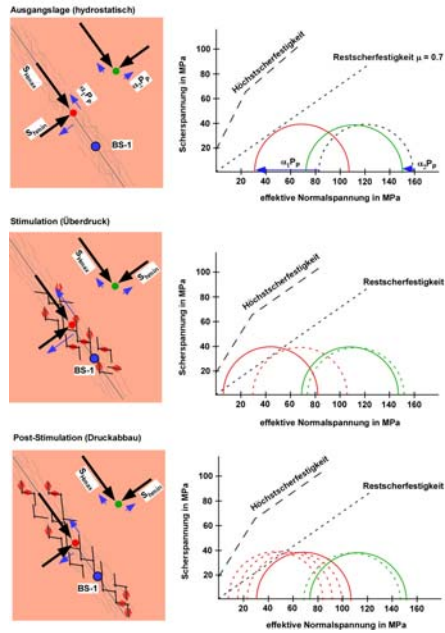
$$S_{eff} = S_{tot} - \alpha_i P_p$$

α_i ... Effect of pore pressure

$\alpha_1 \approx 1$ (fractured rock)

$\alpha_2 \approx 0.2$ (dense rock matrix)

Stabilitätsanalyse für inhomogenes, isotropes Gebirge



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Shear failure analysis (II)

- Effective stress concept:

$$S_{ij}^{eff} = S_{ij}^{tot} - \alpha_{ij} P_p$$

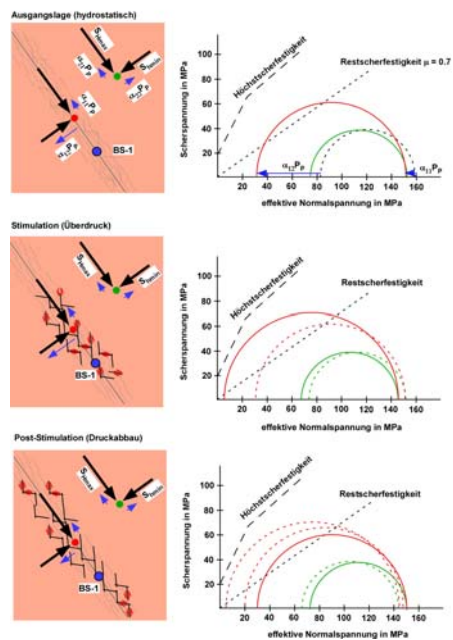
α_{ij} ... Effect of pore pressure

$\alpha_{11} \approx ?$ (\parallel fracture zone)

$\alpha_{12} \approx 1$ (\perp fracture zone)

$\alpha_{21} \approx \alpha_{22} \approx 0.2$ (dense rock matrix)

Stabilitätsanalyse für inhomogenes, anisotropes Gebirge



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Summary

Geomechanics:

- Strike slip regime
- Evidence for high deviatoric stresses
- Orientation of S_{Hmax} and dominant fracture set are subparallel
- Effect of pore pressure

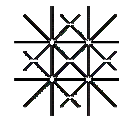
Hydraulics:

- Low-permeable rock matrix with few water conducting fractures
- Hydraulic behaviour is controlled by this fractures

Hydraulic stimulation:

- Enhancement of fracture permeability during stimulation by a factor 400
- Enhancement is irreversible
- Shearing was a dominating process

Cooperation Partners



Deep Heat Mining Project Basel

Microseismic aspects of the Basel 1 geothermal reservoir

Presentation at 5th Swiss Geoscience Meeting, Geneva 2007
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Ulrich Schanz / Florentin Ladner / Markus Häring
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PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

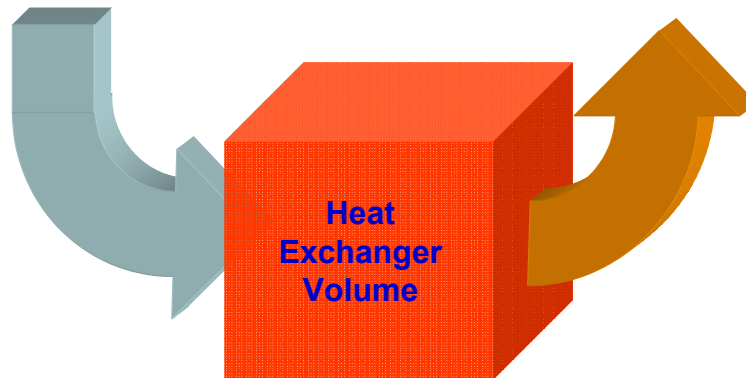
- Concept of Hydraulic Induced Shearing
- Microseismic Network Array
- Seismic Response Procedure
- Microseismic Analysis
 - Event Distribution
 - Fault Plane Solutions
 - Large Event Characteristics
 - Proposed Geomechanical Model
- Migration Imaging of Features Outside the Reservoir
- Summary

