#### Towards the Dynamic Semantic Web

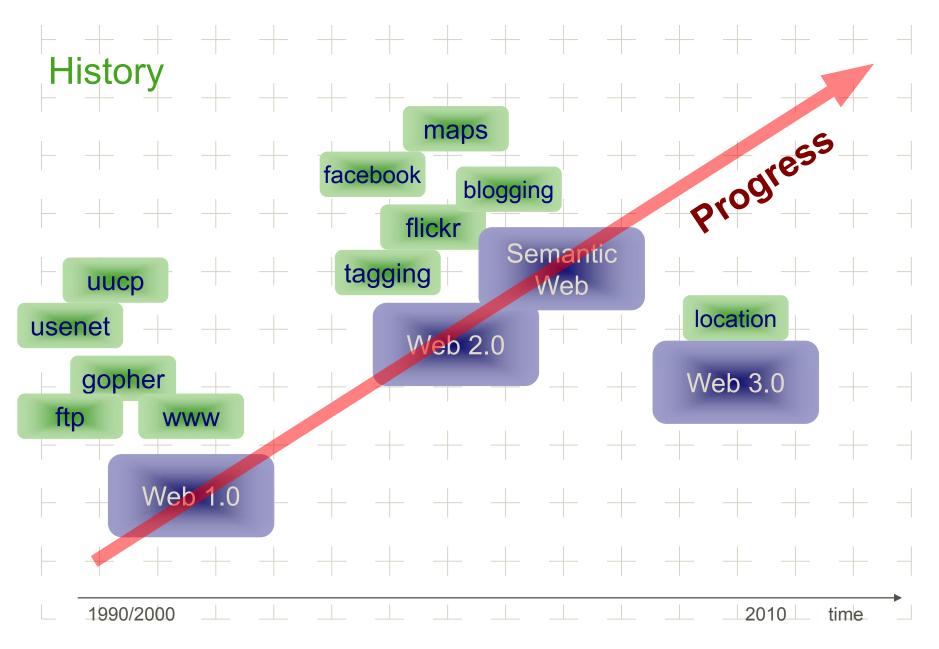
#### Jukka Honkola, lan Oliver

Nokia Research Center
Helsinki, Finland

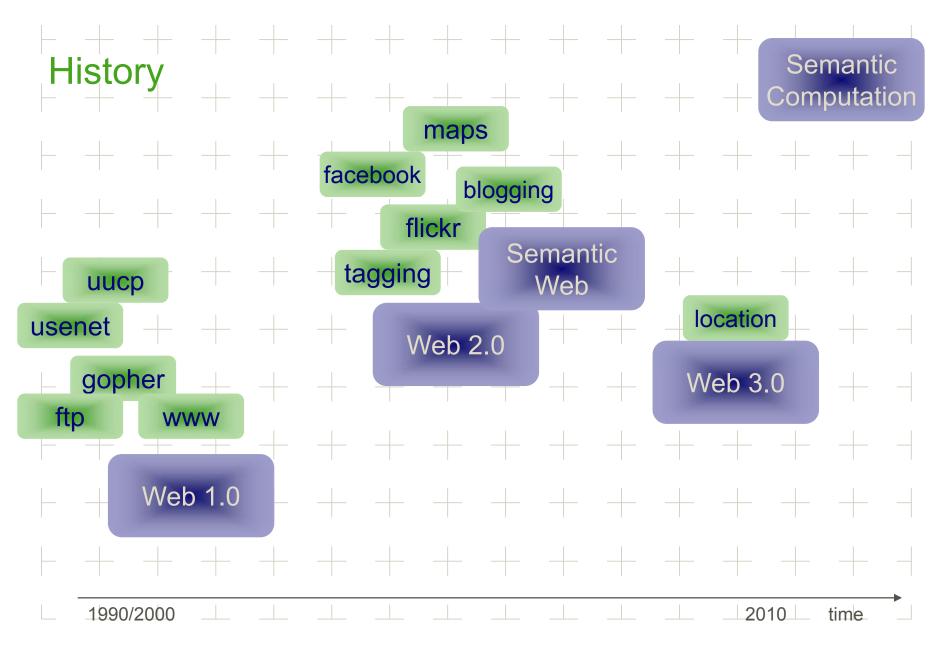
TripCom meeting Helsinki

17 September 2008

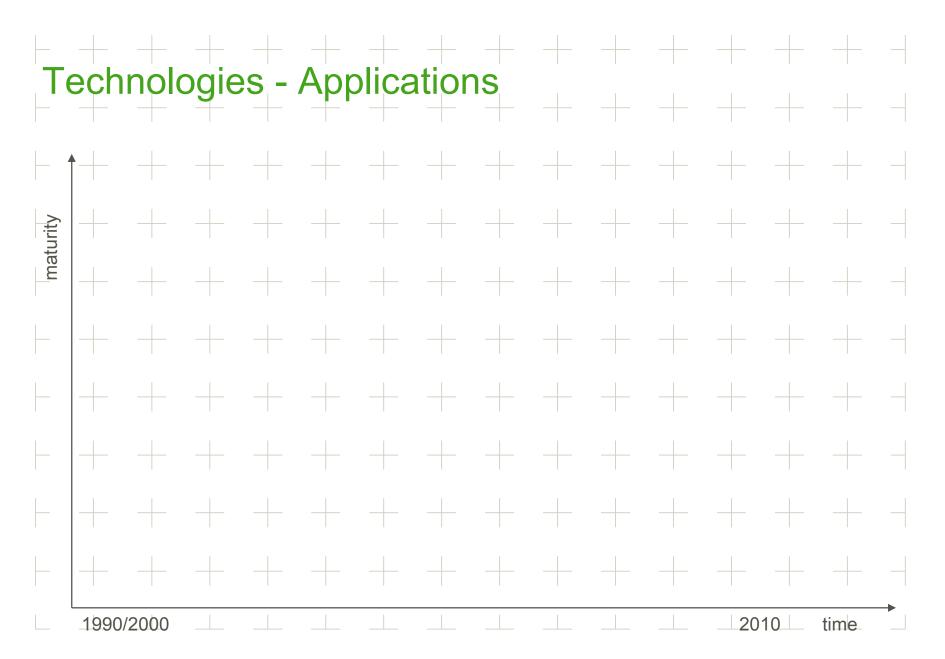




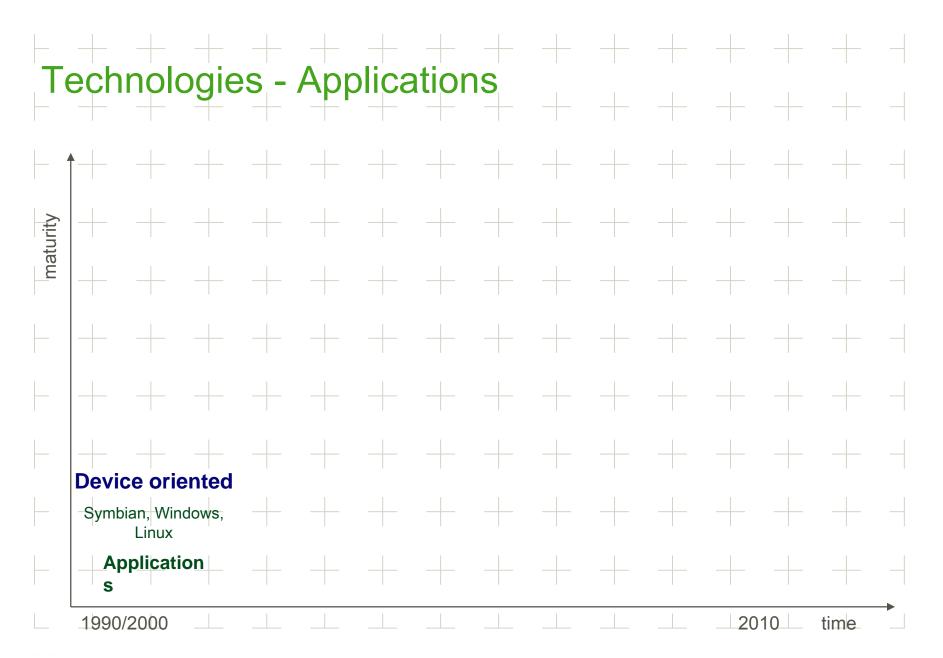




