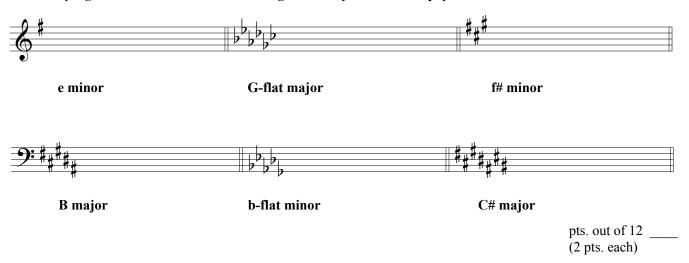
## Fundamentals Written Exam Practice Version

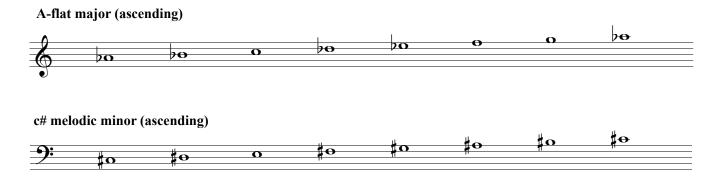
(Duration: 25 minutes for entire section)

## **ANSWER KEY**

I. Write key signatures for each of the following minor keys. Be sure to pay attention to the clefs.



II. Notate the following minor scales. The first two scales should be notated in *ascending* direction. The last two scales should be notated in *descending* direction. For all scales, use accidentals, not key signatures.



F# major (descending)

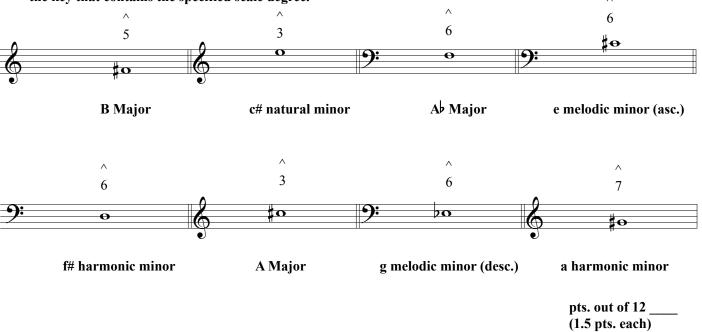


f melodic minor (descending)



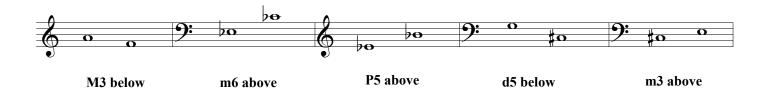
pts. out of 12 \_\_\_\_\_ (3 pts. each)

III. You are provided with a pitch and a scale degree function for that pitch; identify the key that contains the specified scale degree.

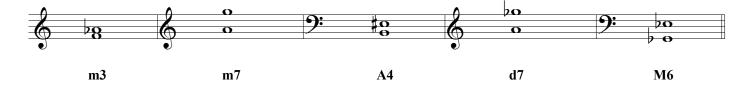


IV. INTERVALS: Notate the following intervals above or below the given pitch as indicated.

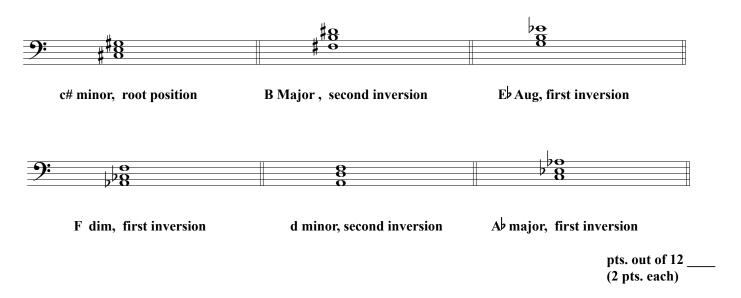
(P = perfect; M = Major; lower-case m = minor; A = augmented; d = diminished)



Name the intervals, showing quality and number (for instance, P5)



pts. out of 15 \_\_\_\_\_ (1.5 pts. each) V. TRIADS: Write the following triads in root position or inversion, as specified.



VI. SEVENTH CHORDS: Write root-position seventh chords above the given roots in close spacing.



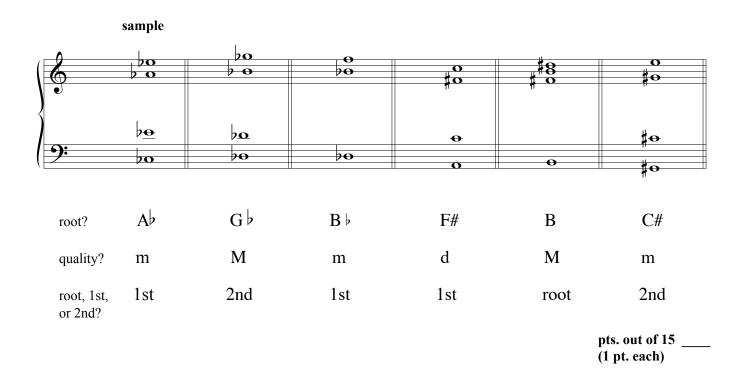
minor seventh

diminished seventh chord

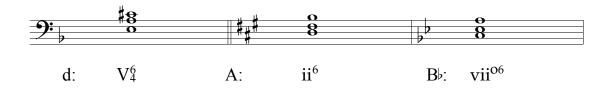
Major-minor seventh chord (dominant)

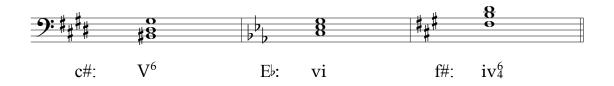
> pts. out of 9 (1.5 pts. each)

VII. CHORDS IN OPEN SCORE: The following shows triads in open score. For each chord, indicate (1) the pitch that is the root of the chord; (2) the quality of the triad (M, m, d, or A); and (3) whether the chord is in root position, 1st inversion, or 2nd inversion (simply write "root", "1st", or "2nd").



VIII. ROMAN NUMERALS: Given the key and chord, provide a roman numeral label underneath. Be sure to indicate chord quality, and include an inversion symbol if necessary (6 or 4)





pts. out of 12 \_\_\_\_\_ (2 pts. each)