INTRODUCTION

Stimulation target:
Creation of an efficient subsurface
heat exchanger

in: 50 kg/s

out: 50 kg/s

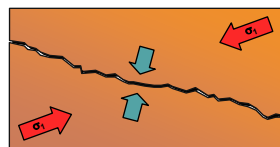


pressure impedance determines success or failure

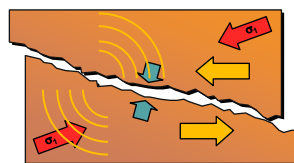
CONCEPT of INDUCED SHEARING



closed fracture
= weak zone



hydraulic injection reduces
friction on fracture planes

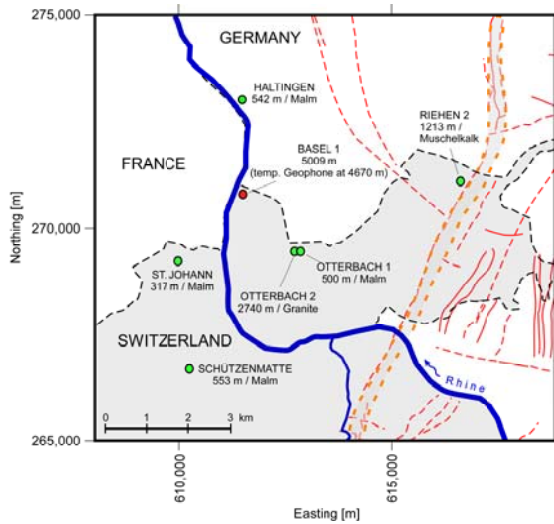


stress induced slippage

seismic signal used for location tracking

displaced interfaces do not match anymore
= fracture remains open

MICROSEISMIC NETWORK ARRAY

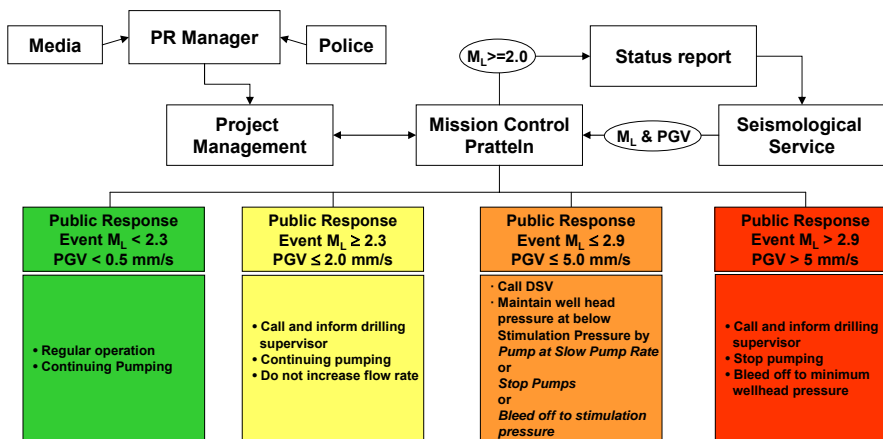


- Network Modelling**
- Sensitivity by wavefield propagation simulation
 - Resolution analysis by raytrace simulation
 - Result is optimized balance between network performance and financial investment
- Velocity Model Calibration**
- 200°C/100 MPa T zero 3C geophone deployed in the stimulation well for first 40 Hrs

- Legend**
- Faults (observed, assumed)
 - Flexure zone
 - - - Frontiers
 - Rivers

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SEISMIC RESPONSE PROCEDURE



Explanations:

M_L – Local magnitude (provided by SED)