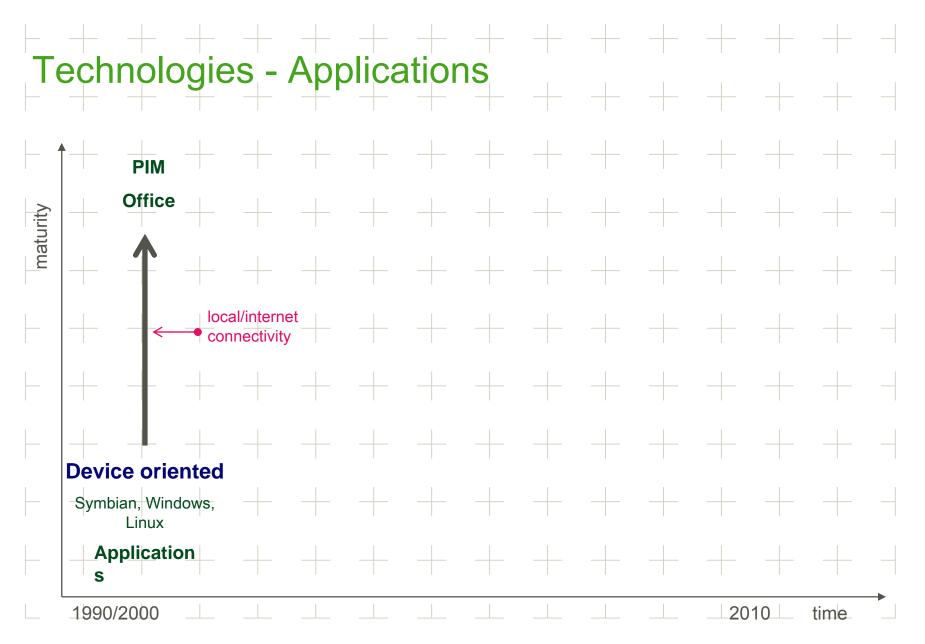




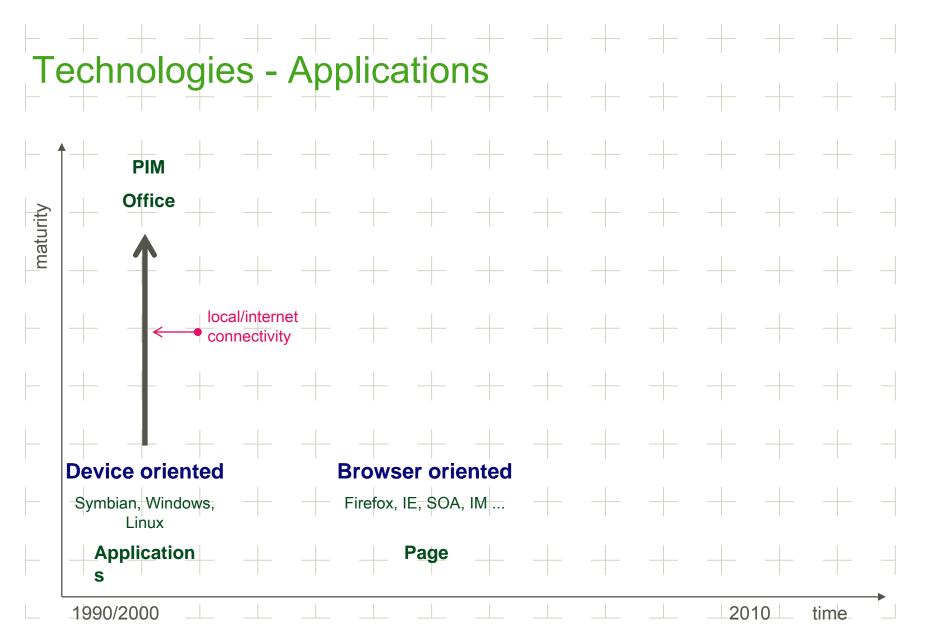




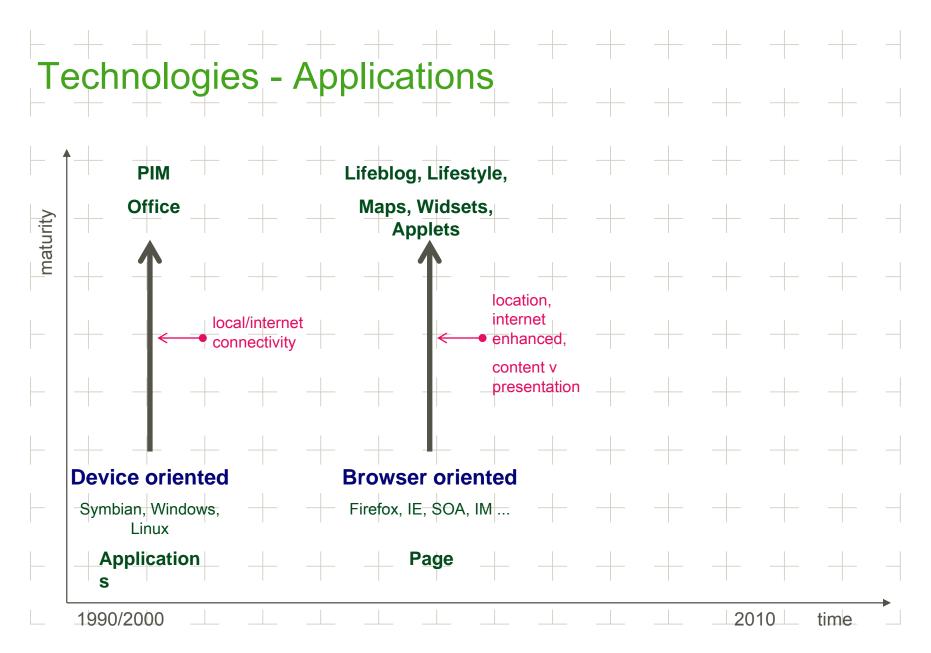




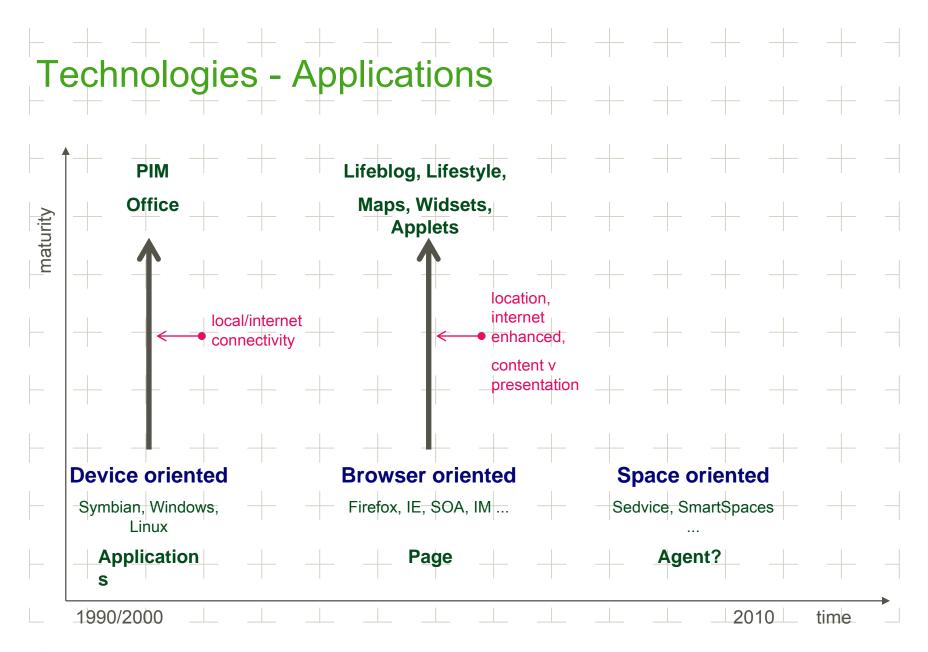




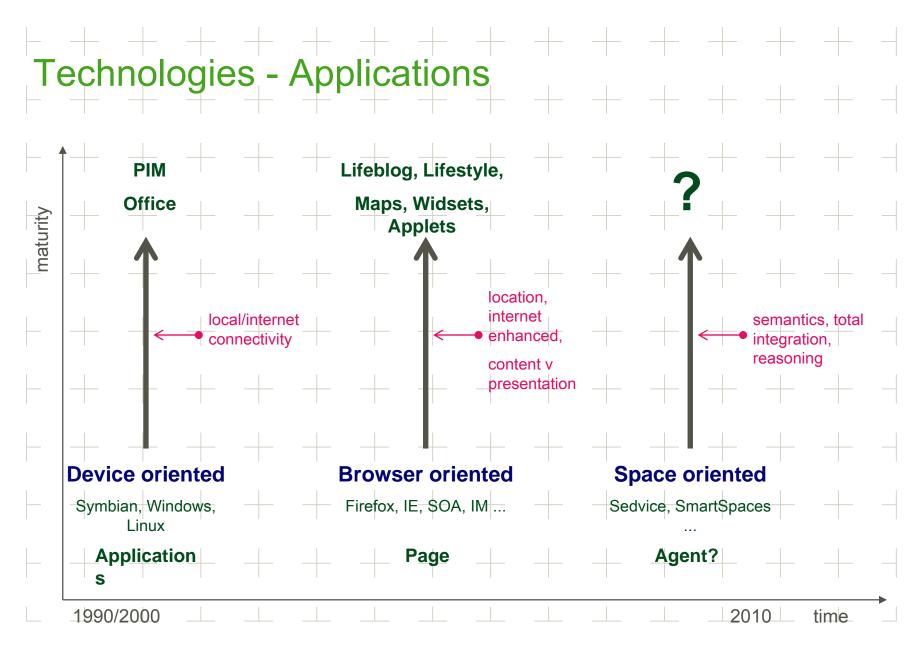






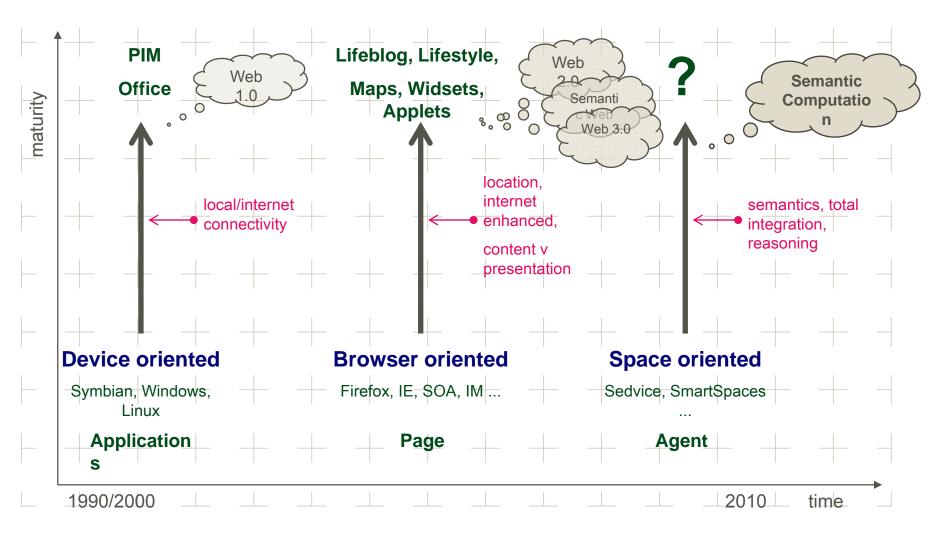








#### **Technologies - Applications**





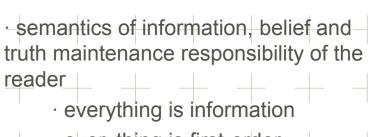