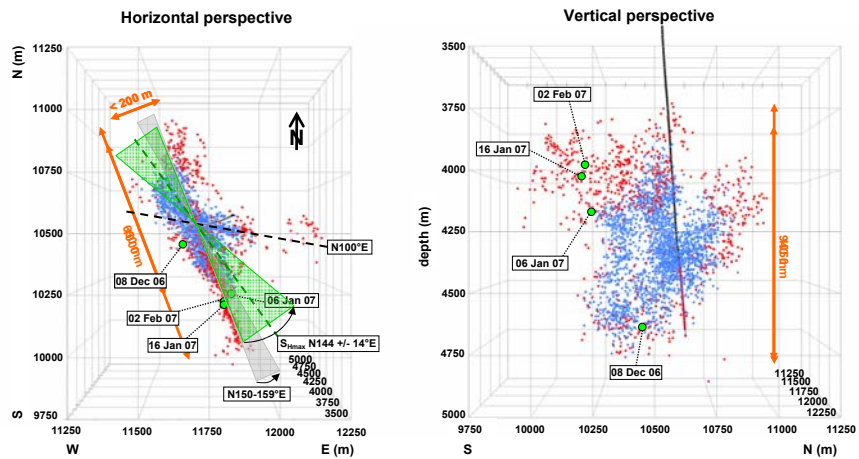
PGV – Peak ground velocity (provided by SED)

Stimulation Pressure – Surface Pressure where the first induced event occurs

Slow Pump Rate (SPR) and Stimulation Pressure to be defined in 48 hour look ahead every day

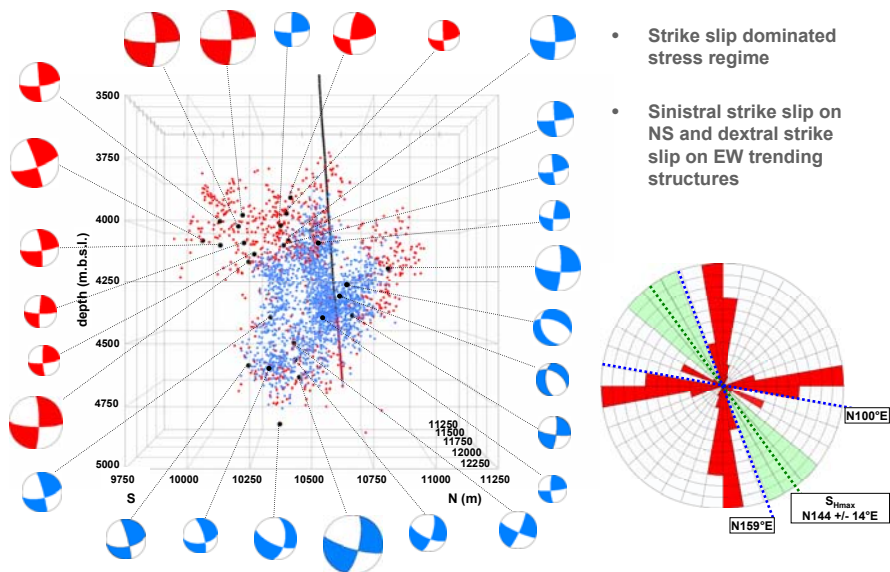
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MICROSEISMIC RESERVOIR MAPPING



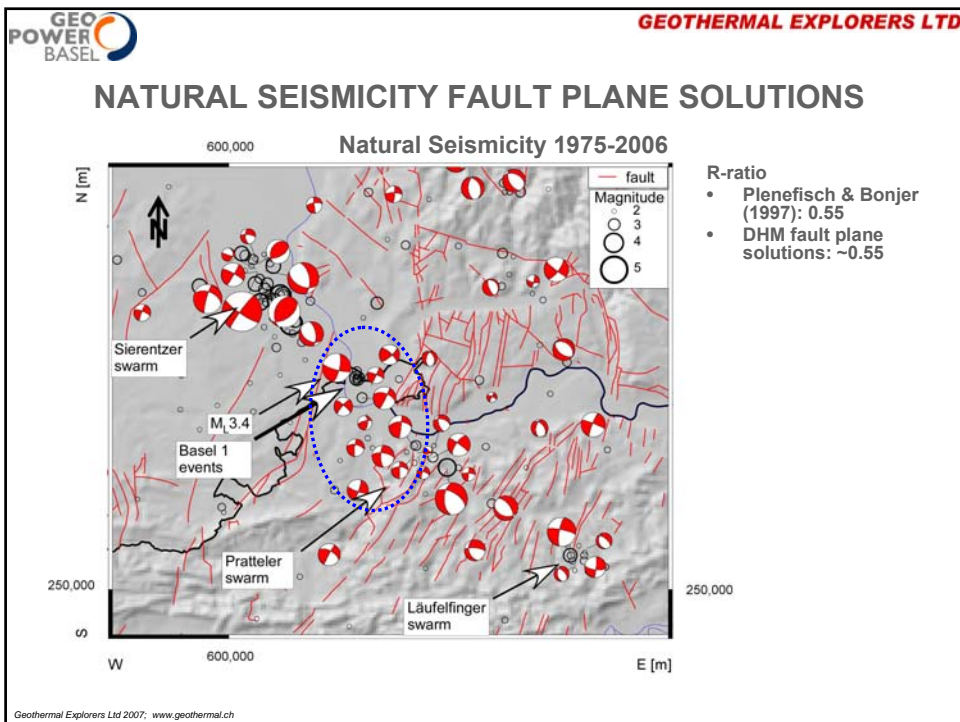
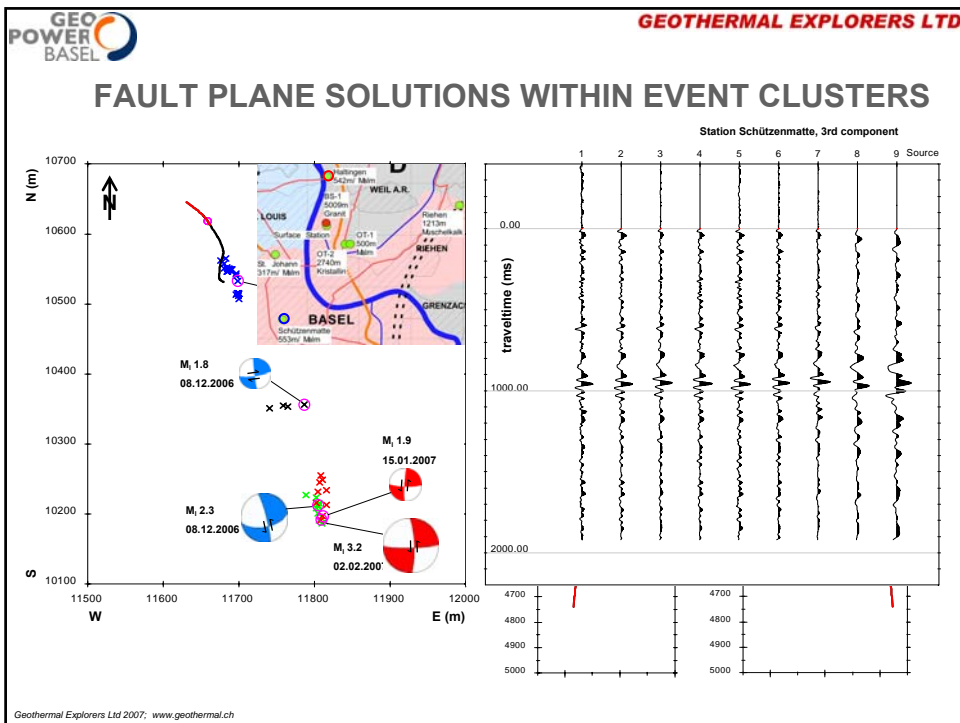
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FAULT PLANE SOLUTIONS

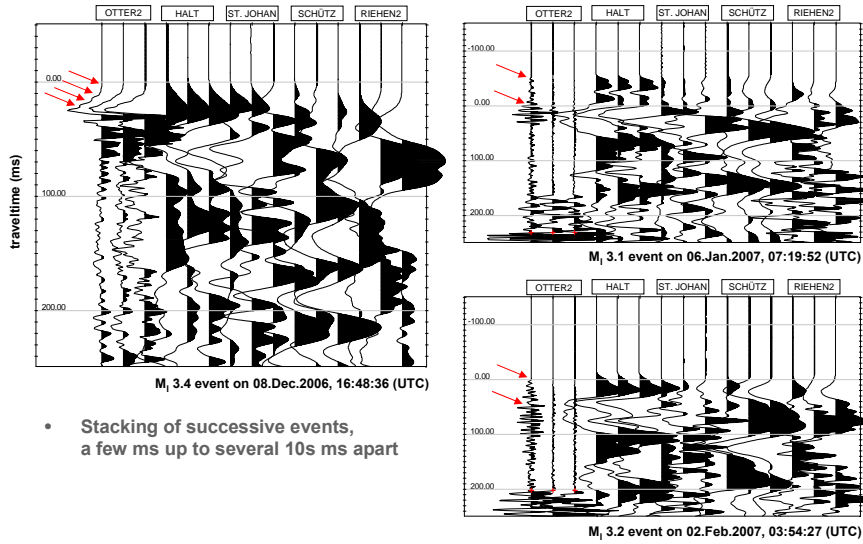


- Strike slip dominated stress regime
- Sinistral strike slip on NS and dextral strike slip on EW trending structures