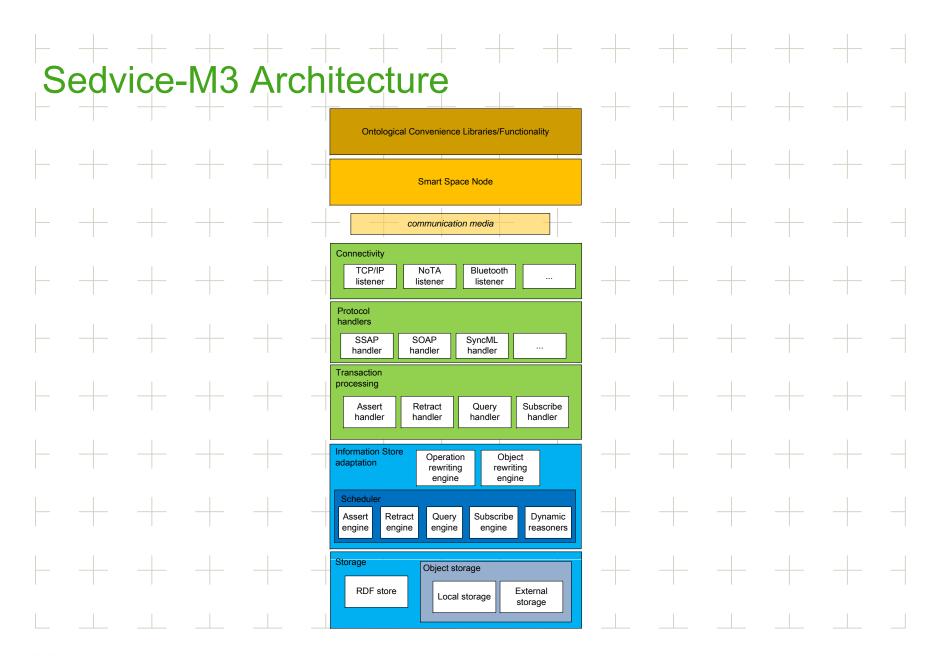
## Sedvice-M3 Philosophy

space-based computing environment · no control flow !!?? · may be made "outside" of the system via NoTA, UPnP, web multiple, individual autonomous spaces services etc. local information, reasoning, logics, ontologies etc · semi-structured information distributed deductive closure · no strict ontology conformance · inconsistent information information sharing free logics · RDF, Semantic Web non-monotonic ontologies, tagging, folksonomies applications constructed from agents reader autonomous, anonymous, distributed, mobile · everything is first-order ontological control-flow

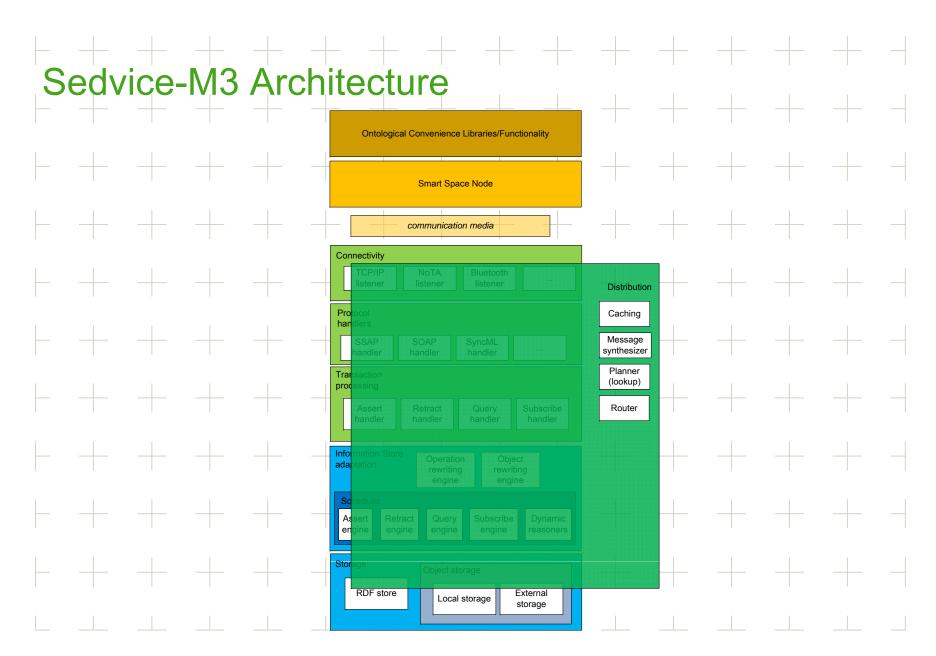




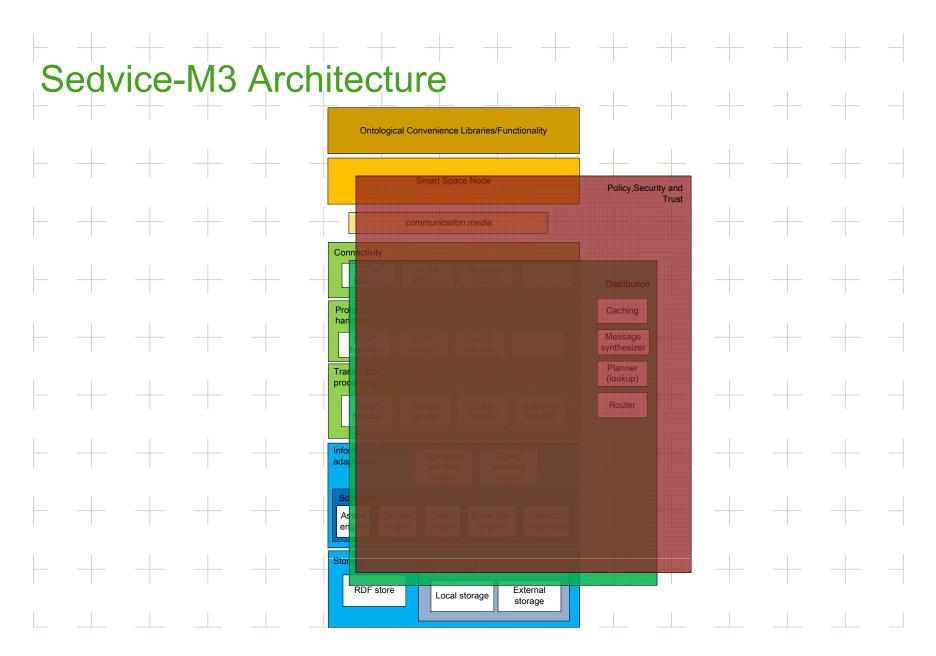




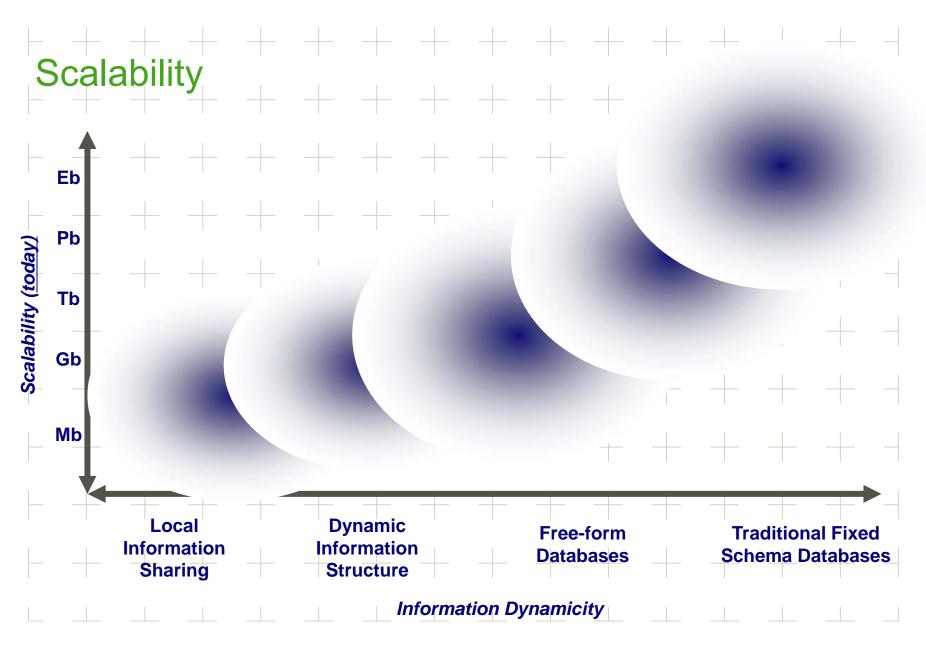




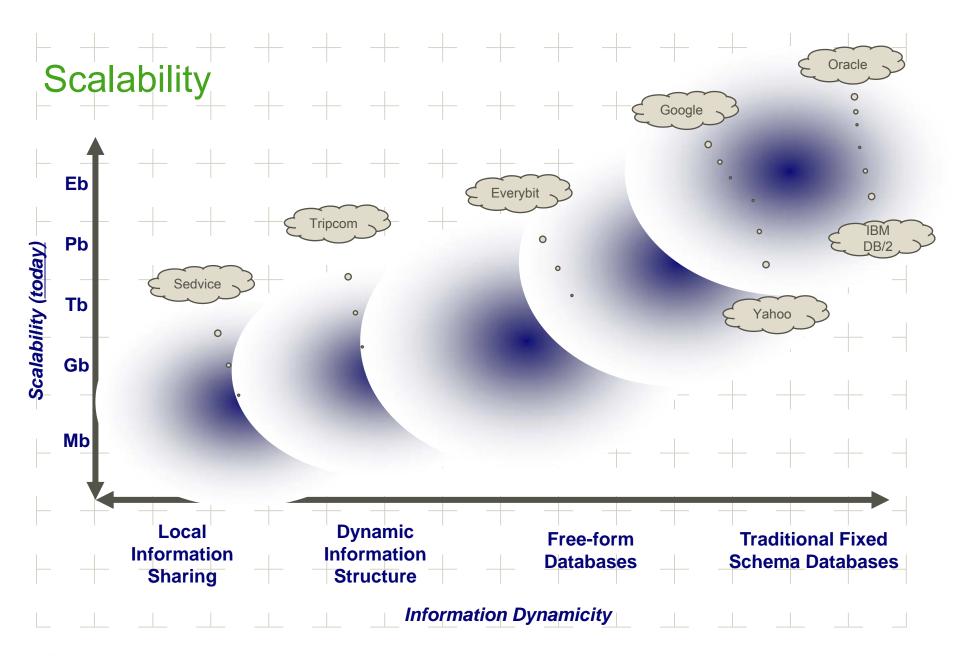




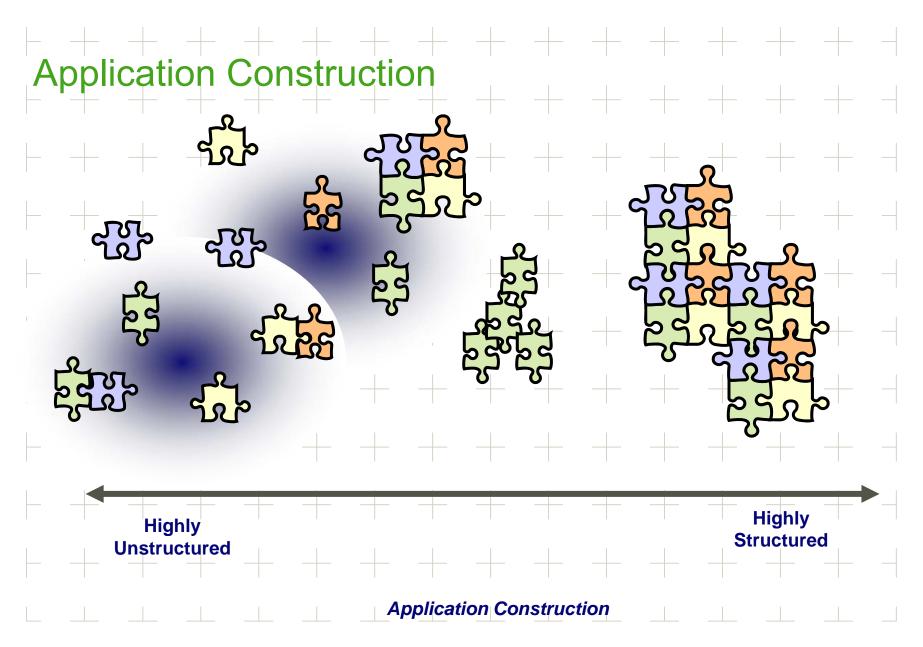




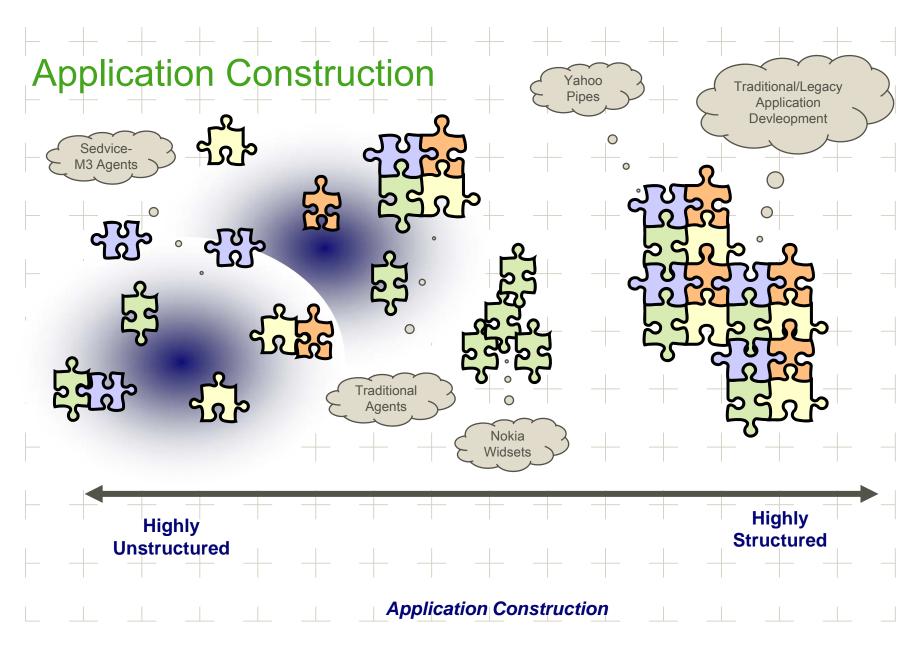










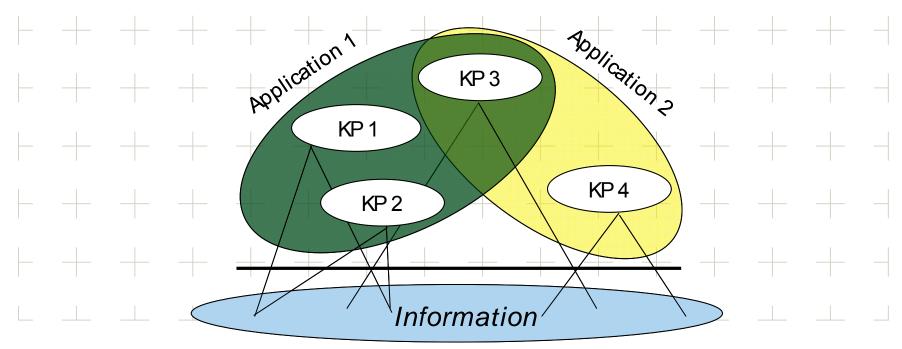




#### **Application Construction**

Agents understand their own, non-exclusive part of the set of information available in a space

Applications emerge from actions over the information

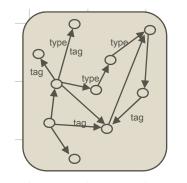