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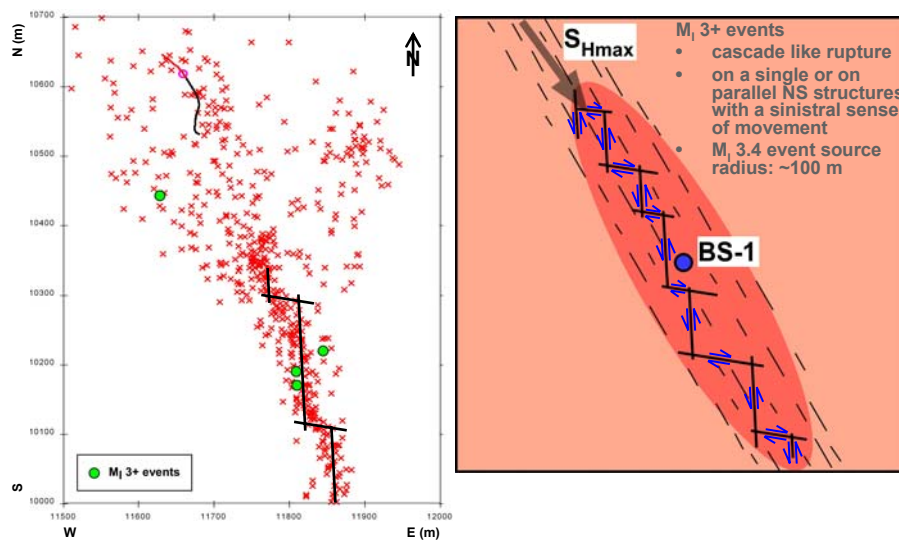


ML 3+ EVENTS SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS



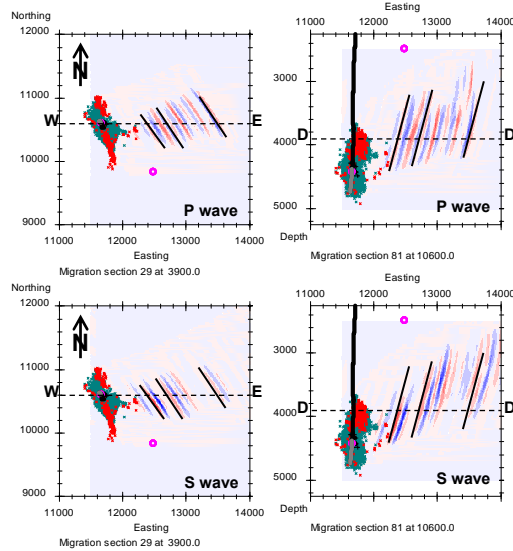
- Stacking of successive events, a few ms up to several 10s ms apart

PROPOSED GEOMECHANICAL MODEL



- M_l 3+ events
- cascade like rupture
- on a single or on parallel NS structures with a sinistral sense of movement
- M_l 3.4 event source radius: ~100 m

IMAGING FEATURES OUTSIDE THE RESERVOIR



- Migration imaging of features that are not seismically active
- Potential reflectors at 600 m, 1050 m, 1600 m offset from Basel 1
- Strike and dip similar to reservoir orientation
- Corresponding P and S migration images
- Greater S wave resolution

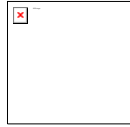
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Summary

- Priority has been safe operations within agreed procedures and an agreed level of seismicity.
- The reservoir has been mainly developing along a single pre-existing structure. The structure as a whole has not been sheared.
- Used Microseismic Migration to explore beyond the seismically active region.
- Acquired a complete microseismic and hydraulic dataset.
- Working on a geomechanical model of the reservoir development and large event mechanisms.
- Outlook: mitigate the risk of large events.

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COOPERATION PARTNERS



Swiss Seismological Service



Semore Seismic Ltd



Rutishauser Ingenieurbüro



TOHOKU
UNIVERSITY

Prof. H. Asanuma and Team
from Tohoku University, Sendai

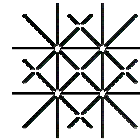


Interoil Exploration & Production
ASA (formerly Proseis AG)



SEISMOLOGY & DOWNHOLE INSTRUMENTATION CO.

Prof. P. Malin and Team from Duke
University, North Carolina



UNI
BASEL