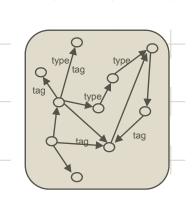
#### **Ontology Evolution** tologies might not be static: standardised global **Tagging** ontology Folksonomies Standardisation folksonomy Ontology emergence ad hoc ontology Semantic Grounding personal tags · semantic evolution, change and emergence \_, casing formality semantic strength

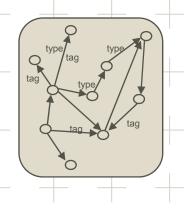


#### Theoretical Underpinnings - Spaces



Individual graphs of information are localised as spaces

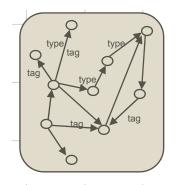




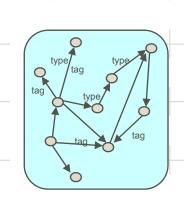
The partitioning of the "Giant Global Graph" concept into more localised and personal spaces.

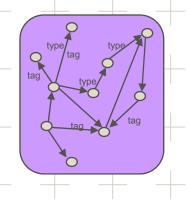


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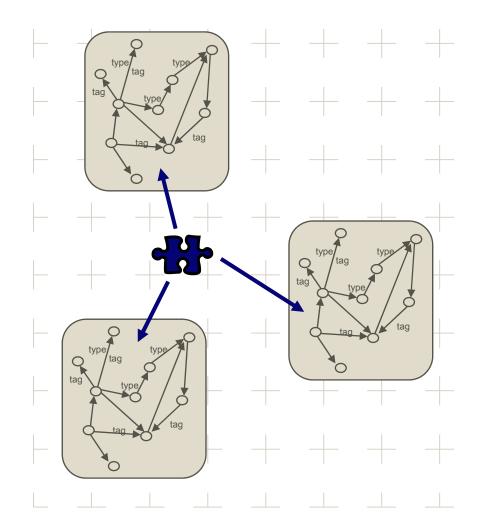




Each space may contain its own set of reasoning capabilities and logic for processing the given information



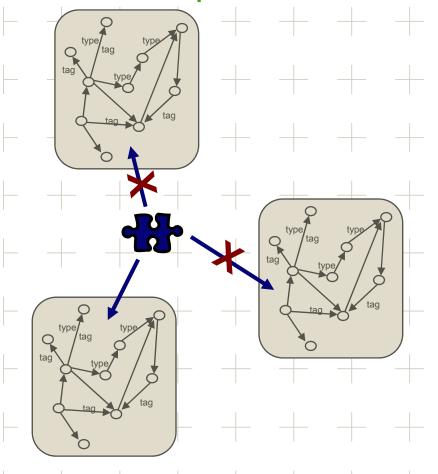
### Theoretical Underpinnings – Agents and Spaces



An agent may connect simultaneously to many spaces in order to gather the information it needs to reason over



# Theoretical Underpinnings – Agent-Space Membership

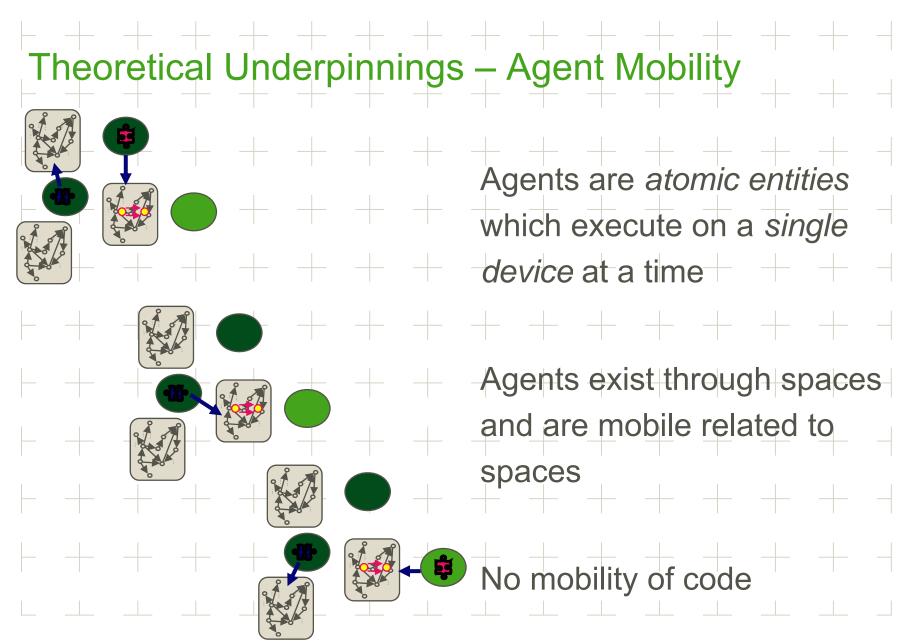


Spaces may be demarcated according to local policies

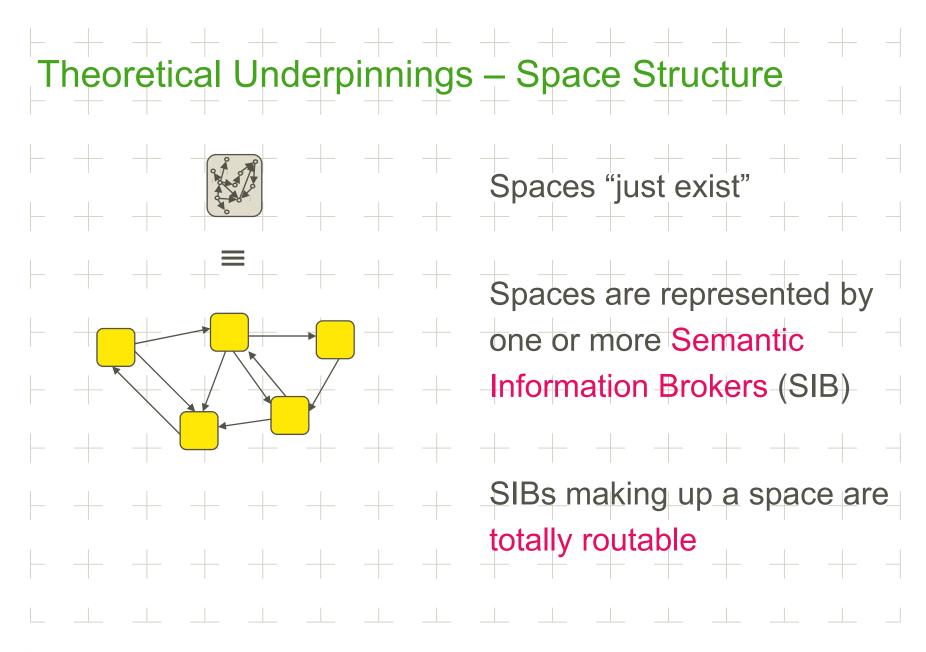
Possible demarcation criteria:

- identity (agent & user)
- location
- temporal characteristics
- keys





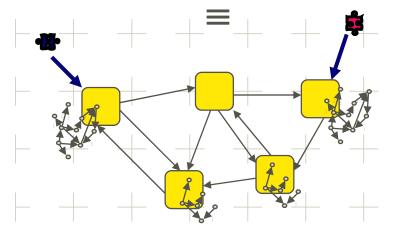






#### Theoretical Underpinnings – Space Structure





Each space contains:

-connectivity functionality

information storage

query distribution and information store synchronisation

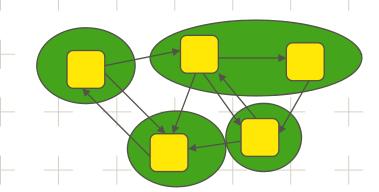
deductive closurecalculation mechanisms

Agents always get consistent view of all information



## Theoretical Underpinnings – Spaces and Devices





SIBs may have different storage and processing capabilities depending upon the hosting device

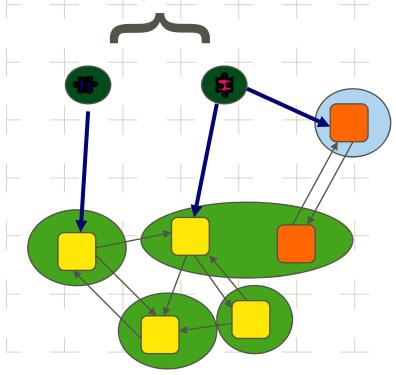
The capabilities of a space are given by the union of all the capabilities of the individual SIBs representing that space



#### Theoretical Underpinnings – Device Abstractions



emerges from



Applications emerge from agents

Spaces emerge from SIBs

The notion of application is detached completely from its physical presence in any device

Even in UI the composition of an application UI is detached from the agents themselves







## References

- Oliver, Honkola (2008) Sedvice: A Triple Space Computing Exploration
   Environment. Tripcom Workshop, Galway, April 2008
- Oliver, Honkola (2008) Personal Semantic Web Through A Space Based Computing Environment, MSW @ ICSC08, Santa Clara, August 2008 (arxiv.org: 0808.1455)
- Oliver, Honkola, Ziegler (2008) Dynamic, Localised Space Based Semantic Webs,
   WWW/Internet Conference, Freiburg, October 2008

#### Forthcoming:

- Space Based Semantic Webs, Journal of Semantic Computation, Sept'08
- Semantic Computation, Journal of Semantic Computation, Dec'08.



#### The Demo

The demo shows interoperability between an exercise logger (e.g. SportsTracker), a game and external speakers. When starting to play the game, the speakers react to the situation. If user has been exercising a bonus will be given in the game. The different components are not aware of each other—they only insert information about themselves to the smart space.



